DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. TUESDAY, MAY 22, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

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BRITISH AMBUSHED

Col. Bethune's Force Falls Into a Boer Trap Near Vryheid.

VERY FEW GET AWAY

He Was Marching In the Direction of Newcastle, In Natal.

London, May 22, 4:37 p. m.—It is officially announced that Col. Bethune has reported that while marching in the direction of Newcastle, Natal, yesterday, he was ambushed by a party of Boers six miles west of Vryheid, in the Transvaal, and that very few of his force escaped. His casualties numbered sixty-six men.

London, May 22.—A dispatch from Pietermaritzburg, dated Monday, May 21, says the Boers are reported to have entirely left Natal, leaving Laing's Nek free. If this is true, it leaves the way open for Gen. Buller to advance into the Transvaal as soon as the repairs of the railroads are sufficient to insure good communications.

Lord Roberts is still at Kroonstad, reorganizing his forces.

Gen. Rundle's forces are encamped at Trommel, recuperating. A patrol, four miles from Trommel, was attacked by the Boers. One man was wounded and some horses were killed. The affair was unimportant except in showing that the Boers are still in the neighborhood and on the lookout for any chance of sniping.

Further details of the fighting at Mafeking say that Commandant Sarel Eloff's followers deserted him, whereupon Eloff fired on them himself and then surrendered with eighty followers. The dispatch also says that one party of Boers was driven out of the state and allowed to escape, as "we had sufficient prisoners."

The capture of Eloff and his followers cost Col. Baden-Powell three men killed and seven wounded.

4:48 p. m.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Gen. Buller:

"Newcastle, May 22.—I have received the following from Bethune: "May 22.—While marching in the direction of Newcastle, one of my squadrons of Bethune's mounted infantry was ambushed by the Boers six miles west of Vryheid and very few escaped. Lieuts. Lausum and Capellar are among the missing. Capt. the Earl De la Warr is slightly wounded in the leg. The total casualties are about sixty-six. I have returned to N'Qutu for supplies. Will march tomorrow for Newcastle, via Dundee."

Gen. Buller then proceeds:

"I detached Col. Bethune and about 500 men from Dundee May 17, with instructions to march by Vauts Drift and show his force at N'Qutu, which was reported to have been evacuated by the enemy, preparatory to the return of the magistrates and civil estimate of the district. He was to rejoin me at Newcastle afterwards."

PREPARING AT PRETORIA.

Planning for Safety of the Women and Children.

Pretoria, Monday, May 21. An open air meeting was held today by the local Hollanders, 200 of whom were present, to consider the situation in the event Pretoria should be beleaguered. A committee was appointed to secure a place of safety for the women and children. The consul of the Netherlands, Mr. Nieuwenhuys, was asked to advise his government to take its subjects.

One speaker said the position was most dark. The speaker declared, would be masters of the Free State and the Transvaal; might would be right; the capitalists would dominate; the poor would be sufferers and the Hollanders would have no chance.

Dr. Heymans contradicts the reports circulated regarding the health of President Kruger, which, he says, is good. Mr. Kruger is transacting all the work of the presidency.

In accordance with an understanding with Gen. Botha and President Steyn, the government has issued a circular stating that should the enemy succeed in gaining a position in the Transvaal and take possession of one or the other district, the inhabitants would be free to decide whether or not to leave their families on the farms; but men must remain with the commandoes.

RELIEF OF MAFEKING.

The Canadian Artillery Rendered Valuable Aid to Mahon.

London, May 22.—Lord Roberts reports to the war office in a dispatch dated Kroonstad, May 21, as follows:

"Mahon reports that the flying column entered Mafeking at 4 a. m., May 18. He was stubbornly opposed by 1500 men on May 17, nine miles from Mafeking, but the Boers were driven from their strong positions after five hours' fighting, thanks, he says to the magnificent qualities of his troops. A detachment of Canadian artillery, by a series of forced marches, reached him the morning of the fighting and rendered very valuable assistance.

"Mahon's casualties were about thirty. The Boer losses were heavy."

The second edition of the Daily Mail this morning contains a dispatch from Janmadibis, under date of May 15, which says:

"The British left Salagaions Sunday at sunrise, making a detour to the westward in order to avoid Kroodoosran, where there was a strong force of Boers. The maneuver was successful, but a large force of Boers, in ambush, was encountered. A column of light horse dislodged the Boers, who endeavored to embitude the convoy, but were prevented by the artillery and the enemy fled, our rear guard, composed of the rear horse, enfilading their retreat. Capt. Hands was wounded, sustaining a compound fracture of the thigh. The Boers left thirty dead. The column arrived here this morning and met Col. Plummer's force.

A dispatch to the Daily Mail from Majanamibili, dated May 11, says:

"Lieut. Moorsome, with the Protectorate regiment from Mafeking, joined us. They went first to Col. Plumer, making a wide western circuit, and got through the Boer lines with many hairbreadth escapes, reaching Vryburg after a daring ride of nearly 200 miles through a country purged with a destructive fever similar to the influenza. There was hardly a Boer house without a case of the disease, and hundreds died. The column is continually moving and is healthy, active and clean. The troops entirely escaped.

"Many concealed arms have been discovered and their owners arrested promptly. They inform against their neighbors. The natives render every assistance. Mafeking knows the column is coming."

A dispatch to the Daily Mail, dated Mafeking, May 18, says:

"Among the prisoners captured with Commandant Carel Eloff are Count de Bremont, a Frenchman, and Count Von Weiss, a German. It was found that the Boers were guided by two deserters, named Hay and Bolton. At the enemy's request, we have handed over their dead.

"Today one of our men was asked to surrender and replied "never." The Boers at once shot him through the head.

AT VEERENIGING.

Capt Town, May 22.—British troops have arrived at Veereniging (in the Transvaal, north of the Vaal river). The bridge across the Vaal was found to be intact. Twenty-seven Free State and Transvaal locomotives were captured.

ENTRIES AT PHILIPPINES.

Washington, May 22.—According to a statement made today by the division of customs and insular affairs of the war department the total number of foreign vessels that entered the port of Manilla, Iloilo, Cebu and Jolo, Philippine islands, during the month of February, 1900, was fifty, with a total tonnage of 62,857. Of this number thirty-two, with a total tonnage of 34,526, carried the British flag and four, with a total tonnage of 7211, carried the American flag.

CHINA ACTS.

At Last Sends Troops to Suppress the Bands of Boxers.

Pekin, May 21.—The authorities apparently have begun to realize that the "Boxer" movement is too serious to remain long undealt with.

Troops are being sent to the disturbed district with instructions to rigidly suppress the outrage.

Six leaders of the movement in Pekin have been arrested.

AGAINST PRESENT REGIME.

"Boxers'" Main Efforts Aimed at the Ruling Dynasty.

Chicago, May 22.—Douglas Pierce, of London, who has been in the opium trade in Shanghai, China, for several years, stopped over in this city en route to England. Business interests in the provinces of Shen Si and Chi Li, along the Yellow river, have taken Mr. Pierce into the territory which is being terrorized by the "boxers." He said:

"While the members of the secret society known as "boxers" indulge in crimes against all nationalities, their principal efforts are aimed at the present ruling dynasty. The number of "boxers" is not known. The government has used every device to ferret out the real leaders, and to ascertain the numerical strength of the society, but the organization is so effective in its secrecy that all attempts have been futile. It is certain, however, that several provinces are practically controlled by them.

"While Russia would be the one to profit most from civil war in China, there has been, so far, no official confirmation of the story that the "boxers" have received material or even moral assistance from that country."

LAND GRANTS.

Supreme Court Lays Down Important Rules on Grants to Railroads.

Washington, May 22.—The United States supreme court has reversed the decision of the supreme court of the state of Utah in the case of D. P. Tarpey vs. Andrew Madsen. The case is a controversy over a tract of land within the place limits of a grant to the Central Pacific railroad of California, the land being an odd-numbered section. The case involved a claim to the land made in 1868, and in passing upon it the court laid down some propositions concerning railroad land grants which are considered of general importance. The opinion was delivered by Justice Brewer, who said that in a proper interpretation of a case of this character:

"The relative rights of the company and an individual entryman must be determined, not by the act of the company in itself fixing definitely the line of its road, or by the mere occupancy of the individual, but by record of evidence, on the one part the filing of the map in the office of the secretary of the interor, and on the other the declaration or entry in the local land office, and while the railway company may not question the validity of the entryman's claim of record, its rights ought not to be defeated long years after its title had apparently fixed, by fugitive and uncertain testimony of occupation, for if that be the rule the time will never come at which it can be certain that the railroad company has acquired an indefeasible title to any tract."

LOUISIANA'S SENATORS.

New Orleans, May 22.—The Democratic legislative caucus of Louisiana, which is synonymous with the legislature or every member of the body, last night nominated as United States senators, S. D. McEnery, to succeed himself, his term to begin in 1903, and Governor Murphy J. Foster to succeed Senator Caffery, his term to begin 1901.

Governor Foster confessed to the caucus that he was not sound on the 16 to 1 proposition, but declared that he would obey the wishes of the Democracy on that point. Senator McEnery made a similar confession on the tariff, but insited the tariff had been made and could not be made a test of Democracy. Senator McEnery also declared in favor of the popular election of senators.

THE LUTHERAN LEAGUE.

Cincinnati, May 22.—The fourth annual convention of the Lutheran league opened here today with almost 2000 delegates present. The officers reporting today were: President, E. F. Eilert, New York; general secretary, M. C. Olson, Chicago; treasurer, Cornelius Eckhardt, Washington, and numerous other secretaries, together with the executive committee.

The society is like the Christian Endeavor, the Epworth league and corresponding societies of other churches. A chorus of 150 voices has been rehearsig for weeks for the song services.

CONCEDE DEMANDS.

Chicago, May 22.—Communications from fifteen members of the Master Plumbers' association have ben received by the Plumbers' union conceding the demands of the union, and asking the men to return to work. President John Clinch of the union says hat 300 men would be at work this wee leaving out of employment about 400 men.

HEARST'S POLICY

Statement By New Head of the Association of Democratic Clubs.

SOUNDS THE TRUMPET

He Calls on All Democratic Organizations to Lend a Hand.

New York, May 22.—William R. Hearst, who was recently elected president of the National Association of Democratic clubs, in response to numerous inquiries as to his policy and the program of the association, gives out an interview in part as follows:

"The National Association of Democratic clubs will transfer its headquarters from Washington to New York, but branch offices will be maintained in Washington and Chicago so that the machinery of the organization will be in close and constant touch with the Democratic national and congressional campaign committees.

"Every Democratic club society in the United States is expected to unite in the political battle this year. And the Democratic organization in every city, town or village will be asked to assemble in New York on the Fourth of July to celebrate the Declaration of Independence and to receive news from the Democratic national convention.

"The national association desires to recall to the whole country the fact that this year the people of the United States must defend the Declaration of Independence or abandon it. No man who has a drop of Democratic blood in his veins can fail to assist in this great national protest against the establishment of subject colonies under the American flag. The great question to be decided at the polls this year is whether this country is to continue to be a republic controlled by the people or an empire controlled by the trusts. All minor questions disappear in the presence of this giant issue."

ENVOYS CALL.

Boer Delegates Visit the President, Who Confirms Hay's Statement.

Washington, May 22.—Messrs. Fischer, Wessels and Wolmarans, the three Boer envoys who are now in this country, visited the White House at 10 o'clock this morning, according to previous arrangement, to pay their respects to the president. No official status was given the visitors and they presented no credentials.

The envoys were received in the blue parlor, no one being present but themselves, the president and Secretary Cortelyou. At first, the conversation touched upon a variety of subjects. The Boers talked about Washington, told how they admired the city and the president escorted them to the porch at the rear of the executive mansion, where a splendid view is obtainable of the Washington monument and the Potomac river.

President Krueger's name finally was mentioned and the visitors then stated their purpose in coming to this country. They said they understood that what Secretary Hay told them yesterday was final, and that the position of the United States was that this country could not interfere in the present struggle in South Africa.

The president confirmed this view. He said that the action he took some time ago, when, at the request of the government of the Transvaal that this government should intervene, he offered his good offices to England to bring about peace, he did it with great pleasure in the hope that it might possibly bring the conflict to an end. This offer had been declined by Great Britain, and, he said, there was nothing further that the United States could do in the premises.

The envoys intimated that they were glad to feel that they had friends in this country and then bade the president goodbye.

DO NOT REMIT.

State Department Issues a Warning Against English Swindling Schemes.

Washington, May 22.—The department of state warns the public against the swindling advertisements and other publications of schemers relating to pretended estates in England and cautions the people against remitting money in view of such advertisements to any strangers under any circumstances.

Upon inquiry at the department, it is learned that there are no great estates unclaimed in England. It is also said at the department that there are no large deposits awaiting claimants in the Bank of England.

BECKHAM'S SOLDIERS GO.

Kentucky Governor Dismisses the Force That Supported Him.

Frankfort, Ky., May 22.—Governor Beckham issued an order today dismissing the Democratic soldiers and they will leave for home tomorrow morning. Former Adjt. Gen. Collier, Adjt. Gen. Castleman and Governor Beckham held a conference today relative to the formal trasfer of the state guard and equipments to the Democratic administration.

The Kentucky authorities will not attempt to mandamus Governor Mount to honor the requisition of Governor Beckham for the arrest of Finley. The opinion prevails that the matter is wholly within the province of the governor of each state and that no legal action can be maintained to enforce the requisition.

JOHN POWERS IN LIMBO.

Caleb's Brother Arrested on the Goebel Murder Charge.

Louisville, Ky., May 22.—A special to the Post from Frankfort says: John Powers, brother of Secretary of State Caleb Powers, and who is also indicted for the assassination of Senator Goebel, was arrested in the mountains of Knox county, near Barbourville, last night, by officers of the Democratic state authorities. He was taken to Barbourville, where habeas corpus proceedings were begun today.

BISHOPS ELECTED

Doctors Hamilton and Moore Chosen Bishops By the Methodist Conference.

WILL ADMIT WOMEN

Resolution Is Passed to Admit Women to the General Conference.

Chicago, May 22.—Belief that today's balloting would end the long drawn out episcopal contest attracted a large audience to today's meeting of the Methodist general conference, nearly every seat being occupied when Bishop H. W. Warren rapped for order. After devotional exercises, conducted by Rev. W. F. Oldham, of Ohio, and the reading of the journal, the result of the sixteenth ballot, taken yesterday was announced, as follows:

D. H. Moore, 426; J. W. Hamilton, 111; J. R. Day, 198; H. Spellmeyer, 90; J. F. Berry, 78; F. B. Neeley, 45. Necessary to a choice, 438.

At 9:20 o'clock the seventeenth ballot was taken, with prospects favorable of a result.

The question of change of the organic law of the church, interrupted several days ago by the debate over the pastorate time limit, was then resumed.

Various changes recommended by the commission on revision were adopted with little debate, until Dr. Buckley reported that the committee was unable to agree upon any recommendation as to sections 1 and 5, article 3. These involve the question of admitting women to annual conferences, but recess cut off debate.

During recess rumors were current that an election had been reached, and at the conclusion of the recess the seventeenth ballot was read.

"Dr. D. H. Moore received 534 votes and is elected," announced Bishop Warne and great applause ensued.

"Dr. J. W. Hamilton received 510 votes and is elected," and again the hall rang with applause.

Bishops-elect Hamilton and Moore were escorted to the platform and, amid applause and the waving of handkerchiefs, were introduced to the general conference.

The final ballot was:

D. H. Moore, 534; J. W. Hamilton, 510; J. R. Day, 104; H. Spellmeyer, 71; T. B. Neeley, 41; J. W. Berry, 22. Necessary to a choice, 444.

Discussion of organic law was then again taken up.

The conference voted to admit women to lay electoral and general conferences.

THE NEW BISHOPS.

Brief Sketches of the Recently Elected Superintendents.

Chicago, May 22.—John William Hamilton was born in Lewis county, Virginia, March 3, 1845. He was graduated from Mount Union college, Ohio, in 1865, with the degree of A. B., and from the Boston university in 1875, with the degree of D.D.

During his career he has been financial agent of Mount Union college, pastor of a church at Newport, Ohio, and at Malden, Mass. For twenty-five years he has been a prominent preacher in and near Boston. In 1892 he was elected corresponding secretary of the Freedman's Aid and Southern Educational society and has held that position ever since. He is the author of the following works: "Jesse Lee and the Old Elm." "People Church Pulpit." "Lives of the Methodist Church Bishops" and "Fraternal Greetings" and "The Church in Ireland and England." He is tall, straight as an Indian and of striking appearance.

Davis H. Moore, of Cincinnati, editor of the Western Christian Advocate, was born near Athens, Ohio, Sept. 4, 1838. He was appointed to the Bainbridge circuit as junior preacher in 1860, having graduated from the Ohio university.

In 1861 he was stationed at Marietta, Ohio, but a year later entered the Union ranks as a private soldier. He was immediately elected captain of Company A, Eighty-seventh Ohio volunteer infantry. He was made prisoner at Harper's Ferry, but was exchanged and later assisted in forming the One Hundred and Twenty-fifth Ohio volunteers, in which he rose by grades to the rank of lieutenant colonel. He followed Sherman on the march to the sea and at the conclusion of the war returned to his ministerial duties. During his career later, he served as president of the Wesleyan college for women at Cincinnati, as chancellor of the Colorado seminary, as chancellor of the university of Denver, and as editor of the Western Christian Advocate to which he was elected in 1884. He is a ready debater and recognized as one of the greatest editors and pulpit orators of the church, and in the present conference came out as a champion of the rights of women in the general conference.

ROAST BRADY.

Alaska Republican Convention Denounces the Governor In Strong Terms.

Seattle, Wash., May 22.—The Alaskan Republican convention to elect delegates to the Republican national convention met at Juneau, May 15, and the following resolution condemning Governor Brady was passed:

"Be it resolved, by the Republicans of the District of Alaska, in convention assembled that the further continuance in office of John G. Brady as governor of Alaska is inimical to the interests of Alaska and contrary to the wishes of the Republican party, and that a copy of this resolution be transmitted to the president of the United States."

The convention endorsed President McKinley's administration, demanded that the territorial form of government be extended to Alaska, declared for the removal of the capital from Sitka to Juneau; asked the government that a direct cable from Alaska to Puget sound be laid, and demanded that lighthouses be erected in Alaskan waters forthwith.

The following delegates were elected to the Republican national convention; William Grant, John Price, John G. Heid, H. J. R. Willis.

PAPER MILL BURNED.

Middletown, Ohio, May 22.—Fire today destroyed the old Globe mills belonging to the Tytus-Gardner Paper company. Estimated loss, $100,000; fully insured.

M'KINLEY IS ANXIOUS

That Congress Be Equally Responsible With Him As to Philippines.

WAR FAR FROM ENDED

Will Try to Pass the Philippine Bill at This Session.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The prediction is made by a conservative senator today that the pending Philippine bill will pass both houses before congress adjourns in June, so as to have the legislative branch of the government join with the administrative branch in the future government of the Philippine islands. The president is anxious for the enactment of such a measure so that congress will share the responsibility with him hereafter in conducting affairs in these islands. In view of recent reports from Manilla that our troops occupy but few of the important cities in the archipelago and that the end of the war is not near at hand, President McKinley is anxious for this bill to become a law and to have congress be equally responsible with him in bringing the war to a close, or to join issues with the administration in attempting to end it. After the bill is passed by the senate it now seems certain that it will take only a day or two to push it through the house. In view of the president's desires in this direction his supporters in both branches will bend every energy to enact it into law at an early date.

* * *

There will be several very interesting senatorial contests in various states of the Union next winter, and some of those already holding senatorial seats will have a close shave if they are re-elected. In Illinois, for instance, Shelby Cullom will probably succeed himself, though there is bare possibility that he may be defeated at Springfield next winter. At the present time Mr. Cullom, however, seems to have an advantage over all of his competitors for the position. Illinois will not suffer in the event that Cullom is retired to private life. He is past his days of usefulness as a public official, and it would be far better for that state to elect some young, energetic man like Charles D. Dawes, present comptroller of the currency. At one time it was thought that Mr. Dawes would be the choice of the Illinois Republicans, but the indications now are that he will be forced to wait and try conclusions with Senator Mason when his term expires, or to delay his advent in the senate until Cullom serves out another term.

* * *

The outcome of the senatorial contest in Pennsylvania next winter will be watched with interest by people all over the country. This will be due to the fact that the leading candidate is Matthew Stanley Quay, who failed of re-election last winter, was then appointed by Governor Stone to fill the existing vacancy, and this appointment failed of ratification by one vote in the senate not long ago. He is now bending all his energies to bring about the election of the legislature, which will be favorable to his candidacy, at Harrisburg next winter. All his friends in this city declare that he will be able to bring about his election for the reason that no man in Pennsylvania is now capable of defeating him in politics when he sets himself up for a good hard fight. The former senator, it is stated by his friends in Washington, intends to devote all his time to the campaign in Pennsylvania this year. The rumor recently started that he would not again seek to become national committeeman for Pennsylvania is said to be true. He is not anxious about working with Senator Hanna on the committee during the coming campaign in the event that the latter should finally decide to again capture the chairmanship of the Republican committee. It is not believed, however, that Mr. Hanna cares to serve another term as chairman, and if he should go off the committee entirely, there is a possibility that Mr. Quay will again represent Pennsylvania on this committee. The Pennsylvanian, however, as before stated, is much more anxious that the Republicans succeed in Pennsylvania, caring little as to the outcome in the national campaign. He at least attributes his defeat in the senate this year to President McKinley and Senator Hanna, and as Mr. Quay is a man possessed of a revengeful spirit, to some extent, it might please him to witness the defeat of Maj. McKinley this fall. This, however, is a mere matter of conjecture upon the part of politicians in Washington. That it is Senator Quay's plan, if he retires from the national committee, to make Senator Penrose his successor is known to be a fact here. Senator Penrose, whatever may be his faults, is true to Quay, and the latter, realizing this fact, is anxious to give him further political honors if he can do so without curtailing any of his own political chances.

* * *

Another interesting senatorial fight next winter will be that in South Dakota when Senator Pettigrew seeks re-election. In order to be sucessful Mr. Pettigrew, as is well known, will have to bring about the election of an anti-Republican legislature. The senator was twice elected by the Republicans, it will be recalled, but deserted them in 1896, and has since been one of the leaders of the Populist party, whether to its advantage or disadvantage. It was senator Pettigrew who induced the Populists to hold their convention at Sioux Falls this year, and Pettigrew's hope was that the attendance would be so large that enthusiasm would be aroused all over the state, and that at the election this fall the fusion legislature favorable to his candidacy might be chosen. The convention was a failure from one point of view, at least—the attendance was very small. The residents of Pettigrew's home town lost money, and it is likely that they are anything but pleased over the financial fiasco of the convention. It will be seen that Mr. Pettigrew, instead of gaining

(Continued on Page 8.)

REPLY TO ENVOYS

Hay Informs the Boers That This Government Will Not Interfere.

THEY ASK MEDIATION

Wanted the United States to Use Its Influence For Peace.

Washington, May 22.—The state department has met the issue raised by the coming to Washington of the Boer delegation by declining to interfere in behalf of the South African republics in the present struggle. In view of this decision, all questions as to the character of the recognition to be extended to the delegates and the sufficiency of their credentials dropped at once into the background. It was after all of little moment whether or not the Boers were received as diplomatic agents or ministers so long as they were powerless to promote the price object of their mission, namely, to cause the United States government to intervene to bring about peace.

After the interview between the envoys and Secretary Hay the former said they had and would have nothing to say. Secretary Hay, however, gave out the following statement:

"Messrs. A. Fischer, C. H. Wessels and A. D. W. Wolmarans, the delegates to this country of the South African republics, called yesterday by appointment at the state department. They were cordially received and remained with the secretary of state for more than an hour. They laid before the secretary at much length and with great energy and eloquence the merits of their controversy in South Africa and the desire of the Boer republics that the United States should intervene in the interest of peace and use its influence to that end with the British government.

The secretary of state made the following reply:

"The president in his message to the congress last December said: This government has maintained an attitude of neutrality in the unfortunate contest between Great Britain and the Boer states of South Africa. We have remained faithful to the precept of avoiding entangling alliances as to affairs out of our direct concern. Had circumstances suggested that the parties to the quarrel would have welcomed any kindly expression of the hope of the American people that war might be averted, our good offices would have been gladly tendered.

"As the war went on the president, while regretting the suffering and sacrifices endured by both combatants, could do nothing but preserve a strict neutrality between them. This he has steadily and consistently done, but there never has been a moment when he would have neglected any favorable occasion to use his good offices in the interests of peace."

Then follows a recital of the receipt of the telegram from Consul Hay March 10, conveying a request for intervention, and the submission thereof to Lord Salisbury and the latter's refusal to accept intervention, and Secretary Hay's statement continues:

"As allusion has been made to The Hague conference, and as action had been suggested based on that instrument, it might be well to quote a phrase from Article III, which says: 'Powers stranger to the dispute may have the right to offer good offices or mediation during the course of hostilities.'

"And Article IV, which says: 'The functions of mediator are at an end when once it is declared, either by one of the parties to the dispute, or by the mediator himself, that the means of reconciliation proposed by him are not accepted.'

"This would seem to render any further action by this government inadvisable under existing circumstances.

"The steps taken by the president in his earnest desire to see an end to the strife, which has caused so much suffering, may already be said to have gone the extreme limit permitted to him. Indeed, if in his discretion he had chosen not to present to England the South African request for good offices, he might have justified his action by referring to the following declaration which was made in the very act of signing The Hague convention by the plenipotentiaries:

"Nothing contained in this convention shall be so construed as to require the United States of America to depart from its traditional policy of not intruding upon, interfering with, or entangling itself with questions of policy or international administration, or shall anything be construed to imply relinquishment by the United States of America of its traditional attitude toward purely American questions.

The president sympathizes heartily in the sincere desire of all the people of the United States that the war which is now afflicting South Africa may, for the sake of both parties engaged, come to a speedy close, but having done his full duty in preserving a strictly neutral position between them, and in seizing the first opportunity that presented itself for tendering his good offices in the interests of peace, he feels that in the present circumstances no course is open to him, except to persist in the policy of impartial neutrality."

LIGNITE AT WILTON.

Good Find Made on the New Bismarck Road.

Minneapolis, May 22.—The promoters of the Bismarck, Washburn & Great Falls railway are greatly elated over the discovery of a fine quality of lignite coal in the vicinity of Wilton, the first station on the new line. The coal was found at a depth of fifty feet in large quantities, and its composition, in the lowest portion of the mine is almost bituminous, showing nearly 60 per cent of carbon. The consumption of coal in easy hauling distance of the mines there will amount to thousands of tons annually. In Fargo alone there is a market for 200 carloads daily.

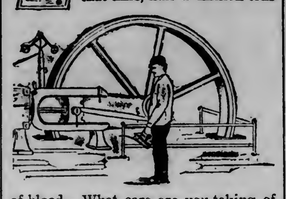
Track laying on the new road is progressing at the rate of a mile a day. About twenty-five flat cars are on their way to Bismarck, the engines being already on the ground.

Senator Washburn's land syndicate has sold about 25,000 acres of land near Wilton, which is some forty miles north of Bismarck, and hundreds of settlers are already putting in their crops. There is already an elevator at this station containing 50,000 bushels of grain which will be shipped out upon the completion of the line to that point. The officials of the road estimate that they will get about 1,000,000 bushels of wheat and 100,000 bushels of flax out of the country tributary to Wilton, from which it would appear that the country is adapted to other purposes than grazing.

All of the Northern Pacific lands in Mercer county which are opposite to Washburn on the west bank of the river, have been bought by the Mercer county Improvement company.

You have been in the power house of some great plant of machinery. Did it occur to you that your body was a more wonderful machine?

In the term of a natural life the heart beats three thousand million times and with a pressure of thirteen pounds to the stroke, lifts in that time, half a million tons



of blood. What care are you taking of this wonderful machine?

Shortness of breath, buzzing in the ears, dizziness, palpitation of the heart, sleeplessness, stomach trouble, indigestion are only some of the evidences that the machinery is undergoing a strain which sooner or later will break it down.

What the lubricant is to the machine of iron, Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery is to the machine of flesh and blood. It reduces friction to a minimum and keeps the great organs in proper running order. It does this by healing diseases of the stomach and organs of digestion and nutrition, and increasing the flow of pure and healthy blood.

"I used ten bottles of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery and several vials of his 'Pleasant Pellets' a year ago this spring, and have had no trouble with indigestion since," writes Mr. W. T. Thompson, of Townsend, Broadwater Co., Montana. "Words fail to tell how thankful I am for the relief, as I had suffered so much and it seemed that the doctors could do me no good. I got down in weight to 125 pounds, and was not able to work at all. Now I weigh nearly 160 and can do a day's work on the farm. I have recommended your medicine to several, and shall always have a good word to say for Dr. Pierce and his medicines."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorate the stomach, liver and bowels. Use them with the "Discovery" when a pill is required.

SURVEYORS AT WORK.

Capt. Reed and the North and South Railway.

St. Paul, May 22.—Thirty-five miles of the east route of the North & South railroad have been surveyed since the work was commenced two weeks ago. By the middle of next week Capt. A. H. Reed, of Glencoe, president of the company, expects that the surveyors will reach St. Cloud and they will then begin surveying the west route from St. Cloud back to Glencoe.

The company is engaged in surveying two different routes between Mankato and St. Cloud, by each of which the distance is about 100 miles, and will choose between them as soon as the preliminary work has been completed.

Capt. Reed maintains that the road is a feasible enterprise, and that it will eventually be in full operation with a single track between the points mentioned. In time he hopes that the Illinois Central or some other railroad may take up the property and operate it as part of a continuous system. The Illinois Central now is built as far as Nyle and is engaged in grading for an extension to Albert Lea. From the last mentioned points it would be only a step to Mankato, the terminus of the projected road north and south.

The company figures on paying $1,000,000 for construction, 90 per cent of the amount to be in first mortgage bonds. That would leave 10 per cent to be disposed of, which would require $100,000, if sold at par.

THE GULF TO LIVERPOOL.

Southwestern Wheat Will Go That Way This Year.

Topeka, Kan., May 22.—Already the big export steamers plying from points on the gulf of Mexico to Liverpool are bidding for the business of carrying the 100,000,000 bushels of wheat soon to be harvested in Oklahoma and Kansas.

Wheat growers and elevator men say that these two sections will raise and harvest nearly 140,000,000 bushels of wheat this year, but that, taking out seed and for home consumption, there will be left fully 100,000,000 bushels for transport.

Much of the flour manufactured in Kansas and Oklahoma now goes to Liverpool via the gulf. Shippers claim they can send flour to England by this route as cheaply as by rail to New York city. If they can get such rates on flour, they say, why not on the raw product. Believing that they can, the shippers are now negotiating with the big steamship companies at Galveston, New Orleans and Liverpool for a cheap rate for this year's wheat crop.

The railroad companies tapping this great wheat region, which have gulf terminals, are backing this scheme and will make such rates to the gulf as will induce the shippers to send wheat by the southern route.

Nebraska wheat shippers are also figuring on this plan. It is stated that all that territory can get to the gulf about as cheaply as they can to Chicago.

DEFEATS THE KING'S SON.

The Late Dr. Lunborg's Successor Is Rev. J. A. Akman.

Chicago, May 22.—A telegram to the Record from Stockholm says:

Rev. J. A. Akman has been elected Lutheran archbishop in the room of the late Dr. Sunborg. The interesting feature of the election was the fact that the successful candidate received 205 votes, while the clergyman son of King Oscar, Prince Bernadotte, who renounced his royal rights in order to marry as he wished, received only one vote.

VISIBLE SUPPLY.

New York, May 22.—The visible supply of grain, Saturday, May 19, as compiled by the New York Produce exchange is as follows: Wheat, 46,263,000 bus; decrease, 1,358,000 bus; corn, 15,277,000 bus; decrease, 928,000 bus; oats, 5,386,000 bus; decrease, 933,00; rye, 1,118,000 bus; increase, 83,000; barley, 829,000 bus; decrease, 124,000 bus.

Constipation, Indigestion, Biliousness, Sick Headache, in men, women or children, cured by BEECHAM'S PILLS

Get the genuine if you want to be cured. 10 cents & 25 cents, at drug stores.

PLANS OF J. J. HILL

An Advance Chapter From the Forthcoming Oriental Rate Book.

RATES ON FREIGHTS

How the Great Northern Road Will Be Very Much In It.

Seattle, May 22.—If the announced plans of President Hill, of the Great Northern, are carried out, in less than two years there will probably be precipitated one of the hottest and longest freight rate wars ever known in the history of railroading. He is carefully making his plans, and says that as soon as his two gigantic steamships are completed and in the trans-Pacific service he will establish a through freight rate of not more than $8 a ton from Buffalo and other points on the great lakes to Yokohama, Nagasaki, Hong Kong, Shanghai and other places o nthe coasts of Japan and China, and that this rate may be cut to $7, half in either case to go to the railroad end of the business, and the other half to the steamship lines.

No statement has been made in years that is considered so seriously by the officials of other railroads as this, for if it is carried into effect it will probably mean that many of them would be forced to stop the handling of through freight. It is even said that such low charges would give the Great Northern a practical monopoly of all freight bound from the East to trans-Pacific ports, unless the Northern Pacific and Canadian Pacific, which cover practically the same territory, and both of which have Oriental steamship lines, should meet the rate. In any event, it is not seen how the roads to the South could compete, as they have much longer hauls, and none of them, with the exception of the Santa Fe (which, however, does not reach the iron districts of the great lakes and contiguous teritory) has a through route of its own to the localities that furnish most of the commodities that are used by the Mongolians.

One of the reasons Mr. Hill gives as to why he will be able to make this reduction is that he has his own line of steamers from Buffalo to Duluth, his own road from there to Puget Sound, and with the completion of his ocean vessels his own route across the Pacific, thus giving him all the revenue from the handling of the goods, which in other cases has to be apportioned among several lines en route, and enabling him to move the consignments with only two transfers—at Duluth and Seattle.

The problem of transportation that is bothering roads entering the West coast traffic is how to get loads both ways, as it is a well known axiom of railroad freight business, as well as steamship, that there is no money in hauling empty cars one way, making it necessary to have loaded trains all the line, else the work is done at a loss. This question is settled in an important measure by the demand in the East for the fir, spruce and cedar of Washington and Oregon, which has reached such a stage that it is now impossible for the lumber and shingleмen to get cars enough to handle all their orders. By putting on this new line of vessels to the Orient it will bring hundreds of cars with goods for the far East, which, instead of having to be returned empty, will be loaded with lumber and shingles, thus increasing the slight profits of the going trip, and leaving a good margin on the total transaction.

To fully appreciate what this prophesied reduction means, it is necessary to consider the present traveling rates. On cargoes from Pacific coast states to the Orient the charge ranges from $6 a ton for flour to $9 for merchandise, practically similar rates being quoted from Vancouver, Seattle, Tacoma, San Francisco and Southern California. From all points between New York, Chicago, St. Paul and Minneapolis to the Pacific coast the prevailing rates are about the following, and the second column of figures shows the through rates from the Eastern states to the Orient, the statement being so much a ton:

	To the Coast.	To the Orient.
Machinery	$25	$37 50
Locomotives and tenders	32	48 00
Steel rails and iron or steel ties	*15	22 50
Flour	12	18 00
Corn and oats	12	18 00

*Rate from New York, Pittsburg, Cincinnati and common points, the rate from Chicago and Mississippi and Missouri river points being 60 cents.

The rate on pig iron from Alabama to the coast is $12 a ton, and to the Orient, $18.

Thus the cut to be made by the Great Northern will be in no case more than half of the present charges, and in some it will be less than one-fifth, and even one-sixth.

"The only way we can give these rates is to get dispatch," said Mr. Hill, when he was on his Western trip recently, "and to aid us in getting that we must have appliances that will simplify to a marked degree the methods now in vogue in handling freight on the coast. We have conveyors on our new vessels that instead of sending the coal to the bottom of the ships will leave it near the top and let it distribute itself by gravitation, and apparatus that feed the furnaces automatically, instead of the fuel having to be shoveled by stokers. No mere can we follow the custom of unloading goods from the cargoes into warehouses and then transferring them into the steamers, but they must be put directly from the cars to the holds of the boats. It costs $1800 to $2000 a day to run such steamships, and to detain them unnecessarily means much money thrown away."

The astute railroad president has made a careful study of the cost of hauling cars on his line and on those to the South. He estimates that it costs $85 to take an empty car from the great lakes to Seattle and $94 to handle it loaded, making a total of $188 to haul a car of products for the Orient to the coast, and take it back loaded with lumber from the Northwestern states or shipments from Asia. On the basis of $4 revenue a ton, in cars of 20 tons capacity, this means a loss on the Western trip of $14 to the car; but as there is no change in the East-bound rates, and lumber will still pay 40 cents per 100, or $8 a ton, the gross receipts of the round trip will be $280 (the car hauling 25 tons of lumber), or a net profit of $92.

Owing to the topographical conditions, the expense of handling railroad business from Chicago to San Francisco is greater, amounting to $132 per loaded car, or $264 for the round trip. If the roads in that territory should meet the cut it means that they will get $188 on the westward trip; but as they lack the east-bound business, having only the fruit and comparatively slight shipments of lumber, with a little refined sugar, it means that they would lose heavily on every car of goods handled.

There is a wide significance to the country in this projected movement of the Great Northern, for it means such a close competition with the shipping business from Europe to the Orient by way of the Suez canal that the United States would be in a position to at once offer cheaper products. The present rate from Antwerp to Eastern Asia is about $8 a ton, and the commodities must first be gotten to Antwerp before they can be taken at even this rate. With a charge of only $8 from the very heart of the producing region, and the quicker transportation that can be made from the United States, it is therefore considered that the establishment of the new trans-Pacific line of vessels, each capable of carrying 28,000 tons, or nearly 1900 carloads, at a trip, and the inauguration of the cheaper rates will mark the beginning of a new era in American commerce with the Orient.

BROUGHTON'S RETENTION.

As Assistant General Freight Agent of the Northern Pacific.

St. Paul, May 22.—It was reported today that an arrangement had been made for the retention of General Freight Agent Broughton by the Northern Pacific. Mr. Broughton is to have the title of assistant general freight agent, and will be in charge of the Lake Superior division of the Northern Pacific. The St. Paul & Duluth will form part of this division. It is also stated that William Kenny, present chief clerk, will continue to act for Mr. Broughton in the same capacity.

PLOUGH'S PROSPECTS.

Report That He May Be Affiliated With the Soo.

St. Paul May 22.—It was reported in railroad circles today that A. B. Plough is slated for an excellent berth with the Soo road. The nature of the position is said to be that of vice president, with direct jurisdiction over the traffic affairs of the system.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Detroit—Minneapolis, 8; Detroit, 5.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 9; Milwaukee, 4.
At Buffalo—Chicago, 7; Buffalo, 6.
At Cleveland—Kansas City, 5; Cleveland, 3.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—New York, 4; Cincinnati, 3.
At Chicago—Philadelphia, 2; Chicago, 1.
At Pittsburg—Brooklyn, 7; Pittsburg, 5.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 11; Boston, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Indianapolis	23	17	6	.739
Milwaukee	24	15	9	.625
Chicago	26	15	11	.577
Cleveland	23	12	11	.522
Minneapolis	29	13	16	.448
Kansas City	27	11	16	.408
Buffalo	23	9	14	.391
Detroit	25	8	17	.320

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia	22	15	7	.682
Brooklyn	23	14	9	.636
Chicago	26	15	11	.577
St. Louis	24	13	11	.542
Pittsburg	26	14	12	.539
Cincinnati	23	11	12	.478
New York	23	7	16	.304
Boston	21	5	16	.238

Minneapolis—University of Minnesota, 9; Carleton College, 3.

A. M. E. CONFERENCE.

Considrs Report on the State of the Country.

Washington, May 22.—The general conference of the A. M. E. Zion church closed yesterday. The principal matter of inteest considered was the report submited by John C. Dancy on the state o the country, which dealt principally with the work of the negroes since the war. It extolled the bravery of the negro soldiers, condemned the proposition to take away the franchise of illiterate negroes and allow illiterate whites to vote, denounced crimes against women and wrongdoing of every kind.

Editr Thomas Fortune, of the New York age, speaking with reference to that prtion of the report relating to the ngro suffrage, denounced Senator Tilman, of South Carolina. It had cost tos of blood and money, he said, to plae the Fifteenth amendment in the constitution, and it would cost tons o blood and money to get it out.

A Keen Clear Brain.

Yourbest feelings, your social position or busness success depend largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. 25 cent box will make you feel like anew being. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggt.

PROOF IN DULUTH

Should be Decidedly More Convincing to Duluth People Than Proof From Utter Strangers.

The statement which follows like all that have preceded it on this subject, is from Duluth. It is not from a distant corenr of the Union. Duluth people cannot flinch from testimony like this:

Henry Hibke, police officer at Lakeside, residing at No. 4544 London road, says: "I have no hesitation in recommending Doan's Kidney Pills to anyone who is at all troubled with their kidneys or suffers from pains through the loins, or from the effects of colds settling in the kidneys. An officer's work necessitates his being exposed to all kinds of weather. A few years past I had attacks whenever I caught cold and a heavy aching pain developed across my loins, and the kidney secretions became irregular and unnatural. Otherwise I have always enjoyed the best of health. Seeing Doan's Kidney Pills highly recommended, I procured a box at the Duluth Drug company's, and began using the remedy. The trouble was soon removed."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents.

Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N Y. Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

BRIDGE COMBINE

The Officers of the American Bridge Company Are Elected.

LIST OF CONCERNS

It Starts Out With a Big Aggregation of Large Plants.

New York, May 22.—The American Bridge company, organized to control the bridge manufacturing industry in the United States, has elected these officers: President, Percival Roberts, Jr., Philadelphia; treasurer, William H. Connell, Edgemoor, Del.

The full board of directors will consist of twenty-one members and will include A. C. Case, of the Carnegie company, and Robert Bacon and Charles H. Steele, of J. P. Morgan & Co.

The company takes over the following concerns: Keystone Bridge works, owned by the Carnegie company; A. & P. Roberts company (Pencoyd works), Philadelphia; Edgemoor Bridge works, Edgemoor, Del.; Post & McCord, Brooklyn; the Berlin Iron Bridge company, Berlin, Conn.; Groton Bridge and Manufacturing company, Groton, N. Y.; Lassig Bridge and Iron works, Chicago; Buffalo Bridge and Iron works, Buffalo; the New Columbus Bridge company, Columbus, Ohio; Pittsburg Bridge company, Pittsburg; the Lafayette Bridge company, Lafayette, Ind.; the Gillette-Herzog Manufacturing company, Minneapolis; Elmira Bridge company, Ilmited, Elmira, N. Y.; Wrought Iron Bridge company, Canton, Ohio; the J. G. Wagner company, Milwaukee; the Youngstown Bridge company, Youngstown, Ohio; the Koken Iron works, St. Louis; Union Bridge company, Athens, Pa.; American Bridge works, Chicago; Rochester Bridge and Iron works, Rochester, N. Y.; Horsehead Bridge company, Horsehead, N. Y.; the Hilton Bridge company, Albany, N. Y.; Detroit Bridge and Iron works, Detroit; Schiffler Bridge company, Pittsburg; Schultz Bridge and Iron company, Pittsburg. The New Jersey Iron and Steel company and J. B. & J. M. Cornell & Co. may be taken over later.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

A plan to blow up the Cold Spring dam at St. Cloud, Minn., with a can containing twenty-five pounds of dynamite Sunday night was only averted by the refusal of the fuse to ignite. This is the property over which much hard feeling has arisen and the case for and against removal has been carried to the supreme court twice. One side seeks to remove the dam on the ground that much valuable meadow lands could be reclaimed, while the other side insists such action will unfit the stream for navigation.

Charles A. Carver, of Chicago, the Yale senior, who broke the college strength record several weeks ago, has again broken all previous records, including that established as the intercollegiate championship by Cochems, of Harvard. His record completed on last Saturday is 2073.8 points; Cochems' best is 1698.2. Carver's previous record was 1754 points. He now claims the championship of the American universities.

The Orinoco Concession company has leased its Venezuela placer gold deposits, which are reputed to be very rich, for eighty years to a Chicago company composed of Lawton C. Bonney and others. The Orinoco company is to have a royalty of 10 per cent of the gross output. Work on the deposits will begin immediately.

In Chicago last night in a fit of childish frenzy Douglas S. Singer, 7 years old, threw his aged grandmother to the floor. The boy gave a piercing shriek, opened the window and flung himself out, caught the sill with his hands and hung there until rescued by a policeman. The grandmother died from the shock.

Minnie Seligman Cutting, the actress, was granted a divorce from Robert Cutting in St. Louis yesterday by Judge Tully of the circuit court. The defendant allowed the case to go by default. In her deposition Mrs. Cutting alleged non support.

The Manitoba government has asked the Northern Pacific company upon what terms that company would sell or lease their system in Manitoba.

F. A. BELL DEAD.

New York, May 22.—Frederick A. Bell, who made a vast fortune in the bituminous coal business in Philadelphia and who was subsequently president of the Buffalo Elevating company, is dead at his home in Madison, N. J., aged 55 years. He leaves an estate valued at $25,000,000.

If You Are Going

To St. Louis, Peoria, Davenport, Rock Island and Dubuque, take "The Flying Dutchman," via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. From Minneapolis every day at 7:50 a. m. and St. Paul 8:30 a. m., arriving St. Louis early next morning. Beautiful river bank route.

Northwestern Line Excursion Bulletin.

Some special low round trip rates as follows:

National Baptist anniversaries, Detroit, Mich., May 2 and 22, $21.25.

Operative Milliers of America, Kansas City, Mo., May 23-2, $23.80.

Tournament Whist club, Chicago, May 30, June 2, $18.10.

Federation Womans Clubs, Milwaukee, June 2 to 5, $13.30.

I. O. O. F., St. Paul, June 12-13, $5.75.

Republican convention, Philadelphia, Pa., June 14, 15, 16, $29.50.

National Prohibition convention, Chicago, June 25, 26, 27, $13.55.

Excursions to Utah, Colorado, Wyoming and Dakota.

Homeseekers' excursion tickets, July 5 and 19. One fare for the round trip, plus $2, to parties, South, West and Southwest.

Full information and tickets, 405 West Superior street.

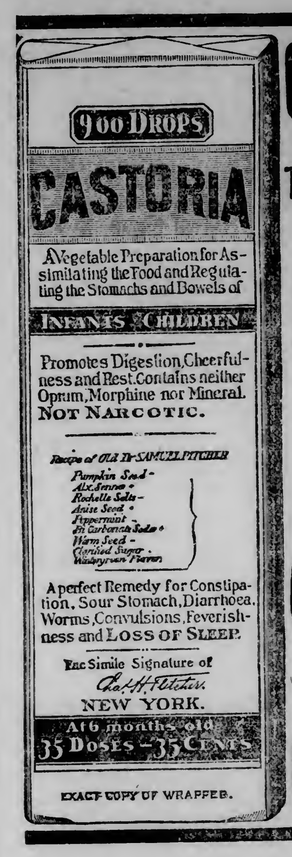
A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.
DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER
Purifies as well as Beautifies the Skin. No other Cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 52 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canada and Europe. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, Great Jones St., N. Y.

Woman's Nightmare

No woman's happiness can be complete without children; it is her nature to love and want them. The dreadful ordeal through which the expectant mother must pass, however, is so fraught with pain, suffering and danger, that the very thought of it fills her with horror. There is no necessity for the ordeal of childbirth to be either painful or dangerous. The use of MOTHER'S FRIEND during pregnancy so prepares the system for the event that it is safely passed without any discomfort whatever. This liniment has carried thousands of women through this great crisis without suffering, and they declare it a godsend to women. Send for free book containing information of priceless value. Address, Bradfield Regulator Co., Atlanta, Ga.

Mother's Friend


900 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis. CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation, 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Sent for FREE circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.,** P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist

Photographed from Life.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excesses and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

TRADE MARK. Palmo Tablets CURE NERVOUS DEBILITY.

(Old Age Postponed.)

The seat of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Failing Memory, Pain in Back, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Paresis, Insanity, or Consumption. Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing starved cells, checking drains, and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5. Send for Free Book.

50c.

HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O. For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth, Minn.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Education of the Village of Bemidji will, until June 1, 1900, receive plans for a 6-room brick addition to the present brick school building. Said plans may be submitted to the undersigned. Any further information as to details will be furnished on application.

Bemidji, Minn., May 18, 1900.

Signed: R. McLENNAN,
Secretary Board of Education.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, general term, May 7, 1900.

In the matter of the estate of Camille Archambault, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Georgianne Archambault, executrix of the estate of Camille Archambault, deceased, representing among other things, that she has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of her administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court on Monday, the 4th day of June, A. D. 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 7th day of May, A. D. 1900. By the court,

J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal)
DANIEL WAITE,
Attorney.
Duluth Evening Herald, May 8-15-22, 1900.

TRADE MALYDOR INJECTION MARK

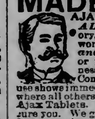
FOR MALE THE 1 TO 4 DAY CURE AND FEMALE

For Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Leucorrhœa and Spermatorrhœa

No Pain. No Stain. No Stricture. Free Syringe. Prevents all Private Diseases of either sex. At Druggists, or sent to any address, for $1.00. "Injection Malydor is 'The Best' of all similar remedies." DR. HENRY RENY, Biddeford, Me.

MALYDOR MFG. CO, Lancaster, O., U. S. A. For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth.

MADE ME A MAN



AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE *ALL Nervous Diseases*—Failing Memory, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by overwork and Indiscretions. *They quickly and surely* restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or pleasure. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cts. per package, or six package (full treatment) for $2.50 by mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circulars free.

AJAX REMEDY CO., 325 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth, 12 West Superior street and S. F. Boyce, 335 West Superior street, druggists.

THE GRAIN MARKETS

Wheat Started Out Firm But Ruled Quiet During the Session.

THE CABLES STEADY

Prediction of Showers In the Dakotas Caused a Slight Decline.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 22.—The wheat market was quiet and barely steady this morning during the early part of the session, although it opened firm and at a slight advance. This firmness was due to the cables, which reported the Liverpool market steady, despite yesterday's decline in the American markets. Another cause of strength was the continued absence of rain in the Northwest, but when the weather bureau predicted possible showers in the Dakotas prices fell off. Kentucky, Tennessee and Illinois sent Hessian fly complaints, and frost was reported in Southern Russia. The close was ½c lower than yesterday here, and unchanged at Chicago for the July option.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened ⅛c up at 67¼c, sold at 67⅛-¼c at 9:35, reacted to 67⅛c at 9:50, recovered to 67⅜c at 10:12 and held steady at those figures to the close, which was ⅛c lower than yesterday. September opened ⅛c higher, at 67⅛c, sold at 67⅝c at 11:15, recovered to 67⅞c at 11:30 and closed at 67⅝c, the same as yesterday. Cash sales were about 50,000 bus at ⅛c under July. Corn, oats and barley were unchanged. Rye advanced ½c. Cash and May flax declined 5c and September and October flax advanced ½c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 68⅝c; to arrive, 68⅝c; May, 68⅝c; July, 69c; September, 68¾c; No. 1 northern, cash, 66⅝c; to arrive, 67c; May, 66⅝c; July, 67¼c; September, 67⅜c. No. 2 northern, 65¼c. No. 3 spring, 61⅝c. Oats, 23½-22½c. Rye, 52½c. Barley, 36-47c. Flax, cash, $1.75; May, $1.75; September, $1.28; October, $1.23. Corn, 35¾c.

Ship Your Grain to

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants.

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES TUESDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars	$0.68⅝
No. 1 northern, 12,000 bus	67
No. 1 northern, 8 cars	66
No. 1 northern, 9 cars	66⅞
No. 1 northern, 13,500 bus	67⅛
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	65⅜
Flax, 500 bus, September	1.28
Flax, 6000 bus, October	1.23¼
Flax, 1000 bus, October	1.22½

THE FLOUR STATEMENT.

Following is the flour statement for Duluth and Superior for the week ended May 19, 1900:

	Bbls.
Production by local mills	11,265
Receipts by rail	104,750
Exports	5,750
Total shipments	188,115
Stocks in store	234,120

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Wheat Barely Steady---Other Cereals and Provisions Easier.

Chicago, May 22.—The wheat market was quiet and barely steady today. The opening was firm, July 1⅛@1¼c up, at 66¾@67⅜c. Liverpool cables did not reflect the decline here yesterday and the wheat-growing section of the Northwest was still without rain. The weather prediction issued following the open ng was for "possible showers in the Dakotas," and this had the effect of putting July down to 66⅝c. The market sold off yesterday because somebody said "it looked like rain" up in that section, and traders were more disposed this morning to wait for the real article before embarking or going short. Hessian fly complaints were received from Kentucky, Tennessee and Illinois. Frost was reported in Southern Russia. Local receipts were 78 cars, one of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 328 cars, compared with 284 last week and 435 a year ago.

During the remainder of the session, traders kept their weather eyes peeled in the direction of the Dakotas, but still there was no rain. July rallied to 66⅞@67c. The close was steady, July unchanged, at 66⅝c.

The corn market was quiet and easier on favorable weather and lower cables. July opened a shade down, at 35⅞@36c, and eased off to 35¾c. Receipts here were 212 cars.

The market closed steady, July unchanged, at 35⅞c.

Oats were easier with corn, July opening a shade down, at 21⅞@21¾c, and declining to 21½c. Receipts were 329 cars. Trade was quiet.

The provision market was easy and dull, although hog receipts were decidedly smaller and prices at the yards firm. The dullness and the corn easiness had a depressing effect. July pork opened unchanged at $11.32½ and sold off to $11.45. July lard opened a shade higher, at $6.52½ @6.55, selling off to $6.90; and July ribs began the session a shade higher, at $6.02½, easing to $6.05.

Close: Wheat—May, 67⅝@67⅞c; July, 66⅝c. Corn—May, 39½c; July, 36⅞c. Oats—May, 23⅝c; July, 21¾c. Pork—May, $11.30; July, $11.40. Lard—May, $6.85; July, $6.85@6.87½. September, $6.85@6.87½; November, $6.57. Ribs—May, $6.45; July, $6.50@6.52½; September, $6.50. Cash: Wheat—No. 2 red, 71¾@72¼c; No. 2, 67@67½c; No. 2 hard winter, 66c; No. 3 hard winter, 64@65c; No. 1 northern spring, 68½@67½c; No. 2 northern spring, 65½@66c; No. 3 spring, 62@65½c. Corn—No. 2, 36@37¾c; No. 3, 36½@37c. Oats—No. 2, 22¾@23c; No. 3, 22½c. Flax—Northwestern, $1.60; Southwestern and May, $1.30; September, $1.28; October, $1.23. Rye—May, 55½c; July, 53c. Barley, 37@41c. Timothy, $2.10. Clover, $7.25.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 207 Board of Trade.

Chicago, May 22.—The trade in wheat was light today, still the market ruled steady with a narrow range, closing practically unchanged from last night. Foreign markets were generally quiet. Liverpool closed ¼d lower for the day. Continental markets were irregular, some higher and some lower. The weather continues very dry throughout the Northwest, and only a few local showers appear to have fallen, not enough to lay the dust. Turning out the winter wheat here the weather is favorable. Receipts at Chicago and the Northwest, 406 cars, against 293 cars last year. Bradstreets made a decrease in their visible east of the Rockies of 2,523,000 bus, but an increase in and afloat for Europe of 1,240,000 bus, showing a total decrease of 1,323,000 bus. Cash demand was quiet here and the seaboard reported a moderate business done there for export. Trade has been light all day with little or no outside speculation. Crop reports from abroad are not very favorable and the season there is anywhere from three to four weeks late. The immediate future of the market depends upon the weather in the Northwest. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 33 cars.

The corn market after declining early on selling by local bears later became firm on better cash demand and recovered the loss, closing May ½c higher, July unchanged from last night. Foreign markets were quiet, Liverpool closed ¾d lower for the day. Country offerings were moderate and considerably less than yesterday. The weather throughout the corn belt was generally favorable and some increase in the movement to the market is generally looked for. Bradstreets made a decrease in their visible supply of 1,736,000 bus. Cash demand was better and a fairly large business reported. The seaboard reported good demand there for export. Trade was rather light all day and there was no special feature to the market. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 110 cars.

Oats ruled fairly steady all day with only a light trade and no special feature. Country offerings are fairly large, while cash demand is good. Bradstreets made a decrease in their visible supply of 1,382,000 bus. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 130 cars.

Provisions opened weak in spite of 6000 less hogs than expected, and an advance of 10c at the yards. The market was full of selling orders supposed for a prominent packer, and prices broke badly. There was no Armour support to amount to anything and many thought he was selling. Receipts of hogs in the West are very heavy, indicating large receipts here in a few days. Cash trade very small, and the whole situation looks bad for holders. Estimated 28,000 hogs for tomorrow.

Puts, July wheat, 65¾-⅞@65¾c.
Calls, July wheat, 66¾c bid to 67¼c.
Curb, July wheat, 65c asked to 64⅝c bid.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 22.—Close: Wheat in store, No. 1 northern, May, 64½c; July, 65c; September, 65⅝c. On track, No. 1 hard, 67c; No. 1 northern, 65¼c; No. 2 northern, 64¼c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 22.—Close: Wheat—May, 71⅝c; July, 72¾c; September, 73c. Corn—May, 41¼c; July, 42⅝c; September, 42¾c.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, May 22.—Today has been one of the dullest sessions for a long time. Speculation seems to be temporarily at a vanishing point. The market has been very dull, fluctuations of the narrowest description and features almost entirely lacking. There was a good deal of crop news, most of it conflicting, while the Northwest has so far had no rains of a satisfying character. The predictions are for showers in Dakota and Minnesota for today. Speculators seem to find the market at present too unattractive and uncertain, lacking features upon which to base action and trade is suffering severely from speculative activity. Reports of more favorable weather in the Northwest will be a sufficient excuse for further short selling and hammering of wheat values, but prices on a much lower level than they are at present will make wheat the ridiculously worst investment money, while the speculative possibilities are such as to make one anticipate an upward turn after fair breaks of wheat, we think purchases on weak days will not be worrying property to hold.

The corn market has been dull, comparatively steady. The market is without particular feature and speculatively small. Speculative manipulation of outsiders at the present time is not a helpful feature in any commodity and corn is suffering with the rest. We believe, however, that the present price is evidently attractive as cash business appears to be improving. The market will find this an excellent touch and if continued will help values materially.

The oat market has been about steady. There is a fair shipping demand with local sales 240,000 bushels and 125,000 bus sold for export from New York.

In view of the small hog receipts the weakness in provisions was somewhat of a surprise. Heavy selling, however, by certain commission houses found the market speculatively inadequate to absorb this class of selling. Packers were the best buyers, presumably against cash sales. Shipments of product are only fair.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

July—	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
Open	67⅛@	65¼	66¾-⅞	72⅜
High	67½-⅝	65¾	66⅞-67	72⅝
Low	67⅛	64¾	66¼	71¾-72
Close	67¼	65	66⅝	72⅜
September—				
Open	67⅜@	65¼		73¼-¼
High	67⅝	65¾		73¼
Low	67⅜	64⅞		72⅝
Close	67⅜	65⅛		73

May wheat at Chicago—Opening, 65⅝c; high, 65⅝-⅞c; low, 65¾c; close, 65⅝-⅞c.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	21⅞	35⅞	$11.52
High	21⅞	37	$11.52
Low	21⅜	36¼	$11.37
Close	21¾	36⅞	$11.40

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bushels.	Shipments. Bushels.
New York	120,250	99,534
Philadelphia	19,515	16,000
Baltimore	16,126	.....
Toledo	8,818	2,000
Detroit	15,518	.....
St. Louis	22,000	14,000
Boston	115,840	.....
Chicago	20,559	176,558
Milwaukee	62,700	7,100
Minneapolis	108,220	31,320
Kansas City	22,750	61,200
Duluth	107,428	97,945

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 22.—Wheat, dull, 3d lower; July, 5s 8¾d; September, 5s 8d. Corn, quiet, 1s 6½d lower; July, 3s 9½d; September, 3s 10d.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 22.—Cattle, receipts, 2000. Steady. Good to prime steers, $5.90@5.70; poor to medium, $4.25@4.80; stockers and feeders, $3.75@5.10; cows and heifers, $2.20 @5.15; Texas fed steers, $3.60@4.60. Sheep, receipts today, 16,000; tomorrow, 28,000; left over, 3361; 10c higher. Mixed and butchers, $5.10@5.32½; good to choice heavy, $5.25@5.32½; rough heavy, $5.10@5.20; light, $5.05@5.30; bulk of sales, $5.20@5.30. Sheep, receipts, 10,000. Steady. Sheep, $4.60@5.40; lambs, $4.50@7.30. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 1,457; hogs, 41,117; sheep, 16,546. Shipments—Cattle, 5633; hogs, 7013; sheep, 3339.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, extra	20	@	22
Creamery, choice	18	@	20
Dairies, fancy	17	@	17½
Dairy, fair	13	@	15
Packing stock	12	@	13
EGGS.			
Country, strictly fresh	11½	@	12
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		
CHEESE.			
Twins, flat, full cream, new.	11	@	12
Full cream, Young America.	12		
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Brick cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primost	6	@	6½
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	12	@	13
Buckwheat, dark	13	@	13
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 40	@	2 50
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		
FRUITS.			
Apples, per bbl	6 25	@	7 00
Seedlings, California oranges	3 00	@	3 25
California navels	4 25	@	4 50
California lemons	3 25	@	3 50

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,

324 West Superior Street. (St. Louis Hotel.)

Members of Chicago Board of Trade.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.

Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

GEORGE RUPLEY,

Representing

Weare Commission Co.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.

Private Wires to all Markets.

310 Board of Trade. Telephone 713

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	155	139
Am. Exchange Bank	100	120	115
First Nat. Bank, Superior	100	100	95
L. S. Consol. Iron Mines		73	
Brotherton Iron Mine Co.	25	...	2¾
Great Lakes Towing Co.	100	...	65
American Ship Bldg. Co.	100	122	...
Globe Elevator Co.	100	100	...
Consol. Elev. Co., 1st pfd.	100	...	100
Consol. Elev. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	90
Consol. Elev. Co.,com.	100	60	28
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in REAL ESTATE, COMMERCIAL PAPER, MORTGAGE LOANS and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

Mediterranean sweets	2 25	@	3 50
Messina lemons, per box	4 50	@	5 00
Bananas	2 00	@	3 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	60	@	65
Dates, per lb	13	@	15
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Strawberries	1 50	@	1 75
LIVE POULTRY.			
Hens, old	10½	@	11½
Old roosters	8	@	9
Turkeys, fancy	10½	@	11
Turkeys, common	10		
Ducks	9	@	10
Geese	9	@	10
NUTS.			
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	1 50		
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Chestnuts, per lb	12	@	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	8	@	9
Pecans, per lb	10	@	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8		
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½	@	6
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½
CIDER.			
N. Y. sweet cider, per keg	2 75	@	3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	3 50	@	3 75
VEGETABLES.			
Hot house cucumbers	75	@	90
Potatoes, per bus	34	@	36
Beets, per bus	90	@	1 00
Radishes	20	@	25
Onions, green, doz bunches	12	@	15
Carrots, per bus	60	@	65
Rutabagas, per bus	40	@	50
Oyster plant, per doz	25	@	30
Horseradish, per lb	10		
Parsley, per doz	25	@	40
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 00
Lettuce, per bus	75	@	90
Celery, per doz	30	@	50
Cabbage, new crates, per lb	3	@	4
Parsnips, per bus	90	@	1 00
MEATS.			
Mutton	9½		
Lamb	10		
Veal, good	8½		
Veal, fancy	9		
Beef, dressed	7	@	7½
Hogs	8		

BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc..... 14 75
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc..... 14 25
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc.... 14 75
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc.... 14 25

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 22.—Butter, receipts, 12,314 packages. Firm. Western creameries, 16½@20c; factory, 14@16c. Cheese, receipts, 8403 packages. Dull and weak. Fancy large white, 9¾@9¾c; fancy large colored, 9¾@9¾c; fancy small white, 9¾@9¾c; fancy small colored, 9¾@9¾c. Eggs, receipts, 19,058 packages. Steady. Western loss off, 13½@14c; Southern at mark, 10½@12c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 22.—Butter, firm; creameries, 15@19½c; dairies, 13½@17c. Eggs, firm; fresh, 11c. Dressed poultry, steady; turkeys, 9@9½c; chickens, 8@9c.

CLOTHING FOR BABY.

"A baby's clothing should be drawn over its feet and not slipped over its head," said Miss Marshall, "whereas superintendent of the Babies' hospital of New York city, whose long experience in training nursemaids makes her an authority on all subjects pertaining to the care of infants.

"Nothing is more awkward than to attempt to dress a young baby in a sitting posture. It should lie on the nurse's lap until quite able to sit alone. If the clothes are put on as I describe there will be no fighting and crying, but, instead, the child will be fond of being dressed. For the first four months there should be a flannel band laced over its bowels. Later this should be replaced by a ribbed knitted band of wool, of course, and made like the top of a sock. It must be worn through the life of the child and should be worn through the second year.

"I am sure that nearly all intestinal troubles in young children are caused by their bowels getting cold. It is the one place which must be protected if you would have a healthy child. There are three weights of these bands which I recommend, medium, thin and gauze. The very heavy should never be put on and the same rule should be followed in selecting flannel garments.

"It is most important that a baby's clothes should fit the body. If too tight they frequently produce vomiting after feeding, while if too large they crumple into folds and cause discomfort. No pins or buttons should be used, but all bands about the body must be basted. The openings should be neither in the back nor front, but under the arms, where any irregularity will be hardly felt by the child.

"I disapprove very decidedly of putting veils over a baby's face. When the weather is so cold or so windy as to render a veil necessary, no young child should be sent out of doors, but instead given its airing in a well-ventilated nursery. Veils affect the eyes, and are as a rule uncleanly.

"I am in favor of covering a child's feet and legs and prefer stockings to the fancy booties so much used. Stockings are snugger, warm enough and should be fastened to the diaper. Garters are also a garment for which I have reasons to differ from the majority of mothers and nurses. Cotton is the best and only material which should ever be used. Linen and silk are too cold, while wool is too irritating. A soft cotton cloth not too large, is most comfortable and healthy. A cotton cheese cloth, white, of course, is about the best material. Babies' bones are soft, and if a mother wishes her child to have straight legs she must see to it that its diapers are not too large.

"The greatest care should be taken not to keep children too hot, and while light wraps may, and as a rule should be, kept on them in the early morning and late afternoon, in the middle of the day they should be removed. A common mistake among mothers, especially in furnace-heated city homes, is using excessively heavy clothing for their children. They usually live in a warm nursery, their circulation is active, and they perspire more freely than a grown person. For these reasons the heaviest flannels should never be used, even in very cold climates, but extra-heavy wraps be put on when they are taken out."

LEHIGH VALLEY DEAL.

Philadelphia, May 22.—The Evening Telegraph today says announcement has been made that the Pennsylvania railroad has secured control of the Lehigh Valley railroad by the purchase of 66,600 shares through outside parties. The price paid is given at $32.50 a share. The control was obtained, it is said, by the Pennsylvania through agents of W. K. Vanderbilt and J. Pierpont Morgan and the New York Central is said to be behind the movement.

TRY ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE,

A powder to be shaken into the shoes. Your feet feel swollen, nervous and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures swollen, sweating feet, ingrowing nails, blisters and callous spots. Relieves corns and bunions of all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25 cents. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

DECLINE IN STOCKS

Opened at Lower Values, Advanced But Soon Turned Weak Again.

CLOSING WAS DULL

Bulk of the Dealings Was In Sugar and the Tobaccos.

New York, May 22.—The depression which marked yesterday's stock market was still in evidence at the opening today. Declines of a fraction were the rule throughout the list. Sugar and Baltimore & Ohio were the only exceptions and their gains were also confined to fractions. Pronounced strength soon developed in some stock which were notably weak yesterday. Sugars and the Tobaccos recovered from 1½@3 points as compared with opening prices. The Pacifics and Western stocks hardened quite generally to about last night's close and the local traction group moved strongly upward. Bergen County Gas jumped up 8 points, but there was no wide changes in other stocks. Toward 11 o'clock the active specialties became unsettled and the market generally was dull and listless in movement. The market was dull and apathetic near last night's level. Only the specialties moved with any briskness on professional manipulation. The bulk of the dealings were in Sugar and the Tobaccos, the former declining and the latter advancing in the second hour, but neither movement being well held. The New York city stocks, including Consolidated Gas, moved upward, that stock gaining 3 points. Pennsylvania dropped a point. The prominent bonds advanced, but some of the least active issues sold off.

With the culmination with the rise in Sugar, the market dropped again and the gains were very generally wiped out. The market then fell again into listless inaction. Sugar reacted 2¾ points on comparatively light dealings and with aggressive support in opposition. But the bears were timid about putting fresh short lines in the stock. Many stocks fell below last night's level. The market closed dull and weak.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	108⅜	117	109½	115⅜
Am. Steel, com	33⅜	35⅞	33⅜	35⅛
Am. Tobacco	87¾	91⅞	87¾	91
Atchison, com	25⅝	25⅞	25⅝	25½
Atchison, pfd	70⅞	71½	70⅞	71
Brooklyn Transit	73¾	74¼	73¾	73¾
C. M. & St. P.	116	116½	115⅞	116
C. B. & Q.	125⅞	126⅝	125⅜	126⅜
C. & N. W.	166	167½	164	167½
Federal Steel, com	35	35⅝	34⅜	35⅜
Federal Steel, pfd	86¾	87	86¾	86¾
Great Western	125	125¾	125	125⅝
L. & N.	79¾	80	79¾	80
Manhattan	90⅞	91¼	90¾	90⅞
Missouri Pacific	56	56½	55⅞	56
Nor. Pacific, com	58⅞	59⅜	58⅞	59⅛
Nor. Pacific, pfd	74¾	74¾	74¼	74¼
People's Gas	105⅞	106⅜	105⅜	105⅝
Rock Island	106½	107⅜	106⅝	107
Southern Pacific	33⅜	34⅛	33⅝	34
Tenn. & C. I.	71⅝	73½	71⅝	73½
U. S. Leather, pfd	87⅞	88	87⅞	88
Union Pacific, pfd	79¾	80¼	79¾	80
Union Pacific, com	53⅝	54⅝	53⅜	54
Western Union	79⅜	79⅞	79⅜	79⅝
Wheeling & Northern	153½	155¾	153½	155¾
Leather, com	11⅜	11¾	11⅜	11¾
Money	2	2	2	2

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 22.—Money steady, at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½c per cent; sterling exchange, easy, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87⅜@ $4.88 for demand, and at $4.83½@$4.85 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85¼@$4.89; commercial bills, $4.84@⅞; silver certificates, 60¼ @64c; bar silver, 60¼c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds, steady; refunding 2s, when issued, 101; 2s registered, 99¾; 2s registered and coupon, 109½; new 4s registered and coupon, 134½; old 4s registered and coupon, 115¾; 5s registered and coupon, 113¾.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, May 22.—Consols for money, 101; for the account, 101 1-16.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 22.—Clearings, $21,629,341; balances, $2,339,889; posted exchange, $1,85½ @4.86½; New York exchange, premium.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 22.—The cotton market opened steady, with prices 1@5 points lower. The trend of changes during the forenoon was toward a higher level. Wire houses were abundantly supplied with orders to cover and few bears showed the least disposition to press matters on the short side for the time being. Liverpool cables showed a severer decline than looked for.

Cotton spot closed quiet, 1-16c lower. Middling uplands, 9¾c; middling gulf, 9¾c; sales, 1344 bales. Cotton futures closed quiet, May, $8.33; June, $8.18; July, $8.12; August, $8.76; September, $8.14; October, $7.93; November, $7.78; December, $7.77; January, $7.79; February, $7.81; March, $7.83.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, May 22.—Close: Adventure, 4¼@ 4½; Allouez, 1½@¾; Anaconda, 42½@43½; Arcadian, 17½@18; Arnold, 56@¾; Amalgamated, 87¾; Atlantic, 29@29½; Baltic, 20½; Bingham, 9½@10; Bonanza, 15@¾; Boston and Montana, 202@204; Boston Consolidated, 10¼@11; Butte and Boston, 64@65; Calumet and Hecla, 750@755; Centennial, 17@18; Copper Range, 59@60; Copper Queen, 42½@43½; Dominion Coal, 42½@43½; Eagle & Blue River, 3¾@4; Franklin, 14½; Humboldt, 3; Isabella, 16½; Isle Royale, 24@25; Mass, 9½; Michigan, 4½; Mohawk, 48½; Old Colony, 24½@3½; Old Dominion, 17¼ asked; Osceola, 63 ex. div. 3 per cent; Oil, 15¾; Parrott, 15¾@¾; Pioneer, 50c asked; Quincy, 136; Rhode Island, 4@4½; Santa Fe, 4¾ @5; Tamarack, 173@175; Tecumseh, ¾ asked; Tri-Mountain, 7½@8; Union Land, 2@3; Utah, 28; Victoria, 2⅝ asked; Wolverine, 38½; Wyandotte, 1½ asked; Zinc, 12 bid.

THINK YOUNG.

The secret of keeping young is to think young, to keep one's mentality fresh and energetic and interested in those things that interest the youthful folks, and to keep pace with the great changes that are going on around us, says an exchange. Take a woman and put her in a farmhouse, where even the echo of the great tide of human affairs never penetrates, whose life is spent in continual effort to keep the home in order and to clothe the growing family. At 30 she will have developed all the marks of middle life. Probably this same woman, working quite as hard, if placed in a large city, would have managed to keep herself in appearance ten years younger. Why? She would have lived more outside herself. There would have been books and newspapers, art galleries and theaters, talks on politics and of the great men and women of the world to distract her thoughts from the drudgery of housework. The cobwebs would not have gathered in her brain, and her physical loveliness would have been preserved.

FOR THE HAIR.

Jetted and silver-spangled floral shapes are affected by some of the young matrons, and a pretty idea in evening hairdressing is the wearing of fruit instead of flowers by women who have passed the point where they care to pose as a modern Perdita, says an exchange. The other evening a charming woman whose hair is beginning to show occasional threads of silver wore a cluster of dear, green grapes with their leaves, fastened with loops of black velvet ribbon, a little to one side of her high coil of hair. The effect was beautiful. Dark purple grapes on light gray hair and cherries on dark hair are quite fascinating.

APPEALS FILED.

The Mayoralty and Charter Appeals Filed In the Supreme Court.

St. Paul, May 22.—(Special to The Herald.)—The appeal of Henry Truelsen, Democratic candidate for mayor of Duluth, from the decision of the election judges and the district court of St. Louis county, declaring T. W. Hugo elected mayor of the Zenith City, was filed in the supreme court today. With it was the appeal of Louis J. Hopkins, a Duluth citizen and opponent of the new charter, from the decision of the district court declaring the new charter adopted. The cases will be set for hearing later. It has been stipulated that they shall not come up earlier than June 15.

THE SENATE.

Pettigrew Gives Notice of a Substitute Bill on the Philippines.

Washington, May 22.—Shortly after 2 o'clock the Philippine bill was taken up in the senate. Mr. Pettigrew gave notice of a substitute which provides for the cessation of hostilities and negotiations for the establishment of an independent government in the Philippines.

Mr. Spooner then took the floor to speak on the bill. He agreed with much of the speech of Senator Lodge, but was less radical. If there had been no war with Spain, a treaty transferring the Philippines to the United States would scarcely have received a vote in the senate. The trusteeship under God would not have been accepted. We would have said our first duty was to our own people. There was no lust of empire among us, nor is there now in the sense in which it is often used. Mr. Spooner said that on request of Admiral Dewey, after the battle of Manilla bay, troops were sent to Manilla. They were not sent to aid Dewey to hold his position, but to capture and hold Manilla. No protests were made against sending troops. We held Manilla when the treaty of Paris was made.

Speaking of the treaty, he said there was a time when he was opposed to it, but he would now say that with all the facts before him he could not see how the president could do more than demand the cession of the Philippines.

The sentiment pervaded the entire people of the country that the Philippines could not be left with Spain. To illustrate this point, he referred the "unspeakable horrors of Spanish tyranny in Cuba. He said that if the Philippines had not been taken by the United States Spain would have resumed her sway in the islands. We would have been obliged to march our troops out of Manilla as Spain marched in. The Spanish bondholders would have furnished the money to carry on a war of Spanish conquest. We could not do as we did in Cuba, demand a relinquishment of sovereignty from Spain for the Philippines. Spain could not have granted any such demand, even in her overthrow.

Mr. Spooner said at the time he voted to ratify the treaty, he said that if it involved permanent dominion of the Philippines he would not have voted for it. He denied that there was any intention of imperialism. He denied that it was a slander to say that where our flag went it meant tyranny and was used only in election year. Mr. Spooner read the insurgent order of Feb. 1, 1899, for the proclamation of all but Filipinos in Manilla and asked: "Could anything be worse?" He maintained that under these conditions no one could seriously demand the withdrawal of United States troops.

Mr. Pettigrew questioned the authenticity of the order and a sharp controversy ensued. Mr. Spooner said it came in an official statement from the war department.

Mr. Pettigrew charged that the document read by Mr. Spooner was manufactured evidence for effect in this country.

Mr. Spooner said it was of equal credibility with much that Mr. Pettigrew had presented.

Mr. Pettigrew in reply said that official reports were good as evidence against the government, but not against the Filipinos. Mr. Spooner retorted that the Search Dakotan senator held that everybody was a liar who produced proof against the assertions which he (Pettigrew) made against the government. This remark was applauded by the galleries.

TABLE HINTS.

Oranges are a favorite breakfast fruit. A dainty way to prepare them is to squeeze the juice and pulp of as many oranges as are required into a cut glass bowl, then place the bowl in a larger dish of china or silver and pack it closely with chopped ice. Place it in the center of the table and serve in little glass cups, says the New York Sun.

Strawberries are daily becoming more plentiful and less expensive. An attractive way to serve them is on individual plates surrounded by crisp lettuce leaves. Do not pluck off the stems or hulls. In eating them lift each berry separately and dip it into a little powdered sugar. This is the way the English serve strawberries at breakfast; sometimes they pile them in a tempting mound in the hollow of a dewy cabbage leaf; but lettuce leaves are far better, as often the odor of cabbage is unpleasant.

Much more delicious eaten in this way than messed up with cream, which detracts from their flavor.

MEAT BILL.

Berlin, May 22.—The reichstag, by a vote of 158 to 128, adopted Herr Aichbuechter's (Aichbuhler) amendment to the meat inspection bill, and then adopted the remaining clauses. The vote on the whole bill will be taken tomorrow.

PATTERSON NOMINATED.

Memphis, Tenn., May 22.—Malcolm Patterson was today nominated for congress by the Democratic convention of the Tenth district.

Wineeke & Doerr's cigars are good cigars. For instance—Flor de Teller and Royal Blue.

Old Children

Many children look too old for their years. They go about with thin faces and sober manners not in keeping with robust childhood. If it's your boy or girl, give

Scott's Emulsion

'Twill fill out the hollow places, increase the weight, and bring a healthy color to the cheeks. The improvement continues long after they cease using the Emulsion. Get Scott's.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Dr. Bruess' Powerful Penetrating Peerless Remedy

For all pains of the body, as

Rheumatism, Cold in the Chest, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, Spine Disease, Backache, Lumbago, Sprained Joints, Croup, Bronchitis, Sore Throat.

Dr. Bruess in his many years of private and hospital practice in Berlin, Germany, found this celebrated remedy to be a positive cure for the above ailments

This Wonderful Remedy will give you instant relief. Once used, you will recommend it to your friends and neighbors.

Orders from the country amounting to $2, express charges will be prepaid. Free sample on request given out at store.

For sale only by—

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,

Corner Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Rule That Large Vessels Take Two Tugs Has Been Rescinded.

TROUBLE IS ENDED

Freight Situation Continues About as Dull as It Could Be.

The rule of the Licensed Tugmen's Protective association requiring that vessels of the large class shall employ two tugs in getting to their destinations in the

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.

Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

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WEEKLY HERALD.

$1.00 per year, 50c for six months, 25c for three months.

Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark...

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 22.—Light rains have fallen over Louisiana, Oklahoma, Western Montana and that portion of Canada lying west of Manitoba. Warmer weather prevails over Western Lake Superior, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Eastern South Dakota, Western North Dakota and Wyoming. The barometer is low over Assiniboia and high over British Columbia, the Mississippi valley and lake region. The winds in the lake region are variable, light to fresh in force, with cloudy to smoky weather over Western Lake Superior and clear to partly cloudy over the remaining portions.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Battleford	52	Marquette	54
Bismarck	50	Memphis	66
Calgary	40	Miles City	54
Davenport	54	Milwaukee	52
Denver	48	Minnedosa	40
Detroit	48	Moorhead	58
Dodge City	52	North Platte	48
Duluth	50	Oklahoma	56
Edmonton	46	Omaha	60
Escanaba	50	Port Arthur	48
Green Bay	50	Qu' Appelle	36
Havre	46	Rapid City	48
Helena	48	Shreveport	64
Huron	56	St. Louis	62
Kamloops	46	St. Paul	58
Kansas City	60	Sault Ste. Marie	40
La Crosse	54	Swift Current	48
Lander	46	Williston	54
		Winnipeg	50

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: For Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy with occasional local showers tonight and Wednesday; slight changes in temperature; fresh and possibly brisk easterly and southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 22.—Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight, followed by showers north and west portions Wednesday. Minnesota—Unsettled tonight and Wednesday with occasional showers; cooler west portion Wednesday. Upper lakes—Southerly winds except easterly over Western Superior, becoming brisk tonight and Wednesday; generally fair weather except possibly showers Wednesday over Michigan and Superior.

The Census and People Absent During June.

The count of the people in the United States will begin in all parts of the country on June 1 and end in the cities two weeks later and in the rest of the country before the close of the month. The people are to be counted at their places of residence, but as many persons and families will be away from their homes during June there is some danger that such persons will not be counted. If they are not counted, the locality in which they live will be misrepresented to that extent, and in some cases this misrepresentation may be enough to affect the representation in congress of the state from which they come. Local pride and state pride, therefore, should influence all such absentees to take reasonable precautions against being omitted from enumeration in their places of residence. Such omissions are most likely to occur in the large cities where families close their homes and go elsewhere for the summer. The occurrence of the Paris exposition this year is likely to increase the number absent from the country. In all cases of contemplated absence the head of the family is requested by the census office to communicate with the supervisor of the district in which he lives. He is also requested to leave information regarding his answers to the questions which are to be asked with some responsible neighbor who will agree to see that it reaches the enumerator on his rounds. Such information might better be left as a memorandum in writing, as in that case it is less likely to be overlooked. The questions to which answers are desired apply primarily to the population, but also to all farms and manufacturing establishments. They are being published from time to time in the press of the country. By taking this trouble the absent citizen will do justice to his locality and his state, and materially aid the census office in the performance of its duties. The census schedule will include inquiries about the age, color or race, date of birth, conjugal condition, number of years married, place of birth, year of immigration to the United States, naturalization, occupation, number of months not employed, school attendance, and ability to read or write of all persons to whom these questions are applicable. In addition, inquiries will be made about the ownership of homes and farms, farm acreage, value and quantity of farm products, amount of live stock, etc.

Grover Cleveland's Advice on College Education.

Ex-President Grover Cleveland contributes to the current issue of the Saturday Evening Post the first magazine article he has written since he left the White House. It is a vigorous and remarkably forceful discussion of the question: "Does a College Education Pay?" and it is of interest not only to the thousands of young men who are considering the problem, but to the tens of thousands of parents who may have doubts. Mr. Cleveland does not judge success simply by money-making. "Many a college-bred man labors in the field of usefulness without either wealth or honors, and frequently with but scant recognition of any kind, and yet achieves successes which, unseen and unknown by the sordid and cynical, will bloom in the hearts and minds of men longer than the prizes of wealth or honors can endure," he says. Further on in the article is this: "Parents should never send their sons to college simply for the purpose of educational ornamentation. The fact that parents have the fate of a son largely in their keeping should not only enlist their paternal love and pride, but should, at the same time, stimulate their parental judgment. Furthermore, they should be constantly mindful that they have in charge not only a son, but an uncompleted man who is soon to become their contribution to the manhood of the world. They therefore owe a dual duty, which demands on the one hand that the education of the son be undertaken as a help to his success in life, and on the other that this education shall promise for the maturing man the equipment necessary to insure his value as an addition to civilized humanity. Before he leaves home to enter upon his student life, his sympathy with these purposes should be fully aroused, and he should be impressed with the importance of keeping them steadily in view. He should also take with him to his new surroundings a love of truth and honor, a cheerful, manly disposition and truly democratic inclinations. With these his collegiate advent must be auspicious, and his future life well guarded against failure. Lacking these, his way is made immensely more difficult and uncertain."

FOR DELEGATE-AT-LARGE.

The time is fast approaching for the Democratic conventions that will elect delegates to represent Minnesota at the national convention at Kansas City on July 4. This will be one of the most important gatherings in the history of the Democratic party, and naturally great care will be exercised in the selection of delegates. There is no doubt as to the nomination of Mr. Bryan for president. That has ceased to be a matter of speculation—he has no rival for the position at the head of the ticket, and there is practically no opposition to him within the party. The selection of a vice presidential candidate will probably cause much discussion, and a long and hard fight is not improbable. The framing of the platform will develop, undoubtedly, many differences of opinion, not only in regard to the money plank, but in reference to the newer issues that promise to be prominent above all others in the coming campaign. It is essential, therefore, that the Minnesota delegation shall correctly represent the sentiment of the Democratic party in this state.

Each of the seven congressional districts will elect two delegates, while the state convention will choose four delegates-at-large. It is quite generally conceded that one will be selected from Minneapolis, one from St. Paul, one from the southern part of the state, and the other from the northern part. In view of the fact that Mr. Towne will be a candidate for the vice presidential nomination, it seems probable that the delegate-at-large allotted to the northern part of the state will be taken from Duluth. It is fitting that one of the delegates-at-large should be selected from Mr. Towne's home city. Of course Duluth would not, under such circumstances, ask for one of the district delegates. The two would naturally be chosen from the sections of the district.

Taking it for granted that there will be no opposition to Duluth being permitted to name a delegate-at-large. The Herald would suggest to the Democratic for this honor one of the hardest workers in the party in the person of John G. Brown. No one man has done as much to push the cause of Democracy in this section of the state as has Mr. Brown, nor has he confined his efforts to the Duluth district, but has labored to the extent of his ability to secure Democratic success in other portions of Minnesota. Not only has he worked hard, but he has given liberally to the campaign funds. His labor in behalf of the Democratic cause has been entirely unselfish. He has not sought office or desired office, and he has held no political position save that of delegate to conventions at various times. It seems to The Herald that it would be eminently fitting to recognize Mr. Brown's services to the party by sending him to Kansas City as one of the delegates-at-large. No man would more faithfully represent the views of the Democracy of this section, while he is a warm friend and supporter of Mr. Towne, and would be able, through his acquaintance with prominent Democrats all over the country, to do much towards securing Mr. Towne's nomination for vice president. Mr. Brown has not indicated any desire to secure this honorable position, but The Herald believes that he would accept it and appreciate the honor thus bestowed upon him.

THE CUBAN FRAUDS.

The suspension of Maj. Rathbone, director of the postal system in Cuba, indicates that there may be more sensational developments in connection with the frauds for which Neely and Reeves have been arrested. It is not known whether Rathbone is actually implicated in the perpetration of the frauds, or whether his chief offense is negligence in the discharge of the responsible office he occupied. It is hinted, however, that he has been guilty of extravagance in the expense of management and has approved expense accounts without any inquiry as to their correctness.

The American people have read with deep mortification and sorrow of the defalcation in the Cuban postoffice system under the management of the United States authorities. The fault lies with the administration at Washington. The frauds are the result of appointing spoilsmen with a "pull" to positions that should have been filled under the civil service rules. It is not charged that President McKinley was a party to any fraud in the appointment of Mr. Neely, an Indiana ward politician, with no particular fitness for the position, because subsequent events have proven that Perry Heath, close to the president, was the man responsible for the ill-chosen appointment But, nevertheless, the civil service rules were dodged in Neely's case and such failure to observe was the primary cause of the federal theft.

Few rogues or spoilsmen care to bother with civil service examinations or compliance with the laws. They depend on their "pull" with the appointive powers to secure lucrative jobs. This class of men of Neeley's caliber would not be in positions of trust if the civil service laws were honestly enforced. Heath, who is first assistant postmaster general, is responsible for the appointment of both Neely and Rathbone, and is a typical Indiana spoilsman. He is at present conducting the Republican press bureau as well as acting as first assistant postmaster general. It is President McKinley's misfortune that he is surrounded by too many men of the Heath style.

The Springfield Republican says: It might puzzle the supreme court to decide whether Governor Allen had any legal right to say: "Fellow-citizens of Porto Rico;" and then the court might divide on the question 5 to 4. Governor Allen is a citizen of the United States, while the people of the island are something entirely different, according to the Foraker law. They are citizens of Porto Rico. Does an American become a citizen of Porto Rico simply by virtue of holding an office in the Porto Rican government to which he has been appointed by the president? If so, then Mr. McKinley, being Governor Allen's superior officer, is a citizen of Porto Rico, although he has never been to the island in his life. President McKinley and Governor Allen, therefore, and perhaps a few other Americans in office, can say, "Fellow citizens of Porto Rico," while the rest of the American people can say no such thing. The question also arises, will Governor Allen and President McKinley retain their citizenship in Porto Rico after their terms of office have expired and they have returned to Canton and Lowell to pass the remainder of their lives? It is to be hoped that all these points will be settled before the comic opera makers grasp their potentiality in the operatic art.

The Minneapolis Journal says: "One thing which will trouble Charlie Towne in his effort to persuade the Democrats that he can bring strength to the ticket in Minnesota, is the fact that Morris has beaten him for congress twice in that part of the state where he is supposed to be strongest." A glance at the election statistics for several years past does not lend strength to the Journal's insinuation that Mr. Towne is weak. In 1894, the Republican candidate for congress carried the Sixth district by a plurality of 9651. In 1896, Mr. Towne, as the fusion candidate, cut that plurality to 707 and in 1898 he still further reduced it to 463. These figures show that Mr. Towne has cut down the Republican vote in the district to the extent of 9188. If he could do as well in the other districts on the presidential ticket, the electoral vote of Minnesota this year would be carried for Bryan and Towne.

The decision of the government to cancel a portion of its debt, as evidenced by the calling in of $25,000,000 in bonds, will meet the approval of the people. True, the bonds to be redeemed belong to the class bearing the lowest rate of interest, but better those than none. There is a large amount of idle money lying in the treasury and it cannot be put to better use than the payment of the public debt and the consequent reduction of interest charges. But a better plan would be to abolish the war taxes and thus relieve the direct burdens of the people.

An Eastern paper says it had an inquiry from a Connecticut farmer some days ago as to the whereabouts of the prosperity he saw so much about in the newspapers. It may be noted in this connection that a farm of sixty acres in Bethlehem, Ct., was sold recently for $1600 which would not replace the barns on the property, to say nothing of the house and land. Another little farm of twenty acres in the same town, for which $1000 was paid twenty years ago, has lately been sold at auction for $85.

A 17-year-old boy in Connecticut has been condemned to death for murder, and the supreme court affirms the lower court's decision that he must die. It may be assumed that when this boy committed his crime he was only 16. It is a fair question whether the death penalty should be enforced against one so young and immature.

At last the News Tribune has admitted there are two sides to the question whether the constitution extends to Porto Rico. Heretofore it has denied that there was any doubt whatever, and it refused to even consider the idea that "the constitution follows the flag."

The administration can hardly claim now that it is necessary for the United States to retain control of Cuba until the Cubans are educated up to the point of governing themselves. It cannot be denied that they can do as well as Neely, Rathbone et al.

The administration's attempt to use Gen. Alger as a scapegoat again in connection with the Cuban postal frauds, by claiming he disapproved of auditing the accounts, has proved a flat failure. It will be necessary to find another scapegoat.

The Saturday Evening Post says: A city that can get its public schools and police force out of politics can afford to let the other reforms take their time.

The deadlock over the election of bishops in the Methodist conference is as interesting as a deadlocked congressional convention.

Even if he had not stopped the stealing of public funds in Cuba, we have put an end to bull fights.

Mark Hanna is feeling happier. Philadelphia has paid over the last of its convention fund.

And now the cholera is allied with the plague and famine in slaying thousands in India.

The Spaniards must be laughing over those Cuban postal frauds.

Strawberry Shortcake.

Softly comes the memory flowing,
Softly as the zephyrs blowing
From the lake!
And I think 'mid business cares
Of the luscious shortcake squares
Mother'd bake.

With the rolling-pin before her
And a hot range to assure her,
She would start;
And she'd have the pastry heaping,
With the giant berries peeping
For the heart.

I can see the syrup dripping
And a luscious berry slipping
From beneath;
And the paste was golden yellow
And the berries made a fellow
Bite his teeth.

But I'll never taste her equal;
No, there'll never be a sequel
To her brand;
For I board and I am getting
Shortcake with one berry setting,
Full of sand.

—Chicago News.

Private Pension Bills.

Minneapolis Times: On last Friday ninety-one such special bills were rushed through. Most of them were for the benefit of persons who had been before the pension bureau with their applications and had been turned down. Some of the disappointed pension applicants have political influence, or they have personal friends in congress. So ninety-one cases in which the applicants could not secure pensions under the general law were now taken up in one day as a matter of politics or favoritism and the house passed the ninety-one bills at once without debate.

NOTHING SERIOUS.

Washington Star: "Don't worry too much 'bout appearances," said Uncle Eben. "De patent leather in yoh shoes looks fine, but it ain' gwinter keep yoh feet f'um burnin'."

Puck: Papa—Perhaps you don't understand what a pro-Boer is.

Johnny—Oh, yes! He's a man that roots for the Boers.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "But, dad, what did you know about psychology and physics and Delsarte?"

"And what do you know, my dear boy, about geography and arithmetic and spelling?"

Green Bab: "Your lawyer made some pretty severe charges against the other fellow, didn't he?"

"Y-e-es; but you ought to see how he charged me."

Detroit Free Press: Mrs. Kingley—Do you know, Mrs. Whittier asked me to call on her, and her children have the measles.

Mrs. Bings—Yes. She probably knew that you would find it out.

Indianapolis Press: Iron-Like. "There is a suit, my friend," said the dealer, "that will wear like iron."

"I guess that feller was no liar," said the victim two weeks after. "The dashbinged suit is rusty already."

Chicago Tribune: "Isn't the street car strike affecting business in your town?" the St. Louis man was asked.

"Yes, I think it is," he replied. "We are selling rather more shoes now than usual."

Hollow Sound.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: When the United States senate considers a hollow projectile behind closed doors there must be something in it.

Race of Capital Movers.

Chicago Record: Aguinaldo is still several points ahead of President Steyn in the matter of moving capitals, but the latter is catching up.

Recruits on the Move.

Washington Post: Three thousand mules sailed from New Orleans yesterday for South Africa. The American forces in the Transvaal are steadily increasing.

Just to Allay Anxiety.

Cleveland Leader: It is announced from Washington that the friends of the president are not inclined to force anybody to take second place on the ticket. This statement was probably necessary to allay the anxiety of those who thought the whole thing was to be settled in Washington.

Why the Colonel Reformed.

Louisville Courier-Journal: An esteemed contemporary speaks profanely of the Courier-Journal's "double-leaded, double-column editorial fulminations." Not on your life, you lubber! We do confess to some delinquencies when the disease first struck the yellow journals. But when every skip-roister in the business began to trick out his stale, flat and unprofitable stupidities in the expanding shirt front of the double-column—jackassery, damphoolism, bad grammer and all—we thought it time for sensible people to quit and we quit!

Ten Years Pain

"I am a school teacher, have suffered agony monthly for ten years.

"My nervous system was a wreck. I suffered with pain in my side and had almost every ill known. I had taken treatment from a number of physicians who gave me no relief.

"One specialist said no medicine could help me, I must submit to an operation.

"I wrote to Mrs. Pinkham, stating my case, and received a prompt reply. I took Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and followed the advice given me and now I suffer no more. If any one cares to know more about my case, I will cheerfully answer all letters."—MISS EDNA ELLIS, Higginsport, Ohio.

THE STRENUOUS LIFE

Of Today More Wearing on Women Than Men.

How Best to Aid Nature in the Unequal Struggle.

Dr. Cyrus Edison, the great specialist, says in the North American Review, these true words: "This American life of ours is far more wearing on women than on men. They have, as a rule, more nervous organization, they are intensely affected by the strain. Two or three children are born and the mother is a physical wreck, she ages soon, far sooner than she should, and drags her weary days along.

"The delicate nervous organization of women, especially when great strain is put upon it, needs assistance, and in the simple vegetable scientific preparation Warner's Safe Cure, this aid is surely found. This statement is no idle boast but an established fact educed from results attained through the use of this great specific in all parts of the civilized world for the past quarter of a century.

Knowing the inherent modesty of women, Warner's Safe Cure Co. has secured the services of Mrs. Alice E. McCullough, M. D., who will give medical advice free to any applying for same.

The subjoined testimonial from a well known and trustworthy woman is but a sample of those daily received:

Mrs. J. W. Arnold, of Lafayette, R. I., writes as follows: "I had been ailing quite a while, not sick enough to be in bed but just felt bad all over; palpitation, a faint feeling at my stomach, then flashes of heat all over; lame back, retention of fluids, then again too copious; sickness at stomach, headache over eyes and top of head, also at back of neck. I had no ambition, my work was a drag on me, could not sleep well, not much appetite and was thoroughly discouraged. At this juncture a friend advised the use of Warner's Safe Cure, and I tried it, three bottles in all, and have continued in good health ever since. My age is 45, am a farmer's wife and have lots to do. You are at liberty to use this as you think best, as I have to thank Safe Cure for the good health I enjoy today.

NOTHING SERIOUS.

Washington Star: "Don't worry too much 'bout appearances," said Uncle Eben. "De patent leather in yoh shoes looks fine, but it ain' gwinter keep yoh feet f'um burnin'."

Puck: Papa—Perhaps you don't understand what a pro-Boer is.

Johnny—Oh, yes! He's a man that roots for the Boers.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "But, dad, what did you know about psychology and physics and Delsarte?"

"And what do you know, my dear boy, about geography and arithmetic and spelling?"

Green Bab: "Your lawyer made some pretty severe charges against the other fellow, didn't he?"

"Y-e-es; but you ought to see how he charged me."

Detroit Free Press: Mrs. Kingley—Do you know, Mrs. Whittier asked me to call on her, and her children have the measles.

Mrs. Bings—Yes. She probably knew that you would find it out.

Indianapolis Press: Iron-Like. "There is a suit, my friend," said the dealer, "that will wear like iron."

"I guess that feller was no liar," said the victim two weeks after. "The dashbinged suit is rusty already."

Chicago Tribune: "Isn't the street car strike affecting business in your town?" the St. Louis man was asked.

"Yes, I think it is," he replied. "We are selling rather more shoes now than usual."

Hollow Sound.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: When the United States senate considers a hollow projectile behind closed doors there must be something in it.

Race of Capital Movers.

Chicago Record: Aguinaldo is still several points ahead of President Steyn in the matter of moving capitals, but the latter is catching up.

Recruits on the Move.

Washington Post: Three thousand mules sailed from New Orleans yesterday for South Africa. The American forces in the Transvaal are steadily increasing.

Just to Allay Anxiety.

Cleveland Leader: It is announced from Washington that the friends of the president are not inclined to force anybody to take second place on the ticket. This statement was probably necessary to allay the anxiety of those who thought the whole thing was to be settled in Washington.

Why the Colonel Reformed.

Louisville Courier-Journal: An esteemed contemporary speaks profanely of the Courier-Journal's "double-leaded, double-column editorial fulminations." Not on your life, you lubber! We do confess to some delinquencies when the disease first struck the yellow journals. But when every skip-roister in the business began to trick out his stale, flat and unprofitable stupidities in the expanding shirt front of the double-column—jackassery, damphoolism, bad grammer and all—we thought it time for sensible people to quit and we quit!

LORD SALISBURY'S SPEECH.

New York Shareholder: Joseph Chamberlain a short time ago was criticised for his frankness. He simply stated that English interests required that England should control the whole of Africa. Lord Salisbury now comes forward with a speech which also in some quarters will be criticised for its frankness. He bluntly tells us what English rule will be when England gets control of the whole of Africa.

According to this England does not propose to allow the inhabitants of Africa "any opportunity of accumulating forces against the English government." In other words, the country is always to be kept in a state of subjection. If education has a tendency to cause the "accumulation of forces" against England it will be suppressed. If any particular industry has this effect it will be suppressed. If any form of religion makes its appearance and rouses up the people in any way against the English government, the English soldiery will shoot its advocates down. In short, the only qualification allowed in a citizen of Africa under English rule will be loyalty to England. If he lacks this, even though he be an inventor like Edison or a philosopher like Franklin, his career will be blighted by the aforesaid English rule.

This doctrine may sound very well in England, but it does not sound very well here. We are accustomed to think that the world has progressed somewhat and that mediaeval ideas of government must be abandoned. We do not think that anything justifies keeping a people in ignorance. If education breeds disloyalty, let the education go on and the disloyalty with it. When a man is a great inventor or a great philosopher his political views must be tolerated by the government. In nine cases out of ten the views of such men are right, and the views held by the government are wrong. In the case of religious bodies there is nothing to justify the way England has always treated them whenever they have developed a disloyal tendency, and which way, according to Lord Salisbury, is to be continued in the future.

In only one respect does this speech of the English premier strike us favorably. It lays bare all the iniquities of the colonial system. It is plain to see from Lord Salisbury's statement of the case that a colony, whether of Great Britain or of any other country, can never expect full development. The development can never be spontaneous and expansive. It is simply permissive. Ireland shows what permissive development is. This country shows what spontaneous development is. The proposition which Lord Salisbury makes to the world is to apply the Irish style of development to Africa. Our proposition is to apply the American style. Notwithstanding the present military situation, we are inclined to think the American style will prevail. We are quite certain that the next president of the United States will be one who abhors he Irish rule of development and who will hauld down the American flag in the Philippine islands or anywhere else rather than have this country guilty of such horrible crimes as England has perpetrated in Ireland. The colonial system, based as it is upon the theory of permissive development, is an obstacle to the world's progress. Lord Salisbury in his frank speech makes this clearer than it ever was before. The common sense of England must rise up against this colonial system, and even if the English aristocracy does suffer, the English people must be on the side of spontaneous development instead of being against it.

STATE POLITICS.

Minneapolis Times: Some of the Republican papers of the state are attempting to discredit the strength of Moses E. Clapp as a candidate for governor. The Times is in a position to state that neither he nor his friends are pleased with the prospect of Van Sant's nomination. It may be of interest to learn that more than once Gen. Clapp and his friends have been strongly tempted to issue an ultimatum to the Van Sant faction of the party. Were it not for the fact that Mr. Clapp is averse to party differences that ultimatum would have been given to the press some time ago. Should a few minor matters be straightened out satisfactorily, Moses E. Clapp will be a candidate before the Republican nomination for governor, and his close friends believe he is the one member of the party in the state able to cope with Governor Lind.

* * *

Governor Lind will be nominated by the fusionists. No other name is being mentioned. His running mate, if present plans go through, will be S. M. Owen. As a candidate for lieutenant governor the fusionists claim Mr. Owen with his great vote-getting qualities, would add greatly to the strength of the fusion ticket. Ex-Mayor Truelsen, of Duluth, will be brought forward as the fusion candidate for state treasurer. As far as the other places on the ticket go no decision has been reached. The state Democratic state central committee is now figuring on the matter.

IN MICHIGAN.

Oneida Mine Resumes---Results at the Ropes Gold Mine.

Houghton—The Oneida mine, in Keweenaw county, idle for the past ten years, has resumed with a small force of men engaged in preliminary work on the surface, a necessary precedent to extensive underground operations. The company has nearly thirty square miles of copper belt and machinery, a railroad and other equipments, which cost $500,000.

The Franklin management has taken time by the forelock and has notified its miners that full time will be given for five hours' work on the Saturday day shift, the new order having gone into effect on Saturday last, when the miners came up at noon. The Franklin had its little set-to with the miners before the trouble became epidemic. The wages of miners and trammers were raised at that time, in April, by the company, and the voluntary concession of the Saturday short shift cannot but have a good effect in making stronger the cordial relations between the management and employes of the mine.

Ishpeming—When the first clean up at the Ropes is made, it is figured that at least $30,000 worth of gold will have been recovered without touching a ton of the tailings, from which it is estimated that an additional $100,000 will be obtained.

Already two tons of electro plates have been shipped to Cleveland for treatment and more will follow. They are deemed so valuable they are billed by express. Enough gold to make a brick worth $1500 has been recovered with the crude appliances available here.

Corrigan, McKinney & Co. are now preparing a number of large vats for the treatment of the old mill tailings. The cyanide process will be employed to win the gold. It will be taken up in solution and precipitated. It is estimated that 85 per cent of the gold can be recovered. The tailings assay about $2 to the ton, which will allow a margin of about $1 a ton over the cost of treatment.

When the work of redeeming the gold is completed the underground mine will be surveyed with a view of resuming work if it promises adequate returns. Certainly the new owners of the property should be encouraged to work the mine by their fortunate strike on surface.

BAPTIST HOME MISSIONS.

Annual Report Received at the Women's Society Meeting.

Detroit, Mich., May 22.—"The story of the year" was told at today's session of the twenty-third annual meeting of the Women's Baptist Home Mission society by Miss M. G. Burdette, of Chicago, corresponding secretary of the society. Her report stated that while the year began with a deficit of $5000, and although the number of missionaries bearing the commission of the society exceed by sixteen the number reported at the close of the previous year, the money contributed had sufficed to meet all obligations and leave a surplus of $1005 with which to begin the new year.

The number of auxiliary societies reported this year is 561 more than last year. Of these auxiliaries 232 are women's societies, 280 contributing young ladies' societies, 258 contributing children's societies.

The total cash receipts of the year were $74,041; the disbursements, $73,036. The estimated value of goods sent to missionaries, $9600.

The society reports three missionary training schools conducted by it, viz.: Baptist Missionary Training school, Chicago; missionary training department of Shaw university, Raleigh, N. C., and the Caroline Bishop Training school, Dallas, Tex.

One hundred and forty missionaries have labored under the society's auspices during the year, their work being prosecuted from ninety different centers, in thirty-four states and territories and in the federal districts and two states of Mexico.

Reports of committees on organization literature and finance were submitted.

JAP-ROSE
TRADE-MARK.
SOAP.

The Ideal Toilet and Bath Soap.

LOOKS LIKE GLASS
FEELS LIKE VELVET

Jas. S. Kirk & Co., Chicago.

12

NORTH DAKOTA.

Underground River Near Reynolds---Red River Valley Pioneers.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Reynolds—The town is excited over the discovery of a subterranean river on the farm of O. J. Solberg, one mile west of the town. Workmen engaged in boring discovered after eight feet the tools dropped and an investigation led to the discovery of a moving body of water ten feet deep. A mirror showed a swiftly moving stream.

Park River—The official call for the tenth annual meeting of the old settlers of the Red River valley has been issued by Secretary Lounsberry. The meeting will be held at Park River June 12 and 13. All settlers who were in the valley prior to July 1, 1878, are eligible to membership. The wives of settlers of that date and all children born prior to that period are honorary members. The settlers who arrived prior to July, 1861, are also honorary members.

Fargo—In the case of Emmerling vs. W. J. Kneenshaw as receiver of the Pembina National bank, the jury brought in a verdict for the plaintiff of $765.71. The case had been on trial for five days and the chief point in the contest was that the transaction on which the suit was brought was made with L. E. Booker personally and not as a representative of the bank. The jury decided that it was the latter.

Dickinson—Robert C. Hill has been appointed live stock enumerator for the cattle ranges west of the Missouri river, in North and South Dakota. His appointment was made at the request of the North Dakota Stock association.

HAVANA'S DEATH RECORD.

No Deaths From Yellow Fever There In April.

Washington, May 22.—Surgeon General Sternberg has received a report from Maj. W. C. Georges, of the medical corps, chief sanitary officer of Havana, in which he says that while the death rate for April was 482, there were no deaths from yellow fever, the first month so favored since May, 1899, and the only month when there was no deaths from this disease during the past ten years, with two exceptions, February and May, 1899.

MOVE TO AFFIRM.

Frankfort, Ky., May 22.—When the court of appeals meets today, the attorneys for the minor Democratic state officials will move to affirm the judgment in the case of the appeal of the Republican minor officials. The circuit court recently rendered judgment in favor of the judgments and from this the Republicans appealed.

M'ARTHUR'S CASUALTIES.

Sends a Long List of Deaths From Manilla.

Washington, May 22.—Gen. MacArthur's latest casualty list is as follows:

"Manilla, May 21.—Deaths: May 6, band, Thirty-fourth regiment infantry, Ray C. Perkins; Company C, Thirty-seventh infantry, Howard M. McFall; May 8, Company F, Forty-sixth infantry, Corp. Edward Flood; May 10, Company C, Thirty-seventh infantry, James T. Haskett; May 12, Company F, Fourth infantry, Sergt. Thomas Ryan; May 14, Troop I, Fourth cavalry; Hugh H. Thompson; Company A, Thirty-ninth infantry; Gustav A. Kruger; May 15, Company B, Thirty-ninth infantry, Artificer Isaac M. Smith; Thirty-seventh infantry, William W. Farnham; May 18, Company H, Thirteenth infantry, William W. Crowell; Company C, Thirty-ninth infantry, George Rodgin. Typhoid fever, April 29, Company I, Thirty-seventh infantry, Howard Templin; May 12, Company G, Thirty-ninth infantry, Scott I. Larson. Drowned, accidentally, May 15, Company M, Fourth infantry, Frederick W. Franz; Company M, Fourth infantry, Harison Dirks. Suicide, May 15, Troop D, Third regiment cavalry, Farier Edward Watson. Appendicitis, May 13, Company H, Forty-eighth infantry, Isaac H. Hoskins. Malarial fever, May 15, Company D, Forty-first infantry, Edward Bastian. Peritonitis, May 11, Company A, Thirteenth infantry, Lee Shepherd. Septicaemia, May 16, Company E, Twenty-ninth infantry, Robert F. Loyd. Pneumonit, May 2, Company A, Twenty-sixth infantry, James W. Moran. Accidenally shot, May 13, Company M, Fortieth infantry, Corp. Eiskine H. Dorman. Tetanus, May17, Battery E, Sixth artillery, Corp. Charles Sweeney.

Girls, if you wish to be a June bride with red lips, laughing eyes, a lovely complexion, take Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

HILL VERY SICK.

Denver, Col., May 22.—Former United States Senator N. P. Hill, whose health has been poor for several years, has had a sinking spell which left him in a critical condition. He is suffering from a complication of troubles originating in weakness of the stomach.

A Woman's Awful Peril.

"There is only on chance to save your life and that is through an operation," were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50 cts. Guaranteed. For sale by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

AMUSEMENTS.

Coming Back to Duluth Next Tuesday, May 22, at the Lyceum Theater,

James Whitcomb Riley

The Hoosier Poet,
In Readings from His Own Works.

Seats on sale Monday, May 21. Prices—50c, 75c and $1.00.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Thursday, May 24.

"Here we are, back again."
The real boys

Murray —AND— Mack

Presenting the huge success, the living hurrah farce

..FINNIGAN'S BALL..

New fun! New music! New dances!

PRICES—25c, 50c and 75c.

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT!
"New York Vaudeville Stars."
Elegant program. Matinee Saturday at 2:30 p. m.

SHORT STORIES

By C. W. Ericson.

Fact and Fancy.

Fancy pictures a store; one that has grown in years from an acorn shoot to a sturdy oak as a romance dotted with many an interesting event. Now with us this is no fancy but a fact. The motto on our banner has always read, and we have just repainted it—"study to give satisfaction." People of the satisfied sort come to us daily—lots of them—and they come to buy clothes. This is not fancy but fact.

C. W. ERICSON.

Reliable Clothier.

ANOTHER TRY AT IT

Council Endeavors to Settle Ferry Problem Once Again But Makes a Proviso.

SAYS PAY, PAY, PAY

Wants $100 a Month From Street Railway to Drop Extra Stop.

The Park Point ferry problem would be definitely settled if dreams came true. Last night, with an exhilirating sense of absolute pleasure, the council perpetrated another adjustment, and when it was all over the aldermen looked as happy as a man that had just received forty-eight lamps for wedding presents. There was very little discussion, but one or two members found time to festoon a few choice flowers of speech into fragrant garlands in honor of the occasion.

The Park Point problem was brought up on a recommendation from the board of public works stating that Capt. S. E. Barnham of the Mayflower had taken no steps toward accepting the council's offer of a week ago, and advising the aldermen that Capt. M. J. Ryan's offer to put on the Estelle and a scow for $26 a day was still open. It was intimated that 50 cents a day would be knocked off this price if the Fifth avenue west stop could be eliminated, and the board also advised in favor of a $1000 indemnity bond instead of a $5000 bond.

All the suggestions were acted on favorably except that an additional clause was inserted agreeing to eliminate the Fift avenue west stop, providing the Duluth Street Railway company would agree to pay $100 monthly and in advance.

Alderman Cromwell opposed the proposition to do away with the Fifth avenue route, saying that it was one of the greatest conveniences of the entire service, and that in using the people's money to maintain such a service, the convenience of the public should be paramount. He said that $50 from the street railway company would certainly be no object, for the Fifth avenue stop was worth $150 a month to the people. Mr. Cromwell finally tacked on the amendment to do away with the Fifth avenue stop if the street railway company would pay the city $100 in advance every month.

At the suggestion of Mayor Hugo, and at a salary of $300 a year, C. T. Crandall, chief of police, was made harbor master. The revival of the office, abolished eight years ago, was due to the numerous complaints that have been coming in lately from the owners of dock property. In one instance a big freight steamer tied up at the Tait warehouse dock for a couple of days, when it had no right to do so, but there was no person with authority that could be found to move her away from the dock. Another case of dock obstruction occurred several days ago at Hubbard & Vincent's sawmill, when one vessel pushed her nose into the dock and stayed there for some time, preventing two other vessels from getting in.

There was considerable discussion about appointing Chief Crandall, however, and several of the Democratic aldermen were in favor of making police secretary, Edwin B. Force, harbor master. By an almost strictly party vote, Chief Crandall's appointment was confirmed, and his two salaries will now net him $1800 a year.

Alderman Krumsieg introduced a resolution authorizing the city attorney to take action to compel the D. Clint Prescott company and its surety, the Duluth Trust company, to pay the city $50,000 excess on the contract for the Lakewood pumping engines. This resolution will probably have the direct effect of causing another test at the pumping station to ascertain if the Prescott company is entitled to a premium, which was agreed on if the capacity of the pumps should prove better than called for in the contract. Last summer one of the engines was tested, and notwithstanding the reports that were given out at that time to the effect that it had earned a premium, there is good authority for the announcement that it did not meet the premium requirements. The city now proposes to force a test of the second engine, and after that there is likely to be an energetic fight for an early settlement of the claims against the D. Clint Prescott company and its surety.

An ordinance drawn up by City Attorney Mitchell, providing for the issue of $110,000 worth of bonds for the building of a municipal electric lighting plant, was presented and referred. This ordinance provides that the bonds shall be a first lein on the plant.

Another ordinance was introduced allowing business houses to place show cases and signs in front of their places of business, providing they should first obtain permission from the board of public works, and further providing that the obstructions should not take up more than eighteen inches of the sidewalk. The ordinance had its first reading and then went over for a week.

In this connection the city attorney holds that the former ordinance, under which it was proposed to allow occupants of upper floors to have signs and cases, would be a discrimination against one class of merchants, and would be unconstitutional.

Aldermen Haven introduced an ordinance amending the present health board ordinance, providing that it shall be unlawful for any person to spit on the floor or walls of any street car or building, or to spit upon sidewalks or cross walks. This ordinance also provides against the throwing of cigarette and cigar stumps on floors or sidewalks.

Alderman Cromwell's ordinance placing violators of the city liquor selling statutes within the jurisdiction of the municipal court was beaten. On a motion to place it on its final passage a vote of 9 to 5 was recorded against the ordinance.

Alderman Wing introduced a resolution appropriating $100 to be paid the Commercial Light and Power company for new apparatus to be placed on the Fifth avenue west arch. The resolution was laid on the table.

Alderman Barnes introduced a resolution, which was adopted, requesting the Zenith City Telephone company to have more trunk lines put in between the center of the city and West Duluth. Mr. Barnes said that the West Duluth patrons found that the present service was inadequate.

A resolution was adopted authorizing the construction of $6000 worth of new sidewalks, not included in the $30,000 budget recommended by the board, and which will probably be acted on favorably at the next meeting of the council.

The appointment of Charles E. Wilcox as a regular patrolman, and F. G. Milliken, special policeman for Woodland, Hunter's Park and Glen Avon, were confirmed.

On motion of Alderman Neff the sum of $65 was placed at the disposal of the G. A. R. for Memorial day music.

BLUES

Ever have them? Then we can't tell you anything about them. You know how dark everything looks and how you are about ready to give up. Are things really so blue? Isn't it your nerves, after all? That's where the trouble is. Your nerves are being poisoned from impurities in your blood.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

purifies the blood and gives power and stability to the nerves. It makes health and strength, activity and cheerfulness.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

Take Ayer's Pills with Ayer's Sarsaparilla.

"I have used your Sarsaparilla for the last thirty-five years and always with the best results. There are many other kinds now in the market, but I have great confidence in that word, 'Ayer's.'"

M. MCCANNON,
St. Anthony, Iowa.
Dec. 20, 1898.

Write the Doctor—If you have any complaint whatever, write us all about it. You will receive the best medical advice free.
Address, Dr. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

AMUSEMENTS.

WEST'S MINSTRELS.

William H. West's minstrels gave one of the best performances that has ever been seen in Duluth in that line at the Lyceum last evening, and a large audience was well pleased. There was only one weakness in the show and that was on the ends in the first part. Carron Johnson left the company about a week ago and his place has not been filled, in fact, he is greatly missed. He was probably the greatest attraction of the West show. The end work fell on Fred Warren, who is a very clever man and made a hit both in his end songs and in his later comedy work; and Ernest Tenney, who is also very pleasing and a good comedian. Of the vocalists, Richard Jose is the great star, and in him Mr. West undoubtedly has the finest ballad singer on the minstrel stage. He sang several fine numbers, among them Paul Dresser's song, "A Mother's Gift to Her Country."

Messrs. John Whalen and James Devlin gave a fine exhibition of baton evolutions.

The olio was a hummer, the best ever seen here. A "signal light" drill opened it. This was a series of evolutions by eight of the men in which they used railroad lanterns. The stage was darkened and the rear was a lighted train rushing on.

The Luken brothers are wonderful acrobats and their human tripeze act was a daring and thrilling one. The three Marvelles, in dances and a startling exhibition of contortion acrobatics and other eccentric work carried the house by storm.

The Waterbury brothers and Ernest Tenney gave musical specialties that were on the order of the old "musical marvels" act, but was rather original in many ways. Ernest Tenney brought his talents as a comedian into good use in this and made much fun.

The olio closed with a fine representation of the battle of San Juan hill and the storming of the Spanish fort and surrender. A military display by dismounted cavalry concluded the entertainment.

"FINNIGAN'S BALL."

At the Lyceum, Thursday evening, Murray and Mack, the well-known and favorite Irish comedians will appear in this city in their greatest success "Finnigan's Ball," a bright and plausible comedy from the pen of George H. Emerick. This season those favorites come with the most pretentious company that they have yet carried, both in numbers and in talent, and with a display of scenery rarely ever seen on a tour with a farce-comedy.

AFFECTS THE ROADS.

Large Amount of Tie Hauling Has Cut Them Considerably.

The roads running north from the city show the effect of the vast amount of tie-cutting that has been in progress during the winter just closed. The roads that are used to bring in the ties, such as the Howard and Gnesen and the Rice Lake roads, are cut up very badly, and considerable repairs will be necessary to put them in shape. Roads that have not been used for that purpose, like the Vermilion road, are in splendid condition.

The country north of Duluth shows the ravages of the fires that coursed through it this spring. Mile after mile of country is burned as black as a coal, and in one place on the Howard and Gnesen road both sides are cleaned out completely.

What knowest thou the worth of Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company, thou foul substitute, who scarcely breathed one summer. Ask your druggist.

MINING LEASES FILED.

Several Covering Eveleth Townsite Mine Go on Record.

Three mining leases running to Pete Kimberley were filed yesterday afternoon in the office of the register of deeds, all covering lands in section 31-58-17. The Spruce mine, on the old site of the village of Eveleth, is included. E. M. Fowler, S. J. Murphy, G. D. Robinson, E. H. Flinn, of Detroit, and T. E. Dorr, of Saginaw, lease the w½ of the se¼ of section 31, providing that a payment of $25,000 be made Jan. 1, 1902. The royalty is to be 25 cents per ton up to Jan. 1, 1901, and 20 cents per ton thereafter. The minimum is to be 100,000 tons this year and 150,000 thereafter. A similar lease by the same parties covers the sw¼ of the section, the royalty being 20 cents and the minimum to be 50,000 tons this year and next, and 100,000 tons thereafter. E. M. Fowler leases Park lot, First addition to Eveleth, in the se¼ of the sw¼ of section 31, the royalty to be 20 cents per ton and no minimum named.

Kimberley assigns all the leases to the Spruce Mining company. Another lease runs to the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron mines from the estate of George A. Pillsbury, owning one-sixth; from Mary A. Pillsbury, Charles S. Pillsbury and John S. Pillsbury, Jr., owning one-sixth; John S. Pillsbury, owning one-sixth; E. H. Bennett, one-fourth interest, and John M. Longyear, of Marquette, one-fourth. The royalty is to be 25 cents per ton on all ore assaying 57 per cent iron regardless of phosphorus, the ore to be cleaned out as it goes. The minimum royalty is to be $25,000 per year.

Constipation

Headache, biliousness, heartburn, indigestion, and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

Sold by all druggists. 25 cents.

The Virginia Excursion.

The demand for tickets for the excursion to Virginia next Saturday has so far exceeded expectations that arrangements for another coach have been made, as the ladies are putting forth every effort to insure comfort for all.

SCHOOL TO BE CLOSED

Maynard Will Be Thing of the Past After This School Year.

TOO SMALL FOR TWO

Miss Jones Finds Patronage Inadequate to Support Two Such Institutions.

This is the last year of the Maynard school. Miss Jones, who has conducted the school since it has been under its present name, has decided that the effort to keep it up is too heavy and that the future will not warrant its continuance. She finds that the people of Duluth cannot support two such schools. Each has its warm friends, who are loyal and do all they can to aid it, but she feels that it is asking too much of the friends of Maynard school to keep it going longer. There may be room for one school and there will now be a chance to learn whether that is true or not.

The school will close on June 11, but there will be no public exercises to mark the event. The graduates will simply receive their diplomas and the pupils and teachers will bid farewell to the place for good and all. The graduates are two, Miss Corinne Davis and Miss Antoinette d'Autremont, both of Duluth. The school's pupils are mostly from Duluth, there being three from the ranges and one from Batavia, N. Y.

Miss Jones has not decided upon her future plans further than that for some time after the closing of the school she will take a vacation. She feels that after five years of continuous labor she has well earned one. She will go to Boston immediately after school closes or as soon thereafter as she can arrange matters preparatory to leaving and can wind up all the affairs of the school. She is now selling the furniture and effects.

IS IDENTIFIED.

Body Found in Lake Is That of August Kutz---Case a Singular One.

The body found in the lake yesterday afternoon has been identified as that of August Kutz, son of Mr. and Mrs. William Kutz, of 515 East Tenth street. He left home a few days after Christmas to skate to West Superior, where he expected to obtain work. His family and relatives were not much alarmed over his disappearance, and took it for granted that he had gone into the woods to work. The first intimation of his death, was when they read in last night's Herald, that a body had been found, on which were the cards of Miss Martha Wendlandt and Miss Roheda Heffner. Both were friends of the dead man.

At 8:30 last evening, Herman Kutz, a brother of the dead man living at 525 East Superior street called at Durkan's undertaking rooms and identified the body, and a little later it was also identified by Miss Anna Kutz and Miss Wendlandt. The parents of the dead man went to Durkan's this morning and identified the body as that of their son.

The finding of the body has occasioned a great deal of talk about town. It was evidently scooped up by a dredge about 11:30 yesterday morning at a point on the Minnesota side of St. Louis bay just above the Duluth-Superior bridge. The dead man is rather large, and few people can understand how the scoop picked it up, without damaging the remains. However with the exception of a coating of harbor mud and the natural bloating caused by the water, the body is in good condition.

CABLE FLASHES.

The deputation of the New York Deutschen Kreigebund in Berlin yesterday, Whitsunday, and the welcomed at the railroad station by numerous representatives of Veterans' associations. Herr Pfanstill, the president of the leading association of Berlin, delivered a speech of welcome, to which President Muller, of the Kreigebund, repiled.

Increased disturbances in Macedonia and Albania, says a special dispatch from Vienna, have caused the ambassadors of the powers at Constantinople to dispatch military representatives there to ascertain whether Turkey has taken sufficient measures to prevent disorders.

The latest report regarding the condition of the demented King Otto of Bavaria is that he is paralyzed and unable to speak or eat. His death is hourly expected.

The czar has ratified all the articles agreed upon at The Hague peace conference.

THE THEOSOPHISTS.

Chicago, May 22.—A membership of 1286 persons and surplus of $1200 in the treasury were shown in a report presented to the delegates to the American section of the Theosophical society at yesterday's session of the society's convention here. It was decided to continue the maintenance of the present force of six lecturers working from the platform throughout the country. The next meeting of the American branch will be held in Chicago in 1901.

HARD TO BREAK.

But the Coffee Habit Can be Put Off.

"I was a coffee user from early childhood, but it finally made me so nervous that I spent a great many sleepless nights, starting at every sound I heard and suffering with a continual dull headache. My hands trembled and I was also troubled with shortness of breath and palpitation of the heart. The whole system showed a poisoned condition, and I was told to leave off coffee, for that was the cause of it. I was unable to break myself of the habit until some one induced me to try Postum Food Coffee.

"The first trial the Food Coffee was flat and tasteless, and I thought it was horrid stuff, but my friend urged me to try again and let it boil longer. This time I had a very delightful beverage and have been enjoying it ever since, and am now in a very greatly improved condition of health.

"My brother is also using Postum instead of coffee, and a friend of ours, Mr. W., who was a great coffee user, found himself growing more and more nervous and was troubled at times with dizzy spells. His wife suffered with nausea and indigestion, also from coffee. They left it off and have been using Postum Food Coffee for some time and are now in a perfect condition of health." Grace C. M., Cuyahoga Falls, Ohio.

Put a piece of butter the size of two peas in the pot, to prevent it boiling over.

DO YOU WANT

To Save a Little Fortune—Only Five More Days Left to Make It.

Our great remodeling sale has now been in progress five days, and so far as we are able to observe the supply of purchasers seems to be inexhaustible. We have had numerous calls from all classes of customers from the seeker after the exceedingly cheap to the purchaser of the Steinway, the king among pianos. By Monday's mail and wire we received orders for eight pianos from customers from neighboring towns.

We wish to emphasize one or two things in connection with this great sale:

FIRST—Our purpose is to have it unmistakably and unforgetably known that we have let the contract for the remodeling of our present quarters into one of the handsomest piano warerooms in the country.

This is the first thought we wish to emphasize. And,

SECOND—We wish to have it known that we are not offering our sweeping reductions simply upon obscure or inferior articles. We have included everything, and when we say this it means

OUR EXCEPTIONAL OFFER IS UPON WHAT IS RECOGNIZED AS THE CHOICEST COLLECTION OF THE WORLD'S STANDARD PIANOS.

Think for a moment what this statement means. For instance, where else can such an array of world-famous pianos be found as the following: Steinway, Knabe, Ivers & Pond, Kranich & Bach, Gabler, Ludwig and Smith & Barnes, etc., etc.? When it is remembered that it is upon these instruments,

FAMOUS THE WORLD OVER, HAVING AN ACKNOWLEDGED REPUTATION WHEREVER MUSIC IS KNOWN, RECOGNIZED AS LEADERS WHEREVER PIANOS ARE SOLD,

That we are offering discounts of from $50.00 to $150.00, the real meaning of our announcements can be in some measure appreciated. These are not the class of pianos usually found in forced sales. Too many people rush to a sale and are caught by sweeping statements and loud placards placed upon goods about which they know absolutely nothing. The thing which should interest every purchaser in our offer is the fact that we are talking about goods upon which the musical public has already set its seal of approval. We appeal, therefore, in our announcements today to those who are needing the high grade, artistic and world-famous piano. Our assortment of cheaper instruments, ranging from $25.00 up is still complete.

If you have a neighbor who has bought a piano of us, and the piano suits him, inquire what he paid for it, and then come in. We will undertake to save you anywhere from $50.00 to $150.00. Every instrument sold is fully warranted, and may be exchanged for anything else in stock within thirty days. This is to guard against the possibility of a customer making an unsatisfactory selection. Come early and get your pick; then, if by any possibility you should decide that some other style or wood might have suited better, we shall be ready to exchange it without cost to you.

DULUTH MUSIC CO.,
Lake Ave. and Superior St.
Open evenings.

TROPHY IS WON

Duluth's Possession of Whist Prize Is Brief, Minneapolis Winning It.

The St. Anthony Whist team of Minneapolis won out in a game in Duluth with the local crack team yesterday. The play was for the trophy won by the Duluth club at Minneapolis last week. The total score was 24 to 13. Minneapolis winning by eleven tricks. The Minneapolis team consisted of W. E. Satterless, captain; F. M. Barnard, P. E. Burney and James Jennison. The Duluth men were W. P. Lardner, captain; E. A. Tinkham, A. S. Wilson and C. H. Houlton. The East End club of Duluth has challenged the winning team and will go to Minneapolis to play for the trophy next Saturday. The score in detail was as follows:

									T.	G.
St. Anthony	6	3	3	8	2	2	7	5	—36	3
Duluth	3	2	3	7	2	3	8	6	—36	2
St. Anthony	11	7	10	4	8	5	6	4	—55	4
Duluth	9	7	10	3	8	3	5	5	—52	1
St. Anthony	3	10	7	7	8	5	10	4	—54	5
Duluth	3	10	6	6	7	5	9	3	—49	0
St. Anthony	9	5	4	6	4	4	9	9	—50	8
Duluth	6	3	3	5	3	4	10	9	—45	1
St. Anthony	4	5	5	2	4	6	4	9	—39	0
Duluth	4	5	6	3	6	9	4	10	—47	8
St. Anthony	4	7	12	5	10	3	6	8	—55	4
Duluth	4	7	12	4	10	2	4	8	—51	0

Total tricks: St. Anthony, 289; Duluth, 278. Total gains: St. Anthony, 24; Duluth, 15.

DRY DOCK IS OPENED.

Mammoth Dock Is First Entered By the Nicaragua.

The new dry dock of the Superior Shipbuilding company at Superior was formally opened to the lake trade Saturday when the first boat entered to receive some light repairs in calking. This dock is the largest and one of the best on the chain of great lakes. It is the only dock in existence today that will accommodate such boats as the Gates, the Harvard and the J. J. Hill.

The boat that had the honor of opening the dock was the Nicaragua. She was put in under the direction of Chief Engineer A. Y. Powell, who has been one of the men on the construction of the new dock. Everything worked in the best of order at the opening of the dock, and after the boat was placed, there was room for another one even larger, this boat being only 250 feet long, while the dock has 625 feet of boat space. The dock has been completed ever since last fall, but the work on the approach was just started Wednesday of last week. The dock was not ready last week, and it was thought that nothcould enter until about Wednesday of this week. The dock was first started under the direction of Capt. McDougall, it was later taken up by D. E. Ford, and has been completed by A. B. Wolvin. The following figures will give a good idea of the size of this mammoth institution: Length 625 feet, depth over the sills 18 feet, breadth 66 feet. The dock is pumped clear of water in three hours by two powerful 30-inch cylindrical pumps. The capacity of the pumps is 50,000 gallons per minute and of the dock about 10,000,000 gallons.

The dredge is still at work cleaning up the sides on the approach, but it is thought the work will now be finished by tomorrow noon if not tonight. A crew of men were at work this morning fixing up some defective places in the keel blocks, and a general cleaning up of the grounds is being carried on.

The Next Vice President.

This is the question now agitating the minds of our leading politicians, and while several prominent men have been suggested, the final selection will undoubtedly be the man who will serve the party interests to the best advantage. This is also true of medicine. When your stomach becomes weak and you suffer from dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation and flatulency or when in need of a medicine to build up your system or restore your appetite, you will make no mistake if you try that sovereign remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is backed up by fifty years of cures, and is recommended by many prominent physicians. It is also an excellent medicine for malaria, fever and ague, and can be had of any druggist. Be sure to give it a trial.

TAYLOR'S MILITIA GOES.

He Orders Them Dismissed and They Evacuate Capital.

Louisville, May 22.—Governor Taylor late in the afternoon yesterday issued th following order:

To Hon. D. P. Collier, Frankfort, Ky.:

The supreme court of the United States having decided in favor of Mr. Beckham, nothing now remains to be done except to dismiss the militia and surrender the office to your successor appointed by Mr. Beckham. You are, therefore, directed to at once dismiss the militia and to surrender your office to your successor as soon as the mandate of the supreme court is filed, or sooner if you wish. Tender the militia my kindest regards and sincere thanks for their brave, manly and patriotic service. W. S. TAYLOR."

Frankfort, Ky., May 22.—The soldiers who have been in charge of the state capitol building and grounds since Jan. 20, the day Governor Goebel was shot, yesterday evacuated and turned the state grounds, the Gatling guns and the militia equipments over to Assistant Adjt. Gen. Murray (Dem.).

Governor Mount, of Indiana, refused to honor Governor Beckham's requisition for Charles Finley notwithstanding the decision of the supreme court.

B. OF L. E. MATTERS.

Auxiliary Elects Officers---No Action on Indigent Fund.

Milwaukee, May 22.—At the grand auxiliary meeting of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers the following officers were elected: Grand president, Mrs. A. W. Murdoch, Chicago; grand vice president, Mrs. M. E. Cassell, Columbus, Ohio; grand secretary, Mrs. Mary St. Clair, Logansport, Ind.; grand treasurer, Mr. Bailey, Buffalo, N. Y.

A resolution was adopted endorsing the cause of all trades and labor unions and the purchase of goods with union labels whenever possible.

The insurance department of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers wound up its affairs yesterday without acting upon the question of establishing an indigent fund of $150,000 as a branch of the insurance work. This question has been up for discussion at several conventions in late years and each time action has been deferred.

HUNTINGTON & TALLANT,

The New Store

117 and 119 West Superior Street, Metropolitan Block.

"Our motto" served our purpose well: "Better Goods for the Same Money, or the Same Goods for less Money than elsewhere," brought us throngs of buyers, taxed our selling forces, and the result was a large bulk of business done. The items we advertise today are named to particularly illustrate the money-saving chances the many are taking advantage of. Take them as you have been taking them, with a welcome. Nothing in these (over forty) departments is put there for "ornamental" use, they are here **to be sold**, and are yours for the asking. Now use your own judgment once you see them. We merely name these few to guide you to **where** you'll find many hundred more—and **money-saving possibilities** just as good.

Silks.

We are offering a MORE than extraordinary lot of values in Fancy Silks. Over 50 pieces and no two alike—values are way up into the two dollars and over per yard—But our opening price is..... **75c**

And there's another large assortment among these—values are STILL HIGHER—But our Opening price is..... **95c**

SILK BUYERS should be sure to see the above.

Dress Goods.

If you want to see the great power of good a few dollars will accomplish, see our grand array of Dress Goods, at..... **48c**

—38 and 40-inch widths, and in an unequalled assortment of styles—We doubt if there's one want in fifty that can't be satisfied in this line.

There are several hundred pieces of Fine Wash Goods here at the most medium of money-saving prices—EACH PIECE NEW

—25c goods for..... **16c**
35c goods for..... **25c**
50c and 65c goods for..... **48c**

And—Well, See them!

Our 2nd Floor

(Easy of access, take the elevator.)

—Is a "bee hive" if anything now. Reasons? Well—

SHIRT WAISTS, firstly—

There are some beautifully printed Waists, made up in first-class manner, and out of fabric so good some advertise them as genuine Percales—and our opening price is..... **48c**

All sizes and in a grand array of styles.

The New Cordette Waists—Handsomely printed, and you shouldn't fail to see them especially if you want a $1.25 Waist at—(Our Opening price)..... **85c**

Then there are some regular $1.50 values here, made up of Plain Organdies in all the popular shades, including Lemon, Lavender, Pink, Light Blue, Cerise, Cardinal and others—all at our Opening price..... **98c**

Silk Waists—Made up of a fine grade Taffeta in the very latest and most stylish corded effects, and in all the popular shades, regularly these are sold at $6.50 in the Metropolitan cities; our Opening price is..... **$4.98**

—There are some pure White ones among them just in time for our graduating misses.

Better Silk Waists—Are here in very full assortments, and as you know—our stock is ALL NEW.

Golf Capes—A special offering is here just in time for the many seasonable days to come, when a Golf Cape will be so comfortable; our Opening price is..... **$4.50**

Ladies' Walking Skirts—You can save $1.52 in genuine CASH, if you first come and see the $7.50 values we are now offering at our Opening price..... **$5.98**

Millinery.

The above word will stand for much in "THE NEW STORE." Many's the Duluthian who can tell you that our Mr. Wallace knows Millinery as it should be known. His large establishment in Minneapolis is a trade winner of very large proportions. His Duluth business is bound to become just as important in a very short time. Our Millinery Department is now ready to show you a very grand assortment of FINE HEADWEAR, and in the LATEST CORRECT STYLES. Prices are, of course way below those elsewhere, as we are direct importers and the largest in the great Northwest. SEE OUR NEW MILLINERY!

There's also a great offering of Flowers—
19c bunches at..... **7c**
75c and 69c bunches at..... **39c**
—And lots of great values at intermediate prices as well.

Sailor Hats—69c Hats are..... **39c**
89c Hats are..... **50c**

On this floor will be found our

Human Hair Goods Department—There are some attractive values in these, too. $1.00 Switches, 1½ ounce weight, 16 inches in length..... **68c**

And $1.50 Switches, 1¾ ounces in weight, 18 inches in length..... **98c**

Hosiery and Underwear.

Every lady in this vicinity OUGHT TO SEE the following superlative values in these lines. Note your actual savings under each item, their real true values only—not "inflated" values—nor will they ever be in "The New Store."

Ladies' Ribbed Vests—Low neck, sleeveless, fancy taped—each..... **5c** (Not 10c)

Ladies' Ribbed Vests—Low neck, wing sleeves, necks taped; our Opening price..... **15c** (Not 25c.)

Ladies' Silkoline Vests—Fancy crochet tops, low neck and sleeveless, wide silk taped, colors Pink, Light Blue and White; our Opening price..... **25c** (Not 45c.)

Ladies' Union Suits—Low neck, short sleeves, fancy crochet tops, also silk taped..... **25c** (Not 50c.)

Ladies' Hose—Fast Black, high-spliced heel and toe, elastic tops; our Opening price..... **10c** (Not 15c.)

Ladies' Very Fine Guage Fast Black Hose.—Ladies' very fine gauge FAST BLACK HOSE, high-spliced heel and toe; our Opening price..... **15c** (Not 25c.)

Ladies' Fancy Hose—In colors and Black, all-over Embroidered in Silk Dots—our Opening price..... **25c** (Not 40c.)

And there are over thirty-five other departments wherein money-saving chances abound in hundreds of different ways. You'll easily find them when you visit

Huntington & Tallant.

The New Store

117-119 W. Superior St.

TOO DISTURBED

Southern Luzon Too Turbulent to Permit Organizing the Hemp Provinces.

Manilla, May 22.—Gen. James M. Bell, commanding the hemp provinces of Southern Luzon, has issued an order to his officers not to attempt to organize them under the system of government prescribed by Governor General Otis in his recent order, on account of the disturbed conditions. The Americans occupy a few coast towns which the insurgents surround, constantly assailing the garrisons, which are too small to attempt operations in the surroundnig country.

Maj. Gen. Wise, with two companies, is in Donsol, an important town of Sosorson, surrounded by 1000 insurgents. The Americans occupy trenches, and are continually exchanging shots with the enemy. Several regiments are needed to control each southern province, but they cannot be spared from their present stations. Another squadron of cavalry will be sent to Gen. Bell.

On the first trouble occurring with the Moros, in the southern part of Mindanao at Cottobato, Maj. Britt sent a detachment to preserve peace at a conference between two quarreling chiefs. During the conference the tribesmen began shooting. One of the hands fired upon the Americans from an old Spanish fort. The soldiers returned the fire, killing several of the natives, but they were unable to take the fort, although a gunboat sheled it. Maj. Britt is sending a larger body to punish the miscreants.

The first death of a white man from bubonic plague occurred yesterday. The victim was a government teamster. Seven natives have died since the outbreak of the plague at Quiapo market.

MUST CHECK BOXERS.

Powers' Representatives Join In a Note to China.

London, May 22.—The Pekin correspondent of the Times, telegraphing Monday, says: The diplomatic body today addressed a conjoint note to the Tsung Li Yamen (Chinese foreign office) calling upon the government to suppress the boxers and the anti-foreign propaganda, which has assumed serious proportions. The note was firm, but not menacing. If the movement is not checked, the foreign legations will again bring military guards to Pekin.

OUR OFFICER STRAIGHT.

San Juan, Porto Rico, May 22.—Mr. Sinclair's examination of the books of the San Juan postoffice, which was completed yesterday, shows that no shortage exists, and that everything is in excellent order. The work of inspection will be extended immediately to other offices.

Hard to Humbug Workmen

When They Take Time to Ask Questions.

Few people realize the sum spent monthly by working men for tobacco, one of their greatest pleasures. The sum is from $6,000,000 to $8,000,000. Too large a proportion of this sum goes to manufacturers who do not hesitate to misrepresent their goods. Some of it goes to trusts. It behooves us to ask questions. You will run no risk of buying inferior or trust tobacco when buying any of the following brands: Kingbolt, Gold Rope, Thrasher or Rise and Shine, made by the Wilson-McCallay company, of Middletown, Ohio. This company is independent of any trust. Buy these brands from your dealers and you will be sure of a pure, wholesome plug of tobacco and honest weight. No workman who uses tobacco should be without it. Remember it is made by union labor. Keep the list of brands in your pocket.

Notice of Application For Liquor License.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, Village of Floodwood.—ss.

Notice is hereby given, that applications have been made in writing to the village council of said village of Floodwood and filed in my office, praying for license to sell intoxicating liquors for the term commencing on June 7th, 1900, and terminating on June 6th, 1901, by the following persons, and at the following places, as stated in said applications, respectively, to-wit:

Herman Hill, one frame building situated on lot (1) one, block (29) twenty-nine, village of Floodwood.

Said applications will be heard and determined by said village council of the village of Floodwood, at the village hall, in the said village of Floodwood, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, on Thursday, the 7th day of June, A. D. 1900, at 2 o'clock p. m., of that day.

Witness my hand and seal of village, this 21st day of May, A. D. 1900.

JOHN AUGER,
Recorder.

(Seal).
Duluth Evening Herald, May-22-29—1900.

BIDS.

Bids will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, June 4, at the office of village recorder for laying, covering and furnishing all material for a water works pipe. The pipe to be 6-inch cast iron, and the amount to be laid, some 1200 feet more or less. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or bond equal to the amount of bid. Bids to be at so much per lineal foot. The village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Office of JACOB STEIN,
Village Recorder,
Eveleth, Minn.
Duluth Evening Herald—May-21-1900-10t.

CLOSING OF SCHOOL

Week Beginning June 3 Will See the Finish of Year's Course.

THE FIVE LEADERS

Those Who Will Deliver the Essays at the Graduation Exercises.

During the week beginning June 3 the Duluth high school will graduate a large class of pupils into still higher studies, either those of colleges or universities, or those of the large school of experience that has no vacations and few recesses. The class will be a large one, and it will be the first that has emerged from the high school under the principalship of Charles Alden Smith, who took up the direction of the high school at the beginning of the school year.

The five pupils who won the front rank

by virtue of their high rank and the scholarship shown by them during their four years in the high school are as follows: Edith Sjoberg, Melvin Becklinger, Gertrude Seery, Byron Howard and Willietta Dolan. This group of five, because of the honors their school work has resulted in, will be the speakers for the class at the graduation exercises. Arthur Becklinger will receive honorable mention, and had it not been for an enforced absence of part of the last semester, on account of illness, he would have been among the five leaders of the class. Up to the close of the last semester he was second in scholarship. George Gregory will also receive high rank.

The week in which the exercises will be held will be full of incident, as usual. The baccalaureate sermon will be preached by Rev. Robert Forbes, presiding elder of the Duluth district, at the First Methodist church, on the evening of June 3.

Wednesday, June 6, the class day exercises will be held, and there will be the usual excellent program of music, under the direction of A. F. M. Custance, together with the class exercises peculiar to the occasion.

Friday, June 8, the graduating exercises will be held, and at that time the five chosen ones will give their papers, and the program will be interspersed with musical numbers. The programs for these exercises will be announced later.

Between the two days, on Wednesday, June 7, the graduating exercises of the eighth grades will be held, and the class that will be the freshman class of the high school next year will give a program that is now in preparation.

Great Half Price Pant Sale Now on at THE HUB,

107 West Superior St.

MUNYON'S GUARANTEE.

Strong Assertions as to Just What the Remedies Will Do.

Munyon guarantees that his Rheumatism Cure will cure nearly all cases of rheumatism in a few hours; that his Dyspepsia Cure will cure indigestion and all stomach troubles; that his Kidney Cure will cure 90 per cent. of all cases of kidney trouble; that his Catarrh Cure will cure catarrh no matter how long standing; that his Headache Cure will cure any kind of headache in a few minutes; that his Cold Cure will quickly break up any form of cold and so on through the entire list of remedies. At all druggists, 25 cents a vial.

If you need medical advice write Prof. Munyon, 1505 Arch st., Phila. It is absolutely free.

RILEY IS HERE.

Famous Hoosier Poet Arrives In the City---A Poet of Nature.

James Whitcomb Riley arrived in the city this morning from St. Paul where he visited yesterday. Tonight he will appear at the Lyceum and the seat sale at noon today indicated a very large house. It was the first visit of Mr. Riley to this city for six or seven years but he retains pleasant recollections of former visits and considerable remembrance of the place.

Time is dealing gently with Mr. Riley and in spite of the fact that he has but recently recovered from a long and tenacious illness he is looking and feeling well. There are some people who think that all poets are more or less in the clouds and live in a world different from that of common people. A little acquaintance with Mr. Riley would soon convince them that one of America's greatest poets is one of the common people, that he is very close to the earth, as it were. His face is suggestive of good humor, his mouth is ever ready to smile, and in his voice and general demeanor there is that which tells of quiet mirth within ever ready to be brought to the surface. Humor and pathos are always closely associated and it is so in Mr. Riley for his sympathies are very keen and the pathetic appeals to him quite as strong as the humorous. Above all he is absolutely natural and knows not the meaning of affectation, a modest, pleasant, unassuming man. It is this same quality in his reading on the platform which has given him such a strong hold on the people. Everywhere the poet is welcomed and with each visit his welcome is heartier.

His work has been of the people with whom he has lived. He is the Hoosier poet and nearly all his writings are of the people with whom he has come in contact. They are not the creation of his brain but nature studies.

"I believe," says Mr. Riley, "that the most interesting and best things in life are those right around us. I have always had a sort of resentment against the celebration of old-time events, things that happened so long ago that their meaning and significance has disappeared from the minds of those celebrating. Let us, as Whitman would have said, 'celebrate ourselves.'"

So it was that the poet had preferred to write of his own day.

"Why," said he, "ain't my immediate forefathers as interesting as those more remote. I enjoy celebrating my immediate forefathers; their very uncouthness was interesting and meritorious. The reason why they lapsed in their grammar was because they were so busy pullin' arrers out of themselves and plowin' and tillin' the ground that they hadn't time for polish. They hadn't any teachers either, and no book lore. If they had inquired at the general produce store, where hides and pelts were dealt in, for some of the classics or some fine artistic work they would probably have been compelled to accept some sort of a hymn book or a small sized testament."

The following will be the program this evening:

Octet .....Weber
Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward, Miss Field, Miss Shannon, Miss Ensign, Miss Paddock, Mrs. Holcomb, Miss Mars, Miss Wisted.
Accompanist, Mrs. Stocker.
"Annals of the Poor" .....
Mr. Riley.
a. "A Sea Song" .....
b. "She Disdains It" .....
.....Mrs. Stella Prince Stocker
(Words by Mr. Riley; composed in honor of the visit of Mr. Riley to Duluth.)
Emily Ellis Woodward.
Hoosier verse .....
Mr. Riley.
"The Lost Chord" .....Sullivan
Ladies' octet.
Character sketches .....
Mr. Riley.
"Song Fairy" .....Bemberg
Emily Ellis Woodward.
"Rhymes of Childhood" .....
Mr. Riley.

HIS LEG BROKEN TWICE.

Henry O'Brien Badly Injured But Knows Not How.

With his right leg broken in two places Henry O'Brien occupied a cell at police headquarters today, and late this afternoon was taken out to the poorfarm. How he received his injuries no person knows. He don't remember anything about it himself and all the police have been able to find out, is that he was picked up out of the street at the corner of Fourth avenue west and Superior street, at 1:15 this morning by Officer Tulley, and locked up for being drunk. It was not till this morning that it was discovered that the man's leg was broken. A report has it he was run over by a hack last night, but this could not be confirmed.

John Clark, Dan Ryan, Gust Charrier and James Conners were sent up this morning for ten days for drunkenness and Jack Burns and George Hamilton five days each for trespass.

A small Park Point boy was given a hearing on the charge of assaulting a little girl, and the court found the defendant, complaining witness and the parents of both children guilty, and dismissed the case.

CAN SAVE EXPENSE

Property Owners Can Do Better By Building Their Own Walks.

MUST TAKE CHANCES

Contractors Not Sure of Their Pay Until the Assessments Are Paid.

Owners of property in front of which the city finds it incumbent to rebuild sidewalks will save from 25 to 40 per cent by building the walks themselves. Within the next six weeks at least $35,000 worth of sidewalk repairs and possibly $40,000 worth, will be ordered by the city. The permanent improvement fund has no money with which to pay the contractor, and this work, if done by the city, will be at the risk of the contractors getting their pay when the assessments are collected. Under such circumstances, it is announced by city officials that the contractors will put their price up from 25 to 40 per cent higher than they would if the city could pay cash. Consequently, property owners that can pay for the work and have it done before the city starts to build will save just that much. All of the $37,000 worth of rebuilding will be assessed against the property to be benefited, and the owner will have to pay it some time or else take the risk of losing his holdings, and there is a strong probability that a good number of property owners will take advantage of the cash discount scheme.

With this end in view a period of thirty days will be given all property owners to build, and during that time as many as possible will be served with a personal notice to the effect that the walk will have to be repaired, and by individual contract there will be a great saving to the owner of the property to be assessed.

Last evening the building of about $6000 worth of sidewalk was authorized for the hill district of the central portion of town, but before the work is begun by the city, the property owners will be given 30 days to build. Next Monday night it is probable that $30,994 worth of new sidewalk will be authorized. This includes $6082 worth for West Duluth, about $4210 in the West End, and about $20,800 worth from Fifth avenue west to Lester river.

The walks are to be standard eight feet wide in most instances, and in this respect it has been suggested that in the residence districts this is too wide. City Engineer McGilvray's suggestion for cement sidewalks in the residence district seems to be gaining in popularity. It is claimed that a cement walk four or five feet wide would meet all requirements in the residence portions of the city. Then there could be a little grass plot between the sidewalk and the curb, which would enhance the aesthetic conditions of the city.

As pointed out in The Herald last Saturday, these cement walks could be built for very little more than the present wooden walks. The present sidewalks cost 55 cents a foot, while the present cement walks cost not less than $1.20 a foot. But the cement walks as at present constructed cost double what they should for residence district purposes. At present under the council's specifications all cement walks must be standard walks from 8 to 6 feet wide and 6 inches thick. That is all right for the business section, where heavy iron safes are rolled over into buildings, and the foot traffic is heavy, but it is argued that in the residence sections of the city it is not necessary to have a walk of sufficient strength to hold up a team of horses and a heavily laden wagon. A cement walk from four to five feet wide and three inches thick at the edges, gradually tapering to a thickness of 6 inches in the center, would, according to the city engineer, cut the present cost of cement pavements almost in two. Another argument in favor of the cement is that it is good for from fifteen to twenty years and a wooden walk lasts but five or six years.

A Shifty Thermometer.

The thermometer up at the government weather office was cutting up all kinds of capers this morning between 5 and 8:30 o'clock. During that time it shifted up and down and up and down, varying as much as 20 degrees at times.

ALABASTINE

LABASTINE is the original and only durable wall coating, entirely different from all kalsomines. Ready for use in white or fourteen beautiful tints by adding cold water.

ADIES naturally prefer 'ALABASTINE for walls and ceilings, because it is pure, clean, durable. Put up in dry powdered form, in five-pound packages, with full directions.

LL kalsomines are cheap, temporary preparations made from whiting, chalks, clays, etc., and stuck on walls with decaying animal glue. ALABASTINE is not a kalsomine.

EWARE of the dealer who says he can sell you the "same thing" as ALABASTINE or "something just as good." He is either not posted or is trying to deceive you.

ND IN OFFERING something he has bought cheap and tries to sell on ALABASTINE'S demands, he may not realize the damage you will suffer by a kalsomine on your walls.

ENSIBLE dealers will not buy a lawsuit. Dealers risk one by selling and consumers by using infringement. Alabastine Co. own right to make wall coating to mix with cold water.

HE INTERIOR WALLS of every church and school should be coated only with pure, durable ALABASTINE. It safeguards health. Hundreds of tons used yearly for this work.

N BUYING ALABASTINE, customers should avoid getting cheap kalsomines under different names. Insist on having our goods in packages and properly labeled.

UISANCE of wall paper is obviated by ALABASTINE. It can be used on plastered walls, wood ceilings, brick or canvas. A child can brush it on. It does not rub or scale off.

STABLISHED in favor. Shun all imitations. Ask paint dealer or druggist for tint card. Write us for interesting booklet, free. ALABASTINE CO., Grand Rapids, Mich.

Nursing Mother: My baby is fretful and cross; I am nervous and restless; I can't sleep well, and what I eat does not seem to nourish me.

Doctor: Madame, you require a gentle stimulant. Take DUFFY'S PURE MALT WHISKEY, a teaspoonful in a glass of milk every two hours, it will insure refreshing sleep, your nerves will be strengthened and your baby will become healthy and strong. I have prescribed it for twenty-five years on account of its absolute purity. It contains no fusel oil. All druggists and grocers sell it, or you can send to Rochester, N. Y., for it.

There was considerable smoke passing over the city during that time, and the weather officials thought there must be some heat in it, that affected the atmosphere.

FEWINGS CASE.

Damage Suit of Man Injured in Street Railway Strike on Trial.

The $25,000 damage suit of Fred J. Fewings against the Duluth Street Railway company was taken up in district court this morning before Judge Cant, and the operation of drawing a jury took until nearly noon.

Fewings was struck on the head by a stone thrown through a street car window while riding on Garfield avenue, May 2, 1899. This was during the strike, when there were disturbances at various places along the lines of the company. It is claimed that the company was negligent in receiving passengers and taking them into places of danger without providing adequate protection for them, and he alleges that permanent injuries have resulted from the contusion. John Jenswold, Jr., appears for the plaintiff and Thomas S. Wood and Henry F. Green represent the company.

Last night at 10:30 o'clock the jury in the case of the Duluth Trust company, as administrator of the estate of Archibald Playson against the Duluth Street Railway company, returned a verdict awarding the estate damages in the sum of $2325. The case was tried last term and a verdict for $450 was secured for the estate. The plaintiff asked for and received a new trial on the ground that the damages were inadequate.

In Judge Ensign's court, the case of E. B. Patterson against William Camelon and others was still on trial, and it was expected to go to the jury this afternoon.

HIS SECOND OFFENSE.

If George Fox Is Convicted It May Go Hard With Him.

In Judge Dibell's court this morning George Fox was on trial for grand larceny in the second degree. The charge is that on March 7 he and one William Hawkins stole a quantity of cigars from Oscar Fleer at 20 West Superior street. Hawkins was on the stand this morning and gave testimony connecting Fox with the crime. As Fox has already been convicted of larceny in this court once before probably get a hard sentence if he is convicted. Alexander Marshall is defending Fox.

The jury in the case against Harry McAllister, charged with stealing $465 from a Duluth business man, acquitted him last night. The case went to the jury at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, and the verdict was reached at 10:20 o'clock last night.

MAKES SERIOUS CHARGES.

Two Ely Brothers Involved In a Bitter Quarrel.

A case involving some hard charges against an administrator has been on trial in probate court since yesterday afternoon, and it was continued this morning to Monday afternoon at 2 o'clock.

Martin Stoll, of Ely, asked the court to discharge Joseph Stoll, as administrator of the estate of Charles Stoll on the ground of various alleged irregularities. The disputants are brothers of the deceased. In his petition Martin claims that Charles died intestate, and that Joseph was made administrator. He wants him discharged because he is not a suitable person to act, and he alleges that he has made fraudulent inventories of the estate, turning in $307.60 in his cash account when there was really $830, and placing the value of the real estate of $1200 which it is really worth $4000 to $5000.

He also claims that Joseph has run the saloon that belonged to the dead brother as though it was his own, and has not kept account of his receipts. His most serious charge, however, is that of forgery. He alleges that Joseph wrote a will and signed the dead man's name to it, and that he also forged a mortgage for $500 on the real estate, which he is about to foreclose.

In his answer Joseph denies all these charges entirely and claims that they are actuated by malice. Martin being angry because he discharged him as his assistant in running the saloon. He says the mortgage is valid, and was given to secure a note, and he says that he did not forge the will. He says he discharged his brother because of his dissipated and careless habits, and because of that discharge Martin said he would get even with him and would ruin his business.

On the stand Martin said that he saw Joseph writing the will a few days after Charles' death. He asked him what he was doing and he said he was writing his brother's will. Some testimony was introduced to show that the writing in the will was not that of Charles, though there has been none to connect it with Joseph's writing.

The testimony shows that the discrepancy in the cash was because of four slips of paper that were found in the cash till that showed that various people had deposited money with Charles Stoll. This was paid over to them.

Needed a Guardian.

Annie Pauline Nuetilla had August Johnson appointed as her guardian by Judge Middlecoff in probate court this morning in order that she could have some one to consent to her marriage with Matt Suakka. She has no parents in this country, and a sister in Michigan is the only relative she has in America. She is only 16, and the consent of a parent or guardian was necessary before she could have a license.

Will Retain Its Office.

It has been generally supposed that the sale of the St. Paul & Duluth railway to the Northern Pacific would be followed by the withdrawal of the Adams Express company from that line, upon which it now runs, and the removal of the offices of that company from the city. This belief is partially to be realized but not entirely. The Northern Pacific Express company will have charge of the line on and after June 1, but the company will not give up its office here. This will be retained as well as the offices at West Superior and Stillwater. The friends of C. M. Corcoran, the company's agent here, will be glad to learn that he is not to be transferred, for the present at least.

Flor de Teller—a mild, sweet smoke, all Havana except the overcoat.

DISCUSS MISSIONS

Presbyterian Assembly Considers the Home Mission Board's Report.

QUESTION OF FAITH

Believed That This Assembly Will Take Definite Action On It.

St. Louis, May 22.—At the session of the Presbyterian general assembly this forenoon, discussion of the report of the standing committee on the report submitted by the board of home missions on the first day of the session was the order of business.

After today, the proposed revision of the Westminster confession of faith promises to be the principal topic of discussion, although the matter will not come up formally before next Thursday. The committee on bills and overtures, which has before it sundry requests and suggestions relative to revision, will be engaged with the consideration of the subject until taken up by the assembly.

The opinion seems to prevail among the members of the assembly that the matter will not be dismissed by this session without definite action. Overtures on the subject from about forty presbyteries have been referred to the committee. Two of the overtures oppose any revision, while thirty-eight favor various forms of revision.

In the ode on next Thursday night will be held an echo meeting of the ecumenical conference recently held in New York city. Governor Mount, of Indiana, has accepted invitation of the assembly to preside on that occasion.

Prior to the introduction of the regular order of business, Rev. Daniel Webster Fisher, D. D., chairman of the committee on polity, reported a long list of overtures. On each of these the committee recommended no action, which was endorsed by the assembly.

The polity committee recommended a change in chapter 15 of the book of discipline, which relates to the judicial commission. The recommendation was endorsed by the assembly. The report of the home mission board was then read.

Dr. Dickey, the moderator, suggested that Chairman Holmes make his speech before reading his report of the standing committee on the work of home misions.

Dr. Holmes said:

"The question is how shall we merge into one homogeneous mass the entire human family? The force is mission work for Christ."

Addressing the commissioners he said:

"You have received a call to preach the gospel—some of you," which created a ripple of laughter. "The church of God is to evangelize the world and my church is better equipped for the work than the Presbyterian church because it is Scotch-Irish."

The standing committee commended the home mission report to the assembly as a whole without alteration or recommendations. Rev. John Dixon, D. D., secretary of the board and its representative to the general assembly, said that all the financial obligations of the board for the past fiscal year had been met and there was a balance in the treasury. He presented, in brief, the needs of the home mission fields.

The assembly adopted the report of the committee on home missions as a whole and then took a recess.

DIED ON THE TRAIN.

Dead Baby In a Basket at the Union Depot.

A dead Finlander baby in a basket created some excitement about the Union depot this morning. The child was born nine days ago in the steerage of an ocean liner off the banks of Nova Scotia. It died at 3 o'clock this morning on a South Shore train, and was placed in a large basket. The mother was continually looking in and seemed much distressed at the contents of the basket, and this first drew the attention of the officials to it. The coroner and an undertaker were notified, but the parents declined to give up the body. They could not speak a word of English, but succeeded in making it understood that they had friends living at Ely, and would bury the child there this evening.

Mr. D. L. Fuller of Eveleth Dies.

M. D. L. Fuller, of Eveleth, brother of John L. Fuller, of this city, died Sunday evening at Eveleth. He had been in poor health for some time and only recently went to San Antonio, Tex., in the hope of improving his health. Mr. Fuller has gone to Eveleth to arrange for the funeral.

Slade's New Position.

George T. Slade, who was assistant general superintendent of the Eastern Minnesota prior to the selection of D. M. Phibbin, has been appointed general manager of the Delaware Valley & Kingston road. He has been given direct charge of all departments with the exception of the accounting.

TO INVITE ENVOYS.

St. Paul, May 22.—It is announced that Governor Lind will invite the Boer envoys to the United States to come to Minnesota as the guests of the state. The governor will ask the mayors of St. Paul and Minneapolis to co-operate with him and join in the invitation.

Watch our Cut Price Ad Thursday Evening on Bicycle Sundries—Everything belonging to Bicycles. One day only.

City Gun Store, R. C. Kruschke.

Our Specialty.....
Fine Hardwood
Floor Finishing.....

H. A. HALL & CO.
DECORATORS.
Telephone 534. 16 East Superior St.

"Housework is hard work without Gold Dust"

WASHING WOOLEN BLANKETS

The theory now is, that blankets must be washed instead of dry-cleaned to be healthy. To have your blankets as soft as new, make a soapy suds in half a tub of warm water by using one-half cup of

Gold Dust Washing Powder

and soak a blanket in it for half an hour; then simply move it around and rub the soiled spots; rinse in warm water of the same temperature as the one in which you wash it, hang up in a warm place or sunshiny outdoor air and see what a soft, white blanket you will have.

The above is taken from our free booklet "GOLDEN RULES FOR HOUSEWORK" Sent free on request to

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston.

ARE SHOOTING.

More Blood Flows In St. Louis Over the Strike.

St. Louis, May 22.—General Manager Baumhoff of the St. Louis Transit company, stated today that the number of cars operated by that company is being increased daily with the help of non-union men from other cities and deserters from the ranks of the strikers.

"I have no trouble in securing men to take the places left vacant by the strikers," said he, "and now have more men than I have places for."

Mr. Baumhoff further stated that a number of strikers who formerly worked in the Lindell and Laclede, Market street and the Union depot lines have returned to work, and whenever possible they were given their old positions.

Just how many strikers had deserted, Mr. Baumhoff could not say, but he said that a considerable number of them had returned to the Transit company's ranks.

A delegation of railway men called at the mayor's office to ask for transportation to New Orleans. The men claimed that they were induced to come to St. Louis to take positions on the street railways with the understanding that the Transit company was greatly enlarging its facilities and in need of a number of additional men. On this representation, the spokesman said that seventy-six men came, but on finding that a strike was in progress, some refused to go to work.

Miss Minnie Kruger, who was shot and slightly wounded while watching a strike riot yesterday, claims to be a grandniece of Oom Paul Kruger, president of the Transvaal. She was hit in the thigh by a spent ball while standing in front of her house.

B. E. Kilgore, an employe of the St. Louis Transit company, and a non-union man, was shot in the back by an unknown assailant today and seriously hurt. It is expected he will recover. No clue to his assailant has been found.

Martin Zika, 18 years of age, was struck on the left breast by a bullet fired from a street car and killed yesterday afternoon. He was watching an assault on a car.

SUIT AGAINST NEELY.

Government Begins Action to Recover Money Taken.

New York, May 22.—Charles F. W. Neely, former chief financial agent of the postoffice department at Havana, Cuba, was rearrested today by a United States marshal. The arrest was made on a warrant issued by United States Circuit Judge Lacombe, in a civil suit against Neely by the United States. He is charged with the wrongful conversion of $45,500.26. His bail was fixed at $50,000.

The arrest was made on the information furnished by George H. Burton, and the order of arrest was endorsed by Edward K. Jones, special attorney general, and Frederick P. Smith.

TO PROBE A TRUST.

Senate Adopts Resolution to Investigate Havana Combine.

Washington, May 22.—The senate has adopted the resolution of Mr. Jones directing the secretary of war to make a thorough investigation into the operations of the North American Trust company in Havana, its organization and its relation to this government.

TAYLOR IS TALKING.

Says If Indicted He Will Make a Statement.

Indianapolis, May 22.—W. S. Taylor, of Kentucky, who has taken refuge in this city, said at noon:

"If there is an indictment, then I shall make a statement in which I shall give my opinion of the entire situation. I went into the courts of Franklin county and tried to find out if there was an indictment against me, but they would not tell me. Now I will await developments. I expect to remain here or go to some quiet resort in Indiana and remain there until the national convention of the Republicans."

MAY BE TROUBLE.

Frankfort, Ky., May 22.—Commonwealths Attorney Franklin has received telegrams from Barboursville saying that trouble over the arrest of John Powers is likely to occur there. The matter was laid before Governor Beckham with a recommendation that troops be sent to Barbourville. The government has taken no action.

A GOOD PLAN.

We do not have the professional beauty here, but she is quite an important factor in English life, and as her success depends upon her good looks she attends well to the matter of keeping herself always in good form, says an exchange. "When you are tired you are ugly," is one of her maxims, "and the proper thing to do at such a time is to keep secluded. Never let people see you when you are worn out or nervous or unbecomingly dressed. If you are sunburnt or sallow have influenza, and stay at home. It is best to burn a good dress if you can't dye it or give it away, if the effect on you is grotesque."

THE HUNGRY HALF HOUR.

The hungry half hour that so often comes before bedtime can be appetizingly catered to by the "cheese crackers," says an exchange. Take any of the popular luncheon crackers on the market—and their name is legion—and spread with a little butter and sprinkle lightly with grated Parmesan cheese. Place on a dish in the oven long enough to brown them slightly. They are good when thus prepared, if kept for several days.

PERSONALS.

Mrs. C. F. Macdonald has returned from Minneapolis, where she visited a week.

R. G. Rodman, Jr., of Ashland, is at the St. Louis.

C. H. Dodd, of Oshkosh, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

C. W. Miller, of Virginia, is in the city and is at the St. Louis.

G. J. Ross, of Rat Portage, is at the St. Louis.

M. D. Kelly, of St. Paul, roadmaster of the St. Paul & Duluth railroad, was in the city last evening.

J. A. Healey, of Eveleth, was at the St. Louis last evening.

M. C. Woodward, of Tower, was at the Spalding today.

W. C. McClure, of Saginaw, Mich., is in the city.

W. W. Wright, of Swan River, was at the Spalding today.

Thomas R. Benton, of St. Paul, is in the city.

Walter Butler, the St. Paul contractor, is in the city.

Charles A. Towne will reurn tomorrow or Thursday from his trip to Ohio.

R. Murchison, clerk of the board of public works, is on a fishing trip out the Cloquet river.

Thomas Lowry, of Minneapolis, has been in the city today making an inspection of the street railway lines. He also visited Superior and went over the lines in that city.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist. Top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.

Funeedamy printing, see R. F. Co.

Sailors and children's hats at Swenson's.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

The body of August Kutz, drowned while skating last December and found off the life saving station on Minnesota Point yesterday afternoon, was buried this afternoon at Park Hill cemetery. The funeral was attended by the family and a number of relatives and friends.

The Virginia excursion Saturday.

Marriage licenses have been issued to Martin Carlson and Inga Berg, and to Matt Suakka and Anie Pauline Nuetilla.

Next Tuesday evening there will be a patriotic concert, including a comedietta, at the High School Assembly hall by the high school pupils, under the direction of A. F. M. Custance. Admission will be by tickets procured of the pupils and from the school. The exercises will be appropriate to the following day, which will be Memorial day.

The public library board met last night but took no action on the bids for the erection of the new building, pending the formulation of a plan to secure more funds with which to add some features to the building that are deemed desirable.

PRESERVE STRAWBERRIES NOW.

Season at Its Height For Best Berries and Prices Very Low.

"This week will be the best one of the season for strawberries on this market," remarked F. S. Sleeper, of the Fitzsimmons-Derrig company, to a Herald man today, and more prime berries for preserving are being received this week than will be received later. Retailers are now offering fine berries for from $1.25 to $1.75 per case of twenty-four quarts. Five carloads will be placed on the market here during the next two days, and the time to preserve the luscious fruit is at the flood tide. The strawberry season will probably be very short this year owing to dry weather farther north, but the fruit now offered from Illinois, Tennessee and Kentucky is prime.

DEPUTIES' CONFIDENCE.

Paris, May 22.—The chamber of deputies, by three successive votes, declared its confidence in the government. The crucial vote approved the declarations of the premier by 271 ayes to 226 noes.

LORD ROBERTS' MEMORY.

One of Lord Roberts' most remarkable characteristics is his royal gift of remembering names and faces and details, says Arnold White. Nearly twenty years ago, when Lord Roberts returned from the Cape, after his fruitless expedition of forty-eight hours in South Africa, among his fellow-passengers were two beautiful sisters, members of an old Cape Dutch family. Nineteen years passed without a further meeting, and both the ladies had married. When Lord Roberts was appointed to the command in South Africa the 9-year-old daughter of one of these ladies persuaded her mother to write to Lord Roberts and ask him for his photograph. Presuming upon the old acquaintanceship formed in the pleasant passage from the Cape of Good Hope, the application was made. By return of post the photograph, duly signed, arrived, with a charming letter, inviting the lady in question, who is my informant, to call on the field marshal on his way through London and advise him about his kit. She complied with his request, and taking her children with her, was received by Lord Roberts a day or two after his son's death at Colenso. The perfect recollection of every detail connected with the voyage and the family of his two charming fellow-passengers was as fresh in the mind of the sorrow-stricken field marshal as though the incidents had happened yesterday. On the voyage to South Africa in December a sister of the lady, the wife of a colonel in the army, was also a passenger. Although oppressed with a multitude of cares, Lord Roberts sought her out, and made a point of showing her and her children the greatest attention. Lord Roberts' thoughtfulness for others amounts to genius.

Tortured a Witness.

Intense suffering was endured by witness T. L. Martin, of Dixie, Ky., before he gave this evidence: "I coughed every night until my throat was nearly raw; then tried Dr. King's New Discovery which gave instant relief. I have used it in my family for four years and recommend it as the greatest remedy for Coughs, Colds and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. It will stop the worst cough, and not only prevents but absolutely cures consumption. Price 50c and $1. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's drug store.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate
Relieves Fatigue.

A wholesome acid tonic relieving the lassitude of the summer months.

Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

Printer's Ink the Authority on Newspapers Says The Duluth Evening Herald Is the Best Paper Published in Minnesota Outside of St. Paul and Minneapolis.

PLEADS FOR NEELY

Attorney Lindsay Opposes the Extradition Bill Before the House Committee.

OBJECTS TO SYSTEM

Says the Spanish Procedure is Abhorrent to American Ideas.

Washington, May 22.—John D. Lindsey, attorney for Charles P. Neely, appeared before the house judiciary committee today and submitted an argument against the proposed extradition bill. He also presented a voluminous brief.

The proposition to subject an American citizen to trial in a country where a Spanish system of laws are in vogue, he contended, was utterly opposed to American traditions. The fundamental theory at the base of our system, he said, assumed a man placed in Neely's position to be innocent until competent and legal evidence was adduced to prove his guilty. This fundamental principle, he claimed, was flouted by the Spanish law, which was based on the old Latin system and assumed a man guilty as soon as charged.

Mr. Lindsey was closely questioned by members of the committee. He claimed that Neely could not be tried in the United States, and only upon the charge of violating a law making it a feolny to bring into the United States money embezzled from the United States. The funds in the custody of the United States, though the property of the island of Cuba, were assumed by law to be the property of the United States.

That was the statute upon which Neely was arrested, Mr. Lindsey said. The penalty for the violation of this law, he continued, was imprisonment from six months to five years.

Mr. Lindsey said the proceeding pending before Governor Roosevelt in the requisition from Governor General Wood for Neely's surrender was for the purpose of trying him under section 401 of the penal code of Cuba. That section fixed a penalty o imprisonment from one day to twelve years for malversation. Mr. Lindsey said he understood that conviction for violating this statute carried with it provision for shackling the prisoner and confining him in a dungeon. He argued that it was impossible for an American citizen to obtain a fair trial in Cuba at this time.

The fact that Neely can be tried in the United States, he claimed, was a complete reason why he should not be taken to Cuba.

Mr. Lanham, a member of the committee, said that it would be almost impossible to identify stolen funds, and that, therefore, if tried under this statute it would be obligatory upon the United States to prove that he embezzled the identical funds brought to the United States.

"Certainly it would," replied Mr. Lindsey.

"Would it not be impossible for the United States to prove they were the identical funds? Suppose he embezzled gold and bills were found on his person, would not the trial be a farce?"

"No, sir," replied Mr. Lindsey. "The government has arrested him on this charge. It must have done so solemnly and in good faith."

"Suppose Neely had brought no funds here?" asked Mr. Jenkins, "would we be justified in passing this law to send Neely back?"

"No, sir," replied Mr. Lindsey; "we would not be justified in turning an American citizen over to Cuba."

"In other words, American citizens should be allowed to rob and loot in Cuba to their hearts content and go scot free if they can reach the United States?"

"As long as the present condition prevails," replied Mr. Lindsey, "I think so. We are today telling Cubans they can commit any crime and go free if they can reach Cuba."

In his brief, Mr. Lindsey advanced the following general propositions:

"1—In the absence of a treaty stipulation, or congressional legislation, there is no authority in the United States government to extradite a fugitive from foreign justice.

"2—The Cubans are a free and independent people, and the island of Cuba is as much foreign territory as France or England, or any other independent sovereignty."

"3—No nation should authorize, by treaty or legislation, or any form of extradition to a place where the laws and judicial methods are abhorrent to its ideas of right and justice.

"4—These considerations ought to always be applied were the question of the extradition by a nation of its citizens is under consideration.

"5—The United States, in common with other nations, has, of recent years, exempted citizens from the operation of extradition treaties with nations administering inefficient systems of laws.

"6—The policy of the United States has always been to refuse to extradite American citizens to Spain, or to places administering the Spanish system of law.

"7—The condition of affairs in Cuba does not justify—certainly not at this time—a departure from the policy declared in the Spanish treaty of 1877.

"8. It is not for the government to urge that unless provision is made for the extradition of fugitive American offenders against Cuban laws a single, or even many, criminals may go unwhipped of justice.

"9. Neely's case affords no occasion for the proposed legislation, for he can be tried in the United States courts on the charge now pending against him.

"10. The fact that Neely is charged with a violation of Cuban law will not weigh with this committee.

"In the absence of any means whereby the extradition of Cuban citizens charged with crimes in the United States can be demanded, the proposed legislation is manifestly untimely. Reciprocal power to demand and reciprocal power to surrender fugitives lie at the base of all systems of extradition.

The conclusions reached were:

"The proposed legislation is without precedent in the history of the country. It is violative of the principles which forbid unusual and extraordinary measures. It is a device to enable the government to do something which would otherwise be unlawful. It seeks to subject a citizen to pains and liabilities to which, without such legislation, he could not be subjected. It is the expression of the sort of power that absolute monarchies exercise, but which is a menace in them and intolerable in a republic."

TAKES ANOTHER CUT.

Reichstag Withdraws Lex-Heinze and Passes Analogous Law.

Berlin, May 22.—The reichstag today, by a unanimous vote, removed the lex-Heinze from the order of the day and subsequently passed in its entirety through all the three readings an analogous proposal presented by Count Alfred Von Hompesch-Rurich amending and supplementing the penal code.

The Social Democrats and the Radicals voted in the minority.

FLURRY ON 'CHANGE.

A Report of Buller's Defeat Causes Paris Selling.

London, May 22.—Sharp Paris selling on the stock exchange today was accentuated by the rumor that Gen. Buller had been defeated by the Boers at Laing's Nek. While nothing is known in London tending to confirm this report, Paris evidently believed it, and the French selling had a decidedly bad effect, especially in the case of Kaffirs, the market also suffering from the failure of the public to enter the market, as it was expected it would after the relief of Mafeking.

CALL ON DEPOSITARIES.

Gage Wants Five Million Dollars Returned By Banks.

Washington, May 22.—Secretary Gage today will issue a call on National bank depositaries for the return to the treasury of $5,000,000. This amount will be prorated among banks having temporary deposits of $50,000 or over. This call will be repeated from time to time, as may be found necessary to make good the sums not being paid out for the redemption of the old 2 per cent bonds, a call for which was made a few days ago. The total amount to be withdrawn from depositaries is $25,364,500, the total of the old 2 per cents now outstanding.

CONGRESS OF MOTHERS.

Twenty-Three States Represented at Des Moines.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 22.—Three hundred delegates representing twenty-three states, were present when the second days' session of the National Mothers' congress began today. The president, Mrs. Theo Birney, of Washington, D. C., read her annual report, showing that the society had more than doubled its membership during the past year, the third of its existence. Members of Mr. Birney's cabinet also made their reports, as did heads of the various committees.

Governor and Mrs. Leslie M. Shaw will give the members of the congress a reception at the executive mansion this evening.

CONVENTION WITH SPAIN.

Regent Signs the Postal Agreement With This Country.

Madrid, May 22.—The queen regent has signed the postal convention with the United States.

SURRENDER.

Two Companies of Filipinos Give Themselves Up at Tarlac.

Manilla, May 22.—Two companies of insurgents surrendered to Col. Emerson H. Liscum, at Tarlac, today. They included a major, a captain, four lieutenants, 163 men and 168 rifles and ammunition. The enemy intimated their intention to surrender by a letter sent to the president of Tarlac, who communicated it to Col. Liscum.

Capt. Tinio, a nephew of Gen. Tinio, and twenty-three other rebels were killed May 18 by scouts in an engagement near Mailboong, province of Ilocos. There was no loss on the American side.

FIRE AT NICETOWN.

A Blaze Does Damage to an Oil Cloth Plant.

Philadelphia, May 22, 1:30 p. m.—Three alarms of fire have just been sounded from the extensive oil cloth works of the George W. Blabon company at Nicetown, a suburb of this city. The plant is on a branch of the Philadelphia & Reading railway, and comprises about thirty buildings, from one to four stories in height, mostly brick. About 300 men are employed. The fire at present is confined to building No. 3, a three-story brick, known as the coating department, but it is feared it will spread.

Later—The fire was confined to the building in which it originated. The structure, which was 144 feet long by 60 feet wide, was gutted. The loss is heavy.

NOMINATE JACKSON.

Parsons, Kan., May 22.—After a continuous session of eight hours, the Democrats and Populists for the Third Kansas congressional district, meeting here in joint session, at 1:45 o'clock this morning nominated Judge A. M. Jackson, of Arkansas City, for congressman.

GRAIN-O
THE FOOD DRINK

Coffee injures growing children, even when it is weakened. Grain-O gives them brighter eyes, firmer flesh, quicker intelligence and happier dispositions. They can drink all they want of Grain-O—the more the better—and it tastes like coffee.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

The Finest Corner in the East End for sale at $6,500. 100x140 feet. South-East Corner, 14th Avenue East and Superior Street.

R. B. KNOX & CO.

HARRIS BROS.,
Real Estate,
712 PALLADIO.

Two of the best houses in the city on Third street, between Lake and Fourth avenues east. Will sell at a bargain.

1st of May we have a cheap rate over N. P. R. R. to any party looking for selected land on this line. Small or large tract—or land anywhere. Call on

S. B. BRIGHAM, the land man.
Open evenings. 12 Fifth Avenue W.

Real Estate Bargains.

FIVE-ROOM HOUSE, FIFTH St. and 21st avenue west..... $600
CHOICE LOT THIRD STREET and Piedmont avenue..... $700
Modern house East End at a bargain.
Farm in Hermantown for sale or rent.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Building.

Cheap Lots in Helm's Addition.

$400 Buys a lot on Railroad Street, near Twenty-ninth Avenue West.
$500 Buys a lot on Helm Street, between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Aves. W.
FOR SALE BY
CROSBY & MARTINDALE,
106 Providence Bldg. Telephone 24.

Established 1886. J. C. Mishler, 200 Exchange Building. Established 1886.

OFFERS FOR SALE:
One and one-half miles water front on the St. Louis river, which affords a good water power, 35-feet fall.
Also desirable Iron leases on the Mesaba range.
Also houses and lots in the city from $1000 up.

$3500 For 50-ft lot near Eleventh avenue west; double frontage, Superior and Michigan streets; two houses, monthly rent $40; will make business property. This is cheap; dropped from $11,000.
D. W. SCOTT, 10 Mesaba Building.

FOR RENT—Centrally located flats, steam heat, bath, etc.,
FOR SALE CHEAP—One acre on shore Pike Lake, Minn.—beautifully located—nice beach.
Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate and Loans
Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.
Thos. P. Brown,
No. 704 Torrey Building.

SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE FOR SALE. 1420 Jefferson.

HOUSE AND FULL LOT, MARTIN'S Division, cheap. This house is near the new sawmill site. Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

Kodaks In Yellowstone Park.

The widespread use of small cameras, of one sort and another by travelers, has led to a great development of amateur photography.

Yellowstone Park is by far the most prolific spot in this country for the gratification of this calling or amusement, particularly for those interested in prize contests.

To photograph the soaring geyser; the eagles on their nests; the numberless cascades and waterfalls; the beautiful springs, or the Golden Gate and the Grand Canyon is to obtain a noted collection of pictures.

But the park is also the only place where wild animals, as they live in nature, can now be easily caught with the camera.

The elk, deer, antelope, bears, coyotes, buffalo, etc., that, while wild have not the timidity of hunted game, make it comparatively easy to photograph them there. The bears especially are easily found.

When riding on the stage coaches, if cameras are kept in readiness, opportunities sometimes occur for snap shots at elk and deer drinking from the streams or crossing the roads. By exploring the forests and parks a little remote from the hotels, the animals can be found with little difficulty.

Wonderland, 1900, a finely illustrated book, published by the Northern Pacific railway, has a chapter on Yellowstone Park and the animals there, and will be sent by Chas. S. Fee, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., upon receipt of 6 cents.

For rates, etc., address
R. A. EVA.
General Agent, Duluth.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

CLAIRVOYANT.

HE HAS ARRIVED!
DR. WINFIELD LIVINGSTON,
THE ORIENTAL SEER.

The world's most famous clairvoyant, and exponent of pure and honest mediumship. He tells your name in full. Press and public recognize him as the most foremost and able medium living. Where others fail he succeeds with ease.

He will positively refuse to accept any fee unless he gives utmost satisfaction.

This remarkable man is gifted by nature with marvelous mediumistic powers and may be consulted on all matters pertaining to the welfare of the human race. He tells you every hope, fear and ambition of your life. His psychic knowledge excites the wonder and admiration of the most skeptical.

Dr. Livingston is the acknowledged peer of all mediums. Do not call before 9 o'clock in the morning nor after 7 in the evening. Room 37, St. James Hotel, 315 W. Superior St.

CARPET CLEANING.

CARPETS CLEANED, REFITTED AND relaid. Window shades made to order. O. H. Stenberg, 30 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY SECOND-HAND range; must be in good condition; state price. S 39, Herald.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A SEVEN-room house, between Lake avenue and Twentieth avenue east, below Sixth street; easy terms. Address Purchaser, care Duluth Evening Herald.

SECOND-HAND ORGAN; MUST BE modern style and cheap. State cash price. Address K, care Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND-HAND furniture, stoves and carpets. We pay good prices. Call at 14 W. Superior St.

WELL-LOCATED IRON CLAIMS ON Mesaba and Vermilion ranges. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

CLOTHES CLEANED.

J. F. MILLER—CLOTHES CLEANED, dyed and repaired on short notice. Goods called for free of charge. 110 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Telephone 570.

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—TO BORROW, $1000 ON UNquestionable stock security, bearing income 10 per cent interest. S 43, Herald.

SMALL AMOUNTS MONEY TO LOAN; private party; no publicity. D 84, Herald

$2000 TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT DESired, 7 per cent, no commission. Chas Smith, 2 Hunter block.

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNIture, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved, Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

PERSONAL.

TWELVE MORE MEN AND WOMEN wanted to join our party. We are going to Oregon to homestead valuable pine claims. For further information, write to M. Baker, Grand Rapids, Minn., Box 382.

HAIR DRESSING, SHAMPOOING, scalp treatment, manicuring and massage. Mrs. Sherman, 404 New Jersey bldg.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's. 214 West Superior St.

Steam Carpet Cleaning Works.

Steam Carpet Cleaning and Rug Weaving. Carpets laid and refitted. Carpets renovated on floor when desired. Rugs made from old carpets. Duluth and Superior Steam Carpet and Rug Weaving Works, 1522 West Michigan street.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, 11 NINEteenth avenue west. Private hospital.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

LOST.

LOST—YOUNG COW, DARK GRAY color, white horns. Strayed from East End near boulevard. Finder return to Alfred Peterson, 1225 East Seventh street, and receive reward.

LOST—FRIDAY EVENING, BROWN leather pocketbook in vicinity of Sixth avenue west and Superior street. Return to Record restaurant, next to Duluth Boat club.

LOST—SIXTH AVENUE WEST AND Superior street, black Cocker Spaniel, 6 months old, with nickel collar on. Finder return to E. J. Butchart, St. Louis hotel. Reward, $5.

EX-SENATOR HILL DEAD.

Denver, Col., May 22.—Nathaniel P. Hill, former United States senator from Colorado, died at noon today of general debility, resulting from stomach trouble. He was 68 years of age.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Madison, Wis., $9.65, Via Northwestern Line.

Join the party and attend the convention of high school principals in Madison May 24 and 25. Tickets 405 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

Hansen's Calculating Pencil. The Pencil that Figures With a Twist of the Wrist.

It figures quicker than you can and never makes a mistake. It calculates anything from 1x1 to 12x24 in the twinkling of an eye. It figures interest, discount, percentage quick as a flash. A help to the clerk, the business man, the farmer, the lumberman, the miner, the busy housewife, the school child. Special introductory price for pencil complete, 20c stamps or silver.
Novelty Advertising Co.,
P. O. Box 53, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—COOKS, DININGROOM girls, laundry girls, dishwashers and girls for private houses. Call at Mrs. De Trouchey's, 17 East Superior street, Room 9.

WANTED—AT ONCE, GIRL AT NEWell House, West Duluth. Mrs. J. H. Sullivan. Good wages.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 16 East Second street.

YOUNG LADY WHO CAN OPERATE typewriter and assist with office work. State salary expected. Address S 44, Herald.

DININGROOM GIRL AND CHAMBERmaid wanted at the Colson house.

GIRL WANTED; SMALL FAMILY. 127 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 121 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 227 West Fourth street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO BAKE PIES and wait on lunch counter. H. C. Watson, Bethel, Lake avenue.

WANTED—AN ELDERLY WOMAN TO care for a baby; good home; fair wages and easy work to right party. Apply 419 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—A GOOD MACHINE OPERator. 229 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 315 East Second street.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENERal housework; good wages. Apply Mrs. W. P. Mars, 317 West Fourth street.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED WAIST maker; also sewers. Room 5, over Suffel's.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must understand cooking. Good wages. 1026 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL. 1432 EAST First street. No washing.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. Mrs. William C. Sherwood, 614 Torrey building.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of four. Must be competent. Apply at 121 West Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 121 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRLS AT PEERLESS laundry at once.

WANTED—COMPETENT COOK, AT once; Mrs. Ward Ames, 205 Eighteenth avenue east.

COMPETENT SECOND GIRL—707 EAST First street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Apply at 2005 West Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three. Mrs. Donald Macleod, 4745 London road.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework wanted. 2029 East Third street.

WANTED—A COOK AND NURSE girl at 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—A GOOD WOMAN COOK. 513 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 312 West Third street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—TOMORROW, EXTRA GROcer and butcher. 331 and 333 West Superior street.

WANTED—MAN TO WORK ON DAIRY farm. Call 2107 East Fourth street.

WANTED—STATION MEN; WILL PAY from 14 to 20 cents per yard. Also want day laborers. Apply to Kimball, Willis & Shailer, Channing, Mich.

WANTED—MACHINISTS. AT VIRGINia Iron works, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. J. S. Lane.

FOUR FIRST CLASS COAT MAKERS; positively the highest prices paid in the state for best work. Mies.

Business Men
supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 710.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

TWO EXPERIENCED SALESMEN ARE open to canvassing or other proposition, where they can work together. M. & B., Herald.

A BOY OF 16 WANTS WORK IN STORE or deliver. Call 204 West First street.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY OF any kind; gardening a specialty. Call or send postal to 276 Third avenue east, upstairs.

WANTED—SITUATION; MALE STENographer and typewriter. C 71, Herald.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

MEDICAL.

GONOVA French treatment, male and female — positive cure of GONORRHOEA, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Inflamations and Ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injection combined, $5 or 2 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 313 Lyceum building. 'Phone 687. Prompt service.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

What Do We Do?

First-class moving, storing and packing of household goods and pianos. Move in padded and covered vans. Employ competent and experienced workmen. Make a specialty of moving safes and machinery. Estimates free. Try us and see, for satisfaction we guarantee.

The People's Moving and Storage Co.,
HERMAN RUMPEL, Mgr.
Office—210 West Superior Street. Phone 601 Zenith Duluth.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED house to rent for summer. Electric light, either coal or gas range for cooking. 1207 East Fourth street.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

FOR RENT—BEST NINE-ROOM HOUSE in the city for the price, $45; heat and water, 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABULa terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 203 Lonsdale.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—A FURNISHED ROOM. Gentleman preferred. 17 East Superior street. Room 9.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Modern. 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—FURNISHED OR unfurnished. 626 West Third street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms. 125 West Second street.

FOR RENT—PLEASANT FURNISHED room in private family. Apply 206 West Third street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOM FOR one or two gentlemen. Reasonable. 16 Seventh avenue west.

FOR RENT—THREE ROOMS; FURnished; modern. 931 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FIVE OR EIGHT ROOMS. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 632 West First street.

FOR RENT — NICE FURNISHED rooms. 129 East First street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for gentlemen. 320 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT FURNISHED ROOMS, steam heat. 126 East First street.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

PRIVATE ROOM AND BOARD—"THE Midland," 212 West Second.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—TWO ROOMS AND BOARD for the summer, at or near Lakeside. Address S 45, care Herald.

WANTED—FOUR FURNISHED ROOMS suitable for light housekeeping. Address S 46, Herald.

WANTED—MODERN HOUSE BY MAN and wife. No children. Phone 257.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

HORSEMEN! BREEDERS! SPECULATORS!

Watch for our second great consignment of hardy Western horses, consisting of brood mares, driving, delivery and draft horses. This will be the second shipment of the 2000 head that we have arranged for consignment to us from the famous ranchers of Washington and Montana.

They will be sold at auction to the highest bidders without reserve and regardless of value at our Midway Sale Stables, at 10 a. m., Wednesday, June 6.

This great bunch of horses are in prime condition, and will be worthy of the attention of horsemen, breeders and speculators throughout the country.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.
On Interurban line between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

FOR SALE—CAR FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive May 24 at Johnson's cow market, Twenty-sixth avenue west.

FOR SALE—CHEAP, GOOD ROLL TOP office desk and desk chair. Call 205 First National Bank building.

GOOD MILCH COW FOR SALE. 1008 London road.

S. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED WITH a carload of fresh milch cows; some good Jerseys among them. 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—TWO FULL BLOODED ST. Bernard pups. 431 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—AT 1531 EAST FOURTH street, Hazelton square, Grand piano, excellent condition; fine tone.

CAR FRESH MILCH COWS AT DOWnie's stock yards. Will trade cows for driving and delivery horses.

$65 BUYS FINE TONE PIANO, FINE case. 2 Banning block. Over Suffel's shoe store. Open evenings.

KNABE PIANO, UPRIGHT; GOOD AS new; bargain. 2 Banning block, over Suffel's shoe store. Open evenings.

FOR SALE—SMALL CLEAN STOCK OF groceries. Call at 638 Garfield avenue.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'l'd'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

FLOWERS! ...SELLING OUT... Got to move and giving unheard of bargains.
Lindsay's Greenhouses, 502 Avenue East.

PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant. 704 East Second.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

FRAMED SCENERY AND WAR PICtures on easy payments. J. Weinberg, manager New England Portrait company, 110 East Superior street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month. 8:00. Next meeting June 4, 1900. Work. Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 28, 1900. Work. Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 30, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 23, 1900. Work. P.M.M.E.M. degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 5, 1900. Work.—— Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 25, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, May 22, at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 1, 8 p. m. Work. Second Degree, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS, Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee depot. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

SETTLERS' EXCURSIONS.

On May 18, 21, 25, 28 and 29, I will run cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming land free. Western Canada is the greatest farming country in the world. Go there and become rich. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER, Canadian Government Agent, 316 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	2:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..Lv	1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar.... Virginia Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta Lv	12:33 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar.... Biwabik Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar.... Mt. Iron Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar.... Hibbing Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Pasenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive
†1 10 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 00 pm
*11 15 pm	...AND MINNEAPOLIS...	*7 00 am
*Daily.	†Daily except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	*6 43 pm
†3 05 pm		†11 50 am

Sleeper for 11:15 p.m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8:35 am	St. Paul, Mpls.	**3:05 pm
*4:30 pm	...Twilight Limited...	*9:59 pm
*5:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	-----FAST MAIL-----	*10:30 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

Lv.		Ar.
†9 00 am	TRAINS FOR	*6 45 am
*1 55 pm	ST. PAUL AND	†1 40 pm
*12 15 pm	..MINNEAPOLIS..	*7 00 pm

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

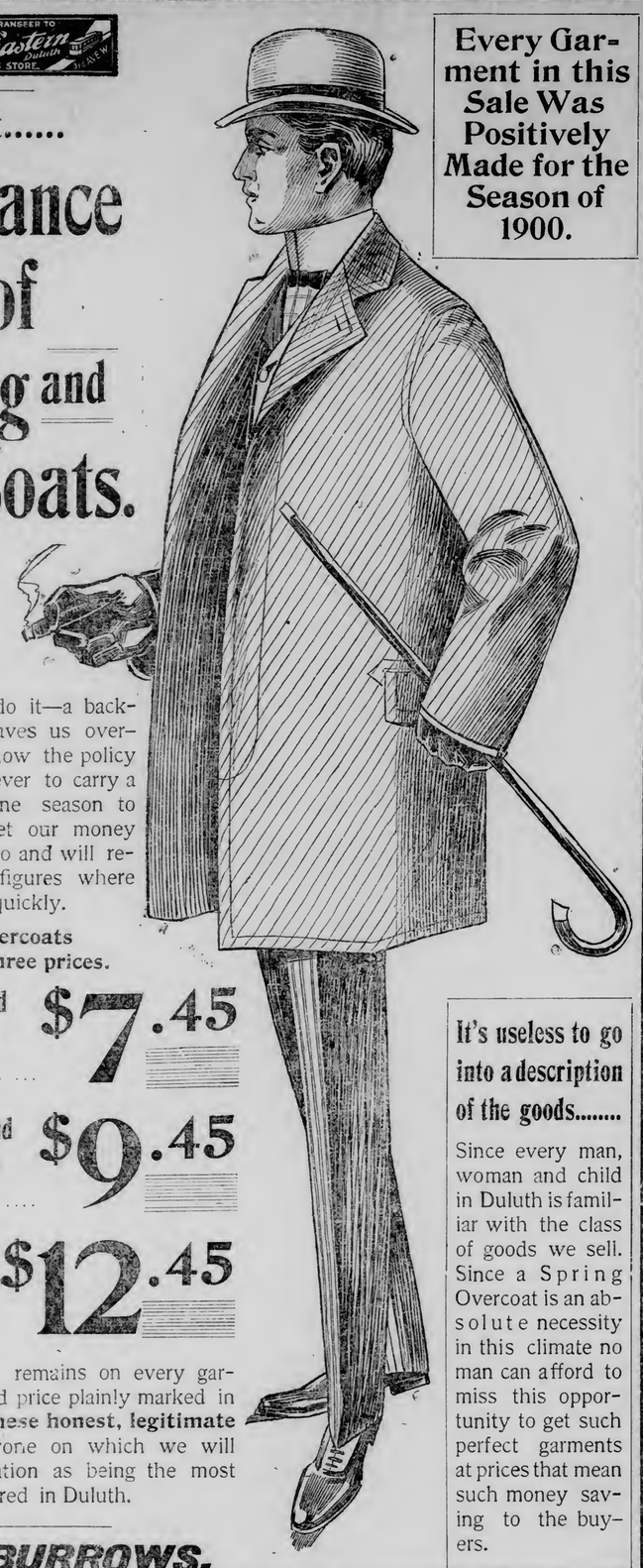
Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**6 30 p. m.	BOSTON LIMITED	*9 30 a. m.
* 45 a. m.	LIXPRESS	* 30 p. m

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO 2nd Great Eastern THE BURROWS STORE. Duluth

A Great.....

Clearance Sale of Spring and Top Coats.

Commences Tomorrow, Wednesday Morning.



Every Garment in this Sale Was Positively Made for the Season of 1900.

We're forced to do it—a backward season leaves us overstocked. You know the policy of the house—never to carry a garment from one season to another—must get our money out—compelled to and will reduce prices to figures where people will buy quickly.

1000 Spring Overcoats Divided Into Three prices.

$10.00, $9.00 and $8.00 Overcoats Reduced to..... $7.45

$16.50, $15.00 and $14.00 Overcoats Reduced to..... $9.45

$25, $20 and $18 Spring Coats Reduced to..... $12.45

The original price remains on every garment, the reduced price plainly marked in red. **Look at these honest, legitimate bargains,** everyone on which we will stake our reputation as being the most genuine ever offered in Duluth.

It's useless to go into a description of the goods.....

Since every man, woman and child in Duluth is familiar with the class of goods we sell. Since a Spring Overcoat is an absolute necessity in this climate no man can afford to miss this opportunity to get such perfect garments at prices that mean such money saving to the buyers.

M. S. BURROWS.

MAY HAVE TROUBLE

Chance For a Division In the Council Over Saloon Question.

MAY AFFECT SEVERAL

Course of Action Suggested Which Might Chop Off Number of Licenses.

Will the Republican council back the present Republican city administration in its efforts to run the police department as a grand jury would run it? There is a question that may agitate a little disturbance and is brought up owing to a recommendation of the chief of police, that appears to be in direct opposition to Republican politics in the Fifth ward.

Chief Crandall has recommended that a saloon license be refused Thomas Pinsonnault, of 631 West Superior street. At least two Republican aldermen will fight the chief's recommendation, it is said, for reasons purely political, and this fight will be watched with interest. If the police department is consistent and backed by the council, it means that a number of the most prominent saloons down town and at least one in the West End, will not be allowed to renew their licenses. With so many licenses at stake, it is probable that the saloon element will make a fight and the result will be closely watched on all sides.

In his recommendations against the Pinsonnault license, Chief Crandall has taken one of the strongest stands ever taken by a chief of police in this city. He says in part:

"On Jan. 12, 1900, Thomas Pinsonnault was arrested for keeping a house of ill-fame and pleaded guilty and was fined $56. It came out in this case that he not only rented the rooms knowingly for such purposes, but guaranteed to protect women from arrest.

"On April 28 a colored man fell asleep in his saloon and woke up a few hours later to find that both pockets had been cut out in an attempt to rob him of some money, which the colored gentleman, said he had won in a gambling game with the bartender.

"A business man, who does not wish his name mentioned, recently went into this saloon with two friends and lost $15 by some method of gambling and altogether the party lost $60.

"Recently the mayor received a letter from a woman, stating that her husband went to this saloon to associate with lewd women, and asked that the opportunities mentioned be removed."

One of the Republican aldermen who will lead the fight against the Republican administration on this license, has intimated that the report of the chief is more of a matter of prejudice than anything else, but the principal items of the chief's report are shown by the municipal court records.

In case the council does not back up the police department, there are at least six saloons on which the chief can make similar reports if so inclined, and it looks like a strong fight with an effort to swing enough Democratic aldermen to the Republican wing to knock out the recommendations of the police department.

In connection with license renewals, it is probable that the employment agency license of Joe Sheehy will not be renewed. His application is in, but a canvass of the aldermen last night indicated an overwhelming majority against allowing it, since Sheehy's recent court escapades with women.

The second-hand store license of I. Leiberman, at 313 West Superior street, is also undergoing an investigation. It was in this store some time ago that a woodsman lost a little money in a watch deal, and if the police department reports against the license next Monday night the store may be closed.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

SHOPPING NEWS

From Around the Store.....

Just to keep things freshened up—and keep you fully informed on the store's doings—several departments offer unusual values that were fully **detailed** in Sunday's Tribune—we shall simply remind you about them in a general way.

Almost one thousand yards of fancy silks are unusually priced for rapid selling—nothing wrong with them except that we are keeping pace with any inferior sorts offered—these silks were bought for our regular selling—no undesirable patterns among them. These are ready for you.

$1.25 Silks at 85c.

Corded, Plesse, Lace and Striped effects—complete range of colors—including Black, Gray, Tan, Navy, French Blue, Old Rose and the new pastel shades—85c the yard instead of $1.25.

Foulards at $1.00.

French designs, pure silk twisted, and on Jap ground—scarce and fashionable colors—such as Gray, Tan, Green, full range of Blue, Brown and Tan, Purple, Plum and Black.

$1.25 Satin Foulards, $1.00—in six colors.

$1.50 Grenadines, 89c—Black, with Pink or Green Polka Dots.

Beautiful Corded Wash Silks at 50c yard.

If we had to buy them today you'd pay us 65c the yard—choice colors in the much sought for corded stripes.

New Black Taffeta Waists at $5.75—guaranteed.

White Shirt Waists—in Lawns, Linens and Swiss.

Laces, Embroideries, Ribbons and Jewelry Novelties.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

CLOSING OUT!

The Palace Jewelry Company,

7 West Superior Street, in Scott's Drug Store, have decided to go out of **BUSINESS.** From now on until closed out we will sell goods at any price to get rid of them. Such as **Rings, Watches, Cut Glass, Clocks, Jewelry, Novelties, Silverware, Pocket Books, Belt Buckles, Etc.** If there is anything here you want, call on us and it is yours.

THE PALACE JEWELRY CO.,
No. 7 West Superior Street.

Northwestern Benevolent Society,
Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Claims paid to members over $270,000.

Insures Against Accident, Sickness and Death.
Agents Wanted in Wisconsin and Minnesota.

Freimuth's

Spring Time Hints and Helps.

Just the things you're needing these warm May days. Not only these, but hundreds more—**and our little prices on them all.**

Wednesday in the Basement.

100 full size close woven Hammocks, with pillow and two spreaders, cheap at $1.00. Special price for tomorrow, only—

75 cents

50 close woven Hammocks, with pillow and steel spreaders, 8-in Valance, with heavy fringe, like cut above, would be cheap at $1.95. Special for tomorrow, only—

$1.49

Better ones up to $3.75.

Croquet Sets.

100 four-ball Croquet Sets, steel wire wickets, nicely varnished ball, long handle mallets, worth $1.00. Special price for tomorrow, only—

69 cents

Six-ball sets, same finish as above, worth $1.25, for—

85 cents

Eight-ball sets, worth $1.50. For tomorrow, only—

98 cents

Lawn Mowers.

300 high grade Lawn Mowers, light, easy running, self-sharpening blades—

10-in.	12-in.	14-in.	16-in.
$2.29	$2.49	$2.69	$2.89

50 dozen Screen Doors.

Strong frame, well finished—special price Saturday, all sizes—

69c

Adjustable Screen Windows, 24-inch high, and will extend from 24 inches to 37 inches, strong, well made, worth 50c. Special price tomorrow, only—

33 cents

Large size Window Screens, 30-inch high and extend 24 inches to 37 inches. For tomorrow, only—

43 cents

Rakes—

200 Malleable Iron Garden rakes, will not break—

10-tooth—	12-tooth—
23c	25c

100 Steel Garden Rakes, 12-tooth, none better, worth 65 cents. Special price tomorrow, only—

49 cents

25 dozen Sprinkling Cans—

1-qt.	2-qt.	3-qt.	4-qt.	6-qt.
9c	12c	15c	19c	25c

8-qt.	10-qt.	12-qt.
33c	39c	45c

10 dozen Good Steel Garden Hoes, assorted sizes. Special price tomorrow, any size, only—

33 cents

10 dozen Good Steel Grass Scythes, worth 35c. Special price tomorrow, only—

25 cents

5000 feet of good 3-ply Rubber Hose, would be cheap at 8c a foot. For tomorrow, only, per foot—

5½ cents

3000 feet universal Rubber, 3-ply Rubber Hose, seamless tube, every foot guaranteed, regular price, 10c a foot. Tomorrow, only, per foot—

8 cents

1000 feet 7-ply Rubber Hose, best hose made, cheap at 18c a foot if service is considered. Tomorrow, only, per foot—

15 cents

25 dozen Combination Brass Spray Nozzles, regular value, 50c. Tomorrow, only, each—

35 cents

300 Hardwood bent frame Hose Reels, worth 75c. Special for tomorrow, only—

63 cents

We are sole agents for the celebrated Peerless Iceland Freezers. Guaranteed to be the best freezer made. Delicious cream in three minutes—

2-qt.	3-qt	4-qt	6-qt
$1.89	$2.19	$2.59	$3.29

8-qt	10-qt	12-qt
$3.98	$5.00	$6.00

Freimuth's

CAPTURE IT.

The Mystic Shrine Nobles Hold Undisputed Possession of Washington.

Washington, May 22.—The Nobles of the Mystic Shrine had undisputed possession of Washington today. Weather favored the ancients and brilliant sunlight accentuated the decorations that draped almost every building on Pennsylvania avenue from the capitol to the White House. The city resembles a modern Mecca in the height of a pilgrimage season. Red fez caps with the tiger claw emblem of the shrine are more in evidence than the conventional headgear of the American citizen, and many of the buildings down town look as though they had been captured by an invading army of Sarcarenes.

President McKinley lent himself to the demonstrations and reviewed the early morning procession from the White House portico, when hundreds of the Arab patrols in bizarre Oriental trappings escorted Imperial Potentate Atwood to the Columbia theater, where the imperial council convened at 10 o'clock.

While the leaders of the desert clans were busy in official council, the ladies of the visiting tribes were captured by a skirmishing party of the local shrine, imprisoned in trolley cars, carried by force of arms over the desert wastes of Washington asphalt for a two hours' ride that took in all the sights of the Capital City. The prisoners were refreshed at a hotel en route and at 1 o'clock were surrendered to their lords and masters, after which the Imperial council journeyed to the Seventh street wharf and boarded one of the river steamers, which carried them down the Potomac to a planked shad dinner.

This evening there will be a parade of all the nobles in fez and dress suits. The avenue will be illuminated along the line of march, and after the parade has been reviewed by the imperial potentate there will be an elaborate display of fireworks in the white lot.

The visitors will hold a reception at headquarters tonight and a banquet to the council will close the day's festivities.

We are receiving daily many beautiful articles, suitable for—

Wedding Presents...

in Sterling Silver, Fancy Wares, etc.

Will be Pleased to Have You Call When Making Selections.

G. A. KLEIN
THE JEWELER,
325 W. Superior St.

From 4 p. m. Until 8 p. m. TONIGHT!

We will sell the finest quality Strawberries—in perfect condition—any quantity you want

5c Per Quart.

Do not miss this opportunity to purchase your Strawberries at the lowest price ever offered for strictly fancy berries.

Rathbun's
17 E. Superior St.

IS BURNING.

Village of Point Claire, Near Montreal, a Prey to Flames.

Montreal, May 22.—Word has been received that the village of Point Claire, a summer resort 16 miles from here, the headquarters of the Royal St. Lawrence Yacht club during the international races for the Seawanhaka cup, has been almost entirely destroyed by fire. Twenty houses and several stores have already burned. Two hundred people are homeless. No fatalities have been reported.

A Fast Bicycle Rider

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

This is high time to get your

Berries!

For Preserving—fancy stock—

24-qt Cases.....$1.25

Pie Plant, per lb 1c

ANDERSON
CASH GROCERY COMPANY,
LOWELL BLOCK, First Ave. E. and Superior St.

West Duluth

The sidewalk resolution passed by the council last evening provides for $6982 worth of new sidewalks in West Duluth, out of a total of $30,998. The resolution provides that if the property owners do not construct the walks within thirty days, the city is to do the work and assess the cost. The resolution provides for both sides of Central avenue in the business district, and the other thoroughfares on which the larger portion of new walk is ordered are Raleigh, Ramsey and Main streets and Grand avenue.

WILL BEG JUST A LITTLE

Aldermen Barnes and Cochrane made a gallant effort to induce the council to loosen up its purse strings enough to squeeze out $20 to help along West Duluth's Memorial day celebration, the donation to go toward paying for music. But the council was of the mind that if West Duluth people want to hear music on Decoration day they could go to Duluth and hear that provided for the doings uptown, for which $65 was set aside, and Alderman Barnes withdrew his resolution for the appropriation, endorsed it "'Twas ever thus," and laid it away.

The council may keep its old twenty—the celebration planned for West Duluth will take place just the same, and a fine program will be rendered.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

from Rock Island, Ill., have just moved Patrick Murphy and family, from Michigan, and Anton Janson and family, from Rick Island, Ill., have just moved here.

Frank and Frederick Brown, of Brule, Wis., have been visiting here.

Wanted, a competent girl for general housework at good wages. Mrs. N. Hendricks, West Duluth.

I hear your daughter has broken her engagement with the duke. Fact, she found she could get Rocky Mountain Tea at the same price and took the tea. Sensible girl. Ask your druggist.

EYES TESTED FREE
and Glasses Fitted.
GEIST & ERD, Opticians,
121 W. Superior Street.

M'KINLEY IS ANXIOUS

(Continued from page 1.)

ground, may have lost by having the Populist convention of 1900 held in his home city.

* * *

The most interesting of the senatorial fights of the coming year will be at Lincoln, Neb. There will be two vacancies existing, and at least a score of candidates seeking the senatorial seats at present occupied by John M. Thurston, Republican, and William V. Allen, Populist. The latter, as is well known, was appointed to fill the vacancy of Senator-elect Hayward. Senator Allen's term, as well as Senator Thurston's, will expire March 4, 1901. The Nebraska legislature which assembles at Lincoln next winter may or may not be Republican. If it is, George D. Mieklejohn, present assistant secretary of war, and Representative Mercer of the Omaha district will start into the fight with more votes than the remaining eighteen or twenty candidates. Senator Thurston will not stand for re-election. If he desired he could probably be re-elected if the legislature is Republican. The wisest men from Nebraska coming to Washington say that the senatorial situation is so badly mixed that it is utterly impossible to name the men likely to be elected, or at this time to even indicate whether the next legislature will be Republican or anti-Republican.

* * *

Walter Ayers, of Duluth, who is in Washington on legal business, was yesterday admitted to practice before the supreme court.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

A Splendid Pair.

Cigars, not horses—the new crop, Flor de Teller, at 10 cents, and Royal Blue, at 5 cents.

PIANOS AND FURNITURE REFINISHED and REPOLISHED
AT C. O. KRISTENSEN'S.
Zenith Tel. 320. 10 E. Superior St.

EYES ACHE?

Eyes trouble you in any way? We fit glasses perfectly and guarantee satisfaction. Oldest optician in Duluth.

F. D. DAY & CO.,
315 W. Superior St.

Two Dwellings, East Fourth Street.... *$4500*
Rented past year $27 each. $1500 handles this.
8-room Dwelling, East Third Street—all modern..... *$4000*
Fine lot East End..... *$1250*
FOR RENT—10-room house E. Second Street, hot water heat, hardwood finish, bath, etc., *$40*

C. A. and E. D. Field,
204 Exchange Building.

TWELVE PAGES--SECTION ONE--Pages 1 to 6

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. WEDNESDAY, MAY 23, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

But Three Days More.....

Thursday, Friday and Saturday, to take your choice of any Spring Overcoat in the house for $9.75—

We don't make this great sacrifice because the Overcoats are undesirable styles, nor because the lots are small. The only reason for it is our cast iron rule that all of a season's goods must be sold well within the season. That rule brings you now the very finest Spring Overcoat in the world at $15.00, $18.00 and $20.00 for---------

$9.75

All odds and ends of Men's Suits in small and large sizes only

at half price

Both Spring Overcoat and Suit Sale positively closes Saturday night. Come during the week and avoid Saturday's multitude. Terms strictly cash. No Overcoats or Suits sent on approval during this sale.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK,
REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.

Bargains in houses and lots in all parts of the city.
Also in business property and acres.
We want applications for loans.

STRYKER, MANLEY & BUCK,
REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.

$2,500 Will buy an upper corner lot on East Superior street, Endion, 50x140.

MOORE & STARK, *Exchange Building.*
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

TICKETS To and from all European Points, via— WHITE STAR LINE.
FOR SALE BY---- **PULFORD, HOW & COMPANY,**
Room B, Trust Company Building.

Bicycles and Bicycles....

We have them—the *best on earth*, and we will leave it to any first class bicycle man if they are not.

"CLEVELAND" line, none better---------- $40.00 to $75.00
"WORLD" line ---------- $30.00 to $45.00

We have the Morrow Brake and Coaster.

"BARNES," only---------- $40.00. We have others from $20.00 up. —We sell on payments.

Don't buy until you have seen our line—we can save you some money.

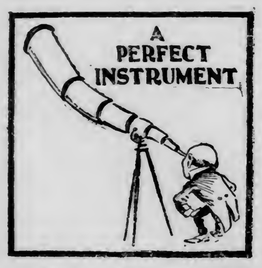
Special Sale of Baby Carriages and Go-Carts 10 PER CENT OFF regular prices. All styles from---- $4.50 to $28

We Carry a Large Stock of Ingrain Carpets.

R. R. Forward & Co., 2021-2023 W. Superior Street. Zenith 'Phone 680.

Mail or 'Phone Orders Have Prompt Attention. We will quote you LOW PRICES on anything. Try us.

A PERFECT INSTRUMENT



A Spy Glass,

Opera Glass, Camera, or any similar instrument is good, bad, or medium, according to the lenses that make it up. A single 1-inch lense may be worth $1, or it may be worth $25. The dealer who apparently cuts our prices does not do so in reality; he simply sells cheaper lenses for more than they are worth. His prices are really higher than ours. We will not be undersold, quality considered.

C. D. TROTT,
OPTICIAN,
3 West Superior Street.

A LONG JOURNEY.

Ely

Long journeys generally mean long absences; and a good picture from home is the very best companion.

Our Photographs give pleasure the world over. They possess the true artistic touch and the superiority of their mechanical development leaves nothing to be desired. *7 E. Superior St.*

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block. Telephone 755. Call 4. **D. H. DAY, Dentist.**

ROBERTS IS MOVING

He Is Advancing In Force, Flanked By French and Hamilton.

BOERS FALLING BACK

It Is Believed That the Burghers Have Positions Already Prepared.

London, May 23, 2:06 p. m.—Once more Lord Roberts is advancing in force. The wait at Kroonstad is over and the main British army is now about forty miles north of its former resting place, judging from the dispatches of Lord Roberts at Honing Spruit station, while, flanking him on either side of the railway, Gen. French's cavalry and Gen. Ian Hamilton's mounted infantry are both slightly in advance of Lord Roberts and threatening to envelope the Boer position, which extends for twenty miles due north.

Gen. French probably crossed the Sheonsth river near the junction with the Honing Spruit, which runs thence to Honing Spruit station.

The main British army will probably advance along the railroad, while Gen. French converges from the west and Gen. Hamilton from the east. Against this large force the Boers will probably follow their usual tactics by retiring to positions which, doubtless, have been prepared in advance for their occupation.

Gen. French and Gen. Hamilton are separated by forty miles, while Lord Roberts is within twelve miles of Gen. French and thirty miles of Gen. Hamilton.

Since the last dispatch left Honing Spruit yesterday Lord Roberts has doubtless still further advanced, and by now is either engaging or following the retreating Boers.

Definite dispatches received this morning make it clear that the Vaal river has not yet been crossed, as nearly forty miles intervene between it and Lord Roberts' flank advances.

Dispatches to the Associated Press from Heilbron say that the Boer general Dewet had 4000 men posted on an adjacent hill, but that he retired when Gen. Hamilton approached.

President Steyn fled from Heilbron May 20, and his destination is not known.

The first word received from Col. Baden-Powell at Mafeking heightens rather than diminishes the reports heretofore cabled of the gallantry exhibited by the garrison during the closing days of the siege. In an interview with the correspondent of the Reuter's Telegram company May 11, Col. Baden-Powell said:

"My great endeavor is to prevent the relief force from trying to rush into the place before they are strong enough to do so. It would be better to make certain of relief in two months than to be beaten in attempted reliefs in one month. You remember it was said in the old days in Zululand that the natives called me Umhalla Panza, the man who does not rush things.

"The knowledge that the whole empire was watching with appreciation the good fight of the garrison has been worth an extra pound of rations a day to the garrison. It was difficult to persuade the civilians of the necessity of submitting to martial law. We had our little difficulties, but later there was a loyal acceptance of the military administration and there was no trouble at all. The devotion of the nurses and women was most marked."

Referring to the requests of newspapers for messages, Baden-Powell looked embarrassed and said:

"These chaps have got an exaggerated idea of the importance of my personality. I look upon myself as the figurehead of the good ship Mafeking. It has been her stout canvas and shape and her brave hull that really shoved the ship along and brought her safely through the stormy cruise. So, whenever I read nice things people say of me, I take it that they are said inasmuch as I am the head representative of the garrison."

OVER THE RHENOSTER.

French Crosses the River to Cooperate With Hamilton.

Honing Spruit, Orange Free State, Tuesday evening, May 22.—Gen. French has crossed the Rhenoster river, northwest of here. This movement, combined with Gen. Ian Hamilton's occupation of Heilbron, renders the position twenty miles on the British front untenable. The latest reports received, however, say the burghers are prepared to make a strong resistance and possess fifteen guns. Fifteen prisoners were taken today.

BOER FORCE TAKEN.

A Large Detachment Gives Up Near Vryberg.

Kimberley, Tuesday, May 22.—About 800 Boers have surrendered at Vryburg (north of Kimberley and a little more than half way between that place and Mafeking).

The road is all clear from Mafeking, and all opposition in this district is practically ended.

BADEN-POWELL'S MESSAGE.

His Announcement of Mafeking's Relief Sent By Roberts.

London, May 23, 11:50 a. m.—The war office issues a dispatch from Lord Roberts, under date of Honings Spruit, May 22, announcing the receipt by him of the following message from Maj. Gen. Baden Powell:

"Mafeking, May 17.—I am happy to inform you that Mafeking was successfully relieved today. The northern and southern columns joined hands on May 15 and attacked the enemy yesterday, and after a small engagement entirely defeated them with loss. The British casualties were three killed and twenty-two wounded.

"The relieving force marched into Mafeking at 9 this morning, and the relief and defense forces combined and moved out and attacked the enemy's head laager. We shelled them out, and nearly captured Snyman, and took one gun, a flag and a large amount of ammunition, stores, etc.

"Five dead and fifteen wounded Boers were found. The enemy appears to be retreating in all directions, except one commando, which is lying low, possibly to cover the retreat of the remainder.

"Capt. Maclaren and Corporal Murray were found in the Boer hospital. They are doing well.

"The townspeople and the garrison of Mafeking are heartily grateful for their relief."

Lord Roberts futher says:

"Ian Hamilton reached Heilbron this morning after a series of engagements with a Boer force, under Dewet, who is retiring before him. Broadwood has captured fifteen Boer wagons. There have been seventy-five casualties in Hamilton's force to yesterday evening. We marched here this morning."

BOERS ARE DETERMINED.

They Will Not Consider an Unconditional Surrender.

London, May 23, 3:30 a. m.—The Transvaal government has informed the correspondents at Pretoria that it has not considered and does not intend to consider unconditional surrender, but will fight to a finish. The foreign consuls have been informed that Johannesburg will be defended and the government announces that it will not hold itself responsible for injury to person or property resulting from the defense measures. Pretoria dispatches affirm that President Kruger, President Steyn and all the most prominent leaders of both republics, after a prolonged interchange of views, are determined to continue the resistance, but that a minority of the leaders advocate surrender without terms.

Mrs. Reitz, wife of the Transvaal state secretary, and her family, with the families of other prominent Boers, have gone to Lourenzo Marques. Johannesburg and Pretoria are being cleared of non-combatants. The Boer chiefs, who now recognize the possibility that they will have to defend these cities, are preparing with the utmost haste. The Boer spirit has been rising from low ebb and is now ready for a steadfast resistance.

Nevertheless, according to the Daily Chronicle, long messages in Dutch have been received by the British government by way of Amsterdam, in which President Kruger seeks peace. According to one account, President Kruger surrenders unconditionally; according to another he asks for terms.

There seems to be good reason for believing that he is earnestly endeavoring to secure terms, but cable inquiries fail to confirm the assertion that correspondence has recently passed between Great Britain and the Transvaal respecting terms.

The Lourenzo Marques correspondent of the Times, telegraphing Monday says: "The German liner Bundesrath has been detained here all day for a special train from Pretoria bringing the families of prominent Boers. The utmost secrecy regarding the identity is maintained, but it is believed that among them are Mrs. Steyn and Mrs. Reitz.

The Lourenzo Marques correspondent of the Times says he has it on unquestionable authority that within the last six weeks President Kruger has transferred the bulk of his property in the Transvaal to personal friends in order to avoid its confiscation by Great Britain.

BRUSH NEAR DOUGLAS.

British Drive the Boers and Canadians Win Honors.

Douglas, Cape Colony, Tuesday, May 22.—A force under Gen. Warren, consisting of mounted infantry, Imperial yeomanry, and two guns of the Canadian artillery, left Roal Pan, Cape Colony, on the night of May 20, and marched in two columns under Cols. Hughes and Spence. Nothing was seen of the Boers until the British were within two miles of Douglas, when a few shells from the Canadian artillery sent the burghers in full retreat towards Douglas. Col. Hughes' column advanced in skirmishing order, and after a lengthy exchange of shots the Boers fled, leaving their laager and a quantity of stores and ammunition.

Again today, 300 Boers opened a hot fire on a detachment of yeomanry, and the Canadian artillery repeated their excellent practice and compelled the enemy to retire.

WARREN ENTERS DOUGLAS.

The British Occupy the Town After Heavy Fighting.

Cape Town, May 22.—Gen. Warren has occupied Douglas after heavy fighting and without sustaining any loss. The Boers have retreated to the north.

JOLLY FROM JOSEPH.

Ottawa, May 23.—Lord Minto, governor general of Canada, has received the following cablegram from Joseph Chamberlain, minister for the colonies: "London, May 22.—Congratulate Canada on great service rendered by Canadian artillery in relieving Mafeking."

IS RE-ELECTED.

Arthur Is Again Made Grand Chief of the Locomotive Engineers.

Milwaukee, May 23.—Grand Chief Engineer P. M. Arthur, of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, at the forenoon session of the convention today, received four-fifths of the votes on an informal ballot for re-election. He was re-elected at the afternoon session.

The brotherhood yesterday, after a thorough discussion of the question of building a home for disabled and aged engineers on the Meadow Lawn farm at Mattoon, Ill., decided to abandon the project. The farm will likely be sold.

TAYLOR AND FINLEY.

Both Find the Air of Indianapolis Agreeable.

Indianapolis, May 23.—W. S. Taylor, former governor of Kentucky, and Charles Finley, wanted at Frankort on a charge of complicity in the Goebel assassination, continue here.

Finley makes the contention that the present requisition issued for him by Governor Beckham is illegal. The detective who brought the requisition here left Kentucky some time before the United States supreme court declared Beckham governor, and Finley contends that Beckham's signature was affixed before he was governor in reality.

ARE GRINDING.

Indianapolis, May 23.—A report of the wage scale committee of the Amalgamated association is not likely until Friday or Saturday. The conservative element is opposing many radical demands, prominent in which are those of Indiana tin plate workers for big increases. If a new scale is not adopted by June 1, iron, steel and tin workers will cease work.

THEY ARE WAITING

Gold Democrats Are Holding Off For the Kansas City Convention.

LOOKING FOR A HOME

Pass Resolutions Hating Bryan and Just Fairly Skinning McKinley.

Indianapolis, May 23.—The gold Democrats of Indiana held an important conference here this afternoon to determine their position in the coming campaign.

Leaders today say their purpose to nominate a national gold Democratic ticket will be influenced by the course of the Kansas City convention. If no concessions are made, a national ticket will be put in the field.

The gold men have the assurance that free silver will not be endorsed by the coming Indiana Democratic convention. Resolutions were passed saying it is every Democrat's duty to fight Bryan.

Of the administration it further says:

"For principles which we believe to be McKinleyism we have nothing but abhorrence. The flowering of Hannaism and spoilism in thievery and corruption recently unearthed in the Cuban administration make it impossible, as it seems to us, for any Democrat to support Mr. McKinley."

IS PASSED.

The Reichstag Adopts the Bill Restricting Importation of Meat.

Berlin, May 23.—The reichstag today, voting by roll call, adopted the meat bill by 163 to 123 votes.

As it has passed the reichstag, in addition to prohibiting the importation of canned or sausage meats, the bill provides that until Dec. 31, 1903, the importation of fresh meats shall only be allowed in the whole, or in certain cases in half, carcasses, and that the importation of prepared meat shall only be permitted when it is proved to be innocuous, which is regarded as being impossible of proof in the case of consignments of salt meat under four kilogrames in weight. The bill also provides that after 1903 the importation of meats shall either be regulated by fresh legislation, or the above-mentioned provisions remain in force.

CARS RUN DAYS ONLY.

St. Louis People Must Walk Nights For Awhile.

St Louis, May 23.—Most of the divisions of the St. Louis Transit company operated cars yesterday, and will attempt to open up the remaining lines today. But few of the lines ran the usual number of cars, and none of them were operated after nightfall. The management of the Transit company's cars will not be run after dark until all danger of attack from the disturbing element has passed.

Three police officers have been indicted by the grand jury on the charge of neglect of duty for failing to perform duty when called upon to do so.

BAPTIST HOME MISSIONS.

Annual Meeting of the American Society at Detroit.

Detroit, Mich., May 23.—The second of the group of annual meetings of the various missionary institutions of the Baptist church began today, viz., that of the American Baptist Home Mission society. The occasion is the sixty-eighth anniversary of that society, which embraces in the scope of its missionary work every state and territory, Mexico, Cuba and Porto Rico. The influx of Baptists from various parts of the country was large today.

The two days' session of the Home Mission society began with a brief address by its president, Stephen Greene, of Newton Center, Mass.

T. J. Morgan, of New York, corresponding secretary, sketched the sixty-eighth annual report of the executive board, bringing out the salient features and emphasizing the showing of progress made in the past twenty years. The report showed the present force of 180 missionaries and teachers is four times greater than in 1880. During the twenty year period the number of schools for colored people has increased from eight to twenty-eight. The number of colored Baptists has expanded from 750,000 to 1,800,000. The society's church edifice work shows that more than 1600 churches have been aided.

The annual receipts for 1900 are $580,700. The grand total of receipts from all sources for twenty years is $8,943,700. Special growth was shown in the past year in the educational endowment and annuities fund.

The report of Treasurer Frank Hathaway, of New York, for the year ending March 31 last showed contributions amounting to $229,500 and total receipts of $388,825. The total disbursements were $417,272; cash on hand, $9643; debts of the society April 1 last, $32,200.

After a discussion of the reports, convention committees were appointed by the president.

NO CHANGE AT KUMASSIE.

Both Sides Stand Pat at the Ashantee Capital.

Cape Coast Castle, Gold Coast, May 22—The situation at Kumassie, the capital of Ashantee, is apparently unchanged. A detachment of 250 men of the frontier force, Col. Carter commanding, was landed by the Sokoti today.

BLOWN TO ETERNITY

Explosion Kills Twenty-Two In a North Carolina Mine.

BODIES ARE BURNED

Remains of Many of the Victims Are Charred By Flames.

Raleigh, N. C., May 23.——Twenty-two miners, ten white and twelve negroes lost their lives by the explosion at the Remeck mine yesterday. All the bodies except one, that of Sam McIntyre, have been brought to the surface.

John Connelly, the mine superintendent, came to this state about three years ago from Pittsburg, Pa. He leaves a wife and three small children. This is the second explosion this mine has had within the past four years, the former one having occurred on Dec. 28, 1895, when forty-three men lost their lives.

A great many of the bodies taken from the mine had been burned, and the scenes around the mouth of the shaft yesterday were heart-rending.

IN SESSION.

The General Assembly of the United Presbyterian Church Convenes.

Chicago, May 23.—The forty-second general assembly of the United Presbyterian church of North America began here today in the Sixth United Presbyterian church. The opening sermon was preached by Rev. S. R. Lyons, D. D., president of Monmouth college. The greatest discussion of the assembly will be over the revision of testimony of secret societies.

The following reports were presented: Report of the board of home missions, report of the board of church extension, report of freedmen's missions, report of the statistical clerk and report of the board of ministerial relief.

Among the candidates prominently mentioned for moderator were Rev. F. B. Foster, of Omaha; Rev. J. P. Gibson, of College Spring presbytery and Rev. A. S. Biddle, of the New York presbytery.

The report of the board of home missions contained statistics showing that progress has been made in the work during the past year, there having been an increase in membership and average attendance. The net gain was 1378. There had been a marked increase in the number of teachers and scholars in the Sabbath schools, also in the contributions of the congregations. For salaries of ministers and general work of the church the amount raised by home mision stations was $103,434, an amount which exceeded the expenditures for the work by $15,792. The tendency and effort of the congregations was to become self-supporting, a feature of home mision work, it was stated that more and more needed to be urged.

The report of the board of church extension showed that the proportion of entirely new work had been greater than in some of the recent years, but it had ben found necessary to make grants for some older congregations because of conditions which seemed to threaten their continued existence. The total receipts, including balance May 1, 1899, were $93,939, and the expenditures, $83,885, leaving $10,054 on hand May 1, 1900. Of the 911 congregations in America, 200 reported as not contributing anything to church extension.

The report of the board of freedmen's missions set forthtthat fourteen missions are carried on by the board—three in Virginia, one in North Carolina, five in Tennessee and five in Alabama, with a total membership of 784, a net increase of 106 for the year. There are thirteen schools with an enrollment of 3024. The sixteen Sabbath schools are attended by 3843 children with 188 officers and teachers. The number of missionaries employed is eighty-nine. The receipts were $50,510 and expenditures $49,251.

The net increase of all the congregations in America was only 1226.

LAKE VIEW IS SCORCHED.

Business Portion of a Neveda Town Is Burned.

Reno, Nev., May 23.—A special to the Gazette says that the business portion of Lake View, Ore., has been destroyed by fire. Lake View has a population of 700.

APPROPRIATION SWELLED.

Senate Committee Increases Sundry Civil Bill Over Four Million.

Washington, May 23.—The senate committee on appropriations today concluded its work on the sundry civil appropriation bill and sent the bill to the senate. As amended by the committee, a net increase of $4,316,665 is made over the amount carried by the bill as it passed the house.

The principal item of increase is that of $2,750,000 improvement of the Mississippi river, and of this sum $2,500,000 is to be expended below the mouth of the Ohio.

POSTMASTERS ORGANIZE.

Minneapolis, May 23.—The postmasters of Minnesota met at the Fourth Ward Republican hall yesterday afternoon and effected a permanent organization. The following officers were elected to serve for one year: William Kayser, Faribault, president; E. L. Fisher, Duluth, first vice president; Andrew Aiken, Crookston, second vice president; P. A. Peterson, Cannon Falls, third vice president; M. J. Fish, Minnesota Lake, fourth vice president, and C. A. Rassmunsen, Red Wing, secretary and treasurer.

ABOLISH THE LIMIT

Methodist Conference Votes to Abolish Time Limit For Pastors.

GREETING IS GIVEN

Conference Receives a Fraternal Delegate From the Presbyterian Assembly.

Chicago, May 23.—The Methodist Episcopal general conference today voted to abolish the time limit on pastorates.

Chicago, May 23.—With the election of bishops and the important question of admitting women to the general conference disposed of, the Methodist general conference today resumed the discussion of the pastorate time limit. It was expected that this question would be settled before the close of the morning session.

Discussion this morning was mainly over the minority report of the committee, which provided for a five-year extension of the pastorate only on a three-fourths vote of a quarterly conference, which one speaker declared to be a "vicious proposition," and an amendment offered by Secretary D. S. Monroe, substituting the word "three" for "five," in section 3 of paragraph 173 of the discipline, thus returning to the three-year limit, but with the provision that the pastorate may be extended for periods of three years by a majority report of a quarterly conference.

Dr. J. M. Buckley advocated as a compromise measure the adoption of the minority report with a majority vote of a quarterly conference, instead of three-fourths, as a requisite for extension.

The minority report was laid on the table, and substitutes offered by various delegates were howled down. Amidst a babble of voices calling "vote," "vote," demands for a vote by orders from both ministers and laymen were voted down, but a yea and nay vote was ordered.

Pending comparison of the vote by the secretaries, the conference listened to an address of greeting by Rev. Dr. Samuel Nichols, of St. Louis, fraternal delegate from the Presbyterian general assembly at St. Louis. He was given an enthusiastic greeting. Resolutions were adopted expressing pleasure over Dr. Nichols' address, and instructing the board of bishops to appoint two fraternal delegates, a minister and a layman, to represent the Methodist church at the Presbyterian general assembly in 1902.

The vote on the majority report of the committee on itinerancy was then announced as follows: Ayes, 433; nays, 238, and thus the law of the Methodist church, whereby a minister is able to remain in one pastorate but five years was abolished.

The majority report of the committee on initerancy as adopted by the conference reads:

"Section 3, paragraph 173, of the discipline is amended by striking out substitute section 1, of section 3, inserting therefor the words, 'He (the bishop) shall appoint the preachers to the several pastoral charges annually.'"

OFFICERS ARE ELECTED.

Charaties and Correction Conference Honors a Minnesota Girl.

Topeka, Kas., May 23.—The following officers of the charters and corrections conference have been elected: President, John M. Glenn, Baltimore, Md.; vice presidents, D. C. Gillman, Johns Hopkins university; T. J. Charlton, Plainfield, Ind.; Michael Frymann, New Orleans; general secretary, H. S. Hart, Chicago; treasurer, Alfred O. Crosier, Minneapolis; official reporter and editor, Isabell C. Barrows, Dorchester, Mass.

Among the assistant secretaries elected was Grace Johnston, of Red Wing, Minn.

THE ASSEMBLY.

Report of the Presbyterian Foreign Missions Committee Attracts a Throng.

St. Louis, May 23.—At the forenoon session of the Presbyterian general assembly, the report of the committee on foreign missions attracted another great audience to the Compton avenue church. It seemed from the impressive devotional exercises which marked the morning session that the commissioners left behind their thoughts of creed revision. Each prayer, talk and song was imbued with the spirit of foreign missions.

Immediately following the opening of the morning session, the assembly voted to fix the hour for taking the vote on the report of the committee on appointment of permanent clerk at 1:30 o'clock today. Nominating speeches will be limited to ten minutes.

Rev. Dr. Swiggett, chairman of the committee on resolutions, presented a memorial on the death of Rev. William A. Echols, D. D., of the synod of Ohio, who died just prior to the opening of the assembly last Friday morning. The remainder of the morning was taken up with a discussion of the report of the committee on foreign missions.

SOLDIERS GONE.

Frankfort, Ky., May 23.—Frankfort today is free from soldiers for the first time since Jan. 30. The evacuation of the Beckham troops, the last to leave, occurred today.

STRANGE COINCIDENCE.

On Dec. 5, 1664, a vessel crossing the Menai strait with eighty-one passengers on board encountered a terrific gale and foundered, says an exchange. The only man who escaped death was Hugh Williams. More than 100 years later, on Dec. 5, 1780, another vessel with a large number of passengers sank in the same circumstances and in the same place. All the passengers were drowned except one, again Hugh Williams. Again on Dec. 5, 1820, a boat laden with thirty people sank in the same spot. The sole survivor once more was Hugh Williams.

There's Constant Inquiry for Rooms and Board

So that if you can provide either, 'twill pay you to keep that fact before applicants in the form of a Herald adlet, the cost of which will be small. A landlady said the other day: "I keep my rooms full all the time through my ad. in the Herald."
324, 2 rings—either 'Phone. Herald business office open until 8 p. m.

FRAUDS THE THEME

The Postal Scandal In Cuba Is Discussed In the Senate.

PLATT TO THE FORE

Connecticut Man Comes to the Rescue of the Administration.

Washington, May 23.—At the close of routine business in the senate today, Mr. Morgan called up his resolution calling upon the secretary of war and the secretary of the navy for information relative to the transportation of troops and supplies to the Philippines, and it was agreed to.

The resolution previously offered by Mr. Bacon directing the committee on relations with Cuba to make an investigation regarding the receipts and expenditure and receipts of money in Cuba was called up.

Mr. Platt said that the recent disclosures in Cuba are a blow to every true citizen of the United States, and that the committee on relations with Cuba needed no prodding from the opposition party to induce them to make a most searching investigation, and to use every effort to punish, summarily and severely, any person guilty of wrongdoing or fraud in the island of Cuba. He proposes to show that President McKinley has demonstrated his determination that no guilty man in the Cuban frauds shall escape.

Mr. Platt said congress could not well interfere with the investigation instituted by the postmaster general. He read the following letter from Postmaster General Smith to ourth Assistant Postmaster General Bristow, who is charged with conducting the investigation:

"May 16, 1900—Hon. Joseph L. Bristow, Fourth Assistant Postmaster General, Sir: Supplementing my letter of May 12, directing you to proceed at once to Cuba, the following instructions are given for your guidance:

"You will immediately on your arrival at Havana confer freely and fully with Gen. Wood, military governor, and will keep in constant communication with him in the work on which you enter. You will co-operate with the military governor both in the investigation of all irregularities in the postal service of Cuba and in any measure for the reorganization of the system that may be undertaken.

"The examination of the inspectors already provided for, will have begun before your arrival. You will assume general supervision of this examination and will enforce the instructions heretofore given that it shall be of the most searching and thorough nature. If you find that you need a still larger force for the prompt and complete performance of this duty, you will call for it. The investigation must be comprehensive and minute, covering every branch of the service and all classes of officials. Its prosecution must be governed solely by the purposes of ascertaining the truth and the whole truth, and it must be uncompromising and unsparing.

"Besides supervising the investigation in co-operation with the military governor, it will be your duty to examine the organization of the postal service, with its system of checks and balances, and report what greater or additional safeguards can be provided. Under the system established at the beginning of the American occupation of Cuba, the administrative idea of the service was placed under the control of this department, and the auditing or checking side under the control of another. This is the system of the United States government.

"The irregularities and peculations which have been brought to light were apparently accomplished because officers appointed by, and responsible to different departments, and who should have been a check upon each other, entered into collusion and conspiracy to perpetrate these wrongs on the one side and to pass and cover them up on the other. You will carefully investigate by what defects of supervision or defense they were consummated and what further measures of protection in the passing and auditing of accounts and in the handling of public funds and property may be needed.

"It is desired also that the central organization of the postal service in Cuba shall receive your special attention. You will examine as to whether it is framed in the best manner for sufficient administration. You will se whether, compatibly with a good mail service for the people, any retrenchments can be made, and whether economies can be effected by a consolidation and reduction of bureaus. It is desired to bring the postal expenditures within the postal revenues so far as may be consistent with the obligation of providing a satisfactory mail service.

"Your presence in Cuba, as the representative of the department, with these instructions, makes you the ranking officer of the postal administration. You will consider and advise what removals or other action may be required in the case of Jussen, for the interest of the government and the people of Cuba and for the welfare of the service. You are chosen for this duty with the approval of the president, who is deeply shocked at the shameful betrayal of trust on the part of officials in whom confidence had been reposed, and who directs that in dealing with all irregularities which have been or may be disclosed the sole rule of action shall be thorough and complete investigation, the rigorous and unsparing prosecution of all guilty persons and their swift and condign punishment.

"You will communicate these instructions to Gen. Wood, keeping him fully informed as you proceed and reporting regularly to the department. Respectfully yours, CHARLES EMORY SMITH,
"Postmaster General."

Mr. Tillman asked Mr. Platt in regard to the charges about the seven-mile military road near Havana, saying he could supply witnesses if any investigation should be made.

Mr. Platt said this road had been built in haste by the quartermasters of the army. The road had cost $186,000.

Mr. Bacon said his information was that the cost of this road had been enormous and he expected to prove this before an investigation was concluded.

Mr. Platt charged that Bacon's accusations were made for campaign purposes. Continuing, Mr. Platt said that the postal officials had been selected with great care.

Mr. Platt said that Rathbone had been chosen because of his knowledge of the postoffice business. If he had been guilty of misconduct, it was not the first time a good man had gone wrong. As for Neely, he had the confidence of all who knew him in Indiana. No one could know how it happened he had gone wrong.

Mr. Platt expressed a willingness for a congressional investigation of Cuban affairs. He declared that figures used by Mr. Bacon in his recent speech were unfair as he had contrasted the whole expenses of Cuba with expenses of states, ignoring the separate municipal expenses of states.

Mr. Bacon said he had not ignored them.

Shortly before 3 o'clock Mr. Platt concluded, and the resolution went over.

The Philippine bill was taken up and Mr. Morgan offered an amendment granting to residents of the islands all privileges extended by the constitution, also extending United States customs and coastwise laws to the Islands.

Mr. Spooner then resumed his speech begun yesterday.

DAY IN THE HOUSE.

Chaplain Startles Members By Referring to Postal Frauds.

Washington, May 23.—The blind chaplain, in his invocation in the house today, rather startled the house by referring to the Cuban frauds, which, he said, brought the blush of shame to the cheek of every true American. "We pray," he continued, "that the culprit will be brought to speedy justice that we may give an object lesson to the world in dealing with perfidy and fraud."

Mr. Payne, chairman of the ways and means committee, presented from that committee a resolution to empower the ways and means committee to sit during the recess to consider the reduction and revision of the war revenue taxes.

"There is a great demand for the reduction of these taxes," observed Mr. Livingston. "Why cannot the committee consider this subject now?"

"I will explain," said Mr. Payne, who offered twenty minutes on a side for debate.

"I object," said Mr. De Armond. "The entire session has been frittered away. There is no necessity for cutting off debate on this question."

Mr. Payne then offered the resolution for a sine die adjournment June 6 and proceeded to answer the inquiry of Mr. Livingston on the other resolution. He explained that the total surplus for the ten months and twenty days of the present fiscal year was $59,458,313. The surplus had averaged $8,000,000 a month until April, when it fell to $4,000,000, and for the first twenty-two days of the present month to less than $1,000,000. He then explained the policy entered upon by the treasury of refunding 4 and 5 per cent bonds in 2 per cents. Already about $28,000,000 of bonds had been exchanged. He pointed out the savings in interest that would result to the taxpayers. This refunding process, he said, did not show in the treasury balances, but as a draft against the balance. Some 200 or 300 of those bonds remained to be refunded, or a draft of $53,000,000 against the surplus since March 14. That would cut down the balance to almost nothing, and in view of the falling off of the surplus in April and May, he said, it would be unsafe to reduce the war taxes now. The ways and means committee had given some hearings and had found that all who paid war taxes favored their repeal or reduction, but the majority did not propose to enter upon legislation now that might create a deficit in the treasury. (Republican applause.) During the recess the whole subject could be investigated and a comprehensive and intelligent measure framed for introduction at the opening of the session in December.

Representative Richardson, the minority leader, said congress ought not to adjourn until some provision had been made for the reduction of the war taxes. He favored repealing the tax on beer.

Mr. De Armond delivered a scathing denunciation of the "peculation and wholesale robbery" as a result of "imperialism in Cuba."

Mr. Cannon, supporting the bill, said Mr. De Armond was a "chronic calamity howler."

Mr. Clayton said the bill was unprecedented, and was to be passed because the government had not lived up to its promises that Cuba should be free.

The resolution for a recess sitting of the ways and means comittee went over on objection by Mr. De Armond.

Chairman Ray of the judiciary committee called up a case by unanimous consent the Neely extradition bill. Forty-five minutes' debate was allowed.

Mr. De Armond's amendment was in the nature of a substitute, and provided that while Cuba was occupied by the United States, offenders in Cuba who flee to the United States should be surrendered upon written requisitions.

The house adopted without division the resolution providing for adjournment June 6.

FROM SCAFFOLD TO BENCH.

In Western cities, especially those which partake of the character of a mining camp, there are many citizens with pasts. Among that rather numerous class here Judge Wirt W. Saunders' past is admitted to be the most remarkable, says a Spokane, Wash., correspondent of the New York Sun.

The last act of Governor Pennoyer of Oregon was to pardon Mr. Saunders, and the governor's message came near being too late, for the sheriff and Saunders had ascended the scaffold before the pardon came. That happened only seven years ago, just across the state line in Oregon. Five years afterward Mr. Saunders was police judge of Spokane and he is now one of the leading attorneys of the city. The only incident for which any members of the bar have criticised him took place in the police court during his early struggles here. He was defending a man accused of vagrancy. At that stage of his career every case won counted. Saunders said to the police judge in the course of his plea:

"I know this client of mine. I know that for three months he performed the hardest kind of manual labor. The testimony of the police that he will not work is quite untrue."

It was an unusual appeal and the magistrate said: "Your testimony is sufficient to acquit him and it is all that is in his favor. By the way, Mr. Saunders, where did you know him?"

"He was my cell mate in the Oregon penitentiary, your honor," replied Saunders.

The silence that followed the answer was uncomfortable until the court apologized for the question. Saunders' answer was the first intimation the general public of Spokane had concerning his past. Shortly after this Saunders made public a review of the case in which he was the defendant, and notwithstanding the rivalry that always exists in municipal elections, the story of his life was not referred to by his opponents when he was conducting the campaign that made him police judge. Judge Saunders is a Texan by birth. He is dignified and affects the typical Southern apparel. His most intimate acquaintance would not take the liberty of asking him anything about his narrow escape from the scaffold, and he is said to be averse to discussing it, just as one is loath to recall some horrible dream. From time to time, however, to prevent rumor from being accepted as truth, he has found it necessary to make fragmentary statements.

Testimony was introduced at the first of Saunders' Oregon trials to show that he killed a man in Texas. However that may be, he went to Eastern Oregon when a young man and opened a law office. His social gifts were highly appreciated by the isolated community where he resided, and within a short time he became an aspirant for the hand of the belle of the town. He had a rival, and one morning this rival was found dead in a mountain path, where it was said Saunders had been seen walking on the night previous. It was a plain case of murder. Circumstantial evidence accumulated against Saunders almost as rapidly as his friends deserted him. Within a few hours he was under arrest, charged with the murder.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

At the trial the judge admitted testimony tending to show that Saunders had killed a man in Texas. The jury found him guilty and he was sentenced to the Oregon penitentiary for life. Saunders obtained a new trail upon the ground that the testimony as to the Texas homicide had undue influence upon the jury. It was excluded at the second trial, but he was sentenced to hang.

During all this trouble the young woman was so confident of his innocence that she promised to remain true to him for a lifetime if need be. Great pressure was brought to bear upon the governor to issue a pardon, but the dead man had many influential friends, who presented counter petitions. Just what motive influenced Governor Pennoyer at the eleventh hour will probably never be known, but there was great rejoicing in the bunch grass town when the telegram forbidding the sheriff to go on with the execution was received. There were also cutcries that justice had been thwarted, but sentiment has changed since then and nearly everyone in that community, except the relatives of the murdered man, believes in Saunders' innocence.

The young couple lost no time in changing the preparations for a funeral it to arrangements for a marriage. Saunders and his young wife came to Spokane. Although they took no pains to conceal the ordeal through which they had been, in some way or other it did not become generally known. When the story became public it did not change the attitude of the public toward the couple, and at this time there is probably not a man in Spokane who does not look upon Judge Wirt W. Saunders as one who came near being a victim of circumstantial evidence. He has amassed a competence through his legal practice and lucky mining deals.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Madison, Wis., $9.65, Via Northwestern Line.
Join the party and attend the convention of high school principals in Madison May 24 and 25. Tickets 405 West Superior street.

Columbia Bicycles 1900
Styles, both chain and chainless, at 10 per cent cash discount from cash prices at
SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE CO.

West Duluth

Interest in boxing has revived in West Duluth recently. One lively bout was pulled off a day or two ago, and another is on the tapis. The first event was between a dentist and a civil engineer connected with a railroad, and is said to have been a hot one. The dentist's reach was a little too much for the engineer, who is not over tall, and he was forced to measure his distance by triangulation. This placed him at a decided disadvantage, and the dentist landed about where and when he wanted to, getting the first and only blood.

After the bout the civil engineer offered to back a brother railroad man, the superintendent of his company, against the dentist, and dug up a handful of change to evidence his faith in his man. The dentist hesitated about going against an unknown, and several of his friends advised him to look out for the superintendent, whom they described as small but a perfect cyclone. This clinched it with the dentist and he refused to accept the challenge. Later, however, it was reported that he was looking for the civil engineer with $28.65, which he was prepared to place on himself against the superintendent, and it was thought the affair would be arranged.

DANIEL BISHOP'S CLOSE CALL.

Daniel Bishop, an employe at the Lesure mill, had a close call Monday night. He was thrown from a log carriage on which he was working and in falling was caught between the carriage frame and the edge of the hole into the sawdust pit. He was rolled pretty hard and his hips were badly bruised, but his body slipped through into the sawdust pit, where he lay half stunned by the shock. It is expected that he will be out again in a few days.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mrs. Alexander McDougall has gone to St. Paul to visit her parents for three weeks.

The funeral of Mrs. E. A. Downs, of Oneota, who died Monday morning, took place yesterday afternoon from the Oneota Methodist church. Interment at Oneota cemetery.

The 6-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. P. F. Keating, of Proctorknott, died yesterday morning of dropsy. The funeral will be held Thursday morning from the Catholic church at Proctor-Knott. Interment at Calvary.

W. H. Wells has opened a bird store corner Fifty-third avenue west and Ramsey street.

Wanted, a competent girl for general housework at good wages. Mrs. N. Hendricks, West Duluth.

WEST DULUTH ADVERTISEMENTS.

Screen Doors—Best grade, complete ---- **$1.00**
Fancy White Pine Front Door, complete with hinges, etc ---- **$1.50**
Screen Windows, fit any window ---- **25c**
Ice Boxes and Refrigerators, guaranteed to save your ice ---- **$10.00**
Gasoline Stoves, 2 burners ---- **$3.50**

Wieland & Wade
DEALERS IN
RELIABLE HARDWARE.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Cheap Lots in Helm's Addition.
$400 Buys a lot on Railroad Street, near Twenty-ninth Avenue West.
$500 Buys a lot on Helm Street, between Twenty-eighth and Twenty-ninth Aves. W.
FOR SALE BY
CROSBY & MARTINDALE,
106 Providence Bldg. Telephone 24.

Established 1886. **J. C. Mishler,** Established 1886.
200 Exchange Building.
OFFERS FOR SALE:
One and one-half miles water front on the St. Louis river, which affords a good water power. 35-feet fall.
Also desirable Iron leases on the Mesaba range.
Also houses and lots in the city from $1000 up.

$3500 For 50-ft lot near Eleventh avenue west; double frontage, Superior and Michigan streets; two houses, monthly rent $40; will make business property. This is cheap; dropped from $11,000.
D. W. SCOTT, 10 Mesaba Building.

FOR RENT—Centrally located flats, steam heat, bath, etc.,
FOR SALE CHEAP—One acre on shore Pike Lake, Minn.—beautifully located—nice beach.
Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate and Loans
Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.
Thos. P. Brown,
No. 704 Torrey Building.

SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE FOR SALE. 1420 Jefferson.

HOUSE AND FULL LOT, MARTIN'S DIVISION, cheap. This house is near the new sawmill site. Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

CARPET CLEANING.

CARPETS CLEANED, REFITTED AND relaid. Window shades made to order. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A SEVEN-room house, between Lake avenue and Twentieth avenue east, below Sixth street; easy terms. Address Purchaser, care Duluth Evening Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND-HAND furniture, stoves and carpets. We pay good prices. Call at 11 W. Superior St.

WELL-LOCATED IRON CLAIMS ON Mesaba and Vermilion ranges. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

CLOTHES CLEANED.

J. F. MILLER—CLOTHES CLEANED, dyed and repaired on short notice. Goods called for free of charge. 110 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Telephone 570.

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—TO BORROW, $1000 ON UNquestionable stock security, bearing income 10 per cent interest. S 43, Herald.

SMALL AMOUNTS MONEY TO LOAN; private party; no publicity. D 94, Herald.

$2000 TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT DESIRED, 7 per cent, no commission. Chas Smith, 2 Hunter block.

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNITURE, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAMONDS, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1886.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAMONDS, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REMOVED, Gernicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

PERSONAL.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES PRIVATE INstructions in Latin and mathematics. Any hour suitable. L 63, care Herald.

REWARD—WILL PAY FOR INFORMAtion by which I may locate Wallace H. Newhard and H. A. Lazier, who lived in Duluth some eighteen years ago. Address C. W. H., Herald.

HAIR DRESSING, SHAMPOOING, scalp treatment, manicuring and massage. Mrs. Sherman, 401 New Jersey bldg.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—WASHING AT HOME. OR will go out. 2005 West Second street.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER DESIRES sewing in family. The best of references given. Address 1 West Fourth street.

TWO EXPERIENCED SALESMEN ARE open to canvassing or other proposition where they can work together. M. & B., Herald.

A BOY OF 16 WANTS WORK IN STORE or deliver. Call 204 West First street.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY OF any kind gardening a specialty. Call or send postal to 276 Third avenue east, upstairs.

WANTED—SITUATION; MALE STENographer and typewriter, C 71, Herald.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, 11 NINEteenth avenue west. Private hospital.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 312 Lyceum building. 'Phone 687. Prompt service.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

Hansen's Calculating Pencil. *The Pencil that Figures With a Twist of the Wrist.*
It figures quicker than you can and never makes a mistake. It calculates anything from 1x1 to 12x24 in the twinkling of an eye. It figures interest, discount, percentage quick as a flash. A help to the clerk, the business man, the farmer, the lumberman, the miner, the busy housewife, the school child. Special introductory price for pencil complete, 20c stamps or silver.
Novelty Advertising Co.,
P. O. Box 53, Duluth, Minn.

CLAIRVOYANT.

HE HAS ARRIVED!
GREATEST LIVING CLAIRVOYANT. MARVEL OF THE CENTURY. DR. WINFIELD LIVINGSTON. THE ORIENTAL SEER.
The acknowledged peer of all clairvoyants. Life reader and occult scientist. He gives advice on business, speculation, investment, insurance, changes, travels, health, sickness, love, divorce, marriage, lawsuits, separations, wills, deeds, mortgages, patents, claims, collections, etc. Letters with stamp enclosed promptly answered.
Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m. Room 37 St. James hotel, Duluth, Minn.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—GIRL FOR BOARDING house; good wages and evenings off. 2115 West Superior street.

WANTED — CHAMBER MAID, 5228 West Superior street; one that can go home nights.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COOK FOR RESTaurant. Apply to J. H. Knauf, 1902 West Michigan street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 314 East Second.

WANTED—WOMAN TO DO WASHING. Call 809 Fourth avenue east

WANTED — GIRL LIGHT WORK. Three in family. Call 302 Fourth avenue east.

WANTED—A NEAT SEAMSTRESS. 320 East Superior street.

WANTED—COOKS, DININGROOM girls, laundry girls, dishwashers and girls for private houses. Call at Mrs. Lo Franchey's, 17 East Superior street, Room 9.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL FOR general housework. 16 East Second street.

DININGROOM GIRL AND CHAMBERmaid wanted at the Colson house.

GIRL WANTED; SMALL FAMILY. 127 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 131 West Third street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 2725 West Fourth street.

WANTED—A GOOD MACHINE OPERator. 329 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 315 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must understand cooking. Good wages. 1026 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL. 1462 EAST First street. No washing.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of four. Must be competent. Apply at 121 West Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 121 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRLS AT PEERLESS laundry at once.

COMPETENT SECOND GIRL—707 EAST First street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Apply at 2005 West Third street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; family of three. Mrs. Donald Macleod, 4745 London road.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework wanted. 2029 East Third street.

WANTED—A COOK AND NURSE girl at 1366 East Second street.

WANTED—A GOOD WOMAN COOK. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 312 West Third street.

STENOGRAPHERS
Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—BRIGHT BOY TO LEARN barber trade. 232 West Second street store.

WANTED—CHRISTIAN MAN OR WOman to qualify for permanent position of trust in home county. $800 yearly. Inclose self-addressed stamped envelope to O. L. N., general manager, Herald.

WANTED—MAN TO WORK ON DAIRY farm. Call 2107 East Fourth street.

WANTED—STATION MEN; WILL PAY from 11 to 20 cents per yard. Also want day laborers. Apply to Kimball, Willis & Shaller, Channing, Mich.

WANTED—MACHINISTS, AT VIRGINia Iron works, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. J. S. Lane.

FOUR FIRST-CLASS COAT MAKERS; positively the highest prices paid in the state for best work. Miles.

Business Men
supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 710.

Steam Carpet Cleaning Works.

Steam Carpet Cleaning and Rug Weaving. Carpets laid and refitted. Carpets renovated on floor when desired. Rugs made from old carpets. Duluth and Superior Steam Carpet and Rug Weaving Works, 1522 West Michigan street.

TO EXCHANGE.

1899 FORFEITED TAX TITLE ON LAND to trade for horse and buggy. Address B 92, Herald.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

FOR RENT—BEST NINE-ROOM HOUSE in the city for the price, $45; heat and water. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 303 Lonsdale.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

ONE PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM for rent. 429 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED room, $5 per month. 208 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—A FURNISHED ROOM. Gentleman preferred. 17 East Superior street. Room 9.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—FURNISHED OR unfurnished. 626 West Third street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms. 125 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 632 West First street.

FOR RENT — NICE FURNISHED rooms. 129 East First street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for gentlemen. 539 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

PRIVATE ROOM AND BOARD—"THE Midland," 212 West Second.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, one or two rooms for light housekeeping. Must be centrally located. S 56, Herald.

WANTED—TWO ROOMS AND BOARD for the summer, at or near Lakeside. Address S 45, care Herald.

WANTED—FOUR FURNISHED ROOMS suitable for light housekeeping. Address S 46, Herald.

WANTED—MODERN HOUSE BY MAN and wife. No children. Phone 277.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—PLEASANT ROOM AND board in private family for two ladies (one an invalid). Expect to pay well for satisfactory accommodations. Address A 1, Herald.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

AUCTION SALE.
We are opening for sale at auction to the highest bidder a large lot of household goods of every description. Sale to be continued daily from 10 a. m. to 12 m. and 2 p. m. to 6 p. m., also evenings until the entire lot is disposed of. A great opportunity to get bargains in household articles. Everything must be sold. 1826 West Michigan street.

Received one carload of
Shetland Ponies,
Prices from $35 to $75.
Address or call on J. F. Elwell, care of "The New Store," Minneapolis, Minn.

HORSEMEN! BREEDERS! SPECULATORS!
Watch for our second great consignment of hardy Western horses, consisting of brood mares, driving, delivery and draft horses. This will be the second shipment of the 2000 head that we have arranged for consignment to us from the famous ranchers of Washington and Montana.
They will be sold at auction to the highest bidders without reserve and regardless of value at our Midway Sale Stables, at 10 a. m., Wednesday, June 6.
This great bunch of horses are in prime condition, and will be worthy of the attention of horsemen, breeders and speculators throughout the country.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.
On Interurban line between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

FOR SALE—CAR FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive May 24 at Johnson's cow market. Twenty-sixth avenue west.

S. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED WITH a carload of fresh milch cows; some good Jerseys among them. 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—TWO FULL BLOODED ST. Bernard pups. 421 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—AT 1511 EAST FOURTH street, Hazelton square, Grand piano, excellent condition; fine tone.

CAR FRESH MILCH COWS AT DOWnie's stock yards. Will trade cows for driving and delivery horses.

FOR SALE—SMALL, CLEAN STOCK OF groceries. Call at 638 Garfield avenue.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'l'd'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

MEDICAL.

VIRTUAMA French treatment, both sexes, guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY, gives vitality and vigor to all ages, restoring the desires, ambitions aspirations of youth and health. $1 or 3 for $5. Refuse cheap substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior, Two Harbors Drug Co.; Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburne; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

FLOWERS! Got to move and giving unheard of bargains.
...SELLING OUT...
Lindsay's Greenhouses, 522 Avenue East.

PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant. 704 East Second.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

FRAMED SCENERY AND WAR PICtures on easy payments. J. Weinberg, manager New England Portrait company, 110 East Superior street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.
PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 4, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 28, 1900. Work Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 28, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 23, 1900. Work, R.A.M.P.S.M. degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 5, 1900. Work.—Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.
A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 210 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.
MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.
KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights adways welcome. H. P. Curran, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.
NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 26, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, May 22, at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.
ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 1, 8 p. m. Work, Second Degree, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS, Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. F. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee depot. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 320 West First street.

SETTLERS' EXCURSIONS.
On May 19, 21, 25, 28 and 29, I will run cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming land free. Western Canada is the greatest farming country in the world. Go there and become rich. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER, Canadian Government Agent, 316 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	3:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor	Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..	Lv	1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf	Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta	Lv	12:39 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik	Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:25 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron	Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing	Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely	Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive
†1 10 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 00 pm
*11 15 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*7 00 am
*Daily.	†Daily except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	*6 43 pm
†3 05 pm		†11 50 am

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8:35 am	St. Paul, Mpls.	**3:05 pm
*4:30 pm	...Twilight Limited...	*9:59 pm
*5:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	....FAST MAIL....	*10:30 am
Pullman Sleepers.	Free Chair Cars.	Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

Lv.	10 00 am	TRAINS FOR	Ar. *6 45 am
"	*1 55 pm	ST. PAUL AND	" †1 40 pm
"	*11 15 pm	MINNEAPOLIS	" *7 00 pm

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

468 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sundays.	Arrive
**6 25 p. m.	BOSTON LIMITED	**8 35 a. m.
* 45 a. m.

ADVANCE IN GRAIN

Wheat Started Out at a Slight Decline But Sold Up Sharply.

ADVANCE AT PARIS

Thought to Confirm Unfavorable Reports on French and Russian Crops.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 23.—The wheat market started weak and lower this morning, but strength soon developed and prices advanced sharply. The opening easiness was due to rain in the Northwest and the prospect of more in the same section where it has been badly needed for some time past. The rally was caused by an advance of 35 centimes at Paris, which was thought to add confirmation to the unfavorable reports received yesterday and today about the crops in France and Russia. The market ruled firm to the close, which was 1⅜@⅝c lower than yesterday, both here and at Chicago for the July option.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board, July wheat opened ⅛c off at 67c, advanced to 67⅝c at 9:50, eased off to 67⅜c at 10:40, reacted to 67⅛c at 11:11 and remained firm, closing at 67¼@67⅜c, an advance of ⅛@⅜c over yesterday. September started ⅛c lower at 67⅝c, but there was no trading; it closed at 67⅞c, a gain of 1⅛c for the day. Cash sales were about 75,000 bus at ⅛c under July. Corn advanced ½c. Oats, rye and barley were unchanged. Trading in flax active, about 150,000 bus of October being sold. Cash and May flax each rose 3c and September and October flax declined 1c each. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 68⅜c; to arrive, 68¾c; July, 68¾c; September, 68¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67¼c; to arrive, 67¼c; May, 67¼c; July, 67¾@75c; September, 67¾c. No. 2 northern, 65½c. No. 2 spring, 62¾c. Oats, 29½@22½c. Rye, 23½c. Barley, 26@28c. Flax, cash, $1.80; May, $1.80; September, $1.27; October, $1.22. Corn, 36¾c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 89; corn, 8; rye, 2; barley, 2; flax, 4. Receipts—Wheat, 96,940; corn, 17,170; rye, 2681; flax, 8570. Shipments—Wheat, 298,827; oats, 2796.

Ship Your Grain to McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES WEDNESDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 1,000 bus $0.69
No. 1 hard, 1 car 68
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus 68¼
No. 1 northern, 6,000 bus 67⅞
No. 1 northern, 35,000 bus 67
No. 1 northern, 8,000 bus 67⅛
No. 1 northern, 1 cars 67
No. 1 northern, 3 cars 67¼
No. 1 northern, 3,000 bus 67⅛
No. 2 northern, 500 bus 65½
No. 2 northern, 1 car 65
No. 2 northern, 3 cars 66
Flax, 5,000 bus September 1.28½
Flax, 5,000 bus September 1.28
Flax, 32,000 bus October 1.24
Flax, 25,000 bus October 1.23
Flax, 5,000 bus October 1.22½
Flax, 21,000 bus October 1.22
Flax, 1,000 bus October 1.21½

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Wheat Firm and Other Cereals and Provisions Steady.

Chicago, May 23.—The wheat market was firm early today because of the Paris advance of 35 centimes. This was taken as confirmation of unfavorable reports from France and Russia, of which there were more today. The market open d easy July 1-16@⅛c under yesterday at 68@68¼, the influence being rains in the Northwest and a prospect of more in the same quarters. Predictions of further rains were in the mouths of traders, liberal so be upset, in view of which the Paris advices were apparently entitled to the greatest consideration. July advanced to 68⅝c. Trade was rather quiet and a bit nervous. Local receipts were 27 cars, one of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 243 cars, against 175 last week and 18 a year ago.

Near the end of the session, the market became active and strong. July advancing to 69⅛c and closed 1@⅝c over yesterday at 68¾@68⅞c. There was considerable buying on the theory that the full effect of the rains in the Northwest had been received, although the precipitation there was light.

Corn was quiet on light receipts, firm cables and small country acceptances as well as in sympathy with the wheat rally. July opened a shade higher at 36¾@36⅞c and advanced to 37⅝c. Local receipts were 129 cars.

The market advanced later and closed strong, July 37⅞c higher at 37⅝@37¾c. Oats were steady with other grains, but the trade early was not of importance. July opened unchanged at 24½c and sold to 24¾c. Receipts here were 188 cars.

Provisions were dull but steady on a fair demand from packers despite the liberal holding of recents and the easiness of the hog yards. July pork opened 2½c down at $11.87½ and sold up to $11.95; July lard began the session 2½c lower at $6.85 and advanced to $6.95; July ribs opened 2½@5c depressed at $6.17½, rallying to $6.35.

Close: Wheat, May, 69¼c; July, 67¾@68c. Corn, May, 37⅝@37¾c; July, 37@37⅛c. Oats, May, 24½c; July, 22½c. Pork, May, $11.87½; July, $11.95. Lard, May, $6.90; July, $6.85; September, $6.85. Ribs, May, $6.52½; July, $6.37½; September, $6.35. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 70@70½c; No. 3 red, 68@70½c; No. 2 hard winter, 69@69½c; No. 3 hard winter, 67@68c; No. 1 northern spring, 69½@69½c; No. 2 northern spring, 65½@69½c; No. 3 spring, 62@69c. Corn, No. 2, 37½c; No. 3, 37@c. Oats, No. 2, 22½c; No. 3, 22c. Flax, Northwestern, $1.30; Southwestern, $1.80. May, $1.30; September, $1.27½; October, $1.22. Rye, May, 52½c. Barley, 30@40c. Timothy, $2.40. Clover, $7.75.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, May 23.—The wheat market after opening lower, owing to rains in the Northwest, later became firm in sympathy with the strength in foreign markets, and unfavorable crop reports from France, also on late advices from the spring wheat belt, stating that the weather was clearing and insufficient moisture had fallen. The market closed firm, May 69c, July 68c higher than last night. Liverpool reported their market as firm, 1d higher for the day. Continental markets were also higher, especially Paris which showed a good gain over yesterday. Receipts at Chicago and the Northwest 250 cars as against 18 cars last year. Cash demand was rather quiet although 300,000 bus reported at 100,000 bus to go to the seaboard and said to be for export to Germany. Seaboard reported demand there only moderate. The weather throughout the winter wheat belt was generally favorable for the growing crop. Trade was fairly large all day and the undertone to the market firm and with any increase in outside speculation prices will undoubtedly go higher. Estimated 37 cars tomorrow.

The corn market ruled very strong all day on covering by shorts owing to good cash demand, and very light country offerings, closing May 1c, July 5c higher than last night. Foreign markets were firm. Liverpool reported their market closing ½d higher than yesterday with a good demand for cash. Continental markets were also firm. The seaboard reported large business done there for export. There was also a fairly large business done here and yesterday's sales were reported at fully 1,000,000 bus. The recent increased offerings from the country were caused by dealers selling short, anticipating a movement from the farmers after planting was over, but as the farmers will not sell they shut up like clams and in our opinion they will have a good deal to buy from farmers before they will have any for sale for market. Trade was large all day and the undertone to the market firm. The continued small receipts, together with good cash demand causes strong situation and as long as this continues prices will work higher. The general sentiment is bullish. Estimated tomorrow 110 cars.

The oat market ruled very firm all day in sympathy with corn and closed May ¾c, July ¼c higher than last night. Country offerings were moderate, while there was a fairly good cash demand with considerable inquiry for export. Weather was generally favorable for the crop. Trade fairly large all day and the undertone to the market firm. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 225 cars.

Provisions opened very weak on lower hogs, large receipts here and a big run in the West. Holders sold freely, but at the decline brokers, supposed to represent Cudahy bought, and Armour also gave the market support. The legitimate situation could not well be weaker but we have had material decline and some rally can naturally be expected providing the hogs quit coming in such large numbers. Would advise sales on all rallies. Estimated 20,000 hogs tomorrow.

Puts, July wheat, 65¾-⅞c.
Calls, July wheat, 69½-⅝@..69¾-⅞c.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, May 23.—It is evident that the trade generally anticipated a change in weather conditions in the Northwest and sold yesterday against the prospects of relief in that section which was fairly general last night, but the market instead of selling as was expected under these circumstances has shown a very strong undertone closing over 1½c above yesterday. There was a good deal in the news which had a bullish influence in view of the expected effect of rain upon our dull market, but the buying has been of a very influential character, indicating a tendency on the part of many local professionals, and considerable outsiders to take hold of wheat on its merits, believing that there are strong possibilities of its scoring excellent advances on prospective or actual damage to the growing crop, on prices relatively low, and foreign conditions indicating increased demand for American wheat to supply crop deficiency in Europe. As we have said many times before we are believers in the long side of wheat on all dips, and while the wheat market may be only a scalping one for some little time there are very strong factors back of the general situation which may result in a good permanent bull turn.

The corn market has been firm, showing a good advance over yesterday's close with cash business and small receipts, the helpful features. There has not been much feature in the market, which is more or less local. Receipts and demand are still out of line and should this condition continue, and we are inclined to believe it will, it must have its influence on values. This particular germinating period is perhaps detrimental to any particular activity in the corn pit, but in the course of a very short time, we believe we will have a revival in speculation based upon the very strong merit which corn has for selling considerably above these ruling prices.

The oats market has been very quiet, following corn mostly, but without any material feature. There has been a fair cash demand, but lack of boat room is still a drawback. Weather conditions favorable for the growing crop.

Larger receipts of hogs and lower prices in consequence had a weakening effect on provisions early, but Armour interests buying lard checked a natural decline and produced a very fair advance. Provision market advances very easily on any buying tendency, local or outside, showing the natural undertone of strength which the favorable stock situation continues to maintain.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open ...	.67B	67¾	66¾-¼	72⅛
High ...	.67¾-⅞	68⅜	67¼	72½
Low ...	.67B	67⅝-¾	66⅝	72⅛
Close ...	.67¾-⅞B	68	67⅛-¼	72⅜A
September—				
Open ...	.67⅝B	67⅞A	.....	73
High ...	.....	68⅜-½	.....	73⅝
Low ...	.....	68⅛-¾	.....	73⅛
Close ...	.67⅝B	68⅜-½	.....	73⅜A

May wheat at Chicago—Opening, 69¾c asked; high, 69¼c; low, 69⅝c asked; close, 69¾c.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats.	Corn.	Pork.
	July.	July.	July.
Open	21⅝	36¾@37	$11.87
High	22	37¾	11.90
Low	21⅝	36¾	11.87
Close	22A	37⅜-¾A	11.87

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bushels.	Shipments. Bushels.
New York	230,570	110,345
Philadelphia	12,781	30,229
Baltimore	61,366	50,480
Toledo	1,000	1,000
Detroit	997	.....
St. Louis	11,000	1,000
Boston	92,922	25,581
Chicago	58,000	81,000
Milwaukee	6,200	11,700
Minneapolis	121,000	21,000
Kansas City	22,650	61,550
Duluth	96,941	298,827

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 23.—Wheat steady, ½d higher; July, 5s 5½d; September, 5s 3½d. Corn firm, unchanged to ½d higher; July, 3s 3¾d; September, 3s 1¾d.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 23.—Close, wheat in store—No. 1 northern, May, 65c; July, 65½c; September, 65¾@⅞c. On track—No. 1 hard, 67⅝c; No. 1 northern, 66½c; No. 2 northern, 67⅝c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 23.—Close, wheat, May, 71⅝c; July, 72½c; September, 73¼c. Corn, May, 42c; July, 42¾c; September, 43½c.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 23.—Cattle—Receipts, 13,000; 50@10c higher; good to prime steers, $5.00@5.75; poor to medium, $4.25@4.85; stockers and feeders, $3.75@5.10; cows and heifers, $2.25@4.55; Texas-fed steers, $4.00@5.20. Hogs—Receipts, today, 28,000; tomorrow, 27,000; left over, 3800; 5@10c lower; mixed and butchers, $5.00@5.25; good to choice heavy, $5.10@5.20; rough heavy, $4.95@5.05; light, $4.95@5.22½; bulk of sales, $5.10@5.22½. Sheep—Receipts, 15,000; steady to 10c lower; sheep, $4.60@5.40; lambs, $4.50@7.25. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 5349; hogs, 16,375; sheep, 12,887. Shipments—Cattle, 3237; hogs, 8324; sheep, nothing.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: A favorable volume of trade from all quarters on most all classes of horses, with a stronger tone in prices on the better classes of horses, was the experience of the market today. Farm chunks, delivery and family horses were subject to a stronger inquiry. There was an unusual brisk demand for good railroad horses and mules at comparatively low prices, most of these horses were shipped to different points in this state. Quotations:

Drafters, choice	$115@160
Drafters, common to good	50@110
Farm mares	100@125
Farm mares, common to good	65@100
Delivery horses	60@ 75
Mules	80@115
Western horses	18@ 25

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 23.—Clearings, $21,657,208; balances, $861,736. Posted exchange, $4.85½@4.89; New York exchange, 5c premium.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,

324 West Superior Street. (St. Louis Hotel.)

Members of Chicago Board of Trade.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.

Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

GEORGE RUPLEY,

Representing

Weare Commission Co.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Private Wires to all Markets.

310 Board of Trade. Telephone 713

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	155	139
Am. Exchange Bank	100	120	115
First Nat. Bank, Superior	100	100	95
L. S. Consol. Iron Mines		73	
Brotherton Iron Mine Co.	25	...	2¾
Great Lakes Towing Co.	100	...	65
American Ship Bldg. Co.	100	122	...
Globe Elevator Co	100	109	...
Consol. Elev. Co., 1st pfd.	100	...	100
Consol. Elev. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	99
Consol. Elev. Co., com.	100	60	28
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in REAL ESTATE, COMMERCIAL PAPER, MORTGAGE LOANS and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

LAND SCRIPS, PINE LANDS, STOCKS.

H. W. COFFIN,

Chamber of Commerce.

FINANCIAL.

Vermilye & Co

BANKERS,

Nassau and Pine Sts., New York;
13 Congress Street, Boston.

Dealers in

U. S. GOVERNMENT BONDS and other INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Deposits Received and Interest Allowed on Balances subject to draft at sight.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Close Heavy, With Small Net Changes.

New York, May 23.—The market opened in a neglected condition, a rally of 2 points in Sugar after a fractional decline and some demand for the Pacific railroad stocks stiffened the tone slightly. The changes were small and mixed, interest in the market, while small, was better diffused than on yesterday and there was moderate buying orders for leading railroad stocks. Northern Pacifics and Readings first made an extreme rise of a point, but St. Paul, Burlington, Atchison preferred and Union Pacific were up large fractions. Sugar vibrated above and below 135, while American Tobacco rose to 92½. The market was easier at 11 o'clock.

The intense dullness was somewhat relieved by buying of Brooklyn Transit, which rose 2¼. Scrippable gains were made in some of the specialties, Tobacco preferred rose 5⅜ and Hocking Coal 2 points. The latter on a favorable annual statement. Standard railroad stocks were almost lifeless after falling back to near last night's level. Bonds were higher all around.

Sugar lost all of its advance in the last hour and dragged the market backward with it. A few railroad stocks dropped below last night. Trading continued intensely dull. Consolidated Gas fluctuated wildly in the last few minutes of the trading below yesterday's level. The close was heavy and almost lifeless and net changes were small.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	114⅝	117¼	114⅝	115
Am. Steel Wire com	35¾	36	35	35
Tobacco	91	92⅝	91	92¼
Atchison com	25½	25¾	25⅝	25⅝
Atchison pfd	71	71⅝	71	71⅝
Brooklyn Transit ...	67⅝	70	67⅝	71⅜
C., M. & St. P.	116	116⅜	116	116
C., B. & Q.	126⅝	127¼	126⅜	126⅝
C. & N. W.	166	166	166	166
Federal Steel com.	35⅝	36¼	34½	34¾
Federal Steel pfd.	67	67⅜	66	66⅜
L. & N.	80¼	80¾	80⅛	80⅜
Manhattan	90	91⅝	90⅜	90⅜
Missouri Pacific ...	56	56⅝	55⅜	56
N. P. common	69	69⅜	68¾	69¼
N. P. preferred ...	74⅞	75	74⅞	75
Peoples Gas	100¼	100⅝	99¾	99¾
Rock Island	107	107¾	106¾	107¼
Southern Pacific ...	34	34⅝	33⅞	34⅛
T. C. I.	74½	76	74½	75¼
Leather preferred..	69	69	69	69
Union Pacific pfd..	71	74	71	74
Union Pacific com..	53⅝	55	53⅝	54½
Western Union	80	80	80	80
Leather common...	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾
Money	1¾@2	2	1¾	1¾@2

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 23.—Money on call nominally at 2@3 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5@6½ per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¾@4.87 for demand, and at $4.83⅝@4.83⅞ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.87 and $4.89; commercial bills, $4.81½; silver certificates, 60@64c; bar silver, 59½c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds, refunding 2s, when issued, $1.06¾; 2s, registered, 106½; 5s, registered, $1.06¾; coupon, $1.06¾; new 4s, registered, $1.14½; coupon, $1.14¾; old 4s, registered, $1.15¼; coupon, $1.15¾; 5s, registered, $1.11½; coupon, $1.12¾.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 23.—The cotton market opened steady, with prices 3 to 6 points higher on brisk buying. The better trade and friendly turn of sentiment terminated at the close of the first half hour, however, as the later reports from Liverpool reflected demoralization in the bull camp abroad and break of sensational proportions pretty much throughout the list. A brief period of hesitation here was followed by a wild scramble to unload and a rush of Bears to extend short accounts. Private cables stated the break in Liverpool had grown out of a sudden bull panic started by selling orders from New York. Later, the local market was feverish, with speculation unusually active.

Cotton spot closed easy, 1-16c lower. Middling uplands, 9 9-16c; middling gulf, 9 13-16c; sales, 2000 bales. Cotton futures closed steady at the decline. May, $8.26; June, $8.91; July, $8.87; August, $8.84; September, $8.03; October, $7.85; November, $7.22; December, $7.71; January, $7.72; February, $7.74; March, $7.77.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, May 23.—Consols for money, 101; for the account, 101 3-16.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, May 23.—Close: Adventure, 4@5; Allouez, 1½; Anaconda, 42½@43½; Arcadian, 17½; Arnold, 5@7; Amalgamated, 67½@68; Atlantic, 23@24; Baltic, 17@17½; Bingham, 9½@10; Bonanza, 11@11½; Boston and Montana, 22@; Boston Consolidated, 10½@11; Butte and Boston, 10½@11; Calumet and Hecla, 640@65; Centennial, 17@18; Cochita, 9½@10; Copper Range, 105@106; Dominion Coal, 42½@43¾; Elm River, 3½@4; Franklin, 12¼@13; Humboldt, 1@1½; Isella, 1½@2; Isle Royale, 24@25½; Mass, 6½@7; Michigan, 4½; Mohawk, 14; Old Colony, 3; Old Dominion, 17 bid; Osceola, 65; Oil, 15¾@16; Parrott, 41½; Pioneer, 2c asked; Quincy, 125@128; Rhode Island, 4@4½; Santa Fe, 4¾@5; Tamarack, 200; Tecumseh, 2½@3; Tri-Mountain, 7@7½; Union Land, 2@3; Utah, 27@28; Victoria, 2½@3; Virginia, 21½; Wolverine, 38@39; Wyandotte, 2 asked; Zinc, 12 bid.

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, extra	20	@	22
Creamery, choice	18	@	20
Dairies, fancy	17	@	17½
Dairy, fair	13	@	15
Packing stock	12	@	13

EGGS.

Country, strictly fresh	11½	@	12

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1	10	

CHEESE.

Twins, flat, full cream, new	11	@	12
Full cream, Young America	12		
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Brick cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Limberger, full cream, choice	13		
Primost	6	@	6½

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	12	@	13
Buckwheat, dark	12	@	13

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 40	@	2 50
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 80	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	6 25	@	7 00
Seedlings, California oranges	3 00	@	3 25
California navels	4 25	@	4 50
California lemons	3 25	@	3 50
Mediterranean sweets	3 25	@	3 50
Messina lemons, per box	4 50	@	5 00
Bananas	2 00	@	3 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	60	@	65
Dates, per lb	13	@	15
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Strawberries	1 50	@	1 75

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens, old	10½	@	11½
Old roosters	8	@	9
Turkeys, fancy	10½	@	11
Turkeys, common	10		
Ducks	9	@	10
Geese	9	@	10

NUTS.

Hickory nuts, large, per bus	1 50		
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Chestnuts, per lb	12	@	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	8	@	9
Pecans, per lb	10	@	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8		
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½	@	6

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½

CIDER.

N. Y. sweet cider, per keg	2 75	@	3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	3 50	@	3 75

VEGETABLES.

Hot house cucumbers	75	@	90
Potatoes, per bus	34	@	36
Beets, per bus	90	@	1 00
Radishes	20	@	25
Onions, green, doz bunches	12	@	15
Carrots, per bus	60	@	65
Rutabagas, per bus	40	@	50
Oyster plant, per doz	25	@	30
Horse Radish, per lb	10		
Parsley, per doz	35	@	40
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 00
Lettuce, per bus	85	@	90
Mint, per doz	30	@	50
Cabbage, new crates, per lb	3½	@	4
Parsnips, per bus	90	@	1 00

MEATS.

Mutton	9½		
Lamb	10		
Veal, good	8½		
Veal, fancy	9½		
Beef, dressed	6	@	7½
Hogs	5		

BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 75
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 27
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 75
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 25

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 23.—Butter, receipts, 6845 packages. Firm. Western creamery, 16½@20c; factory, 14@16c. Cheese, receipts, 2579 packages. Easy. Fancy large white, 9¾c; fancy large colored, 9¾c; fancy small white, 9¾@9¾c; fancy small colored, 9¾@c. Eggs, receipts, 9811 packages. Steady. Western loss off, 13½@14c; Southern at mark, 10@12c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 23.—Butter firm; creameries, 15@19½c; dairies, 13½@16c. Eggs, strong; fresh, 11½c. Dressed poultry, steady; turkeys, 9@9½c; chickens, 8@9c.

More Chancellors and Coronas are sold than any other brand of cigars—Why?

Mail Orders Promptly Attended To.

Freimuth's

Agent for Butterick Patterns and Publications.

Success is never thrust upon people

And just so here at this store. The success of Freimuth's has been built upon fulfilled promises and fostered by our many friends who appreciate our efforts to give them good reliable Merchandise at lower prices than others. That's the whole secret of our success, and for tomorrow we offer abundant evidence, in the way of high-grade Merchandise at little prices, in support of our claim of good reliable goods at lower prices than others.

$10.00 and $12.50 Jackets at $7.50

Your choice tomorrow of any of our tan or navy blue Ladies' or Misses' Jackets at—

$7.50

Umbrellas for $1.25—

26-inch Paragon, steel frame, covered with union twilled Taffeta—tight roll, cover to match, natural wood crook handle—silver capped, silk tassel. Thursday at—

$1.25

Silk Selling Continued.

The balance of our immense purchase of **Fancy Dress Silks continues on sale tomorrow** and those who have not already availed themselves of these magnificent bargains should come early tomorrow to secure their share of this beautiful offering. **Remember that we are selling $1.75, $2.00, $2.50 and $2.75 silks** at the small price of—

73c

In addition to the above we shall continue the sale of some rare values in Black Silks—as for instance—

$1.50 Black Satin de Lyon at, a yard 95c
$1.50 24-inch Black Taffetas at, a yard 95c
$1.50 Black Peau de Soies at, a yard 95c
$1.35 Black Satin Duchesse at, a yard 95c

Ladies' Dress and Sailor Hats

at Special Prices for Tomorrow.

At $2.98—Another lot of stylishly trimmed Ladies' Hats in a great variety of styles, all up-to-date, worth from $4.00 to $5.00. Tomorrow at **$2.98**

At $3.98—About 50 dressy Hats to select from—very elaborately trimmed, copies of some very high priced models—would be cheap at $6—Tomorrow only **$3.98**

At 48c—Ladies' Sailor Hats, the rough and ready straw braid, in nobby becoming shapes—well worth 75c—Tomorrow only **48c**

At 95c—Ladies' Sailor Hats in either fan, split or rough and ready straw braids—with either plain black and blue or fancy colored bands, compare well with any $1.50 and $1.75 Hats at **95c**

Three Special Offerings in Shirt Waists.

At 50c—Ladies' Shirt Waist, made of good quality Percale, in medium and dark colors, detached collars, perfect fitting, properly made, well worth 75c—the price tomorrow **50c**

At 69c—An assorted lot of Ladies' Shirt Waists, made from best quality Percale and fine Madras Cloth, detachable collar and cuffs, regular $1.25 and $1.50 quality—your choice tomorrow **69c**

At $1.00—Ladies' white plain and fancy India Lawn Shirt Waists, very stylishly made, either self or embroidery trimmed, a bargain at $1.50—the price tomorrow **$1.00**

A Choice Selection of Derby Shirt Waists in White and Colored.

Two Special Values in Ladies' Suits

About 25 Suits in blue and brown Covert Cloths, double-breasted jackets, satin lined skirts, cut in the new box plait and inverted back; regular price $12.50 and $14.00—the price tomorrow **$8.00**

Another lot of Suits, made from all-wool Venetian Cloths, Covert Cloths and Cheviots, tight, double-breasted and Eton style jackets, satin and silk lined; large varieties of colors—worth $17.50. Our price tomorrow on your choice of this lot **$11.75**

A Grand Offering of Separate Skirts

Gray and blue plaid back walking and bicycle skirts, ten rows of stitching around bottom, inverted plait back, perfect hanging, no lining to wear out, well worth $10.00, tomorrow only **$7.50**

Black and blue serge dress skirts, box plait back, percaline lined, velveteen binding, silk appliqued down the front, well worth $7.00, tomorrow the price **$4.75**

House Wrappers—In light and medium dark colors, ruffle flannel lined waists, skirts cut very wide, trimmed with braid and ruffles, regular price $1.25, tomorrow only **$1.00**

Black Dress Goods. SPECIAL OFFERINGS FOR THURSDAY.

46-inch All-Wool Storm Serge—A desirable material for skirts and suits, will not catch dust and is not affected by dampness, well adapted for outing wear, a regular 75c quality—Thursday at, a yard **59c**

50-inch Black Cheviot—Sponged and shrunken, ready for hard wear. Suitable for Man-Tailored suits. This material cannot be duplicated elsewhere in the city for less than $1.00, and our price for Thursday, only, a yard **75c**

54-inch Black Broadcloths with a Satin finish, a material so well adapted for stylish tailored gowns, a regular $1.50 value—Thursday at, a yard **$1.19**

Colored Dress Materials.

Storm Serges in all the staple shades, such as you would want in a serviceable dress, a good value at 65c a yard; for Thursday at, a yard **49c**

54-inch French Venetians come in the shades of blue, brown, gray and cardinal—a very stylish material for tailored suits and skirts. This cloth was imported to sell at $1.50 a yard and would be considered a bargain at that; our price for Thursday, a yard **95c**

Golf Suitings with mercerized back, (will not cling to the undergarments.) This material is especially adapted for walking skirts and bicycle suits. The sale of these goods is confined to this store for this section. Plaid backs with plain Prunella and Serge face, Thursday, a yard ..... **$1.50 and $2.25**

Ask to see our full line of French and Scotch Flannels for shirt waists in stripes, embroidered dots and printed effects.

French Challies in satin stripes with floral effects, all solid colors—

For Thursday only at ..... 25c a yard

Wash Dress Materials—Specials.

36-inch Standard Percales in light and medium colors, well worth 12½c a yard. Thursday, yard **8½c**

25 pieces of Seersucker, in blue and brown stripes. Other stores ask 12½c. Our price tomorrow is, yard **10c**

Freimuth's Freimuth's

PIGEON GOT A LIFT.

In a pretty white cote on the bridge deck of the German steamship Hendrika, when she arrived here from Leith, a pearl colored pigeon cooed contentedly. The bird lighted on the deck of the steamship last Friday afternoon 300 miles off Sandy Hook, says the New York Journal.

On its left leg was a small cylinder, the size of a clay pipe stem, and inside it was a photograph of him an inch square.

On this film, which was subdivided by tiny squares, were eleven distinct messages. They were from passengers of the French liner La Champagne, which sailed from this port last Thursday. The messages were all dated May 11, and it was evident that the pigeon had been released from the French liner on Friday morning.

La Champagne was 350 miles out at the time, and the bird had therefore covered fifty miles of its homeward flight when it alighted on the Hendrika. It sought a bucket of water and was easily caught. It sipped water greedily and then curled itself up to sleep.

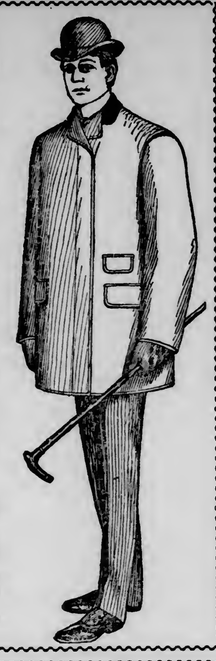
The little square of film was enlarged six times by the cameras, and some of the messages were distinctly brought out. Others had been blurred on writing. One of them was addressed to Mrs. Edgar Adams, New York. It read: "Three hundred and fifty miles from land; all well; great weather; good time; sorry you are not with us; so far Neptune has been good to us." This was signed "Charles Connolly."

Other messages were to Mrs. C. F. Hounchton, Corning, N. Y., from J. P. H.; to Mrs. Joseph H. Norton, Sheffield, Ala., from Joseph H. Norton; to M. Blanchard, No. 165 State street, Boston, Mass., from Pierre Cottis.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
The Great Eastern
Duluth
THE BURROWS STORE.
SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

A Great Spring Overcoat Sale.

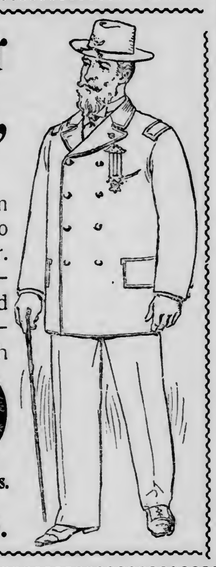


Crowds have taken advantage of this great offer. Every purchaser pleased and satisfied with the splendid bargains. The fabrics include every new weave and design that is recognized as correct by fashion followers, and the tailoring is of an extraordinary high character. Yet we have reduced the prices to only a fraction of their worth, to close the coats out quickly.

$10, $9 and $8 Overcoats reduced to ..... $ 7.45
$16, $15 and $14 Overcoats reduced to ..... $ 9.45
$25, $20 and $18 Overcoats reduced to $12.45

See these coats in our front show window.

G. A. R. Suits for Decoration Day, $10.00.



100 suits, best quality medium weight Middlesex flannel, indigo blue dye, absolutely fast color. Best quality trimmings and linings—perfect fitters—single and double breasted styles—a regular $12 suit—complete with regulation buttons. Specially priced for Decoration Day— **$10**

G. A. R. Hats, Wreaths, Gloves and Buttons.

M. S. BURROWS.

PIED PIPER OF HAMELIN.

Rehearsal Is Very Interesting and Indicates a Fine Entertainment.

The rehearsal of "The Pied Piper of Hamelin," yesterday afternoon, was a most interesting affair. The hall was filled with hundreds of little tots. They sang and they danced until the great-brown rats interrupted the festivities. Such clever little rats as they are. They stand on their hind legs and dance and frolic with each other, and spread havoc generally. The star of them all is the little clown rat, a mite of five years. He is irrepressible, he does solo dances when his comrades are still, and every note of the music sets his little feet a-wagging.

The mayor and town council, who are represented by the high school boys, come on to rack their brains once more for means to rid themselves of the plague of rats. The townspeople threaten them with dire vengeance and removal from office if they do not abate the nuisance. While they are at their wits' end, the Pied Piper appears, and so the story goes on. The dance of the rats after the piper is one of the prettiest of the features. The whole affair is dainty and delightful. The soloists sing charmingly, and some of them dance with the skill and grace of professionals. All in all, it is an entertainment over which the little and big folks will be wild with delight.

CHILDREN'S HOME DONATIONS.

Gifts Received By That Institution In Past Two Months.

The donations to the Children's Home for March and April were as follows:

Mrs. Arcadius L. Agatin, clothing and toys; Mrs. C. N. Elstan, clothing; W. A. Harrow, two barrels of apples; First Swedish Baptist church, candy and nuts; Mrs. Jackson, apples; Mrs. Lindahl, clothing; Willis A. Gorman G. A. R. post, doughnuts; Maccabees lodge, three loaves of cake; Edith Lomasney, cake; Mrs. Bailey, sandwiches, beans and pie; Mrs. Lomasney, clothing, shoes, meat, eggs and crackers; Mrs. Fish, bread; Mrs. Ross, clothing; ladies of the Unitarian church, sandwiches; Mrs. Hibbing, clothing; Mrs. Ames, Mrs. Spencer and Mrs. Seebenius, milk.

R. H. Rathbun, half case of oranges; Mrs. J. Dillan, crock of mince meat; Mrs. Morrow, cap and infant's bath tub; Marie Elston, valentines and jelly; Helen Swan, valentines; Cox Bros., roast of beef and three chickens; Samaritan lodge, cake, bread and pickles; Mrs. Joseph Sellwood, canned citron, cookies and milk; Mrs. Ray, reading matter and clothing; Mrs. Hibbing, butter and clothing; Henry Folz, bushel of apples, six cans of apple butter, pail of jelly, five pounds of baking powder; Mrs. Seebenius and Mrs. Ames, milk; Mrs. Volk, clothing; Mrs. Spencer, lethrel and radishes; Panton & White, mittens, stockings, etc; Mrs. Frederick, clothing; Mrs. Bailey and Mrs. Hibbing, soup plates; Anna Frederick, books and slippers; Lilian Denman, three pairs of new rubbers; Sarah Hammel, clothing; Mrs. Sellwood, clothing and milk; Mrs. Seebenius, Mrs. Ames, Mrs. Hammel, milk; Mrs. Ryanhart, clothing; Cox Bros. roast of beef twice in the month; Grover Fitzgerald, shoes; Samaritan lodge, doughnuts; Mrs. Spencer, soup plates, unknown, a dozen and a half of soup plates, cups and saucers; sixty grain bags and printing by Christie & Collier. George Munsey, roast of beef twice in the month; Cox Bros., two turkeys; R. H. Rathbun, new onions; Mrs. Ryanhart, clothing; Margaret Brace, a nursery swing; Mrs. Congdon, clothing; Lakeside Episcopal church, Easter lilies; Panton & White, rosies; Paul Hector, Easter dolls; three little girls from Woodland, Easter eggs and cards; W. A. Cragen, oatmeal and clothing; Mrs. Davis, canned fruit; Mrs. Bishop, clothing; Henry Folz, apples, jelly, canned fruit and codfish; Mrs. Rothmore, Lakeside, ham; Mrs. McCabe, clothing; Mrs. Cheesebrough, jelly; Mrs. Stevenson, clothing; Mrs. Sellwood, canned fruits and milk; Mrs. John Panton, milk.

Assign Their Interests.

Two assignments of third interests in mining leases on land on the Mesaba range were filed in the office of the register of deeds this morning, both of them running to Harry Roberts, of Duluth, from M. L. Fay and James H. Pearce, of Virginia. The consideration in each case is $30,000.

The first assignment covers a third interest in a lease given by William C. Yawkey, of Detroit, covering lot 3, section 4-58-17. The second assignment conveys a third interest in a lease made by the Midway company, covering lot 4, section 4, and lots 1 and 2 and the se¼ of the ne¼ of section 5-58-17.

An Investment!

50x140 feet, 2 houses—rented for $358 per year. Will sell for $2,500, equals 14 32-100 per cent.

LITTLE & NOLTE.

Fox Is Acquitted.

The jury in the case against George Fox, charged with grand larceny in the second degree, acquitted him last night. He was accused of stealing a quantity of cigars from Oscar Fleer, and William Hawkins, who was indicted for participation in the same offense, testified against him. Hawkins pleaded guilty later. This case finished the criminal calendar, and all that remains is to sentence the prisoners convicted at this term, which will be done by Judge Dibell later.

Secures New Assistant.

Charles J. Allen, class of 1900, University of Nebraska, Lincoln, has accepted the call of the directors of the Y. M. C. A. to take the place of assistant secretary, vacated by resignation of W. H. Wing. Mr. Allen will finish his university course June 7, reaching Duluth on the 15th. He comes very highly recommended by members of the faculty, and by the secretary of the University Y. M. C. A.

Hibbard to Go East.

It was reported on good authority in St. Paul yesterday that George W. Hibbard, general passenger agent of the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic, is to resign shortly to accept the position of general passenger agent of the Consolidated Rutland Railway company, with headquarters at Rutland, Vt. The Rutland is the Ogdensburg & Lake Champlain.

WARM DAY FOR MAY

Not Warmest on Record But One Well Up to the Top.

A STORM MAY COME

A Chance For Rain Is Good--- Peculiar Atmosphere This Year.

Few days in the history of late May weather have been as hot as today. With just a few exceptions, it is the warmest since the gavernment went into the business of collecting information with its various 'ometers thirty years ago. Unofficial thermometers were many flights up in the ether at noon, but the official figures are 90 degrees in the sun and 77 degrees in the shade of the federal building tower. Luckily a southwesterly breeze disturbed the humidity, or there might have been a larger draft on summer-day vocabularies.

It is possible that tonight nature may try to create a thunder storm, but there does not appear to be enough moisture in sight to make a good one. The indications are that there will be rain in the next few days, but this year very peculiar conditions exist. The atmosphere has been almost stagnant, and the storms customary at this season of the year are not following their regular courses. Since the first of the year Duluth is just about six inches shy on moisture, and Local Forecaster Richardson is of the opinion that much of this deficiency will be made up between June 1 and the early part of July, in moderately heavy thunder storms.

In the clothing and furnishing goods and dry goods stores today there was quite a heavy demand for everything light, airy and agreeable. Usually "straw hat" weather does not begin here till June, but the season may now be officially declared open.

The styles in straws this year are calculated to bring heavy showers with thunder and lightning. One of the first consignments which the furnishing goods authorities on things seratorial say are the very "latest" would turn a summer girl's heart to longing. This "latest" has a sort of a Portland crown with a Bar Harbor brim, and a band that is a cross between a narrow piece of satin-edged ribbon and a corset string. It's a beauty.

THEY ARE CONFERRING.

Carpenters and Contractors Talking Over Their Differences.

The contractors and carpenters are getting closer in their negotiations for a settlement of the strike problem, but it is impossible to say just what the outcome of the trouble will be. The carpenters said last evening that there was talk of compromising on 31½ cents an hour for eight hours' work, which would give them $2.50 a day. How the contractors will view this is to be seen. They are in session this afternoon and before they get through will probably meet the representatives of the men.

There is a far less belligerent feeling in the air at the present time and both sides would probably welcome a reasonable settlement.

A POLITICAL DUEL.

Tom Thunder Challenges White Buffalo to a Battle.

Milwaukee, May 23.—An Evening Wisconsin special from Black River Falls, Wis., says: Tom Thunder has got on his war paint and has issued a challenge to fight White Buffalo over the grave of Chief Black Hawk and he asks White Buffalo to name the date.

Thomas Roddy, the Irish Chief, will be here on May 26 and Young Thunder is planning a hostile demonstration to greet White Buffalo.

The challenge was made and signed in the presence of several citizens and mailed to White Buffalo last night. Young Thunder will have another meeting of the older members of the tribe this evening and will make a big effort to have White Buffalo turned down and have himself proclaimed chief.

Complaint Against Tug.

A complaint has been filed with Inspectors Monaghan and Chalk to the effect that the tug J. D. McFadden, Jas. Magee owner, has been running without a licensed engineer. The complaint is made by Michael Ryan, of the Tugmen's association. The trouble is understood to arise from the fact that Magee has had trouble in getting an engineer because he does not belong to the Tugmen's association, and refuses to join, and cannot get a licensed engineer because they all belong to the association and will not work under a captain who does not belong to it.

CHICAGO FLATS BURN.

Jackson Apartment House Gutted, But No Lives Lost.

Chicago, May 23.—A fire which started in the 4-story Jackson apartment building, Twenty-ninth street and Calumet avenue, at 12:30 this afternoon, almost destroyed the building inside of forty-five minutes.

It is stated by the police that every person in the building escaped. The Jackson apartment building contained nearly 200 apartment and covered a block on Twenty-ninth street between South Park and Calumet avenues. It was fully occupied.

An explosion of a natural gas stove on the second floor started the fire, which spread with remarkable rapidity and although all the apparatus in the district was called out, the building, at 1:25 p. m., appeared to be a total loss. The fire was kept within the Jackson building which, however, was practically gutted. The loss is estimated at $75,000; fully insured.

NO PROPOSALS.

London, May 23.—Inquiries made by representatives of the Associated Press today confirm the announcement made yesterday that no peace proposals nor communication of any kind from President Kruger have been received, as reported in press dispatches here.

During Our Fire Sale of Bicycles

We will sell fresh, new Columbias at a special discount of 10 per cent.

SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE CO.

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

SLOW BUT SURE SUICIDE.

Worry is suicide by slow stages. If the liver, stomach and bowels are in good condition, you can laugh your troubles away. Beecham's Pills do not inflame any internal organ, but they do put the liver, stomach and bowels in perfect order. Don't worry; take Beecham's Pills; they bring relief in fifteen minutes after you have taken them, impart a delightful feeling of invigoration to the entire system. Constipation, the foe of good health, flies before the majestic power of Beecham's Pills.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist. Top floor, New Jersey.
Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.
Funeedany printing, see R. P. Co.
Sailors and children's hats at Swenson's.
The Virginia excursion Saturday.
The Pantorium, open all night. Phone 653.

The Parlor theater is presenting a fine program of vaudeville specialties each evening this week to well filled houses nightly. McKay and Lawrence and Lancton, Lucier and Lancton and others are furnishing acts that keep the crowds in excellent humor.

J. B. Richards will speak on "The New City Charter" in the Y. M. C. A. course next Tuesday night.

The Y. M. C. A. baseball team will play the High Schools Saturday of this week.

The blue room wedding bells rang out with a soft, sweet cadence and the municipal court was filled with the subtle fragrance of bridal roses this morning. With noticeable buoyancy of spirit and happiness of demeanor, Malcolm D. Thomas, of Steel county, North Dakota, led Miss Marceline M. Dion, all smiles and blushes, into the blue room and Judge Gearhart did the rest.

William H. Jones has begun suit against the Duluth Banking company to clear title to the sw¼ of the se¼ of section 5-62-11. John H. Potter is the attorney.

A marriage license has been issued to Malcolm D. Thomas, of Steele county, N. D., and Marceline M. Dion, of this county.

There will be a regular meeting of the Florence Crittenton Purity circle with Mrs. Elsie Smith, 2529 West Second street, Thursday, at 2:30 p. m.

Tomorrow is Ascension Thursday, a holy day of obligation in the Roman Catholic churches, and it will be observed in the churches of that denomination in the city. Services will be the same as on Sunday at the cathedral with masses at 7, 8, 9 and 10:30 o'clock, and vespers at 7:30 p. m.

Advertisers using space in The Friday Herald consult their own interests best by turning in copy Thursday afternoons, thereby insuring advertisements running in all editions Friday.

PERSONALS.

H. E. Gaskill and Mrs. S. L. Gaskill and little son, of Hurley, S. D., are guests of Mrs. J. A. Scott, of Buffalo flats.

Mrs. J. W. Sheridan and Miss Grace Sheridan arrived home yesterday from Ocean Springs, Miss., where they have been most of the winter.

Ed S. Frisbee and F. W. Edwards of the Gately Furnishing company, have gone to Chicago on a purchasing trip.

Dr. G. V. I. Brown, of Milwaukee, formerly of Duluth, is in the city today. He will leave this afternoon for his home.

C. N. Parker, of Brainerd is at the Spalding.

W. E. Lucas arrived this morning from Chicago, and will be here for some time.

Mr. and Mrs. F. H. Allen, of Staples, are at the Spalding.

W. B. Hutter, of St. Paul, was at the Spalding today.

W. H. Congdon, Jr., of Tower, was in the city yesterday.

Miss E. Delehanty and Miss Theresa Cornell, of Fayal, were at the Spalding last evening.

C. B. Simpson of Washburn, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

George Berger, of Detroit, Mich., is at the St. Louis today.

E. S. Reishus, of St. Paul, state grain inspector, and E. W. Knatvold, of Minneapolis, are at the St. Louis.

C. F. Haglin, of Minneapolis, who has charge of the construction of the Peavey annex, is in the city.

James T. Hurst, of Wyandotte, Mich., is at the St. Louis.

Archdeacon Appleby, of St. Paul, is in the city today.

George R. Bancroft and Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Lammers, of Stillwater, were at the St. Louis last evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Brown, of Grand Rapids, are at the St. Louis.

Mrs. A. B. Clair, of Grand Rapids, was a guest at the St. Louis last evening.

Dr. J. F. Fulton and Dr. H. Sweeney, of St. Paul, were in the city today for the purpose of testifying in court.

John W. Thickens, of Appleton, Wis., is at the St. Louis.

F. S. Colvin, of Biwabik, is in the city this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Buffington, of Minneapolis, are at the Spalding.

SOUTH DAKOTA G. O. P.

The Sioux Falls Convention Is the Biggest Ever.

Sioux Falls, S. D., May 23.—The remainder of the delegates to the Republican state convention arrived today, and the attendance is the largest in the history of the state.

The convention was called to order at 2 o'clock by S. N. Herreid, chairman of the Republican state central committee. It is understood that C. P. Sherwood, of Clark, will be made temporary chairman. Fourteen delegates were elected to attend the twelfth convention of the National Republican league at St. Paul, July 17.

ROUND TO WIN HER.

The vaunted feat of Leander in swimming the Hellespont to win the fair Helen is eclipsed by the martyrdom of Louis Hoen, who had his legs broken to take the bow out of them because his sweetheart objected to curved lower extremities.

Hoen lives in Indianapolis. He is about 25 years of age, and from the waist up he is a handsome young person. Even when seated he has been known to present as captivating an appearance to the female eye as any man of his weight and age in the state capital. But when he walked forth in the thoroughfares of the city he had a gait like a man who had been riding a mule and suddenly lost his mount by reason of putting his feet on the ground.

With straight limbs Hoen might marry the lady of his heart. With his bowed extremities there was no hope. She read in the papers last winter of a man in Connecticut who had a pair of bow legs remedied by a surgical operation. She called Hoen's attention to it.

Hoen is wealthy. He could afford it. To avoid publicity in his home town he came to Logansport three months ago and arranged with the surgeons in St. Joseph's hospital to tinker with his lower limbs so that they might not attract attention because of the seeming aversion of the knees for each other, says the Logansport, Ind., correspondent of the New York Journal.

Hoen was chloroformed, and his legs were broken by the surgeons with neatness and dispatch. The broken parts were put in plaster of paris casts, and all Hoen had to do was to lie in bed and wait for the bones to knit.

The young man will be discharged in a few days with his underpinning as straight and strong as the underpinning of any athlete in Indianapolis. And, most wonderful of all, he will be a full inch taller than he was when he consented to make a martyr of himself for the sake of love. The straightening of the bones has caused that gain in his stature.

It is said that the wedding bells will ring out as soon as Hoen gets home.

Among the thousands of nickel cigars, Winecke & Doerr's Corona always proves first favorite.

Campers' regular dance at Oatka beach auditorium tonight.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Steamer Fred Kelley Struck on the Middle Ground at St. Clair.

HER CABIN SMASHED

Capt. James Corrigan Will Bring Two Schooners Back From Atlantic.

St. Clair, Mich., May 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Fred Kelley, with two barges in tow, struck on the head of the middle ground here this morning. The tow post of the Kelley was pulled out and the top of her cabin smashed. The barges were taken in tow by the steamer Cleveland.

THE CORN RATE.

Chicago, May 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Corn rates were settled at 1¾c and may hold at that figure for some time. The trade seems on a healthy shipping basis.

BIG ORE CARGO.

The steamer John W. Gates, the first 500-footer to visit the head of the lakes, carried her second cargo of iron ore this season today, leaving at 1:40 o'clock this afternoon. She carried 7674 gross tons of iron ore, equal to 7622 net tons, on a draft of 17 feet 3½ inches forward and 18 feet aft. This does not break the cargo record, which is 7722 tons, but it beats the record of the J. J. Hill, the other 500-foot vessel, which took only 6881 tons. No attempt to break the record was made with either vessel, however, and it is probable that no records will be broken at the present stage of water.

NOTICE TO MARINERS.

In accordance with notice to mariners issued before the opening of navigation, the following-named buoys were placed on May 18, 1900, off Round island, St. Mary's river, Mich.:

(1). Sixteen-foot shoal buoy No. 5½. A 25-foot black spar in twenty feet of water off the east edge of a 16-foot shoal, 4000 feet s ¼ w from Round island lighthouse.

(2). Nine-foot shoal buoy No. 2½. A 25-foot red spar in twenty feet of water off the west edge of a 9-foot shoal, 2700 feet east from Round island lighthouse.

VESSELMEN NOT DISCOURAGED.

The Detroit Journal says: The statements as to discouragement of vesselmen over a slump of rates seems to have no local foundation. The fact that fully 80 per cent of the tonnage of the lakes is under contract at $1.25 to carry ore was recalled by a vesselman this morning, and there is a generally accepted belief that with the contract price where it is the wild rate will not go below a reasonable figure unless the steel market loses bottom. This is not considered a probability for a year. As the vesselman said today:

"The temporary trouble is caused by the fact that in order to feed their contracted boats, the big combinations sacrificed their own boats at the opening. Another trouble is the fact that the sailors and 'longshoremen insist on a schedule of pay which is gauged by the $1.25 contract, forgetting that lumber carriers and grain carriers are not getting the equivalent to that rate. The only sensible thing for the lumber carriers to do is to tie up and refuse to handle ore. Meantime the lumber and cedar will pile up on the docks the banks which are carrying the load will refuse to carry it longer, and the shippers will be forced to offer a good rate for tonnage.

"It is foolish to talk about the vesselmen going to pieces, for any good business man knows that conditions are always equalized, and that he who loses today will gain tomorrow. As a matter of fact, there is great probability that the wild boats will get the best of it later in the season.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Coal—R ourke, Portage, Light—Bulgaria, John McWilliams, Eads, LaSalle, Mather, Corliss, Waldo, Duluth; Forest City, Pontiac, Marquette.

Buffalo—Cleared: Coal—Bielman, Paris, Superior; Myles, Fort William; Nestor, Marquette. Light—Maricopa, Two Harbors.

Cleveland—Cleared: Coal—Lackawanna, Kalkaska, schooner Fryer, Oak Leaf, Duluth. Light—Specular, Magnetic, Duluth.

Conneaut—Cleared: Coal—Castalia, Marquette. Light—Norton, Rees, Black, Bessemer, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Siemens, Choctaw, Duluth.

Fairport—Cleared: Coal—Walula, Duluth. Light—McDougall, Merida, Duluth.

Huron—Cleared: Light—Manda, Duluth.

Toledo—Cleared: Coal—Progress, Tasmania, Ashland; King, Gawn, Teutonia, Duluth.

Ashland—Arrived: Oliver, Birchhead, C. P. Jones, Burton, Runnells, Mitchell. Cleared—Ore, Matoa, Loraln, Fulton, Krupp, Carrington, Conneaut.

Marquette, Mich.—Cleared: Angeline, Juliet, Erie, Continental, Holland, Sawyer, Toltec, Zapotec, Cleveland; Wade, Tampa, Conneaut; Tuxbury, Huron; Redfern, Lorain.

THE SCHOONER SEAMEN.

Milwaukee, May 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The fight between the schooner owners, who wish to reduce the wages of their seamen, and the union men is still on. A crisis is expected today, however, as the schooners have been held in port for several days on account of head winds which would have made their trips uncertain, even without the clash with the union men. Today there are southerly winds predicted, and this may result in a test of the strength of the union men. Some boats have sailed, on payment of high wages, but even the vessels which are willing to pay $2 are being held in port as a rule.

BOUGHT TWO BOATS.

Cleveland, May 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Capt. James Corrigan has bought the schooners Marion Page and Charles Foster and will bring them back from the coast, where they were taken by the Atlantic Transportation company several years ago. The schooners George It. and Moonlight will also be brought back. They are owned by J. C. Gilchrist.

CAUGHT IN THE TOW LINE.

Amherstburg, Ont., May 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Canadian cutter Petrel brought in the damaged gas buoy from Southeast shoal yesterday and from the appearances it is believed that the buoy was caught in a tow line and wrecked. It is said the Canadian government has determined to offer a reward for the vessel which did the work.

BOAT MAY BE RAISED.

Buffalo, May 23.—Capt. Jacob Jacobson of the lost schooner Thomas Howland, has recovered from an attack of pneumonia and will go to the place where the vessel lies and have a diver examine her. If she is worth raising, pontoons will be employed.

CHICAGO RIVER CURRENT.

Chicago, May 23.—Maj. Willard, United States engineer, holds the current of Chicago river in his hand, so to speak, and just now he is the autocrat of the situation. He has received his instructions from the secretary of war and is conducting his investigation. That he will act in a fair, unprejudiced manner all hands seem to agree. The drainage trustees are turning enough water through the river to purify it and keep the sewage out of the lake. They watch the weather closely and as much as 265,000 cubic feet have been run over the controlling works recently. While Chief Engineer Randolph had charge of the current he was very careful of it and there were few complaints after the Spalding and Amazonas episodes.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., May 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Merida, 10 last night; Republic, 10:15; Siberia, 11; Melbourne, midnight; Centurion, 12:10 a. m.; Ranney, 1; Colin Campbell, King, Perew, 1; Codorus, 3:50; George King and barges, 4; Leuty, Bottsford, 4:20; Strong and consort, Troy, 7; Curtis and consorts, 7:20; Senator, 7; North Star, Castalia, 9:15; Bradley and consorts, 9:40; Hurlburt, Clint, 11:30.

Up yesterday: Avon, 12:30 p. m.; Vanderbilt, 1:20; Pontiac, 2; Blanchard, 3:50; Germanic, Hutchinson, 4; Pease, Planet, 4:30; Mariposa, Manda, 5:40; Tioga, Nipigon and consort, 7:40; Whitaker, Christie, Sonsmith, 8:20.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault, St. Marie, Mich., May 23.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Bartlett and whalebacks, 11 last night; Oglebay, 4:20. Foster, 7:20; Duncan, Favorite, Constitution, 10; Curry, V. H. Ketchum, 10:30; Carnegie, 11. Down: Cuba, Mahoning, Algeline, Stevens, 6:20; Palmer, Bangor, Alva, Wade, 8; Manitoba, 8:30; Stephenson and whalebacks, Tampa, 9:30; Sawyer, Redfern, Tuxbury, Joliet, 10:30.

Up yesterday: Iosco, Butterout, 11:40 a. m.; Appomattox, Santiago, 1:30 p. m.; Stimson, Uranus, 2; Bermuda, Law, Collingwood, 3; Case, 5:40; Fay, Penzance, Rhodes, 8:30; Bartlett and whaleback, 11. Down: Gilchrist, Massachusetts, 11:40 a. m.; Aztec, Miztec, 12:40 p. m.; Minch, 2:30; Roby, 4:30; Italia, Amazon, Cherokee, Chippewa, 5:40; Macy, Wilson, Ford, Jay Gould, Algonquin, 8.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Northern King, Buffalo, merchandise; Bon Voyage, Hancock, passengers and merchandise; steel Gratwick, Parry Sound, merchandise; Roumania, Barium, Glidden, Dundee, Iron Duke, Ashland, Scranton, Lake Erie, coal; Tom Adams, Iron King, Iron Queen, Lake Erie, light for ore.

Departed—Two Parkers, Reis, Orinoco, Lagonda, John Owen, Matanzas, Gates, Lake Erie, ore; Fisk, Mohawk, Buffalo, flour; Selwyn Eddy, Buffalo, grain; Charles Eddy, wooden Gratwick, Moravia, Two Harors, light; 86, South Chicago, light.

GOES INTO THE DITCH.

Fast Mail Engine Wrecked and Two Lives Lost.

Cleveland, May 23.—The engine attached to the fast mail train on the Lake Shore road went into the ditch at Westfield, N. Y., at 8:30 today and Engineer Reagan and his fireman, W. T. Peabody, were killed.

The train carried no passengers. The postal clerks on the train escaped uninjured. Four cars were derailed but no mail was lost. The wreck was caused by a misplaced switch.

MOTHERS' CONGRESS.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 23.—The third day of the National Mothers' congress opened today. Reports of state regents from the various states were presented regarding the work of the organizing of Mothers' clubs and were followed by discussions as to the best methods. At noon, the Women's Press club tendered the delegates a reception and in the afternoon Dr. Leartes Connor, of Detroit, Mich., and Hon. Henry Sabin, of Des Moines, presented papers on "Child Training." At 4 o'clock, the delegates were taken for a drive through the city parks by the city's Woman's club.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Royal Baking Powder is of the highest quality, always pure, wholesome, uniform. The contents of each can are exactly like every other, and will retain their strength and freshness and produce the same and the highest leavening effect in any climate, at any time.

Care must be taken to avoid baking powders made from alum. Such powders are sold cheap, because they cost but a few cents per pound. Alum is a corrosive acid, which taken in food means injury to health.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

THE DISTRICT COURT.

Two Personal Injury and a Trespass Suit on Trial.

Two personal injury suits, and another timber trespass suit are on trial in district court today. In Judge Ensign's court yesterday afternoon a jury was drawn to try the case of John Foucault, as administrator of the estate of Charles Vashon, against Mitchell & McClure, and the case was still on trial at noon today. Vashon was killed while unloading logs from cars at the mitt of the defendant, and the administrator of the estate is asking for $5000 damages for the widow. D. M. DeVore is attorney for the plaintiff and Davis, Hollister & Hicks represent the company.

Yesterday afternoon the jury in the case of Edward B. Patterson against William Camelon and others, to recover $3600 for an alleged wilful trespass, returned a verdict for $1062.50 for the plaintiff.

Judge Dibell yesterday afternoon took up the case of Carl Carlson against Fredereka Engren and others, to recover $3000 for an alleged wilful trespass on timber lands. The amount of damage claimed is $1200, and under the law the plaintiff asks for triple damages, of $3600.

Judge Cant, in room No. 3, is still hearing the case of F. J. Fewings against the Duluth Street Railway company.

THE ENVOYS' PROGRAM.

Boers Will Visit a Number of Large Cities.

Washington, May 23.—Mr. Fischer, one of the Boer delegates, spoke freely with a representative of the Associated Press today as to their general plans for the future. He said that it was their purpose to visit ten or twelve of the principal cities of the United States and explain to the people what they might wish to know of the Boers' cause.

They were particularly anxious, he said, to avoid even the semblance of taking any part in American politics. They came to plead with the whole American people for sympathy and support.

The cities which they will visit have not yet been determined upon. It is probable, however, that they will eventually reach San Francisco, stopping en route at Chicago, Milwaukee, St. Louis and Cincinnati.

A POPULAR FASHION.

The fashion that has been popular so long of wearing the silk waists with the pique and duck skirts is still in favor, but now the white waists are thought smarter than the colored ones, and the thin materials, like embroidered muslin, wash silks or made of lace and ribbon, are used and over them are worn, if necessary, bolero or Eton jackets of the pique, says an exchange. This fashion of dressing entirely in white is dainty and pretty, but white soils more quickly than anything else, so it is more expensive in the end. Very pretty are the cotton waists in white, and these launder better than the colored, so that in the end they are not more expensive.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

Millinery

One-Third Off!

Tomorrow 100 Trimmed Hats and Patterns will be sold at one-third off. We carry the largest assortment of Trimmed Hats in Duluth to select from. Come before the most desirable are selected. The Lady Smith sold elsewhere at $2 will be sold at $1.50—This is the latest in a ready-to-wear hat. Flowers worth 25c a bunch, at 5c. Flowers worth 50c a bunch, at 18c.

B. KNOWLTON,
No. 3 West Superior St.

Why is Electric Light Best?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.
CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.
SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Superior St.

PANTON & WHITE DULUTH, MINN. THE BIG GLASS BLOCK STORE

Good-Bye to Jackets!

A Cloak-Buying Opportunity.

Another great Mark Down Sale of Women's and Misses' Jackets. 150 Women's and Misses' Jackets to be placed on sale Thursday at exactly half price. You can't find an old Jacket in the entire lot—every garment is this season's styles—they come in Eton, Bolero, Fly Front and Double breasted effects in black and colored. Your pick Thursday at half price. This sale continues until every Jacket is sold. Following are the prices.

$7.50 Jackets, your pick	$3.75
$8.75 Jackets, your pick	$4.38
$9.00 Jackets, your pick	$4.50
$9.25 Jackets, your pick	$4.62
$9.98 Jackets, your pick	$4.99
$11.00 Jackets, your pick	$5.50
$11.25 Jackets, your pick	$5.62
$11.50 Jackets, your pick	$5.75
$12.00 Jackets, your pick	$6.00
$13.50 Jackets, your pick	$6.75
$14.50 Jackets, your pick	$7.25
$14.98 Jackets, your pick	$7.49
$16.50 Jackets, your pick	$8.25
$17.50 Jackets, your pick	$8.75
$18.50 Jackets, your pick	$9.25
$19.50 Jackets, your pick	$9.75
$21.00 Jackets, your pick	$10.50
$22.50 Jackets, your pick	$11.25
$26.00 Jackets, your pick	$13.00
$27.00 Jackets, your pick	$13.50
$37.50 Jackets, your pick	$18.75

NEGRO IS LYNCHED

Great Crowd, Including Many Women, View the Hanging at Pueblo.

MOB OWNS THE CITY

Drags Its Victim Through the Streets Without Hindrance From Officers.

Pueblo, Col., May 23.—Five minutes after Calvin Kimbiern, the colored murderer, reached Pueblo early today, he was being dragged through the streets by as many men as could lay hands on the rope around his neck, followed by a mob of at least 5000 people. Not the slightest attempt to protect the prisoner was made by the half-dozen officers having him in charge. In fact, they had drawn the charges from their revolvers lest thereby there should be any chance blood spilled.

Kimbiern made but the slightest attempt at resistance. Heavy steel manacles around his wrists and he was dragged face downward over the railroad tracks and was undoubtedly dead before he was hanged to a telegraph pole two blocks from the depot.

After the body had been allowed to dangle in the air a few minutes, the rope was cut and the corpse was dragged half a block further, the crowd clamoring for a fire to burn the body. Mayor West, in the center of the throng, exhorted them to disperse, but his words were unheeded.

Long after the more respectable element in the crowd had gone home or stood upon the outskirts, boys and young men danced about the remains. They stripped him to the waist and a man who claimed to be a doctor said that his heart was still beating. The mob tore the clothes from him, tied a cloth around his naked loins, hooked the manacles into one of the spikes on the side of a pole and again suspended the body.

The remains were finally taken to the morgue late this morning. The rough treatment had almost torn one side of Kimblern's face from his skull. The noose had cut deeply into the neck and blood splashed his clothing.

Apparently in the melee which attended his seizure by the mob, somebody, moved either by mercy or impelled by a desire to add a personal atrocity to the tragedy, struck the negro a blow on the head with a sledge hammer, inflicting a wound which must have caused instant unconsciousness.

There were many well dressed women in the mob.

On the journey from Denver, Kimblern was fully aware of the fate that awaited him, but he retained his composure and smoked or slept much of the time. The autopsy held on the bodies of the two young girls whom he killed on Saturday morning revealed the fact that the negro had outraged his victims before shooting them.

"In Union There is Strength."

True strength consists in the union, the harmonious working together, of every part of the human organism. This strength can never be obtained if the blood is impure. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the standard prescription for purifying the blood.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

UNITARIAN ASSOCIATION.

The Officers Are Elected and Annual Reports Received.

Boston, May 23.—At the business meeting of the American Unitarian association, the following officers were elected: President, Samuel A. Elliott, Cambridge, Mass.; vice presidents, Joseph W. Raymond, Portland, Me.; Samuel Hoar, Concord; Willard Bartlett, New York; Thomas J. Morris, Baltimore; George E. Adams, Chicago; Horace Davis, San Francisco; secretary, Charles E. St. John, Pittsburg; assistant secretary; George W. Fox, Boston; treasurer, Francis H. Lincoln, Bingham, Mass.

The report of the secretary showed that the contributions for current expenses were more than $17,000 above those of 1899 and that gifts and bequests were nearly $20,000 higher than 1899.

The treasurer's statement showed the total income for the year $101,165, including contributions from societies, Sunday schools, organizations and individuals of $75,329, income from invested funds, $16,615, and books sold, $7209. The total expenditures were $77,182, including home and foreign missions, $46,676; education for colored people, $1345; books, tracts, etc., $6070; salaries, $7551. The gifts and bequests added to invested funds aggregated $59,552.

FIRE IN A MINE.

Hazleton, Pa., May 23.—A fire of unknown origin broke out last midnight in No. 2 slope of C. Pardee & Co.'s mine at Latimer and is still raging. The pump house was destroyed and the pumps damaged. Those employed succeeded in making their escape. A large force of men under the direction of Mine Inspector Davies is engaged in extinguishing the flames, which threaten to cause considerable damage.

WALSH SLIGHTLY BETTER.

New York, May 23.—Jockey Tommy Walsh, who was thrown from his horse at Morris park yesterday and seriously hurt, was said to be slightly better today, but attending physicians say his recovery is a remote possibility.

GARFIELD DESERTED

He Was Thrown Down Hard By Hanna, McKinley, Dick & Co.

WAS A FAVORITE SON

Worked For the Ohio Boss But Cannot Go to Congress.

Columbus, Ohio, May 23.—The recent stinging defeat of Hon. James R. Garfield, favorite son of the late lamented president, in the Twentieth district convention, is the second of its kind in succession. Two years ago he was outstripped by F. O. Phillips, and old gentleman, almost unknown in active politics and without any special claim for recognition, in connection with the nomination. While the machinations of former Mayor Robert E. McKisson of Cleveland had much to do with the discomfiture of Garfield in that contest, his own constituents in Lake county contributed a very considerable portion to the influence that was wielded against him.

In the contest of yesterday, for which he has been planning and preparing ever since his previous defeat, he found it necessary to withdraw even before the first ballot. The political fate of young Garfield makes more impressive the fact that, compared with the sons of Lincoln and Grant, those of Garfield have been far from shining lights in politics.

Jimmy Garfield, as he is familiarly known, compared with a Robert Lincoln or a Fred Grant, is indeed a nonentity indeed in public life. And yet he appears to have striven as energetically, if not more so, than have they to follow in the father's footsteps.

When James R. Garfield was elected to the state senate his first important public position, six years ago, much was expected of him. It was said that while the other children of the late president were little like him in ambition or ability, James was veritably "a chip off the old block."

The young statesman started in his career with somewhat of a flourish of trumpets. He did everything conceivable to make himself conspicuous. Early in the session he essayed the role of a Bolman. He objected to everything and everybody. He harangued the chair, members, other members, until they learned to hate where they sought to love him.

The young man eventually became so exasperating with his objections, entered in a supercilious air, that several of the more able members of his own party could no longer appear fair in good humor. They took turns at lambasting him, until he was almost an object of pity.

Thereupon he dropped his objecting tactics to an extent, and posed as an authority on parliamentary law. In this he was somewhat more successful, as it required only the memorizing of Roberts' rules of order and kindred words. But he never succeeded in making himself a name through that channel.

The session passed away, and the only measure left on the statutes to keep the name of Garfield green was the corrupt practice act. Whatever may be the merits of that measure, it is a well-known fact that prominent members of both political parties have branded it as an inspiration for hypocrisy and the means of placing a premium on perjury.

When Garfield was returned to the next senate he fared even worse than before. His course was the acme of insincerity and inconsistency in the opinion of fellow-members in his own party. In one notable instance he stultified himself as the attorney for the defense in the case of one Marcus A. Hanna, when but a few days previous he declared in a speech on the floor of the senate that, if the slightest irregularity should be shown against the accused or his agents he would vote and work against him.

But he did not wait for any irregularity to be shown, becoming, instead, the leader in the movement to cover up everything of that kind. That was the only action of Garfield during his last term of any importance. Early in his public career, when the factional bitterness between the Foraker and McKinley wings of the part was more distant than now, Garfield endeavored to become a diplomat or ambassador. He posed as a friend of both elements, and acted as a "go-between" in several important transactions. But this somewhat unique role was not of long duration.

Those in favor of the Foraker management soon served notice in plain language upon him that he was persona non grata in their camp. This was because he was suspected, whether justly or unjustly does not appear in the evidence, of having only the interests of Hanna and McKinley at heart, as against Foraker.

Under the circumstances it would seem that Garfield ought to have been better taken care of by the Hanna people—indeed, by the president himself. Much of the political humiliation he has suffered was the direct result of his friendship and devoted service to Hanna and McKinley.

Yet, with the full power of the national administration at their command and with McKisson, who defeated him before, now shorn of much of his influence, McKinley, Hanna, Dick & Co. allowed him to go down in defeat the second time in succession. Whatever the shortcomings of young Garfield may have been, it cannot be truthfully said that he was deserving of the keen tooth of ingratitude, when a decent return for value received doubtless would have made him the congressional nominee in the Twentieth district.

Ayer's Pills

Look at yourself! Is your face covered with pimples? Your skin rough and blotchy? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, biliousness, and dyspepsia. 25c. All druggists.

Want your mousache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the Whiskers. 50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

IN MICHIGAN.

Agriculture In Houghton County---On the Cascade Range.

Houghton—Schoolcraft township still leads the procession in Houghton county, viewed from a purely agricultural standpoint, having 3424 acres under cultivation, with 5765 acres in farms. The statistics for 1899 include 4291 bushels of wheat raised on sixty-seven and one half acres of land, an average return of nearly twenty-one bushels per acre, a showing which would be considered good in any of the states in the great wheat belt of the Northwest.

The production of hay last year was 3556 tons and of potatoes 21,361 bushels, while among the miscellaneous returns were 115 bushels of strawberries from two and one-half acres of land. The value of the farm produce of Schoolcraft township for 1899 easily exceeded $50,000—an excellent showing.

Nels Mujhanum of Michigamme, for many years a resident of Ishpeming and one of the oldest and most influential Finnish residents of the Lake Superior country, has secured options on 640 acres of land, largely improved, at Newtonville, and contemplates engaging in dairying on a large scale.

A and B shafts of the Michigan mine are now connected on the 200-foot level and drifting is progressing vigorously, some handsome stopes being opened against the time when the mine will become a regular producer of copper from the Calico lode. The mill test of 1000 tons of Michigan rock will be made at the Atlantic mill, probably during June or July, and, if satisfactory, as is confidently anticipated, big pumps will be placed in both shafts and sinking resumed with an eye to opening the mine on a large scale for permanent production.

Negaunee—Palmer and the Cascade range are very lively this spring. The Volunteer mine is working a large force of men, the Star West property, controlled by Corrigan, McKinney & Co. of Cleveland, about 25 men, while the Moore property is gradually increasing its force, which will soon be quite large.

The Volunteer mine is shipping a nice tonnage of ore, and everything about the property looks promising. The Star West's product is about twenty-five carloads daily, while the Mesaba Friend is now sending out from six to ten carloads of ore each day.

Ishpeming—Frank Allenen, son of Mike Allenen, fell into a test pit in which there is about six feet of water, and was drowned before help could reach him.

RICHARDSON ALL RIGHT.

No Fault Found With the Congressman's Book Contract.

Washington, May 23.—The senate committee on printing today made a report of its investigation of the compilation and publication of the messages and papers of the presidents. The committee find that Representative Richardson devoted four years to compiling and indexing the papers.

"It is not to be doubted," they say, "that his labors were most assiduous and that they consumed during this period a great amount of his time." It is also stated that he expended $3000 of his own funds in securing assistance in the preparation of the index. With reference to the claim of copyright the committee says that Mr. Richardson does not claim that it operates against the government but only as against all other publishers—that it protects the form of the publication, the illustrations and the original matter, though none of the documents themselves.

The committee pronounces Mr. Richardson's contract with Publisher Bureau unobjectionable, but criticize Bureau' methods as questionable. Mr. Richardson's receipts have amounted to $11,350.

In conclusion the committee says that no additional legislation is necessary but they recommend that in the future congress shall not place the control of the plates of government publications in private hands.

JOHN POWERS RELEASED.

The Judge Recognizes the Pardon Issued By Taylor.

Barboursville, Ky., May 23.—John L. Powers, who was arrested in the southern part of the county Monday night, insituted habeas corpus proceedings before County Judge Wyatt yesterday. The proceedings were hotly contested. Judge Williams, of Frankfort, was telegraphed for and arrived here at 4 o'clock last evening to assist the commonwealth.

It was rumored during the day that Beckham soldiers were coming on the evening train to take Powers and great excitement prevailed.

Attorneys for Powers presented a pardon from Governor Taylor to John L. Powers. Judge Wyatt sustained the motion to release Powers on the grounds of the pardon being valid. Cheers went up from a large crowd of Powers' friends when the opinion was reached and many rushed to greet Powers. Powers says he has no statement to make just yet. He speaks kindly of his captors.

A SCIENTIFIC BREAKFAST.

Rightly selected food will cure more than half the diseases. Try a scientific and healthy breakfast: Fruit of some kind, preferably cooked; a dish of Grape Nuts, with cream; two soft-boiled eggs. Put two eggs in a tin pint cup of boiling water, cover and set off for nine minutes. Whites will then be the consistency of cream and most easily digested. One slice of bread with butter; cup of Postum Cereal Food Coffee.

On that breakfast you can work like a horse and be perfectly nourished until noon. Your nervous troubles, heart palpitation, stomach and bowel troubles, kidney complaints and various other disorders will gradually disappear and firm solid health will set in.

Why? You have probably been living on poorly selected food, that is food that does not contain the required elements the body needs. That sort of food, and coffee, is the direct or indirect cause of more than half the ills the human body acquires.

Grape-Nuts is a perfectly cooked food and both that and the Postum Food Coffee contain fine microscopic particles of phosphate of potash obtained in a natural way from the grains of the field and by scientific food experts incorporated into food and drink. That element joins with the albumen in food to make gray matter, which is the filling of the brain cells and the nerve centers all over the human body.

A man or woman thus fed is scientifically fed and rapidly grows in vigor and vitality, and becomes capable of conducting successfully the affairs of life. To produce a perfect body and a money-making brain, the body must have the right kind of food, and the expert food specialist knows how to make it. That is Grape-Nuts and Postum Cereal Food Coffee, produced at the pure food factories of the Postum Cereal company, limited, at Battle Creek, Mich.

Bedding Plants...

We have the largest and finest line of everything for out door planting we have ever grown and at prices none else can duplicate. We have over 10,000 PANSIES left. These should be planted at once and if it keeps warm you can safely plant Geraniums and other stuff not too tender this week. We have 10,000 GERANIUMS at $1.50 per dozen and an immense lot of other bedding stuff at a correspondingly low rate.

Give us your order for WINDOW BOXES. We have had four years' experience in this line of work and can give you good advice in regard to what will grow well here. See our stock and get prices before you buy. We can save you money and furnish plants that will do well here.

W. W. SEEKINS,

Florist and Confectioner.

115 West Superior Street. Greenhouse, 921 East Third Street.

MADSTONE ACTS AS CHARM.

Tried on a Horse Bitten By a Mad Dog.

Cincinnati, May 23.—Cincinnati has a real madstone. It was tested on a horse that had been bitten by a mad dog, and it worked like a charm. The owner of the stone is Asa Richardson, of 515 East Pearl street.

Several days ago a fine horse belonging to a farmer who has a place about twelve miles up the river was attacked by a dog that had all the symptoms of hydrophobia. The dog fastened its fangs in the tender part of the horse's nostril and tore it loose from the upper lip, making a terrible wound. The nostril swelled and turned as black as coal, filling the air passage and almost suffocating the poor animal. It was in this condition when taken to Richardson on Tuesday and application made for the use of the madstone.

The stone is a small, crystal like formation, of a pretty shade of blue, but very adhesive when placed on a wound containing any poison. When placed on the torn nostril of the horse it stuck like a piece of steel to a powerful magnet. When filled with the poison it dropped off and was at once immersed in lukewarm water, into which it discharged the fluid it had extracted from the wound. The poison formed a greenish scum on the water and was pronounced to be the virus of hydrophobia. Fifteen times the stone held to the wound, only dropping from it when filled with the virus. On the sixteenth application it refused to take hold, and Richardson said that there was no more poison in the animal.

The application of the madstone worked wonders in the appearance of the nostrils of the horse. The dark clotted blood disappeared, the swelling was reduced and the heavy dark ridges gave way to a healthy looking color. The horse was taken back to the farm, and Richardson says it will not be bothered with the rabies.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Supt. Donkin, of Great Northern, Killed---The Famous "Volunteer Pepke."

Grand Forks—T. A. Donkin, superintendent of the Dakota division of the Great Northern, with headquarters at Larimore, was accidentally killed yesterday. He started from Larimore for Inkster on a railway tricycle and when near McCanna a small dog ran ahead of his machine. He was thrown from the car and struck on his head, fracturing his skull. Donkin remained in an unconscious condition until 4:20, when his death occurred. Mr. Donkin has been with the Great Northern since 1886, serving in this state and on the Pacific coast.

J. W. Barton, of Niagara, was attacked by footpads and relieved of $8000, the proceeds of a land sale. The robbers then mounted their wheels and made away in a westerly direction. A posse of citizens started in pursuit, but the men have not been found.

Fargo—Emil J. Pepke, the North Dakota volunteer who was arrested in Chicago with a large number of diamonds in his possession, is well known in Fargo. He was the defendant in a case carried to the United States supreme court to do up the prohibitory law. While living at Grafton he became an alleged blindpigger and the owners of a building which had been enjoined got him to act in violation of the law to make a test case. The suit was dismissed afterwards. Pepke repented and became a prominent figure in religious work for awhile, finally becoming a peddler, which occupation he was engaged in when the war with Spain occurred. He was badly wounded in the Philippines, being shot through the body. He is said to have been the best poker player in the North Dakota regiment and accumulated a lot of Mexican money. He did not wish to lug his wealth around in that form, and invested it in diamonds. The gems led to his arrest in Chicago. He is said to have had fifteen fine ones.

Moselle—Nels Jensen, a young and prosperous farmer, was thrown from his wagon, causing internal injuries from which he died almost immediately. One brother and two sisters reside in Cedar Falls, Iowa. He was a member of the Modern Woodmen.

AN HONEST BREW!

There's positive evidence of quality and purity in every bottle of

BLATZ BEER

THE STAR MILWAUKEE

BLATZ MALT-VIVINE
Non-Intoxicant.
ALL DRUGGISTS.

Val Blatz Brewing Co., Milwaukee.

Duluth Branch. 'Phone 62

KANSAS FAITH.

The Democratic State Convention Adopts a Rattling Set of Resolutions.

Wichita, Kan., May 23.—The Democratic convention to elect delegates to the national convention met in this city today. Hon. C. W. Farley was named temporary chairman and Mr. Whippell secretary. In taking the chair Mr. Farley made a speech covering briefly the issues of the campaign. Six delegates-at-large and fourteen district delegates are to be chosen. Caucuses made it apparent that J. G. Johnson, national committeeman; David Overmeyer, John Hatwood, C. W. Brandenburg, James F. Ike and H. W. Stewart will be the delegates-at-large.

Resolutions were adopted in part as follows:

"We, the Democrats of Kansas, in convention assembled, hereby renew our allegiance to the immortal principles of human rights enunciated by Jefferson, defended by Jackson, and in their latest and best form incorporated in the Democratic national platform of 1896. We announce our unqualified approval of every principle embodied in that platform, and here reiterate the doctrine therein announced, that the American people should have a distinctively American system of finance, which, like our other governmental functions, should be forever free from foreign entanglement, domination or influence. That congress alone has the power to coin and issue money; and has no right to surrender to the national banks the people's prerogative to control the volume of the currency. That we are opposed to gold monometallism as a British policy, un-American and anti-American, and that we favor the immediate restoration of bimetallism as it existed in our financial system prior to the demonetization act of 1873.

"We believe in the theory of voluntary self-government, upon which this republic was founded, and as a shining example of which it has influenced the world for a century. We want no modification of that theory by imperialistic construction. We want neither foreign subjects nor citizens, nor imperialistic colonial governments, knowing that no country can endure an empire abroad and a republic at home.

"We adhere to the spirit of the Monroe doctrine and the warnings of the fathers against entangling foreign alliances. We insist that we cannot make citizens of millions of Malays without corrupting our citizenship.

"We are against militarism, with its costly and corrupting standing armies, a burden to the taxpayers, the forerunner of compulsory military service and conscription and the unfailing instrument in the overthrow of every republic in history.

"The continued ascendancy of the Republican party has secretly and stealthily aided every scheme by which European bondholders and their American allies have manipulated the financial policy of this country in their interests and against the interests of the people. It has allowed manufacturers to take a part of the earnings of consumers, through a protective tariff system, until they have grown into giant trusts that defy the law and organize by the hundreds without molestation or protest from the present administration. We demand relief from this odious tariff system by the enforcement of federal law against trusts, by throwing open to foreign competition throughout the enlargement of the free list, every business managed by a trust and by the enactment and rigid enforcement of drastic anti-trust laws in Kansas."

The delegates are instructed to support Mr. Bryan.

FOR PETERSON'S MURDER.

Deputy Sheriff of Beltrami County Put Under Arrest.

Bemidji, Minn., May 23.—J. W. Hopper, deputy sheriff of Beltrami county, village street commissioner and actively engaged in the real estate and insurance business, was arrested here Monday by Sheriff Johnson, of Kenabac county, on a charge of murder.

On Oct. 2, 1895, one Albert Peterson, a logger and lumberjack, was killed in a camp fifteen miles north of Mora, on the Snake river. Peterson was shot in the back with a Winchester rifle and died shortly after. An Indian was with Peterson in the cabin at the time. Suspicion attached to Hooper, but the strength of the evidence did not warrant an arrest.

A woman who was supposed to be the wife or consort of Hooper is mixed up in the matter, it being stated that she and Peterson were unduly intimate and that this furnished a motive for the commission of the crime. The woman now lives in West Superior.

Hooper was justice of the peace in Mora for several years. He came to Bemidji in the winter of 1897-98 and was elected justice here in the spring of 1898. Later he served as deputy county auditor and officiated in other public capacities.

In 1899 he left for Pierre, S. D., and worked for an uncle who is register of the United States landoffice at that point. A reward of $500 was offered for the slayer of Peterson, and Detective Ryan of Duluth has been working on the case for some months.

GEN. ANDREWS' BILL.

Intended to Make Rural Residents More Careful of Fire.

St. Paul, May 23.—Chief Fire Warden C. C. Andrews has drafted a bill which he will have presented at the next session of the legislature, providing for the imposition of heavy fines on farmers and lumbermen of the state who do not take proper precaution against fire. The warden has received reports from the Northern counties of the state of losses during the past five weeks which aggregate some $125,000. In many instances these fires were caused because farmers were negligent in burning meadows or because lumbermen were not careful about camps. In a few cases fines have been imposed but it is not always possible under the present laws to place the blame. It is hoped that the bill drawn by Gen. Andrews will pass, for in it the warden sees a remedy for one evil that costs Minnesota thousands of dollars annually.

DR. BURNS DEAD.

Toronto, Ont., May 23.—The Rev. Dr. Alexander Burns, late principal of Hamilton college and at one time president of the Iowa Wesleyan college, of Simpson, Iowa, died here last night.

OPERATIVE MILLERS.

Kansas City, May 23.—The fifth annual convention of the fraternity of the Operative Millers was called to order here today by President A. J. Windel, of St. Louis. There are nearly 300 members in attendance. Sessions will be held daily till Saturday. An interesting feature is an exhibit of 500 samples of cereals from all parts of the world. The morning session was taken up by the annual address of President Weinel and the reports of Secretary J. F. Muller, of Chicago, and of the treasurer.

Social Dance Tomorrow Night

At Lester Park Pavilion: You are invited. LaBrosse's orchestra.

Snapping up the Pick of the Negligees....

If you want the most attractive patterns of the New Negligee Shirts, you mustn't let the grass grow under your feet. Every day we are selling scores of them, and of course each purchaser takes his pick. We show the best styles in all the new patterns. Price

$1.75, $1.50, $1.00, 50c

Neck Dressing—

The New Bundless Bat-Wing Tie for high folded Collars. Correct in form and easily adjusted—

50c

Floan, Leveroos & Company.

ONE WEEK IS LEFT

Real Estate Taxes Must Be Paid Within Next Eight Days.

THE RUSH IS NOW ON

Bushel of Mail a Day Is Amount Received at Treasurer's Office.

After tomorrow there is one week left in which property owners can pay their current real estate taxes to the county of St. Louis without penalty. On June 1 a penalty of 10 per cent goes into effect, and nearly every owner is apparently working to avoid that penalty, as payments are coming in at a very rapid rate. If a little hustling were possible after the deliquents it would be possible to have nearly the full tax paid in by June 1, as there are always a few delinquents that permit the matter to slip their mind unless it is called to their attention quite forcibly. Last year the percentage of payment was very large, and the number of delinquents was correspondingly small. This year it is likely that the percentage will be even larger, and that only a very small proportion of the property owners will remain on the delinquent list.

As a consequence of the rush to meet the taxes the office of County Treasurer Whipple is getting at last an even brushed of mail daily, and a large part of this is checks. This is in addition to the payments that are made over the counter. The result is that the office is working overtime right along, and that all attempts to keep up with the making of receipts has been abandoned. About all the force is able to do is to make out statements and receive the money, and the making of the receipts will go over until later.

HIT THE WOMAN

Mrs. Strand's Stone Throwing Results In a Police Court Episode.

By one of those strange imperfections of fate, a woman throwing stones at a cow, hit another woman coming in the opposite direction. Then there was a session of brisk mixing, scratch-as-scratch-can. Everything went—and more, too. Finally both permitted large tears to trickle down their cheeks and plash musically on the sidewalk. This morning they were in police court and the feeling of coolness between them would have made a cold storage warehouse ashamed of itself.

Mary Minnie Strand's home was dreary, so she went out and threw stones at Mary Gustafson's cow. Both live in the vicinity of Eighth street and Twentieth avenue west. The trouble occurred last Friday, and when Mrs. Gustafson went over to inquire if Mrs. Strand intended to kill the cow, she inadvertantly got within range and was hit. The next day she swore out a warrant for Mrs. Strand and shortly after that was served complaint came into police headquarters to the effect that Mrs. Strand had collected three revolvers and declared the neighborhood in a state of siege. A court officer investigated and Mrs. Strand told him that she had the guns, but would not use them, except in self-defense.

This afternoon the trial was finished and Mrs. Strand was found guilty of assaulting Mrs. Gustafson. It cost her $11.

There was another assault case this morning in which Mrs. Edward Bernhardt was charged with throwing a stone at Harry Johnson, knocking several teeth out. The complaint, however, failed to state whether she was throwing at the boy or something else. At any rate, Mrs. Bernhardt pleaded not guilty and the case was set over a few days.

John Ryan and John Garakee were brought in from Carlton last evening by Detective Troyer. They are charged with breaking into a St. Paul & Duluth car at West Duluth a few evenings ago. The car was filled with valuable merchandise, but the two men said that they only broke in to steal a ride. Their hearing is set for tomorrow afternoon.

M. Zizel, a fish vender, was arrested this morning on the Bowery for allowing a horse to remain unhitched. At about 8:30 this morning he left his horse standing in the alley back of a Bowery restaurant. The horse started and ran through the alley to Seventh avenue west, then turned down the sidewalk between the incline and a row of buildings, and dashed out on Superior street from between the incline gates and the Montreal house. Had there been any person passing at the time, a serious accident would have been inevitable. Officer Gillon stopped the horse and arrested the owner. He gave two names. One was M. Cadel and the other M. Zizel. In police court he entered a plea of not guilty and the case was set for late this afternoon and the man released on $5 bail.

Lizzie Buckley, looking very pasty and her complexion drooping mournfully, was in court for drunkenness and it was about the tenth offense. She is just out of jail after serving time for drunkenness and last evening strolled about town, a fountain of delight for thirsty friends. She soliced bitterly this morning as she realized that her license as a member of the Bowery Temperance union was in danger, but the court decided not to sentence her till late this afternoon.

Joe Epcheim, charged with begging on the streets, and James Cane, charged with sleeping in a box car, each got five days, and Charles McCormick, Andrew Hayes, Charles Destler, John O'Brien, Andrew Ray and Robert Harrington, each got ten days for drunkenness.

Fire Sale of Bicycles.

Thirty-five wheels, Columbias, Imperials, Acmes and Penants, at heavy discounts from cash prices.

SMITH, FARWELL & STEELE CO.

I hear your daughter has broken her engagement with the duke. Fact, she found she could get Rocky Mountain Tea at the same price and took the tea. Sensible girl. Ask your druggist.

SHOES SUFFEL & CO. SHOES
129-131 W. Superior St.

SHOES!

DO YOU WANT THEM?

Ladies' $5 and $4 Shoes for 99c.

We have gone over our Ladies' Shoe stock and selected of broken sizes over 400 pairs of Shoes—last season's style—sizes 2½, 3, 3½, 4, 4½, 5, 5½, 6—A, B, C and D widths.

We place the entire lot on sale tomorrow morning at—

Per Pair 99c

This is like giving them away.
Take advantage of this sale if you need Shoes.
The above is composed of Edwin C. Burt's and other makes.

Oxfords and Low Shoes

99c Per Pair

360 pairs of last season's style of $3.00 Oxfords.
Your choice of the entire lot **only ninety-nine cents a pair.**
All sizes up to 6—A, B, C widths.

DURING THIS SALE—

Your choice of all Ladies' Shoes made to sell at $1.50 for	98c
Your choice of all $2.50 Ladies' Shoes for	$1.98
Your choice of all Shoes made to sell at $3.50 for	$2.98
Your choice of all Ladies' Shoes made to sell at $4.00 for	$3.00
Your choice of all Ladies' Shoes made to sell at $5.00 for	$3.50

Special Sale of Children's Shoes.

Silberstein & Bondy Co. | **Largest Dry Goods House at the Head of the Lakes.** | *Silberstein & Bondy Co.*

SHOPPING NEWS

On Sale Tomorrow.

Two Lots of Tailor-Made Suits.

LOT ONE.—Includes Homespuns, Cheviots, Coverts, Venetians, Scotch Tweeds and Zibolines—Plain and Fancy Mixtures—the colors are Navy, Royal Blue, Grey, Tan and Oxford on Black. All made by expert tailors and beautifully finished throughout. Jackets are fly front, Eton or tight fitting—collar, flare or plain tailor stitched. All at the uniform price of $16.50.

Values $19.50 to $23.50.

LOT TWO.—Includes Suits of fine Venetians, Broadcloth, Serges, Pebble Cloths and unfinished Worsteds. Black, Navy, Brown, Tan and Grey. Jackets Eton, tight fitting or fly front. Skirts box or inverted pleats. All at a uniform price of $24.50. Values $28.50 to $32.

White Shirt Waists.

Of India Lawn and Irish Linens. Separate White Collars, Shirt Waist Cuffs or Dress Sleeve. Some are tucked, some have no lace insertion and some have silk embroidered Dots and figures of White or Colors.

Elegant Waists of White Lawn.

Tucks and Lace inserting. White detachable stand up collar—$2.75.

Beautiful Waists of Swiss—

Handsomely embroidered front and all-over tucked back—$3.50.

Silk Waists—

New all-over Taffeta corded Waists

At $5.75 of guaranteed Taffeta. Perfect fitting and perfect workmanship. Equal to anything shown in this city at $7.00. Twelve colors including the new Pastel shades.

Black Taffeta Waists—

Several new lots will be ready Thursday.

Black Taffeta Waists, corded effects—$4.75.

Extra heavy all-over corded black Taffeta Waists—$5.75 and $6.75.

Extra heavy al-over corded black Taffeta Waists—$5.75 and $6.75.

Ribbons.

Not another assortment in town to compare with it. White, black and colors. The most wanted kinds from now until Commencement time will be white, cream and the light shades of blue, pink, etc. The grades here are the very best, and you'll find our prices under these usually asked for same quality.

White Taffeta Ribbons.

Best grade—in all widths, just the thing for graduating dresses—5-inch Satin Taffeta, 60c a yard.

White and Cream Liberty Satin Ribbon—4-inch—30c a yard.

Double-faced White Satin Ribbon, 4½ inch—45c a yard.

Lace Stripe—Taffeta—White and Cream—4-inch—35c a yard.

Sash Ribbons.

Sash Ribbons—extra width and quality—Light Blue—Black and White Stripe—New Blue— and Cardinal—7-inch—85c a yard.

Double-faced Satin Stripe—White, Light Blue, Lavender, Black and Turquoise—5-inch, 65c a yard.

Stripped Taffetas.

Finest Taffeta—Stripes are Red and White—Pink and White—Corn and White—Black and White—5-inch—65c a yard.

Extra Quality Taffeta, fancy edge.

Red, Light Blue, Lavender and Old Rose—5-inch—50c a yard.

FANCY RIBBON—Pansy pattern—on light Green Taffeta—5-inch—$1 a yd.

Persian Ribbons, in Cerise, Turquoise and Old Gold—the latest for ties and collars, at 85c a yard.

Fancy Gauze Ribbons.

In all colors, at 35c a yard.

Handsome Black Taffeta Ribbon, extra fine, 50c a yard.

The Sale of Silk Continued

Tailor-made Dress Skirts.

The supply hardly keeps pace with the demand. It is only by most careful management and foresight that we are able to keep the assortments complete, especially in certain favored styles. However, we have a complete range of styles and sizes, priced in accordance with our invariable custom of offering the greatest values possible.

Skirts of all wool unfinished worsted, black and blue—lined with best percaline, finished at bottom with wide velvet binding, box or inverted plait—excellent value at $7.50; here at $5.75.

Skirts of Venetian Cloth—elaborately appliqued. Good value at $10—here at $7.50.

Skirts of Cheviot—lined with percaline and finished all around with box plaits—$10.00.

Skirts of good Taffeta—elaborately tucked and lined with percaline; very pretty and effective—$15.00.

Skirts of Taffeta—flared around the bottom and made with ruffles; beautifully shaped—$20.00.

Bicycle Skirts.

Two numbers that are extra good values. Splendid for wheeling or outing.

Skirts of excellent double-faced Golf Cloth, plaid back—7 rows of tailored stitching at bottom and double stitched seams, perfect hang—$7.50 value—here at $5.75.

SKIRTS OF FINE DOUBLE TEXTURE—

Golf Cloth, 9 rows of tailor stitching, double stitch seams, equal to anything shown in this city at $10.00 or $12.00—here at $8.50.

Stockings and Underwear.

Everything that is included in any "best" line is here—Plain and Fancy Hose in endless variety—and priced low enough to make sales triple those of any previous season.

Hosiery.

"Onyx"—black which guarantees its color; elegant plain and fancy effects and lace stripes.

Ladies' "Onyx" Black hose, pretty lace effects and lace new, 50c.

Ask to see our Ladies' Ingrain Lisle Hose, imperial onyx fast Black with white heel and toes and spliced, striped white and black top, equal to any 75c hose in this city ready at 50c a pair.

Ladies' prime brilliant Lisle Hose, Onyx fast black, white and spliced heel and toe, of usual $1.00 quality, at 75c.

Ladies' Embroidered Silk and Lisle Hose, in Royal Blue, Purple and "Peacock," embroidered with twisted silk, $1.00.

Underwear.

New Crepon Lisle Thread Hose, lace effect in Cardinal, Purple, Blue, $2.00.

Ladies new colored lace effects in Silk Lisle Hose, in Navy, Royal Blue, Cardinal and Black, with White and Black stripes or plaids, plain boots, 65c value at 50c.

Underwear.

At 25c—Ladies' Ribbed Cotton Vests, long sleeves and high neck, white and ecru.

At 25c—Ladies' Ribbed Cotton Vests, low neck and short sleeves.

At 25c—Ladies' Cotton Vests, sleeveless, low neck, trimmed at neck with open work, White only.

At 25c—Ladies' fine ribbed Cotton Vests, low neck and sleeveless, ecru.

At 50c—Ladies' fine Lisle Vests, low neck and sleeveless.

At 85c—Ladies' Union Suits, cotton, high neck, long sleeves and knee length—white and ecru.

At $1.25—Ladies' Union Suits, ribbed, Cotton, high neck, long sleeves, ankle length, fine quality.

At 25c—Ladies' ribbed Cotton Pants, knee length—white and ecru.

At 65c—Ladies' ribbed Cotton Pants, ankle length—ecru.

Laces and Embroideries.

For Commencement Dresses. The assortment is at its best—and you know what that means here—no cast-offs—or job-lots—good—clean—pretty Laces and Embroideries that tempt the most critical. And prices are kept low enough to make your choosing pleasant—Laces and Embroideries have advance—quite a bit—that's a known fact—but not here—because when we placed orders, advances were only talked of—not a reality.

Laces.

A new lot of narrow Valenciennes laces, edgings, with insertions to match—Now is the time to select the lace for your summer dresses, from 3c to 12½c a yard.

Valenciennes Laces from ¾in to 1½in with insertions to match, a large assortment to select from, 6c to 25c a yd.

White and Cream Oriental Laces, a new and large assortment, beautiful patterns, in all widths, from 25c to $1.50 a yard.

Black Laces with insertions to match in Valenciennes and Chantilly—A large variety to select from, choice patterns, from 5c to 50c a yard.

Fancy Venice Insertions, serpentine effects, for trimming, Foulards, at 50c, 75c, $1.25 and $2.00 a yard.

Embroideries.

A large assortment of Swiss Embroideries with insertion to match, from 5c to 60c a yard.

NAINSOOK EMBROIDERIES—

A beautiful assortment of fine Nainsook Embroidery sets in different widths, at—10c, 12½c, 15c, 18c, 20c, 25c and up to 85c a yard.

New All-overs, in Swiss and Nainsook. A dainty piece of Swiss All-Over, fancy stripe, beautiful for yokes or waists, at—$2.75 a yard.

Fancy Swiss All-Over, with Fleur de Lis pattern in material, also in Valenciennes insertions, at—$2.75 a yard.

Tucking with alternate rows of insertion, from $1.75 to $5.00 a yard.

Tucking with alternate rows of embroidery beading, at $3.25 and $4.25 a yd.

Fancy Skirting, 27 inches wide, in Cambric and Nainsook, from 6c to $1.25 a yard.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Jewelry Novelties.

Pulley Belt Buckle Sets.

Entirely new and pretty effects in Gold and French Gray. The set includes two rings and the back buckle. Some of the new designs include the "Medallion."

The "Anna Held" Pulley Set at 50c in Medallion and other pretty effects.

The new "Medallion" Sash Buckle in French Gray and oxidized at 50c.

New Medallion Brooches—

New Violet Brooches, heart shape, Medallion surrounded with enameled violets, at 50c.

New Heart Brooches, double or single effects, plain silver or gold, plain or chased, 25c.

Belt Buckles.

The largest assortment in town. Gold, Oxidized, French Gray, Jet, Cut Steel, Rose, Gold and Sterling Silver, plain or beautifully mounted with jewels. The most popular effects are carried out in the Butterfly, Pansy, Clover, Broken Sword, Fleur de Lis, Leyard and Cupid. Plain or beautifully enameled. The numbers are entirely new and will not be shown by any other store in this city. Prices start at 50c, then 75c, $1.50 and up to $6.00.

Neck Clasps.

To match Belt Buckles, or not, as you prefer. New ideas from original high-priced designs—25c, 50c, 75c up to $2.50.

New Brooches, 25c, to $2.50.

Hat Pins, 15c, 25c and up.

Hair Ornaments.

New arrivals. Large variety.

Braid Pins, Plain shell at 25c and 35c.

Princess Hair Clasps, 25c, 35c and 50c.

That latest Parisian Braid Pins in Gold with Turquoise and Rubies; Cyrano Hair Clasps with Rhinestones and Turquoise, Pearl and Enamel, at 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.

Shell Braid Pins, with settings, at 50c and 75c.

Side Combs, with Rhinestones, at 50c, $1.00, $1.50, $2.00 and $3.00.

Back Combs, in a plain shell, at 50c and 75c.

New Belts.

Almost no end to the styles and materials here in correct belts.

The Pulley Belt, of silk or satin, is, as you know, broad at the back, and fastens in front by ribbon tied in na how; they help to give a long-waisted effect. Koch Pulley Belts, 50c, 75c and $1.00. The bodice Pulley Belts, satin, with trimmings of tiny buttons, at 50c each. Some stores say 75c or 85c for these. Pulley Belts, with cut steel buckles, here at $1.00—an extra value.

Black Elastic Beaded Belts, all-over cut steel beads at 25c to $7.00.

The "Edna May" Belt, with medallions strung together by black elastic, $1.00 to $3.50.

Purses.

And initials for purses, quite the rage all through the East, and rapidly spreading through the West. Your purse is hardly complete without your initial. We sell you the initial and have it put on for you free of charge.

COLORADO MUD VOLCANOES.

Queer Freaks of Nature Peculiar to That State.

Of the many strange and wonderful things to be found in the Colorado desert, perhaps the strangest and most remarkable of all are the mud volcanoes, of which little is known because of their inaccessibility. Attention has been called to them recently because of their intense activity since the earthquake which visited Southern California on Christmas morning, and they are now spouting mud higher and more diligently than ever, says Harry Delun in the San Francisco Chronicle.

The action of these volcanoes varies almost constantly. They subside at times into almost a state of placidity, wane again they will seethe and boil like vast caldrons, hurling showers of hot mud or sending columns of steam many feet into the air. The eruptions are preceded by explosions that can be heard five or six miles. So far as known there are no other mud volcanoes in this country, and for this reason there are of particular interest to scientific men and others.

In order to get a good idea of the origin and location of these volcanoes it is necessary to give a brief historical sketch of the country. That the Colorado desert was formerly an arm of the Gulf of California there is little doubt. This was the case in recent geological times, an investigation has proven. At that time the Colorado and the Gila rivers flowed into the gulf about where Yuma is now located. The Colorado brought down a large amount of sediment from the country through which it flowed and deposited it on the desert, forming an enormous delta, sufficiently large to cut off the upper portion of the gulf and what is now the desert from the lower. At the same time there took place an elevation of land that helped cut off the sea. This condition has remained practically unchanged. The northern part of the desert is still depressed, the Salton sink being 273 feet below sea level. The highest portion of the desert is on the Mexican boundary line, and the country slopes downward on both sides. The Salton sink afterward became a fresh water lake, which covered nearly all of the desert at one time.

The Colorado river next built up a flood plane around its mouth so that its path was diverted and it flowed on over the deposit to the sea. The lake's source of supply being cut off, it dried up and only the sink, with its bed covered with millions of fresh water shells, remains to tell the story of the lake. It is thought that the drying up took place in recent times, as the Cahuilla and Diegueto Indians have traditions about the receding waters. The whole region is one of active volcanic disturbances, the biggest volcano being known as Sierra Prieta, or Black Butte. This volcano has long since ceased to be active, but its huge crater remains. It was not a mud volcano, but was a regular volcano of the basaltic rock kind. It rises out of the mud plane a few miles east of the Cocopah mountains, the base of the volcano mountain being five or six miles in circumference. The crater is, perhaps, 350 yards wide and the bottom is now covered with sand.

South of the Sierra Prieta is the dividing line of the watershed. The Colorado overflows below Yuma, near Algodones, the overflow being the subsidence of the once great division of water. The water flows first southwest to nearly the foot of Black Butte and there divides, the New river flowing north into American territory and the Hardy river south to the Gulf of California. The division takes place at Volcanic lake. This Volcanic lake is five miles south of Sierra Prieta, and a group of mud volcanoes are on its edge. Another group are near the south edge of the Salton sink.

These volcanoes were first heard of in the early '50s. There were a number of heavy earthquakes, so severe that Chimney peak, a famous landmark near Yuma, was shaken down. After the earthquakes, the troops stationed at Fort Yuma noticed a cloud of smoke hovering over the desert. Maj. Heintzelman, who was in charge of the fort, started out with a party to make an investigation, and they discovered the mud volcanoes in active eruption. They were what are called salses, or eruptive mud springs, caused by an explosion of steam in the earth, which throws up the mud to a considerable height and builds regular cones. Ever since this discovery the volcanoes have continued active. Shortly afterward Dr. John Le Conte made a trip to this strange country and published his investigations. He was followed by Dr. John Veatch, who visited the volcanoes south of Salton Sink and described them as being of sixty feet or more.

At the present time there are about fifteen active volcanoes and twice that number that are quiet, having subsided and left their cones. A large cloud of smoke hangs over the place, and there are a great many cracks and fissures in the earth, from which the steam escapes. The explosions can be heard for many miles.

Professor David Barrows, of the San Diego state normal school visited these strange freaks of nature. The overflow was very high at the time, and Professor Barrows had to strip and swim the Hardy river, about one hundred yards wide, to reach the volcanoes. He found a number submerged in Volcanic lake, and the others were on the mud plane just above the lake. It is the opinions of Professor Barrows that the ground is fissured to regions of heat, and the water percolating down becomes converted into steam and is forced up again with an explosive force, carrying mud with it. A number of volcanic gases, sal ammoniac principally, are thrown off with the steam. The volcano under the lake was very active, throwing up a big column of mud and water. On all sides was the sound of escaping gas. The soil was hard and baked and salt-incrusted.

The springs were full of boiling water and pools of water which had run off registered a temperature of from 115 to 130 degrees. The water was very salty and where it leached through the earth it left an absolutely pure deposit of salt. Professor Barrows did not have his shoes with him and found it difficult to walk on the earth because of the heat. This volcanic heat is a crustal heat and geologists are not agreed as to what causes it. In nearly every region where there is a big delta deposit this crustal heat occurs.

This mud plain is very desolate and is surrounded by sand hills. The only vegetation is reed grass. A terrible pest known as the mosca fly abounds in the section. This fly will eat the skin from a mule or a horse, and Professor Barrows found it necessary to plaster himself with mud for protection. He swam the Hardy six times and on his second trip over he took his camera along, placing it on a raft, which he towed over by a rope held in his mouth. The largest of these volcanoes is about fifteen feet high, and in appearance greatly resembles a South American ants' nest. There are boiling springs and geysers in the Yellowstone park, but nothing of this kind. It is rare to find springs in a mud plain.

Beau Hooker, of San Diego, visited the volcanoes three years ago and found them quite active at that time. He found that the mud and water had great medical value, which would render them equal to many of the famous healing springs. The volcanoes are rendered interesting by a fund of Indian legends and myths. The Cocopah tribe, who are the original inhabitants of this region, believe the volcanoes to be the abode of the evil spirit, and even to this day they approach them with mingled awe and terror. In earlier times it was the custom of the Indians to put their criminals or any white man who chanced to stray within their confines to death by throwing them into the volcanoes. This served a twofold purpose—it appeased the wrath of the evil one and rid the tribe of objectionable persons. These ceremonies were performed at night, and the weird, unearthly picture presented can easily be imagined.

YOUR OWN COLOR.

A Parisian authority upon the subject of dress has just given a list of colors suited to different complexions. For brunettes with a creamy skin and black or brown hair the list comprises ivory white, orange, very pale pink veiled with white lace or gauze, bright red and brilliant black in combination with white or a color. Women with a warm color, brown hair and a brownish complexion are allotted bright pinks, very pale turquoise blue, pinkish lilac, cream and especially such combinations of color as mastic and red, gray and pink, brown and blue, and, generally speaking, striped effects. For the golden brown locks, with a fair, pale skin, there are black, pinkish gray, periwinkle blue, navy blue, dark red, milk and white and very dark green. Rosy blondes should wear golden brown beige, mastic, ruby, bright violet, all whites, canary yellow and white. Pale blondes are permitted full black, dark red, all violet, sapphire blue, bright turquoise blue and very pale pink.

From 4 p. m. Until 8 p. m. TONIGHT!

We will sell the finest quality Strawberries—in perfect condition—any quantity you want

5c Per Quart.

Do not miss this opportunity to purchase your Strawberries at the lowest price ever offered for strictly fancy berries.

Rathbun's
17 E. Superior St.

A WAR GENIUS.

The most remarkable proposition for ameliorating the horrors of war, and at the same time adding to the efficiency of the ammunition issued to American troops in the Philippines, has been placed before the army ordinance board by a philanthropic person, whose name is not divulged by the authorities, says a Washington special to the New York Tribune. The scheme involves the manufacture of explosive shells of all calibers, from those of the magazine rifles to the heaviest artillery, containing a quantity of a highly soporific substance, preferably of the nature of chloroform. The exact composition of the shell is not made known, though it is described as being as harmless as ordinary gelatine or celluloid, and similar in appearance to these substances, and it is offered to the government for a consideration. The inventor proposes that volleys of these shells shall be exploded over an enemy's position, sprinkling their contents far and wide, with the irresistible result of putting the entire opposing force to sleep.

Another proposition which has just been brought before the board provides a powerful magnet to be suspended some distance above the head of each soldier by means of a trellis attachment to the helmet, its purpose being to deflect bullets in their flight from the vital parts of the body. A modification of the proposition involves the suspension of similar magnets from the masts of warships to induce projectiles to seek trajectories overhead, instead of hitting the vessel.

Army officers say that these two schemes, while rather extreme, are not remotely different from numerous propositions submitted for consideration, some of which are backed by strong political influences, and many of which are accompanied by congressional appropriations. Most of them, like the chloroform shell and the magnetic helmet, will not be adopted in the service.

. . . THE . . .
FAMOUS SHOE STORE
111 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SPECIAL SALE on Ladies' tan shoes for Thursday. Newest shades, latest style lasts, welt or turn sole cloth or leather top. 300 pairs all sizes and widths, worth $3.50 and $4.00. Special for Thursday only—

$2.69.

Social Dance Tomorrow Night

At Lester Park Pavilion. You are invited. LaBrosse's orchestra.

EYES TESTED FREE
and Glasses Fitted.
GEIST & ERD, Opticians,
121 W. Superior Street.

Watch our Cut Price Ad Thursday Evening on Bicycle Sundries—Everything belonging to Bicycles. One day only.

City Gun Store, R. C. Kruschke.

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS, MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS.
SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO.
24TH AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink
ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.
Sold in Duluth at
The Ideal Beer Hall.

BIDS FOR SEWER SYSTEM.

On and until Monday, June 4, at 12 o'clock, sealed bids will be received at the office of the village recorder for the construction and completion of a sewer system at Eveleth, Minn., according to plans and specifications on file in the office of the village recorder.

All bids must be accompanied by a bond or certified check covering amount of contract.

The village council reserves the right to reject any and all bids.

JACOB STEIN,
Recorder.

Duluth Evening Herald, May 18, 10t.

TWELVE PAGES—SECTION TWO—PAGES 7 to 12

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

WEDNESDAY, MAY 23, 1900.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

MOVE FOR REFORM

New York Reform Club to Urge Change In Injunction Laws.

A REPORT IS MADE

Committee Submits Points For National and State Acts Remedying Abuses.

New York, May 23.—The matter of the injunctions that have recently been issued against the Cigarmakers' union, forbidding it to picket the factories of manufacturers whose employes have struck, and forbidding it also to pay strike benefits to the strikers, has been taken up by the Social Reform club, which last evening listened to a report made by its committee on injunctions, composed of John Brooks Leavitt, Ernest H. Crosby, Mornay Williams, John D. Kernan and John F. Rankenheimer. The report was read by Mr. Leavit and contained the following recommendations:

That an attempt be made to obtain concerted action throughout the country in favor of urging upon the national and state legislatures the passage of acts providing:

1. That injunctions shall not be issued against any but parties to the action, their agents, servants and attorneys.

2. That when an injunction, however valid in part, prohibits the lawful use of the highway or the right of free speech or lawful combination to advance joint interests, it shall be void in toto.

3. That all persons who are charged with disobedience of an injunction in respect to a matter which might be the subject of an indictment shall have the right to demand a trial by jury upon issues of fact to be properly framed.

4. That whenever the question whether an injunction pending an action should be granted in a labor dispute depends upon the determination of questions of fact arising on conflicting affidavits, either side shall have the right to demand that a jury shall be forthwith empanelled to try the same upon issues properly settled.

And lastly, that it be recommended to labor organizations to have the questions arising under existing law carried to the higher courts under the direction of the general body in each trade rather than local associations, to the end that any usurpation of judicial power in any corner of the land, however distant and obscure, may be effectually restrained and brought to naught.

Mr. Crosby expressed the opinion that the power of injunction was a tremendous power to give to the judges, and enabled them to use it in a tyrannical manner. In the speaker's opinion, the respect due to a law depended upon what it was. If it had passed by 5,000 votes, it was not entitled to respect. There was danger in this country in respecting things that did not deserve respect. There was great usurpation by the federal courts. Their jurisdiction was limited, and the people should see that it was not extended.

Mr. Crosby said he noticed that judges were nearly always on the side of the capitalists and not the side of the laborers. He thought that if there was a point in any injunction that could be lawfully violated, that fact should vitiate the order. An injunction was an extraordinary remedy, and it should be perfect or not stand.

SUPREME COURT DECISIONS.

A. O. U. W. Wins and the Northern Pacific Loses.

St. Paul, May 23.—Justice Brown, of the supreme court, has filed a decision reversing the district court of Crow Wing county in the case of James M. Elder, respondent, vs. the grand lodge, A. O. U. W., appellant. Elder was suing to recover on a policy held by his deceased brother, J. R. Elder. The latter had been a member of the order from 1882 to 1895, when he died. He had been suspended three times for non-payment of dues, and each time had been reinstated by the lodge upon payment. At the time of his death he stood suspended and his dues were never paid. His brother set up the defense that inasmuch as the lodge had repeatedly reinstated his brother after he had become delinquent, it had waived the rule requiring the prompt payment of dues. The district court held with Elder but the supreme court reversed the decision, because of the system employed in reinstating members.

Justice Brown, of the supreme court, yesterday heard the application of the Northern Pacific Railroad company for a reargument in the Braun case. Braun recovered damages because his 8-year-old son was put off a Northern Pacific train at Minneapolis. Braun's 8-year-old boy was put off the train because he had no ticket and his father refused to pay his fare. The father followed, leaving his tickets or checks with his wife, who, with the rest of the family, continued the journey to Hebron, N. D. The father and son were afterward furnished with another ticket, but later sued the company for damages, and received a verdict of $25. The court held that the ticket or the equivalent of his unpaid value should have been returned before the father or son was expelled from the train.

GIRL FIEND.

Chippewa Falls, Wis., May 23.—Laura Humber, 12 years of age, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Humber, was brought into court here charged with attempting to murder her parents and three sisters. The girl broke up glass into fine particles of food about to be served, but the glass was discovered by one of the sisters before any of the food was eaten. According to the father's story, the girl is utterly depraved. He stated that she had tortured to death three domestic animals and a dozen chickens, and destroyed most of the family apparel. Judge Conlin committed the girl to the industrial school at Milwaukee.

TITLE DESCENDS.

London, May 23.—The queen has granted Lord Strathcona, the Canadian high commissioner, a patent of his title to Hon. Mrs. Robert Kared Bliss Howard, his only child. Apart from the honor conferred on the Canadian high commissioner, the queen's birthday honors, of which it formed a part, were not interesting. Peerages were conferred on Lord Morris, on his retirement from the appeal court; on Sir Peter O'Brien, the Irish judge, and on Sir Richard Webster, the former attorney general and now master of the rolls. Among those who have received the honor of knighthood is Professor Webb.

SHOOTING AT VIRGINIA.

Virginia, May 23.—Chief of Police Belanger yesterday shot and badly wounded Dan Doyle. Belanger had a warrant for the arrest of Doyle upon a charge of assaulting H. H. Lien, a barber. Doyle resisted arrest and attempted to escape by jumping into a buggy and driving away. The chief then fired, the bullet striking Doyle in the abdomen.

STOCKS OF GRAIN.

Bradstreet's Statement of Changes In the Available Supplies.

New York, May 22.—Special cable and telegraphic communications to the Bradstreets show the following changes in available supplies from the last account:

Wheat, United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease, 2,523,000 bus. (Liverpool Corn Trade News); afloat for and in Europe, increase, 1,200,000 bus; total supply, decrease, 1,323,000 bus. Corn, United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease, 1,783,000 bus. Oats, United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decrease, 1,882,000 bus.

Among the more important decreases reported to Bradstreets not given in the official visible supply statement are those of 620,000 bushels at Manitoba storage points, 300,000 bushels at Northwestern interior elevators, and 180,000 bushels at Depot Harbor. The principal increases are those of 84,000 bushels at Chicago private elevators, 71,000 bushels at Rochester and 64,000 bushels at Cleveland. The aggregate stock of wheat held at Portland, Ore., and Tacoma and Seattle, Wash., increased 111,000 bushels last week.

STRUNG UP.

Pueblo Has a Lynching Bee In the Heart of Town.

Pueblo, Col., May 23.—Calvin Kimblern, the negro who shot and killed two young white girls and seriously wounded his wife early Sunday morning, was lynched at 1:33 this (Wednesday) morning by an angry mob of 1500. Kimblern was captured yesterday afternoon in Denver and brought here by the officers this morning.

Upon the arrival of the Rio Grande train, a mob of determined citizens surrounded the train at the Eighth street depot, overpowered the officers and took the negro from the train, put a rope around his neck and dragged him to the corner of Eighth and Santa Fe avenue, a distance of about three blocks. The rope was quickly put across a telegraph pole diagonally opposite the Grand hotel and the negro strung up. The rope broke twice, but the third attempt was successful and the crowd dispersed in an orderly manner.

DISCUSS PROPOSITIONS.

Manitoba Representatives Confer With the the Northern Pacific.

Montreal, May 23.—As a consequence of Premier MacDonald's promise that the railway policy of the Manitoba government would be announced during the present week, A. J. Andrews, James Fisher and Hon. Colin Campbell have left Winnipeg for St. Paul to confer on the subject with the Northern Pacific railway officials. Three distinct propositions will be discussed: 1. The purchase of the Northern Pacific Manitoba lines by the government. 2. The operation by the Northern Pacific of all lines which the government may build. 3. The building by the Northern Pacific of a line direct to Lake Superior with the guarantee of a 10 cent freight rate. The latter is said to be the favorite scheme of the government.

NEW TOBACCO COMBINE.

Options on Ten More Plants Have Been Secured.

New York, May 23.—Interests identified with the International Tobacco company, to soon be organized in opposition to the American and Continental Tobacco companies, announce that ten additional options had been secured by them on plants located in various parts of the country, and that the work of incorporating the company will be accomplished before the expiration of the present week.

It is said to be more than likely that the capitalization as originally proposed will be increased by several millions. It is planned, but not definitely decided, those interested say, to authorize the issue of $30,000,000 of stock, preferred and common, and it is expressly stated that there will be no bond issue.

A meeting of owners of the leading constituent companies was held last night, but no news was given out for publication.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

After a two-hours executive session the house judiciary committee yesterday voted to report the Ray extradition bill with some changes. The chief amendment makes the bill general instead of limiting it to Cuba.

With a view to stopping persistent timber stealing from government lands, Deputy United States Marshals Warren, Tutts and Morrison started from St. Paul yesterday for a point on the Canadian boundary in Northern Beltrami county, several hundred miles from any American railway. They have instructions to arrest seven trespassers who fenced 3,000 acres of government land and sold them across the border in Canada.

Thomas McDermott, brother of Maxine Elliott, the actress, wife of Nat Goodwin, committed suicide in San Francisco yesterday. Domestic troubles led to despondency.

John Thatcher, the well-known writer on billiards and turf matters, died in Chicago yesterday of consumption.

CABLE FLASHES.

William Waldorf Astor has sent £200 to the Great Western company's dog "Tim," at Paddington station, London, for the soldiers', widows' and orphans' funds, as a thanks offering on the coming of age of his oldest son.

The nuptials of Prince Carl Ludwig of Thurn and Texis and Princess Maria Theresa of Braganza, were celebrated yesterday at Ratzabon.

It is reported in Berlin that the recent cold weather almost entirely destroyed the Moselle vintage.

CONVENTION FARES.

Kansas City, May 23.—An unusual concession to delegates and others who desire to attend the Democratic national convention in Kansas City was agreed upon at a meeting here yesterday of the committee recently appointed by the Western Passenger association. It had been previously decided for the convention a rate of one fare for the round trip with a return limit until July 5. The committee today decided to extend the limit to Sept. 30 in order to enable those attending the convention to make excursions to the various pleasure resorts and fields of investment in the West.

ARE DISCHARGED.

Chicago, May 23.—The McLain case, in which five board of trade brokers were charged with using the mails to carry on a bucketshopping scheme to defraud their customers was taken from the jury by Judge Kohlsaat in the United States district court yesterday, and a verdict of not guilty rendered for the defendants. Judge Kohlsaat allowed the defendants to go free because it was not made sufficiently clear in the evidence that is was the intention of the defendants to convert to their own use the money sent to them by their customers for proper investment.

A REPORT BY SCHWAN

Assures the Administration That the Filipino War Is About Over.

A NUCLEUS IS LEFT

For a Rally, He Says, But Elections Will Discourage Them.

Wahsington, May 23.—The war department has received an interesting report from Brig. Gen. Theodore Schwan, U. S. V., dated on the transport Thomas, at sea, May 12, 1900, in which he submits a thorough review of the state of affairs in the Philippines up to the time of his departure from Manilla on April 16 last, making particular reference to what he believes to be the irretrievable collapse of the Filipino insurrection as a whole, expressing the conviction that if left alone the Filipinos would soon demonstrate their absolute inability to govern themselves.

"The principal islands," he says, "are now, as they have never been before, held with an iron grip by the military. In Luzon all the interior as well as all the coast towns of importance are occupied by American troops."

Gen. Schwan states that the sole hope entertained by the insurgents for a revival of the insurrection lies in the supposition that the United States troops will be obliged to abandon many of their present positions at the opening of the wet season, owing to inability to secure supplies during that period, and also "in the possibility of victory for the Democratic or anti-expansion party in the coming presidential campaign."

Gen. Schwan says the insurgents think that such a victory will mean the withdrawal of all the military forces not in the islands.

With the exception of savage mountain tribes and the numerous bands of brigands, says the report, the greater majority of both the educated and peasant classes in the Philippines heartily desire a restoration of peace and order under American rule.

The bands of robbers and brigands form a disjointed nucleus for a prospective reconcentration of insurgent forces and the renewed prosecution of the rebellion, says Gen. Schwan.

Continuing, the report says: "Indeed, these guerrilla bands and their depredations constitute all that is implied by the Philippine insurrection as it now exists, the leaders, military and political, of this 'forlorn hope' realizing that should they allow the insurgent movement to die its natural death and American rule to be firmly established, they would have to abandon forever their present positions of influence and be relegated to their former obscurity in private station.

"The operations of troops and the pacification of the towns not yet subdued will be carried on regardless of the rainy season, which, as stated above, the insurgents believe will cause an abandonment of many important towns by our troops. Abundant supplies have been accumulated at the various posts in anticipation of this exigency, and the roads placed in such a state of repair as to prevent the heavy rains from destroying all their usefulness in forwarding the same."

In concluding his report, Gen. Schwan says:

"The most serious obstacle in the way of the complete pacification of the islands now lies in the mutual distrust between the troops and the inhabitants. This, I believe, will disappear after each class becomes more thoroughly acquainted with the other, and the benefits to be derived from an intimate relationship with the military becomes appreciated by the natives. On the other hand, the work cut out for the troops will be greatly facilitated when they gain the confidence of the well disposed natives. When the latter find that the troops have come to stay they unitedly will resist the exactions of the robber bands, turn about and assist the American troops in ferreting out their haunts and plans, and the days of this guerrilla rebellion will be numbered."

PARK RULES.

Trespassers In National Parks Must Give Up Horses and Arms.

Washington, May 23.—The secretary of the interior has sent letters of instructions to the army officers detailed to act as superintendents of the Yosemite, Gen. Grant and Sequoia national parks. The instructions refer to the ejection of trespassers. Horses and firearms taken from such persons shall be retained until the end of the season, when they will be returned. Careful supervision is to be exercised when cattle and sheep are to be taken through the parks to the patented lands, and vigilance is to be used in the prevention of forest fires.

THE LUTHERAN LEAGUE.

The Attendance Is Large---Reports Are Received.

Cincinnati, May 23.—It was estimated today that there were 1500 delegates present at the second day's session of the Lutheran league. The opening services were conducted by F. A. Rartrfault, of Philadelphia. The reports of E. F. Ellert, of New York; Secretary M. C. Olson, of Chicago, and Treasurer Cornelius Exchhardt, of Washington, were followed by the reports of the executive, literature, publication, finance and Y. P. S. league committees.

After the call of the states according to the size of their respective organizations, adaresses were delivered by F. H. Knubel, of New York, and Elmer F. Kraus, of Leechburg, Pa.

The afternoon program included addresses and the reading of papers. The evening was given up to sectional programs for all Lutheran churches in this city and suburban points.

DELEGATES AT DRESDEN.

Dresden, May 23.—The delegation from the New Duetsche Kriegerbund arrived here at midnight. The visitors were received at the station by the festival committee of the Kriegervierens.

Bargain Counter No. 1.

Extra Special!

1000 Sailors to go at your choice from **39c to $1.25**

Also a large lot of Flowers for, a bunch **5c, 8c, 10c, 15c and 25c**

Assortment consists of Roses, Violets, Corn Flowers, Forget-me-nots, etc

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

PANTON & WHITE

DULUTH, MINN.

THE Big Glass Block Store

Individuality!

Leaders, not Imitators. We say what we mean; mean what we say, and live up strictly to the letter and spirit of our advertisements. A List that does its own talking for Thursday.

Gloves—

Silk Taffeta Gloves, with patent fasteners. Black with White stitching, and all colors, with self stitching, at —per pair..... **25c**

50 dozen Ladies' Milanese Silk Gloves, in colors, with double tipped fingers, worth 75c, on Thursday, your choice —per pair..... **50c**

1 0 dozen Ladies' Black Silk Mitts with double palms, value 50c, for Thursday's special— per pair..... **35c**

Umbrellas—

500 Ladies' Gloria Silk Umbrellas, steel rods, paragon frames, all assorted handles value $1.25 for Thursday's special at—each..... **95c**

Children's School Umbrellas, at each— **49c, 55c and 69c**

250 Ladies' English Gloria Umbrellas, value up to $2.25; Thursday, choice at— **$1.75 and $1.95**

Hardware Dept.

Hammocks—

Full size Woven Hammocks, with two spreaders, at —each..... **59c**

Colored Woven Hammocks, with spreaders and balance, at—each..... **95c**

High-grade Hammocks, at, each **$1.25, $1.48, $1.98, up to $5**

Fishing Tackle—

Boys' Jointed Poles, at each..... **23c**

Split Bamboo Poles, silk wrapped, with reel seat, at—each..... **98c**

Jointed Lancewood Poles, at—each..... **$1.19**

All sizes hooks; per dozen..... **5c**

84-foot Sea Island Cotton Trolling Lines, each.. **10c**

A variety of sizes and styles of Spoon Hooks, at— each..... **10c**

A big assortment of Reels, Fishing Baskets, Landing Nets, Fish Scales, etc.

Base Ball Goods—

Monarch Baseballs, high grade, at—each.... **95c**

Boys' Balls at—each— **75c, 50c, 25c, 10c and 5c**

Bats, at— **8c, 10c and 25c**

Catchers' Mitts—each— **10c, 19c, 29c, up to $1 25**

Croquet Sets—

4-ball sets, at—per set..... **53c**

Higher grade sets at—per set— **85c, 98c, up to $2.39**

Boys' Iron Wagons—

Special prices for one day only:

No. 1 size at—each.....	79c
No. 2 size at—each.....	85c
No. 3 size, at—each.....	98c
No. 4 size, at—each.....	$1.19
No. 5 size, at—each.....	$1.45
No. 6 size, at—each.....	$1.85
No. 7 size, at—each.....	$1.79

Iron Wheelbarrows—

Boys' large size Iron Wheelbarrows, at—each. **69c**

Lawn Mowers—

High-wheel Lawn Mowers—Ever-ready Mower warranted,

12-inch size—each.....	$2.39
14-inch size—each.....	$2.69
16-inch size—each.....	$2.75

Rubber Lawn Hose—

4-ply Rubber Lawn Hose, in coils of 50 feet, a high-grade Hose—per foot..... **10c**

Baby Carriages and Go-Carts—

Whitney Baby Carriages—each **$6.95, $7.50, up to $25 00**

New Go-Carts, with Rubber Tires, at—each— **$3.39, $3.98, up to $15.00**

Shoe Dept.

THURSDAY AND FRIDAY FOOTWEAR SNAPS— Only a few—But Genuine!

IN SHOES—

Women's extra fine Vici Kid Lace and Button Shoes; newest styles in every way, with low, medium or high heels, heavy or light soles, kid tips only; all sizes, all widths, these Shoes have never been sold for less than $2.50— sale price..... **$1.95**

IN OXFORDS—

Women's elastic side, lace and two-button Oxfords, in Coin, Opera, Medium and Mannish lasts, Tan or Black, with or without extension soles, all sizes —all widths, regular price $2; sale price..... **$1.50**

IN SLIPPERS—

For Thursday only we will sell all styles in our popular $1.25 one-strap plain or satin-bow Slippers, in Tan or Patent leather for..... **95c**

Do not fail to take advantage of this offer.

Gray's Special $2.98 Shoe for Women—

We are sole agents for them. The styles are right, the fit perfect, and wear guaranteed; you get any weight, 12 styles to choose from, all sizes, widths AA to EE; price..... **$2.98**

Cloak News

Women's Grass Linen Crash Skirts, with deep hem..... **98c**

Women's plain Blue and White Duck Skirts, on sale at..... **98c**

Women's plain Blue and Brown Denim Skirts on sale at..... **98c**

You will pay $1.50 for no better Skirts elsewhere.

Women's dainty White and colored Waists that can only be found at the Big Glass Block.

WOMEN'S DAINTY WHITE LAWN WAISTS—all newest effects: prices—

89c, 98c, $1.25

$1.49, $1.98, $2.50

$3.50, $4.50 to $8

WOMEN'S FANCY COLORED LAWN AND PERCALE WAISTS—All new, all swell, all perfect fitting; prices—

49c, 89c, 98c

$1.25, $1.49, $1.98

Jackets—

Another lot of fine Eton Jackets, worth up to $12.50, to be closed out on Thursday at..... **$4.98**

—They come in Black, Blue, Tan and Brown; just the thing to be worn with Shirt Waists.

Women's Tailored Suits—

Just 25 in this lot, the kind small stores ask $16.00 for; your pick on Thursday, at..... **$9.98**

Jacket silk-lined; Skirt box-plaited back. All new; all swell.

Dress Skirts—

In fine Black and Blue Serge, well made, lined with good lining, velvet bound and hangs perfect, sale price..... **$1.98**

We show a fine line of Tailored Dress Skirts, in all the new fabrics; price—

$2.98, $3.50, $4.50

$7.50 to $27.00

A Genuine Silk Sale.

We offer for Thursday's thrifty shoppers, over 200 yards of new, choice up-to-date Silks, not one yard of old styles; no job lots bought and advertised as new silks, but our Choicest Silks; picked from our magnificent Silk Stock, in Plain Colored Taffetas, with Cords, Plisse and Shirred effects, also several lines of open-work Taffeta Silks, all new goods; these are not $2.75 values, as represented or rather misrepresented by unscrupulous dealers, but are genuine $1.00, $1.15, $1.25 and $1.50 qualities which we offer Thursday at—per yard..... **75c**

Black Dress Goods.

For Thursday we offer over 50 pieces of new Black Dress Goods in plain and fancy weaves, including Granites, Crepons, Serges and Broudes, regular 59c qualities, price—per yard..... **39c**

50-inch Fabrics—We show a magnificent assortment in Storm Serges, Cheviots, Venetians, Broadcloths, Pebble Cloths, all-wool Fancies—a splendid line of reliable Dress Fabrics; choice of the lot—per yard..... **$1.00**

Good Muslin Underwear Bargains.

Ladies' Drawers, good muslin, with several tucks; price..... **29c**

Women's Gowns, high or low neck —embroidery trimmed; price..... **38c**

Women's Chemise, made very full, good muslin; price..... **39c**

Women's Muslin Corset Covers— high neck; price..... **8c**

Women's Short Muslin Skirts, embroidery trimmed; price..... **49c**

Women's Aprons, also Nurses' and Maids' Aprons; price..... **25c**

Children's White Lawn Dresses —price..... **25c**

Children's Drawers, tucked and trimmed; price..... **25c**

Women's Washable Gingham, Percale Underskirts, deep flounce and ruffles; price— **69c, 89c, 98c**

Corsets—

We will place on sale the best fancy colored Summer Corsets ever sold in Duluth; value $1; your pick Thursday at..... **49c**

Wrapper Sale Still Continues—

You can buy a good Calico Wrapper here for..... **49c**

Why pay other stores 75c for the same kind?

New Silk Waists—

Just received, about 50 in all; they come Tucked, Corded, Lace-trimmed and Hemstitched, made with the new French back and pointed sleeves; you can't match them elsewhere for less than $7.50 and $8.00; your pick of the lot while they last at..... **$4.98**

Rainy Day Skirts—

We lead them all; we are selling a good Rainy Day Skirt at..... **$3.98**

300 Children's Dresses, colored, to go on sale Thursday.

Colored Dress Goods

Venetians, 56 to 59 inches wide, in plain colors, and the Covert Venetians, in quiet mixtures, in Castors, Browns and Blues, also Homespuns in Grays, Blues and Browns, with Plaid Back, for unlined Skirts, Tailor Suits and the popular Rainy Day Skirts, at—per yard—

$1.50, $1.25, $1.00

Jamestown Fancies; our entire line of these popular weaves that have retailed at 75c and 59c; on sale Thursday—per yard..... **39c**

Wash Goods Specials—

30-inch Heavy German Blue Calicos, in large range of designs, the 10c quality; Thursday—per yard..... **7½c**

Red and Black Prints, 25 pieces on sale Thursday, the regular 5c kind for—per yard..(limit 20 yards)..... **2½c**

Shirt Waist Fabrics—

In Cambrics, Zephyr Ginghams, Silk Ginghams, Irish Dimities, Foulards, Pouit de Soies, Swisses, French Dimities, Madras Skirtings, at the following low prices, a yd

50c, 45c, 35c

25c, 19c and 15c

Hosiery and Underwear—

INDISPENSABLES FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN—

Ladies' Polka Dot Hose, seamless knit, Black and Blue grounds, with white extracted spots; Thursday..... **15c**

Ladies' French Lisle Thread Hose, Hermsdorf Black, made with white split sole; the kind always sold at 50c— Thursday..... **35c**

Small Children's Fast and Stainless Black Cotton Hose, fine rib, seamless knit, 8c value; Thursday, 2 pairs for... **15c**

Boys' Seamless Indestructible Iron Clad Hose, made of best quality maco cotton, no seams—fast and stainless Black —Thursday..... **25c**

Misses' White Jersey Fitting Summer Vests, High neck and long sleeves, all sizes, finished in silk and silk-taped neck, job of 25c Vests just received —Thursday..... **25c**

Ladies' Summer Vests, Richelieu Rib, square neck, sleeveless or short sleeve, in White and Ecru, best high grade low-priced goods; Thursday..... **12½c**

Ladies' Fine Swiss Rib Silk Summer Vests in Black and colors, handsomely trimmed, with ½-inch lace, Spanish lace effect and pattern; Thursday, only..... **49c**

Ribbon Dept.

FOR THURSDAY ONLY—

Neck Ribbons, wide, fancy Plaids, Stripes, Checks, etc., Ribbons that are worth as high as 45c a yd, at... **19c**

Wide Taffeta Ribbon, in light shades, soft finish, the 25c kind—per yard..... **18c**

Special quality Black Taffeta Ribbons, two widths— Nos. 22 and 40—per yd.... **19c**

Wide fancy Ribbons, lace stripes, hemstitched effects, corded stripes, all the new color combinations, values up to 75c per yard, at..... **59c**

Ladies' Neckwear—

White Pique Stock Collars, in the new shape— each..... **20c**

Three for..... **50c**

White Lawn Club Ties for Shirt Waists—per dozen— **10c, 25c and 50c**

New ideas, in Satin Stock Collars, and Lawn Bows, a splendid showing at—each..... **25c**

Two special numbers of Black Liberty Silk Boas —each..... **$1.39**

Pulley Belts—

Grand array of new, rich goods —dainty buckles, beautiful shades, in Ribbons, genuine Seal and Morocco, you will declare that our line has no equal; prices **65c to $2.00**

Sash Buckles—

Gold Plated, solid Sterling Silver and Oxidized, our spring and summer showing is not surpassed by any line in this vicinity price— **25c to $5**

Sterling Pulley Rings—

Our 25c line— special..... **25c**

Chain Bracelets—

Gold-plated, plain and chased buckle, all new goods, at from— **50c to $2.75**

Sterling Chain Bracelets—

The best to be had anywhere— **$1.25 to $1.75**

Embroidered Swiss Dollies—

These popular neat little Dollies are sold by us usually at 12½c and 15c each; but for Thursday we say..... **7c**

Tooth Brush Sale—

French manufacture, four rows of bristles, most dealers would say "a bargain at 15c" special—each..... **7c**

Kirk's Concentrated Extracts—

In dainty Glass Stopper Bottles, all choice odors; per bottle..... **19c**

Nursing Bottles—

Graduated Scale marked on each, worth 10c each, for **5c**

Medicated Throat Tablets—

Beneficial in cases of Coughs, Colds, irritated and sore throat, and all bronchial affections—per box..... **10c**

Allen's Foot Ease—

Regular price 25c— special..... **21c**

Universal Glove Cleaner—

Will remove spots from silk, cotton or woollen fabrics without injury and will clean Gloves as if by magic... **25c**

Bailey's Complexion Soap—

You know is worth 10c —special..... **7c**

Dressing Combs—

Your pick of our 20c line at..... **10c**

Colgate's Medicated Tar Soap—

Universal price 15c —special..... **8c**

Life and Strength Restored to Palsied Limbs

Mrs. H. T. Salisbury, of 11 Follett Street, Pawtucket, R. I., says:

"About eight years ago, I was taken with nervous prostration which was followed by a partial paralysis of the lower limbs. The doctor called it locomotor ataxia. I could not direct my steps, and I would often fall down. I tried many remedies but was not benefited until I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

Several doctors had told me that there was no cure for my trouble, but my improvement continued and I took the pills steadily for two years. At the end of that time I had regained full control of my limbs. The pain left me and has never returned."

MRS. H. T. SALISBURY,

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 21st day of August, 1899.

CARLOS L. ROGERS,
Notary Public.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People contain, in a condensed form, all the elements necessary to give new life and richness to the blood and restore shattered nerves. They are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia rheumatism, nervous headache, the after-effects of la grippe, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, all forms of weakness either in male or female.

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are never sold by the dozen or hundred, but always in packages. At all druggists, or direct from the Dr. Williams Medicine Company, Schenectady, N. Y., 50 cents per box, 6 boxes $2.50.

BIG PROFITS

Paderewski Takes Over a Quarter of a Million to Europe.

Summer Plans of the Pianist and His Estates In Europe.

On Wednesday, May 16, the Oceanic carried Paderewski away from shores that have been hospitad to the extent of a possible $250,000, and feminine tears will swell the salt sea waves, says the New York Sun. Still, the grief will not assume the appalling proportions of the grief of yesteryear. The women have learned that there is always a probability of the loved one's return. Some of them have even developed a roiaist suspicion that there are others. This is Paderewski's fourth American tour and feminine adoration rarely turns originally upon one actor for nine years. Add to the logs of wealth and the taking of a wife, and the fact that the Polish pianist maintains his ascendency in the feminine heart seems little short of a miracle.

This last tour has been worked by the same success that attended the other three and the staggering figure of the women at the end of a Paderewski program has lost none of its fervor and force. In Detroit, so the story goes, the pianist was seized with a pecuiiarity in tale and stamped, only by the heroic efforts of Hugo Gorlitz, whose many duties include that of rescuing genius when too hard pressed. When Paderewski finds that, single-handed and alone, he cannot repulse the onslaught, he presumably shouts for help, and the brave Gorlitz, throwing caution and fear to the winds, plunges into the crowd and fights his way to his friend's side at the risk of life and limb. No mere man of brains could successfully conduct a Paderewski tour. One must have both brains and brawn for the task.

It anywhere in the country there was less enthusiasm over the pianist than formerly, California was the place, and even there, with the single exception of Sacramento, the towns included in the tour fulfilled financial expectations. Paderewski with his party traveled in a private car, and only once during the trip forsook the car for a hotel. Mme. Paderewski accompanied him and amiably insists that she is a typical American charming. She certainly has had an opportunity of forming an opinion; for the tour has pretty well covered the United States, from New York to San Francisco, and from Oregon to Texas, from first to last, the pianist's prove-theal good luck has stayed with him. His managers have always said that Paderewski's guardian angel was the busiest of the heavenly host. Wind, weather, railway trains, all uncertain quantities have been well regulated and, on this trip, he has not even had the mildest mishap, though disaster followed close upon his heels. He has gone rushing over the continent with ruin and wrath in his wake; but ill luck has never overtook him. He went to Tacoma by an early train than the one planned. The train of the original plan was held up by robbers and the passengers bored to limp off. It escaped almost a rift that intervened in Paderewski's favor. The

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's

Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. *Brent Good*

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

scenic effect would have been so fine for journalistic illustrations. Genius, with its aureoli standing on end, facing a masked and muffled ruffian whose pistol presses against the pale and noble brow. However, romance was sacrificed to the good luck of the genius. Paderewski left Austin, Tex., barely in time to escape the flood. His visit to San Antonio was followed by a tornado. And so the story goes. Superstitious persons might be tempted to believe that there's a touch of the jettatura about Paderewski, but the chances are that he carries a rabbit's foot. Perhaps the fact that disaster has been dodging his steps and clutching vainly at him accounts for the fact that he is a trifle thin and worn. Under the circumstances it is odd that he dared wear his hair at its usual length.

In every town visited autograph fiends and Polish deputations besieged the artist, and invitations showered upon him. Paderewski is courteous on the autograph subject, without abandoning his profession he couldn't have time to satisfy all the demands. One autograph episode has assumed a tragic character. Just before leaving New York the pianist received an autograph book with a request from the woman owner to write his name in it. Through mistake the album was not returned and was left under lock and key with other property. Last week the owner's lawyer notified the artist that if the book was not returned within twenty-four hours he would begin legal proceedings, assuming that the threat would move even the artistic temperament to hasty restitution, he enclosed 50 cents for messenger service.

After his farewell recitals in New York and Newark, Paderewski will go to England, where he will investigate the subject of fish culture with a view to stocking his ponds on his new Polish estate, and will play at the London Philharmonics and at two musicales given by William Waldorf Astor. From London he goes to Paris and will remain there occupied with concert work during the greater part of the summer. Ordinarily his summers are spent at his home in Switzerland, but this season the stagnant chess of the women there, and he will hurry on to his new Polish estate, which is at present his pet hobby. The place in Switzerland includes 60 acres of forest and meadowland on the shore of Lake Geneva, near Lausanne. The chateau is a rambling and picturesque building facing the lake, and in it M. Paderewski has been accustomed to entertain large parties of his intimate friends, but the estate is for utility as well as pleasure, and the artist is as earnest in his gardening as in his music. There are thousands of cherry trees on the land, and from their fruit is made an uncommonly fine quality of kirsch, while the vineyards produce the grapes that ripen before any others in the country round, and also furnish grapes for thousands of gallons of wine. Other fruit is raised in large quantities; and, when in the country the pianist is at home, he attends personally to all the practical details of management.

The Polish estate is a much more ambitious affair, including thousands of acres, and, though incomplete, already represents a large amount of the earnings of the genius. On it Paderewski intends to have a farm that will be a model to the country and, in the intervals of writing his opera, he is devoting his attention to the study of cattle raising and fish culture. The cattle have already been bought in Hungary and Scotland, but the fish are yet in the air, instead of in their native element. Mr. Gorlitz visited England to investigate the fish subject last season and he and Paderewski are to visit Hazelhurst together this spring and study the wily trout with a view to establishing him in Poland.

Even the Polish estate is not quite so dear to the heart of the artist at present as his opera. All information in regard to the work is kept under seal, but M. Paderewski hopes great things for it when he brings it out in Dresden in November. He has been working steadily at it and that work, in connection with his concert work, has been a strain upon brain and body. Yet, although he is thinner than when he came to America, and unquestionably tired, the artist says that he is feeling exceedingly well. He also says that he will perhaps come back to America, possibly during the next three or four years. There are many parts of Europe where he has not been heard at all, and his Russian tour was only a short one. Enough advantageous offers have come to him from Scandinavia, Germany, Russia and Southern Europe to fill his next three winters. After that, perhaps, America again.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Buffalo—Buffalo, 9; Chicago, 5.
At Cleveland—Kansas City, 12; Cleveland, 2.
At Indianapolis—Milwaukee, 2; Indianapolis, 1.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At St. Louis—St. Louis, 7; Boston, 6.
At Pittsburg—Brooklyn, 4; Pittsburg, 1.
At Cincinnati—Cincinnati, 8; New York, 5.
At Chicago—Philadelphia, 8; Chicago, 5.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 11; Boston, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Indianapolis	24	17	7	.708
Milwaukee	25	16	9	.640
Chicago	27	15	12	.555
Cleveland	24	12	12	.500
Minneapolis	29	13	16	.448
Kansas City	28	12	16	.429
Buffalo	24	10	14	.417
Detroit	25	8	17	.320

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia	23	16	7	.696
Brooklyn	24	15	9	.625
St. Louis	25	14	11	.560
Chicago	27	15	12	.555
Pittsburg	27	14	13	.519
Cincinnati	24	12	12	.500
New York	24	7	17	.292
Boston	23	5	17	.227

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures quickly and permanently. At any drug store, 50 cents.

When in doubt, buy Chancellor cigars if you want 10 cents' worth.

WILLIAMS DONE FOR

The Man Who Discovered Jerry Simpson Is Out of Politics.

LONG HELD OFFICE

But Simpson Stole His Sockless Statement Thunder and Was Elected.

Wichita, Kan., May 23.—Shelby Primrose Williams, the man who discovered Jerry Simpson and taught him how to become a congressman by the simple virture of wearing no socks, is out of politics.

Primrose Williams is among the last of the old type of the Kansas politician. Kansas changes her types every ten years or less, and no state in the Union has furnished more picturesque characters to the hustings than the breezy Sunflower state. Shelby Primrose Williams is one of them, and he is out of politics.

"Shelby Primrose Williams has made his last canter," said a well known Populist as he swung his legs from the counter in the postoffice. "He is flat broke, and the sockless statesman business in Kansas is played out. Just in his day Primrose had more schemes for getting elected to office than any man I ever knew.

"Let's see. He was justice of the peace, police judge, probate judge, county attorney and United States commissioner for a combined period of nineteen years in Comanche county. He was defeated finally, and left Comanche and moved to Wichita. It's a fact he hadn't been here more than ten days until he was a justice of the peace and candidate for alderman."

"D'ye ever hear of Primrose's first race for probate judge in Comanche county?" put in the coroner, who looked the clerk in the eye and cut off a small bite of green cheese from a chunk on the counter. "No? Well, that was a great grab, that was.

"Primrose had worked nearly every scheme known to county politics in getting himself elected to various minor positions. Finally he came out as 'the consumptive candidate' for probate judge. Everybody thought he would be dead before the campaign was over, and they elected him because they didn't want to see him die a pauper. Primrose had an old blind horse on which he made the circuit of the county. He rode on an old wooden saddle set on the top of a worn sheepskin horse saddle. He stayed overnight with some prominent farmer in the township, making a speech in the district schoolhouse in the evenings. Kansas farmers turn out to political speakings like city fellows falling over each other to get to a prize fight. They sat spellbound for hours under Primrose's eloquent tirades.

"'Fellow citizens,' he always began, in a piping voice, 'as you see, I am a cripple with infirmity, a pallid tottering on the edge of the grave.' Cries of 'You're all right,' and 'We'll stand by you, Primrose,' always followed this.

"'But, fellow citizens,' Primrose would proceed in a burst of enthusiasm, 'when I die, let me die in the service of Comanche county.' Proceedings were interrupted only by violent spells of coughing from Primrose, mingled with whispered remarks in the audience that the poor man wouldn't live to see election day. The scheme was great. Even Primrose's enemies voted for him, and he was elected by a big vote.

"The next year Primrose won out on the second attempt, but the third time when he was put up he learned that his opponent bragged of only one lung, so he announced that their health was on a par, and proved to believed he wouldn't be a candidate that year.

"But at the last moment he got into the race for county attorney and won out on the plea that his wife had the consumption, and he wanted to be in a position to give her proper medical treatment."

"Did you know," put in the old politician, "that Shelby Primrose Williams was the man who discovered Jerry Simpson? Yes, it's a fact, and it's been going round for a year. Not because Jerry hasn't equalled his expectations. All right on that score, but Shelby claims the exCongressman stole his whole statesmanship scheme. It happened out near Medicine Lodge. Jerry had been discovered and was making a tour with Williams. They were driving one week one afternoon at a picnic. Simpson coming first. They drove out together in a buggy, and before they reached the place Primrose unhitched his stockings and took off his socks and stuffed them under the buggy seat.

"Those people are opposed to aristocrats," he explained. 'I don't want to give them cause for offense. Not because Jerry hasn't equalled his expectations. All right on that score, but Shelby claims the exCongressman stole his whole statesmanship scheme. It happened out near Medicine Lodge. Jerry had been discovered and was making a tour with Williams. They were driving one week one afternoon at a picnic. Simpson coming first. They drove out together in a buggy, and before they reached the place Primrose unhitched his stockings and took off his socks and stuffed them under the buggy seat.

"Those people are opposed to aristocrats," he explained. 'I don't want to give them cause for offense. Not because Jerry is a statesman, but because I'm a statesman, anyhow.'

"Jerry said nothing. That afternoon, when the two candidates had eaten a full share of marble cake and iced chicken, the chairman stamped them under an arbor in the grove, and Jerry Simpson advanced to make the opening speech. He wore a pair of low shoes. Jerry's subject was 'The Tariff and the Navy.'

"'We don't want them armorclad ships,' said Jerry. 'They belong to effete monarchies, and this is good enough for us. I say that ever settled the briny deep.'

"At this there was great applause. 'Fellow citizens,' continued Jerry. 'It is the practice of such men as are elevated by the people, as I have been elevated by the yellow dog of his party to become a congressman, it is the practice, I say, of such men to log out in bright and silk socks. Silk socks, I say,' roared Jerry. 'Why, fellow citizens, I never wear any kind of socks.'

"Jerry pulled up the leg of his lavender trousers and the cheering crowd caught sight of a bare shank. That made Simpson congressman, and it knocked out the plans of Primrose Williams."

AGAIN POSTPONED.

Washington, May 23.—An agreement was reached yesterday between the friends of Senator Clark, of Montana, and the senate committee on privileges and elections to postpone any action upon the senator's credentials until Wednesday, May 30. In the meantime the credentials of Mr. Maginnis will be presented and the papers in both cases will be considered together.

SCHWAN SANGUINE.

St. Paul, May 23.—"The pacification of the Philippine islands is assured at no distant date, and in fact is very nearly accomplished," said Brig. Gen. Theodore Schwan, who arrived in St. Paul from Manilla by way of San Francisco, yesterday afternoon. "There is no longer a rebel military organization, and the guerrilla or robber bands now pursued by the American troops have always existed. They have been reinforced by officers and men of the rebel army, who preferred fighting to labor when their government was broken up, but they are fighting without any union and each band for itself."

MILLING STOCK SALE.

New York, May 23.—One hundred shares of United States Milling stock were sold yesterday for 25 cents a share. The commission of ¼ per cent left the seller $12.50, from which he has to pay tax. The stock sold Sept. 15, four days after it was listed, for 58¾. The last quotation before yesterdays was 14, about three months ago.

When tired of experimenting, go back to the old reliable Chancellor cigar.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

MRS. VAN ANTRIM'S UMBRELLAS.

Mrs. Van Antrim found a delightful place some time ago where you could have umbrellas made as good as new at very reasonable prices. So she collected her mother's onyx-handled umbrella, which would never stop leaking, her sister's silver-handled umbrella, which needed a new tip, her own silver-mounted, ivory-handled umbrella, which needed recovering and minor repairs, and her Dresden-handled parasol, of which the handle had come loose, and took them down town one morning and left them to be repaired, says the New York Sun.

Unfortunately, at this point Mrs. Van Antrim's enthusiasm waned a trifle. She went shopping several times, but the umbrella-mender's was somewhat out of the way, and, try as she would she could not remember to call for her umbrellas. One day the weather was unpleasant, and Mrs. Van Antrim's mother and sister were likewise.

The next afternoon Mrs. Van Antrim started down town resolved not to come home without those four umbrellas. To make sure, on the car, and after she had left the car, she repeated to herself: "Umbrellas—umbrellas—umbrellas." She determined to think of nothing else until she had them in her possession, and she walked from looking into shop windows for fear her mind would wander. She had several errands to do before she reached the umbrella-menders, but they were done in the most perfunctory manner possible.

As she was about to leave one store, after a small purchase, she found herself suddenly arrested by a firm hand, while an indignant accusing voice said:

"Excuse me but you've got my umbrella."

Mrs. Van Antrim turned and found herself confronted by a vast, florid lady, the severe expression in whose eyes marked the tones of her voice. With her thoughts heredeally fixed on her own umbrella, she had absent-mindedly appropriated one that stood next to her at the counter.

"So I have. I'm very sorry," said Mrs. Van Antrim, delivering the umbrella. When upon the vast lady sniffed and Mrs. Van Antrim felt very much crushed.

Then Mrs. Van Antrim went for her own umbrellas. They were waiting for her, neatly bound together—her mother's onyxhandled one and her sister's silver-handled one and her own silver-mounted, ivory-handled one and her Dresden-handled parasol. Having actually got them into her possession, Mrs. Van Antrim felt so virtuous that she determined to give herself a treat, and the rest of the afternoon she spent in looking at shirt waists.

It was nearly half past 5 when she took an uptown car. The car was fairly filled, but she found a seat. As she sat down, with her umbrellas before her, the first object that met her view was the vast, florid lady whose umbrella she had taken sitting just opposite. The florid lady looked first at Mrs. Van Antrim's umbrellas, then at Mrs. Van Antrim, then at the umbrellas again, while her eyes grew to saucers. Then she spoke.

"Well," said the florid lady in a voice which resounded through the car from front platform to conductor in the rear, "you have made a haul. But you bet you didn't get mine!"

What knowest thou the worth of Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company, thou foul substitute, who scarcely breathed one summer. Ask your druggist.

THEY ARE CONVINCING.

Statement of a Neighbor is to be Believed.

Nothing so Convincing as What Persons Whom we Know and Respect, Say.

There is nothing so convincing as the statements of people whom we know and respect. If your neighbor tells you something, you know it is true; no neighbor will deceive another. So that is the way with Kid-ne-oids. The statements of people living right here in Duluth are published so that you may ask these people and find out the great good Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are doing.

R. A. Boyd, picture framer for the LaVaque Paint and Wall Paper company, at 12 West Superior street, says: "After suffering for years with backache so badly at times that I could not straighten up after standing in a stooped position for a while without suffering from severe pains in the small of my back and from rheumatism in my joints, from nervousness and sleeplessness, I was completely relieved by using Morrow's Kid-ne-oids. I would advise a fair trial of Morrow's Kid-ne-oids to those who are suffering as I have suffered."

Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are not pills, but Yellow Tablets and sell at 50 cents a box at all drug stores and at S. F. Boyce's drug store.

Mailed on receipt of price. Manufactured by John Morrow & Co., chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

DEADLY SNUB TO OFFICERS.

Stolid Coachman Mistook a Military Group For the Band.

Chicago May 23.—Anything that touches the dignity of a military man is a deadly affront to the masculine being of sword and gun. In fact, a budding lieutenant or captain cherishes his dignity just as a girl does a new pattern hat or her first diamond.

That is why the four military youths who came from a Western fort to assist their captain in getting married to a pretty Chicago girl are still gasping in wrath. They came in all their gorgeousness, in all the glitter and color their best dress uniforms could muster, and they added considerably to the spectacular effect of the wedding procession down the church aisle. Without exaggeration, they outshone the bride and were haughtily complacent and beautiful. Due honor was paid them, and they condescended to shed rays upon the admiring multitude.

The ceremony over, the bridal party sought their carriages. The vehicle which had brought the military men was not to be found. The bride's brother tore madly round hunting it up. All the carriages immediately at the curbstone denied that they belonged to the four ushers and emphatically related for whom they were waiting. The bride's brother tore his hair, the military men stood up on the steps and secretly raged that they could be overlooked. It was incredible. Where was the villainous coachman?

In despair the bride's brother raced down to the last coachman, who had sat stolidly surveying the opposite side of the street.

"Hey!" he cried, "you must be the man; didn't you bring the ushers?"

The coachman turned round placidly, and his eyes fell upon the four gorgeous individuals on the church steps, waiting in distress and anger.

"Naw," he said, "I didn't bring no ushers. I brought the band—those men on the steps."

The bride's brother was diplomatic and he restricted his remarks to the four military men to the bold statement that their carriage had been located.

WHAT DO THE CHILDREN DRINK?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

THE ELKS' REUNION

Fourteenth Annual Session of the Grand Lodge at Atlantic City.

TO BE HELD IN JULY

Endless Round of Refined Amusements at the Famous Seaside Resort.

Atlantic City, N. J., May 23.—The fourteenth annual grand lodge and reunion B. P. O. Elks will be held at Atlantic City on July 10, 11 and 12. Atlantic City lodge No. 276 has appointed an executive committee which has been at work the past five months arranging all the details for this convention. Various sub-committees have been appointed to work out the details for the entertainment of the largest gathering of Elks from all over the United States ever assembled at their yearly meeting. All the arrangements have progressed most satisfactorily, and everybody, whether an Elk or not, who visits Atlantic City at that time will be amply repaid for their trip to the seashore. In this series of weekly letters full information as to what has been done and the attractions which will be offered will be given to the readers of this paper. Any specific information desired can be secured by addressing Emery D. Irelan, chairman, or Herman G. Mulock, secretary of the executive committee B. P. O. Elks reunion, Atlantic City, N. J.

That Atlantic City is the world's amusement parlor, nature's own sanitarium, and a grand galaxy of sparkling pleasures is well known. When people need rest, recreation or revivification; when they feel overworked and weary, downcast and lonely, and long for the cool invigoration of the sea and the magnetic influences of spontaneous gaiety and irrepressible merriment, they hasten to Atlantic City, and its endless round of refined amusements live the fairy's dream of paradisaical existence.

Besides the sea and the beach and the soft sea air, which were its primary attractions, Atlantic City has developed an endless variety of artificial attractions.

First of all is the Boardwalk. This magnificent steel structure is an adjunct to the sea which has become even more popular than the sea itself. Thousands who never wet their feet in the bounding surf come annually to tread this greatest of the world's promenades and to enjoy its life. It is here that the life of the resort centers. On one side lies the beach, with its white sand and its caressing waves, and beyond stretches away the illimitable sea, with its rolling billows, its light and shadows, its whitecaps and its sails. On the Boardwalk is another scene—a constant stream of ever-varying but always joyous life. The light and color are wonderful; the animation, the excitement and the overflowing good humor are irresistible. It is one great parade, where human nature in all its endless varieties may be seen and studied. The lights from the booths and bazars beyond, the happy faces and merry glee of countless children, the soft, mellow colors of the women's dresses, glimmering gowns, the grace and loveliness of the younger women themselves, the gay and gallant young men, the dizzy whirl of the merry-go-round, the soft and swelling notes of the orchestra, and the thousand and one pictures presented by the throng as it moves on—all combine to make the scene of the most fascinating exhibition of kaleidoscopic life ever witnessed. And then at night the splashing waves, the soft air, the irridescent sea, the full moon over the sea and over all the beautiful starlit heavens inspire an ecstasy seldom experienced.

The amusements which have grown up along this great avenue are its great attractions. Almost every device known among men for amusing is found here—merry-go-rounds, switchbacks, observatories, Ferris wheels, phonograph parlors, Punch and Judy shows, streets of Cairo, Japanese gardens, swimming pools, shooting galleries, shuffle-boards and many more, each playing its own part in the great harmony of the whole. In truth, this Boardwalk presents the appearance of a continued fete or carnival.

Four great piers extend from the Boardwalk into the ocean. Many of the larger hops are held upon these piers, and at night, when illuminated by the myriad electric lights, with their present a charming picture, with their gaily gliding dancers and the rhythmic music that seems to float on the glinting waters of the sea.

There is much free social gayety at Atlantic City. Most of the larger hotels have their own orchestra for the season, and hops are given every evening. Concerts are frequent, and amateur theatricals, private parties and progressive euchres are in constant vogue. First-class performances by some of the best musical and dramatic talent are also given in the various theaters.

The bathing at Atlantic City is, of course, a popular feature. Nowhere can it be indulged in with less danger or more delight. During the fashionable bathing time—between 11 and 1—many thousands may be seen breasting the waves, splashing in the smoother water, or sunning themselves on the beach. And many who do not enter the water love to sit beneath the great umbrellas or in awning covered swings, beyond the reach of the waves, and watch the sport of the bathers. Life guards constantly patrol the beach or ride in open boats beyond the breakers, ready to assist any luckless bather who has unwittingly ventured too far.

At the upper end of the island, at the Inlet, a fleet of safe and speedy yachts, ably manned, is ever ready to take out parties desiring to sail or fish.

The annual horse show will be held this year during the same week as the Elks' convention, and as this is one of the social features of the year, will be greatly enjoyed.

Atlantic City offers one diversion which no visitor should fail to enjoy—an excursion by rail and boat to Somers' Point and Ocean City, Sea Isle City, or Avalon, by way of Longport.

Starting from the station at the corner of Atlantic and Tennessee avenues, the electric cars of the Longport line run to Longport, seven miles south of Atlantic City. Here, from a double-decker pier always swept by the freshest breezes, the boat is taken which performs the marine portion of this excursion. The steamers are constructed of the best material, and are staunch enough to undergo a sea voyage. The steamer ride covers an exceedingly pleasant trip across the placid waters of Egg Harbor bay to Ocean City or Somers' Point, according to the choice of the passenger. The trip between Longport and Ocean City occupies about seventeen minutes, and that between Longport and Somers' Point about twenty-five.

The hotels of Atlantic City are among the best in America, and compare favorably with any in the world. They are constructed on modern plans, contain all the conveniences which a progressive age has devised, and are conducted, as to cuisine and service, according to the highest and most approved standards.

There are fully 700 hotels and boarding-cottages located here. Rates can be secured from $5 per week up to $200 per week, and the rates as given are by contract from the proprietors.

Any additional information concerning the reunion arrangements will be cheerfully furnished by addressing the committee.

THE GREAT GROUND SLOTH.

Don Francisco Moreno, of Argentina, has recently taken to England the skeleton and hide of a grypotherium, which he found in a cave in Patagonia. This animal, also known as the great ground sloth, has always been classed among the extinct monsters, and the owner of this specimen himself believes that it may have been preserved in the recold cave ever since the glacial period, says the New York Sun. The skin, however, seems to resemble that of the jemisch, an animal which, it is said, may still be found in Patagonia.

More than twenty years ago, Mr. Chaworth Musters was camped one day with a party of the Tehuelche Indians on a river of Patagonia, when two South American ostrich-like which the hunters had killed and left outside the camp disappeared during the night. Their torn and half devoured bodies were found next day in a shallow of the river to which led the tracks of an animal that from all appearances were those of a mighty beast of prey. The Cordilleran puma is a large animal, but the tracks of this mysterious beast were far larger than those of the puma. The Indians, frightened half out of their wits, declared that they knew the animal that had made these prodigious tracks. It was the "tiger del agua" or water tiger, a fierce yellow monster that hunted their rivers and lay in wait for the unwary swimmer to devour him.

Further facts about this mysterious animal have now been collected by Don Carlos Ameghino, who received his information from the same tribe of Indians. They call the animal the "jemisch," believe him to be invulnerable and do not like even to speak of him. The animal lives, the Indians say, in caves on the shores of rivers and lakes and emerges from his lair only in the night. They describe him as having a short, broad head, hide covered with dun hair, short, strong legs with long, clawed feet, like those of a bear, but webbed between the toes.

This last detail seems to be partly confirmed by a story that has reached Don Francisco Moreno, the director of the Plata museum, of the fresh footprints of a beat-like animal, recently observed in the forests of Southern Patagonia, whose feet were evidently webbed.

The most curious part of the story is that which connects the jemisch with the fossil remains of the grypotherium recently found and taken to England. The Indians showed to Don Carlos Ameghino what they said was a piece of the skin of the jemisch, in it were embedded little "ossicles," similar to those that occur on the hide of the fossil grypotherium. If the water tiger carries a horny armor over its hide no wonder that he is invulnerable to the attacks of the Indians.

Don Francisco Moreno declares that the fossil hide he found is like that of the hide of the jemisch, according to the stories of the natives. The question remains, what is the jemisch? Is it a sloth, a bear, a water tiger, or merely an Indian bogie beast; and did the piece of skin shown to Don Carlos really belong to a monster of the glacial epoch or to a modern animal? Here is a chance for a zoologist to make some strong researches.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Fillbridge, West Cornwall, Conn.

BOB HAYDEN'S PALM GARDEN.

Music every afternoon and evening.
Restaurant open all night Private dining rooms.

1920 W. Sup. St. 1919 W. Mich. St.
Telephone 1420, Zenith. Telephone 415-5, Duluth.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 15, 1900.

In the Matter of the Estate of Charles F. Gunney, Deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of Charles Francis Gunney, the executor of the estate of Charles F. Gunney, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law.

It is ordered, that said account be examined, and petition heard by this court on Monday, the 11th day of June, A. D. 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing, in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 15th day of May, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal).
Duluth Evening Herald, May-16-23-30—1900

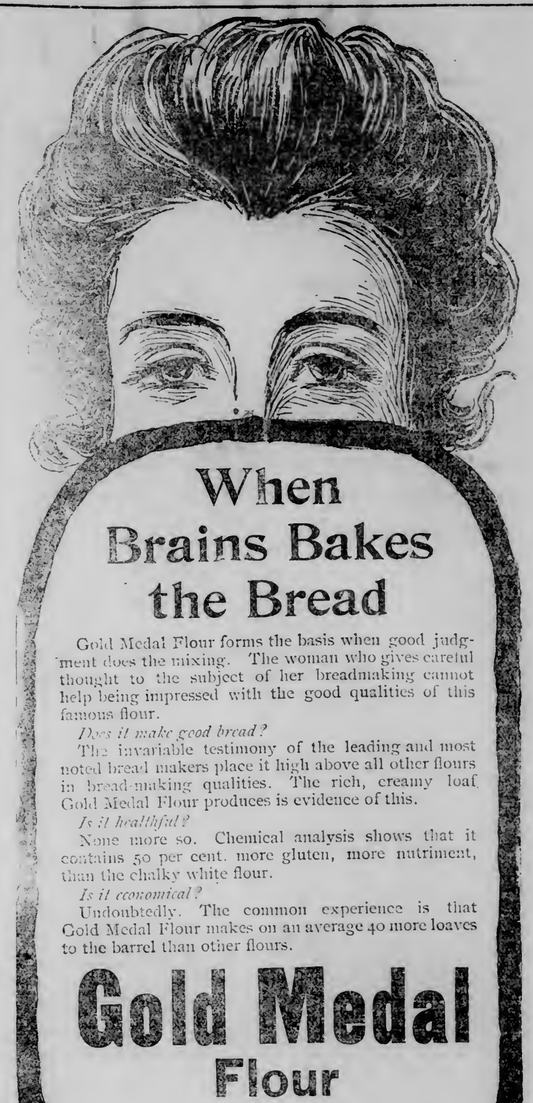
TO THE CREDITORS OF THE UNITED States Flour Milling Company:

In pursuance of an order made on this day by the court of chancery of New Jersey, in a cause wherein George William Ballou is complainant, and United States Flour Milling Company is defendant, you are required to present to the subscribers, the receivers of the United States Flour Milling Company heretofore appointed in said cause, and proved before them, under oath or affirmation, or otherwise as said receivers shall direct, to the satisfaction of said receivers, your several claims and demands against the said United States Flour Milling Company, within two months from the date of said order, or be excluded from the benefits of any such dividends as may hereafter be made and declared by the said court upon the proceeds of the effects of the said corporation.

Dated May 16th, 1900.

SAMUEL THOMAS,
CHARLES E. KIMBALL,
ALBERT C. LORING,
Receivers of the United States Flour Milling Company,
80 Broadway,
New York City, N. Y.

Or care—
LINDABURY, DEPUE & FAULKS,
Solicitors for Receivers,
776 Broad Street,
Newark, N. J.
Duluth Evening Herald, May-16-23-30-June-6-1900.



When Brains Bakes the Bread

Gold Medal Flour forms the basis when good judgment does the mixing. The woman who gives careful thought to the subject of her breadmaking cannot help being impressed with the good qualities of this famous flour.

Does it make good bread?

The invariable testimony of the leading and most noted bread makers place it high above all other flours in bread-making qualities. The rich, creamy loaf Gold Medal Flour produces is evidence of this.

Is it healthful?

None more so. Chemical analysis shows that it contains 50 per cent. more gluten, more nutriment, than the chalky white flour.

Is it economical?

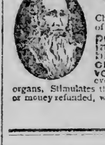
Undoubtedly. The common experience is that Gold Medal Flour makes on an average 40 more loaves to the barrel than other flours.

Gold Medal Flour

is the basis

of the best bread baked. It is used by the best bread makers of the country who acknowledge their indebtedness to the uniformity of Gold Medal Flour as an important factor in their success. Get a barrel and try it. Sold everywhere.

WASHBURN, CROSBY CO., Minneapolis, Minn.



VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Gamen, Varicocele, Or Constipation, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Her Loud Twitching of Eyelids. Every function restored; lost part supplanted, a cure is at hand. Awritten guarantee to cure every case or refund money. 50 cents per box; 6 for $2.50 by mail. Circulars free. Sold by druggists. Beware of fakirs who say they have the same or "just as good." Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

AS VIEWED BY GATH

Opinions on the Coming Presidential Contest Lean Towards the Success of the Democratic Ticket.

BRYAN GAINS STRENGTH

New York, May 19.—Henry Davis, of West Virginia, is a senior in our public affairs, having been United States senator, as well as a thorough railroad man. He came through all the grades, as brakeman and station agent, up to be proprietor of a coal railroad, which he has built with the aid of Elkins and his son-in-law, Kerens, of Missouri. Mr. Davis is a Democrat, and I asked him yesterday if he thought Bryan could win. He said:

"It is going to be a hard fight. There are many sources of discontent, and all are boiling. The election really depends upon the labor of the country. In that way President Harrison, after a good administration, was easily upset."

"Is sixteen-to-one not fatal to Bryan?"

"Four years ago it easily defeated him and the majorities in many of the states for McKinley were extraordinary. But the public has become familiar with this aspect of the currency question which is one form or another, we have had before us ever since the panic of 1873. Inflating, or the people's money as they think they require it, has not gone down, and the silver issue is but one more step in it. What makes Bryan's second run portentious is the congressional settlement of the currency question. Some may say that Bryan is a menace to the gold standard. But that is a good way off, and meantime there are a great many questions which are going to agitate the voters. Considerable discontent with McKinley exists in the Republican party. It is said in New York that even Bryan's election directly menaced. I do not believe the banks feel that fear this year, and already the chief sources of contribution, such as Philadelphia, have revoked their generosity."

During the past week the Pennsylvania railroad is believed to have borrowed as much money to complete its recent purchases as constituted the whole stock of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad twenty-five years ago. A part of this money is to pay for stock in the B. & O. railroad.

One of the Pennsylvania railroad officials said to me that the B. & O. had been the most continuous pirate in all the railroads, especially after the United States courts took possession of it, and the receivers struck out for all the cargoes they could get, irrespective of rates, as bankrupts were not required to pay either dividends or interest.

When the B. & O. was restored to solvency by the aid of the bankers in New York it was a point to advance its stock. So the Pennsylvania railroad met the wishes of the Baltimore new officials and took a large line of stock and secured directorships. That movement has continued on the stock exchange until the figure of 90 or more was attained, whereas, the old stock of the B. & O. railroad dropped to 11 cents on the dollar. The bears attacked the quotations with success, and drove them back ten or twelve points. The B. & O. railroad, therefore, relatively assumed the position once held by the Milwaukee & St. Paul toward the Northwestern railroad; they were stock market rivals until it was finally seen that the one had about absorbed the other.

It is perhaps the greatest picture in our immediate finances to see how the New York Central and the Pennsylvania railroads have, by the power of capital, made legal what the courts and congress forbade them to do.

They do not pool, but they maintain a uniform rate by having representatives in the boards of directors and presidents amenable to the general railroad intent to hold up rates.

Those persons who suppose that the great movements on the ocean or the land can be constrained by acts passed in congress will do well to study the unification of all our transportation through the cessation of local jealousy and state rights.

Transportation by railroad, and perhaps by water, since congress and the courts condemned the investors in it to be ruined has become, without limiting the government, a vast side department, and it requires no cabinet ministry.

I think it also probable that, however governed by their own conditions, the present administrators of the railroad systems East are more patriotic men than those of two generations before.

A. J. Cassatt, president of the Pennsylvania railroad, is not only the son-in-law of President Buchanan's reverend brother, but he is the son-in-law of the Fosters, who wrote "Old Dog Tray," etc.

Although William Vanderbilt's daughter is the wife of the duke of Marlborough, he is a stiff American and his blood is chelly Holland Dutch.

Pierpont Morgan is the grandson of John Pierpont, the New England poet.

In most respects railroad transportation in our country is better than it has ever been and not more exacting in rates, and all Americans who travel abroad agree that we present the best service for comfort on the globe.

The next presidential election is not giving more excitement in New York than anywhere else. I cannot say that the prospect of Bryan's election, which is sometimes admitted, is causing any commotion.

Bryan's personal character and genial intercourse are now testified to by a great number of people who have met him. It is a peculiar fact that the Republican politicians who have come to know Bryan admire his mingling of courtesy and courage.

American finance is nearly all based upon the immediate, and therefore the politicians try to work upon their fears and borrow money for national campaign purposes from the rich people. But this can be done too often, and there is not much respect in New York city for the Ohio beggar, whether he be a senator or a coal heaver, who threatens the extinction of his country and all prosperity unless he is put up for.

The administrative talents of McKinley and his general selection of bureau officeholders are not much admired in the financial quarter. The recent scandals in the Cuban administration by the bevy of Indiana and Ohio politicians sent out there, and already spoiled by the copious use of the campaign fund of 1896, have affected close observers with the fear that a continuance of this kind of slipshod rule and Jeremy Didler staff may arouse something fiercer than Bryan in the four years next to come.

I sat down with a banking man lately to discuss the Populist national convention at Sioux Falls. The financier said to me:

"I have read that platform at Sioux Falls, and it seems to be to be coherent and well stated. As to government ownership of the railroads, that is what exists in Germany, Russia and France. Besides, our railroads are rapidly concentrating into one government that will require the general government to come in some time. In fact, the present railroad system is being prepared, insensibly for government supervision, and the railroads themselves will presently join the Populists in that request. One of the best things about the Sioux Falls convention was the manifest patriotism of everybody in it. Although the possession of the government was the object of the convention it showed no sign of rebellion. As to the 16 to 1 proposition, that is, perhaps, necessary to be maintained for Bryan to hold his ascendancy. The condition of silver in its relation to our currency is almost what the Populists expect already. We have nearly $500,000,000 of silver certificates and silver coins in circulation now. In fact, we have more. We had $502,000,000 of silver in the treasury and $62,000,000 of silver in circulation last year, and we have just authorized $100,000,000 more of bank notes and our per capita is something like $29. The mere assertion of 16 to 1 does not mean much, but the administration will use every effort to prove its opponents repudiators.

Yet I think the local causes are going to carry the national ticket in many states and already the chief sources of contribution, such as Philadelphia, have revoked their generosity.

Mr. Reed says that between sixteen-to-one and McKinley, he will take sixteen-to-one. I notice that the currency reformers rather dislike McKinley more than Bryan now. The tariff has naturally blown up all the forms of manufacture and production, and there is a prosperity whi h is attended with abuses of prices."

"Illustrate that in your own railroad and coal mines."

"We pay $5 a ton for the steel rails we lay on our road when we paid, four years ago, $17. It is true we get more for our coal, which for several years was a drug and more was produced than could be marketed. But we have to pay 35 per cent more for the transportation of our coal than formerly. We also pay 10 per cent more to the laborer. So it is just about equalized. The main point is that there is more demand for coal than there was."

"How do you think the adoption of the gold standard by congress may affect the Republicans this time?"

"The cries will not give them money, as they felt compelled to do before. About every bank contributed to Mr. Hanna's campaign fund. So much money was collected that the Republicans had half a million dollars left over which they were unable to use. That money was given to put at rest the subject of the money standard, which

How to gain Health

There are many women almost hopelessly despondent because they have depended on their family doctor for relief. They have spent long years and expended much money in the vain endeavor to gain health and now the only results are the same old aches and pains and the sickening dread of each coming month, which brings its period of suffering. The only prospect ahead of them seems to be a life of invalidism. Few women have the means to employ a high-priced specialist, but Wine of Cardui is a specialist which has quickly and permanently relieved hundreds of thousands of suffering, despondent women. The Wine was created for the use of the women of America. It is a quick cure for the pains and irregularities of menstruation and a permanent relief for leucorrhoea. Women need not suffer the embarrassment of a private examination, if they take this medicine in the privacy of their own home. Do you feel life is not worth living because of female diseases? Wine of Cardui will relieve menstrual disorders and put a premium on your life. Suffering, long endured, comes to be taken as a matter of course and the sufferer forgets the blessing of health. By taking Wine of Cardui a new life will open to you. Try it and see how quickly you will regain your health?

Pawnee City, Okla., March 12, 1899.

I have been a sufferer for eight years with female ills and lately got a bottle of Wine of Cardui. I think it is a good medicine. I had entire suppression of the menses, often two years at a time. Last October I became unable to do my work. I had doctored with the best of doctors, but found no relief until I began taking your Wine of Cardui. It helped me from the first dose. I have great faith in your medicine healing me for I feel so much better, and my husband can hardly believe the change. LIZZIE GLENN.

McELREE'S Wine of Cardui

For advice in cases requiring special directions, address, giving symptoms, "The Ladies' Advisory Department, The Chattanooga Medicine Company, Chattanooga, Tenn.

HER BAGGAGE CHECKED FOR PARIS SHE LEAVES ADMIRERS TO MOURN.

The exposition is the keystone which is drawing American girls to Paris this summer. Every one is going. Those whose papas pay princely sums for their accommodations, and others to whom the trip means months of saving to secure the funds to go.

JAPAN'S STATE.

The Motion That Underlies Her Adoption of Western Ideals.

Christianity Welcomed Temporarily as a Menace to An End.

If Japan ever becomes Christian it will not be to "gain the kingdom of heaven," but to strengthen her national character, to complete her assemblance to the civilized world, and to help her to fight Russia. All the articles written by Japanese philosophers who think that religion is a very good thing for the masses, show clearly that this is their idea. In the current issue of the Tokio Maishu Shinpo, for example a Mr. Ukita tries hard to convince his countrymen that all powerful states have orighnated with religion, and that religion is necessary for them at least until they are full-grown. Sixteen respectable Japanese thinkers have lately addressed a series of questions on religion to the students of all the high and middle schools of Japan, and some of these questions are rather peculiar. The boys are questioned, for instance, "as to the effect on their minds which intercourse with society has generally had;" and the following queries are submitted to them: Do you believe in religion? Have you any desire for religion? If you do not believe in religion yourself do you recognize its necessity for others? If so, on what grounds? This is very complimentary indeed to the understanding of the youth of the land of the Rising Sun, but it does not prevent Japan from seeing that its students are degenerating at an alarming rate, physically and spiritually, says a Tokio correspondent of the New York Sun. A military officer has recently discovered that they have the worst physique for their age of any class of the community, and the Japanese student is often, it must be remembered, a hardy lad of 40 or thereabouts. The Japan Times tries to excuse their constant and bloodthirsty gusts in which courage is often displayed, but hardly so often as cruelty and treachery, by speaking of the lads as being animated by the old samurai spirit, and warning educationalists not to repress that spirit but to "guide and stimulate its development in the right direction." So far as her school boys are concerned Japan is sparing the rod and spoiling the child. Apart from the unnatural violence with which the boys fight, there are two facts which prove this to be the case, and one of them places the Japanese schoolboy in a different category to the schoolboy of any Christian country. He is a frequenter of the tea house. The second fact is that he is a confirmed striker—will go out on strike spasmodically like the British or American schoolboy, but marking every month by a strike, generally directed against some obnoxious master, always gaining the telegraphic columns of the press all over the country, and very often being successful. A few days ago the budding "bonzes" in one of the largest Buddhist colleges schools in the country went out on strike almost to a man.

They always excelled at wrestling, but lately they have taken with great enthusiasm to foot ball as a athletic exercise. This is not to be wondered at considering that the physical training which all who enter the army—that is, practically the whole nation—have to undergo, has actually and visibly improved the national physique to the astonishment of the people themselves. Athletic associations have consequently sprung up among them and the present development of the school children will probably be better looked after than it is now. At present the Japanese students are among the worst developed specimens of humanity on the face of the earth owing to over-education, the finished product of the Japanese universities generally presenting the appearance of a sickly, puny, undeveloped youth. Great care is now being bestowed on the voices of the young, and this is very necessary as ninety-nine Japanese out of a hundred have a very harsh and disagreeable voice, which would not only tell against them as orators, but even as commercial travelers.

With Buddhism educated Japanese are disontented, for they know that many of the monks lead corrupt lives, but no other religion seems destined to take the place of Buddhism—Christianity least of all. The attitude of the Japanese mind toward Christianity is peculiar. He cannot leave off regarding it from the outside; he can not enter the temple and be really one of the worshippers. Great numbers of educated Japanese buy Christian books and read them, but it is always in order to harden their character and discipline their minds—to give them something of that stubborn resolution of Kruger and Cromwell, which sent the Pilgrim Fathers to the shores of the New World, but never to make them repent of their sins—repent of their sins! The idea of the thing would make them laugh as it would have made Lindine, the Erdgeist, laugh before she got a soul. Putting the Japs down as Erdgeists would explain so much—the fascination they exercise over one at first, the strange way in which the tinfinence ceases to act as one becomes better acquainted with them and measures the true depth of their character; their great smartness in picking up languages, and in adopting inventions, patents and systems invented by foreign brains, and their inability to invent for themselves.

The people seem to be ashamed in fact to have borrowed so much, and they are sternly drawing the line at religion in consequence, because furthermore, they do not see any practical use in it, and because, as it's the only thing that the Westerner presses on them gratis, they think that it must be a suspicious kind of merchandise. Nothing is commoner than to hear the native pastor announce with pride that if Japan ever does consent to accept Christianity, she will do so on her own terms, meaning that she will first cut and alter it until it is completely Nipponized. Many of the Protestant missions have allowed these liberties to be taken. The Japanese who speak in this manner are generally Christians, and Christians form, of course, only a very small section of the community. The great body of non-Christian Japanese, or rather their leaders seem disposed to draw up a code of morals for themselves and to make it serve the purposes of a religion. It is not at impossible indeed that by and by a commission of philosophers may be sent to Europe and America by the government of the mikado to select what is best from each of the numerous churches in these countries and afterward to put together a religion out of the odds and ends they have brought together, as the Japanese military authorities formed the national army by taking hints from the armies of almost all of the gfreat powers. "Do you see these gaiters?" asked a Japanese soldier once of a foreign critic. "They are Italian. This rifle is German. This haversack French. These socks English. This patent flask American. We have in our army, you see, the one best thing that each nation produces, and we are consequently a match for any one nation under the sun"

The Japanese are now importing a good many English horses of the best kind for their military studs, but their won wity little animals are not at all to be despised, being as enduring as the Beer pony. On these horses a number of young Japanese officers lately made something like a record ride considering the nature of the country. It was from Kumamoto to Kokura and back, a distance of 255 miles in all—and was covered in 52 hours, 55 minutes by Ensign Fukuda.

The Japanese do not seem to be going ahead very fast in Formosa, though they are ready apparently at any time to add Corea to their colonial possessions. Troubles with the natives still break out spasmodically, and it sems that the right sort of Japanese colonist is not found for the new possession—as is the case with France, whom Japan resembles so much in many ways, and especially in her colonial methods. The proportion of Japanese settlers of the native population of the island is one to fifty-four, but the proportion of Japanese to native criminals is one to seven. In forgery and other crimes that demand a certain amount of education the Japanese colonist leaves his native competitor nowhere.

The success of Lord Roberts in South Africa afforded keen satisfaction not only to the emperor but to the great bulk of his majesty's subjects as well, for the Japs have a strong conviction that if England were permanently weakened the outlook for Japan would be anything but hopeful. The principal vernacular papers issued extras accordingly when Cronje surrendered and when Ladysmith was relieved, and the joy of the people was as great almost as if they had won a victory themselves. "And as a matter of fact," said the Jiji, "we do not for a moment regard England as a foreign country. She has our true and full sympathy. Our sovereign does not speak in the name of himself and the empress only" (this refers to the congratulations the mikado telegraphed to of the whole nation, and we do not doubt of the whole nation, and we don not doubt that the British people, appreciating our sentiments, will derive from this incident an access of friendship toward Japan."

Like many other Oriental tongues, the Japanese is dual—one language being used for writing and the other for speaking, and as women only learn the spoken language they are hopelessly in the dark when men begin to talk politics or any other subject out of the beaten track, for in such cases the written language is, so to say, spoken. A number of Japanese literary men have formed a society for unifying the two languages, and a number of gentlemen from the British legation are lending their support to the movement.

Considering the rate at which the people of all ranks of society are learning English it is not impossible, however, that in the course of, say, five or six hundred years, the Japs will be an English speaking race. During the writer's first rambles in Tokio he often went astray, but never found any difficulty in getting directions in English from the first group of schoolboys he met; he found in fact, that more of the natives knew English, than is the case in English colonies like Hong Kong, Singapore or Colombo. Three principal Japanese papers is published in English; the signs over nearly all the shops are in English and in a vast number of stores English is spoken. In Tokio there is a large collection of odds and ends of white humanity living by teaching English, and some of them can even speak the language themselves—by dint of teaching it probably.

BALZAC.

Balzac is the greatest French novelist. One-third or one-half of the best French novels are his; and from him dates nearly all that is excellent in the theory and practice of his successors. Since his day, the men who have done most for the art of fiction in France, the men who have developed it and kept it vital, have been dis disciples, says George Meleam Harper in "Balzac" in May Scribner. He expressly formulated, and on many a page he illustrated, an unimpeachable doctrine of realism. Fidelity to the truth as derived by actual observation, or capable of being tested by observation—this, Balzac taught, is an indispensable quality in a novelist. He is the greatest French novelist, but wrote some of the most inartistic books in all French literature. He was the father of the realists, yet, for many of his works his sons are tempted to disown him. Moreover, he conceived and carried out, to an astonishing extent, the idea of representing in fiction the life of his time in France, so that no essential feature should be lacking; and he did all this in such wise that the picture, though complete in almost every feature—complete beyond praise and beyond parallel in literature or any other art—is a mere distortion of the truth!

If You Are Going

To St. Louis, Peoria, Davenport, Rock Island and Dubuque, take "The Flying Dutchman," via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. From Minneapolis every day at 7.50 a. m. and St. Paul 8:30 a. m., arriving St. Louis early next morning. Beautiful river bank route.

Northwestern Line Excursion Bulletin.

Some special low round trip rates as follows:

Operative Millers of America, Kansas City, Mo., May 23-2, $23.80.

Tournament Whist club, Chicago, May 30, June 2, $18.10.

Federation Womans Clubs, Milwaukee, June 2 to 5, $12.30.

I. O. O. F., St. Paul, June 12-13, $5.75.

Republican convention, Philadelphia, Pa., June 14, 15, 16, $29.50.

National Prohibition convention, Chicago, June 25, 26, 27, $13.55.

Excursions to Utah, Colorado, Wyoming and Dakota.

Homeseekers' excursion tickets, July 5 and 19. One fare for the round trip, plus $2, to parties, South, West and Southwest.

Full information and tickets, 405 West Superior street.

JAPANESE TOY FROG.

The little folks in Japan make some very interesting paper toys, and none is more interesting than the frog manufactured out of green paper, says the New York Sun. First cut a piece of paper into a square much larger than you expect the frog to be. Draw lines from the four corners of the square and from the middle of the sides. First fold the paper along the diagonal lines, then turn it over on the other side and fold it along the lines from the sides. It will then form a kind of box which can be pressed together along the folds in the shape of an unequal diamond. Now seizing the paper below the ends of the cones, fold it backward so as to have two more regular equal points. When this has been done to each of the eight cones the result will be a perfect diamond with a smaller diamond in the center. Then each one of the cones must be folded again so as to get all the points around the center. Care must be taken to get the points as even and equal as possible.

To finish the frog turn the upper points out so that they spread and form the forelegs, and the lower points so that they form the hind legs. When it is finished a fine thread may be attached to the frog's body, and by careful jerks it almost seems to jump around on the floor or table. The paper used should be stiff enough to retain the folds as given to it, but not so brittle as to break under the handling. Do not be discouraged if the first frog you make is lame, for then it is certain that the points have not been folded evenly.

THE CUSTOM OF PARING.

According to some authorities the custom of paring off guests existed in the middle ages, with this difference, that each couple were only allowed a single plate and drinking cup, says an exchange. It was the duty of the gentelman to cut up the meat, while the lady made it her business to place the morsels in her companion's mouth. Meanwhile they both drank out of the same cup.

DR. PIERCE

Room 1, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of *Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.*

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any troubles with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles, or any diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of this system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark, torbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicines sent anywhere by mail or express. Charles moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

SCROFULA

The Blighting Disease of Heredity.

In many respects Scrofula and Consumption are alike; they develop from the same general causes, both are hereditary and dependent upon an impure and impoverished blood supply. In consumption the disease fastens itself upon the lungs; in Scrofula the glands of the neck and throat swell and suppurate, causing ugly running sores; the eyes are inflamed and weak; there is an almost continual discharge from the ears, the limbs swell, bones ache, and white swelling is frequently a result, causing the diseased bones to work out through the skin, producing indescribable pain and suffering. Cutting away a sore or diseased gland does no good; the blood is poisoned. The old scrofulous taint which has probably come down through several generations has polluted every drop of blood.

Scrofula requires vigorous, persistent treatment. The blood must be brought back to a healthy condition before the terrible disease can be stopped in its work of destruction. Mercury, potash and other poisonous minerals usually given in such cases do more harm than good; they ruin the digestion and leave the system in a worse condition than before.

S. S. S. is the only medicine that can reach deep-seated blood troubles like Scrofula. It goes down to the very roots of the disease and forces every vestige of poison out of the blood. S. S. S. is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known. The roots and herbs from which it is made contain wonderful blood purifying properties, which no poison, however powerful, can long resist. S. S. S. stimulates and purifies the blood, increases the appetite, aids the digestion and restores health and strength to the enfeebled body. If you have reason to think you have Scrofula, or your child has inherited any blood taint, don't wait for it to develop, but begin at once the use of S. S. S. It is a fine tonic and the best blood purifier and blood builder known, as it contains no poisonous minerals. S. S. S. is pre-eminently a remedy for children.

SAVE THE CHILDREN.

When my daughter was an infant she had a severe case of Scrofula, for which she was under the constant care of physicians for more than two years. She was worse at the end of that time, however, and we almost despaired of her life. A few bottles of Swift's Specific cured her completely, as it seemed to go direct to the cause of the trouble. I do not believe it has an equal for stubborn cases of blood diseases which are beyond the power of other so-called blood remedies. S. I. BROOKS, Monticello, Ga.

Our medical department is in charge of experienced physicians who have made Scrofula and other blood diseases a life study. Write them about your case, or any one you are interested in. Your letter will receive prompt and careful attention. We make no charge whatever for this.

SSS

Address, THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

HIS BEARD AN EXHIBIT.

August Bruno Thunig, who is under arrest in Belleville with an indictment of the grand jury of Jasper county hanging over him, hopes to clear himself of the charge of horse stealing by growing a beard, says the St. Louis Republic. He is in jail at Belleville at present, charged with obtaining money under false pretences, and he hopes to rid himself of the horse stealing indictment and to leave himself prepared to devote all his attention to the other charge by growing a beard which will be agreeable to him provided it be any other color than red.

Thunig was indicted upon suspicion of being the man who had stolen a pair of horses and a buggy, because he answered in many ways the description of the person last seen with the team. Some time ago a man visited a livery stable in Jasper county and hired a team for the day, saying that he wished to visit in the neighborhood. He presumably forgot that the livery man wanted his team back, for the place where he hired the horses has seen neither the animals, the buggy to which they were hitched, nor the man who hired them since that day. The description which the livery man gave of the hirer caused Thunig to come under suspicion, but in the description which the liveryman furnished he described his customer as having a red beard.

When Thunig was arrested he had no beard, but as his complexion is extremely red the officers supposed that he had shaved off his beard to escape detection. He was accordingly placed under arrest, the police firmly believing that should he grow a beard it would be red.

Thunig thinks differently, however, and is now employed in growing a beard, which has just reached the mossy stage on either cheek. The first appearance is decidedly encouraging to him, as it consists of a number of faded black bristles with the ends just tinged with gray. He argues that no jury will convict a black-bearded man for the faults of a red-bearded one and he furthermore claims that he will be able to prove an alibi to the charge of horse stealing by the affidavits of fifty-two witnesses.

WANTED TO ATTEND.

Lying on his iron bunk in a city prison cell James L. Baker, who shot his wife to death Friday evening, moaned and wept, says the Atlanta Constitution.

One thing on his mind which caused the tears and the groans was indignation because he was not permitted to attend his wife's funeral.

The desire of the prisoner to look upon the woman's dead body seemed to overmaster him at times, and when speaking about it he would throw himself upon his bed, hide his face in his hands and weep violently.

BROU'S INJECTION.

A PERMANENT CURE

of the most obstinate cases of Gonorrhoea and Gleet, guaranteed in from 3 to 5 days; no other treatment required. Sold by all druggists.

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PATENTS.

MASON, FENWICK & LAWRENCE, JAMES T. WATSON,

Washington, D. C. Established 1861.

Valuable book on patents FREE. Send for it.

101 Palladio building, Duluth, Minnesota.

BIDS.

Bids will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, June 4, at the office of village recorder for laying, covering and furnishing all material for a water works pipe. The pipe to be 6-inch cast iron, and the amount to be laid, some 1200 feet more or less. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or bond equal to the amount of bid. Bids to be at so much per lineal foot. The village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Office of JACOB STEIN,
Village Recorder,
Eveleth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald—May-21-1900-10t.

Only Evening Paper in Duluth

THE EVENING HERALD.

AN INDEPENDENT NEWSPAPER.

Published at Herald Building, 220 West Superior St.

Duluth Printing and Publishing Co.

Telephone Calls: { Counting Room—324, two rings. Editorial Rooms—324, three rings.

10c A WEEK.

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WEEKLY HERALD.

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Entered at Duluth Postoffice as Second-Class Matter.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark...

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 23.—Light to fairly good showers fell yesterday or last night over the greater portion of the Red River valley, the Lower Mississippi valley and Oklahoma, and light to moderately heavy showers over Northwest Canada. Warmer weather prevails over Lakes Huron and Michigan, and it is cooler over Montana and Northwest Canada. The barometer is lowest near Prince Albert and highest near Helena. The winds in the lake region are mostly light southerly, with partly cloudy to cloudy weather.

Battleford	50	Memphis	60
Bismarck	52	Miles City	46
Calgary	32	Milwaukee	58
Chicago	62	Minnedosa	44
Davenport	58	Moorhead	58
Denver	52	North Platte	54
Detroit	58	Oklahoma	56
Dodge City	52	Omaha	58
Duluth	50	Port Arthur	48
Edmonton	38	Prince Albert	42
Escanaba	50	Qu'Appelle	40
Green Bay	50	Rapid City	50
Havre	38	Shreveport	60
Helena	38	St. Louis	66
Huron	54	St. Paul	54
Kamloops	38	Sault Ste. Marie	48
Kansas City	54	Swift Current	42
La Crosse	58	Williston	44
Marquette	56	Winnipeg	54

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: For Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy with probably occasional local showers tonight and Thursday. Light and fresh easterly to southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 23.—Forecasts: For Minnesota—Partly cloudy with possible showers tonight and in east portion Thursday.

For Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Thursday, with occasional showers.

Upper lakes—Light to fresh east to south winds. Showers.

Ordinary Rules of Economy Disregarded.

The Boston Herald, a newspaper that supported McKinley in 1896, has concluded that this is an extravagant administration. "The American people," says the Boston Herald, "hardly realizes what an inordinate expenditure of money has taken place under the McKinley administration." The Herald then prints the expenditures, beginning July 1, 1897 and ending April 1, 1900—a period of two years and nine months, or two and three-quarters fiscal years. It shows that during that period the national expenditures have been as follows:

Fiscal year.	Expenditures.
1898	$ 488,819,214 51
1899	675,073,159 85
1900 (nine months)	372,861,882 35
Total	$1,416,753,277 54

The Boston paper then shows that of these enormous expenditures, $393,285,101.81 has been for the army and navy, $30,000,000 for the Philippine indemnity, $393,766,227.35 for pensions, and $108,906,835.66 for interest, an aggregate outlay of $1,115,957,264.65 for old and new wars in the short space of two years and nine months. Of this money, $1,276,445,547.98 was obtained by taxation, $72,000,168.63 was received from payments on account of debts due by the Pacific railroads, and the balance, $88,307,560.73, formed part of the proceeds of the $200,000,000 war loan, on which the government is paying interest at the rate of 3 per cent. per annum, being substatially held on deposit by the national banks free of interest. These are figures that will become familiar during the approaching campaign, and the people will be asked by the opponents of the administration if they are willing to continue a condition wherein public interests are ignored, the ordinary rules of economy are disregarded and an administration increases the burdens upon the many in order to give advantage to the few—or if they want a change.

Selecting Husbands From Photographs.

Some women have curious ways of selecting husbands. Take, for instance, the case of Miss Rose Dunkel, of Chambersburg, Pa. Recently she advertised for a sweetheart in that trustful, confiding way Pennsylvania girls have, and from the number of answers received, selected one containing a photograph, as fully meeting all her expectations. It is described as a pretty picture, representing a blond young man, with nice sweeping hair curling down over his brow, a patrician-looking dress coat draping away from a torso like that of a greyhound, and tan-shoe clad feet negligently posed in an attitude of luxurious ease. It was the picture of a man any woman would love at sight, and Miss Dunkel, in the sanctity of her little white room, shed tears of thankfulness that Providence had been so good as to give her such a man. A few days ago the man who had answered the advertisement and inclosed the protograph appeared in Chambersburg. He was an object of ridicule from the moment he was first seen, for he was very unlike the heroes of romance. He wore such outre clothes. A tattered Scotch cap crowned his shaggy, unkempt hair. His coat had known and clothed a dozen owners. His long, expressive legs were partly concealed by a pair of golf trousers, while his shoes were not mates. Nevertheless, he claimed his bride, and Miss Dunkel had to call the entire constabulary of the town to her assistance, and even he had some difficulty in driving the sweetheart out of town. As he went he hissed bitterly, "It was the clothes and not the man you loved, false one." The New York Telegraph, which relates of the gross deception practiced upon Miss Dunkel, thinks there is a lesson in this to young women who advertise for lovers. The desirable ones are not to be had in this way. They must be sought for patiently, picked and selected with as much care as is wasted upon the choice of an Easter bonnet, and even then there is one chance in 399 that both parties will not be disappointed a month after the poor but ambitious organist has finished breathing o'er Eden. Marriage negotiations may not be conducted by mail with safety. Matrimony is dangerous enough when surrounded by all the safeguards, and a man should be known and studied at least a day before being taken to church.

STRIKES MADE IMPOSSIBLE.

The present year has already witnessed many strikes and labor difficulties, some attended by loss of life and all by serious inconvenience to the public and injury to numerous interests. These frequent disputes between employers and employes naturally raise the question, how can they be prevented? Strikes and lockouts are clumsy methods of settling industrial difficulties. Victory for either side does not prove that the losing side was wrong or the winning side right. We have seen instances of this fact during this year. Why cannot some method be devised that will provide a fair and easy way of ending strikes and lockouts in the United States? Some people think it is impossible. But why is it impossible? There is at least one country that has proven that it is not impossible, and that is New Zealand, where compulsory arbitration was introduced by law five years ago, and where, in consequence, strikes and lockouts are now unknown. There arbitration is no longer an experiment. It has been tried and proven a success. The law applies to organized labor and capital. Difficulties are, of course, not prevented by it, but when they do arise the courts at once take a hand in them. Conciliation is tried first. If that fails, arbitration follows, and both parties are by law bound to abide by the decision of the court. Thus strikes as well as lockouts are made impossible, and organized capital and organized labor are alike protected in their rights.

The theory underlying the law of compulsory arbitration is found in the good old motto that prevention is better than cure. When the differences between labor and capital have reached a stage where conciliation is ineffectual, both parties are summoned to appear in court and present their case. The court never waits until a strike or a lockout has taken place and passions have become so inflamed as to endanger reason, but steps in at once of its own volition, if not called upon by either party. During the meantime work progresses and is in no way interrupted, as all concerned are aware of the fact that they will have to submit to the findings of the court.

The Denver Post, commenting on the success of the New Zealand law, asks: "Why can such a system not be given a fair trial in this country? There surely must be some one in authority able, ready and willing to arbitrate, and there must be power in the commonwealth sufficient to enforce the decree of arbitration. To prevent labor disturbances by enforced arbitration is certainly a more enlightened and humane policy than a resort to a strike or a lockout. This question should be pressed upon the next legislature and the imperfections of the existing law amended." There are strikes in Minnesota as well as in Colorado—we have had several in Duluth this year—and the legislature of this state, when it meets next winter, might profitably investigate the operation of the New Zealand system and put a similar law on our statute books. Of course there will be some people who will say it will not work here, but why not make the experiment?

BRUTALLY TREATED.

The Republican senators did not distinguish themselves on Monday when they voted down Senator Allen's resolution to admit the Boer envoys to the floor of the senate. This is a courtesy that would not have involved the administration in any unpleasant controversy with Great Britain or have interfered in the slightest degree with the policy of neutrality that has been pursued. It was merely another evidence of the antipathy that exists among the Republican leaders at Washington toward the Boer cause. Their sympathies are so strongly pro-British that they cannot treat the distinguished Boer envoys with even the ordinary courtesies that have been paid to other representatives of peoples fighting for their liberties. Of course they had an excuse, and it was offered by Senator Davis, who sharply criticised the methods of the Boer emissaries, asserting they were going about their work in a hopelessly wrong way, talking freely to the newspapers and making their visit a public demonstration before they had seen the president or any one in authority to explain the object of their visit.

When his resolution was voted down, Senator Allen administered a rebuke to the Republican senators that is said to have struck home. In a brief but dramatic speech, he referred to the Republican action as cowardly, and the Republican senators as cowards. He said that when Kossuth was in America, pleading the cause of the Poles, Republicans worked to secure his admission to the floor of the senate, as a compliment and indorsement of his mission. He said the sentiments of the Republicans should be in favor of liberty-loving people and patriots fighting for freedom. It is said that the Republican senators really looked sheepish as he was delivering himself of his burning remarks.

A Washington correspondent says the action in turning the Boers down is the most important political action of recent months in Washington. It was unnecessarily brutal. The Boers may have acted unwisely by talking so much before seeing the president, but at the same time they are stated to be big men. A correspondent writes: "One only needs to talk with them a few moments to learn that they are big-headed, large-hearted, serious-minded patriots. They command the respect of all who meet them. They are fine types of manhood and patriots. Before they are through with this trip they will be known in this country. It is not impossible that the people will resent the treatment in Washington. It would have meant nothing to give them the freedom of the floor of the senate today, beyond recognizing them as worthy men, representing a worthy cause. The senate could not have committed the country or the government. This writing is from a political and not from an ethical standpoint. The Democrats feel that the Republicans handed them a decided advantage by the abrupt action in turning the Boers out of the senate. The Anglicized American secretary of state also could not resist the temptation to tell the Boers to mind their own business, and that the Americans could have nothing to do with them."

MUNICIPAL IDEALS.

The current number of Municipal Affairs contains an article by Robert Fulton Cutting, in whch he makes an appeal for the enlargement of the municipal ideal. Among other things he says: "We have long heard that 'municipal government is business, not politics.' It is a misstatement, chilling and sordid, for municipal government is in truth morals, humanity, beneficence; it is the concrete expression of the communal religion."

As long as partisan politics rule in city government, Mr. Cutting's ideal will be impossible of realization, says the St. Louis Post-Dispatch. The adage, "business before pleasure," may be changed to read "business before beneficence," when municipal government is involved. From the highest to the lowest municipal official a city has a right to expect that attention to the common welfare which Mr. Cutting describes by the phrase "morals, humanity, beneficence." But such expectation is doomed to disappointment when fitness, the first requisite for public service, is ignored.

Mr. Cutting sees the cure for this state of things in the growth of municipal ownership of public utilities, which will compel the citizen to take that interest in municipal affairs which alone can arouse the public conscience and bring about the necessary reform in methods and men. Another method to keep partisan politics out of city government was recently proposed by a Chicago paper, and it might have that happy result. This plan is to permit no nominations for city officers to be made in the name of a political party. All candidates must be nominated by petition and there shall be nothing on the ballot to indicate their political affiliations.

The News Tribune today issued a "Prosperity Edition," which speaks eloquently of the improvement in business conditions in this community and the surrounding territory and points out the undeniable fact that a new and brighter era has dawned, and that no other city in America offers present advantages and future prospects to investors and home-seekers more inviting than Duluth. The story of the growth and development of the city's multifarious interests is well told, and the edition cannot fail to favorably advertise Duluth abroad as a business and industrial center and as an attractive place of residence. The Herald extends its congratulations to the News Tribune on the enterprise it has exhibited and on the evident care taken in the preparation of this special number.

The gas war in New York has ended in the absorption of the New Amsterdam Gas company by the Consolidated company. The latter began the war just about a year ago. Gas was then selling at $1.05, and by legal enactment would fall in 1901 to $1. The Consolidated, complaining of the inroads of the New Amsterdam and Standard companies upon its field, cut the price abruptly to 65 cents. The Standard met the cut, and the New Amsterdam went to 50 cents, and later adopted the 65-cent rate. With the consolidation the price will go back to $1.05. The companies say there is no profit in 65-cent gas, and this is quite possible, even in so large a city as New York, but there must be a big profit at $1.05.

A fourth consecutive year of plenty is apparently secured to the wheat growers of the Missouri valley. In 1897 the farmers of this section after some years af crop failures obtained their first great wheat crop and in 1898 and 1899 they were similarly blessed. According to present indications there will be a bumper crop this year. The conditions in Kansas are reported to be so favorable that it is likely that the record of 1892 when the official figures for the wheat crop in Kansas were 74,000,000 bushels will be broken. The acreage in Kansas this year is nearly 1,000,000 more acres than it was in 1892. Similar favorable reports come from Nebraska and Oklahoma.

The corruption in the Cuban postal service is likely to be paralleled by an even worse condition in the Philippines. General order No. 54, issued last November by Gen. Otis is a startling revelation of abuses which seem to involve the entire civil service of the department. Bribery, blackmail, contributions from subordinate to superior officials, unauthorized levies upon the public for government service and other offenses are enumerated by the commanding general, all indicating a degree of depravity and moral obtuseness which argues other and graver crimes yet to be unearthed.

It has been decided by the comptroller of the treasury that the navy department cannot lawfully supply fuel to Admiral Dewey at government rates. This means that the admiral must buy his coal and kindlings from private dealers like a private citizen. But other naval officers residing in Washington, or in government yards, will have the benefit of the government wood yard. When the act in question was passed by congress, there was no admiral of the navy and consequently no provision was made for him.

What some of the Republican organs are calling a model, ringing platform is that adopted by the Iowa state convention, which begins by saying that all Republican policies presented four years ago have been vindicated, and "all promises redeemed." But there was one promise which neither the Iowa nor the other conventions are saying a word about, says the Springfield Republican. This was the promise to maintain and extend the civil service law.

A Yale college fraternity has blackballed a poor student because the fraternity is composed of rich men's sons and the student is poor. That student should come West where no invidious distinctions are made and where merit is the only standard. He can get as good an education at the Minnesota state university as at Yale.

The present floating unemployed population of New York city is placed by one of the local papers at close on to 100,000. The influx of Japanese labor on the Pacific coast is welcomed in Oregon because of the impossibility of securing sufficient help in the sugar-beet fields of that state.

An exhibition of British cockneyism is furnished by the Montreal Journal of Commerce, which refers to "Mr. Kruger and his semi-civilized followers" and speaks of the Boer sympathizers in the United States as "disreputable citizens."

The Siberian prison system, which George Kennan somewhat exaggerated, has been abolished by the czar. The majority of the 300,000 exiles in Siberia have become peaceable, law-abiding and fairly prosperous citizens.

It is said that registration for the state and congressional elections in Oregon on June 4 has been very large, and the promise is that all previous votes in the state will be exceeded.

Gen. Lew Wallace is making big money out of the production of "Ben Hur" on the state. His royalty for three months has reached $300,000.

Those who have not seen Niagara Falls should not delay. A geological survey man says it will disappear in 3500 years.

The beginnings of American imperialism are permeated with shame.

CHEERY CHAFF.

Philadelphia Press: "Borroughs has his faults, I admit, but he has the happy faculty of making new friends wherever he goes."

"Of course. He has to. He owes money to all the old ones."

-:—:-

Puck: "I don't know how I'll feel tomorrow," said the sultan, "but today I'm full of fight."

"You are?" said the grand vizier.

"Oh, yes! Today my motto is, 'Millions for defense, but not one cent to pay debts!'"

-:—:-

Detroit Journal: "It is right enough to call a spade a spade," we replied. "But you seem to delight in calling everything a spade."

The Art of Today glanced significantly in the direction of her profits.

"A flush is a good hand to hold to," she said.

-:—:-

Chicago Post: "I never knew him to refuse to give aid in what he considered a deserving case."

"Did you ever know him to see what he considered a deserving case?"

"Well, no. I don't believe I ever did, now that you mention it."

-:—:-

New York Weekly: She—Of all things! Did you ever see such a dowdy?

He—In what way?

She—In what way? Where are your eyes? She has a sunshade that the sun can't shine through.

-:—:-

Philadelphia North American: "Where is the American section?" asked the visitor to the Paris show.

"Oh, monsieur," replied the polite attendant, "ze Americanes! Zey are such great peoples—and we lofe them so much—it is all yours—effery section!"

-:—:-

Detroit Free Press: "It might be a good thing to fence in old Vesuvius and charge a fixed admission price to see her in her tantrums."

"It would have to be a high fence. But do you think there's any money in her?"

"If there was I'm afraid she'd cough it up."

Splendide Mendax.

When God some day shall call my name,
And scorch me with a blaze of shame,
Bringing to light my inmost thought,
And all the evil I have wrought!

Tearing away the veils I wove
To hide my foulness from my love,
And, leaving my transgressions bare
To the whole heaven's clean, cold air.

When all the angels weep to see
The branded outcast soul of me,
One saint at least will hide her face
She will not look at my disgrace.

"At least, O God—O God most high,
He loved me truly!" she will cry;
And God will pause before He send
My soul to find its fitting end.

Then, lest heaven's light should leave her face,
To think one loved her and was base,
I will speak out at judgment day—
"I never loved her!" I shall say.

—London Hawk.

The Man With the Van.

Bowed with a bedtick in his arms, he leans
Against the newel-post and gazes round;
Dirt, hair and feathers in his face
And on his back a blouse that once was blue!

Who made him so he doesn't care a "cuss"
For polished brass or varnish or shellac.
Stolid and swart and stubborn as an ox?
Who loosened and let down the folding bed?

Whose was the hand that ripped the hinges off?
Whose foot went through the beveled lookingglass?

Is this the man they said would handle things
As carefully as if they were his own—
The gentleman the clerk declared they'd send
To load and haul away our furniture?

Is this the lovely thing who was to come
And with his very presence make us glad?
Down all the stretch of space to its last gulf
There is no shape more terrible than this,
More bent on jamming corners through the walls.
More eager to spill glassware on the floor,
More fraught with menace to the things we own!

What gulfs between him and the joy of art!
Slave of the weed he's chewing, what to him
Are sweet Madonnas held in dainty frames,
What the rich glow of vases from Japan,
The decked edges of the printed page?
From this dread shape the suffering thousands shrink.

For tragedy is the every lunge!
To this dread shape humanity upset,
Made desperate and trod upon, cries out
A protest that is full of bluish words.
A protest that he merely laughs to scorn.

—S. E. KISER, in the Times-Herald.

All the healing, balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

Not By a Jugful.

Buffalo Times: Spoiled children are not confined to those of tender years.

Leading For the Finish.

Washington Star: Oom Paul still expects to make the fight interesting up to the twenty-third round.

One Privilege Granted.

Baltimore American: It remains to be seen how the Irish will receive Lord Salisbury's formal notification that they are never to be free except to fight England's battles for her.

Heeding the Cry of Distress.

Baltimore American: The sailing of a relief vessel with 200,000 bushels of corn for the starving East Indians is another pleasing reminder that the world of the present is not wholly given to greed, and that the ear of humanity is still open to the cry of human distress.

Girls, if you wish to be a June bride with red lips, laughing eyes, a lovely complexion, take Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Proof of Good Taste.

It may please smokers of La Preferencia Cigars to know that this famous old brand has beyond all question the largest sale of any high-class cigar in America.

This fact is very complimentary to the taste of the American smoker.

La Preferencia CIGARS

10c. and upward.
At high-class dealers.

GEO. E. ROLPH CO., Distributers.

THE HAVANA-AMERICAN CO., Makers.

"30 Minutes in Havana"

WAS PANIN'S SLAVE.

Russian's Mental Domination Drove Mrs. Jennison to Suicide.

The young woman who, yesterday, drowned herself in Morse's pond, in the college town of Wellesley, was Mrs. Genevieve Jennison, the wife of Charles Jennison, of this place, says a Natick, Mass., correspondent of the New York World.

She was married to Mr. Jennison but three months, had long been his friend, and had been the schoolmate and intimate friend of his first wife. She put on the gown she wore at her wedding to seek death.

Mr. Jennison declares that the charge melancholy that drove his wife to suicide was caused by the domination of her mind, which was strong, by the stronger mind of Ivan Panin, a Russian, one of the Tolstoi schools, a well known lecturer and writer who entered Harvard with the class of 1882 and was one of the founders of the Harvard Register.

Panin's was no evil influence although Jennison, in his grief, vows the Russian is a hypnotist and by that power controlled the woman who destroyed herself. The fact is that Panin's influence was religious; he holds peculiar religious views to which he seeks to make converts. In Mrs. Jennison's mind this moral, almost holy influence, clashed with that love she bore her husband and her duty to him. She brooded over it, she vainly tried to shake off the Russian's dominant mental force. She thought, for awhile, she had succeeded. Said her mourning husband today:

"Last evening—that was after her body was found—one of her most intimate women friends told me that my wife said some time ago she believed Panin never more would influence her. But later she told this woman she feared he still had power over her."

Thus defeated by her own struggling mind Mrs. Jennison, who had been a student at Wellesley college in 1890, who was only 32 years old, became melancholy. She realized her mental helplessness, she knew while her husband held her heart, Panin held complete sway over her thoughts. When she heard lately that Tolstoi's disciple was dying, she ended her brain struggle; she took her life Jennison stricken, cries out "hypnotist" against Ivan Panin. Yet Jennison said today:

"I am told that a day or two ago my wife heard Panin was dying. I think this report must have affected her. She always had a great respect for him, she said, because she believed he was honest and lived according to his convictions."

Mrs. Jennison, then Genevieve Hickok, went to school at Morristown, N. J., with the girl whom Mr. Jennison afterward married. When Miss Hickok wasstudying at Wellesley college she constantly visited Mr. Jennison's home. Before he took her for his second wife he built a fine house for her on his extensive farm on the Worcester turnpike.

After Miss Hickok was graduated from Wellesley she taught school at New Britain, where she worked herself. She was on the verge of nervous prostration when her brother, who now lives at Norwich, compelled her to cease teaching.

After a long rest the sensitive, impressionable young woman went to Grafton, where she was the guest of an old college friend. There she became acquainted with Ivan Panin. As a result of her association with him she believed she must renounce her family and devote her life to teaching the religious principles advanced by Panin. She became so violently opposed to taking up her former life that it was with difficulty her relatives induced her to leave Grafton.

At last she left there, then her mother died. Hse went to Mr. Jennison's as he and his wife, then dead, had been among her oldest friends. Jennison and her other friends here mightily exerted themselves to obliterate the Grafton experience from her mind.

"I believed this had been done. I believed she had forgotten Ivan Panin," said Jennison today. "I fell in love with her and married her three months ago."

She seemed happy for a time, the husband says. Then she had weeping spells and would give no explanation of her unhappiness. On Sunday morning at breakfast she seemed to be deeply dejected. She went into another room, where Jennison found her weeping and tried to console her.

Jennison went across the street to his father's house. His wife took off her morning wrapper, put on the gown in which she had been married and prepared to go out. Her little step daughter asked where she was going. She replied, "Nowhere, anywhere."

When Mr. Jennison returned home he found a slip of paper in his wife's handwriting on his desk reading, "Gone for a walk." Jennison thinks her melancholy drove her from the house and she intended to "walk it off." But when she reached Morse's Pond the suicidal mania suddenly controlled her. He says he thinks this, although his wife had put on her wedding gown and had heard that Panin was dying.

While she sacrificed her life to Panin's mastery, was not the bridal dress to prove her love for her husband?

Panin was at Phillips-Exeter academy for a year. He registered at Harvard as Ivan Nikolayevitch Panin.

He has written "The Structure of a Bible," in which he seeks to establish that the Scriptures were written upon a mathematical basis. He also wrote "Thoughts." He lectured upon Russian subjects for several years.

KUANG HSU'S HUMILIATION.

Two Extraordinary Scenes in the Palace at Pekin.

Recent events in China have given special significance to the condition of the young Emperor Kuang Hsu, who is still looked upon as the hope of the Chinese reform party. The emperor, whose abdication has been deferred by the old empress dowager owing to the strong protests which she received on the subject, is said to be in very poor health. The foreign diplomatists at Pekin had an audience with him on Feb. 19, and they were shocked to note the great change in his appearance. One year ago, when the diplomatic corps had another audience with him, he was found to be of very delicate appearance, but he seemed healthy and took a lively interest in the proceedings. This time, however, when the diplomats called to congratulate him on the new year, they were shocked to see his drawn face of grayish-yellow color bore her husband and her duty to him. rings, all testifying to his feeble bodily condition. His movements were slow and his hands shook like those of an old man. The general impression of those who saw him was that he would not survive long unless his health improved.

A letter was recently received by a member of the Reform party in Pekin from a refugee who is a eunch in the Imperial palace. It throws a flood of light upon the mental suffering and the daily humiliations which have robbed Kuang Hsu of his strength and his cheerfulness. The writer of this letter was an eye-witness of two remarkable scenes in the palace—one the wrestling from the emperor of his signature to the astonishing decree abdicating his power, the other the rage of the old empress dowager when she received the memorial from Shanghai. She received the memorial from Shanghai, signed by more than a thousand prominent Chinese, protesting against the emperor's abdication and requesting that he should be allowed to retain his imperial rights even during his illness. It was on Jan. 24 last that the old empress dowager who had given her nephew no peace for weeks, finally forced him to abdicate his throne. The writer of the palace letter says:

"I was one of those who stood around with inkstand and pen for the emperor to sign, while the empress dowager herself held out the pen to him. Even then his majesty hesitated to take it and sign the already prepared imperial decree of abdication held out to him; but an imperious stamp of the right foot and the piercing, menacing eyes of the empress dowager frowning upon him seemed to enthrall and fascinate the emperor. He immediately stretched forth a trembling hand and the next moment, with a groan and a gesture of despair, the fateful deed was done and the empress dowager triumphantly snatched the decree from her nephew's hands. At once her face lost its severity and became soft and benevolent. He had sunk down on his chair, a deadly paleness spread over his face and a moment later his robes were dyed by blood that flowed from the ruptured blood vessel, due to his intense excitement. Very kindly the fierce old woman escorted her nephew to his sedan chair and she only left him when she saw him taken into his imperial prison—the water-surrounded kiosk at the Southern Lake palace—and the drawbridge lifted, which made him a secure prisoner. All the way from Pekin to his palace prison I heard the emperor weeping over his hard fate. He seemed utterly broken and hopeless."

The letter then gives details of the preparations made for the crowning of the new emperor, which was to have occurred on the first day of the new year, corresponding with Jan. 31 in our calendar. Four days before an imposing memorial was delivered into the emperor's hands. It was drafted by Kin Lien-Shan, master of the Shanghai Telegraph administration, and was signed by himself and more than a thousand well-known Chinese. It prays that "the emperor be allowed to resume the reins of government, even in his illness, for that was the only way to satisfy his majesty's millions of subjects throughout the empire." Then the letter-writer gives this picture of the effect of the memorial:

"Oh, the rage of the empress dowager when she read that obnoxious memorial! I have seen many of her displays of temper and anger, but none like this one. It surpassed even her rage at Kang Yu-Wei and his reformers. We eunuchs and even the Prince of Li, who brought the memorial, were terrified and trembled lest her anger should be wreaked on any one present. Who dare send such a telegram? she asked. (Kin Yuan-Shan (his official name) of Shanghai and over a thousand others, was the reply. 'Very well,' she said, 'we'll show them how we deal with traitors who cross our path.'"

Upon this protest many others followed which showed the empress very clearly that it would be dangerous to follow out her plan. No fewer than forty-six protests came from Pekin, as many as a dozen in a single day. So the coronation was deferred to a more propitious time, but those who know the empress do not believe that she has abandoned her attempt to place a young boy on the throne, so that her own power as regent would be secure for several years.

Her recent decrees setting a price on Kang Yu-Wei's head and offering a big sum for his assassination, ordering the discharge of foreign officers and closing all schools and colleges of Western learning, have led to the union of a large number of influential Chinese in the treaty ports, who now propose to work for reform in the government. These men are native Chinese who have wealth and power. Heretofore they have kept aloof from all affairs of government, but now they are bound to secure some relief from the arbitrary and corrupt rule of the empress, which has placed China on the verge of ruin.

NEW FIELD FOR WOMEN.

When the woman said she wanted a pair of shoes the hollow-eyed clerk did not ask, "What size, madam?" but said, instead, "New or second-hand?"

The woman hesitated, not quite grasping the significance of the question. "Why, new, of course," she said at length, relates the New York Sun.

"The reason I asked, said the clerk, "was that we have several pairs of shoes of different sizes that have been worn a little, just enough to stretch them, and I didn't know but that you would like a pair that your feet would slip right into and that you'd never have any trouble with."

The woman's interest had plainly got started by that time. "Have you any such?" she asked.

"A few pairs, as I just said," replied the clerk. "They have been worn long enough by professional shoe stretchers to take the stiffness and newness away. We are thinking of making these stretched shoes a permanent and prominent feature of our stock. Why, do you know," he continued with increased earnestness, "if I had a foot that I could expand or contract at will, according to circumstances, I could make a pile of money by just trying on shoes. Anybody who has ever endured the torment incident to stretching a new pair of shoes would be willing to pay 50 cents more a pair in order to be relieved of the discomfort of getting them set to the foot. The custom of offering stretched shoes to patrons has already been introduced into several stores in town and it certainly ought to become very popular. Judging by present indications, it will not be long before every shoe store of any pretensions will employ people with feet of the standard sizes to wear new shoes for a day or so to break them in. It will certainly be a good investment, for patrons will buy shoes oftener when the horror of setting them has been removed, and thus more money will accrue to the dealer. Shoe stretching is a calling that will not permit its followers to tread on flowery paths of ease, but the possibility of buying shoes that are comfortable from the start opens up a view of elysium for the wearer."

CRONJE'S CUSTODIAN.

It is a curious coincidence that Earl Bathurst, who has been appointed the custodian of Gen. Cronje at St. Helena, is a great-grandson of that Earl Bathurst who, as minister of war, ordered Napoleon Bonaparte to be taken to that island as a prisoner of war, says the New York Commercial Advertiser. The present earl is 36 years old and is a well-known fox hunter, having been the master of the White Horse fox hounds.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.
Thursday, May 24.
"Here we are, back again."
The real boys
MURRAY AND MACK
Presenting the huge success, the living hurrah farce
..FINNIGAN'S BALL..
New fun! New music! New dances!
PRICES—25c, 50c and 75c.

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT!
"New York Vaudeville Stars."
Elegant program. Matinee Saturday at 2:30 p. m.

NEW HATS. NEW SHOES.

Chas. W. Ericson,

RELIABLE CLOTHIER.

It is a fact undisputed, so prudent people say, that the tables on our two long floors are just loaded beyond all record with tantalizing

Spring and Summer Suits and Overcoats

WHOLESALE TAILORS' BANNER PRODUCTIONS.

Professional Men Take a journey here and examine our black and blue imported Clay Worsted Suits, Cutaways and Prince Alberts, silk lined—**$25.00** is the price—any good tailor will tax you $45.00 for same quality. Popular Oxford shades in full silk lined Overcoats—$15.00 to $25.00.

Chas. W. Ericson.

FANCY SHIRTS. FANCY HOSE.

WELCOME TO THE BOER ENVOYS.

Why a Greeting Should Be Extended By Duluth.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The following communication was sent to the News Tribune about a week ago, and, since it has not published it, I conclude that it has gone into the waste basket. My object in giving it to that paper was to let its readers know that there were those who protested against its Chamberlain view of the South African difficulty, believing that, in the spirit of fair play, any reputable journal would feel bound to do this much.

The News Tribune saw fit to consign this appeal, made in the names of humanity, justice and liberty, to the waste basket, but thereby it proclaims a narrowness of ideas few thought it capable of. Even anonymous correspondence of the Chamberlain type is admitted, though it consists of mere personal assertions, without the slightest attempt at corroborative evidence. One such made an attempt to controvert what I had stated on authority that will be recognized as long as this country is free. Between the lines he reveals his identity—a sanctimonious coward, having the Lord's gospel in his mouth and that of the "Father of lies" in his heart. In extenuation it may be said that his training is responsible for his crudeness and dwarfed apprehension. But such are admitted to its columns, if only they talk as it talks. The News Tribune seems to have fallen into the trend of some of the administration organs, to turn a deaf ear to the advocates of the principles for which the revolutionary patriots fought, under which the ablest statesmen of our young republic have ever contended and are still contending, and which has made us the cynosure of the oppressed in all quarters of the globe, principles that have caused tyrants to slacken their iron grasp. Condensed into one sentence these principles are: "Do unto others as you wish others would do unto you."

They point with glee to the men who cautioned against territorial expansion when Louisiana and Mexico were annexed, and say: "See how utterly they failed to grasp the glorious destiny of our country." But, gentlemen, events may prove that their fears were only too well grounded. They saw that in that course would lie the destruction, if not of the country, then at least of our liberties. They freely admit the principles openly enunciated in London as early as 1897. Here is what To-day said then: "By all means let us fight and win the Transvaal. We are going to fight for gold mines and territory, if they cannot be got without fighting. Every nation has to play pirate at times." Cecil Rhodes' recent remark at Kimberley about the flag and commercialism is right in line with the above British and brutalizing enunciation. Some there be who call the Chamberlain league by circulating its lies. For instance, that the condition of the negro would be worse under the republics than under British rule, and they do this notwithstanding the fact that, in our civil war, England sought the establishment of a slavery oligarchy on the ruins of this republic, notwithstanding the awful fact that today she allows millions of her subjects to die and rot like beasts, not because she has not the means, but because she prefers to use those means to murder and rob people that never did her harm; not because those starving people did not raise enough breadstuff to sustain them, but because English rule has robbed them of the means with which to buy their own. Again I plead in the names of humanity, justice and liberty, let Duluth be not the last to extend a welcome to the Boer envoys.

JACOB LAUX.

Duluth, May 23.

Following is the communication the News Tribune failed to publish:

The Boer peace commissioners having arrived will proceed to Washington, where they will receive no official recognition, but will be courteously received as individuals by the secretary of state. The ostensible object of those who are advising against their official reception is to secure this country more firmly to Chamberlain's designs and schemes for colonial federation and Anglo-Saxon domination. The word ostensible is used advisedly, for the reason that they know that such union on the part of this republic has become impossible; but the real object of Chamberlain and his advisers in this country is to make inoperative the provisions of The Hague peace conference.

Two months ago this government gave the Chamberlain government the desired opportunity to head off any united action for mediation. But England once before told this government that there was nothing to arbitrate, but this government did arbitrate and saved the appealing power, Venezuela, much territory, and England submitted, though not very gracefully.

The Dutch and German governments are closer to the Boers in blood, but we are nearest them politically, they being our offsprings as republics. Therefore, the peace commissioners have passed by those governments, as well as the world powers on the old continent, though these, thanks to English methods, are all inimical to Britain, and are here to make their first appeal to the mother of republics.

The United States has no interests in Africa save the moral obligation of encouraging those who wish to follow our principles of government, and that a Christian interpretation of the rules passed by The Hague peace conference makes our duty in the matter a very plain one.

It is said that England has of late given us substantial tokens of friendship, and that, therefore, we must not suggest mediation. But those who speak thus fail to name the time or occasion, but even if it were so, time as it is false, she ought not to be allowed to crush republics with impunity.

The majority of the people of the United States sympathize with the Boers, therefore, and because the administration will give them no official recognition, let the people throughout this great republic, moved by the spirit that has made us great, show the representatives of the brave little republics in South Africa that the masses honor and revere all those, in no matter what part of the globe, that seek to establish and maintain our system of government. We owe this clear and unequivocal expression of our sympathies not only to the republic immediately concerned, but also to the others that have followed our example; we owe it to the world that the world may know that our laudation of our form of government is no mere bombast. Truly the heart of the republic bleeds for the honest, God-fearing burghers of South Africa, not alone for being robbed, murdered and crushed, but also for the more than devilish defamation to which their brutal conqueror is resorting.

Let Duluth, which was one of the very first cities to second our chief executive in the war for humanity by a monster meeting in the Armory, be not the last, when not only that principle is at stake, but also those of justice and liberty, to give expression to her sympathy.

JAMES WHITCOMB RILEY.

Large Audience Greets the Hoosier Poet at the Lyceum.

That James Whitcomb Riley, the Hoosier poet, has a warm place in the hearts of Duluth people was evidenced last evening by the large audience that greeted him at the Lyceum and the generous applause which welcomed him when he appeared and following every number. It was a gathering of intelligent people who have read his works and in that way knew the man, his sympathies and his true nature.

Mr. Riley was introduced by Mayor Hugo in a brief speech in his own best and most humorous style. He took occasion to poke a little fun at Mr. Riley which the latter seemed to enjoy greatly. He came back at Mr. Hugo, too, in a good natured way. Duluth's mayor made a great hit with Mr. Riley and he afterward was very warm in his expressions of pleasure at the introduction given him.

If there were any in the audience who imagined that Mr. Riley was nothing more than a poet, they were cured of that impression. He is an accomplished reader, impersonator and actor. He would undoubtedly have been a fine actor had he chosen the stage as his calling. He is a most versatile and remarkable delineator of character. As heretics portions of his own works one after the other he presents before the audience the living, breathing character of which he has written. To hear Riley is to receive a new idea of his work; it is like seeing the original instead of the picture. His program was happily selected and varied in character. It opened with "Annals of the Poor" and a couple of charming studies in the life of common every day people were given. Then came a couple of numbers, plain and homely in their way, but beautiful and touching. Humor and pathos are closely associated in Mr. Riley and he brings laughter and tears at will. The representation of the object lesson professor was one of the funniest of the lessons was one of the funniest of the rhymes of childhood and he recited the famous "Orphan Annie." He gave a couple of request numbers as encores, one of them being the beautiful poem "That Old Sweetheart of Mine."

The musical program was excellent and was under the direction of Mrs. Stella Prince Stocker. An octet composed of Mrs. Woodward, Miss Field, Miss Shannon, Miss Erskine, Mrs. Stocker, Mrs. Holcomb, Miss Mars and Miss Wisted sang two line numbers. Mrs. Woodward sang two numbers composed by Mrs. Stocker in honor of Mr. Riley's visit, the words being poems of his. They were very pretty and were received with much applause. Mrs. Woodward also sang a solo "Song Fairy" by Bemberg, that was very pleasing.

AMUSEMENTS.

MURRAY AND MACK.

Murray and Mack in "Finnigan's Ball," will be at the Lyceum tomorrow evening. "Finnigan's Ball" is a two act farce comedy—an interesting story full of good specialties. The singing is said to be especially fine—the company numbering among its members some excellent voices, especially Miss Mayme Taylor, an operatic soprano of some renown.

MORRIS' HONOR.

London, May 23.—Lord Morris, one of the Irish recipients of the queen's birthday honors, who was created a life peer in 1889, yesterday was made a hereditary peer.

THE FLAG RECEIVED

Representative of Boer Republic Acknowledges Receipt of Duluth's Flag.

WILL BE FORWARDED

Charge d'Affairs at Brussels Expresses Thanks For the Sympathy Shown.

February 9, a mass meeting in sympathy with the Boers was held at the Armory in Duluth, and a collection was taken up, resolutions of sympathy were adopted, and a flag made by a Duluth woman displayed. All of these were subsequently sent to Dr. W. J. Leyds, minister plenipotentiary of the South African republic, at The Hague, for transmission to Kruger, accompanied by the following letter:

Duluth, Minn., U. S. A., April 9, 1900.

Honored Sir: It is our pleasing duty to transmit to you, for his excellency the president of the Transvaal republic, the enclosed flag and resolutions, in compliance with the wish of the people of this city in mass meeting assembled.

Delay in sending was occasioned by the desire of the people in a neighboring city to see the flag at a recent gathering there of prominent men from various parts of the state.

The money was forwarded through T. F. Koch, of St. Paul.

We hope that you may, in the course of time, find opportunity to forward flag and resolutions.

We wish your excellency success in your arduous work for the heroic little republics in South Africa.

Your excellency's most obedient servants,

J. W. REYNOLDS, President.
M. H. McMAHON, Secretary.

To His Excellency Dr. W. J. Leyds, Minister Plenipotentiary S. A. R., The Hague, Holland.

The following letter has just been received from the charge d'affairs at Brussels:

Legation de la Republique, Lad Africaine.

Brussels, May 7th, 1900.

To the President and Members of the Mass Meeting, Duluth, Minn., U. S. A.

Gentlemen: In the absence of Dr. Leyds I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 9th ult., and to tender you my very best thanks for the flag and the resolutions it contains, which will with great pleasure be forwarded by me to his honor the State President Kruger in accordance with your request and the desire expressed in the resolutions.

The spirited expressions of sympathy in which it is couched will be highly appreciated by his honor, the government and the people of the republics now struggling for their independence and liberty.

Thanking you once more for your good wishes in the fulfilment of our duty I am, dear sirs, your obedient servant for Dr. Leyds, absent on duty.

C. N. SAERCHOTEN,
Charge d'affaires.

MAIL CARRIERS WANTED.

West Duluth Workingmen Are Now Badly Inconvenienced.

To the Editor of The Herald:

The writer of this letter had a petition signed by a few of the men of the McClure sawmill and sent it to Senator Davis to present it to the postoffice department requesting that mail carriers be put on the West End of the city, known as West Duluth. Here is the most closest settled part of Duluth without a mail carrier. Here are several thousand men of the sawmills, blast furnace, car works and other small plants. These men have to go to the postoffice to get their letters. If you were close by you might hear some of these men that have handled lumber all day or that have been toasting over the heat of the blast furnace swear at the postoffice and ask why they do not have the mail delivered at their homes.

On inquiry, I learned that a few storekeepers around the postoffice opposed the carrying of the mail so as to bring in men up town and make more business. There is no question but Judge Morris is to a certain extent responsible for this. That he was petitioned by those storekeepers to stop it is a well known fact, as the government was about to put mail carriers on at West Duluth. Well, he is coming up for election again. I do not know what others may do, but if I vote this fall I will be very apt to scratch Mr. Morris' name. J. W.

Duluth, May 23.

THE HIGHLAND CANAL.

Secretary Hill of the Improvement Association Presents Details.

To the Editor of The Herald:

For years the obtaining of a water power, for manufacturing purposes in Duluth, has been the dream of the enterprising citizens of this city.

Various have been the plans devised. One, the Jay Cooke, was to utilize the rapids of the St. Louis river, some fifteen miles from Duluth. The distance from the manufacturing center, the low water at times in the river and the expense of constructing several dams which were proposed have delayed the utilization of that project.

Another scheme contemplated the construction of a dam 120 feet high and three-quarters of a mile long, near Thomson, some twenty miles from Duluth, on the St. Louis river, flooding a very large territory, some twenty-five miles of railroad, Indian reservation, etc., making a reservoir from which water was to be taken through canal to the highlands at Thomson, some eight miles from Duluth's business center.

Another was the Minnesota Canal company, which proposed a canal along the brow of the hill above Duluth, for several miles gathering the various streams that run down the slopes toward the lake into a canal which was to be tapped by pipe lines conveying water, wherever wanted, to factories below.

Hard times and expense of construction have caused these various plans to lie dormant.

The Highland Canal and Power company is now engaged on a new plan which diverts the storm water of the Cloquet river, some twenty miles north of Duluth, together with waters from Lake county, into a valley leading southward to Rice lake.

In company with others, a few days since, I looked over a portion of the system the details of which may interest your readers, being outlined as follows:

Early next spring a dredge will be placed on Rice lake which will cut its way southward about one mile to the Pike lake road where it crosses Miller creek. At that point a 12-foot dam will be constructed. This will be at the southern end of the lake and three miles from the end of the Duluth Heights trolley line.

After the construction of this dam the chain of lakes, extending northward a distance of twelve miles, will fill to a depth which will make it navigable for vessels drawing nine feet of water, and covering twenty-two square miles.

Following the building of the dam, the dredge will commence the excavating of a canal sixty feet wide, nine feet deep and three miles long, extending from the lake to Duluth Heights, at which point the waters of this canal will enter a huge steel pipe five feet six inches in diameter.

This pipe, extending southward, will cross under the terrace boulevard, a little east of the boulevard lake, will extend round below the boulevard to a point directly south of the high point of rocks at Zenith park. At this place the water, from the large conduit, will discharge into two strong steel pipes and fall directly to the power house, located between Michigan street and the railroad on the east side of Fifth avenue west at Rice's Point.

The tremendous will be the power of this large amount of water, which has a very abrupt fall of 766 feet, may be judged when it is known that a cubic foot of water, weighing sixty-two and one-half pounds at the top, in falling this distance, will weigh 47,875 pounds when it reaches the power house.

With ample capital behind this Highland canal water power plan and the whole is feasible, with all arrangements made for the necessary machinery, with a force of workmen steadily now employed in arranging for a never-failing supply of water from the uplands a great distance northward, it seems as if our people would realize in this their hope of making Duluth a great manufacturing center.

THOMAS E. HILL.

Duluth, May 23.

DELAY MAY MEAN DISAPPOINTMENT

Yesterday was the sixth day of our great closing out sale, and the stream of anxious bargain seekers which set in last Wednesday continued to flow in our direction. We sent away scores of delighted and satisfied purchasers, every one of them declaring that their friends should hear of the good fortune that had attended them. It is a genuine satisfaction to find so appreciative a response as that which has met our announcement. It is worth something to send every purchaser out an enthusiastic talker to make new converts, and so multiply business, and this is just what has happened with us. The reason is not far to seek, simply we have kept faith with the public, and when we promised great things have good ready to fulfill them to the letter. Many of the choicest bargains were in instruments of which we have several duplicates, so that our stock, even after the tremendous drain upon it of the past six days, is practically as complete as ever.

For instance, we are offering a full size piano of recognized and standard make, in double veneered case, ivory keys, in either beautiful dark antique mahogany or choicest burl walnut, selected veneers, with beautifully ornamented consoles of latest design, panels richly ornamented on artistic model, an instrument which under ordinary conditions would be considered splendid value at $400, and which, under the most exceptional conditions, would be considered a rare and unusual bargain at $275. These we are offering at $280. We include a handsome scarf and stool.

Another instrument which we have in duplicate is one of our standard makes which we have been handling as a leader for more than fifteen years, and which has been sold by us in thousands of homes throughout the Northwest. This instrument sells under normal conditions at $300. We have sold a number of them during this sale at $210, or practically one-third off. We still have a number of them in choicest quarter-sawed English oak, rich mahoganies and burl or Circassian walnuts.

We have a large number of practice pianos ranging in price from $30.00 to $60.00. These will be sold on payments of $5 cash and $4 per month.

We have slightly used organs at $10, $15, $20 and $30, instruments which we are willing to guarantee. We will take either these or the second-hand pianos back in exchange for new instruments any time within two years at the full price paid. We fear we have not emphasized the fact that throughout this entire sale we shall be ready to sell on our usual easy payment plan, notwithstanding the tremendous cuts in prices. Any customer can purchase any one of our reliable instruments at prices lower than the usual wholesale figures.

DULUTH MUSIC COMPANY.
Lake Avenue and Superior Street.

AGREE ON WAGES.

New York, May 23.—The arbitration committee of the International Foundrymen's Association of Employers and the Iron Moulders' Union of North America have reached a settlement of their wage controversy. It was announced last night that the agreement was entirely satisfactory, but the details were withheld.

NEW YORK CONVENTION.

New York, May 23.—The Journal and Advertiser says that of the 450 delegates to the state convention, 162 are pledged to insist on Bryan delegates to the national convention, and 126, nearly all from New York city, are unpledged. The remaining delegates have not yet been chosen.

NEW POSTMASTERS.

Washington, May 23.—Presidential nominations: Postmasters, Minnesota—R. Arundel, Staples; J. M. Dimont, Owatonna.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists, price 75c per bottle.

Hall's Family Pills are the best.

Monarch over pain. Burns, cuts, sprains, stings, instant relief. Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

AT A SHOELESS TEA.

Two years ago I had my first experience at a Japanese lady's "at home"—she was the wife of a high official—where all the guests were compelled, according to Japanese etiquette, to leave their boots and shoes outside before entering the saloons, says a writer in the Ledger Monthly. I was surprised to see fully 100 pairs of footwear in an ante-room. I happened to have on a pair of blazing red socks, and, to my horror, I discovered a hole, and my great toe gently but persistently disclosed itself. I had dressed in a hurry and hadn't remarked the rent. The friend with whom I went assured me not to let the hole trouble me, as mine perhaps would not be the only one. His promise turned out correct. There were socks of all sizes and many tints, some were of silk, many of cotton, and here and there I detected a hole—sometimes at the toe, oftener at the heel—so I took comfort. Misery loves company.

The climax was reached when tea and cakes were brought and placed on the floor in the middle of each room—for there are neither tables nor chairs in swell Japanese houses. I was amused watching several English ladies at this reception "squatting" for the first time. They were not sure of how to begin, or which knee to bend first. Then their costumes were not constructed for those attitudes, and from the first incline until they reached the floor I could hear "crack, crack, crack," and away went a button or a hook, and the faces of the victims as they heard the cracking were comical studies.

When the tea was over—green tea, by the way, without sugar or milk—my friend and I prepared to leave, and we had a hard time finding our boots, which, by some misarrangement on the part of the servants, had got inextricably mixed. I have a dark suspicion that the boots I went away with were not my own, for they were squeezing tight.

NO SHIPYARDS.

No men-of-war are built in Greece, says Consul D. E. McGinley. All of the vessels in the present Greek navy were constructed in English, French or German shipyards. Greece has no large or well-equipped shipyards—in fact, no shipyard of any size or account.

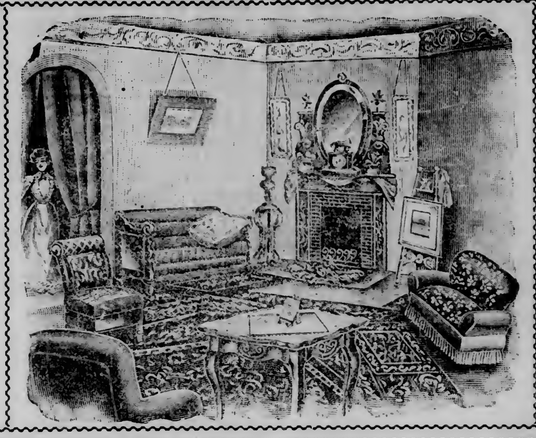
Vacation Trips to the East.

If you are thinking of one, communicate with H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., of the Pennsylvania Short lines, 248 South Clark street, Chicago. He will help you in the preparation of details and furnish information about rates, through time, etc.

Over-Stocked On Parlor Furniture!

And on this account we are compelled to make big sacrifices upon our magnificent assortment of 3-piece Suites, 5-piece Suites, Davenports, Fancy Rockers and Odd Pieces, also Leather goods.

Cash or Credit



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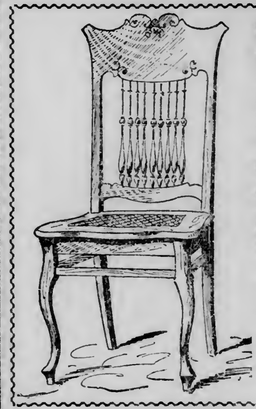


Dining Room Chairs.

We show a big line in both leather, cane and wood seats, and ranging in price from—

65c up to $12.00 a piece.

Dining Room Tables.

We also show a very large assortment—and prices ranging from

$3 to $45

Our $6 Table is a winner.

Boen Syphon System White Enameled Refrigerators.

The best thing of its kind ever placed before the public. We have them in four different sizes, and we are exclusive agents for same here in Duluth. Have you seen them? If not, come in and we will show them to you.

We also handle another good Refrigerator—The Superior—

Nothing like it in the city. Prices very low.

It will pay you to call on us if in need of anything in our line of Furniture, Carpets, Draperies, Lace Curtains, Oil Cloths, Window Shades, Baby Carriages and Oil Stoves—the best in the market—and many other things.

Look for Big Wire Sign.

BAYHA & CO.

24-26 East Superior Street.

Just a Few May Specials

on which economical housekeepers can make material savings.

Special on this Corner Chair while a new lot lasts. Price

$4.95

These are very tasty Parlor pieces—and a lot we had last fall went like hot cakes and these are the first we have been able to get since.

Misfit Carpets. You know what this term implys. It means the last of the roll made into a convenient sized Carpet or Rug and the price always way below the regular price. Come in and ask for them.

Dining Chairs In all grades and qualities.

Tomorrow we show a new Cane Seat Oak Chair which we can match in a rocker. Special May price on the chair (ask for No. 400) is ---------- **98c**

Special May price on Rockers (ask for No. 401) is---------- **$1.45**

16-inch Stands—We have a lot of 16-inch Stands in plain oak which we have been selling at 60c each. Price now while the lot lasts—only, each ---- **39c**

...Kash or Kredit...

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.

226-228 West Superior Street.

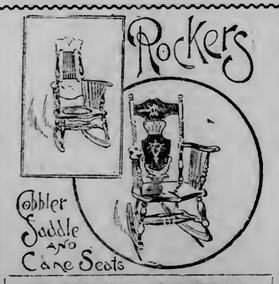
A Swallow

is one of the earliest harbingers of spring—an equally sure indication is that feeling of languid depression. Many swallows of

HIRES Rootbeer

are best for a spring tonic—and for a summer beverage. 5 gallons for 25 cents. Write for list of premiums offered free for labels.

Charles E. Hires Co.
Malvern, Pa.



CASH OR CREDIT.

ROCKERS! ROCKERS!!

WE HAVE THEM GALORE.

The Celebrated Morris Chairs from

$2.00 up

Schrum patent rockers, common rockers, dining room chairs of many different designs and patterns. Prices very low.

GATELY SUPPLY CO. 8 EAST SUPERIOR ST. 3 doors east of Lake Ave.

ALWAYS THE BEST FOR THE LEAST MONEY!

Explains why this store is gaining in patronage daily.

STACK & CO.

28-30 W. Superior St THE FAIR 28-30 W. Superior St

Pillow Sham Holders.

Pillow Sham Holders—will fit any size bed, at each ---------- 9c

Watering Pots.

3-quart Watering Pots, heavy tin—each only ---------- 29c

Curtains.

Nottingham Curtains, fine quality net, good size, regular price, per pair 69c, special ---------- 45c

Lace Curtains, 3 yards long, full width, made with overlock stitch, see them at—per pair ---------- 75c

Housefurnishing Bargains.

Extension Window Screens, will fit any size window, each ---------- 23c

Screen door Spring Hinges, the kind most wanted, per pair only ---------- 5c

Clothes Baskets, full round willow, finished smooth on inside ---------- 35c

Meat Cutters, will cut two pounds per minute ---------- 98c

Buffalo Egg Poachers, the five cup size ---------- 35c

Steel Gas Pliers and Wire Cutters, they never break ---------- 15c

10-quart Water Pails, heavy tin with black enamel handles, each ---------- 9c

Mrs. Potts' Sad Iron Handles, well made ---------- 4c

Toilet Paper, 12 rolls for ---------- 10c

Crockery and Glassware Bargains.

8-inch opal Plates with open work edges ---------- 5c

Decorated China Creamers, pretty shapes ---------- 8c

Clear Crystal Glass Water Tumblers, full size—each ---------- 1½c

Glass Sauce Dishes, pretty patterns, polished glass ---------- 2c

Fancy decorated Hair Pin and Puff Boxes ---------- 10c

4-piece Table Sets consisting of covered Butter, Sugar, Creams and Spoonholder in decorated opal ware, set ---------- 95c

6-inch Flower Pots with saucers ---------- 3½c

½-gallon Stone Milk Pan in white stone ware ---------- 5c

8-inch Yellow Mixing Bowls, each ---------- 5c

4-inch White Granite Vegetable Dishes ---------- 6c

Dry Goods Department.

Shirting Calicos, best standard cloth very neat patterns, regular value 6c, this sale ---------- 3¾c

Pillow Case Muslin, full 42-inches wide, fine soft finish, regular selling price 15c per yard, this sale ---------- 9½c

Bleached Sheeting, 2¼ yards wide, good heavy cloth, very durable, finished soft, worth 22c per yard, now only ---------- 14c

Bed Spread Special—Marseilles Patterns, very large size, heavy or medium weight, see them, worth up to $1.50 each ---------- 98c

Table Damask, full width, very heavy quality, handsome patterns, extra good value, full bleach, worth 39c a yard ---------- 25c

Bleached Muslin, fine soft finish, standard quality, regular selling price 9c per yard, all you want at, per yard ---------- 6½c

Percales, best Sea Island, full yard wide, twenty-five different styles to select from, worth 15c per yard, this sale ---------- 10c

Ladies' Black Dress Skirts, plain or novelty, made in latest styles, worth $2.25 ---------- $1.48

Ladies' Walking Skirts, made of very heavy quality cloth, with three rows of stitching on bottom of skirt, worth $5 each, sale ---------- $3.69

Ladies' Wrappers, good quality calico, Skirts full, nicely finished, made with yoke, worth $1.15, this sale ---------- 89c

HE WILL COME SOON

Soon the Census Man Will Call and Ask Leading Questions.

TREAT HIM KINDLY

Law Prescribes Queries and Will Punish Him If He Reveals Answers.

Some time about June 1 a man will call at your house and ask you questions. It may be that the questions that he asks will strike you as being very personal in nature. You will find him possessed of a raging curiosity as to your age, condition, business status, family relations and financial capabilities. He will even go so far as to inquire earnestly of you whether you are white or black. Perhaps he may exasperate you, but you must remember that he is a man and a brother and refrain from hitting him with the furniture, for he is employed by the government to get you down on paper and make you a part of the census of 1900. If you refrain from replying to any of his queries perhaps he'll put you down as a deaf mute, for there is a special catalogue of persons thus afflicted, and also of the blind. But if you turn him out of your house by force, or commit any assault upon him, you will have your Uncle Sam to reckon with, and the next time your name appears on a list it may be on the rooster of a jail.

Officially the census begins on June 1. As there aren't enough census enumerators to make the entire rounds on that day, or for many days following, in all probability the process will be stretched out a good deal, but all questions will be asked and answered with reference to that day. For instance, the enumerator may arrive at your house on June 6 or 7 and find that you were married on June 2. Down you go on his list as a bachelor; your wife set down as a spinster living at the residence of her parents. The census won't recognize your marriage at all because it took place after June 1. Similarly you may be dead since the first day of the month, but if the enumerator finds out that you were alive on that day you are part of the population of Duluth and will eke out a fictitious existence in the sum total. Should a baby be born in your household after June 1, the child is non-existant so far as the census goes. Nothing, absolutely nothing, can happen to you between the 1st of June and the date of the enumerator's arrival. The law says so, and the law goes.

When the enumerator comes to your house he will identify himself by his official schedules and also by a badge which he will wear on his waistcoat. It is, bound by his instructions to be not only civil but patiently polite, and if he isn't you can write a complaint about him which, supposedly, will receive prompt attention. Special stress has been laid on this matter of politeness in the instructions to the enumerators, and they have been warned that any proof of bad manners on their part will result unpleasantly for them. Uncle Sam recognizes that the average American resents having to discuss his private affairs with outsiders, and has set out to make this census as little of an ordeal as possible. At the same time it is to be pretty sweeping in its scope.

Here are some of the things which the enumerator will want to know about yourself and the inmates of your household, and he won't necessarily depend upon the evidence of his eyes, either; He will ask you outright your sex and color, and the fact that you wear trousers and a white skin wont excuse you from answering. He will ask you the date of your birth, month and year, whether you are single, married, widowed or divorced; how long you have been married to your present consort, how many children you have had and how many are now living, whether you are deaf, dumb, or blind, and he will require to know these things about each member of your family. You will be expected to tell where you were born and if you are a native of another country, when you came to this country, and what steps, if any, you have taken to become a citizen.

Then your business will come under consideration, and here is where the enumerators anticipate the greatest trouble. A business man generally considers his business as his own business and nobody else's, and prefers to tell almost anything else about himself rather than give details of the processes whereby he makes his living. But the government is just as much interested in your business as it is in your household. It wants to know just what your occupation is, and if you have more than one you will be listed under the head of that one from which you derive the chief part of your income. In case you aren't sure of that, the one you spend the most time and effort on will be that under which you will be described. Thus, if you tend bar in the daytime and usher in the theater in the evening you will go down as a bartender. Some persons have no occupation. They will be asked whence their income is derived, and if they receive most of it from loaned money, stocks, bonds, or other securities, you are a capitalist by the government definition. In case one hasn't any income at all there will probably be a note to that effect, as the government is too polite to set anybody down as a hobo. If there were any months or parts of months in the last year when you were out of work the enumerator will want to know about that, but vacation isn't sufficient to land you in the great company of the unemployed. You are to tell whether you own your own home, and if so, whether it is mortgaged. Also, you are expected to state whether you can read and write the English language. If you can't, but can read and write some other language, that is duly set down to your credit and saves you from the stigma of illiteracy.

When the census enumerator gets through with you he will probably know things about you that your most intimate friend doesn't know. As soon as he has asked and received the answer to his last question, he is expected to leave your premises and promptly forget everything he has found out. If he doesn't forget it, or behave as if he had forgotten it, he will get into very hot water.

Severe penalties are established for the punishment of any betrayal of information received by the enumerator. Whatever you tell him is a confidence between you and the government, and he is merely the apparatus through which the desired information passes. If he is false to his trust and reveals to any person any information received in the performance of his duties, he may be fined $500 upon conviction. Not only may he not show his schedules to any person other than his superiors in the census office, but he must promptly destroy all imperfect copies. For returning false information about any person on his schedules he may be fined $5000 and imprisoned for two years. Canvassing or advertising of any kind while in the discharge of his duties is forbidden to him, and he must do his work himself and not delegate it to anyone else. He cannot even take anyone with him while making his rounds except another census office employe, nor can he take any interpreter except by special authority. Every precaution to protect the public has been taken.

Buy CHEMICALLY pure colors, made by Detroit White Lead Works, of

H. A. HALL & CO.

DECORATORS,

Telephone 534. 16 East Superior St.

IN NEED OF RAIN.

Crops In Minnesota and North Dakota Want Water.

According to the weekly crop report for the week ending Monday sent out by the North Dakota section of the crop service rain is needed in that state. The report says:

"No decided change in weather conditions have occurred during the past week. Light to heavy showers of rain fell in portions of Cass, Ransom and Morton counties; in Cass county, accompanied by hail, doing some damage. The fore part of the week was cool, with light frosts, doing no serious damage, followed the latter part by considerably warmer. Rain is much needed in all sections, as practically none has fallen, so far, this month. Wheat generally looks ragged and thin, and is not growing well, although beginning to stool in some sections. Flax seeding has been general, and it is probable that the most of it will be in the ground at the end of this week. Corn planting is practically finished, and that planted early is coming up nicely, as is early sown flax."

The Minnesota report is as follows:

"The middle of the week was cool and light frosts occurred in different parts of the state on the mornings of May 17, 18 and 19, in exposed places. In Becker, Hubbard and Cass counties, rains, most of them very light, fell on May 14 and 15, and in southeastern counties there were rains on the same dates, which were hardly more than light showers, except in the extreme southeastern corner of the state, where, especially in Houston and Whiona counties, they were heavy enough to delay all work but plowing; in parts of Mower and Faribault counties the rains were moderately heavy. All the rest of the state has had no rain during the week. Where the rains fell in sufficient amount they were very beneficial to the late sown grains and pastures. In general, early sown wheat, oats and barley do not seem to be in immediate need of moisture; they are stooling nicely and being benefited by the cool weather, but the late sown grains, corn, flax, potatoes, winter rye, hay fields and pastures are greatly in need of warm and abundant rains. It is found that plums, cherries and currants were somewhat injured by the frosts early in the month, and that the set of fruit was reduced. The apples were not in full bloom at the time of the frosts, and they seem to be in good condition. Winter rye is heading short and is thin on the ground. It is feared that continued dry weather will seriously shorten the hay crop. Corn planting is nearing completion, and so also is the seeding of flax, except on new ground, where it will continue a week or more. Early corn and potatoes are being cultivated in southern counties."

MEMORIAL DAY.

Program of Exercises to Be Given at Armory---The Morning Observance.

Arrangements for the Memorial day exercises are now practically complete. The G. A. R. posts will assemble at their headquarters in Masonic Temple at 9 o'clock in the morning, taking chartered cars for Forest Hill cemetary at 9:30. The J. B. Culver post will be in charge of the cemetery ceremonies, and the firing squad will be furnished by the local companies of the National Guard. It is not likely that there will be luncheon served at the Temple by either the ladies' auxiliary or the ladies of the G. A. R. as at first announced.

In the afternoon at 2:30 the civil war veterans will be the guests of the men that enlisted for service in the Spanish-American war, at an open meeting to be held in the Armory. Mayor T. W. Hugo will preside and Hon. Charles A. Towne will be the orator of the day. Among the other speakers will be: F. M. Barnard, Dr. T. H. Cleland, L. N. Case and W. S. McCormick. The Duluth City band will give a well-arranged program of patriotic music, and Mrs. Margaret Hoelscher, Miss Louise Hall, George Tyler and Guy Williams will also take part in the musical program.

West Duluth will also celebrate Memorial day. The Knights of Pythias band will give an open air concert of patriotic music, and there will also be a number of addresses made. This celebration has been arranged to take place in the evening so as not to interfere with the celebration at the Armory.

TRESPASSERS.

Government After Men Who Have Been Working Close to the Border.

The timber trespassers who are said to have taken timber from state lands during the past winter have, as a rule, escaped easily, but they have barked up the wrong tree when they tackled government lands.

Up in Beltrami county, near the border, where they supposed, of course, they would be safe, it is said that some timber thieves got into government land and worked like beavers all winter cutting ties and shipping them over into Canada, where they were to be sold at Rat Portage. The place of their operations was so far removed from civilization that they supposed, of course, that no word of their doings would get out. It did get out, however, and three deputy United States marshals are on their way there now armed with warrants for the arrest of the trespassers. If they are caught it will probably go hard with them.

The three marshals started out yesterday from St. Paul, and as soon as the trains will land them there they will be hot on the trail of the trespassers, who will probably have their winter's work for a good deal less than nothing if they are caught and convicted. The deputies are Messrs. Warren, Morrison and Tufts.

There were reports of extensive thefts from state lands nearer Duluth, but there was only one seizure of a quantity of ties in Cook county.

JOHN OWENS HERE.

Says Ranges Are In Fine Shape and Money Is Plenty.

John Owens, former clerk of district court, is in town for a few days. He is now engaged in lumbering operations on the Mesaba range. To a Herald man yesterday, who asked him about the situation up there, he said:

"Everything is moving along smoothly, and the ranges are both prosperous in every sense of the word. There is plenty of money afloat, plenty of work for all classes of labor there is up there, and plenty of men to meet the demands of the employers. Just at present there are perhaps a few more men than the situation demands, but none of them will be without work long. The men seem to be still a little restless, and it is hard to size up the situation rightly. Last winter was the worst for that in my experience. Many camps in the woods employing seventy-five men or more had on their books several hundreds during the winter. When the men were discharged and paid off in the spring, the amounts coming to them would average about $25 or $30. There would only be half a dozen or so that had worked the winter through and who had a full winter's wages coming. It is a little the same way now, but, of course, not so much so.

"There is and has been an abundance of exploring on the Mesaba range. Nearly every man has a little plot of ground he is figuring on, and every forty within reasonable distance from the big mines is burrowed into with holes so thickly that the whole country will soon look like one of the prairie dog towns that are common on the Western prairies. Of course not nearly all of them find ore, but the percentage of finds is large enough to make the quest attractive to everyone and to keep those engaged in it busy."

SURETY BONDS.

FIDELITY, CONTRACT, JUDICIAL.

Judicial bonds executed without delay.

The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.

(Home office, Baltimore, Md.)

PULFORD, HOW & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS, Duluth, Minn.

Recital By Pupils.

The program for the musicale to be given next Friday evening at Pilgrim Congregational church by the pupils of Mrs. Schmidel, assisted by Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward, is as follows:

PART I.

Minuet—"De Larlesienne" (two pianos, eight hands)..... Bizet-Arnaud
Alice Webster, Elizabeth Kuhns,
Roella Lovett, Clara Reinertsen.
"Allegro" from C major Sonata....Mozart
Florence Winchester.
Air Varie, No. 5 (violin and piano)..Danela
Senta and Marie Erd.
(Former from Mr. Bradbury's violin class.)
Allegretto from "Sonatina"..... Ruhlau
Carolyn Munger.
"Mazurka," Op. 42.....Robert Klein
Rebecca Bailey.
"Seguidilla," Spanish Dance (two pianos, eight hands).....Holst
Mary Paine, Frances Swift,
Molly Fitger, Ruth Kennedy.
English air—"Tell Me, My Heart."..Bishop
Emily Ellis Woodward.
"Bizzarria" (two pianos, twelve hands)
..... Pagnoncelli
Elrose Taylor, Clare Reynolds,
Aylan Thomson Albert Porter,
Genevieve Parsons, Enlalie Schiffmann.

PART II.

"Joyeuse Marche" (two pianos, four hands) .....Chabrier-Alder
Cornelie Smith, Walter Smith.
"Scherzettino" (two pianos, four hands)
..... Chamlinade
Eva Wilcuis, Kate Headley.
First part from A minor "Concerto"..
..... Hummel
Lottia Norris.
"Czardas" Op. 24, No. 4.....MacDowell
Helen Moulton.
"Menuet" Op. 51, No. 6 (two pianos, eight hands) ..... Phil. Scharwenka
Ora Gridley, Miss. Thorburn, Mrs.
J. Q. A. Crosby, Grace Maxwell.
"Cascade du Chaudron." Op. 139....Bendel
Julia Chapin.
Song—"A Message to Phillis".....Gilbert
Words written by Thomas Heywood in 1559
Emily Ellis Woodward.
Presto from G minor "Concerto".....
..... Mendelssohn
Mae Kennedy.
Spanish Dance, "Bolero" (two pianos eight hands) ..... Moszkowski
Mildred Clelland, Gertrude Smith,
Lulu Smallwood, Eleanor Pineo.

GUARANTY COUPON

THE Velvet Grip CUSHION BUTTON HOSE SUPPORTER is Guaranteed to the dealer and user against imperfections. Look for the Name on every loop.

THIS COUPON—on Yellow Paper—is on every pair

IT STAYS PUT

The Velvet Grip CUSHION BUTTON HOSE SUPPORTER

No Stitching in the Elastic.

NEVER SLIPS OR TEARS

Of Your Dealer, or Sample Pair, by Mail, 25c.

GEORGE FROST CO., Makers, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.

LOOK For the NAME ON EVERY LOOP.

HUNTINGTON & TALLANT,

The New Store

117 and 119 West Superior Street, Metropolitan Block.

OUR MOTTO— Better goods for the same money, or the same goods for less money than elsewhere.

OUR GUARANTEE— Money will be cheerfully refunded if purchase is not entirely satisfactory.

The New Store opened on Monday and business has been booming ever since.

Buying and selling for CASH is The New Store's policy. Small expenses will always guarantee to you smallest prices on best merchandise. The items we name in this announcement stand for the many hundreds just as attractive and at just as low money-saving prices. No, these are not catch prices made to coax you in and then try to sell you "something else." Such "business" doings will never be allowed in this store. "Honesty is the best policy" and must be strictly followed to the very letter here. This is our open order to all our department managers, and you are to be the gainers. We particularize below some of the larger lots that are here for the benefit of our patrons who call in person, or send to us by mail.

All mail orders will be carefully attended to.

SILKS— We are offering a more than extraordinary lot of values in Fancy Silks. Over 50 pieces and no 2 alike—values are up to $2.50 per yard, but our opening price is ---------- 75c

And there's another large assortment—finer and the values are still higher—up to $3.00—but our price is ---------- 95c

Every lady should be sure to see the above.

DRESS GOODS— If you want to see the great power of good a few dollars will accomplish—see our grand array of Dress Goods at ---------- 48c

38 and 40-inch widths—and in an unequalled assortment of styles. We doubt if there's one want in fifty that can't be satisfied in this line.

There are several hundred pieces of Fine Wash Goods here at the most medium prices, each piece new.

25c Goods for 16c 35c Goods for 25c
59c and 65c Goods for 48c.

Shoes for Ladies, Misses and Children, Men, Boys and Youths.

The large and spacious Shoe Department we have just opened has proved its popularity already. Here you'll buy Footwear right. OUR GUARANTEE for that. Try us and see. "No trouble to show goods" here.

Here are 3 of our opening values that you'll buy if you need shoes

No 1—Misses' and Child's genuine Dongola and vici kid shoes in lace and button, sizes 8½ to 11 and 11½ to 2. Our opening price 98c

No. 2—Women's lace and button shoes, strictly "up-to-date" toes, kid and patent tips, the $2.00 kind, our opening price--- $1.48

No. 3—Women's tan and black Dongola and vici kid (button or lace) shoes—medium or extension soles, ten different styles to select from, real $2.50 value, our opening price ---------- $1.98

ON OUR SECOND FLOOR. EASY OF ACCESS—TAKE ELEVATOR.

MILLINERY. That word will stand for much in "The New Store." Many's the Duluthian who can tell you that our Mr. Wallace knows Millinery as it should be known. His large establishment in Minneapolis is a trade winner of very large proportions. His Duluth business is bound to become just as important in a very short time. Our Millinery Department is now ready to show you a very grand assortment of Fine Headwear, and in the latest correct styles. Prices are of course way below those elsewhere, as we are direct importers and the largest in the great Northwest. See our New Millinery.

All Our Finest Trimmed Hats, including Pattern Hats are marked at prices 20 to 30 per cent less than the same styles sold freely for earlier in the season. Your money-saving chances therefore amount into the dollars by buying your millinery here.

There's also a line of Finest Grade Walking Hats, worth all the way up to $3.00 each. Our price is ---------- $1.50

There's also a great offering of Flowers—19c bunches at ---------- 7c
75c and 69c bunches at ---------- 39c
And lots of great values at intermediate prices as well.

Sailor Hats—69c Hats are ---------- 39c 89c Hats are ---------- 50c

In Our Suit Department—Ladies' Suits at $5.98.

Made up of Homespun, Cheviots, in Oxford grays, workmanship and fit perfect. What more need we say?

Ladies' Suits at $10.00.

In Homespun Cheviots, of a fine grade. Jacket lined and collar faced with satin. (Would be a perfect Suit bargain at $13.50.)

Ladies' Suits at $15.00.

Made up in plain Venetian Cloth, Eton Jacket, Taffeta lined (our word for it, customers have told us they are unequaled at $20.00.) Fit and workmanship "par excellence."

Ladies' Walking Skirts— You can save $1.52 in genuine CASH, if you first come and see the $7.50 values we are now offering at our Opening price---------- $5.98

The New Cordette Waists— Handsomely printed, and you shouldn't fail to see them especially if you want a $1.25 Waist at—(Our Opening price)---------- 85c

Then there are some regular $1.50 values here, made up of Plain Organdies, in all the popular shades, including Lemon, Lavender, Pink, Light Blue, Cerise, Cardinal and others— all at our Opening price---------- 98c

Golf Capes— A special offering is here just in time for the many seasonable days to come, when a Golf Cape will be so comfortable; our Opening price is---------- $4.50

SHIRT WAISTS, firstly—

There are some beautifully printed Waists, made up in first-class manner, and out of fabric so good some advertise them as genuine Percales—and our opening price is---------- 48c

All sizes and in a grand array of styles.

Silk Waists— Made up of a fine grade Taffeta in the very latest and most stylish corded effects, and in all the popular shades, regularly these are sold at $6.50 in the Metropolitan cities; our Opening price is---------- $4.98

—There are some pure White ones among them just in time for our graduating misses.

Better Silk Waists— Are here in very full assortments, and as you know—our stock is ALL NEW.

And there are over thirty-five other departments wherein money-saving chances abound in hundreds of different ways. You'll easily find them when you visit

Huntington & Tallant.

The New Store

117-119 W. Superior St.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. THURSDAY, MAY 24, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

$2.95 For a $5.50 Reed Rocker.

Such a Roc' would cost you $6 in an ordina store. It's a large size with f woven seat and a heavy roll * and back and arms. These rockers are made of reed and all posts and braces are fully strengthened. Do not confound these goods with inferior rockers made partially of reed and mostly of wood. The last lot we had of these went off in two days, and we have about 50 now, so don't delay if you want one.

Minn Hist'l Society

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Complete House Furnishers.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

NOW is the time to insure for your property may be the next to be set on fire. Telephone and we will call on you at once.

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GENERAL INSURANCE,
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DULUTH & WEST DULUTH
HANSEN SMITH, President.
REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE, STOCKS, BONDS AND INVESTMENTS.
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ROBERTS PRESSES ON

His Force Is Now Rapidly Advancing Toward the Vaal River.

BULLER IS HELD UP

At Bay at Laing's Nek, Where the Boers Are Entrenching.

London, May 24, 2:05 p. m.—Gen. French has reached Prospect station, about five miles north of Rhenoster river. The Boers are retreating straight on the Vaal.

A dispatch from Shenoster, dated Wednesday, May 23, 7:45 p. m., says:

"The general opinion is that we will arrive at Pretoria as fast as we can march, though the Boers announced to all the countryside that they intended to fight to the death."

Gen. Ian Hamilton is co-operating in the advance on the right. Thus, Lord Roberts, who, presumably, is a few miles behind Gen. French, will reach the Vaal before the end of the week.

Natives report that the Boers have buried two guns in the Rhenoster river.

In Natal, Gen. Buller's forces have crossed into the Transvaal, near Ingogo, but are still held at bay at Laing's nek, where the Boers are entrenching themselves. With the exception of this pass, Natal is clear of Boers. They have a big gun posted, but it is doubtful if they will be able to hold the position when threatened by a flanking movement from the force that crossed the Ingogo river.

A dispatch from Pretoria announces that the first train north entered Mafeking, May 22, and that the first train south is expected next week. It is said that the relief of Mafeking was due to a blunder of one of the federal officers, by which Gen. Delarey was foiled in his plan to cut off the relief force, after driving them away from the Molopo river.

It is added that the federals have resolved to make a determined defense of the city of Johannesburg. Klimke, the state mining engineer, has been given six months' leave of absence, presumably for protesting against the proposition to blow up the mines.

A special dispatch from Newcastle, Natal, says the Russian ambulance corps with the Boers is disgusted with their conduct, and has requested the czar to recall it.

STRENGTH OF PRETORIA.

Foreign Engineers Say It Can Resist a Year.

London, May 24, 3:30 a. m.—Foreign engineers assert that Pretoria is able to stand a year's siege. According to advices from Lorenzo Marques the Pretoria fortifications are described as complete, but Johannesburg has not yet been placed entirely in a state of defense. The Transvaal government papers in the war chest have been removed to Lydenburg.

One of the curious pieces of gossip sent from Lorenzo Marques is that several women tried to slambok President Kruger, who was rescued by his body guard.

It was announced at Pretoria Sunday that the government proposed removing the British prisoners from Pretoria.

The Lorenzo Marques correspondent of the Times says: Mrs. Reitz, wife of the Transvaal state secretary, and her children have gone to Europe on the Bundesrath, which is believed to have taken a large quantity of bullion and possibly several Boer politicians. In regard to the agitation against British subjects, I have ascertained that British subjects connected with the mines applied to the American consul for relief. He referred them to Cape Town. The reply was telegraphed to Pretoria, but was never delivered. It is notorious that it was suppressed by the Boer authorities. The popular feeling against Presidents Kruger and Steyn is setting in heavily. Every newspaper article is censored and the people are indignant at discovering what rubbish and falsehood have been given them.

Mafeking dispatches continue to pour into London, relating to events immediately preceding the relief and the entry of the troops. The correspondents agree that the Canadian artillery, Maj. Endon's seven guns, did splendid work. Some of them assert that the Canadians did "absolutely essential work in the fighting."

BRITISH AT VOLKSRUST.

Cross Buffalo River In Sight of the Boers.

Boer Camp, Volksrust, May 22.—The British crossed the Buffalo river and were within sight of our position yesterday. They are busy emplacing heavy cannon at Schuinshovgte, near the scene of the battle of the Ingogo river in 1881.

It is reported that fighting occurred in Botha's nek yesterday.

Chris Botha, brother of the commander-in-chief, has been appointed assistant to the commander-in-chief and has given great satisfaction and has revived the fighting spirit in many of the federals.

In an ambush between N'Qutu and Mount Prospect, eight British were killed and thirteen wounded.

SCHOEPER'S NEK FIGHT.

Pretoria Account of the Disaster to the British.

Pretoria, Wednesday, May 23.—An official bulletin issued here today, says:

Sixty British cavalry came into collision on May 20, with eighty of the Swaziland commando at Schoeper's nek. The fighting lasted an hour. The British lost twenty-seven killed, twenty-five wounded and eleven were taken prisoners. Twenty-five horses, two Maxims and a quantity of ammunition were also captured. The federals lost one killed and one wounded. They assisted to remove the wounded and bury the dead.

The advance guard at Heilbron retired on the main body at the northern border.

According to Free State advices, the British yesterday were at Greyling's drift, on the Vala, twenty-five miles from Wolmoranstad, with a large force.

On Sunday Kalbe engaged the British between Heilbron and Linley. The federals had to retire before an overwhelming force.

TALK ON IMMIGRATION.

American Baptist Home Society Considers Its Problems.

Detroit, Mich., May 24.—Immigration and its effects, both upon this country and the immigrants, was ably presented before today's session of the American Baptist Home Mission society by Rev. T. J. Villiers, of Indiana.

"These are critical days because they are criminal in their tendencies," said Mr. Villiers, "and the hand that shapes the next few generations will be the hand that shapes the future of america."

He traced immigration to this country from its beginning and cited statistics to show the percentage of foreigners in all of our great cities. The speaker declared that what could and would unify "hyphenated Americans" and fuse all these different foreign-born Americans is God's love.

Rev. Villiers quoted figures to show the great number of Poles and Hungarians who have immigrated to this country in recent years, and said: "But, vicious as they are, no mission of our is any more promising than the one among the Slavs in Pennsylvania. It is God's opportunity."

In conclusion he laid stress upon the work being done among the Italians and Swedes.

There were two addresses on the negro problem. Professor J. H. Hope, of Georgia, spoke on "The Higher Education of the Negro," and Mrs. William Scott, colored, made "A Plea for My People."

Philadelphia and Springfield, Mass., are candidates for the next anniversary meeting. Minneapolis has asked for them in 1902. A delegation is coming from Kansas City to urge its claim to next year's gathering, on the ground that at the meetings in 1899 it was promised that the 1901 sessions would be held in Kansas City.

SAXTON'S PLUM

Reported Offered the Position of Judge Advocate of Porto Rico.

Albany, N. Y., May 24.—It is understood here on excellent authority that President McKinley has offered to Charles T. Saxton, formerly lieutenant governor of the state and at present judge of the court of claims, the position of judge advocate for the island of Porto Rico. He probably will accept.

HOLDING A COUNCIL.

The Pursuers of Goebel's Slayers Are In Conference.

Frankfort, Ky., May 24.—The Gobel reward commission is holding a meeting here today. Col. T. C. Campbell and Justus Goebel are expected this evening and a conference of the representatives of the prosecution will be held. The action of Governor Mount in refusing to honor Governor Beckham's requisition and that of County Judge Wyatt, of Knox county, is supposed to have led to the conferences here today.

BIG SCHEME.

Huntington Promoting a Railroad, Coal Mine and Steel Plant Enterprise.

San Francisco, May 24.—The Examiner says: C. P. Huntington proposes to build in connection with Eastern and London parties a road between Salt Lake and Denver. This will have as adjuncts a coal mining company and a steel manufacturing plant. The latter will be located in Colorado, the Yampa anthracite coal region. The project contemplates the purchase of the Denver, Lake Wood & Golden railroad and the resuscitation of the charter and franchise, and the Denver & Salt Lake and the San Francisco Railroad company, which was incorporated eight years ago.

The proposed route in Colorado is from Denver by way of Golden, Boulder, South Boulder canyon, Middle Park and the Yampa River valley to the state line. As far as is known, no surveys for a route have been made in Utah. It is not the intention to build west of Salt Lake.

A UNIONIST VICTORY.

Elect Candidate to the Commons to Succeed Webster.

London, May 24.—Capt. John Seeley, Unionist, has been elected by a majority of 1362 to represent the Isle of Wight division of Hampshire in the house of commons in place of Sir Richard Webster, the former attorney general and new master of the rolls, who has been elevated to the house of lords. The Liberal candidate was Godfrey Barring, chairman of the island county council.

The Unionists set great store on retaining the seat, and made most of the fact that Capt. Seeley is now serving in South Africa with the Imperial yeomanry.

Sir Richard Webster's majority in the last election, held in 1895, was 446.

LUTHERAN LEAGUE OFFICERS.

Cincinnati, May 24.—The election of officers of the Lutheran league resulted as followes: President, W. C. Stover, Philadelphia; treasurer, Adolph C. Close, Cleveland; assistant general secretary, C. G. Bauer, Buffalo; library secretary, George H. Schnur, Chillicothe, Ohio; executive committee, E. C. F. Ellert, New York; M. C. Olson, Chicago; Cornelius Eckhart, Washington; L. L. Smith, Strausburg, Va.; John P. Dinkey, Rochester, N. Y.; S. G. Weiskotten, Brooklyn; Charles Steele, Sunbury, Pa.; Luther M. Kuhns, Omaha, and F. A. Hartranft, Philadelphia. After deciding to make the general secretaryship a salaried office, the executive committee was authorized to fill that place. President Stover was elected by seventy-five votes on the second ballott, the first ballot being a tie vote.

RIOTS AT STOLB.

Berlin, May 24.—Riots have occurred repeatedly within the last few days at Stolb, in the province of Pomerania, Prussia. The cavalry were summoned and attacked the crowd, and a score of persons were injured.

EXCHANGE CLOSED.

Liverpool, May 24.—The cotton, grain and provision exchanges are closed today.

PEACE IS REMOTE

Prospect of Settling the St. Louis Street Car Strike Grows Fainter.

SAYS IT IS POLITCS

Governor Asserts the Democrats Are Making the Trouble For Capital.

St. Louis, May 24.—In this the seventeenth day of the great street railway strike inaugurated by the employes of the St. Louis Transit company, a settlement seems further away than ever. The Transit company has resumed service on all of its lines, except Broadway, Northern, Central, Southwestern, Union and the South Sixth street divisions, and attempts may be made today to run cars on some of these. On the lines in operation the street railway officials assert they are daily increasing the number of cars.

Word was received from Cleveland today that forty-two employes of the Big Consolidated car system had been sent here to take the places of strikers.

Thus far no general sympathy strike among labor unions has been called, as had been expected. The different trades and labor organizations are showing their sympathy with the strikers by contributing to their support and passing rules fining members for riding on the street cars.

At a mass meeting held last night a resolution was passed to the effect that all union labor throughout the United States be asked to instruct their representatives to oppose the passage of the World's fair appropriation bill unless the St. Louis Transit company settles the strike satisfactorily to its former employes.

Since the strike began 200 arrests have been made. In most of the cases which have been tried in the police courts the defendants have been discharged.

Governor Stephens, who is in the city today, talked freely of the strike situation. Just before a conference held by him at the four courts with the board of police commissioners, Governor Stephens said:

"I am satisfied that the trouble along the street car lines, and the whole spirit of anarchy which I find prevails so largely in the city of St. Louis at present is being fomented and extended by the machinations of a certain coterie of Democratic politicians, who hope by their course to in some manner make gains in the approaching party primaries. This element is sending speakers to meetings held to express sympathy for the strikers all over the city, and if not counseling disorder, it is at least martially encouraging it.

"These persons are responsible for the many effigies of myself and the police authorities which I find dangling from the poles and trolley lines on many streets. It is a result of their movements that I have received many letters threatening my life should I continue to do my duty.

"I desire you to say further that if, as governor of Missouri, with all the power vested in that office for the purpose, I can put an end to the disgraceful—I may say abominable—condition that exists in St. Louis, and riot and disorder of every unlawful kind must cease."

A statement compiled today shows that since the strike began three persons have been shot and killed, sixteen wounded by bullets and thirty-one otherwise injured.

Yesterday afternoon a Cass avenue car was stopped by a barricade at Twenty-third street and Cass avenue, and during the enforced halt a big crowd of strike sympathizers attacked the car, firing a number of shots. One of the bullets struck Special Policeman Duncan K. McRea, who was riding on the front platform with the motorman, in the left arm, passing through the body and coming out on the right side. The policeman sank unconscious to the floor, and died before the hospital could be reached.

S. B. Hodge, a conductor on the Tower Grove line, was beaten and kicked by a mob until he was senseless.

Eddie Manz, 3 years old, was accidentally shot through the hip by an emergency policeman on a Cass avenue car.

SWEENEY YIELDS GRACEFULLY.

Kentucky Republican Auditor Turns Over His Records.

Frankfort, Ky., May 24.—Republican Auditor Sweeney sent for Democratic Auditor Coulter this morning and notified him he was ready to turn over the state records and possession of the office in the state house without waiting for action by the court of appeals. The tarnsfer will be made today. It is understood the other Republican officials will do likewise in the next day or two, and that by next week the state house will be officered exclusively by the Democrats.

The Democratic state legislative committee here, at 1 o'clock this afternoon, has drawn a big gathering of Democratic leaders. The convention to nominate delegates to Kansas City will be held the last week in June and the committee is said to be nearly evenly divided on the proposition to hold a separate convention later to name a candidate for governor.

WILL ATTEND REUNION.

President and Distinguished Party to Go to Fredericksburg.

Washington, May 24.—The president, members of his cabinet, Gen. Miles and Adjt. Gen. Corbin will attend the reunion of the Society of the Army of the Potomac at Fredericksburg, Va., tomorrow. The party will leave here in a special car tomorrow morning and will return to the city that evening.

THE MILLERS.

Kansas City, May 24.—Today's session of the annual meeting of the Operative Millers' association of America was opened by David Chidlow, of the Chicago Institute of Baking and Technology, addressing the delegates, taking as his theme "The Essentials of Wheat and Flour Tests," and illustrating his points. Other tests were made.

SAINTS CANONIZED

Jean Baptiste De La Salle and Rita Di Casira Elevated.

SCENE A GRAND ONE

Great Basilica Filled With a Throng, Including Many Pilgrims.

Rome, May 24.—There was a magnificent spectacle in St. Peters today on the occasion of the canonization of Jean Baptiste De LaSalle, the founder of the Order of Christian Brothers, and Rita Di Casira, a nun of the Augustinian order. The interior of the vast basilica was illuminated and adorned with magnificent hangings, and the building was filled with a great concourse of people, including all the pontifical dignitaries, diplomats and the Roman nobility. Of the 60,000 spectators, about 30,000 were foreign pilgrims. Italian troops kept order in the square in front of St. Peters, while the pontifical bodyguard was stationed within the cathedral.

Pope Leo, attired in his state robes, was born on the sedia gestatoria at the head of an imposing procession, composed of the entire papal court, 390 patriarchs, archbishops, bishops and four cardinals. A roar of cheering arose from the multitudes on the pope's appearance, but the applause was quickly hushed by the guards.

When the cortege reached the choir, the pope alighted from the sedia gestatoria, took his seat on the pontifical throne, and the cardinals and other ecclesiastics marched around him. The solemn ceremony of canonization was then proceeded with.

The pontiff, after the usual prayers, pronounced the canonization and intertoned the te deum. At that moment the bells in all the churches in Rome rang out, and the pope solemnly blessed the congregation and returned to the vatican amid the prolonged cheering of the very large audience assembled, which left the cathedral and dispersed.

Two unpleasant incidents occurred. An Italian pilgrim suffered from a slight stroke of apoplexy at the entrance of the cathedral and subsequently died in a hospital; and a portion of a glass chandelier inside the basilica fell, slightly injuring a French woman.

Washington, May 24.—The canonization of the Christian brothers' founder, Jean Baptist de LaSalle, occurs at Rome today and by reason of the fact that their first foundation in the United States was made in this archdiocese fifty years ago, the event will be observed at all their colleges in Washington, Baltimore and suburban localities. A number of the leading brothers from Ammondale, near this city, where the American novitiate of the order stands have already gone to Rome as participants in the rites, at which Pope Leo XIII will preside in person. The principal delegate from America will be the provincial of the Baltimore province, Brother Christian.

At the august ceremonial today, De LaSalle passes from the state of "beatification," already accorded him, to the crowning glory of "sainthood." Henceforth, he will receive the honors of the altar and it is expected that many new churches will be placed under his patronage.

A pleasant feature of the festivities will be the presence of the flower of the brotherhood together from every clime, headed by LaSalle's latest successor at Paris, Brother Gabriel-Marie, whose recent edict against members teaching the classics in their colleges caused so much criticism that the American bishops tried to have it rescinded. Their efforts failed, however, and the edict goes into operation next year.

NEELY CASE POSTPONED.

Adjourned to Monday, Pending Action on the Requisition.

New York, May 24.—The examination in the case of Charles F. W. Neely, charged with misappropriating $36,000 of Cuban postal funds, which was to have come before Commissioner Shields today, has been adjourned until Monday next pending action in the requisition proceedings before Governor Roosevelt, which are to take place at Oyster Bay today.

Edward K. Jones, the special representative of Attorney Griggs in the prosecution of the Neely case, today had a talk with Judge Lacombe about the Cuban postal scandal. Mr. Jones said that the papers, which were said to have left Washington, had not reached him yet, but they are expected this afternoon. Mr. Jones said that as soon as the documentary proof procured by the war department concerning the issue of stamps which were ordered destroyed comes into his possession, additional action will be taken against Neely.

District Attorney Burnett and his assistant, Baldwin, will appear before Governor Roosevelt at Oyster Bay in support of the application for a requisition for Neely's removal to Cuba. If the requisition in the Neely case is refused by Governor Roosevelt, Assistant District Attorney Baldwin believes that under the federal statutes Neely can be tried in this district.

HENRY D. STOCKER DEAD.

Minneapolis, May 24.—Judge H. D. Stocker, for twelve years a resident of Minneapolis, and an honored member of the bar of Hennepin county, died suddenly yesterday at Prescott, Ariz., from apoplexy. The news came as a great shock to his family in this city, as only in his last letter to his son, H. D. Stocker, Jr., he stated that he was in the best of health. Mr. Stocker received a telegram Tuesday stating that his father had suffered a stroke, and being aware of his physical condition, feared that the end was near. A second telegram yesterday annaunced his death. The remains will be brought to Minneapolis, and the funeral will take place early next week.

AGREE ON BERGE.

Auburn, Neb., May 24.—On reassembling this morning after being deadlocked all night, the Democratic, Populist and Free Silver Republican convention in the First district united upon the nomination of George W. Berge, Populist, for congress.

THE RIDE OF YOUNG

Report of His Swing Around Aguinaldo's and MacArthur's Forces.

DID GALLANT WORK

Fighting Was Fierce and the Privations and Difficulties Great.

Washington, May 24.—The war department has made public the report of Brig. Gen. Young, commanding a provisional cavalry brigade, of his campaign in Northern Luzon from Oct. 11 to Jan. 1 last, during which he rode entirely around the opposing forces of Aguinaldo and MacArthur, a distance of about 150 miles, and harried and broke up the insurgent forces so that MacArthur was enabled to move forward without any formidable organized resistance.

Gen. Young's command was composed at various times of portions of the Third and Fourth cavalry, the Macabebe battalion of native scouts under Maj. Batson, the Fourth cavalry and the Twenty-second, Twenty-fourth, Thirty-third, Thirty-fourth and Thirty-seventh infantry. According to the report, Gen. Young started from San Fernando De Pampanga on Oct. 11, moved up the east bank of the Pampanga river, passed around the flanks of the enemy, who were scattered between the river and the railroad, and struck the sea on the west coast of Luzon to the north of both combatants, having accomplished the mission entrusted to him of protecting the right and rear of MacArthur's forces.

This ride through the enemy's country was, Gen. Young says, accompanied by many hardships and a deal of sharp and at times exceptionally fierce fighting.

The attack upon and capture of San Isidro by Maj. Ballance and a battalion or the Twenty-second infantry gained special mention and high commendation in Gen. Young's report.

"It is the finest and most efficient battalion I have ever seen in the American army," he says, "and notwithstanding a deplorable scarcity and total absence at times of food, clothing and shelter, did most remarkable work in the face of the greatest difficulties."

The town was occupied by Young's force only after the most stubborn attack, and perhaps about the liveliest engagement of the whole campaign.

The report says that Batson, with his Macabebes, also was foremost in the fighting at all times, repulsing gallantly a force of insurgents sent out to crush him near Tarlac. In this encounter Lieut. Boutelle was killed while charging at the head of his company.

PETITION FROM MINISTERS.

South Carolina Divines Ask Protection For the Negroes.

Washington, May 24.—Senator Chandler today presented a petition from sixteen ministers of South Carolina calling attention to the political conditions in that state, declaring that the colored residents in South Carolina are disfranchised. It refers to the speech of Senator Tillman in which he acknowledged that the white men took control of the state of South Carolina and "bulldozed" the negroes and "were not ashamed of it."

The petitioners are "exceedingly pained to think that the chief law-making body of our state is represented by one who makes such an unabashed and blunt avowal of high crimes against the constitution of his country, while outraging the feelings of 10,000,000 citizens of this republic."

For these abuses they ask for legislation and remedy in the state where the colored vote is nullified.

THE MOTHERS' CONGRESS.

Woman Suffrage Causes Debate In Committee on Resolutions.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 24.—The National mothers' congress has not yet taken formal action on any of the subjects under discussion. In the committee on resolution today, a protracted debate was carried on behind closed doors over the woman's suffrage question. It is thought the committee will be ready to report tomorrow morning.

Today's work in the congress proper consisted of three minute reports from delegates on their experience in conducting mothers' clubs. After a discussion of "The Right Education for Woman," papers were read by Caroline T. Haven, of New York, president of the International Kindergarten association; Mary Roberts, of Leland Stanford university; Fanny Humphrey Gaffenery, of New York, president of the National Council of Women, and Mrs. Mary Lowe Dickinson, of New York.

PLANS NOT MATURED.

Boer Envoys Have Not Fully Outlined Their Campaign.

Washington, May 24.—The plans of campaign for the Boer peace commissioners have not yet been fully outlined. They probably will remain in Washington until next Tuesday, after which they will begin a tour of the West as has been previously intimated. Mr. Wessels, one of the members who speaks good English, probably will go to Bridgeport on Saturday night with Representative Lentz to address a pro-Boer meeting there. The delegates have not yet decided whether they will issue an official statement before leaving Washington. They feel that under the circumstances this would be a delicate undertaking and, no matter how carefully it was worded, would be liable to misconstruction. Therefore, it is quite probable that their statements will be confined to whatever addresses they may make at the pro-Boer meetings which are being arranged for their coming tour of the country.

SCHOOL ENDOWMENT.

Berkeley, Cal., May 24.—Over $3000 has been raised by Professor E. B. Clapp, head of the department of Greek, as a portion of the contribution of the university of California towards the permanent endowment of the American school of classical study in Athens, Greece. Professor Clapp has pledged the university to raise $2000 more. Of the amount already secured, $1000 was given by Mrs. Phoebe Hearst.

NEELY'S SCHEME

Planned to Buy the Isle of Pines and Colonize It.

LEADING MEN IN IT

Prominent Politicians, Army Officers and Treasurer of Cuba Interested.

New York, May 24.—A dispatch to the Herald from Havana says: One of Charles F. W. Neely's most important schemes was the contemplated purchase of the Island of Pines, south of Cuba, which is considered by many to be a part of the United States territory, according to the treaty of Paris.

Neely started a company here last fall for the purpose of obtaining control of a valuable part of the island, with the object of colonizing it as an United States possession. Interested with him were Maj. Ladd, the treasurer of the Island of Cuba; Brig. Gen. Chaffee, Maj. Dueker, Mr. Hake, of Chicago, and, it is said, many prominent politicians in the United States.

Options were obtained on 10,000 acres of land, and agents engaged to make the negotiations for the remaining 400 acres. Neely's arrest has killed the scheme, and the options expired last week, and $2000 was forfeited.

Governor General Wood has placed two inspectors in Maj. Ladd's office for the examination of the treasurer's accounts.

Director of Posts Bristow appointed George Buchanan as disbursing officer of the department, at a salary of $2000, and discontinued the office of superintendent, held by Mr. Carter, whose salary was $2500 a year. Disbursements will be made the same as in the military system.

Only $44 in surcharge stamps have been found in the office here. There is no trace of Neely's ledger. It was probably destroyed.

The inspectors discovered a shortage in Neely's accounts, outside of the amount supposed to have been taken in stamps, but probably it will not raise the estimated defalcation of $100,000.

TRIAL OF TEXAS JACKIES.

Eight Convicted For Trying to Rescue a Prisoner.

Washington, May 24.—Judge Advocate General Lemly has received the records of the court-martial which tried eleven of the sailors of the battleship Texas on charges of "striking a person in the navy," and "conduct to the prejudice of good order and discipline." James Fancy, coxswain; John Romayne, ordinary seaman, and William McCullough, apprentice, were acquitted, and A. L. McIntyre and Charles F. Burke, landsmen; Michael Byrnes and Joseph G. Murphy, apprentices; Homer E. Ellerid and Alfred Schaefer, seamen, and Thomas Cronin and William O'Neil, ordinary seamen, were convicted. Those convicted were sentenced to imprisonment for terms ranging from six to eighteen months, and will be confined in the naval prison at Boston.

Secretary Long and Advocate General Lemly join in the statement that there was nothing approaching mutiny aboard the Texas. Nor was any one fatally injured in the ship. The affair grew out of the effort of the master-at-arms to arrest a drunken sailor at Grassey bay, Bermuda, several weeks ago. The men convicted endeavored to free the prisoner from the master-at-arms and a marine sergeant, and in the scuffle the former was cut about the head.

AHMED AT THE CAPITAL.

Turkish Admiral Insists His Mission Is Purely Business.

Washington, May 24.—Admiral Ahmed Pasha of the Turkish navy arrived in Washington last night. He confirmed the report that his visit is for the purpose of making arrangements for the purchase of a cruiser in the United States for the Turkish government.

The admiral expressed himself as being surprised at the statements which have appeared in the press that his mission here was a diplomatic as well as a business one, and added that the Turkish government has a minister here who attends to all diplomatic matters. His mission here, he declared, was a technical one, and was for the purpose of obtaining information regarding the construction of a vessel for his government.

He already has visited the national armory works at Springfield, Mass., and engineering works at Hartford, Conn., and expressed himself as highly pleased at what he saw at these places. Our facilities in those lines he regarded as equal if not superior to any in existence in England or on the continent.

An effort was made to obtain from the admiral information as to whether the mission of the Turkish government in negotiating for a cruiser in America was to settle in an indirect manner the claims of the United States against Turkey, but he replied that his mission was entirely a business one.

Pneumonia

always leaves the lungs weak. Weak lungs are breeding grounds for the germs that cause consumption. Chronic bronchitis also often follows pneumonia. If you have had pneumonia, the germs of consumption are at work. Don't let them get a foothold. Begin at once and take SCOTT'S EMULSION; it will drive out the germs by making the lungs stronger than they are.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.

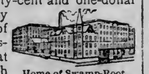
The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root**, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co. Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.



Home of Swamp-Root.

NEW ASSOCIATED PRESS.

Organized to Do Business Under New York Laws.

New York, May 24.—A charter was issued at Albany yesterday to the following named gentlemen as incorporators of a news gathering organization to be called The Associated Press: Stephen O'Meara, of the Boston Journal; Adolph S. Ochs, of the New York Times; St. Clair McKelway, of the Brooklyn Eagle; William L. McLean, of the Philadelphia Bulletin; Frank B. Noyes, of the Washington Star, and A. H. Belo, of the Galveston Daily News and Dallas Daily News.

The membership of the corporation is to consist of and to be limited to the proprietors of newspapers. It is to be purely mutual and co-operative, to make no profits and to declare no dividends. It is not to sell news, but is to collect for and to distribute to its members only. Its operations and membership will cover the entire country.

One of the incorporators said:

"The decision of the supreme court of Illinois has swept away a number of the fundamental principles of the association with which we have been connected and has made it impossible for the organization to get on and meet the needs or fulfill the desires of its members. We have looked about for some plan, and in full accord of practically all our associates have concluded to organize a new Associated Press under the laws of New York. We have in mind simply to carry into this new corporation all of the principles that gave character to the old one, to make no change whatever in the fundamental theories, to preserve intact all the rights of individual members and in general to find a more congenial domicile than Illinois afforded. The men engaged in the work of incorporation are simply acting as trustees for their associates until the plan can be so far perfected as to turn it over to a fully qualified membership."

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Secretary Hay yesterday entertained at luncheon the Boer delegates now in Washington. The affair was a purely personal compliment extended by the secretary and had not even a social significance.

Gen. John A. Wiley, commander-in-chief of the service men of the Spanish war, has issued an order requesting all members of the association to join hands with the G. A. R. in arranging for such services as may seem best suited for the proper observance of Memorial day.

The banking and currency committee of the house yesterday directed that when the bill limiting the powers of bank officials to borrow of their banks is taken up by the house, two amendments will be offered modifying the restrictions so far as applicable to bank directors, and also allowing banks up to 2 per cent of bank assets.

In a freight wreck on the Charleston & Western Carolina road yesterday near Laurens, S. C., Engineer William McKinney and Brakeman Charles Haynes were violently hurled against the engine furnace and covered with coals. They were roasted to death.

The house pension committee yesterday reported a general pension bill entirely removing the pension inhibitions against Mexican war veterans in case they served in the Confederacy.

Notwithstanding government opposition, the second reading of the bill to enable women to be elected aldermen and councillors in the new London borough councils, formed under the London government bill of 1899 was carried in the house of commons yesterday, by a vote of 248 to 129.

Jonas G. Clark, founder of Clark university in Worcester, Mass., died in that city last night, aged 87 years. His gifts to Clark university aggregated nearly $3,000,000.

The grand jury at Welland, Ont., yesterday brought in a true bill against Dallman, Nolin and Walsh, the alleged dynamiters. They all pleaded not guilty to the charge.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Buffalo—Kansas City, 11; Buffalo, 3.
At Cleveland—Cleveland, 5; Chicago, 1.
At Indianapolis—Indianapolis, 6; Minneapolis, 6.
At Detroit—Detroit, 7; Milwaukee, 6.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 8; Brooklyn, 3.
At Chicago—Chicago, 5; Philadelphia, 3.
At St. Louis—Boston, 3; St. Louis, 2.
At Cincinnati—New York, 15; Cincinnati, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Indianapolis	25	18	7	.720
Milwaukee	27	16	10	.593
Chicago	28	15	13	.535
Cleveland	25	13	12	.520
Kansas City	29	13	16	.448
Minneapolis	30	13	17	.423
Buffalo	25	10	15	.400
Detroit	26	9	17	.346

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia	24	16	8	.667
Brooklyn	25	15	10	.600
St. Louis	26	14	12	.538
Chicago	28	16	12	.571
Cincinnati	25	12	13	.480
Pittsburg	28	15	13	.536
New York	25	8	17	.320
Boston	23	6	17	.261

BIRTHDAY BANQUETS.

London, May 24.—The usual queen's birthday ministerial banquets took place last evening. Lord Salisbury entertained at the Hotel Cecil. His guests included King Oscar of Sweden and Norway, the prince of Wales, Ambassador Choate and other diplomats. The guests of Mr. Chamberlain and the colonial office included Canadian High Commissioner Lord Strathcona and Mount Royal, and the Australian federation delegates. Mr. Goschen entertained the duke of York, many admirals, Commander Richardson Clover, the United States naval attache here and other naval attaches.

A Fast Bicycle Rider

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

RAISING OF SHEEP

Facts In Regard to Sheep Husbandry In the Pacific Northwest.

THE RANGE SYSTEM

Industry Conducted on Entirely Different Lines In Western Oregon.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—James Withcombe, vice director of the Oregon experiment station, recently submitted to the department of agriculture the following article in regard to sheep husbandry in the Pacific Northwest. He said:

The domestic sheep is cosmopolitan, probably more so than any other farm animal. Some breeds are capable of adaption to many varying conditions of altitude and soil, thriving alike on the rich lowlands and upon the mountain heights, where scanty and tender herbage is found.

The many breeds of sheep owe their existence largely to local environments, of which altitude plays a conspicuous part. All breeds may be divided into three classes, each having its characteristic habitat:

First, the long wools, which feed upon the luxuriant pastures of the alluvial soils in humid climates.

Second, the downs, or middle wools, which delight in the less luxuriant herbage of the table and hill lands, particularly those of limestone formation.

Third, the merinos, which revel in the sweet, tender grasses of the mountain heights.

These breed characteristics are the working guides by which the breeder should be governed in making selections to suit local conditions. The most important item connected with an embarkation in sheep husbandry is proper selection, guided by the basic principle of harmony between breed and environment. It would be folly indeed to take the ponderous long wools to arid or semi-arid regions, and expect them to develop large typical bodies and grow long, lustrous wool from the natural herbage furnished by these lands. In the absence of suitable natural conditions, artificial means, such, for instance, as irrigation, may be employed in the development of succulent points. The selection of this breed, however, for this character of soil is of doubtful expediency, and much better results could be confidently looked for with breeds that are better suited to such conditions.

In the pastural regions of the Pacific Northwest conditions are not radically similar to those found on the mountains of Spain and some of the hill lands of Great Britain; hence, breeds of sheep that have thriven there may safely be relied upon when introduced into this region. The merino, as an intensely cosmopolitan sheep stands without a peer. He thrives on rich alluvial bottom lands, presenting a rotundity of form that would do credit to some of the smaller mutton breeds, and yields annually a heavy fleece of admirable wool. We find this same, hardy, contented breed, in flocks of 2000, grazing upon the plains and mountain heights, industriously nipping the tender herbage, without a sign of constitutional defect in the whole flock. It is these peculiar traits of character that so eminently fit the merino for transient sheep husbandry. This breed largely predominates in the semi-arid regions, and is found to be perfectly suited to conditions prevailing there. The ewes cross well with the downs and long wools, and lambs from these crosses are quite popular with the butcher and feeder.

Within the past few years sheep husbandry in the pastural sections of the Pacific Northwest has been completely revolutionized. Formerly the millions of sheep grazed upon these plains were kept for the special object of wool growing. Mutton was not even considered as a factor in the industry, there being no available market for the disposal of this product. Less than ten years since, range mutton was selling at 25 cents per quarter. Fortunately for the industry, these conditions no longer exist, as at present mutton is paramount in value to wool, while the market lamb is destined in the near future to become the primary consideration.

The wheat lands over a great portion of Eastern Oregon and Washington will produce good crops of corn, which in the form of silage can be profitably utilized for sheep. At the Oregon experiment station last winter some Cotswold and Shropshire ewes were fed daily about three pounds per head of corn silage, one-half pound of oats and what clover hay they could eat up clean. They became very fat on this feed. This silage can be put up very cheaply, with the present inexpensive method of constructing silos, and, if fed with a very little alfalfa hay and grain, prime muttons and lambs can be turned off at any time during the winter, when prices are very satisfactory.

For the general flock, especially the breeding ewes, a little succulent feed in the form of silage, fed once a day during the winter, in addition to alfalfa, or vetch hay, or grain, will be wonderfully conducive toward maintaining the constitutional vigor of the flock, and will practically eliminate all danger of ewes disowning their new born lambs in the spring.

Sheep industry in Western Oregon is conducted upon entirely different lines from those of the range system. Here we find a humid climate and a rich alluvial soil, suitable to the growth of a great variety of succulent plants. Ordinary mixed farming is carried on in this section, and sheep are too frequently kept as mere scavengers to glean over the summer fallows, or are regarded simply as weed exterminators. The flocks here are usually small and represent the mutton breeds, so mutton is more profitable than wool. Farms surrounding here are exceedingly favorable for the economical production of mutton, and marvelous growths have been secured with the mutton breeds. Possibly there are but few sections of the country to which the old Spanish proverb, "the sheep's hoof is, golden," is more applicable than in this region. With wheat growing a prominent factor, mutton production will always be found a profitable supplement. These two industries go admirably together. Among live stock, sheep are pre-eminently soil renovators, and, with one possible exception, that of butter, no product of the farm takes less from the land in proportion to its market value than wool and mutton.

In the spring of 1899 the Oregon experiment station, in an endeavor to ascertain the value of winter wheat for pasture, as well as to note the effects of the pasturing upon the yield, selected a uniform plat of two and a half acres of wheat, which was divided into two equal parts by means of hurdles. Upon one part were turned eleven matured sheep, nine lambs and three calves. These were kept there without any other feed for two weeks until the wheat was pastured down very closely. During their stay on the wheat the aggregate gain in live weight was 200 pounds, with a commercial value of $6. The lot not pastured yielded only one bushel more wheat than the pastured lot. Thus it will be seen that in Western Oregon winter wheat can be turned to good account as a spring sheep pasture. Prime muttons are frequently taken directly from the wheat field to the shambles without grain feeding. A supplementary daily grain ration of one-half pound, however, would be followed with better general results.

There are but few agricultural sections wherein the natural conditions are more favorable for the economical production of mutton in the winter months than Western Oregon and the coast counties of Washington. Eliminating the advantages these sections possess in their wheat fields for supplying inexpensive, succulent, nutritious feed for the flock, there are still other avenues open to the farmer for producing mutton cheaply. In these sections, clover, vetch, peas, fodder corn and the cereals grow abundantly, and no better feed than these need be sought for fattening sheep in the winter.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

GRAIN-O

THE FOOD DRINK

Do you know that three-quarters of all the world's headaches are the result of using tea and coffee?

So physicians say.

Quit them and the headaches quit.

Grain-O has the coffee taste, but no headaches.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

DISTRIBUTION OF BULLETS.

Terre Haute, Ind., May 24.—An accidental shooting, in which nine persons were painfully hurt and several more slightly injured, took place last night, near the close of a performance given by the Buckskin Bill Wild West company. The accident was caused by the accidental discharge of a Winchester shotgun in the hands of Elmer Mendenhall, one of the performers, who was engaged in fancy shooting. Lloyd Moore, a street car conductor, received twenty-one bullets in the breast, three in the head over the right eye, two in the face and four in the right arm, but he will recover.

Kodaks In Yellowstone Park.

The widespread use of small cameras, of one sort and another by travelers, has led to a great development of amateur photography.

Yellowstone Park is by far the most prolific spot in this country for the gratification of this calling or amusement, particularly for those interested in prize contests.

To photograph the soaring geyser; the eagles on their nests; the numberless cascades and waterfalls; the beautiful springs, or the Golden Gate and the Grand Canyon is to obtain a noted collection of pictures.

But the park is also the only place where wild animals, as they live in nature, can now be easily caught with the camera.

The elk, deer, antelope, bears, coyotes, buffalo, etc., that, while wild have not the timidity of hunted game, make it comparatively easy to photograph them there. The bears especially are easily found.

When riding on the stage coaches, if cameras are kept in readiness, opportunities sometimes occur for snap shots at elk and deer drinking from the streams or crossing the roads. By exploring the forests and parks a little remote from the hotels, the animals can be found with little difficulty.

Wonderland, 1900, a finely illustrated book, published by the Northern Pacific railway, has a chapter on Yellowstone Park and the animals there, and will be sent by Chas. S. Fee, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., upon receipt of 6 cents.

For rates, etc., address

R. A. EVA,
General Agent, Duluth.

Flor de Teller, better than ever, always the favorite 10-cent cigar.

They are only bubbles, those maiden fancies of love, marriage and motherhood. But what beautiful bubbles they are! Who does not wish that all these fancies could end as did the old fairy stories, "and they lived happy ever after." Pain soon pricks the bubbles, and nothing remains of all the hope and gladness of the bride but a bridal veil and a piece of stale wedding cake.

The only way in which happiness can be realized in marriage is by being forearmed against its dangers. Most young women are ignorant of the fact that irregularity means a derangement of the womanly functions which may have far reaching consequences after marriage. With this derangement at the start there often follow the drains, ulcerations and inflammations which make life one long misery.

A certain cure for irregularity and other diseases peculiar to women is found in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. It contains no alcohol neither opium, cocaine nor other narcotic.

"I was so weak I did not have breath to walk across my room," writes Miss Isibell Miller, of New Providence, Calloway Co., Ky. "My periods occurred too often and the hemorrhage would be prolonged and the loss of blood very excessive. I also had spells which the doctor said were fainting fits. My stomach would cramp until I could not straighten. I did not gain strength from one monthly period to another; was very weak and nervous all the time. The doctor told me he did not know what was the cause of my trouble and that I would never be any better. I lived in this way from sixteen years old to twenty-three, when the doctor dismissed my case. After this I was advised by a kind friend to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, which I did and before I had taken two bottles of it I could work all day. I took in all six bottles of the 'Favorite Prescription' and about five vials of Dr. Pierce's Pellets. I used no other medicine. I have never had a return of this trouble since."

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets clear the complexion and sweeten the breath.

MYSTIC SHRINE COUNCIL.

Kansas City Chosen For the Meeting Next Year.

Washington, May 24.—The imperial council of the Mystic Shrine completed its twenty-sixth annual session here yesterday, after transacting considerable business of interest to the order. Kansas City was chosen as the Oasis where the tribes shall gather next year, and June 11 and 12 were fixed as the dates. Following a long established custom, each of the officers for the preceding year was moved forward to the position immediately ahead of the one occupied, the only new one chosen being the imperial outer guard. This distinction was unanimously given to Noble Henry A. Collins, Potentate of Rameses Temple, of Toronto, Can. The others, who were advanced one step each as stated, were as follows: Imperial potentate, Lou R. Winsor; imperial deputy potentate, Philip C. Akin; imperial assistant rabban, George H. Green; imperial high priest and prophet, George L. Brown; imperial Oriental guard, William S. Brown; imperial treasurer, Benjamin W. Rowell; imperial recorder, Henry A. Collins; imperial first ceremonial master, Rial S. Peck; imperial second ceremonial master, Alvah P. Clayton; imperial marshal, Archibald N. Sloan; imperial captain of guards, W. A. Alderman.

The long controversy over the question of admitting Za-Ga-Zig Temple of Des Moines, Iowa, to full affiliation with the other temples in the order, was settled affirmatively.

Last night President and Mrs. McKinley gave a special reception at the White House in honor of the visiting Shriners.

CROW WING DAM OUT.

Forty Million Feet of Logs Are Hung Up.

Little Falls, Minn., May 24.—Word has reached here of the going out of the main dam on the Crow Wing river, used for log-driving purposes. It was at the mouth of the Shell river, and its loss in this season of low water is a serious matter for the logging industry, as 40,000,000 feet of logs are now hung up when with the water stored up by the dam they could have been driven to mill. A dam at this point had previously been blown out by farmers, who claimed to be damaged, but the cause of this event is not definitely known.

SETBACK TO SPORT.

California Law Allowing Club Prize Fights Held Invalid.

San Francisco, May 24.—In deciding the Columbia Athletic club suit, which sought to restrain Chief of Police Sullivan from interfering with a proposed prize fight on the ground that such exhibitions by an incorporated club are permitted by section 412 of the penal code of California, Superior Judge Murasky has pronounced that section unconstitutional. If this decision stands the test of an appeal, an act of 1855, which makes prize fighting a felony and as punishment therefore imposes a fine of from $1000 to $5000, or imprisonment for not less than one year nor more than three, will again be in effect in this state.

ARREST FOR MURDER.

Frad Leeman Arrested By Sheriff of Itasca County.

La Prairie, Minn., May 24—(Special to The Herald.)—Yesterday Sheriff Tyndall arrested Fred Leeman on a telegram from Mora, charged with complicity in the murder of a man at a lumber camp, near Mora, five years ago. Fred says he can easily clear himself, and has no fear of the result.

Large and very fine pieces of almost pure copper have been discovered on the farm of John Fraser, adjoining La Prairie on the north. Mr. Fraser has sent his specimen away for assay. The ledge runs across forty acres and upon the agricultural state farm.

NEW YORK CONVENTION.

Statistics Concerning the Democratic State Convention Delegates.

New York, May 24.—The following are statistics concerning the delegates to the New York state Democratic convention: Total number of delegates, 450; necessary to instruct, 226; elected to date, 390; for Bryan, 171; uninstructed, 129; to be elected, 150.

WITH MASONIC HONORS.

Virginia, Minn., May 24.—M. D. L. Fuller, the Eveleth attorney, who died at Eveleth Saturday, was buried here Monday with Masonic honors. He was one of the directors of school district No. 22, and the teachers and other members of the board of the district were in attendance. He leaves a wife and two children. Mr. Fuller came here from Crystal Falls, Mich., in 1896. He was a brother of John L. Fuller, of Duluth.

FIRE AT CLOQUET.

Cloquet, Minn., May 24.—Fire totally destroyed the large general store of C. P. Peterson & Co. on Monday morning at 5 o'clock. The store was located in a part of the village called Johnsontown, about one mile from the business center, and before the fire department could reach the scene, the building and stock were reduced to ashes. The building was worth $2500. Insurance on stock and building, $3000.

LIEUT. MARTIN'S TRIAL.

New York, May 24.—E. H. Martin, second lieutenant of the Fifth artillery, U. S. A., will be tried by court-martial at Fort Hamilton today, charged with forging receipts to bills for goods delivered at the fort and then retaining the money with which he should have paid the bills.

AGAINST INSURANCE.

Berne, May 24.—A bill which the assembly had adopted, making compulsory the insurance against accident and illness of all persons not earning their own living, the confederation contributing towards the expense, was, upon being submitted to the people according to Swiss law, defeated on May 26 by a majority of 170,000, the vote standing 320,000 against the measure to 150,000 in its favor.

Girls, if you wish to be a June bride with red lips, laughing eyes, a lovely complexion, take Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.
DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER
Purifies as well as Beautifies the Skin. No other Cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan, Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 52 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): 'As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations.' For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canada and Europe. FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, Great Jones St., N. Y.

RISING BREAST

And other painful and serious ailments which so many mothers suffer, can be avoided by the use of "MOTHER'S FRIEND." This remedy is a God-send to women, because it carries them through their most critical ordeal with perfect safety and no pain. No woman who uses "MOTHER'S FRIEND" need fear the suffering and danger of child-birth—for it robs this ordeal of its horror and insures safety to mother and child. Our book, "Before Baby is Born," is worth its weight in gold to every woman, and will be sent free in plain envelope by Bradfield Regulator Company, Atlanta, Ga.

MOTHER'S FRIEND

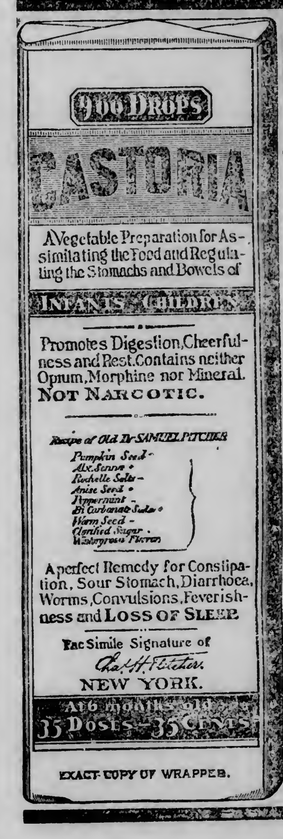
Northwestern Benevolent Society,

Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Claims paid to members over $270,000.

Insures Against Accident, Sickness and Death.

Agents Wanted in Wisconsin and Minnesota.


100 DROPS
CASTORIA
A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral.
NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed
Alx. Senna
Rochelle Salts
Anise Seed
Peppermint
Bi Carbonate Soda
Worm Seed
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
35 DOSES 35 CENTS

EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

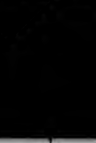
In Use For Over Thirty Years

CASTORIA

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

"HE THAT WORKS EASILY, WORKS SUCCESSFULLY." CLEAN HOUSE WITH

SAPOLIO



MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE"

This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all persons or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Dullness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Impotency and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents quickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

The reason sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** CUPIDENE the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money returned if 6 boxes does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.**, P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

Possess Baker's Premium Coffee A Luxury!

BIDS.

Bids will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, June 4, at the office of village recorder for laying, covering and furnishing all material for a water works pipe. The pipe to be 6-inch cast iron, and the amount to be laid, some 1200 feet more or less. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or bond equal to the amount of bid. Bids to be at so much per lineal foot. The village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Office of JACOB STEIN,
Village Recorder.
Eveleth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald—May-21-1900-10t.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
Original and Only Genuine.
SAFE, always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, PHILA., PA.
Mention this paper.

BIG G CURES in 1 to 5 days. Guaranteed not to stricture. Prevents contagion. THE EVANS CHEMICAL CO. CINCINNATI, O. U. S. A.

Big G is a non-poisonous remedy for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Spermatorrhœa, Whites, unnatural discharges, or any inflammation, irritation or ulceration of mucous membranes. Non-astringent. Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles, $2.75. Circular sent on request.

TRADE MARK
MALYDOR
INJECTION
THE 1 TO 4 DAY CURE
FOR MALE AND FEMALE.
For Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Leucorrhœa and Spermatorrhœa.
No Pain. No Stain. No Stricture. Free Syringe.
Prevents all Private Diseases of either Sex.
At Druggists, or sent to any address, for $1.00.
"Injection Malydor is 'The Best' of all similar remedies."
DR. HENRY RENY, Biddeford, Me.
MALYDOR MFG. CO., Lancaster, O., U. S. A.
For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth.

TRADE MARK
Palmo Tablets
CURE
NERVOUS DEBILITY.
(Old Age Postponed.)
The seat of Nervous Diseases is at base of brain. When the nerve cells at this point waste, a terrible decline of the system occurs. Nervous Debility, Atrophy, Varicocele, Failing Memory, Pain in Back, Insomnia, Etc., are symptoms of this condition. Neglected, it results in Paresis, Insanity, or Consumption. Palmo Tablets cure these ills by renewing starved cells, checking drains, and replacing weakness with strength and ambition. 50c. a box; 12 boxes (with iron-clad guarantee) $5. Send for Free Book.
50c.
HALSID DRUG CO., CLEVELAND, O.
For sale by Max Wirth, druggist, Duluth, Minn.

MADE ME A MAN
AJAX TABLETS POSITIVELY CURE
ALL Nervous Diseases—Failing Memory, Sleeplessness, etc., caused by over work and Indiscretions. They quickly and surely restore Lost Vitality in old or young, and fit a man for study, business or pleasure. Prevent Insanity and Consumption if taken in time. Their use shows immediate improvement and effects a CURE where all others fail. Insist upon having the genuine Ajax Tablets. They have cured thousands and will cure you. We give a positive written guarantee to effect a cure in each case or refund the money. Price 50 cts. per package, or six packages (full treatment) for $2.50 by mail, in plain wrapper, upon receipt of price. Circulars free.
AJAX REMEDY CO., 325 Dearborn St., Chicago, Ill.
For sale in Duluth, Minn., by Max Wirth, 12 West Superior street and S. F. Boyce, 335 West Superior street, druggists.

THE GRAIN MARKETS

Wheat Started Out Easier But Soon Rallied and Ruled Firm.

NO CABLE REPORTS

Owing to Holidays at Liverpool and Paris---Bullish Crop News.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 24.—The wheat market started out easy this morning but quickly developed a firm tone. The opening weakness was due to the bearish tone of the Price Current's weekly crop summary, and the subsequent advance was due to the lack of rain in the Northwest and unfavorable reports regarding the spring and winter crops. Owing to holidays at Liverpool and Paris there were no cable reports and this made the market quiet. The market ruled dull, but steady to the close which was practically unchanged from yesterday both here and at Chicago for the July option.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened ½@¾c off, at 67⅝c, sold up to 68c at 10:16, reacted to 67¾c at 10:20, and held steady at those figures. The close was at 67¾c, a shade under yesterday's final quotations. September started ½c lower, at 67¾c, and without trading, held firm, being quoted at 67⅞c at the close, which was the same as yesterday. Cash sales were 60,000 bus at ¼c under July. Oats, rye and barley were unchanged. Corn declined ¼c. Cash, May and September flax were unchanged, while October flax advanced ¼c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 69¼c; to arrive, 68¾c; May, 68¾c; July, 69⅝c; September, 68¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67¾c; to arrive, 67½c; May, 67¾c; July, 67⅝c; September, 67¾c. No. 2 northern, 65¾c. No. 3 spring, 63¾c. Oats, 27@22½c. Rye, 53½c. Barley, 36@38c. Flax, cash, $1.75; May, $1.75; September, $1.27; October, $1.29½. Corn, 36¾c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 109; corn, 25; oats, 1; rye, 1; flax, 3. Receipts—Wheat, 125,735; corn, 32,393; rye, 2526; barley, 586; flax, 916. Shipments—Wheat, 135,000; flax, 512.

Ship Your Grain to

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES THURSDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars $0.69¾
No. 1 hard, 2 cars 69¼
No. 1 northern, 10 cars 67½
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus 67¾
No. 1 northern, 4 cars 67⅝
No. 1 northern, 7,000 bus 67⅝
No. 1 northern, 1,000 bus 67⅝
No. 2 northern, 1 car 66½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 65½
No. 2 northern, 2,000 bus 65
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 66¼
No. 3 spring, 1 car 64½
Flax, 5,000 bus May 1.27
Flax, 5,000 bus September 1.27

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Wheat Firm and Other Cereals Easy ---Provisions Steady.

Chicago, May 24.—The wheat market was firm but quiet the fore part of today's session. The opening was easy, July 1@1¼c under yesterday at 67c, because of the bearish tone of the Price Current weekly crop summary. The lack of rain in the Northwest and other unfavorable reports concerning both the spring and winter crops caused a rally later, which sent July to 67¾c. Following this July eased to 67¼c on profit taking by traders, but the tone of the market was firm. There was no Paris or Liverpool cables on account of holidays, two things which conduced to the quietness here. Export bids were reported from numerous quarters but no particular business was done early in this line. Local receipts were 57 cars, none of which unofficially were graded, although there was a greater response from Illinois.

The close was easy, July ¼@⅜c under yesterday at 67⅜c.

The trade in oats was light and featureless early and the fluctuations were dictated by corn. July opened ¼@¾c down at 21¾@¾c and advanced to 22c, later sawing back to first figures. Receipts here were 262 cars.

Provisions were quiet but steady on light hog receipts and a firm market at the yards. July pork opened a shade higher at $11.47½@11.50, July lard 2½c up at $6.97½ and July ribs unchanged at $6.57½. There was a fair demand for ribs.

Close: Wheat, May, 68¾c; July, 67¼@¾c. Corn, May, 36⅝c; July, 37⅜c. Oats, May, 21⅞c; June, 21⅝@⅞c; July, 21⅝@⅞c. Pork, May, $11.35; July, $11.42½@11.45. Lard, May, $6.50; July, $6.95. September, $6.92½. Ribs, May, $6.57½; July, $6.57½; September, $6.55. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 72@8c; No. 3 red, 68@71c; No. 2 hard winter, 66@67½c; No. 3 hard winter, 62@66c; No. 1 northern spring, 67¾c; No. 2 northern spring, 66¾@67½c; No. 3 spring, 62½@66c. Corn, No. 2, 37½c; No. 3, 37½. Oats, No. 2, 23½@23c; No. 3, 22½c. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.80; Southwestern, $1.80; May, $1.80; September, $1.27; October, $1.22. Rye, May, 55½c; July, 53½c. Barley, 36@41c. Timothy, $2.40. Clover, $7.50.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, May 24.—The wheat market has been very dull and erratic, showing strength at one time by advancing to 67⅝@67⅞c on buying by shorts. The announcement of a large failure in New York had some slight influence on values, succeeding bringing about a decline which a speculatively dull market was not able to stand. The prices closed about steady at yesterday's figures. Liverpool and Paris were not quoted, being a holiday at both places. Wheat is without any particular feature today, except it be the persistency with which crop damage reports are being circulated. These would be more effective undoubtedly were they backed up by some practical belief in the shape of buying orders from the sections from which they come. Our market is speculatively so small at the present that it is difficult to maintain advances without support. We believe firmly in the bull side of wheat on all breaks and while a permanent advance may not be a matter of the immediate present we firmly believe that it will be before very long and that investment buying on all weak days will allow of good profits.

The absence of speculative interest in corn makes the effect of any unfavorable news decided and while today's market opened steady, a decline was experienced on the failure of a New York house and talk of a cargo of corn arriving at Philadelphia in bad condition. London was up a fraction. Shipping business slow. Offerings were small. We do not anticipate much action in corn at present, except on a scalping basis. There was a report today that corn is arriving East in bad condition, which if credited should have a bad effect upon the market. This is only temporary, however and with so many possibilities of corn reaching a high figure, purchases on breaks seem to us advisable.

The oat market has been slightly easier and without feature. There are freer Western offerings, fair local receipts. The weather is favorable for the growth.

The provision market is without any speculative interest whatever and in view of this fact and the passage of the German meat bill hostile to American imports to that country, the market has been quite strong. The market is without particular feature, but showing a statistical position which warrants the buying of provisions, especially of pork on any fair decline.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, May 24.—The wheat market opened firm on advices from the Northwest that the late rains up there were merely showers and scattered and have done no permanent good. Hail reports were also received from the winter wheat belt, and one of the largest elevator concerns in Kansas reported that the Kansas crop has deteriorated 25 per cent within the last week. Owing to absence of foreign news on account of holiday in the United Kingdom and on the continent the market has been dull with narrow fluctuations, closing same as last night at 67⅜c bid for July. Cash demand was quiet. Dry weather continues in the Northwest. Estimated receipts tomorrow 50 cars.

The corn market opened at the highest point of the day, but there is very little commission house buying, scalpers taking most of the offerings and not being able to force the market up they started to liquidate and the market slumped off easily from 37⅞ to 37¼c, closing at 37⅜c bid. Estimated receipts tomorrow 275 cars, which are somewhat larger than we have been having and the indications are that we shall have little increase in the near receipts. Cash demand, however, is good and cash corn is selling at full July price.

The oat market has been dull and steady today without any features. The weather is generally favorable for the crop. Estimated receipts for tomorrow 200 cars.

Provisions opened firm on higher hogs and ruled steady for a while but eased off later on decline in corn. Trade today was the dullest for months. No special business doing. We are getting heavy receipts of hogs everywhere, but no equal to last year. Cash trade is reported as slightly improved, but not enough to keep stock from accumulating. We expect to see some improvement but the load seems too heavy. Estimated 26,000 hogs for tomorrow.

Puts July wheat, 65¼@65¾-¾c.

Calls, July wheat, 65¾c asked @65¾@⅞c bid.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Du-luth.	Minne-apolis.	Chi-cago.	New York.
July—				
Open	67⅝B	65¾	67	72⅜
High	68	67⅝-¾	67½-⅝	73¾-78
Low	67⅝	65¾	67	72⅜
Close	67¾	65¼-⅜	67⅛-¼	72½B
September—				
Open	67¾B	65¾	...	73⅜
High	68	67¾	...	73½
Low	67¾	65¾	...	73¼-⅜
Close	67⅝B	65¾-½	...	73⅜B

May wheat at Chicago—Opening, 66¾c; high, 66⅞c; N; low, 66¾c N; close, 66⅜c.

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	21¾@21¾-⅞	37¾@37⅝	$11.47@$11.50
High	21⅞-22	37⅞	11.50
Low	21⅝-¾	37¼-⅜	11.42½ 11.45
Close	21⅞-¾	37⅜B	11.42½ 11.45

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bushels.	Shipments. Bushels.
New York,	245,950	21,676
Philadelphia	7,100	56,800
Baltimore	18,941	.....
Toledo	700	1,000
St. Louis	18,000	10,000
Boston	27,383	71,757
Chicago	20,050	19,228
Milwaukee	11,900	700
Minneapolis	263,070	24,360
Kansas City	42,900	70,850
Duluth	125,735	135,000

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 24.—Close, wheat in store—N. 1 northern, May, 65¾c; July, 65¾c; September, 65⅝@65¾c. On track—No. 1 hard, 67⅜c; No. 1 northern, 65½c; No. 2 northern, 64⅝c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 24.—Wheat, May, 71¾c; July, 72½c; September, 73⅜c. Corn, May, 41⅝c; July, 42⅜c; September, 42¾c.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 24.—Cattle—Receipts, 9000; active, steady to strong; good to prime steers, $5.10@5.80; poor to medium, $4.45@4.85; stockers and feeders, $3.50@5.10; cows and heifers, $3.25@5.25; Texas-fed steers, $4.00@5.25. Hogs—Receipts today, 26,000; tomorrow, 22,000; left over, 2955; active, 5@10c higher; mixed and butchers, $5.05@5.35; good to choice heavy, $5.25@5.35; rough heavy, $5.05@5.12½; light, $5.00@5.30; bulk of sales, $5.20@5.30. Sheep—Receipts, 11,000; slow, 10@15c lower; sheep, $4.50@5.30; lambs, $4.50@7.10. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 13,412; hogs, 28,699; sheep, 15,724. Shipments—Cattle, 2133; hogs, 5821; sheep, 584.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: Some large consignments of mules arriving on the market was the only interesting feature today in the movement of stock. The large volume of business done was on the more common grade horses. Delivery horses, common to good drivers and family horses had a fairly good disposal. In spite of the large supplies of superior quality horses on hand there was practically no demand for them. The market was lacking the usual class of buyers that has attended the sales the past two weeks. Prices weakened considerable on the better grade of horses, but held stationary on the common horses.

Drafters, choice	$105@150
Drafters, common to good	80@100
Farm mares, choice	100@175
Farm mares, common to good	60@100
Mules	80@130
Western horses	15@ 35

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.			
Creamery, extra	20	@	22
Creamery, choice	18	@	20
Dairies, fancy	17	@	17½
Dairy, fair	13	@	15
Packing stock	12	@	13
EGGS.			
Country, strictly fresh	11½	@	12
MAPLE SUGAR.			
Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1		10
CHEESE.			
Twins, flat, full cream, new.	11	@	12
Full cream, Young America.	12	@	
Swiss cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Brick cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primost	6	@	6½
HONEY.			
Fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden rod	13	@	14
Dark honey	12	@	13
Buckwheat, dark	12	@	13
PEAS AND BEANS.			
Fancy navy, per bus	2 40	@	2 50
Medium, hand-picked, bus	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus	1 90	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas	1 40		
FRUITS.			
Apples, per bbl	6 25	@	7 00

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,

324 West Superior Street. (St. Louis Hotel.)

Members of Chicago Board of Trade.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.

Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

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Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Private Wires to all Markets.

310 Board of Trade. Telephone 713

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Per Share— Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	155	139
Am. Exchange Bank	100	120	115
First Nat. Bank, Superior	100	100	95
L. S. Consol. Iron Mines		73	
Brotherton Iron Mine Co.	25	...	2¾
Great Lakes Towing Co.	100	...	65
American Ship Bldg. Co.	100	122	...
Globe Elevator Co	100	100	...
Consol. Elev. Co., 1st pfd.	100	...	100
Consol. Elev. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	99
Consol. Elev. Co., com.	100	60	28
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in REAL ESTATE, COMMERCIAL PAPER, MORTGAGE LOANS and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

Seedlings, California oranges	3 00	@	3 25
California navels	4 25	@	4 50
California lemons	3 25	@	3 50
Mediterranean sweets	3 25	@	3 50
Messina lemons, per box	4 50	@	5 00
Bananas	2 00	@	3 00
Cocoanuts, per doz	60	@	65
Dates, per lb	13	@	15
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Strawberries	1 50	@	1 75
LIVE POULTRY.			
Hens, old	10½	@	11½
Old roosters	8	@	9
Turkeys, fancy	10½	@	11
Turkeys, common	10		
Ducks	9	@	10
Geese	9	@	10
NUTS.			
Hickory nuts, large, per bus	1 50		
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Chestnuts, per lb	12	@	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb	14		
Soft shell almonds, per lb	17		
Brazils, per lb	8	@	9
Pecans, per lb	10	@	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb	8		
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½	@	6
POPCORN.			
Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½
CIDER.			
N. Y. sweet cider, per keg	2 75	@	3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	3 50	@	3 75
VEGETABLES.			
Hot house cucumbers	75	@	90
Potatoes, per bus	34	@	36
Beets, per bus	90	@	1 00
Radishes	20	@	25
Onions, green, doz bunches	12	@	15
Carrots, per bus	60	@	65
Rutabagas, per bus	40	@	50
Oyster plant, per doz	25	@	30
Horse Radish, per lb	10		
Parsley, per doz	35	@	40
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 00
Lettuce, per bus	75	@	90
Mint, per doz	30	@	50
Cabbage, new crates, per lb	3½	@	4
Parsnips, per bus	90	@	1 00
MEATS.			
Mutton	9½		
Lamb	10		
Veal, good	8½		
Veal, fancy	9½		
Beef, dressed	6	@	7½
Hogs	8		
BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.			
Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 75		
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 75		
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc	14 75		
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc	14 25		

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 24.—Butter, receipts, 6327 packages. Strong. Western creamery, 16@20c; factory, 14@16c. Cheese, receipts, 357 packages. Irregular. Fancy large white, 9½@9¾c; fancy large colored, 9½@9¾c; fancy small white, 9¾@10c; fancy small colored, 9¾@10c. Eggs, receipts, 13816 packages. Steady. State and Pennsylvania, 14@15½c. Western loss off, 13½@14c; Southern at mark, 10½@12c.

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 24.—Butter, firm; creameries, 15@19½c; dairies, 13½@15c. Eggs, strong; fresh, 11¾c. Dressed poultry, steady; turkeys, 6½c; chickens, 8@9c.

A NEWFOUNDLAND'S REVENGE.

A large Newfoundland dog belonging to a physician gives evidence of the intelligence generally alleged of the canine race. He is the mail carrier for the household, and is deeply impressed with the confidence reposed in his fidelity in the performance of his duty, says Rev. A. H. Nol in Our Dumb Friends. This fidelity seems to be recognized by his canine neighbors, and one of them, at least, has shown a mean disposition to take advantage of it, and to annoy the Newfoundland when thus engaged. This unsuspecting poodle is of spotless white, belonging to a lady of means, who employs a colored servant whose duty it is to give the poodle a daily bath and comb its hair. Gyp never attempted to molest the big Newfoundland when the latter was free to prevent it. Nor did he by any means molest his giant neighbor but twice when he was carrying his master's mail. The first time the Newfoundland treated Gyp's jumping up and snapping at his tail with dignified contempt. This emboldened Gyp to repeat the indignity the next morning, as the Newfoundland was returning home with a large bundle of letters in his mouth.

The Newfoundland never paused in his errand. He laid the package of letters on his master's desk and then turned back in the direction of the post-office. There was in his movements, as well as in his intelligent face, an air of quiet determination. But no one could guess his intentions until he reached the place where Gyp was standing, fresh from his morning toilet. He then turned quickly, seized the spotless poodle by the neck, and carried it across the sidewalk to the gutter. There had been a rain the night before, and the gutter was filled with muddy water. The Newfoundland dipped the poodle into the dirty water twice, then deposited the mud-bedraggled and humiliated dog upon the sidewalk and returned to his home quietly, without so much as a backward look at his victim.

A bystander was watching the entire proceeding and vouches for all these details, and for the dignity maintained by the Newfoundland as he administered what he evidently believed to be necessary discipline. And this witness' veracity is in no way impeached by his declaring that it seemed to him that the Newfoundland was positively laughing as it returned home.

TEST FOR WATER.

To detect impure water draw a tumblerful from the tap at night, put a piece of white lump sugar in it, and place it on the kitchen mantel shelf, or in any place where the temperature will not be under 60 degrees Fahrenheit. In the morning the water, if pure, will be perfectly clear; if contaminated by sewage or other impurities, the water will be milky, says the Baltimore Herald. This is a simple and safe test, well known by chemists.

PLANNED BY THE HOSTESS.

Tiny silver loving cups (each bearing on its side a monogram of the hostess beautifully engraved) served a double purpose at a recent dinner, says an exchange. First used for the sherbet, then removed and filled with violets and presented to the admiring guests as lasting souvenirs of the occasion.

A clever hostess not long since outdid her reputation for originality by serving terrapin in individual chafing dishes, a tiny spirit lamp burning under each one.

At ladies' luncheons little baskets of genuine birch-bark at each cover hold Maraschino cherries or cream-dipped Almeria grapes. Green leaves are ingeniously folded in horn-of-plenty shapes and placed on tiny flat plates of cut glass to hold unhulled strawberries.

Independent folks find comfort in an independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

ACTIVITY IN SUGAR

Large Dealings and the Stock Went Up and Down Frequently.

CLOSING WAS DULL

With Level of Prices Decidedly Above the Worst All Around.

New York, May 24.—There were large dealings in Sugar at the opening of the stock market at prices ranging up to 1¼ above last night. The fluctuations in the stock market were feverish. Other specialties as a rule showed small gains. Changes in the railroad stocks were small and mixed. In only a few of the high-priced specialties was there any degree of interest and the tendency was upward for a time on a demand from the shorts. Before 11 o'clock a vigorous drove against Sugar forced it well below yesterday's close. The general market sprang into greater activity than for several days past and in the entire list prices receded rapidly. Decided pressure was exerted against the Pacifics and metal stocks. Tennessee Coal and Iron and Colorado Fuel losing 2 points each. Missouri Pacific was advanced over a point on what looked like pool manipulation. Some other stocks were inclined to do better but the demand was so small that not much was gained. Tobacco, Sugar and the leaders from the steel stocks were offered very freely and the general market was distinctly heavy at noon, some stocks going below the former low point. Bonds were dull and irregular.

Attention on the stock exchange continued to be absorbed in the closing out of contracts of the failed firm stock being both sold and bought for their account. In the absence of other operations the market became very dull and irregular. There were sharp recoveries where there were indications that the liquidation of certain stocks had been completed. Sugar fell back to the lowest and St. Paul and the steel stocks showed the greatest weakness. Sugar again rallied 2 points. The movements of prices became extremely confused in the late dealings but the level was decidedly above the worst all around and net losses in the railroads were generally reduced to fractions. The closing was almost stagnant and irregular.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	113½	116¾	112	113⅝
Am. Steel Wire, com	34⅞	35	33⅝	33⅝
Am. Tobacco	93	93¾	91¼	92¾
Atchison, com.	25¼	25¼	25	25⅛
Atchison, pfd.	71¼	71⅝	69⅞	70⅜
Brooklyn Rap. Tran	71	72	70¾	71
C., M. & St. P.	116¼	116¾	114⅜	115⅝
C., B. & Q.	126½	126⅞	125½	125¾
C. & N. W.	165⅜	165⅜	163⅞	163⅝
Fed. Steel com.	34⅜	35	33	33⅝
Fed. Steel, pfd.	66¾	66¾	65⅜	66¼
Great Western	12⅝	12½	12	12¼
L. & N.	80¼	80⅝	78½	79¼
Manhattan	91	91	89¾	89¾
Mo. Pacific	56¾	57	55¾	56⅜
Nor. Pacific, com.	60	60⅜	59½	60
Nor. Pacific, pfd.	75	75	74¼	74½
People's Gas	101	101	98¾	99
Rock Island	106⅝	106⅝	105¾	106⅜
So. Pacific	34⅝	34½	32⅞	33½
Tenn. & C. I.	75¾	75¾	72	73¼
U. S. Leather, pfd.	68¾	68¾	67¾	68¼
Union Pacific, pfd.	74	74	73⅝	73⅝
Union Pacific, com.	54⅝	54⅝	53¾	53¾
Western Union	78¾	80	78⅜	79⅝
Great Northern	154	154	152	153
Leather, com.	11¾	11¾	10⅞	11
Money	1½@2	2	1⅜	1½

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, May 24.—Consols for money, 101 5-16; for the account 101⅜.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 24.—Money on call nominally 1½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent; sterling exchange heavy with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½@4⅞ for demand and $4.84¾@4.84⅞ for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88½. Silver certificates, 69@69c; bar silver, 69c. Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds irregular. Refunding 2s, when issued, $1.03½; 2s registered, 99½; 3s registered and coupon, $1.08¾; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.31¾; old 4s registered and coupon, 21.15½; 5s registered, $1.13½; coupon, $1.13¾.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 24.—Clearings, $19,830,102. balances, $2,637,044; posted exchange, $4.85½@4.89½; New York exchange, 10c premium.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 24.—The cotton market opened steady at an advance of 1 point (on July only) to a decline of 1 point and immediately became weak under enormous selling by longs and shorts from all quarters, with the summer months bearing the brunt of the pressure. July option sold at $8.88 to begin with but during the progress of the fall fell point after point until $8.77 was reached amid abnormal excitement. Liverpool sent no cables, owing to the holiday in England, but this failed to in any way arrest speculation or the confidence of shorts here.

Cotton spot closed nominal, 1c decline. Middling uplands, 9 1-16c; middling gulf, 9 9-16c; sales, 500 bales. Cotton futures closed irregular. May, $8.8; June, $8.45; July, $8.43; September, $7.92; October, $7.71; November, $7.60; December, $7.59. January, $7.67; February, $7.63; March, $7.65.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, May 24.—Closes: Adventure, 15; Allouez, 1½@2; Anaconda, 42@43; Arcadian, 17@18; Arnold, 56¼; Amalgamated, 87½@88; Atlantic, 23½; Baltic, 19 bid; Bingham, 7⅝; Bonanza, 13@14; Boston and Montana, 260@266; Boston Consolidated, 17@18; Butte and Boston, 64@65; Calumet and Hecla, 755; Centennial, 16¾@17½; Cochiti, 9½; Copper Range, 70 asked; Dominion Coal, 42; Elm River, 3¾; Franklin, 13½; Humboldt, 3; Isabella, 14½; Isle Royale, 24@25½; Mass, 6¼@6¾; Michigan, 4½@5; Mohawk, 145@153; Old Colony, 250@5; Old Dominion, 17; Osceola, 85@90½; Oil, 15½; Parrott, 41@42; Pioneer, 50 asked; Quincy, 133½@136; Rhode Island, 4@4½; Santa Fe, 5; Tamarack, 191@195; Tecumseh, 2½@3; Tri-Mountain, 7½@8; Union Land, 2@3; Utah, 26¾@27½; Victoria, 2@4½; Winona, 3; Wolverine, 38¼@39; Wyandotte, 2 asked; Zinc, 12 bid.

LAUNDERING TABLECLOTHS.

The beautiful laundering of tablecloths is the test of an ironer's skill. They must have just enough body not to seem the bars they will acquire a "rough-dry" and there should be a satin-finished surface. The right body may be given to table linen by adding a quart of starch to the last rinse-water—a good tubful. Whether this is done or not they must be made very wet in the sprinkling, and ironed until perfectly dry, says an exchange.

No matter how smoothly they are ironed, if they are moist when hung on the bars they will acquire a "rough-dry" appearance. A special cloth for "best occasions" may be dried after rinsing (without starch in the water) then wet entirely and run through the wringer, then laid on a sheet or row run together, and rolled up tightly over night. It will take a very long time to iron that cloth until perfectly dry, but it will be like new, only handsomer.

Madison, Wis., $9.65, Via North-western Line.

Join the party and attend the convention of high school principals in Madison May 24 and 25. Tickets 405 West Superior street.

WINDING UP.

The Presbyterian Assembly is Getting Through With Its Business.

St. Louis, May 24.—There was a perceptible decrease in the attendance at the Presbyterian general assembly today. Some of the weightier matters having been disposed of, a number of committees left for their homes. All reports have been submitted and with the exception of the Peoria overture, which occupied the assembly this forenoon, the remaining business will be mainly routine.

The second order of business this forenoon was the report of the standing committee on the board of publication and Sabbath school work. The report was given close attention.

Stated Clerk Roberts announced that if the business in hand today shall be disposed of the assembly will adjourn Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock.

Governor James L. Mount, of Indiana, who will preside at the echo meeting of the ecumenical council this afternoon, was introduced and made a brief address.

Rev. Dr. Isaac Cornelison, chairman of the special committee and champion of the Peoria overture said the Peoria overture was not intended to be an expression against any of the officers of the assembly. It was an expression against the method of appointment. There were possible evils in the present methods. The suspicion of an evil in the church, he said, was an evil. He met the objection that the Peoria overture was cumbersome and impracticable. He admitted that it appeared confused on its face and so was the financial theory, but once tried, it gave satisfaction.

He then explained the "odd and even" features of the minority report. The Peoria overture, he declared, did not question the integrity of the moderator, but it did question one man's ability to appoint intelligently and justly, the large number of men required for the committees.

At this point, the hour for the second of the order of the day having arrived, further discussion of the minority report was postponed until Friday morning.

The second order of business was taken up. Rev. Dr. George F. Pentlcost, D.D., chairman of the standing committee on the report of the board of publication and Sabbaath school work, presented the report.

Following the reading of the report and the recommendations, Dr. Pentlcost spoke in support of the work of the education board and pleaded for its support.

Rev. E. R. Craven, D.D., chief secretary of the board, then stated that the value of literature that was being spread broadcast was wonderful. He said the work was prospering, but the board needed the means to quadruple it.

The report and recommendations of the standing committee were adopted. A recess was then taken.

TAMING A WILD GIRL.

Difficulties Are Enhanced By Her Total Deafness.

One of the most unique pupils of the deaf and dumb institution of Knox county, Ind., is Rhoda Hewitt, a stout, sun-tanned girl of between 13 and 16 summers. When she was brought to the school it was learned that she had lived a wild sort of life on an out-of-the-way farm, spending much of her time wandering around in the woods and fields, and often sleeping a night under the hedge row or in a fence corner, says the Indianapolis Sentinel. Her mother died when the girl was very young, and the father had not the time nor perhaps the ability to tell her, after she lost her hearing at the age of 3 years of age, of the world about her. She grew up one of nature's own children.

When she was brought to the school she was in great terror. She hung her head and threw her hands before her face to hide from the gaze of strangers. She had never in her life, it was told, been to Monroe City, the nearest town to her home, and had never seen many other human beings than her father.

The strangers at the school were at first looked on as enemies. She would strike, kick and bite when they approached. This savageness of temper lasted about three weeks, when she began to appreciate that no one would do her harm, but that all wanted to be kind to her.

Rhoda was put in Miss Elizabeth Ray's class. For three weeks she cried, hid her face, and repelled all advances with kicks or fisticuffs or threats to use her eleven dollars. By degrees she came to learn that no harm would be done, and began to look up and take a human interest in those about her.

Her teacher and the other pupils in the class showed affection for her by stroking her arm or shoulder, but it was a long time before this met with response. Rhoda is one of the most affectionate pupils in Miss Ray's class, and rarely passes her teacher without touching her in an affectionate way characteristic of the deaf. Sometimes the affection is shown by a rather too severe blow in the back, and one of the teacher's duties is to make her understand that great physical force is not essential in affection.

When Rhoda was in a pugnacious and inconsolable state of mind many ways were tried to comfort her. She was shown a picture book. This engaged her attention a little while. She recognized the picture of a cow, and apparently thought of home, for she began to cry, and, pointing as if toward home, said: "Papa, papa." This word and "baby" she could speak when she came to school—words she had learned to articulate before she lost her hearing.

She has already learned from the other children what it is to die. The children are forbidden to say that any one lies. Rhoda made a sign indicating this the other day, and was punished by being put in a seat separate from the other children. She understood the purpose of the punishment, for she told her teacher afterward that she had used the word lie, and had been made to sit apart from the other children.

Her conception of a Creator is difficult to learn. The teacher takes many occasions to try to impress upon her some notion of God and Rhoda has learned to point upward, as if to an unseen power, when she is asked about the Maker and Preserver of all.

Her development has been so fast since she came to the school that it is difficult to learn how fast it has gone. She seems to understand many things that she has no way to express.

The first word she associated with an object was "shoe." She can say shoe in a rudimentary fashion. She reads and imitates the motions of the teacher's lips when she wants to express a word for an object. She now knows sixteen words. When the teacher points out the picture of a cow on a chart, Rhoda can write the word "cow" on the blackboard.

RICE SNOWBALLS.

Boil three ounces of rice in one pint of milk, flavored with essence of almonds and sweetened to taste, until the rice is tender, adding a little more milk if necessary. Put the rice in small teacups and let it remain until cold. Then turn them on a glass dish, and pour a custard round, and on the top of each ball place a small lump of currant jelly or strawberry jam. To make the custard use one pint of milk, three eggs, three ounces of loaf sugar, a little almond flavoring. Put the milk in a lined saucepan with the sugar and flavoring. Bring it to the boiling point, then strain into a basin, whisk the eggs well, and strain this mixture into a jug. Place the jug in a sauce pan of boiling water on the fire; keep stirring the custard one way until it thickens, but on no account allow it to boil. Take it off the fire and when half cold pour over the snowballs.

REPORT ON LABOR LAW

Industrial Commission Has Completed Its Work on General Labor Laws.

IS FOR UNIFORMITY

Recommendation That State Laws Should Agree Is Not Unanimous.

Washington, May 24.—The industrial commission has completed its report on general labor laws and it will be forwarded to congress Saturday. This report, it is said, will be of as much or greater importance than the report on trusts. It has been found possible to make a number of specific recommendations, one of the principal being that labor laws be made uniform through the states.

The report will not be unanimous, however, as a number of the Southern members of the commission are more radical in their views on this question. As a result there will be several minority reports.

The report also will contain a digest of national and state labor legislation.

CARNEGIE'S BIG DEAL.

Closes a Contract With the American Bridge Company.

Pittsburg, Pa., May 24.—The Carnegie Steel company has closed a $300,000,000 contract with the American Bridge company, the new combine of steel bridge building concerns which has just been organized.

The contract was a portion of the consideration for the Keystone Bridge works, owned by the Carnegie company at Fifty-first street and the Allegheny Valley railroad. The Keystone works are one of the largest and best equipped in the country, and the Carnegie company refused to become a party to the combination without a provision being made for the disposal of some of its structural steel. The combine was accomplished on the second attempt, the first falling last fall, largely on account of the attitude of the Carnegie company.

It is understood that by the sale Carnegie secures a contract to furnish 75 per cent of the structural steel used by the

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LARGEST CIRCULATION IN DULUTH

Herald's Circulation High-Water Mark...

17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 24.—Scattered and light showers fell yesterday or last night over Saskatchewan, Manitoba, Northern Minnesota, Northern Michigan, Southeastern Wisconsin, Iowa, Nebraska and Tennessee. The temperature changes have been slight. Barometric pressures are highest over Nebraska and Kansas, and lowest over Alberta. The weather in the lake region is partly cloudy to cloudy and mild, with light southerly winds over Lake Superior, and light to fresh northerly winds over lake Michigan, except moderately brisk northeast at Chicago.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Battleford	38	Memphis	60
Bismarck	46	Miles City	52
Calgary	38	Milwaukee	52
Chicago	54	Minnedosa	44
Davenport	56	Moorhead	42
Denver	56	North Platte	42
Detroit	60	Oklahoma	64
Dodge City	52	Omaha	60
Duluth	56	Port Arthur	44
Edmonton	42	Prince Albert	40
Escanaba	48	Qu' Appelle	40
Green Bay	58	Rapid City	54
Havre	42	Shreveport	68
Helena	52	St. Louis	62
Huron	44	St. Paul	56
Kansas City	62	Sault Ste. Marie	46
La Crosse	50	Swift Current	36
Lander	48	Williston	36
Marquette	54	Winnipeg	44
Medicine Hat	64		

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Generally fair tonight and Friday; light and fresh winds, mostly easterly and southerly.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 24.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy tonight and Friday. Minnesota—Fair tonight, probably becoming unsettled west portion Friday. Upper lakes: Variable winds; partly cloudy weather.

Big Business Expected Fails to Come.

Before the summer season opened there were predictions that there would be a tremendous rush of visitors from the United States to the Paris exposition and that accommodations on the ocean steamships would be at a premium. Everyone intending to go to Paris was urged to secure tickets months in advance of the date they expected to go or they would find it impossible to obtain passage. But there has been no rush that the boats could not handle, and the extraordinarily large business expected by the steamship lines has not made its appearance. New York advices state that there has been a remarkable falling off in trans-Atlantic travel within the past ten days. Engagements of berths and state rooms have been cancelled right and left. This is said to be due to the fact that American interest in the Paris exposition is not so great as was expected. The enormous demand of the hotels of Paris, where it is understood that only ordinary accommodation may be had at $6 per day, coupled with the fact that the exposition will not be completed for several months, are said to be the reasons why many who had expected to go abroad are not going this year. Two trans-Atlantic lines are now discussing the advisability of ending the summer rates of transportation in August as a special inducement to travelers. The winter rates, which are in some cases 40 per cent below those fixed for what is known as the summer period, usually go into effect Oct. 1 and end in March, the summer prices running between April 1 and Sept. 30. A main deck $100 room under the winter rate costs $140 in summer. There was a great rush to Europe at the beginning of this season, but the falling off is said to be in evidence even now. The exception applies to ships of certain lines, which are able to carry only 250 cabin passengers, and which will go full all through the season. The agent of one of the lines is quoted as follows: "The slump for July bookings is unprecedented. Just what the reason is cannot be fully stated now, but the matter is being investigated. One ship went away to Europe today not more than half filled. The vessel is an unusually good one, with superior accommodations, and in other seasons at this time would go away with 90 per cent more saloon passengers than she carried today. The fact that she left without her regular complement shows that the falling off in travel applies to May as well as to July. We have made inquiries of our out-of-town agents and find that those who had cancelled their bookings did so because of the high prices charged by the Parisian hotels and the unfinished condition of the exposition. No other reason can be assigned for the slump in July."

Many Ways of Robbing the Cubans.

The Neely defalcation is not the only thing in connection with the administration of Cuban affairs by Republican officials that is furnishing Democratic campaign material. The revision of the Cuban tariff has brought to notice the part that the beef trust had in the work of charging certain schedules. The special need of Cuba at this time, it is stated, is a plentiful supply of cattle. The end of the war found the country practically without stock of this sort, and Robert P. Porter and others pleaded for a sweeping reduction in the tariff on all classes of cattle. The tariff was finally fixed at $1 a head. At this the beef trust rejoiced, and there was every indication that a big business would be done in supplying the needs of the island. Oxen were wanted by the tens of thousands by the big sugar plantations, and heifers and calves were demanded to re-stock the depleted potreros of the four Western provinces. It was soon found, however, that the Cubans were buying their cattle from Honduras and other Central American republics, while Mexico's large ranches were also being called upon. But few shiploads were sent from Texas or other sections of the United States. The reason was a simple one. The Southern cattle were from regions of the same climatic character as Cuba, and the cattle imported from the hot countries stood the change better than those from the United States. This was not pleasing to the large ranch owners of this country, however, and now the wily scheme has been hit upon of raising the tariff from $1 to $2 a head. This increase is just enough to shut out the Central American and Mexican cattle, but it lets in those from the United States at a small, but certain profit. Of course the Cuban gets hit hard in this deal, but then the opportunity for employing methods of this sort had not occurred before in many years, and the beef trust must be cared for. There are many ways of robbing the unprotected Cuban, and the McKinley administration may be expected to discover all of them. Imperialism offers many opportunities for looting.

REPLIES ARE IMPORTANT.

The blank schedules to be used in the next census are now being distributed by the census office to the enumerators, who will start to work on June 1. The schedules contain questions which some people may think prying, purposeless, or excessive in number, and with a view of removing this idea as far as possible the census bureau is now soliciting the aid of the newspapers to explain the importance of the questions and to point out that all of them have been asked in previous censuses, and that the only important change since 1890 is that some questions have been abandoned.

For instance, people are often offended at the question, "How old are you?" and are apt to wonder what use the government can make of their replies. Taken as a whole, the replies are as important as any class of information the census office collects. Age returns penetrate and elucidate every other branch of statistical knowledge. They show where child labor is prevalent, and where the proportion of persons able to support themselves is large or small. They reveal the great number of colored children and the short life of the negroes under present conditions. They make it possible to ascertain whether the average length of life is increasing or decreasing, how many men the nation contains who are capable of voting or of bearing arms, and whether the relative number of children is increasing or decreasing.

In Mohammedan or semi-civilized countries like India, householders are often unwilling to answer the question regarding the sex of persons in the house, but in civilized countries where the sexes are regarded as on an equality, such unwillingness does not appear. The answers to the questions show that in nearly all cities the females outnumber the males and that the same is true of most of the states along the Atlantic coast. The belief is widespread that, taking the world in general, there are more females alive at any given time than males, and that if it were not for immigration there would be more females in the United States than males. But census statistics show that we can not explain the great excess of males (over 1,500,000) in the United States by immigration alone, for when the foreign-born are left out of account, there are still above 600,000 more males than females.

Few would dispute the necessity for asking questions regarding race. All arguments regarding the future of any particular race in this country, like the Indian, the negro or the Chinaman, must hinge upon the returns in the census. With the Indians, moreover, it is of the highest importance to learn what success the policy of the government has met with in establishing them apart from their tribes and reservations, and whether such Indians are increasing or decreasing.

Some mothers may shrink from stating the number of children they have had and the number who are living. But from the answers to these questions the country will learn whether the native American population is holding its own, or whether, as some have claimed, it is being gradually supplanted and displaced by the children of recent immigrants.

In the light of such explanations, and only a few of the most important questions have been touched upon, it may perhaps be clear to the public that no question has been ordered by congress, or has been asked by the census office, which, if properly and correctly answered, will not lead to suggestive inferences regarding the American people and their work.

CALIFORNIA DOUBTFUL.

The Topeka State Journal expresses the opinion that while the slatemakers are summing up the states Mr. McKinley will carry and those that will declare for Mr. Bryan in November, he will be a wise prophet that places California in the doubtful list. It says there are several pointed reasons for this statement, but the most pronounced one is the action of the state Republican convention held May 16 in which John D. Spreckels, sugar king and owner of the San Francisco Call, was defeated for a delegate-at-large to Philadelphia. This was the result of a bitter fight made by the Chronicle on Dan M. Burns, the candidate of the Southern Pacific railroad for the United States senate last winter. The Chronicle won and Mr. Burns was defeated. But now the friends of Burns and the Southern Pacific retaliate by defeating Editor Spreckels in his ambition to go as a delegate to the national Republican convention.

The Call now declares that the Republican state convention was ruined by the Southern Pacific railroad and was a farce.

The Chronicle, the other big San Francisco Republican daily paper, edited by M. H. De Young, is also disgruntled because the state convention endorsed the administration of Governor Gage which both the Chronicle and Call declare has been corrupt. This makes the two big Republican newspapers of California at outs with their party.

In 1896 the electoral vote was very close. In fact, Mr. Bryan secured one and Mr. McKinley eight of the state's votes. President McKinley had 146,170 and Mr. Bryan 143,373. These facts would seem to make California a doubtful state.

BLACKMAILERS CONFOUNDED.

The Philadelphia politicians who tried to blackmail ex-Postmaster General John Wanamaker recently were taught a lesson that they will not soon forget. They were engaged in an attempt to raid the city treasury when the North American, a paper owned by Mr. Wanamaker's son, turned the light upon them to their discomfiture. They tried to drive the paper off by threatening Mr. Wanamaker with exposure through certain affidavits about himself which they had been collecting for eight months. But the merchant promptly gave them defiance by showing them the door and at once publishing the threat.

The history in brief of the transaction is this: Mr. English, the director of public safety, who is the official at the head of the Philadelphia police system, called upon John Wanamaker and demanded that he put a stop to the attacks on the city administration made by the North American, which is owned by Mr. Wanamaker's son. On this demand being emphatically refused, Mr. English said:

"Very well. Then I want to give you notice that for eight months we have been looking up your personal record from the time you were postmaster general. We have followed you throughout Washington, Philadelphia, New York and even in Europe, and we have fortified ourselves with affidavits against you, and since you have been attacking other people we will now take our turn on you."

Evidently they thought this threat would prove effective, but they did not know Mr. Wanamaker. He had nothing in his private or public life to conceal, and he was not afraid of the public believing anything that this corrupt gang of political spoilsmen might say. They received a quick and decisive answer. Mr. Wanamaker laughed at their threat, and told them to go ahead. Then he ordered them out of his office, and they went. The next day the North American told the whole story of the threat made against Mr. Wanamaker, and the gang of blackmailers was confounded.

Such a bold and audacious attack, at once on the freedom of the press and the inviolability of private life, has rarely been equalled in the history of American politics. Coming as it did from officers whose duty it is to protect these rights from assault, the act is one which should arouse the indignation of every person in Philadelphia, and should drive all concerned from public office to private life. Mr. Wanamaker has performed a great service in making these matters public. He is to be commended. The mayor of Philadelphia should at once demand and secure the resignation of Mr. English, but there is no sign that he will do so, because he is a politician of the same stamp.

In an article in the New York World, George Cary Eggleston offers some good advice to the boys who are about to finish their school days. He says that in choosing a career no boy should be misled by the cry that the professions and higher walks of life are overcrowded. He says it is a melancholy but indisputable fact that the lower walks of industry are immesurably more overcrowded. The best thing for a young man to do is to decide that the whole world is more or less overcrowded, but that ability backed by persistent industry can make a place for itself anywhere. Mr. Eggleston advises the boys to measure their capacities without fear or favor, to find out what they can do best in a world that insists on capacity as the measure of reward, and then to equip themselves for that work as well as they can. The rest will take care of itself.

Former United States Senator Henderson of Missouri, who makes his permanent home in Washington, and who is recognized as a leader of the anti-imperialistic movement inside the Republican party, has startled the administration leaders by his unequivocal declaration that there will be a Republican anti-imperialistic party in the field this year. Mr. Henderson does not pretend to offer figures for the purpose of showing what percentage of the Republican party will join the movement, but it will be large enough to look formidable, to Mr. McKinley's managers. The question of nominating an independent ticket has also been considered and will be taken up at a conference that is to be held in Washington in July.

Some of the Republican leaders are still talking of nominating Roosevelt for vice president, despite his refusal to become a candidate. They say he would accept it, if it were thus forced upon him. But Roosevelt would have a precedent in declining a nomination to the vice presidency after it had been given to him. Silas Wright, of New York, was placed on the Democratic ticket with James K. Polk in 1844, and he arose in convention to refuse the honor. A day and a night were spent in the effort to induce him to accept, but without success. If Mr. Wright had not declined the honor he would have become vice president, for the Democratic presidential ticket that year was elected.

Gen. John Beatty, of Columbus, Ohio, one of the leading Republicans of the state who are opposed to the imperialist policy of the administration, is not favorable to the idea of a third ticket. We can make a surer shot, he says, by voting directly for the Democratic candidate. The silver issue "is practically dead and damned." The great issue will be the Declaration of Independence, and while Bryan is not perfect and will be followed by a lot of fool friends, "talking all sorts of rotten rubbish," Gen. Beatty thinks he is still greatly to be preferred to the candidate who stands for imperialism and alien conquest.

Secretary Root closed his statement regarding the extra salaries granted to a number of army officers in Cuba by referring to an act of congress in 1894, which legalized the extra allowances that had been made to army officers who had performed civil functions in Mexico during the Mexican war. But that act proves that in 1894 extra allowances were deemed so questionable as to call for special legislation legalizing them, and, if anything, it shows that the government had no authority to grant extra salaries to officers in Cuba without the permission of congress.

A new use for the phonograph has been found in New South Wales, where a candidate who found it impossible to visit all parts of the sparsely-settled region he wished to represent in the legislature, dictated his speech into an instrument and sent a number of copies about for his constituents to hear, a large picture of himself helping the voters to know who they were voting for. The Springfield Republican thinks that in case of danger of rotten-egging, this plan would offer decided advantages to the political aspirant.

It has been charged that the Filipinos inflict shocking indignities on American prisoners, but they hardly outdo our own officers in the barbarity business. A late report from Manilla says John Farrel of the Fourteenth volunteers is a raving maniac as a result of having been tied to a stake in the boiling sun for eight hours at the instance of one Col. Daggett.

When the fact could no longer be concealed the San Francisco board of health made public acknowledgement that bubonic plague has existed in the city for some time and that there have been six deaths from the disease. Since the disease has not spread any further, it may be concluded that it has been stamped out.

The Chicago Tribune has repeated its annual joke by saying that "the great and only place of summer resort in the United States is Chicago." Every one knows that there is only one hotter place than Chicago in the summer.

This is the anniversary of Queen Victoria's birthday, but the News Tribune failed to repeat its advice of a year ago that the day be celebrated in Duluth. It evidently has learned something.

"Let no guilty man escape," said President Grant. The McKinley administration should follow this advice in handling the Cuban scandal.

Perhaps the Montana muddle will end in Marcus Daly getting the senatorship. He has earned it by his untiring pursuit of Mr. Clark.

One of the new Methodist bishops has a shapely and luxuriant moustache. Will it be tolerated on a bishop?

Be sure to have your name included in the coming census. It may be your last chance.

For Quick Fires.

Sioux City Journal: Somebody has been stealing Chicago city water. In view of some recent incidents in connection with the Chicago river, the presumption is that the thieves want the water to use for kindling.

The Dear Thing.

Chicago Record: "How do you like my engagement ring, Laura?" "It's beautiful, Julia, beautiful. Honestly, it sparkles so that I couldn't tell it from a real diamond."

SHORT STORIES

By C. W. Ericson.

How particular are you in the selection of your nearest friend? Your

SUMMER UNDERWEAR.

We can satisfy any and all fancies.

Balbriggan—good—25c and 35c per garment.

Balbriggan—selects—50c.

Double seated Drawers, (Balbriggan), 50c.

Elegant Cashmeres, 50 cents a garment.

Fancy Stripes at 50 cents a garment.

Fancy Stripes—better—at 75 cents and $1 a garment.

Choice all-wool feather weight $1.00, $1.50 garment—comfort gleams in every fibre.

C. W. ERICSON.

Reliable Clothier.

PIMPLES

Are you pleased with these eruptions on your face? Do you like the idea of letting every one know your blood is impure and your vitality low? That you are weak and languid? Why allow this poisonous matter to force itself out in pimples?

Ayer's Sarsaparilla

takes away all these disfigurements by taking away all impurities from the blood.

For 50 years it has been making the skin clear for countless thousands of persons.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists.

"I had a great many bunches come out on my head and a breaking out all over my body. I tried many remedies, but they did me no good. Then I thought of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Before I had taken half a bottle the bunches and rash were gone and I felt like a new man."

M. A. WALL.
Nov. 17, 1898. Bentley Creek, Pa.

Write the Doctor—If you have any complaint whatever, write us all about it. You will receive the best medical advice free. Address, DR. J. C. AYER, Lowell, Mass.

LIGHTLY PUT.

Puck: De Witte—I really don't know how I have offended you. Miss Cuttinge—You don't? De Witte—No. Will you accept my apology and tell me what it's all about?

Chicago Tribune: The Bridesmaid (after the ceremony)—Weren't you frightened nearly to death?

The Bride—Frightened? Why, I could hardly keep from laughing right out, to see how ridiculous poor Harry looked.

Detroit Free Press: Bingo—How long is your wife going to be away this summer?

Kingley—I don't know. I haven't figured up yet how much I can get into debt.

Chicago Post: "I have seen it stated that any girl who marries a man under 25 years of age is taking big chances," he casually remarked.

"I do so love to gamble," she answered enthusiastically.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Is Biffer's daughter making satisfactory progress with her piano studies?"

"Very—for the teacher. It's $2 a lesson and the job seems a permanent one."

Philadelphia Press: "I can't find words," exclaimed the moral man, "to express my disgust for the man who uses his religion as a cloak. He's everything that's bad."

"He certainly is foolish, to say the least," remarked the practical man, "for religion such as his is necessarily so flimsy he's liable to catch cold in it."

Chicago Tribune: "I have heard a great deal," said the argumentative boarder, "about 'splitting hairs,' but I'd like to have somebody show me how it's done."

"That's not hard," answered the dialectic boarder. "First catch your hair—"

At this moment, providentially, the welsh rabbit was brought on.

Baltimore American: "What is your greatest household expense?" asked the first deaf and dumb man.

"Matches," wiggled the fingers of the second.

"Matches?" came the surprised inquiry from the astonished hand of the first man. "Yes, I talk in my sleep, and my wife always lights a match to see what I am saying."

One More on Maud.

Maud Muller, on a summer's day,
Called "Number, please?" to earn her pay.

Before her, numbers printed small,
Fell down when anyone would call.

The judge took down his office 'phone,
And made to Maud his wishes known.

Said he, "I'll ask you just once more,
For four-eleven-forty-four."

Said Maud, as mild as summer seas,
"What number did you ask for, please?"

Said he, "I told you twice before,
It's four-eleven-forty-four."

Said Maud, and you could hear her smile,
"Just hold the 'phone a little while."

A weary interval ensued,
The wires hummed an interlude.

And broken bits of talk came o'er
The 'phone, and made the waiter sore.

The wishbone-shaped receiver hook
He seized upon and wildly shook.

Till Maudie's voice he heard once more,
"What number are you waiting for?"

The judge responded with a roar,
"It's four-eleven-forty-four."

Serenely Maud made answer then,
"That line is busy; call again."

The judge had business late that day,
And so he merely walked away.

But as he walked he shook his head,
And this is what he sadly said:

"Of all the words of tongue or pen
The d—dest are 'Busy; call again.'"

—Portland Oregonian.

Rahilly's Stolen Speech.

Boston Herald: The deadly parallel column plays havoc with the speech of the Hon. Patrick H. Rahilly, nominating Ignatius Donnelly as a candidate for vice president at the middle-of-the-roaders' convention. This speech was reckoned the oratorical gem of the occasion, and now it turns out that it is the same as that originally made by Daniel Dougherty naming Grover Cleveland for the presidency twenty years ago. It is just a plain, barefaced steal, with only a word or two changed here and there. If Ignatius Donnelly is the sort of a person he has the reputation of being, he will became a nomination thus inspired. He may be a crank, but he doesn't deserve to stand as a beneficiary of stolen goods.

Pointers By Pease.

Anoka Union (Rep.): They are it—the office holders in the Sixth district.

Too many office holders were delegates to the congressional conventions.

Duluth of today shows evidences of prosperity and growth everywhere. Its people are more knee sprung than ever.

Because the Union is disposed to tell the Republicans of this state the naked truth on the political situation, as it exists in Minnesota at present, some papers are shocked and charge this paper with helping the opposition. Bah!

The Hon. W. D. Washburn, of Minnesota, for vice president on the Republican ticket, would be a wise choice, and one that would be helpful to the party. The state convention did a wise thing in recommending his nomination.

More of the Strenuous Life.

Memphis Commercial Advertiser: Jim Corbett might be a valuable referee of congressional fights.

Minneapolis Times: The stage, at least, will have reason for congratulation if ex-Puglist Corbett breaks into congress.

Should Lauro F. Corbett get to congress he will find his ducking and dodging skill not altogether useless.

Girl Mail Carrier.

Pittsburg Dispatch: Miss Dora Wolfe, a handsome girl of 18, was sworn in as a mail carrier at Ripley, W. Va. She is the daughter of C. P. Wolfe, a liveryman, and her duties will be to carry the mail on horseback between here and Sandyville, one trip each way daily. She will have two bags of letters each way, and goes armed and ready for intruders. She has frequently carried the mail on this route when the former mail carrier was indisposed.

Answered In Turn.

Worcester, Mass., Spy: A Hebrew was going down Southbridge street the other day, and a party of young men who had been out late the night before, in fact were just then going home to sleep off the effects of the night before, met the Hebrew who was a man of venerable appearance and well read in Biblical matters. "Here comes Father Abraham," said one scoffer. "No, that is the original Jacob," said another. "No, I am neither of those men," gravely replied the Hebrew, who was a gentleman, if the young men could but have known it. "Who are you, then?" persisted his tormentors. "Gentlemen," said the old man courteously, "I am out of the Old Testament, for I am Saul, son of Kish, looking for my father's asses, and I have found them."

THE DAKOTAS.

Rainfalls In North Dakota—South Dakota Republican Convention.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Grand Forks—The rain which began falling shortly after midnight continued at intervals yesterday. The area covered is at least the entire northern division of the Great Northern. The surface of the ground is well soaked, with a prospect for further showers.

The thirteenth annual meeting of the North Dakota Medical society is in session here with a large attendance from all parts of the state, and several prominent in the profession from St. Paul, Minneapolis, Chicago and the East.

There is more rain needed here. A good shower fell which will tide the crops over for some days, but it is not sufficient.

Bottineau—A heavy shower has brightened the prospects. Indications are for more rain.

Fargo—Black Hawk, who was supposed to be the leader of the Standing Rock Indian horse thieves, escaped conviction on account of a mistake in the indictment. Those who pleaded guilty were sentenced to short terms of imprisonment ranging from four to six months.

Some time ago the death of Jess Langdon, a Fargo boy, was reported in Manilla. Young Langdon joined Roosevelt's Rough Riders when he was 16 years old and after the El Caney fight was down with yellow fever. Last year after recuperating he joined Buffalo Bill's show and when it disbanded in the winter he enlisted in the regulars and went to the Philippines, where he lay at the point of death for weeks. He is back in the United States again on sick leave and in writing Fargo friends used Mark Twain's expression that the reports of his death have been very exaggerated, and that he is rapidly regaining his lost strength.

Residents of the Standing Rock agency and the Indians of the reservation are making elaborate arrangements for a wedding which will be celebrated at the agency on Memorial day. The contracting parties are full-blooded Indians and this will be the first marriage between Indians celebrated in accordance with the American style even to the matter of issuing engraved invitations thereto. In addition to the celebration of Memorial day, Samuel Barthcater, a young ranchman, will lead to the altar Miss Emma Weaselbear, the daughter of a prominent farmer who lives about sixty miles from the agency.

SOUTH DAKOTA

Sioux Falls—The state Republican convention here yesterday nominated national delegates and state officers as follows: Delegates—Emil Branch, of Turner; George Rice, of Moody; L. L. Loseter, of Kingsbury; A. H. Rells, of Hanson; C. B. Collins, of Brown; N. P. Beebe, of Edmunds; James Holley, of Pennington; Granville G. Bennett, of Lawrence. Congressional-at-large—Charles H. Burke, of Pierre, (renominated); Eben W. Martin, of Deadwood. Governor—Charles N. Herreid, of Eureka. All the nominations were made unanimously.

The other nominations are: Lieutenant Governor, George A. Snow; secretary of state, O. Berg; treasure, John Schamber; auditor, J. D. Reeves; superintendent of schools E. E. Collins; land commissioner, David Eastman; attorney general, J. P. Kyle; railroad commissioner, Frank Lecoc. Thomas Fitch, of Grant county; A. R. Brown, of Lincoln county; Charles Thompson, of Hand county, and A. H. Marble, of Butte county, were chosen presidential electors. Joseph M. Greene, of Chamberlain county was chosen national commissioner.

The platform declares against trusts, favors a constitutional amendment enlarging the powers of congress, and favors expansion. S. E. Wilson, of Fall River, was permanent chairman.

Bradley—Thomas O'Brien, a prominent sheep raiser, committed suicide by shooting his head off.

ALBANO QUARANTINED.

New York, May 24.—The German steamer Albano, which arrived last night from Hamburg and Havre, is detained at quarantine with two cases of smallpox among the steerage passengers. The patients are Pawell Maknunas and Osip Rodkunish, Russians. The first-named was taken sick about seven days ago, and was placed in the ship's hospital for treatment. Two days later, Rodkunish was stricken and ordered isolated in the hospital. The Albano will be detained until the 783 steerage passengers are inspected and the vessel disinfected.

Government Laboratory, Chicago, March 1, 1900.

I have examined Warner's Safe Cure and am pleased to say that I find it a valuable herbal remedy, containing ingredients calculated to give health and renewed power and energy to the sick. I have tried it personally and find it is a fine tonic for a sluggish liver, restoring it to a natural healthy action and bringing back the vim and energy of perfect health.

MARIA ARMSTRONG.
Microscopist.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 21, 1900.

In my experience with the sick, I have seen some very serious cases of kidney and bladder troubles cured through the use of Warner's Safe Cure, after doctors had failed to do any good. I have used it myself several times when bilious and for indigestion, and never have failed to find help from its use. I am therefore pleased to endorse it as well worthy the confidence of those suffering with stomach troubles or diseases of the pelvic organs.

MARIE L. ANDERSON.
1007 13th Street.

Marie L. Anderson was for several years nurse at the Los Angeles, Cal., Hospital. Is now in Washington in the same capacity.

AMUSEMENTS.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

Thursday, May 24.
"Here we are, back again."
The real boys
MURRAY AND MACK
Presenting the huge success, the living hurrah farce
..FINNIGAN'S BALL..
New fun! New music! New dances!
PRICES—25c, 50c and 75c.

LYCEUM THEATER.
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

The Pied Piper of Hamelin.
Arranged and adapted by Miss Margaret MacLaren Eager.
Thursday Afternoon, May 31, at 4 o'clock.
Friday Evening, June 1, at 8 o'clock.
Under the auspices of the ladies of Glen Avon. A part of the proceeds to be devoted to the decoration of the High School. PRICES as follows—Thursday afternoon, dress circle, 75c; parquet, 50c; family circle and balcony, 25c. Friday evening, dress circle, $1; parquet, 75c; family circle and balcony, 50c; gallery, 25c. Seats on sale at the Lyceum Theater on and after Monday, May 28.

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT!
"New York Vaudeville Stars."
Elegant program. Matinee Saturday at 2:30 p. m.

His Hand to His Hip Pocket.

Workmen Have That Habit to a Remarkable Degree.

A workman will suddenly pause in his work and whip his hand around to his hip-pocket. For a gun? Not a bit of it. For a plug of chewing tobacco. Very often he will bite off a piece and put the remainder back with an air of dissatisfaction. It was not what he wanted, but having bought it, he must chew it. If this experience has been yours, buy for trial a plug of Gold Rope, Kingbolt, Thrasher or Rise and Shine, and you will find it better than the ordinary brands. The above brands are made by the Wilson-McCallay Tobacco Co., of Middletown, Ohio, a company which is absolutely independent of any trust or monopoly. Workmen have it in their power to strangle monopoly by buying tobaccos made by independent concerns. The Wilson-McCallay brands are clean, pure, wholesome. They do not give heartburn and other effects of a similar character. If you are a working man the inside of your dinner pail is a good place to scratch the names of these four famous UNION made brands, Gold Rope, Kingbolt, Thrasher, Rise and Shine.

DEFAULT HAVING OCCURRED AS to each of the five tracts of land hereinafter described, by the non-payment of principal and interest, due upon the respective mortgage debt, upon each of said tracts, in the conditions of that certain mortgage made and executed by Charles H. Clague and Florence H. Clague, his wife, mortgagors, to Julian G. Schmidt, mortgagee, dated the 1st day of February, 1895, and recorded in the office of the register of deeds, in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 2nd day of March, 1895, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 128 of mortgages, on page 56, covering and conveying the following described premises situated in the said county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, to-wit:

The northeast quarter (ne¼) of section twenty-five (25), (except the right-of-way of the Duluth, Missabe & Northern railway across the same, said right-of-way containing six and forty-four one hundredths acres), the southeast quarter (se¼) and the east half of the northeast quarter (e½ of ne¼) of section twenty-four (24), all of said land being in township fifty (50), north of range sixteen (16) west, containing three hundred ninety-three and fifty-six one hundredths acres more or less, according to the government survey thereof; which said mortgage, by the terms thereof, constitutes a specific lien of eight hundred dollars ($800) on each of the following described tracts of the above mentioned lands, to-wit: (Tract 1), the east half or northeast quarter (e½ or ne¼) of said section twenty-four (24); (tract 2), the east half of the southeast quarter (e½ of se¼) of said section twenty-four (24); (tract 3), the west half of the southeast quarter (w½ of se¼) of said section twenty-four (24); (tract 4), also the east half of the northeast quarter (e½ of ne¼) of said section twenty-five (25); (tract 5), and the west half of the northeast quarter (w½ of ne¼) of said section twenty-five (25); there now due and claimed to be due upon the said several debts secured by said mortgage at the date of this notice, the following amounts upon the said tracts respectively, to-wit:

Upon the mortgage debt of the east half of the northeast quarter (e½ of ne¼) in the said section twenty-four (24), the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800), principal, and one hundred and sixty-five dollars ($165), interest.

Upon the mortgage debt of said east half of the southeast quarter (e½ of se¼) in said section twenty-four (24), the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800), principal, and one hundred and sixty-five dollars ($165), interest.

Upon the mortgage debt of the west half of the southeast quarter (w½ of se¼) in said section twenty-four, the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800) principal, and one hundred and sixty-five dollars ($165) interest.

Upon the mortgage debt of the east half of the northeast quarter (e½ of ne¼) in said section twenty-five (25), the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800) principal, and one hundred and sixty-five dollars ($165) interest.

Upon the mortgage debt of said west half of the northeast quarter (w½ of ne¼) in said section twenty-five (25), the sum of eight hundred dollars ($800) principal, and one hundred and sixty-five dollars ($165) interest.

And no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise to recover the said mortgage debts or either of them, or any part of either thereof;

Notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale in said mortgage contained and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, said mortgage will be foreclosed by sale of each of the said tracts therein and herein described separately, at public vendue for cash, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the county court house, in the city of Duluth, county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, by the sheriff of said county, on the 30th day of June, 1900, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount then due on the mortgage debt of each of said tracts respectively, and the costs and disbursements allowed by law, with taxes, if any, paid by the mortgagee upon each of said tracts respectively, together with the sum of seventy-five dollars ($75) attorneys' fees, provided for in said mortgage in case of foreclosure; said costs and disbursements and attorneys' fees to be apportioned among said tracts, one-fifth thereof upon each; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated May 15, A. D. 1900.

JULIAN G. SCHMIDT,
Mortgagee.

JAQUES & HUDSON,
Attorneys for Mortgagee,
411 & 413 Lonsdale Bldg.,
Duluth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald. May-17-24-31-June-7-14-21—1900.

EXCURSION OF WOMEN

Federation of Women Clubs to Visit Proposed Northern Forest Reserve.

WILL LEAVE JUNE 11

Go From St. Paul That Day to Walker---After Milwaukee Meeting.

A forestry excursion is announced by the legislative and railroad committees of the Minnesota Federation of Women's clubs. It will leave St. Paul June 11, which is immediately after the Milwaukee biennial meeting, and will go to Walker. Duluth women will be interested in the announcement, although not all of them are in favor of the park project. It is likely, too, that a large number of Duluth's club women will be in the party. The announcement contains the following information, and it will be noticed that the federation is advocating the reserve very strongly:

"The State Federations of Women's clubs which have interested themselves in the question of forestry and tree preservation are watching with keenest interest the outcome of the project for the establishment of a national forest park in Northern Minnesota. The idea had its origin with the Minnesota federation, which has also furnished the most active workers and the strongest support to the campaign now being actively pressed in congress. The project is so large that a special organization to further it was created last fall, called the Minnesota National Park and Forest Reserve association, in which all the interested organizations can unite and act together. The most assiduous workers in that association, however, are those who represent primarily the federation.

"Club women all over the country are interested in the success of the project, both on account of its great merit and of its importance and as an object lesson in forestry interests. The Minnesota women are sought from all quarters of the country for aid and advice.

"An object lesson is always the most impressive form of instruction, and in order that such a lesson may be given in the park reserve project, an excursion has been planned by the railroad committee of the Minnesota Federation of Women's clubs to the territory of the proposed forest park. The excursion will leave immediately after the Milwaukee biennial in special cars via the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul and Great Northern railroads.

"Railroad tickets to Milwaukee being good for thirty days, a large proportion of the delegates from the East and South will want to make vacation trips into the territory beyond Milwaukee, and no better opportunity will be afforded than the proposed park excursion. The Milwaukee party will be joined at Minneapolis and St. Paul by many from Minnesota who wish to visit the park country and examine the territory which they are striving to preserve in its primeval beauty and grandeur. The route leads directly to Walker, Minn. These trips will occupy the first three or four days, so that those whose time is limited may have an opportunity to do all the special sightseeing in the time at their command.

"The excursion will include visits to the old and new Indian agencies; Bear island, the home of the least civilized Indians in the state of Minnesota; Sugar Point, the battle ground of the last Indian outbreak; the government dam and works, which control the outflow of Leech lake, that acts as a reservoir for the Upper Mississippi river, and Cass lake, through which the Mississippi flows. These will be made by boat, team and rail. Short walks through the Indian trails in the dense forest will be arranged. The amusements will include Indian dances, a game of lacrosse, moonlight sailing on Leech lake, a picnic dinner under the pines, and trips in birch bark canoes. At the Indian agency the large school will be visited.

"The lands desired for the park reservation are now Indian reservations, which are about to be sold to private parties and cleared of their splendid forest, unless the sale is prevented by act of congress. The tracts, which are contiguous, surround Leech and Cass lakes, two of the largest lakes of the state, and they contain stretches of the finest pine forest now standing in the United States. The land desired for the park includes 612,592 acres of land and 218,470 acres of water surface. The district is already a favorite pleasure and hunting and fishing resort for all who know it; and doctors regard it as of inestimable value as a health resort. Its suitability and value for all these purposes will be destroyed by cutting the pine, and a splendid opportunity will be lost for applying forestry principles on a large scale with promising success. Its natural attractions appeal to all interested in a delightful and enjoyable outing, and its prospective uses will give it a peculiar interest to club women who sympathize with each other's important interests.

The Next Vice President.

This is the question now agitating the minds of our leading politicians, and while several prominent men have been suggested, the final selection will undoubtedly be the man who will serve the party interests to the best advantage. This is also true of medicine. When your stomach becomes weak and you suffer from dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation and flatulency or when in need of a medicine to build up your system or restore your appetite, you will make no mistake if you try that sovereign remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is backed up by fifty years of cures, and is recommended by many prominent physicians. It is also an excellent medicine for malaria, fever and ague, and can be had of any druggist. Be sure to give it a trial.

AMUSEMENTS.

MURRAY AND MACK.

Tonight the comedians Murray and Mack will appear at the Lyceum in their play "Finnigan's Ball." The performance is highly spoken of. In the company will be found such popular artists as Nibe Beck, Fred Dehoe, Mayme Taylor, the Hale sisters, the Primrose quintette, and a score of other names always identified with first-class attractions.

Easy to Take
Easy to Operate
Because purely vegetable—yet thorough, prompt, healthful, satisfactory—
Hood's Pills

MUNYON'S

I will guarantee that my Rheumatism Cure will relieve lumbago, sciatica and all rheumatic pains in two or three hours, and cure in a few days.
MUNYON.
At all druggists, 25c. a vial. Guide to Health and medical advice free. 1505 Arch st., Phila.

RHEUMATISM

HAS BEEN REMODELED.

Excursion Steamer Christopher Columbus Undergoes Changes.

The whaleback steamer Christopher Columbus has been remodeled in some respects and is now a better boat than ever for the class of traffic in which she is engaged. The Chicago Tribune reports the changes which have been made in her as follows:

"Important additions to the steamer Christopher Columbus of the Goodrich line since the closing of navigation last year make her not only the largest excursion steamer in the world, but the most conveniently arranged. A promenade deck with an open space of 7204 square feet and seating space for 2673 people has been made possible by the addition of an upper or lifeboat deck, which removes all of the necessary life saving paraphernalia and appliances out of the way of the passengers and puts them where they are accessible only to the officers and crew, acting under the same strict discipline as is maintained on ocean steamers. In addition to giving the passengers more room and comfort, the appearance of the vessel has been greatly improved by the additions. Another important improvement that the passengers will appreciate is the addition of gentlemen's and ladies' lavatories and toilet rooms on the upper deck. These adjoin the barber shop, which is also located immediately below the life boat deck. Despite the additional room afforded the passengers, the company will not apply for any addition to her carrying capacity. This will stand at 4000 people, as last year. Perfect comfort with every opportunity for all to enjoy every feature of a lake trip is the object sought in the work which the company's designers, draughtsmen and mechanical department accomplished during last winter. The steamship Christopher Columbus is unique in that she is the only passenger ship of her kind ever constructed. She was built expressly for the World's fair service, and is regarded as the safest and speediest excursion boat afloat. Her hull is of steel, 362 feet long, 42 feet beam and 24 feet in depth. Her speed, without forcing, is twenty-one miles per hour. Six steel Scotch boilers, 11 by 12 feet, furnish the triple expansion engines with their power. The Columbus made her first trip to Milwaukee this year May 23, when the summer excursion business formally opened."

ALSO NEEDS RAIN.

South Dakota Rather Dry According to Crop Report.

The South Dakota crop report for the week ending Monday last reports the same condition as the North Dakota and Minnesota reports—the need of rain. It says:

"The temperature during the week averaged about the normal, but the nights were cool generally. Light frost occurred in scattered localities, but no injury to any vegetation is reported. Excepting fair showers over the Black Hills counties, no rain of any consequence is reported, and over the eastern portion of the state the surface soil is generally reported dry, which condition has been augmented during the week, causing apprehension in some localities of injurious drouth. On the whole, wheat, oats, barley and rye, especially the early sown, are reported looking well, doing well and mostly stooling satisfactorily, and some southeastern counties report marked and healthy advancement. The cool nights have been favorable for wheat, and have tended to counteract any adverse effect that the dry surface soil and sunshine may have occasioned to small grain during the daytime. A good rain would be highly beneficial generally, and in some middle eastern, northeastern and Missouri valley localities, rain will be required very soon to prevent injury to late sown grain and upland grass, and to start millet and flax recently sown. There is some report of late sown grain fields becoming weedy.

"Corn planting has progressed rapidly and is nearing completion in many counties. Much of the early planted has started well, indicates good stand and shows good color. There is report of cut worms working in some fields. Winter rye is generally reported in good condition and making good progress. Flax seeding is still in progress, but about completed in southeastern counties."

Opportunity of a Life-Time.

Three days more remain for those who have not already availed themselves of the advantage of buying a Piano at the sweeping reductions made in prices at the great remodeling sale inaugurated seven days ago by the Duluth Music Co. In deciding to make this sale, we cut the prices low enough to set the people talking, for nothing will do this so surely and so quickly as to show them where they can save a large amount of money. This we have done, for the interst in our great remodeling sale increases as surely as one day follows another. It is not safe to delay another day if you have any thought of taking advantage of this opportunity of buying a Piano at prices which are cut to the bone. Remember, this sale includes the Steinway, the king, and the Knabe, the queen of Pianos, etc., etc.

At the present rate our prediction will prove true that we will sell every Piano on our floors by Saturday night. We extend to all purchasers the same liberal terms of settlement which we have always given. You can buy on time, you can turn in your old instrument in part payment, but positively nothing will be put aside without a settlement, and that means a reasonable deposit. If we can convert our large stock into cash and good paper, and do it in ten days, we can afford to sell without a dollar of profit. Come early and come quick. We shall be ready for you at 8 o'clock, and our store will be open until 9:30 every evening until the great remodeling sale is over.

DULUTH MUSIC CO.,
Lake avenue and Superior street.

A Keen Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

SURPLUS IS THEIRS

Amount Paid Above the Taxes at Forfeited Sale Belongs to Owners.

THE LATEST RULING

Attorney General Holds That Contrary to Auditor Dunn's Statement.

Those who had property sold at the forfeited tax sale will probably have a little money coming to them if it brought more than the amount of the taxes. This is contrary to expectations, as State Auditor Dunn had sent out circulars to the effect that the surplus was to go to the state, and that the owners were to get nothing out of it. The attorney general has looked the matter up, however, and he has come to the conclusion that owners are entitled to the surplus.

He has replied to several communications quoting a previous decision. The question arose in 1881 at a similar sale of land for forfeited taxes, when the supreme court in Farnham vs. Jones held that the owner gets the surplus.

The act regulating the forfeited tax sale of 1893 was practically a duplicate of that of 1881, and when the same question arose, the court sustained the previous decision. As the act of 1899 is again almost a duplicate of the two preceding, Attorney General Douglas believes that there can be no doubt as to the status of the case.

Had the attorney general expressed this opinion before the sale was on, it might have led to much speculation, that is to say, if an owner allowed the taxes on his property to accumulate so much that these pretty fairly equaled the value of the whole, he might then buy it in himself at a lower figure and save on the taxes. For instance, if a piece of property ordinarily worth $1000 had taxes of $600 against it, it might bring at auction only $500, and the owner could have bought his own land back, saving $100 on taxes. In a few instances only did the owners buy back their property at figures below the total of taxes, and in these cases the profit will have to be theirs.

Reports received indirectly by the state auditor indicate that the forfeited tax sale was a pronounced success, better probably than any previously held. Figures are not at hand, but it is believed that higher prices, relatively, were secured than ever before, and in every county the land was disposed of with a clean sweep. The effect of this on the books of the auditors will be enormous, permitting them practically to start with fresh records.

TO BE FLOODED.

Nemadji River Will Be Raised and Some Logs Brought Down.

A million feet of logs will be floated down the Nemadji river this afternoon or tomorrow, the first to come into the harbor by this route this season. The low water makes it necessary to cause an artificial flood by letting the water out of the dams, thus raising the water two or three feet. Usually millions of feet have been rafted down the Nemadji by this time, but so far only posts and poles have come down.

The system of dams on the river is able at present to raise the river comparatively but little. The first flood, however, is to be made for the Rogers-Ruger company of this city and the logs owned by that company which are to be sent down are but a short distance from the mouth of the stream and where the river is quite deep. There are millions of feet owned by other parties whose logs are further up the river, and who do not expect any relief until there are much more copious rains than anything that has been had here so far this season. W. H. Gilbert, of Ashland, has several million feet about four miles from the Amnicon river, which runs into the lake a few miles down the south shore, and from the present appearances those logs will remain there all summer. It is entirely out of the question to think of trying to get them down the streams until there is a great deal more water in them than at present. The same story comes from all the logging streams, and the mill companies which have not their supply of logs handy to railroad connections are very much worried. If the conditions keep up all summer there will probably be hardly a mill here that does not feel the effect of the drought. The Superior mills are very fortunate in this respect and cannot be affected for some time yet, however.

What knowest thou the worth of Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company, thou foul substitute, who scarcely breathed one summer. Ask your druggist.

A Cheerful Proposition....
BLATZ
—The Star Milwaukee
BEER.

BLATZ BEERS
possess qualities that appeal to lovers of the beverage—every brew is uniformly perfect—every brand a success.

Blatz Malt-Vivine,
TONIC.
(Non-Intoxicant.)
ALL DRUGGISTS.
VAL BLATZ BREWING CO., MILWAUKEE
Duluth Branch, 'Phone 62.

Duffy's Pure Malt
No Fusel Oil.
The World's Famous Medicinal Whiskey
(A distillation of pure malt)
has no equal. Prescribed and endorsed by leading doctors for nearly half a century as the only pure, invigorating stimulant and tonic. All druggists and grocers, $1.00 a bottle. See that the trade mark is on the bottle. Book sent free.
DUFFY MALT WHISKEY CO., Rochester, N.Y.

PULP MILLS.

Mackenzie & Mann Back of a Project For Mills at Fort Frances.

The Rainy Lake Herald says it is informed on reliable authority that Mackenzie, Mann & Co., the contractors and builders of the Canadian Northern railway, which includes the Dauphin road, Winnipeg & Southeastern, Minnesota & Manitoba and Ontario & Rainy River roads, has made application to the Ontario government for the right to acquire the necessary water power at Fort Frances, utilizing the Coucheching falls, along the canal. The intention is to secure the erection of one or more large pulp mills and saw mills at that point, thus making Fort Frances a manufacturing and shipping town. The large area of pulp timber and the extensive timber limits on both sides of the boundary makes that place a very desirable location for industries of this kind. This, with the immense water power already awaiting development offers opportunities not easily obtained elsewhere. The Herald adds:

"That this place is destined to be one of the most important points in the Northwest is readily conceded by those who have been here, and that this opinion is shared by others is evident, judging by the different projects now on foot to open up this country. The latest attempt to reach here is the granting of a charter to the Wabigoon and Fort Frances railway, connecting this district with the Canadian Pacific railway. Then we have two or three projected lines from Hibbing, Deer River and Nemidji to the south. This, with the through line now being constructed east and west, will place Koochiching and Fort Frances in a position to outdo St. Paul and Minneapolis.

"To the manufacturers and capitalists we offer every chance of inspection, as we feel satisfied that once they have looked over the ground all objections would be swept aside. As far as pulp wood goes, we have over 2000 square miles, and a coast line of between 3000 and 4000 miles, along which hundreds of thousands of cords can easily be procured. The supply is ample for years to come, and owing to the large waterways, can be gotten out with little expense."

EXCURSION
—TO—
TWO HARBORS
Howard Transportation Co
Steamer Bon Voyage
Leaves Fifth Avenue Dock at 10:30 a. m., Sunday, May 27, 1900.
Fare 50 cents round trip.

A VERY QUICK TRADE.

F. L. Murray Disposes of Hotel Holdings In Short Order.

F. L. Murray, formerly of Duluth, negotiated a quick trade in Chicago Monday, according to the Chicago Inter-Ocean, which tells the story as follows:

Up to 15:25 o'clock a. m. yesterday, J. K. Sebree, of Chicago, and P. L. Murray, of Duluth, were joint owners of the Saratoga hotel, the Hotel Morrison, and the Boston Oyster house. Mr. Murray is a wealthy lumberman, who has been in ill health recently and has been taking baths at West Baden. Yesterday morning at 10:05 he walked into the office of the Saratoga hotel, greeted Mr. Sebree and then nearly took his partner's breath away by saying casually:

"Sebree, my health isn't good. I think I ought to be doing something. How would a proposition to buy or sell strike you?"

"Good gracious!" exclaimed Mr. Sebree. "What do you want to do?"

"Buy or sell; I don't care which," replied Mr. Murray. Mr. Sebree thought rapidly for a moment. Then he replied:

"Well, fix a price.

"I'll give or take $110,000, the money to pass in two hours," answered Mr. Murray.

"Give me ten minutes and I'll let you have my answer," replied Mr. Sebree, grabbing up his hat.

"All right," said Mr. Murray.

SEBREE PAYS $110,000.

Mr. Sebree hurried over to the bank of the Union Trust company and asked for Mr. Rawson.

"Mr. Rawson," said he, "I must give or take $110,000 in cash for a half interest in the Saratoga hotel, the Hotel Morrison and the Boston restaurant—and I've got to do it within two hours. I haven't the money, but the properties earn $100,000 a year, net. What would you do?"

"Do!" exclaimed Mr. Rawson. "I'd buy. I'll let you have part of the money, or all of it, if you need it."

"That's a go," said Mr. Sebree. Then he went back to the Saratoga and found Mr. Murray sitting just where he had left him.

"Take your stock Murray, and come along," said he. "I'm buying."

Mr. Murray never said a word, but walked with Mr. Sebree to the bank. There Mr. Sebree wrote out a check in Mr. Murray's favor for $110,000. He handed it to Mr. Rawson. Mr. Rawson put his "O. K." on it and handed it back. Mr. Sebree handed it to Mr. Murray and Mr. Murray handed it to the paying teller. The paying teller never even looked interested, but counted out 110 bank notes of $1000 each. Mr. Murray took the notes and handed Mr. Sebree the stock. Mr. Sebree started for the hotel. Mr. Murray handed back the 110 $1000 notes to the receiving teller, got a certificate of deposit, and followed his former partner to the Saratoga. When he found Mr. Sebree he remarked:

"Now, Sebree, this knocks out your Paris trip, but I'll hang around for a week or two, so you can take a run down in Virginia."

"All right; I'll go the last of this week," replied Mr. Sebree, and the incident was closed.

A Woman's Awful Peril.

"There is only on chance to save your life and that is through an operation," were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. B. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50 cts. Guaranteed. For sale by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

THE ROAD RACES

Officers and Rules For the Great Memorial Day Event.

Entries and prizes for the ninth annual road race of the Duluth Cycle club are coming in fast, and besides all the fast local riders there will be a large number of some of the best men in the Northwest. The following officials have been chosen for the race:

Starter, Dr. N. B. McNulty; referee, Henry E. Harris; timers, P. H. Kreltz, Philip Hasselblad, H. W. Drake, Roy Hoople and F. A. Noble; judges at finish, Charles F. West, Roy Hoople, G. D. Young and M. Hellig; judges at turn, Morris Freimuth, B. H. Ling and Phil Pastoret. The committee in charge of the race consists of E. Sattler, H. S. Carrol and F. E. Bohm. The following rules will govern the race:

All entries should be in the hands of F. E. Bohm, 321 West First street, by Monday evening, May 28. The following rules will govern the event:

The course is London road, starting at Fifth avenue east, thence to the end of the road and return to Ninth avenue east, a distance of ten miles.

Race shall be started at 3:30 p. m. sharp, and no delay will be made for riders not on the mark at that time.

Contestants must wear numbers pinned conspicuously on the lower part of their backs. No contestant shall be allowed to start without a number. Scratch men shall wear the lower numbers and limit men the higher numbers, which will be furnished by the racing committee.

Any contestant riding on sidewalks, accepting a pacemaker not in the race, accepting assistance, running into or fouling another rider, or intentionally delaying him shall be disqualified.

All protests shall be in writing, filed with the referee by 9 a. m. May 30, 1900.

The officers shall be one referee, six timers, six judges, a starter with assistants, as many marshals and umpires as may be necessary to secure a clear track and fair riding.

The referee shall be sole judge of all points not covered by these rules, and shall decide upon consultation with the judges or assistants the affidavits from riders and spectators if presented.

The starter, with his assistants, shall start the contestants who shall be pushed off the mark.

BALL GALORE.

All Kinds of Games Saturday and Sunday at Head of Lakes.

There will be an abundance of baseball at the head of the lakes this week. The Brainerd team, from which startling reports as to strength have been received, will play the Duluth team Saturday and Sunday. The Hamm Brewing company's team, of Minneapolis, is booked to play Superior and it is probable that both the head of the lakes aggregations will have plenty of excitement to win out.

A game between the Y. M. C. A. team and the High School team is scheduled for Saturday, but as yet the place has not been decided on.

Manager Wade has signed a new pitcher named Elliott, from whom much is expected and he may get in condition to pitch one of the Brainerd games. The line-up for Saturday and Sunday will probably be:

Duluth—		Brainerd—
Hurtman	catcher	Connors
Gagnon, Lambert.		
Cox, Elliott	pitchers	Thielman, Howe
Kline	first base	Dresser
Cox or Lambert	second base	Lawrence
Shephard	short stop	Peterson
Warner	third base	Murphy
Featherstone	left field	Rutherford
Lambert or Gagnon	center field	Marte
Hurley	left field	Finn or Lejois

THE LUTHERAN LEAGUE.

Regular Program Is Dropped For Ascension Day Exercises.

Cincinnati, May 24.—On the closing day of the fourth convention of the Lutheran league, the schedule exercises were abandoned and the league met early for the regular Ascension day services of the Lutheran church, conducted by Rev. C. F. Steck, of Springfield, Ohio, and C. P. Bossert, of Lima, Ohio.

After these exercises were concluded, Dr. S. S. Waltz, of Louisville, fraternal delegate from the general Lutheran synod, presented the greetings of the Lutherans' oldest body in America, to which President Eilbert, of New York, responded for the Lutheran League of America.

Tortured a Witness.

Intense suffering was endured by witness F. L. Martin, of Dixie, Ky., before he gave this evidence: "I coughed every night until my throat was nearly raw; then tried Dr. King's New Discovery which gave instant relief. I have used it in my family for four years and recommend it as the greatest remedy for Coughs, Colds and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. It will stop the worst cough, and not only prevents but absolutely cures consumption. Price 50c and $1. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's drug store.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad the First Railroad to Introduce Automobile Service.

The Baltimore & Ohio railroad has established electric automobile service at Washington, D. C., in connection with its train service, being the first railroad to introduce this mode of transportation regularly to and from its railway station.

The automobiles are of the latest electric pattern, absolutely noiseless in regard to machinery and running gear. They are provided with luxuriously deep cushioned seats, with electric lights and time pieces. Two small trunks can be carried on the supports at the rear of the vehicle, and the top of the cab provides ample room for small traveling bags and hand luggage.

The splendid streets of Washington are particularly favorable for this high-class transportation, and the vehicles can in safety reach a speed from ten to fourteen miles an hour on any of the streets excepting in the business portion.

It has been arranged, when special service is desired, passengers on trains approaching Washington from the East will notify conductor before arrival at Baltimore, and on trains from the West will notify conductor before arrival of train at Washington Junction.

The rates for this extraordinary service are extremely reasonable, and the Baltimore & Ohio railroad, with its advanced ideas and methods, is to be congratulated on being the first to inaugurate regularly this latest invention in transportation service.

If You Are Going

To St. Louis, Peoria, Davenport, Rock Island and Dubuque, take "The Flying Dutchman," via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. From Minneapolis every day at 7:50 a. m. and St. Paul 8:30 a. m., arriving St. Louis early next morning. Beautiful river bank route.

PANTON & WHITE
THE Big Glass Block Store
DULUTH, MINN.
MAIL ORDERS PROMPTLY FILLED.

We Turn Dull Days Into Busy Ones.

Greatest Bargain Values in **Remnants** we have **ever** offered. Come to the feast on Friday, from 8 a. m. to 6 p. m.

Carpet Dept.
Buy remnants in lengths of 1¼ to 2 yards, each—
50c, 75c and 95c
Plain all-wool filling in lengths from 2 to 10 yards, worth 75c—per yard..... **37½c**

Drapery Department.
SILKOLINE—Regular 15c quality, in lengths of 1½ to 10 yards—per yard..... **10c**
MOHAIR PLUSH REMNANTS—Suitable for Sofa Pillows and Chair Coverings, worth up to $1.50—each... **50c**
PLAIN SCRIM—For fancy work, in 1 and 1½ yard lengths, worth up to 40c; your choice—per yard..... **10c**

Remnant Sale—
Linen Dept.
Remnants 40-inch Lawns, worth up to 15c a yard, at—per yard..... **5c**
Remnants of 40-inch Sheetings, unbleached, worth 8c, at—per yard..... **5c**
Remnants of White Piques, corded, sold at 15c, at—per yard..... **5c**
Remnants of Table Linens, from 1 to 3 yards, all qualities, at. **¼ off**
Remnants of White Lawns, all qualities; remnants of White Dimities, all qualities, at..... **¼ off**
Remnants of Sheetings, bleached and unbleached, at..... **¼ off**
36-inch Bleached Muslin—soft finish, at—per yard..... **5c**

Flannel Dept.
2 cases Remnants of Outing Flannels, light and dark colors, Friday—per yard..... **3½c**
3 cases Remnants of French Flannelettes, all colors, light and dark effects, sold at 15c; Friday, per yard..... **5c**

Black Dress Goods Remnants.
The greatest event of the season in our Black Dress Goods Department—A vigorous, determined, price-crushing onslaught, on all the short lengths of whatever degree—the climax to the most successful Dress Goods season this house has ever enjoyed—the shrewd ones, the knowing ones, who regularly wait for these periodical Remnant Sales, will be rewarded with the very best and most for the money they ever experienced—lengths ranging from 2 to 8 yards, in Broadcloths, Venetians, Homespuns, Cheviots, Ziboline, Storm Serges, French Serges, Henriettas, Crepons, Wool Grenadines, Mohair Brilliantines and Crepons. The variety is so great that a whole page of solid type would not do it justice—the values range from 50c to $2.75 per yard, in three immense lots, at—per yard—
98c, 50c and 25c

Wash Goods Remnants.
Something like 5000 ends, odd lengths—Remnants—Dress lengths ranging from 1 to 15 yards, in Organdies, Dimities, Swisses, Zephyr Ginghams, Galateas, Silk Ginghams, Foulards, Foulardines, Black Sateens, Fine Cambrics, Percales, German Blue Prints, Apron Ginghams, Dress Prints, Challies, Drapery and Comfort Cretonnes and Silkolines, values raiging from 7c to 50c per yard—divided into three immense lots at—per yard—
10c, 5c and 2½c

Colored Dress Goods Remnants.
A remarkable offering of something like 2000 odd lengths, remnants and part pieces ranging from 1 to 7 yards in Broadcloths, Venetians, Coverts, Homespuns, Tweeds, Heavy Plaids, Ziboline Plaids, Imported Dress Lengths, Scotch Tweeds, Bannockburn Tweeds, Swell Suitings, Cheviots, Storm Serges, Henriettas, French Serges, Poplins in Plain and Two-toned effects, embroidered Henriettas, Silk Grenadines, Wool Grenadines, Jamestown Panties, in the very newest goods we show in this lot Plain Granites, Fancy Weaves, Checks and Plaids. We will devote our entire dress goods isle to the display and sale of these remnants, thus insuring comfort and ease in selecting, values range from 25c to $3 per yard, in five immense lots at—per yard—
98c, 50c, 25c, 10c and 5c

Lining Remnants.
Hundreds of lengths ranging from 1 to 5 yards, in Skirtings, Sateens, Silesias, Percalines, Spun Glass, Nearsilks, Silk-finished Taffetas, Mercerized Sateens, Moreens, Linen Canvas, Shrunk Canvas, Crinolines, Cambrics, etc., etc.; values ranging from 5c to 50c per yard, divided into 3 immense lots at—per yard—
10c, 5c and 2½c

Stupendous Remnant Sale of Silks.
One of the greatest Silk Sales of the season will begin here Friday morning at 8 o'clock sharp, which time we will start a sale of Marvellous proportions in New Fashionable Silks, in lengths from 1 to 15 yards—Remnants accumulated during the past three months—To knowing and shrewd women who regularly wait for this great event, this announcement will be most opportune and welcome—In Black Silks we offer Satin de Soies, Taffetas, Gros Grains, Satin de Lyons, Corded Taffetas, Satin Duchesse, Satin Regence, Brocades, small designs in Jean de Soies, etc., in colors almost our entire Pattern Waists of high-grade will be found in this lot. Also corded and open work Taffetas, Ombre Taffetas, Fancy Silks, Lining Satins and Silks, Foulard Silks, India Silks, Kai Kai Silks, Wash Silks—values ranging from 75c up to $2.00 per yard; to make them step out lively we have divided them into three immense lots, at—per yard—
98c, 50c and 25c

Winning National Convention Ticket.

If delegates and others who will attend the national Republican convention at Philadelphia want a winning ticket, they can get the same by asking for it via Pennsylvania Short lines from Chicago. Tickets of that kind mean victory for travelers wanting up-to-date train comforts. To be a winner it will be necessary to ask agents for tickets over the Pennsylvania route, which will be sold at reduced rates for the convention. H. R. Dering, A. G. P. Agt., 248 South Clark street, will help you to get them if you write him.

Two Dwellings, East Fourth Street.... $4500
Rented past year $27 each, $1500 handles this.
8-room Dwelling, East Third Street—all modern..... $4000
Fine lot East End..... $1250
FOR RENT—10-room house E. Second Street, hot water heat, hardwood finish, bath, etc., $40
C. A. and E. D. Field,
204 Exchange Building.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate
For
NERVOUSNESS.
A superior restorative when the nervous system has become impaired by mental or physical overwork.

EYES ACHE?

Eyes trouble you in any way?
We fit glasses perfectly and guarantee satisfaction. Oldest optician in Duluth.
F. D. DAY & CO.,
315 W. Superior St.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY
Made a Well Man of Me.
THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY
produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advise free. Address
Royal Medicine Co., 269 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.
For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

SETTLED ONCE MORE

City Officials Heave Sigh of Relief Over Park Point Ferry Adjustment.

HE FILES HIS BOND

Capt. Ryan Completes Contract---Fifth Avenue West Stop to Be Made.

Great news came from the office of the board of public works this morning. It is announced officially, semi-officially and unofficially that the Park Point ferry problem has been settled, adjusted, fixed and established. This seems almost incredible, but a member of the board said that the announcement was not an inebriate soliloquy, as many persons seemed to think. Notwithstanding this, however, the betting is two to one that the question is not settled for more than a few weeks at the outside.

Capt. M. J. Ryan, owner of the Estelle, called at the office of the board early this morning with a $1900 bond guaranteeing the city a satisfactory service and protecting the city against all damage that may result to public or private property. The bond is signed by P. M. Ryan, who is said to be a brother of the owner of the Estelle. Capt. Ryan also signed the contract, but as two of the members of the board of public works were out most of the morning, the parties to the second part had not signed at noon.

Capt. Ryan agrees to supply the service from May 23, 1900, to May 1, 1901, but the council may terminate it at any time. The Fifth avenue west stop is specifically provided for, and the boat is required to make 15-minute trips between Morse street, Marvin street, and Fifth avenue west in the order mentioned. The 15-minute service is from 5 o'clock in the morning till 11 at night, and after that it is provided that no round trip shall exceed thirty minutes' duration.

Capt. Ryan agrees to supply a freight-carrying scow, and the city to provide suitable waiting stations at the Morse street and Marvin street docks. The owner of the boat agrees to keep these waiting rooms properly heated and lighted, and it is also stipulated that fire engines or other fire apparatus shall be given precedence at all times. The cost of the ferry $26 a day.

CYCLISTS ARE FINED.

Seven Get Small Assessments For Riding Without Lights.

For riding last night without lights, seven wheelmen were fined $2 each in police court this morning. They were all caught on First street near the Armory and it was one of the easiest pieces of work on record. A "plain clothes" man was stationed on the street and he simply stood there till the cyclists rode up. The police department has issued several warnings and yesterday it was determined to take action. In view of the fact that these were the first arrests of the season, the court was easy with the offenders, but it was given out today after a conference between the court and the police, that in the future fines of a heavier nature would be imposed. The case against Harry Pearson, a messenger boy, was dismissed, as he proved that his light had gone out. Those paying fines were: George Soberg, A. R. Lunslen, R. D. Annis, T. Johnson, Peter Hayes and George St. George.

George Seeguin was arraigned on the charge of stealing a pair of shoes that were not mates either in size, style or anything else. He said he was not guilty and the hearing will take place tomorrow afternoon. The shoes belong to Charles Hallock, who conducts a clothing store at 102 Lake avenue south.

Alexander Herbert paid a fine of $12 for drunkenness and James Bryden, John Schultz, Morris McGuire and Luke Flanagan joined the "knockers" on the hilside.

The Birth Reports.

The folowing births are reported by the health department: To Mr. and Mrs. Alexander MacRae, 229 Eleventh avenue east, a daughter; to Mr. and Mrs. Christian Berg, 919 East First street, a son; to Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Tormoen, 247 Sixtieth avenue west, a son; to Mr. and Mrs. Oscar Ekroth, 2510 West Eleventh street, a son; to Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Close, 2216 West Second street, a daughter; to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Berg, 419 Garfield avenue, a son; to Mr. and Mrs. Carl E. Anderson, 809 Fourth avenue east, a daughter; to Mr. and Mrs. Joseph St. George, 2512 West Third street, a son; to Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Carpenter, 705 Garfield avenue, a daughter; to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew K. Newstrom, 913 Park Place, a son.

Sprung a Leak.

The sailboat Arnetta, which was to have gone into commission in a few days, met with a slight accident yesterday and is now settled down in the water at the foot of First avenue west. The boat had been fitted out at considerable expense and yesterday was dropped into the water for the first time this season. In some manner the keel was wrenched, opening up a seam, which filled the boat during the night. The accident, while not serious, will spoil at least one boating party planned for this week.

Booked Mr. Lomasney.

News was wafted over here this morning to the effect that the beautiful and sweet voiced young women that preside over the telephone exchange at West Superior, wept bitterly yesterday afternoon when they bid farewell to Edward Lomasney, the former manager of the Duluth and Superior interests of the old telephone company, and who will be separated from them from now on. The thrilling details of this pathetic incident are very meager and elusive, but it was learned definitely that Mr. Lomasney yesterday afternoon received an invitation to visit the West Superior exchange. Local Manager Stow, on behalf of the pretty operators, who were all blushes and tears, but whose names have not yet been introduced in evidence, presented Mr. Lomasney with a set of Bulwer-Lytton's works, on the title pages of which were several languorous lapses into sentiment and literary transgression, for all of which Mr. Lomasney expressed his sincere thanks and had a little heart to heart talk all around.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

LAYS IT TO GOVERNMENT.

W. C. Farrington Tells Why Northern Boats Will Arrive Later.

Secretary Hill, of the Duluth Improvement association, has just received a letter from W. C. Farrington, vice president of the Northern Steamship company, in response to the resolutions sent by the association and by the chamber of commerce protesting against the new time of the passenger boats by which they will arrive in Duluth at 9 o'clock instead of at 6:30 o'clock. He explains that it is the desire of the company to oblige this city as much as possible, but changes in the rules governing the management of vessels in St. Mary's river have made it necessary to extend the time of the trip. These rules now not only require that vessels shall not proceed at a greater rate of speed than nine miles per hour, but they also direct that a vessel shall not pass another going in the same direction at a nearer distance than a quarter of a mile. The effect of these new rules on the time schedule of the passenger boats is problematical, but if it is possible the time will be shortened form the schedule and the boats will get into Duluth as early as practicable.

GAMBLERS' ROW

Result Is That Several Places Are Pulled---The Complainant Caught.

West Superior gamblers disagreed among themselves, and that led to a couple of big raids over there last night. The places "pinched" were in the Northern hotel and over Bottelson's saloon at 708 Tower avenue. Implements worth considerably over $1000 were captured and nine men placed under arrest.

The affair is likely to stir up Superior politics as much as it has the gambling fraternity. During the administration of former Mayor Dietrich five gambling houses were allowed to run by paying monthly fines into the city funds. When F. S. Parker was nominated it was generally understood that there would be no such discrimination, and gambling would be free for all. During the campaign after the nomination it is said that things were getting so risky that the Republican city committee found it necessary to negotiate an $800 loan. A guarantee is supposed to have been made the "big five" that things would remain as under the Dietrich administration.

Judge Parker was elected and the gamblers on the inside of the combination claimed that he had promised them exclusive privileges, while the little fellows on the outside made counter claims of a similar nature.

The city administration was placed in a difficult position and declined to take a hand in the fight, which was mostly between gamblers. Lately a number of small places started in, and yesterday a man named John Allen went to Chief Lutton with a warrant for the Northern and Bottelson places. By a singular coincidence he was not aware of the quick service of which Chief Lutton's men were capable, and was caught in one of the places and placed under arrest himself. It is pretty hard to tell which class of gamblers are on top as a result of the raids, as one of the places is said to have been on the protected list and the other unprotected.

The nine men arrested had about $600 in cash on them and most of them got out on bail. No person appeared today to claim the gambling devices, and June 11 was named as the date on which their fate should be decided.

There is a report out in Superior that the apparatus captured at 708 Tower avenue was taken from this city to West Superior yesterday afternoon.

The Results the Same.

To the Editor of The Herald:

Having been asked as to the meaning of the saying in my communication relating to the Highland canal, the water has a "very abrupt fall of 766 feet," I should, perhaps, have said that the fall begins at the end of the canal, at Duluth Heights. Although laid at an incline, the results, however, are the same as though the water had a 766 feet perpendicular fall.

THOMAS E. HILL.

Duluth, May 24.

Frank Kennedy Home.

F. E. Kennedy has returned from Idaho where he has been for several weeks. He is interested in selling lands in one of the irrigated districts in that state and will leave in the early part of June with a party from Southern Minnesota. He says it is an ideal country for diversified farming and that a great many farmers are going in there.

I hear your daughter has broken her engagement with the duke. Fact, she found she could get Rocky Mountain Tea at the same price and took the tea. Sensible girl. Ask your druggist.

LIKE MANY OTHERS

Clara Kopp Wrote for Mrs. Pinkham's Advice and Tells what it did for Her.

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—I have seen so many letters from ladies who were cured by Lydia E. Pinkham's remedies that I thought I would ask your advice in regard to my condition.

I have been doctoring for four years and have taken different patent medicines, but received very little benefit. I am troubled with backache, in fact my whole body aches, stomach feels sore, by spells get short of breath and am very nervous. Menstruation is very irregular with severe bearing down pains, cramps and backache. I hope to hear from you at once."—CLARA KOPP, Rockport, Ind., Sept. 27, 1898.

"I think it is my duty to write a letter to you in regard to what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound did for me. I wrote you some time ago, describing my symptoms and asking your advice, which you very kindly gave. I am now healthy and cannot begin to praise your remedy enough. I would say to all suffering women, 'Take Mrs. Pinkham's advice, for a woman best understands a woman's sufferings, and Mrs. Pinkham, from her vast experience in treating female ills, can give you advice that you can get from no other source.'"—CLARA KOPP, Rockport, Ind., April 13, 1899.

ASKS FULL AMOUNT

Interesting Suit Involving Mining Property Sold to Rockefeller on Trial.

CLAIMS CONSPIRACY

Sensational Incident Occurs In the Fewings Case Against Street Railway.

Judge Dibell and a jury this morning were hearing a case in which the plaintiff complained of being done out of $2234.93 in a manner somewhat interesting. Charles Edmondson is the plaintiff, and the defendants are Marvin Culver, O. G. Olson and J. B. Benjamin. Edmondson, who is a working man residing at Cloquet, used to own the ne¼ of the ne¼ of section, 20, 58-19, and some time ago he sold it to Elizabeth Culver, according to the complaint, and she turned it over to the defendants. He received $500 cash for it, and took a mortgage for the balance of the purchase price, which was $5000.

Later the defendants gave an option on it under which the party that took the option was given an opportunity to purchase it for $60,000. Edmondson claims that the defendants conspired together to cheat him out of part of the money he had coming to him, and that in order to do so they came to him and represented that the property had been explored, that some iron ore had been found, but that it was full of sand and therefore valueless, and that, in short, the property was worthless. They did not want to see him make a total loss of the land, they said, so they offered him $2750 if he would settle the mortgage and release his claim to the land. He says that he was a resident of Cloquet, a long way from the property, and that he was a laboringman and not well informed on the values of such property. Therefore he took their word for it and cancelled the mortgage for the sum they offered.

He now claims that those representations are false. He says that so far from the land being worthless, it was sold to Allen Johnson, representing John D. Rockefeller, for $60,000 before the defendants made the representations alleged. He sues for $2234.93, which he claims is the amount due him on the mortgage. H. B. Fryberger appears for him and William Harrison for the defendants. They deny having made any representations to him of the sort alleged, and they claim that he signed the release for a sufficient consideration.

In Judge Ensign's court the question whether lots 11 and 12, block 8, of Whiteside's addition to Ely, are the homestead of Anton Hegler or not is before a jury. Anton Louisin has started a suit in ejectment, claiming that the defendants are in wrongful possession of the property, and he asks that they be put out and that he be warded $150 damages for the detention of the property. They claims the lots by virtue of a purchase under an execution sale on a judgment secured by him. The defendant claims that the sale is no good because the property is his homestead and therefore exempt. Louisin claims that the property was not Hegler's homestead, as he had lived elsewhere long enough to establish a home. A. J. Thomas appears for Louisin and C. O. Baldwin for Hegler.

The case of the estate of Charles Vashon against Mitchell & McClure did not get farther than the closing of the plaintiff's testimony. When that point in the case was reached yesterday afternoon, Theodore Hallister, representing the company, asked the court to direct a verdict for the defendant, and after argument it was allowed on the ground that the plaintiff had shown no negligence on the part of the company.

In Judge Cant's room the case of F. J. Fewings against the Duluth Street Railway company was still on trial today. The plaintiff was on the stand, and he claimed that he had never heard of the fact that there had been trouble along the lines of the street railway during the strike. He knew there was a strike, but when he boarded the car on which he received his injury he did not know that there was any difficulty of trouble, because he had read no newspapers and had talked with no one about the strike.

Rather a sensational incident occurred just before noon in this case. Miss Lightbody, a pretty young girl from that part of the city, was called to the stand and testified that she was one of the group from which the stone that struck Fewings was thrown. On cross-examination she was pressed somewhat closely, and finally she admitted that she knew who threw the stone. When asked to tell she broke down and cried, and at first refused to tell. Then she said that it was Bob Kavanaugh. A young man in the court room arose and went out at this point, and it was supposed that he was the individual referred to, so the street railway officers had him followed. If the right man is found it is possible that something may be done with him.

Besides the cases on trial there is but one more jury case to come up.

This is true—the Royal Blue is the best nickel cigar made. All dealers have it.

Bridge Over Rainy River.

Congress has granted authority to the Minnesota & Ontario Bridge company to construct a bridge across the Rainy river some distance east of Lake of the Woods. It is presumably to be used as a railroad bridge. A commission has been appointed by the engineering department to consider the plans of the bridge. Maj. Clinton B. Sears, of this city, is the senior officer of the commission and the other members are Maj. Frederick V. Abbott and Capt. James G. Warren. They are to meet in St. Paul at the call of the senior officer.

Exploring McDonald Forty.

The Oliver Mining company has several drills at work exploring the McDonald forty of section 30-63-11. This is one of the famous section 30 pieces that was in controversy. The contest over this is entirely settled, and the fee owners are John G. Brown, A. M. Miller, Jr., Frank Eaton, N. B. Thayer, Richard Fagan and W. B. Castle, of Cleveland. The last named owns a one-sixteenth interest and is supposed to represent the Minnesota Iron company.

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

HOW IT'S BACKED

Undoubted Reliability is Expressed in Duluth Indorsement.

What you want is home indorsement.

The backing of people you know.

Duluth proof for Duluth people.

That's what follows here.

Surely no better backing can be had than the following statement from Edward J. Hoppman, of 422 First street west, who says: "I was troubled more or less with my kidneys for years, and whenever I caught cold or over-exerted myself I had a bad attack, so that it was painful for me to get about, and my back ached and pained me severely. The action of the kidney secretions were irregular and the secretions were unnatural. I did not rest comfortably at night and in the morning rose unrefreshed. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills recommended for such troubles, thought I would try them, and procured a box at the Duluth Drug company's store. They relieved me from the aches and pains right away and regulated the action of the kidneys."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

PRESENT RESOLUTIONS.

Those Signed By Church Members Given to Mayor Hugo.

This morning a delegation of ministers called on Mayor Hugo and presented him with several petitions that have been circulated recently by the Scandinavian Temperance committee and several churches in regard to the enforcement of the laws.

The mayor and the committee held a short conference during which Mr. Hugo told the ministers that he would certainly enforce all laws in so far as he would be supported by the people that elected him, and this seemed satisfactory.

The petitions, for the most part, are worded conservatively and there was evidently some surprise on the part of certain city officials when they read them over. In all about 360 names were attached to these petitions, which read as follows:

"It is an undisputed fact that the municipal campaign, recently closed in the city of Duluth, was fought to a successful end on the issue of good public morals and decency; for the protection of our homes from contaminating evil influences, and for the supremacy of law and order.

"On this issue the battle was fought and the victory won. Now to secure the fruits of the victory, for even our opponents must admit that to the victor, belongs the spoils.

"We, the undersigned citizens of Duluth, confidently expect of the new administration—not an indiscriminate attack upon such evils as the law and the custom of our country tolerate, but the holding of all elements to a strict compliance with the law.

"This is all that good citizens ask for, and for the enforcement of such compliance we desire to tender you our utmost good support."

BASE ....BALL at Fair Grounds BRAINERD vs. DULUTH Saturday and Sunday

LIKE A SIEVE.

Have to Pump to Keep the Cruiser Detroit From Sinking.

Portsmouth, N. H., May 24.—The United States ship Detroit, which went out of commission here yesterday, has been found to be in a very bad condition. The plates about her rudderhead were seriously defective, and there were twenty-three inches of water in her hull. First have been started and the pumps put in operation on board, and they will be kept going until the necessary repairs can be made.

KRUGER'S DEFI.

He Calls on the Boers to Fight to the Bitter End.

Cape Town, May 24—President Kruger it is announced has issued a proclamation saying he will defend Johannesburg and calling upon all the Boers to fight to the bitter end.

It's little wonder that everybody likes
Sealette
5¢ Cigar
because its a little wonder
SAME STOCK AS "SEAL OF MINNESOTA"
ROWLES & STOCK, ST. PAUL, MINN.

GROSVENOR.

The Ohio Election Prophet Will Present McKinley's Name at Philadelphia.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—It is said in administration circles today that Representative Grosvenor has been selected to present President McKinley's name for renomination at the Philadelphia convention. Senator Foraker of Ohio has been decided upon to make the first speech in seconding Maj. McKinley's nomination. The third speech in favor of the present chief executive will be made by Senator Depew.

The vice presidency is still in the air. It is now stated that President McKinley desires his running mate to come from the West. The three candidates he favors are Senator Wolcott of Colorado, former Senator Washburn of Minnesota, and H. C. Payne, of Wisconsin. If the nomination goes to the West, either Wolcott or Payne will be nominated. This, at any rate, is the opinion expressed by administration men in Washington today.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

ALI NOSING AROUND.

Calls on Hay to Extract a Little Information.

Washington, May 24.—Ali Ferrouh Bey, the Turkish minister here, called at the state department today for the first time in several weeks and spent about fifteen minutes in conference with Secretary Hay. His call was said to be in the usual routine of diplomatic duty, and it is gathered that the minister was in quest of information as to the tenor of Charge Griscom's note presented by him yesterday to the Porte in connection with the American indemnity claims.

The minister has not yet arranged for a presentation to the officials here of Ahmed Pasha ,the Turkish vice admiral, now visiting them, and it is probable that that officer will first go about his mission of ascertaining the resources of American ship building concerns.

It is said at the navy department that the projected visit of the U. S. S. Albany to the Mediterranean has no diplomatic significance whatever. So far, at least, no orders have been forwarded to Capt. Craig, her commander, to take the ship into any Turkish port, though it is said that under his general authorization to cruise in the Mediterranean he is at liberty to touch Smyrna, Alexandretta or any other Turkish Mediterranean port if he sees fit to do so.

C. A. TOWNE RETURNS.

Says Silver Republican Convention Will Be Very Large.

Charles A. Towne returned this morning from a trip to Ohio and other points, where he conferred with Silver Republicans in reference to the coming national convention of that party at Kansas City. He also combined some pleasure with his trip, visiting a few days at Lansing, Mich., accompanied by Mrs. Towne.

Mr. Towne says that the convention of the Silver Republicans will be a very large and a very fine gathering of men. Delegations will be present from all the states so far as can be learned, and there is much more enthusiasm among the members of the party than has been indicated for some time. All over the country Mr. Towne finds a determination among Democrats, Populists and Silver Republicans to present a united front this year and to work actively for success.

Mr. Towne will remain here for some time, probably until the Kansas Convention.

NO AGREEMENT.

Carpenters Want Contractors to Discharge Non-Union Men and they Refuse.

The Carpenters' union and the Contractors' association have practically agreed on the disputed questions of time and wages, the only differences between them is over the request of the union carpenters that all non-union men be discharged within a given length of time. The carpenters have compromised so that 35¢ cents an hour and not 35 cents is fixed as the minimum scale of wages. The contractors have compromised their position so that eight hours and not nine hours shall constitute a working day, and have given in to the extent of 1¼ cents an hour. The carpenters say that the contractors committee further agreed to discharge all non-union men, but the contractors say they never authorized such a promise to be made. This question, then, is all that remains to be settled and the incident will be closed.

The difficulty between the carpenters and the contractors can scarcely be called a strike. It has never been so declared by the Carpenters' union, and the contractors have never recognized it as such. Nearly all the members of the union have been working, and up to the present time there has been no great inconvenience to the builders. However large contracts are hanging fire, which will require all available labor. The carpenters and the contractors seem to recognize the fact that it is to the best interests of the city to adjust their differences before this work is held up, and there is a possibility that the trouble over the demands that all non-union men be discharged will be settled satisfactorily, within a few days.

The contractors appear to have taken a firm stand, however, and if there is any yielding it must be by the union men. The contractors say that they are willing that the union men shall go to work at the scale agreed on, but they will not allow them to dictate who they shall employ. They further say that they have met the carpenters more than half way and it is now up to the laboring men to settle the trouble.

TO HUSTLE TRUST BILLS.

Rule For Early Action on Anti-Trust Measures.

Washington, May 24.—After conferring with Speaker Henderson and the members of the committee on rules, Chairman Ray of the house judiciary committee, today introduced a rule for the early consideration of the two anti-trust measures. The rule makes the anti-trust constitutional amendment a special order as soon as the rule is adopted, with a final vote on June 1 at 5 p. m.

The anti-trust bill is to follow immediately with a final vote June 2 at 5 p. m.

Washington, May 24.—The house met at 11 o'clock today and proceeded forthwith to resume consideration of the Alaska civil government bill. Amendments to the mining provisions were adopted to authorize the secretary of war to grant permits to dredge for gold below mean low water and to provide that nothing in the act shall be construed as nullifying claims and right of registry located.

TENNIS TOURNEY.

London, May 24, 6:07 p. m.—In the amateur tennis championship games, decided today, E. H. Miles, the champion, defeated J. B. Gribble by 3 love, at the Queen's club here.

GOLD DUST

The Best Washing Powder.

Housework is Hard Work Without it.

Why is Electric Light Best?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Superior St.

THE ASHANTEES

Something About the Savage Race Now in Arms Against England.

Enormity of Their Crimes and Some of Their Revolting Customs.

With rumors in the air, and the possibility of an outbreak in Ashantee, a country that has now remained in peaceful subjection for over a quarter of a century, Great Britain will have to deal with a race of savages whose barbarities in the past have been of a character unique even in the annals of savage nations.

The enormity of their crimes, and the revolting awfulness of the customs practiced by these people, might shock even the sturdiest, and an excellent appreciation of these may be gained when one learns that when England last made war upon them they had been in the habit of sacrificing on an average nearly 2000 human lives each year upon the altar of a ghastly horrible religion. This little item of itself should give civilized nations something to ponder at and dwell upon, says the Cincinnati Enquirer.

Ashantee, as all students of history and geography know, lies snuggled in the under coast of the solid body of Upper Africa, and due south of the Soudan and the Great Sahara desert.

The king, though recognized as a demigod, and allowed to carry on affairs that would come under the head of ordinary administration, when it comes to a matter of peace or war, has to consult these chiefs or captains, who are known as cabooceers, and the council it is that decides.

Each of the cabooceers has a little court and retinue of his own, which he carries on with a display of barbaric pomp only exceeded in its profusiveness by the king's. As, for instance, when in the last war a council of these chiefs, who were friendly, was held, their advance was described in this fashion by an eyewitness:

"In front of the cortege came a man with a large yellow flag, while in the center were two black figures, following these were two men with tom-toms, and four men who beat pieces of iron against other pieces of iron, somewhat in the form of bells. These six men kept up a tremendous beating, with an energy which had bathed them in perspiration. Next to them came three of the chiefs, followed by a hundred warriors, while around was a crowd of at least 1000 women. The chiefs would go on for fifty yards or so, while the fighting men halted behind.

"Then the flag-bearer would wave his banner round like one possessed, as if his object was to knock the heads off all bystanders, when the fighting men rushed up at a run, and the women kept up a wild tumult around. Then this was gone all over again, while the onlookers went into a frenzy, dancing and chanting like mad."

So rich in gold are these chiefs that some of them wear bracelets of this precious metal in such quantity and such weight that from time to time they are obliged to rest their arms upon the heads of slaves. The king is possessed of a stool of gold that he ever vows to wash in the blood of his enemies whenever his nation goes to war; and at the end of the last campaign Lord Wolseley's army got rich spoil in the shape of masks and other curious relics of beaten gold.

Another curious thing about the Ashantees is the manner in which the throne descends upon the decease of a king. Instead of becoming the right of his own issue it falls to the eldest brother, and failing a claimant of this character goes to the eldest son of his sister. Then, also, when kings of members of the royal family die they are put in sitting posture and linked together by bands of gold. Only the well-to-do Ashantees make any attempt at dressing.

An umbrella is the distinctive rank of a great noble who is better clothed than a mere chief, and rides on horseback. The chiefs also generally carry an ivory staff carved spirally.

The common men are almost naked, and carry several knives fastened in a kind of necklace.

For weapons in the last war the chiefs carried a bow and quiver of poisoned arrows, while those common men who were not fortunate enough to possess a red-stocked musket used also to resort to these. What mercenary smuggling traders may have sold them since then it is to be hoped we may not be forced to find out.

The dreadful religion of these people, which used formally to call for the shedding, with unheard-of cruelty, of so much human blood, was founded upon a wild idea of piety toward relations and other connections, the chiefs fancying that the rank of their dead relatives in the future world was measured by the number of attendants sent after them. To get victims for these sacrifices periodical raids were made on the coast towns, from which great numbers of men and women were carried off.

Polygamy is another of the crimes that was indulged in by this awful race of people, some kings have had as many as 333 wives; but many of these were employed as guards or in menial positions.

In the last Ashantee war the greatest difficulty our troops had to contend with was an absolute lack of roads, while they suffered much from the heat and fevers of the country.

CONVENIENT BAGS.

With full skirts of light taffetas we are able to get back our convenient pockets. But they have not reached the point of generalizing, and as long as skirts tight around the hips continue to be worn, the small morocco bag will be indispensable, carried in the hands by women of fashion, says an exchange. But where are the powder box, the small pocket mirror, the pencil, the handkerchief, the purse, the scent bottle and the thousand small necessities to be put?

We admit without scruple that we have always cursed the tyranny of fashion, and that the oblong bags, so perfectly adapted to carry nothing at all, make us at times regret the old reticule, in which we used to engulf everything pell mell, but which at least held everything, though it swelled out to grotesque form. Let us rejoice that this time the useful has been combined with the agreeable. The bag is almost square, that without exaggeration, very elegant, and it meets all requirements. The sides are fitted with pockets for visiting cards, smeling bottles and purse, and there is still room for our pretty knickknacks.

RODE ON A TORNADO.

Girl Carried Unharmed a Quarter of a Mile.

To be blown more than a fourth of a mile by a raging tornado is something remarkable, even though the person so treated were torn all to pieces and killed by the currents; but to be blown a quarter of a mile, surrounded on all sides by trees, houses, timbers and all the other debris that a full-fledged tornado gathers unto itself in its wild flight, carried through the air at seventy miles an hour, and, despite all of this, to escape even the slightest bruise or scratch, is more than remarkable—it might be called miraculous. That was the experience of Miss Millie Milton in the tornado that passed over sections of Denton county last week, says a Denton, Tex., correspondent of the St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

When she was picked up by some neighbors her body was apparently lifeless. Her body was limp and flaccid, her respiration was labored, her pulse was slow. Medical assistance was immediately procured, and, although restoratives were applied, they availed nothing. Three days after her experience she began to regain her senses, only to lose them again in a delirium which it was feared would cause her death. Only yesterday did she recover consciousness sufficiently to talk coherently, and her statement as to her sensations, feelings, etc., during the storm is given below:

"We saw the cloud coming, and I stood up in the bed while my mother and sister were on the floor alongside. I saw the storm approaching closer, when, all of a sudden it struck the house with terrific force; everything was roaring like an express train, it seemed to me. There was a buzzing sound accompanying, and when the storm's fury picked me up, this and the roaring grew fainter and fainter, like on with a display of barbaric pomp only exceeded in its profusiveness by the a receding wail of an infant—and then all was blank. The next thing I knew I was when I was lying on the ground in George Baker's orchard. Some ladies were bending over me, but the recollection of her unconsciousness, and the fact of tion of that is very indistinct—like a dream; and I knew nothing more until I recovered my senses yesterday."

When the body was found a thorough examination made by Dr. I. S. Rogers failed to show a bruise or scratch on the entire body. She showed all the symptoms, he states, of a nervous shock, and it is believed by many that this condition was superinduced by the electrical currents in the air, which sent their surplus of electro motive force into and through her body. This theory seems in line with the generally accepted idea that tornadoes owe their strength and being to electrical currents, and is borne out apparently by the fact that a raspberry tart is required, and there is scarcely a bruise or scratch her being without a bruise or scratch seems to be still further proof.

At last accounts Miss Milton was rapidly recovering.

There was a numer of other strange pranks played by the wind, in one instance a zinc tub being twisted and wrapped around a fence post, which was left standing, while other posts for a distance of several rods were torn out of the ground and laid flat. A can from Ganzo, a distance of nine miles, was found at Little Elm, while boughs and leaves of oak trees were also found at the latter place, when there is not an oak tree nearer than five miles.

MILLS CLOSED.

Joliet, May 24.—Nearly 1000 men were thrown out of work when, at noon today, the converter and billet mills of the Illinois Steel company were closed for an indefinite period. Only the blast furnaces and merchant mills are now running. It is stated that the closing of some tin plate mills on account of a strike is responsible for the shut down of the Illinois company's billet mills today.

ONE SIDED.

Of all the politicians of this generation none has a larger reputation for reserve than former Senator Arthur P. Gorman, of Maryland, who is again taking a prominent part in Democratic politics, relates the Saturday Evening Post. Senator Gorman applies to public affairs the famous rule of the great soldier who said that the art of war consisted in finding out what the enemy intended to do. Mr. Gorman is affability itself to the newspaper men that crowd around him for information, but it is a standing joke among them that he does all the interviewing himself.

Every summer Senator Gorman goes to Saratoga for several weeks. One evening Judge Grubb, of Delaware, remarked: "Senator Gorman, you and I have been coming to this hotel for nearly a dozen years, and every summer when I get back home I find that I have told you everything I know, whereas you never tell me a thing."

The senator smiled and so did those about him, for they appreciated that the judge had given a capital description of Mr. Gorman.

SALAD HINTS.

Cream or Neufchatel cheeses or the home-made cottage cheese should be served with fruit salads, and any kind of thin, crisped crackers, or bread cut in says in a sing-song tone: "Polly is a good the slices rolled and tied with baby ribbon to make them attractive, says Ella Morris Kretschmar in the Woman's Home companion.

Bear in mind that it is quite as important to have the salads thoroughly chilled as to have soups perfectly hot. Lukewarmness is not commendable in either of these courses any more than it is in friendship or religion.

Independent folks find comfort in an Independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

There's Constant Inquiry for Rooms and Board

So that if you can provide either, 'twill pay you to keep that fact before applicants in the form of a Herald adlet, the cost of which will be small. A landlady said the other day: "I keep my rooms full all the time through my ad. in the Herald."
324, 2 rings—either 'Phone, Herald business office open until 8 p. m.

A LIVELY SESSION

Election of Book Concern Agents Before the Methodist Conference.

THE COLOR LINE UP

Discussion Over Freedmen's Aid Secretary Causes a Warm Debate.

Chicago, May 24.—Election of eastern and western publishing agents to superintendent the offices of the Methodist book concern at New York and Cincinnati, over which a lively contest has been anticipated, was on the program of the Methodist general conference this morning. Previous to the election, however, the conference got into a parliamentary tangle over the report of Governor Pattison, chairman of the special committee appointed to change the constitution of the various church societies to conform to the action of the general conference. Last week, in voting, but one assistant secretary for the church extension, the Missionary society and its Freedmen's Aid and the Southern Education society.

The conference voted to adjourn sine die at 12:30 Tuesday, May 29.

After a sharp debate, a motion to reconsider the action of the conference as regards the cutting off of the additional secretary of the Freedmen's and Southern Education society, was adopted.

A motion with the view of postponing the matter for four years was tabled, and after more debate the amendment offered by Delegate Welsh of Wyoming, excepting the Freedmen's Aid society from the previous action of the conference, thus allowing that society two secretaries, was adopted.

The records were demanded, and after their being produced, Presiding Bishop Walden ruled that the whole matter was before the conference for action. A deluge of substitutes, amendments and motions to postpone followed, and despite of the appeal of delegates against allowing the color line to be touched by the Methodist body, there was not a little heated discussion over the possible election of a colored secretary for the Freedmen's Aid society.

"It is unfair for us to draw the color line. There are men who are afraid we are going to elect a colored secretary to this society," said President W. H. Crawford of Allegheny college.

Lay Delegate Welch, of Wyoming, flushed with anger, at once arose. "Mr. President, I submit it is unfair for any man on that platform to make such a statement. I say it is false," he shouted.

"Well, I withdraw that statement so far as it affects those who don't feel that way," said President Crawford, amid laughter.

The conference then settled down to the election of Eastern and Western book agents. Written nominations were made as follows: Lewis Curtis, J. Pearson, George B. Johnson, H. C. Wackly, Sam Pye, George W. Morse, Daniel Rader, S. B. Towne, William F. Whitlock, J. J. Bentley, Charles C. Lashby, James R. Harvey, B. C. Jennings, Willis W. Cooper, J. M. Kittleman, J. W. Jennings and Horace Reed, for publishing agents of Eastern Book concern; George P. Mains and Homer Eaton for publishing agents of Western Book concern.

The balloting for publishing agents was the last business of the forenoon session, the conference then taking a recess until 3:30 p. m.

A WASHINGTON RUMOR.

That Towne Will Not Press His Candidacy.

Washington, May 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—One of the political rumors afloat here today is that Charles A. Towne does not expect that he will be nominated for vice president at the Democratic national convention at Kansas City in July and that it is his purpose to force the Democratic leaders at Kansas City to give him recognition, and that he will withdraw from the vice presidential race if promised a cabinet place in Mr. Bryan's cabinet if the latter is elected. The position Mr. Towne desires, so says the rumor, is the interior department portfolio. It is said here, too, that Bryan will concede to Towne what he desires, and that the man likely to be selected for Bryan's associate upon the ticket is William R. Hearst, newspaper publisher of New York and San Francisco. The rumor is not generally believed.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

FISCHER DENIES IT.

Has Sent Kruger No Message of Any Kind.

Washington, May 24.—Speaking of a report that he had cabled a dispatch to President Kruger urging him to surrender on the best terms obtainable, Abraham Fischer, head of the Boer delegation, said last night:

"The report is absolutely false. Like other dispatches, it has been concocted at Cape Town by enemies of the Boer cause for the purpose of influencing sentiment in the United States. In the first place, I cannot communicate by cable with President Kruger. A dispatch in cipher is rejected by the British censor, and one in plain text signed by myself or associates would be refused. If I had an opportunity to send President Kruger a message in cipher it would be very different from that which has had its birth in Cape Town. If I were to advise surrender I do not believe the president would accept my advice. He will determine this for himself."

EX-SENATOR HILL INTERRED.

Colorado Statesman Laid Away With Simple Ceremonies.

Denver, Col., May 24.—The funeral of Nathaniel P. Hill, formerly United States senator from Colorado, who died on Tuesday, was held today at the family residence and was strictly private, only members of the family and very intimate friends of the deceased being present. The senator had expressed the wish shortly before his death there should be no pomp or ceremony or flowers at his funeral.

Many public offices were closed, and flags are floating at half mast on public buildings. The death of no citizen of Colorado ever called out so many messages of sympathy and tributes as have been received by the family of ex-Senator Hill. Telegrams have been received from prominent people in all parts of the country.

IN MICHIGAN.

Marquette County Feldspar Quarries to Be Worked---Range Notes.

Marquette—A new and profitable industry promises to develop in Marquette county in the shape of quarries of feldspar. The only quarries of this particular mineral now being worked in the United States are in North Carolina, which, with Canada, supplies the feldspar which is used in the centers where the manufacture of pottery is carried on.

Experts have spent some time investigating the deposits of feldspar in this county and have found some which they believe to be of more value than the deposits in either North Carolina or Canada. The first quarry of this kind in this state will be opened in Humboldt township.

Work is to be started very shortly at the new agricultural experiment station at Chatham, Alger county, on the line of the Munising railway. The state board of agriculture secured eighty acres of land there last summer and has hired Lee M. Geismar to superintend the station. Bids are now being sought for the erection of the necessary station buildings.

Lake Linden—In the endeavor to stop his horse, which had started to run, Ernest Derrick, of this place, caught hold of a wheel and he and the horse and wagon went tumbling fifty feet down a steep incline. Ernest and the horse escaped injury, but the wagon was wrecked.

Houghton—Following its steady policy of expansion the Tamarack Mining company's management will install a new auxiliary hoist at No. 3 shaft of the latest and most economical design.

West Duluth

The committee on streets, alleys and sidewalks is considering the question of making new sidewalks on the residence streets narrower than the average of the present ones when they are put in in accordance with the recomendation of the board of public works, as it is thought will be the case.

It is believed by the committee that 8 or 10-foot walks on these streets are far and away outside of the demands for travel and that it is a good chance to make a substantial saving of money. Six feet has been discussed as the proper width, and there are those who think that the committee would not miss it by making it four feet in some localities at least.

The sentiment among West Duluth people, as far as has been ascertained, is in favor of this plan.

The question of narrowing the sidewalk on Central avenue has been discussed also, and the general sentiment is in favor of making it fourteen feet instead of eighteen, which would give a double driveway between the car tracks and the curb. Owing to the number of telephone, electric light, street car and telegraph poles along this avenue, the proposition is involved with some difficulties. It has been suggested that the question, so far as Central avenue is concerned, had better be allowed to rest until such time as repaving can be secured—if ever—and if it is expedient to make the walk narrower it can be done then.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

William Lambert is ill.

Patrick Murphy, who has recently moved here from Gladstone, Mich., has bought the Green Bay house near the car works.

Miss Emma Hardiman has moved to Duluth.

Mrs. C. C. Warner, wife of Third Baseman Warner, of the Duluth team, has come here from Chicago, and the couple will make their home here.

Manager Wade, of the baseball team, has signed Pitcher William Elliott, of Port Huron, Mich., who has been playing in the Michigan league team. He will appear in the coming Saturday and Sunday games.

Get your ice cream at Boerner's.

Wanted, a competent girl for general housework at good wages. Mrs. N. Hendricks, West Duluth.

You know it all right, but we like to repeat it—Flor de Teller at 10 cents and Royal Blue at 5 cents are good cigars.

Northwestern Line Excursion Bulletin.

Some special low round trip rates as follows:

Tournament Whist club, Chicago, May 30, June 2, $18.10.

Federation Womans Clubs, Milwaukee, June 2 to 5, $13.30.

I. O. O. F., St. Paul, June 12-13, $5.75.

Republican convention, Philadelphia, Pa., June 14, 15, 16, $29.50.

National Prohibition convention, Chicago, June 25, 26, 27, $13.55.

Excursions to Utah, Colorado, Wyoming and Dakota.

Homeseekers' excursion tickets, July 3 and 19. One fare for the round trip, plus $2, to parties, South, West and Southwest.

Full information and tickets, 405 West Superior street.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

Furniture Moved and Stored....

We have experienced men, competent packers and best storage house in the city and are responsible for all breakages. Call or telephone us at 410 W. Superior street. Telephone No. 190.

DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.

LOST.

LOST—DIAMOND EARRING ON Superior street, after 5 o'clock Tuesday evening. Finder return to 22 East Second street and receive good reward. Mrs. R. A. Folkerts.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

The Finest Corner

in the East End for sale at **$6,500.** 100x140 feet. South-East Corner, 14th Avenue East and Superior Street.

R. B. KNOX & CO.

1st of May we have a cheap rate over N. P. R. R. to any party looking for selected land on this line. Small or large tract—or land anywhere. Call on

S. B. BRIGHAM, the land man.
Open evenings. 12 Fifth Avenue W.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$2600 for house and lot in center of city. Will net 12 per cent on investment.

$325 for nice lot in Helm's addition.

$900 for 8-room house with city water, in good repair, 150 feet from street car line. TWO LOTS, one on Third street and one on Fourth street, centrally located. Cheap.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Bldg

HARRIS BROS.,

Real Estate,

712 PALLADIO.

Two of the best houses in the city on Third street, between Lake and Fourth avenues east. Will sell at a bargain.

Established 1886. **J. C. Mishler,** Established 1886.
200 Exchange Building.

OFFERS FOR SALE:

One and one-half miles water front on the St. Louis river, which affords a good water power, 35-feet fall.

Also desirable Iron leases on the Mesaba range.

Also houses and lots in the city from $1000 up.

FOR RENT—Centrally located flats, steam heat, bath, etc.,

FOR SALE CHEAP—One acre on shore Pike Lake, Minn.—beautifully located—nice beach.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate and Loans

Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.

Thos. P. Brown,
No. 704 Torrey Building.

SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE FOR SALE. 1420 Jefferson.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 4, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 28, 1900. Work, Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 30 R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 23, 1900. Work, R. A. M. E. M. degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 5, 1900. Work.—Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 108 Meets every Thursday in Hunter block third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder John C. Walker, financier, residence 811 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights adways welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, May 22, at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 1, 8 p. m. Work, Second Degree, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

What Do We Do?

First-class moving, storing and packing of household goods and pianos. Move in padded and covered vans. Employ competent and experienced workmen. Make a specialty of moving safes and machinery. Estimates free. Try us and see, for satisfaction we guarantee.

The People's Moving and Storage Co.,
HERMAN RUMPEL, Mgr.
Office—210 West Superior Street. Phone 601 } Zenith Duluth.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

CARPET CLEANING.

CARPETS CLEANED, REFITTED AND relaid. Window shades made to order. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—SECOND-HAND LUMBER wagon. Duluth Foundry and Machine company, West Duluth.

WILL PAY CASH FOR A HOUSE well located. Give street and number, with price. Address Cash Buyer, Herald.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE A SEVEN-room house, between Lake avenue and Twentieth avenue east, below Sixth street; easy terms. Address Purchaser, care Duluth Evening Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND-HAND furniture, stoves and carpets. We pay good prices. Call at 14 W. Superior St.

WELL-LOCATED IRON CLAIMS ON Mesaba and Vermilion ranges. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

CLOTHES CLEANED.

J. F. MILLER—CLOTHES CLEANED, dyed and repaired on short notice. Goods called for free of charge. 110 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Telephone 570.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, including some fine Jerseys, to arrive Tuesday, May 29, at Downie's stock yards, 2940 West First street. W. J. McCabe.

GOOD MILCH COW FOR SALE? 108 London road.

SALOON FOR SALE.

Old established good trade. Near large manufacturing institutions. This is an opening seldom offered. Satisfactory reasons for selling.

MAX F. YALENSTINE,
New Duluth.

SUCKING PIGS FOR SALE AT Tobin's meat market, 121 East Superior street.

Received one carload of

Shetland Ponies,

Prices from $35 to $75.

Address or call on J. F. Elwell, care of "The New Store," Minneapolis, Minn.

HORSEMEN! BREEDERS! SPECULATORS!

Watch for our second great consignment of hardy Western horses, consisting of brood mares, driving, delivery and draft horses. This will be the second shipment of the 3000 head that we have arranged for consignment to us from the famous ranchers of Washington and Montana.

They will be sold at auction to the highest bidders without reserve and regardless of value at our Midway Sale Stables, at 10 a. m., Wednesday, June 6.

This great bunch of horses are in prime condition, and will be worthy of the attention of horsemen, breeders and speculators throughout the country.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

On Interurban line between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

FOR SALE—CAR FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive May 21 at Johnson's cow market, Twenty-sixth avenue west.

S. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED WITH a carload of fresh milch cows; some good Jerseys among them. 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—TWO FULL BLOODED ST. Bernard pups. 431 West Michigan street.

FOR SALE—AT 1511 EAST FOURTH street, Hazelton square, Grand piano, excellent condition; fine tone.

FOR SALE—SMALL CLEAN STOCK OF groceries. Call at 608 Garfield avenue.

PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant. 704 East Second.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

FRAMED SCENERY AND WAR PICtures on easy payments. J. Weinberg, manager New England Portrait company, 110 East Superior street.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee depot. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 221 West First street.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows bldg. Best work. Moderate prices.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

GIRL WANTED; SMALL FAMILY. 127 West Second street.

GOOD SEWING GIRLS AT 7 EAST SUperior street; Room 202.

WANTED COMPETENT NURSE GIRL at 1015 East Superior street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO BAKE PIES AND wait on lunch counter; one woman for second cook; one young man to wait on lunch counter. H. C. Watson, Bethel, Lake avenue.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; good wages, 1712 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; would like a fair cook; good wages. Call at 1015 East Superior stret.

WANTED—WOMAN FOR CHAMBER work, four hours a day. One who wants work and lives at home. Don't come looking for something for nothing. 8 East Superior street.

GIRL WANTED FOR COOKING AND general housework. Call mornings, Mrs. M. Kastriner, 40 East Main street corner Fifty-third avenue. West Duluth.

WANTED—GOOD DISHWASHER AT the Record restaurant, next to Duluth Boat Club house.

WANTED—NURSE GIRL. APPLY AT once. 918 East Fifth street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR BOARDING house; good wages and evenings off. 2415 West Superior street.

WANTED — CHAMBER MAID, 523½ West Superior street; one that can go home nights.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COOK FOR RESTaurant. Apply to J. H. Knauf, 1932 West Michigan street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 314 East Second.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 131 West Third street.

WANTED—A GOOD MACHINE OPERator. 329 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 315 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must understand cooking. Good wages. 1026 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of four. Must be competent. Apply at 121 West Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 121 West Second street.

WANTED — GIRLS AT PEERLESS laundry at once.

COMPETENT SECOND GIRL—707 EAST First street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Apply at 2605 West Third street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework wanted. 2029 East Third street.

WANTED—A COOK AND NURSE girl at 1206 East Second street.

WANTED—A GOOD WOMAN COOK. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 312 West Third street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—BRIGHT BOY TO LEARN barber trade. 202 West Second street store.

WANTED — TWO ENERGETIC SOlicitors of good address. References required. Apply at room 305 Burrows building.

WANTED—MAN TO WORK ON DAIRY farm. Call 2107 East Fourth street.

WANTED—STATION MEN; WILL PAY from 14 to 20 cents per yard. Also want day laborers. Apply to Kimball, Willis & Shaller, Channing, Mich.

WANTED—MACHINISTS, AT VIRGINia Iron works, Virginia, Minn.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. J. S. Lane.

FOUR FIRST-CLASS COAT MAKERS; positively the highest prices paid in the state for best work. Mies.

Business Men

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—A GENERAL AGENT FOR this city and county, to represent the Standard Registry company of Minneapolis. One who has experience in handling sub-agents. Good references required. Address Standard Registry company, 512 Bank of Commerce, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN EXperienced in bar tending, position as assistant bar tender or bar porter. D 79, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WISHES POsition with good barber to finish trade; has some experience. S 69, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY EXPERIenced bookkeeper and office man. Sober and reliable. Address S 68, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING AT HOME. OR will go out. 206½ West Second street.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER DESIRES sewing in family. The best of references given. Address 1 West Fourth street.

WANTED—WORK BY THE DAY OF any kind; gardening a specialty. Call or send postal to 276 Third avenue east, upstairs.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

Steam Carpet Cleaning Works.

Steam Carpet Cleaning and Rug Weaving. Carpets laid and refitted. Carpets renovated on floor when desired. Rugs made from old carpets. Duluth and Superior Steam Carpet and Rug Weaving Works, 1522 West Michigan street.

TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE, GENTLEman's bicycle in good condition for medium size refrigerator. Write to S 67, care Herald, stating where refrigerator can be seen.

1899 FORFEITED TAX TITLE ON LAND to trade for horse and buggy. Address B 98, Herald.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

FOR RENT—BEST NINE-ROOM HOUSE in the city for the price, $45; heat and water. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 203 Lonsdale.

HOUSES, STORES FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

ONE PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM for rent. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—MODERN FURNISHED room, $5 per month. 308 Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—FURNISHED OR unfurnished. 626 West Third street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms, 125 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 632 West First street.

FOR RENT — NICE FURNISHED rooms, 129 East First street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for gentlemen, 330 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

PRIVATE ROOM AND BOARD—"THE Midland," 212 West Second.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, one or two rooms for light housekeeping. Must be centrally located. S 56, Herald.

WANTED—TWO ROOMS AND BOARD for the summer, at or near Lakeside. Address S 45, care Herald.

WANTED—FOUR FURNISHED ROOMS suitable for light housekeeping. Address S 46, Herald.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—PLEASANT ROOM AND board in private family for two ladies (one an invalid). Expect to pay well for satisfactory accommodations. Address A 1, Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved, Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

PERSONAL.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES PRIVATE INstructions in Latin and mathematics. Any hour suitable. L 63, care Herald.

REWARD—WILL PAY FOR INFORMAtion by which I may locate Wallace H. Newbard and H. A. Lazier, who lived in Duluth some eighteen years ago. Address C. W. H., Herald.

HAIR DRESSING, SHAMPOOING, scalp treatment, manicuring and massage. Mrs. Sherman, 404 New Jersey bldg.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, 11 Nineteenth avenue west. Private hospital.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 313 Lyceum building. 'Phone 647. Prompt service.

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—TO BORROW, $1000 ON UNquestionable stock security, bearing income 10 per cent interest. S 45, Herald.

SMALL AMOUNTS MONEY TO LOAN; private party; no publicity. D 94, Herald.

$2000 TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT DEsired, 7 per cent, no commission. Chas Smith, 2 Hunter block.

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNIture, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio.

MEDICAL.

Dr. Le Due's Female Regulator Positively warranted to cure most stubborn cases Monthly Stoppages, Irregularities, Obstructions, Suppressions $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by the KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by **E. F. BOYCE and MAX WIRTH, Duluth;** Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

SETTLERS' EXCURSIONS.

On May 19, 21, 25, 26 and 29, I will run cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming land free. Western Canada is the greatest farming country in the world. Go there and become rich. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER,
Canadian Government Agent.
316 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	3:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..Lv	1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar.... Virginia Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:21 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta Lv	12:39 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar.... Biwabik Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar.... Mt. Iron Lv	12:36 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar.... Hibbing Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Pasenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive
†1 10 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 00 pm
*11 15 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
3 05 pm	Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	†11 50 am

Sleeper for 10:15 p.m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. C. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8:35 am	St. Paul, Mpls.	**3:05 pm
*4:30 pm	...Twilight Limited...	*9:50 pm
*5:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	....FAST MAIL....	*10:30 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.
Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

Lv. 10 00 am	TRAINS FOR	Ar. *6 45 am
" *5 55 pm	ST. PAUL AND	" †1 40 pm
" *11 15 pm	.. MINNEAPOLIS ..	" *7 00 pm

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.
426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
4:45 p. m.	BOSTON LIMITED	*5 30 p. m.
*9 45 a. m.	EXPRESS	*9 30 a. m.

Lovers of Comfort and a Good Table

SHOULD TRY THE—

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

DINING CAR SERVICE.

Meals in Dining Cars are Served a la Carte.

Direct line to Oshkosh, Neenah, Marshfield, Fond du Lac, Menasha, Stevens Point, CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE and all points

EAST AND SOUTH.

Pullman Parlor Sleeping Cars. Fine Day Coaches.

DAILY SERVICE.

4:00 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	11:15 a.m.
4:15 p.m.	Lv... W. Superior ...Ar	11:00 a.m.
4:35 p.m.	Lv..... Superior .....Ar	10:37 a.m.
7:25 p.m.	Lv..... Ashland .....Ar	7:45 a.m.
4:11 a.m.	Ar..... Neenah Lv	11:35 p.m.
4:34 a.m.	Ar..... Oshkosh Lv	11:31 p.m.
5:09 a.m.	Ar...Fond du Lac ...Lv	10:55 p.m.
7:15 a.m.	Ar..... Milwaukee ...Lv	8:45 p.m.
9:45 a.m.	Ar..... Chicago Lv	6:15 p.m.

For rates or other information, apply City Ticket Office, 428 West Superior street, Union Depot, or

W. M. STEPHENSON,
General Agen
430 W. Superior Street.

THE MILWAUKEE LINE

The Pioneer Limited.

Only Perfect Train in the World.

Best Dining Car Service.
LOWEST RATES TO ALL POINTS,

J. T. CONLEY,
Ass't Genl. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn.

Burlington Route

ALL UNDER ONE ROOF.

On the Burlington's Chicago and St. Louis Limited, you can live as well as at the finest hotel in America. You can dine in a dining car; smoke in a smoking car; read in a library car; sleep in a compartment or standard sleeping car; and recline in a reclining chair car. All under one roof. Electric lighted and steam heated. Leaves Minneapolis 7:20 p. m., St. Paul 8:05 p. m. daily, arriving Chicago 9:25 next morning. The "Scenic" Express, an elegant day train, leaves Minneapolis 7:40 a. m., St. Paul 8:15 a. m., except Sunday. Ask your home agent for tickets via this line, or address

P. S. EUSTIS,
Gen'l Pass. Agent,
CHICAGO, ILL.

GEO. P. LYMAN,
Ass't Gen'l Pass. Agent,
ST. PAUL, MINN.

I Told You So!

Here it is, Can you beat it.

Today and Friday.

Mail orders will be filled at these prices no later than Monday. All 1900 goods.

Solar Lamp, $3, now **$2.10**
20th Century Lamp, $3, now **$2.10**
Breckenridge Lamp, $3, now **$2.10**
Full Moon Lamp, $2, now **$1.15**
Path-Light Lamp, $2.50, now **$1.75**
Good Oil Lamps, now **35c**
2-lb can Carbide, for Gas Lamps, 25c, now **20c**

ROTARY BELLS
25c, now **15c**
50c, now **25c**
75c, now **50c**
$1.00, now **65c**
100 large double gong, very loud, now for **65c**

Foot Floor Pumps—
40c Pump, now **26c**
50c Pump, now **35c**
75c Pump, now **45c**

Hand Pumps ..... **10c and 15c**

BICYCLE CHAINS—The most important part of a Bicycle to make a Bike run easy. Yours is worn out—get a new one. Oh! so cheap.

$1.50 Chains today ..... **85c** | 75c Chains today ..... **45c** | $2.50 Chains, Baldwin **$1.50**
Pedals—$1 per pair, now **65c** | $1.50 per pair, now ..... **85c** | $2 per pair, now **$1.10**

$3 Wheeler Sadles **$1.75**
$3 Christie Sadles **$1.75**
$2.50 Parry, a Pnumatic, blowed up same as a tire, now **$1.25**
$1 and $1.50 Saddles, today **75c**

Trouser Guards—
5c per pair, now 2c
25c per pair, with spoke lock, nickel plated **15c**
15c same, black **10c**
25c rubber **15c**

Wrenches—
20c Wrenches **12c**
25c Wrenches **15c**
35c Wrenches **18c**
50c Wrenches **35c**

OIL—
10c bottle, 5c
10c grease 6c
10c graphite .. 5c
5c graphite .. 1c
5c Tire Tape, 3c
25c enamel .. 15c (any color)

CEMENT—
Quick Seal, 10c, today .. 5c
Sure Shot Solution, 10c .. 5c
Rim Cement, 5c, at 3c
Rim Cement, 10c, at 5c
Rim Cement, 15c, at 10c

Handlebars.
All kinds at Half Price.
15c Dress Guard Lacing, today **10c**
Luggage Carriers, 25c kind, today **18c**

TOE CLIPS—25c kind ..... **15c** | 15c kind ..... **10c** | 50c kind **30c**

We Sell the Well Known Crawfords on Easy Payments.

Our Repair Shop is complete. We do nothing but good bicycle repairing. Reasonable rates. We repair everything.

CITY GUN STORE

402 W. Superior St. R. C. KRUSCHKE.

$25 Spring Overcoats .. $12.45

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth THE BURROWS STORE

$16.00 Top Coats $9.45

Knox Straw Hats.

First shipment of these world renowned hats arrived yesterday and go on sale today. Knox Straw Hats lead the world. No other maker can make straw hats like Knox. There is a style and character to them that others cannot imitate.

Our straw hat stock was never so large as this season. Thousands of styles to choose from plain and rough straws—

50c, 75c, $1 up to $8.

M. S. BURROWS.

Dr. Bruess' Powerful Penetrating Peerless Remedy

For all pains of the body, as

Rheumatism, Cold in the Chest, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, Spine Disease, Backache, Lumbago, Sprained Joints, Croup, Bronchitis, Sore Throat.

Dr. Bruess in his many years of private and hospital practice in Berlin, Germany, found this celebrated remedy to be a positive cure for the above ailments

This Wonderful Remedy will give you instant relief. Once used, you will recommend it to your friends and neighbors.

Orders from the country amounting to $2, express charges will be prepaid. Free sample on request given out at store.

For sale only by—
S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,
Corner Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block. Telephone 755. Call 4.

D. H. DAY, Dentist.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Grain Going Forward Now By way of Erie and Fairport.

BUFFALO GETS GO-BY

Grain Rates Weak Owing to Lack of Demand In the East.

Chicago, May 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Inter-Ocean says there were several charters yesterday for the American routes, and in each case Buffalo got the go-by, every cargo going to Erie, indicating that the Anchor line of steamers and the Pennsylvania road are carrying everything before them. Between the numerous Canadian lines, all feeding the St. Lawrence route, and the Anchor line and Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio roads, feeding the Philadelphia and Baltimore routes, Buffalo and the New York route are suffering terrible losses. As a shipper put it last evening, "Providence seems to be against the grain elevator syndicates. Those in Chicago are caught in the south branch and tied up somewhat by shallow water and a rushing current, while South Chicago elevators, owned by Chicago shippers, move most of the real big cargoes, and the syndicate at Buffalo is sidetracked by the Canadian lines and the Pennsylvania and Baltimore & Ohio railroads."

One explanation of the fact that so much of the grain is going forward just now by way of Erie and Fairport is that T. M. Parr & Co., of Philadelphia and Baltimore, are about the only exporters of grain at present.

NEW CANADIAN LAKE FLEET.

Ottawa, Ont., May 24.—The new lake fleet of the Canada National Railway & Transportation company, promoted by Americans, to ply on the Canadian route, for which provision is made in the bill further discussed in house committee yesterday, is as follows: Eight steamers for the upper lakes, plying between western ports of shipment and Collingwood, to cost $195,000 each; thirty-two steamers for Lake Ontario, to run between Toronto and Montreal, to cost $96,250 each. Progress was made with the bill, which, however, eventually stood over till the next meeting of the committee to allow the minister of railways and canals to prepare a clause giving power to the government to expropriate the company should it be so desired.

OWN THEIR OWN TUG.

Milwaukee, May 24.—The increase in tug charges at Pine lake this season has resulted in several coarse freight vessel owners joining strength and purchasing a tug which they sent, according to reports received at Milwaukee, to that port Kallyuga. Fontana, the tug purchased was the Irma L. Wheeler, of Manistee, and was formerly owned by Messrs. Canfield and Wheeler, who operated her at the latter port. The charges made this year by the tug men at Pine lake are 25 per cent higher than those of last season, but the Wheeler will work at the rates in vogue last year.

CHANGES IN LIGHT STATIONS.

The tower from which a fourth order fixed white light is shown on the high eastern bank of the Niagara river, near its mouth, will be at once increased in height ten feet. The additional part of the tower will be built of white brick and will be left the natural color. The change in the height of the light should increase its range of visibility, both in the river and upon the lake, where it is now obscured by trees.

The tower from which a fourth-order fixed white light is shown at the station on the low rocky point at the westerly side of the mouth of the Oswegatchie river (Ogdensburg harbor), southerly side of the St. Lawrence river, will be increased in height about twenty feet. The work will be completed on or about June 30. The new part of the tower will be built of white brick and will be left the natural color. The color of the old part of the tower will be changed from gray to white.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Coal—Glasgow, Duluth. Light—Wallace, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Light—Brown, Superior.

Conneaut—Cleared: Light—Spokane, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Coal—Lockwood, Duluth. Light—Harper, Gilbert, J. I. Case, Duluth.

Fairport—Cleared: Coal—Spinner, Soo. Rails—Paliki, Port Arthur. Light—Marsala, Duluth.

Marquette—Arrived: McGregor, Business, Rugee.

Toledo—Cleared: Coal—Henry Johnson, Duluth.

Ashland—Arrived: Maine, Montana, Hong, Rhoda Emily, Hattie, George Owen, Adam Smith, Mystic. Cleared: Pig iron—Fiske, Buffalo. Ore—Tampico, Oliver, Caledonia, Polynesia, Naples, Conneaut; Eddy, Gladstone, Cleveland. Lumber—Hopkins, Board of Trade, Toledo; Pringle, Sweetheart, Harrison, North Tonawanda; Preston, Washburn.

WILL MEET COMPETITION.

An executive officer of the Pennsylvania railroad says that the Pennsylvania could not afford to be shut out by an apparent consolidation of lake shipping interests and take second place as a common carrier. The Anchor line not only provides magnificent terminals in Buffalo, but also the exceptionale hance of serving Detroit, Milwaukee, Cleveland and Duluth with a supply of coal. The Pennsylvania will meet all competition.

BABCOCK'S RESIGNATION.

In Cleveland marine circles the retirement of W. I. Babcock from the Chicago Shipbuilding company and therefore from the trust, was discussed freely. Some reverted to the story published some time ago that a division of the trust territory was to be made in order to give Mr. Babcock and Mr. Fitzgerald a wider scope for their work. These, in commenting on the present change, aver that the present retirement may be due to a falling through of the proposed plan to divide the territory, together with other matters on which there was friction.

At Detroit the report drew out expressions of wonder that Superintendent Babcock has remained with the trust even this long. The reason for his resignation is said by a Detroit friend of Mr. Babcock to be due to discouragement with Robert Wallace and his son, James C. Wallace, the latter general manager of the shipbuilding trust, which controls the Chicago plant, and this difference came about long before the trust was organized. It is said that Mr. Babcock has received flattering offers from Galveston and New Orleans, where the establishment of shipbuilding plants is under discussion.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Republic, Rosedale, 12:30 a. m.; Mariposa, Manda, 6:20; George Gould, 7; Merida, Yuma, 7:20; Hudson, Troy, 8; Senator, Saxon, Whittaker, 10; Avon, 10:30; Codorus, 11. Down: Maryland, Maton, Olympia, 11 last night; Roman, midnight; Mohawk 2 a. m.; Nicaragua, Abyssinia, Empire City, 2:30; Aurania, Reiss, 3:30; Selwyn Eddy, 4:30; More, Smeaton, 5:20; Fulton, Krupp, 10; Lagonda, Manola, Malta, 11:20.

Up yesterday: Hanna, Coralia, Sacramento, Granada, Grampian, 11:30 a. m.; Wawatam, noon; Arthur Orr, Hoyt and Whalebacks, 12:30 p. m.; Superior City, 2:20 Alberta, 2:40; Shores, Brainerd, Cahoon, 3:20; America, 3:40; United Empire, 4; Pontiac, 5:30. Down: Madagascar, Stephenson, Nell, Hill, 1:30 p. m.; Manistique, Ogarita, Gardner, 2; Maunaloa, Maia, 3; Toltec, Zapotec, Continental, Holland, 4:30; Whitney, Holden, Genoa, 6:30; Maryland, Olympia, Matoa, 11; Roman, 12.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., May 24.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Paliki, 9:20 last night; Cranage, Norwalk, 10; Davidson and consort, Siemens, Rochling, 10:20; Montana, Spinner, 11:50; Harlem, midnight; Mecosta, 1 a. m.; Andaste, 1:20; Frontenac, Myles, 2; Tempest No. 1 and barge, 2:30; Waldo, 3:30; Houghton, Fritz, 5:40; Bull, Stewart, LaSalle, 5:50; Manhattan, 7:40; Houghton (small), 9; Clarion, 9:50; Northern Light, 10; Uganda, 10:20.

Up yesterday: Rosemount and consorts, 11:50 a. m.; Cambria, Presque Isle, 12:10 p. m.; Progress, Tasmania, 3:10; Neshoto, 4; Nelson and whaleback, 4:10; Johnson, 4:50; Kallyuga, Fontana, 5:20; Grecian, 6; Rome, 6:30; McWilliams, 8:20; Havana, 9:20.

GRAIN RATES WEAK.

Chicago, May 24.—Lake rates on grain have broken, and there is a strong impression among railway freight officials that they will continue to lose strength until the conditions will necessitate a reduction in the present all-rail rates to Eastern territory. Yesterday the water tariff on corn, Chicago to Buffalo, was down to 1¾ cents a bushel, on wheat 1⅞ cents and on oats 1 cent. The water-rail rate from Chicago to New York now is a little more than 7 cents a hundred pounds. The open all-rail rate is 13 cents. The water rates began to weaken May 11. The lack of demand in the East is attributed by local shippers to the weakness of the rates and there would not be great surprise if the water rate on corn would drop to a penny a bushel before the close of the week's operations.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Lansing, Hiawatha, Amaranas, Mohegan, Mingee, John Eddy, Pennington, Iosco, Jeanette, Hesper, Acriatic, Appomattox, Santiago, Lake Erie, coal; Chisholm, Moore, Ogdenby, Lake Erie, light for ore; Leland, Dobbin, Montgomery, Kelley's island, limestone; Sachem, Mills, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Japan, Buffalo, passengers and merchandise.

Departed—Iron Cliff, Turner, Pendell, Tyrone, Nimick, Ashland, light; Northern Queen, Buffalo, grain; Prentice, Middlesex, Halsted, Lake Erie, lumber; Schuylkill, Boston, Buffalo, flour; Iron Queen, Iron King, Moore, Athens, Lake Erie, ore.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York—Arrived: Kaiser Wilhelm III, from Genoa.

New York—Arrived: Saale from Bremen.

Henry Folz

Groceries and Meats.
331-333 West Superior St.

FISH! FIS H!

The leading market has the largest display of fish ever shown in this city.

Specials For Tomorrow.

This week ends the season for shad.

ROE SHAD—large—each **35c**
FRESH MACKEREL—extra large—each **40c**
WALL-EYED PIKE—very cheap—per lb **10c**
LAKE SUPERIOR WHITEFISH—per lb **12½c**
LAKE TROUT—per lb **10c**
SAND PIKE—Sweetest of them all, a lb **12½c**
LARGE YELLOW PERCH—per lb **12½c**
SALT WATER EEL—per lb **15c**
ROCK BASS—a rare treat—per lb **18c**
HALIBUT STEAK—per lb **12½c**
DEEP SEA FLOUNDERS—per lb **15c**
PICKEREL—per lb **6c**
LOBSTERS—per lb **25c**

All fish dressed to order.

BROKERS FAIL.

Price, McCormick & Co., of New York, Forced to the Wall.

New York, May 24.—Announcement of the failure of Price, McCormick & Co. was made today by the chairman of the New York stock exchange. The firm consists of Theodore H. Price, W. G. McCormick, R. M. Stewart-Wortley, Walter W. Price and George Crocker, the latter a special partner. The firm was one of the most active and had large out-of-town connections. The special partner, Mr. Crocker, is of the wealthy California family of that name.

The announcement of the suspension created created great excitement on the cotton exchange and led to general selling, under which August dropped from $8.53 to $8.40. New Orleans and Europe were conspicuous sellers on the break.

Today's development on the cotton exchange marked the culmination of one of the biggest bear movements ever recorded. Previous to the suspension of Price, McCormick & Co., the market had broken over 20 points under terrific selling for both accounts, which came from all directions. August, the most active option, broke from $8.54 to $8.38, and after having rallied to $8.53, fell to $8.40, when the failure was announced. The Liverpool market was closed, but this fact appeared to have no effect in restraining speculations. The excitement was intensified early in the afternoon by rumors of other firms being in financial straights.

Price, McCormick & Co. have long been regarded as the leading supporters of the market, and at one time it was said that they were going to put August spot cotton to 10c as the decline of the past month was against the firm and despite their efforts they could not hold the market up. Therefore, today's developments did not come as a total surprise, though they had sufficient force to temporarily demoralize the trade.

The extent of the failure is not known, though it is believed that the firm materially reduced its holdings during the last few days.

The firm is one of the most prominent in the street and was to have been long of cotton in the fast of a fast selling market. While it is impossible to get any definite figures, firms in Dall street place the firm's loss at $1,000,000 to $3,000,000.

A notice was posted referring to all inquirers to William J. Curtis and William N. Cromwell, assignees.

At the office of the asignees, it was announced that a formal statement of the assets and liabilities of the firm probably would be made later in the day.

Mr. Crocker, as special partner, it is understood, contributed to the firm $500,000 special capital. The present firm was organized Jan. 2, 1897. Up to half past 1 o'clock, 17,200 shares of stock had been sold and bought under the rule of the stock exchange for account of Price, McCormick & Co.

Mr. McCormick is a member of the Chicago family of agricultural implement fame. R. M. Stewart—Wortley is a son-in-law of Rear Admiral Schley.

Following the announcement of the failure, the cotton market became panic-stricken, and broke 30 to 33 points. The extent of the decline from the highest price, when the bull movement culminated, has been 322 points.

Other failures were said to be impending, with the name of one prominently mentioned, but this has been since officially contradicted.

Later in the session, the market became more quiet, but continued to show a weak undertone on the generally favorable crop accounts. The market at 1:45 showed a net loss of 10 to 11 points, having recovered from the extreme depression.

Boston, May 24.—Price, McCormick & Co. have several branches in New England. At one time, they had a wire agency in this city, but of late the local business has been transacted through various brokers' houses, including the firms of George A. Fernald & Co., Hayden, Sloan & Co., Towle & Fitzgerald, Lee, Higginson & Co., and others. At Fernald & Co.'s office this afternoon, it was stated Price, McCormick & Co.'s account with them was very small.

WITH NO REMARKS.

St. Louis Fair Bill Goes In Without Recommendation.

Washington, May 24.—The house committee of the Louisiana purchase exposition to be held at St. Louis in 1903, this afternoon voted to report the exposition to the house without recommendation, favrable or unfavorable.

Representative Steele, of Indiana, first moved to postpone action for the present session, which was defeated 2 to 4.

Representative Joy, of St. Louis, then moved to report the bill favorably, which was lost on a tie vote, 3 to 3. In view of the tie, a motion prevailed to report the bill without recommendation, in order that the house may act finally. The bill as perfected pledges the government to an appropriation of $5,000,000 and allows the government a proportionate share of the proceeds of the enterprise.

DR. DORAN,

Duluth's Most Popular and Reliable Specialist,

Applies his practice to the treatment and cure of all diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, lungs, and special diseases. Acute and chronic catarrh, diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, lungs, liver and stomach treated and cured by modern methods. Dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, chronic female diseases, neuralgia, sciatica, dizziness, nervousness, slow growth in children, and all wasting diseases in adults cured. Deformities, club feet, curvature of the spine, diseases of the brain, diabetes, paralysis, Bright's disease, heart disease, eczema, variocele and hydrocele properly treated. Cancers, tumors, wens, birthmarks, red nose and superfluous hair on the face or neck removed. Epilepsy, or fits cured. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men, and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, syphillis, eruptions, hair falling, bone pains, swellings, sore throat, ulcers, effects of mercury, kidney and bladder troubles, weak back, burning urine, passing urine too often, gonorrhoea, gleet, stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life. Both sexes treated confidentially and privately. Piles, fistula, fissure and rupture cured by our new methods.

DR. J. E. DORAN,
206 West Superior Street.
Telephone No. 490. DULUTH, MINN.

Our Specialty.....
Fine Hardwood Floor Finishing.....

H. A. HALL & CO.
DECORATORS.
Telephone 634. 16 East Superior St.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

will show for the first time tomorrow entirely new European and American ideas in coaching and fancy

Parasols

Embracing many entirely new and exclusive novelties not shown elsewhere. Also a large showing of

Black and White Chiffon Parasols

—at—

$1.25 $1.50 $1.75

and up to

$16.50

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

IN VICTORIA'S HONOR.

New York Harbor Gaily Decorated With Bunting.

New York, May 24.—The shipping in the harbor was gaily decorated with bunting today in honor of the anniversary of Queen Victoria's birthday. The Union Jack was floating above the British consul's office, but the office itself was closed today.

The British flag was displayed in many places about the city.

Five cents buys a Royal Blue cigar—clean goods clear through, built just to please you.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

EYES TESTED FREE and Glasses Fitted.

GEIST & ERD, Opticians,
121 W. Superior Street.

THE SMOOTHEST WAY TO GET A HOME.

The following parties are getting a home for themselves on the easiest plan offered by any one in the city. You know some of them, ask them about it:

Chas. Ten Brook, J. & W. Frink, F. J. & E. Spetz, Dixon Neeley, Charles Smith, Charles Stevens, H. S. Merry, Annie Stokes, John A. Bauers, Martin Nelson, Jacob Svorzecski, Ernest Willie, J. H. B. Smith, Charles Peterson, J. B. Flack, John Sundquist, Peter Holten, Gottlieb Gunther, Ira W. Smith, Adam Sundquist, O. C. Lemelin, Konigunde Smiguel, Della Miller, Ida Harring, Frank G. Myers, H. L. Smith, John A. Gladder, Will Lowry, Andrew Larson, Louis Wick, S. E. Boots, Jaard Mathieson, H. C. Peterson, Philip Plevier, R. J. Gundry, Charles Fancett, Ole Swenson, Fred K. Jewett, John M. Fowles, H. A. Waterson, John McPhail.

THEY WILL ALL TELL YOU THAT IT BEATS PAYING RENT. ABOUT 70 MORE PROPERTIES TO SELECT FROM ON THE SAME EASY TERMS AND LOW VALUATIONS AS THE ABOVE PURCHASED AT. A $1600 HOUSE AND LOT WILL BE SOLD FOR $200 CASH; $400 ON OR BEFORE 5 YEARS WITH 6 PER CENT INTEREST AND $400 PAYABLE $7.72 A MONTH FOR 60 MONTHS, WHICH PAYS THE INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL.

Office No. 2 First Ave., West, in Hunter Block.

CHAN SMITH, Secretary.

FLOWERS! ...SELLING OUT... Got to move and giving unheard of bargains.

Lindsay's Greenhouses, 52nd Avenue East

LUMBER, SASH, DOORS, MOULDINGS MAPLE FLOORING, HARDWOOD, SCREENS. SCOTT-GRAFF LUMBER CO. 24TH AVE. W. & MICHIGAN ST.

The best costs no more than the inferior kinds. Drink **ANHEUSER-BUSCH BEER.** Sold in Duluth a

The Ideal Beer Hall.

PIANOS AND FURNITURE REFINISHED and REPOLISHED
AT C. O. KRISTENSEN'S,
Zenith Tel. 320. 10 E. Superior St.

Freimuth's

Friday Bargains All Over the Store

Caught at Random—just to give you an idea of countless others just as good—**all here for you Friday.**

50-cent Boys' Percale and Gingham Shirt Waists, each—
29 cents

2 Five Cent Bars of Yankee Castile Soap for—
5 cents

25-cent box of Stationery for—
15 cents
Plain or ruled, satin finish—Envelopes to match.

$1.50 and $1.75 Sterling Silver articles for—
98 cents
Cream Spoons, Sugar Spoons, Sugar Sifters, Pickle Forks, Olive Forks, Butter Picks, Cheese Picks and Sardine Forks.

20c and 25c Towels for—
15 cents
Hemstitched, hemmed, or knotted fringe Huck and Damask Towels.

12½c Fast Black Sateens for—
8½ cents

Ladies' $3.50 Shoes for—
$2.19
Tan or Black vici kid, with patent leather and perforated stock tips, medium and heavy soles, 5 different styles.

Ladies' 25c Vests for—
17 cents
High neck and short sleeves, Jersey ribbed, nicely trimmed, perfectly shaped.

$7.50 and $10.00 Jackets for—
$5.00
Ladies' and Misses' Tan, Black, and Blue Covert Cloth Jackets, Friday for $5.00.

10c Fine quality Dress Ginghams tomorrow at—
6 cents

30c and 40c Cream Silk Lace, 4x5 inches wide—
19 cents

12½c Pure Linen Unlaundered Embroidered Handkerchiefs, tomorrow—
9 cents
Or three for 25 cents.

15c Men's Linen Handkerchiefs—
10 cents

14c Soft Finished English Long Cloth for, per yard—
10 cents

$1.25, $1.50 and $1.75 Cambric Tucking for—
$1.00

30c Pure Bristle Hair Brushes—
19 cents

Basement Bargains.

25c Galvanized Iron Water Pails tomorrow—
15 cents

39c Bracket Lamps for—
18 cents
Complete with reflector, No. 2 burner and chimney.

3c Rolls Toilet Paper, tomorrow 12 rolls for—
25 cents

18c 2-quart Glass Water Jugs, tomorrow—
10 cents

Freimuth's

TWELVE PAGES--SECTION ONE--Pages 1 to 6

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Tomorrow, Saturday, positively last day of our Great Spring Overcoat and Suit Sale.

Store open Monday night till 9 o'clock. The BIG DULUTH Store open Saturday night till 11 o'clock.

Store open tomorrow night 'till 11 o'clock to give everyone an opportunity of taking advantage of our two great sales, and at the same time get the best clothing that's to be had. With the closing of our doors Saturday night ends our great Spring Overcoat Sale.

Giving your choice of any Spring Overcoat in the house for---------- $9.75

Do you fully realize for one day more you can buy our finest Spring Overcoats, in Vicunas, Coverts, Whipcords, unfinished Worsteds that have been selling at $15, $18 and $20, for---------- $9.75

All $10.00 and $12.00 Spring Overcoats— for---------- $6.75

The city is ringing with the news. See them in our show window.

LAST CALL TOMORROW—

Just one day more of our great value giving Suit Sale—

ANY ODD SUIT IN THE HOUSE AT

Exactly ONE-HALF Price

Sizes mostly in small and large sizes only.

The $10 Suits selling for---------- $5.00

The $12 Suits selling for---------- $6.00

The $15 Suits selling for---------- $7.50

The $18 Suits selling for---------- $9.00

The $20 Suits selling for---------- $10.00

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S DEPT.

Special lot of Boys' Two-piece Suits, at $2.95, worth $4.00. They're all wool.

20 lots Serges, Worsteds and Cassimeres, $3.35 to $6.50.

Sailor and Vestee Suits, in Serges and Cool Worsteds, $2.50 to $6.50.

Young Men's Suits. Sold double the quantity of Young Men's Suits this spring that we ever did.

The new Stripe and Check Worsteds at $10 and $12, sell faster than we can get them. Some new lines on sale in all-wool Suits, $5, $6.50, $7.50, $8.50.

Plenty of Serges for tomorrow's sales—stylishly made in new 4-button Sack Coats and double-breasted coats, with silk facing, at $10.00.

Spalding Baseballs and Bats, Catchers' Mitts, Catchers' Masks, Pocket Knives, and Express Wagons, given away with Boys' and Children's Clothing.

FURNISHING GOODS DEPT.

There's a whole lot of things in Furnishings for Saturday

We'd like to talk about, if we had time to write, and you had time to read. But if we strike one want, when you come to satisfy it, you are sure to see other necessary articles, so we mention, as probably needed this week:

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—
"Never seen their equal," said a pleased customer yesterday, begin at 50c and touch the piles at 75c, $1, $1.25, $1.50, $2 and $2.50. A regular New York Shirt Store, brimming over exclusive newness.

NEW NECKWEAR—
Flowing End Silk Four-in-Hands, for Negligee wear, Bat Wing Bows, Silk Strings and Washable Ties, in every new fad, 10c to $1.00.

THIN UNDERWEAR—
In variety; splendid Balbrigan, at 50c; lightest all-wool at 75c, $1, $1.50. Your size is here.

Belts for everybody, 25c to $1. Sweaters and Bicycle Hose, Summer Suspenders, Gloves, Handkerchiefs, Collars, Jewelry.

HAT DEPARTMENT—

OUR LEADERS—

The Gordon Hat at *$3.00*

The Guyer Hat at *$4.00*

Stetson Hats at *$4.00*

Spring Fedoras for Saturday *98c, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00.* Worth double.

Spring Derbys for Saturday at *$1.50, $2, $2.50.* Worth double.

This is Straw Season and the Straws you want are here—

There isn't a head for which we haven't a Straw Hat—every one this season's make. Straw Hats for baby, child, girl, boy, young man and gentleman. Plain, rough, smooth and fancy braids, soft brims and hard brims. Prices that please, and the comforting assurance that when you buy here you're getting the latest fashions.

The Bostonian Shoe—

A $5 SHOE FOR $3.50

The time has passed when it is necessary to pay $5, $6, $7 or more for a pair of good Shoes—if you buy the Bostonian. We give you everything that can be put into a pair of Shoes to make them good, and handsome and comfortable and durable, at a price that has never before been thought possible.

Other kinds of Men's good Shoes at—

$1.50, $2, $2.50 and $3.00

Boys' and Children's Shoes at one-third less than you will pay elsewhere.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

ROBERTS' ADVANCE

His Troops Reach Vredefort, Two Marches From the Vaal River.

MARCH OF METHUEN

He Is Moving Along the River's Southern Bank Towards Klerksdorp.

Vredefort, Thursday, May 24.—The British columns, after an unopposed march, reached the Vredefort road at noon today and are now only two marches from the Vaal river.

London, May 25.—Another advance along the railroad toward Pretoria has brought Lord Roberts' troops to Vredefort road, a few miles north of Prospect, where they arrived at noon Thursday. In the meanwhile, Gen. Methuen is progressing along the southern bank of the Vaal river, with the object, possibly, of making a dash at Klerksdorp when he arrives opposite that railroad terminus.

Gen. Hutton's column is apparently in the neighborhood of Vredefort, fifteen miles west of the railroad, whence it threatens the federals' right flank.

The next couple of days ought to settle whether Lord Roberts will encounter serious opposition south of the Vaal, but the best opinion believes the next engagement will be fought just south of Johannesburg, and that the fight there, and possibly at Laing's nek, will prove the last pitched battles of the war. The latest indications almost point to the latter being the more stubborn of the two.

It is hoped here that Gen. Buller will delay until Lord Roberts is able to detach a force to seize Heidelberg and sever railroad connection between Johannesburg and Laing's nek.

EXPECT A SPEEDY END.

English Military Men Think the Boers Nearly Finished.

New York, May 25.—A dispatch from London to the Tribune says: The retreat of Botha's force from the Rhenoster to the Vaal serves to convince military men that the end of the war is rapidly drawing near. This is without doubt the official view, although nobody connected with either the war office or the headquarters' staff is willing to be quoted to that effect.

The date for the occupation of Pretoria which is usually named among officials is June 15. It is assumed by them that there will be no delay either in the passage of the Vaal, or in the occupation of Johannesburg, since Gen. Roberts, with his superiority of numbers and strength of mounted forces, can turn the Boers out of any defensive position which they may attempt to hold. They expect to see the British flag flying over Johannesburg by the end of another week, and Pretoria under siege early in June.

Another matter which is discussed in official circles with increasing interest is the Dutch responsibility for indemnities. The colonial officers are looking into this subject, and the experts are calculating already the proportions which the two republics can contribute to the bill of damages from Cape Colony and Natal and to the British expenses for the war. South Africans are not agreed upon the financial aspects of the problem, and upon the most practical method of distributing the burdens of a costly war on the basis of population. The state railway in the Orange Free State is an available asset, but the Transvaal railways are nominally owned by a private corportion, and cannot be seized by the British government. Land taxes levied upon the Boers will yield little when they are impoverished, and the only adequate resource for the payment of a large indemnity is the mining territory of the rand.

Gen. Botha's declaration, quoted yesterday, that he would lead a commando for the prevention of the destruction of the mines, was wise and timely. Why should the only goose in Dutch Africa that can lay golden eggs be killed?

TAKING A VOTE.

Referendum Among the Boers on Continuing the War.

London, May 25, 3:35 a. m.—The embargo of news out of Pertoria for the last twenty-four hours has been complete. Such shreds of information as the corespondents at Lorenzo Marques have picked up do not illuminate the Boer designs and dispositions further than that the movement toward Lydenburg contiues and that a referendum on the question of continuing the war is going on among the Boer fighting men. It may be a fortnight before the results of this singular vote are fully before the Transvaal government.

South Africa has another infliction. An extraordinary issue of the Gazette at Durban announces the death of an East Indian from the bubonic plague. The government has put into force the most stringent preventative measures, but fears are expressed that the pestilence may get among the troops.

The Transvaal National bank has suspended gold payments under authorization from the government requiring the acceptance of bank notes. The institution has large assets, apparently in London. One hundred and fifty thousand pounds were seized at Cape Town and £25,000 at Durban.

The Birmingham Argus, which keeps in pretty close touch with the colonial office, says:

"We understand that a general election will be ordered as soon as Lord Roberts obtains an additional success. The government will ask the country what it wishes to do with the conquered republics."

The Lorenzo Marques correspondent of Daily News telegraphing Wednesday says: "According to a private letter smuggled through from Pretoria, President Kruger now favors surrender on the ground that the continuation of the war would ruin the property of the burghers. He has thrown upon the commandants the onus of what course to pursue.

EIGHTY-MILE JUMP.

Warrenton, Thursday, May 24.—Operations have been pushed forward eighty miles, one of Gen. Hunter's brigades having occupied Vryburg last night. Considering the difficulties of the road, this is a remarkable achievement for a mixed force, short of rations, making forced marches. Water is scarce. Some portions of the brigade covered eighteen miles without a break. Gen. Hunter, personally goes to Vryburg today by train.

OUTRAGES BY BOXERS

The Chinese Outlaws Destroy Two Villages and Kill Many Converts.

DEFEAT THE TROOPS

They Ambush a Regiment That Was Sent to Quell Them.

London, May 25.—A special from Shanghai says advices from Szuchuan, province of Hu Peh, report that "Boxers" have destroyed two villages and massacred many converts of the French missionary stations.

The general commanding at Shi Han Fu, it is added, sent a regiment to the scene of the disturbances. The soldiers were ambushed by the malcontents and lost 26 killed. Reinforcements have been dispatched from Ichang.

Shanghai, May 25.—The members of the Chinese secret society known as the Boxers are now openly drilling at Pekin and many high Manchus, including members of the imperial clan, are joining the movement, which is becoming so threatening that the diplomatic representatives are about to take action. B. J. DeCologan, the Spanish minister and dean of the diplomatic corps, has made a demand upon the tsung li yamen (Chinese foreign office), couched in the strongest terms, for the immediate suppression of the Boxers, threatening that otherwise all the powers will land troops in China.

Advices received here from Korea say that Russian troops now occupy Masampio and will prevent all commerce with that part of the territory of Korea claimed by Russia.

A CLEVELAND TRAGEDY.

Cleveland, May 25.—Herbert Noyes, a broker, who was shot while walking on Euclid avenue last night, died early today, without having regained consciousness. It was at first believed that Noyes had been attacked by footpads, but the police are now inclined to think otherwise. There is much mystery surrounding the case.

Noyes was the Cleveland manager for the brokerage firm of J. F. Harris & Co. He was unmarried and came here from Chicago.

DASH TO DEATH

Fatal Runaway of an Electric Work Train at Akron, Ohio.

Akron, Ohio, May 25.—Three men were killed and a number of others seriously injured as a result of an accident to a work train early today on the Akron & Cuyahoga Falls Rapid transit (electric) suburban line. The brakes on two cars loaded with gravel and carrying about a dozen workmen, became disabled at the top of a steep grade. The cars rushed down the incline at a terrific speed. Nine of the workmen jumped from the cars and were seriously injured. The three men who remained on the cars were killed in the wreck at the bottom of the hill.

The dead:
Jack M. Mahon.
Michael Bender.
K. Welker.

Among those badly injured are Noah Updegraff and Jack Haley. The names of others injured have not yet been learned.

RECOMMEND COLUMBUS.

Frankfort, Ky., May 25.—The Democratic state executive committee has recommended that Columbus, Ohio, be selected as the location for the Democratic national headquarters for the campaign of 1900.

ADDRESS BY SICKLES

Fredericksburg, Va., May 25.—Fair weather favored the presidential party in their visit to the memorial services of the Army of the Potomac here today. It was distinctly Confederate weather, however, with more gray than blue in the sky.

The special train from Washington arrived at 11:10, and found the whole population of the staid old Virginia town grouped about the depot or massed along the main street with the national colors in evidence everywhere.

The special carried all the members of the cabinet except Secretary Wilson. There were also in the party, Gen. Nelson A. Miles; his chief aide, Col. Michler; Gen. Joseph Wheeler, former Adjt. Gen. Ruggles, who was colonel of the president's old regiment during the war, and the Marine band.

The train was met at Quantico by a reception committee, who accompanied the presidential party to Fredericksburg, where they were turned over to the hospitalities of the local committee.

The procession formed at the depot, and, headed by the Marine band, moved at once to the court house, where the public exercises were held and an official welcome tendered to the Society of the Potomac.

The address of welcome was delivered by St. George R. Fitzhugh, and the response was made by Gen. Martin T. E. McMahon.

The oration of the day was delivered by Gen. Daniel E. Sickles.

WHITE FOR THE TAIL

Republican Leaders Considering the Diplomat as McKinley's Mate.

HANNA AS CHAIRMAN

Will Probably Serve Again as Head of the National Committee.

New York, May 25.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Andrew D. White, of New York, United States ambassador to Germany, is being seriously considered by Republican leaders as a vice presidential possibility. His name will be further discussed at a meeting of the members of the national committee in Philadelphia on Saturday next.

Senator Hanna will probably serve another term as chairman of the Republican national committee. Henry C. Payne, of Wisconsin, is the only other man whose name is now mentioned.

If Mr. Hanna continues as chairman, Representative Dick of Ohio will continue as secretary, and it is probable he will relieve the chairman of much of the work of the campaign.

As chairman of the present committee, Senator Hanna will call the Philadelphia convention to order. Senator Wolcott is slated for temporary chairman. His speech on taking the chair is expected to be one of the features of the convention.

The permanent chairman will be selected by the convention, and unless the plans of the leaders fail, Senator Lodge will be honored with this office.

It has been intended that Senator Spooner should make the speech placing Mr. McKinley in nomination, but owing to the serious illness of his wife it is not expected he will be able to attend the convention, and the nominating of a candidate will devolve upon Senator Foraker. There will be several seconding speeches for him. One will be made by Governor Roosevelt and another by Senator Allison.

THE OVERTURE.

Presbyterian Assembly Adopts the Peoria Overture After a Warm Debate.

St. Louis, May 25.—Notwithstanding the absence of a large number of commissioners at the meeting of the Presbyterian general assembly this morning, there was marked interest taken in the debate for the third time of the Peoria overture, which was adopted by a vote of 257 to 229, and in the reports of the finance and narrative committee.

The committees expressed satisfaction concerning the number of important measures passed upon by the assembly and the results attained, especially the peaceful solution of the McGiffert case, the generally conceded wise disposal of creed revision and the complicated and voluminous Wazawiack case, which had been before the church courts three years.

After the opening preliminaries, the report of the finance committee was read, showing the amount of money handled by the financiers of the assembly was $867,990.86. The cash income was $40,419.76. The principal was increased $27,593.63 by three legacies, making the total amount received $103,965.72. The cash balance at the end of the fiscal year was $77,484.43.

The work of the stated clerk, Dr. Roberts, who also acts as treasurer of the assembly, was highly commended.

Stated Clerk Roberts then announced that the place of meeting for next year's assembly would be held in Philadelphia.

At the close of an address of Col. Rich, on the Peoria overture, confusion prevailed on an extension of time for further discussion. The entanglement was straightened by permitting Dr. Herrick Johnson, of Chicago, to occupy the floor fifteen minute to speak in favor of the overture, to be followed by Dr. Radcliffe, who led the opposition.

Dr. Johnson asserted that there was no political bias in the overture. As he proceeded, the debate became heated, and his declaration that some synods were unrepresented on the standing committees called the moderator and the stated clerk from their chairs.

Dr. Dickey said if a synod was not represented Dr. Johnson was as much at fault as he, being one of his advisers. The stated clerk said every synod was represented on the committees.

Dr. Johnson declared the experiment was a good one and the assembly could afford to experiment because it would remove the reproach which is alre upon the assembly.

The vote was taken amid much c fusion. Time had been extended u nearly an hour had been consumm in a vigorous but not acrimonious bate. A motion to lay the whole m ter on the table was lost.

At this point, Dr. Roberts, the st clerk, arose and denounced the ide abuse of power, and defended the p ent and past moderators against allegations.

Rev. Dr. Wallace Radcliffe s strongly against the overture and the methods of its promoters. He denounced the political idea embraced in the overture and said it would fill the general assembly with the air and spirit of politics. He compared the districts to voting wards and alluded to possible whisperings against candidates and gerrymandering in the erection of election districts.

The vote was then taken. It was adopted, 257 to 229.

Rev. Dr. W. C. Covert made the report of the committee on narrative, which treated of the spiritual life of the Presbyterian church.

The ministerial necrology of the Presbyterian church was read by Stated Clerk Roberts. The names of deceased ministers who passed away during the year numbered 123.

BALLOTS ARE TAKEN

Methodist Conference Votes on Officers of Benevolence and Editors.

CHOICE OF TRUSTEES

Election Is Made By Acclamation---Protest Against Legacy Tax.

Chicago, May 25.—Elections for all the official publications and officers for the various organized church benevolences were nominated and balloted for in the Methodist Episcopal general conference today. To the election of all these officers great interest attaches in Methodist circles all over the world, and close contests were looked for in many instances. Nominations and balloting for these officers took up nearly all the time of the morning session.

Chicago, May 25.—A formal protest against the taxation of legacies to charitable, educational and religious institutions was made to congress by the Methodist Episcopal general conference today. The protest, which was in the form of a petition introduced by W. J. Welch, of the Wyoming conference, characterizes such taxation as "contrary to public policy and to the aim and spirit of our national institutions, as practically taxing directly the institutions to aid government and benefit our people, and is, in effect, taking money dedicated to public uses."

The election of secretaries of the various church benevolences was on the program of today's morning session.

Previous to the reading of nominations, the conference refused to reverse the action of the Colorado conference in the case of J. F. Passmore, at one time a prominent clergyman, who was expelled from the church and deposed from the ministry charged with making bitter attacks on missionaries and bishops.

A few minor changes occurred in the book of discipline recommended by the committee.

The trustees of the Methodist Episcopal church were then elected by acclamation as follows: Jesse R. Clark, to fill unexpired term of John D. Herron; ministers, Frank G. Mitchell, H. J. Talbot and John Parson; laymen, M. W. Harris, James M. Gamble and George E. Johnson.

With this out of the way the conference proceeded to the task of electing the editors of the great Methodist periodicals. In only one case was the election unanimous. Dr. J. F. Berry having no opposition for the editorship of the Epworth Herald. Editors for the following publications were balloted for: Methodist Review, Christian Advocate, Northwestern Christian Advocate, Central Christian Advocate, Pittsburg Christian Advocate, Southwestern Christian Advocate, Hausund Herd, Chistliche Apologete and the Pacific Advocate.

As in the case of the church society secretaries, the lists of nominations were large in many instances and it was not thought probable that the tellers could complete the count before late in the afternoon.

The conference then proceeded to the balloting for secretaries and assistant secretaries as follows: Missionary and church extension societies, one corresponding secretary and one day secretary; Sunday School union and board of education, one corresponding secretary; Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education society, two corresponding secretaries.

The lists of the nominees for the secretaryships of the Missionary society and Freedmen's Aid society was long and much interest was shown in the results. Pending the report of the tellers, the conference took up the report of the committee on revisals.

Consideration of routine business of minor importance occupied the balance of the time of the morning session.

IS CRIPPLED.

St. Louis, May 25.—Twenty-two lines of the St. Louis Transit company are in operation to day, but not enough cars are being run to accommodate the thousands who still have to depend on vehicular transportation.

There is a possibility that the Suburban's lines may again be tied up. The union men on that line assert that General Manager Jenkins has not lived up to the agreement by which the strike on that line was settled a week ago.

At a meeting of Suburban union employes, held last night, it was decided that if all union men who had been discharged were not reinstated by tomorrow morning, a strike may be declared.

There is some doubt as to the operation of cars on the St. Louis Transit company lines tomorrow, owing to the fact that Democratic primaries will be held on that day, and the police will be required at the polls.

...day an attempt was made to ... the Spaulding avenue ... Louis Transit company. ...ted the car two or three ...r, but no damage was ...

... on a train of the Park ... of the Transit company. ... Park avenues last night ...eral shots were fired by ...ree persons were wound... ...ned together were sent ... trip from the Union sta... shops on Park and Van... ...ues. The train reached ... Park and Compton avenues, while a number of street car men were holding a meeting in a cafe at the corner. Hearing the noise of the cars they ran out to the sidewalk and joined the crowd, which was watching the approach of the train. The cars were stoned, and the guards in the rear car immediately opened fire, about ten shots being fired in all. One of the bullets hit a spectator, said to be a real estate man, slightly wounding him in the heel. Another bullet passed through the glass front of the cafe and lodged in the right leg of Dave Watts, a striking motorman. J. S. Harding, also a motorman, received one of the bullets in the right side of the chest. He was removed to the city hospital, where his condition was thought serious.

THROUGH STATE LAW

Labor Conditions to Be Thus Remedied, the Labor Commission Says.

HOURS A MAIN POINT

Child Labor Should Be Forbidden---Discount of Pay Condemned.

Washington, May 25.—The industrial committee in its report to congress on labor legislation, recommends improved legislation to the state legislatures rather than to congress directly.

"The subject of greatest public interest today," says the report, "is perhaps that of the regulation of the hours of labor permitted in industrial occupations, and especially in factories."

As congress has no power to legislate directly in this matter, the committee recommends that a simple statute be enacted by all the states regulating the length of the working day for all persons between the ages of 14 and 21 years who work in factories.

The report in brief says:

"The employment of children below the age of 14 should be prohibited in factories. The length of the working day in all public employment should be fixed at eight hours. The same time should be fixed for workmen in underground mines, except in cases of emergency. Employment in mines of children less than 14 years of age, and all women and girls, should be forbidden. Congress might well enact that no person under 18 should be employed as a telegraph operator upon railroads, and that all engineers and switchmen should submit to an examination for color blindness, also that it be made a misdemeanor for an engineer or siwtchman to be intoxicated while on duty.

"A simple and liberal law regulating the payment of labor should be adopted by all the states, providing that all laborers shall be paid in cash orders without discount, not in goods or due bills, and that no compulsion, direct or indirect, should be used to make them purchase goods at any particular store.

"Provisions for the fair weighing of coal at mines before passing over a screen should be adopted, and the miners should have the privilege of employing a check weighman at their own expense.

The question of the enforcement of the labor contract by injunction or contempt in equity process is a very difficult one, mainly made so by the abuses which have arisen from injunctions carelessly issued. It is suggested that it might be well to limit punishment for contempt to imprisonment for a brief period, but equity courts must not be deprived of the power to protect themselves and to make their decrees respected.

The prdctice of awarding blanket injunctions against all the world, or against unnamed defendants, as well as the practice of indirectly enforcing the contract of personal service by enjoining employes from quitting work, should be discouraged not only by popular sentiment but by intelligent judicial opinion.

On the subject of railway labor the commission is of the opinion that congress should adopt a consistent code of law regulating all matters concerning employment, such as hours of labor, limitation of continuous runs by engineers, of continuous service by telegraph operators or switchmen; the enactment of a consistent employers' liability code; the liability of the employer or corporation for defective appliances, etc.

The statutes already adopted in the several states discriminating as between union and non-union labor by making it a penal offense for an employer to exclude union labor only semi to the commission to be unconstitutional, being class legislation. The statute should apply to non-union as well as union labor alike, if it is to be enacted at all. The right to be employed and protected without belonging to a union should be preserved, but every facility should be given labor to organize if it desires, and the last vestige of the notion that trade unions are a criminal conspiracy should be swept away. The use of private police, detectives or other hired body of men to be used in connection with labor troubles has aroused considerable attention, and congress probably has the power to enact reasonable legislation to prevent abuses in this direction.

In a general way the commission reports that conciliation laws have been found effective, but that strict arbitration machinery rarely works well. It is recommended that labor bureaus or commissions be established in all the states.

Commissioners E. A. Smyth and C. J. Harris united in a minority report in which they express the opinion that it would be both unjust and impracticable to attempt any uniform laws regulating labor in all the states if labor and capital are to have their full development. They say the right of private contract should be allowed to both laborer and employer, and therefore the limitation of hours of labor would be fraught with danger.

Commissioner J. W. Daniel, in a separate minority report, concurs in the spirit of the views expressed by Commissioners Smyth and Harris.

BAPTIST MISSIONS MEETING.

Detroit, Mich., May 25.—Today's session of the Baptist missionary organization was devoted wholly to the Baptist Publication society. The features of the morning were the seventy-sixth annual report of officers and the board having charge of the Baptist publishing affairs.

The report of the sales for the year were $72,617, an increase of $19,211 over the sales of the preceding year. In the missionary department the receipts were $103,418. The deficit in this department and at the beginning of the year was $3114. At the close of the year it was $11,900. This increased deficit is not due to a diminution of ordinary receipts, which were greater this year than last by $8342, but to enlargement in the work and a falling off legacies and special funds. The report stated that the Crozer building, in Philadelphia, headquarters for the society, is fully occupied at good rentals, and that never before have the sales of the soiety's own publication been so great.

The total receipts of the society for the year ending March 27 were $758,025; payments and credits, $758,248; the assets, $1,054,216; liabilities, $651,913.

DEFECTIVE PAGE

Complete Real Estate and Rental Directory In these Columns Saturday

JOHNSON & MOE,

2102-4-6-8 West Superior Street.

Store closes at 6:30 p. m. except Mondays and Saturdays.

WITH MONEY anyone can rent a store, put up signs, blow trumpets, beat drums and babble, but it takes more than money to do the kind of storekeeping that is truly serviceable to a community. Money does not put people in possession of principle, artistic taste, genius for organization and everlastingly keeping at the thing to have it right, because nothing less than RIGHT will do. Without a spoken word this store will stand an illustrated essay on commerce, good taste, comfortable and money-saving shopping. Bear in mind our guarantee of "Satisfaction or Money Back" goes with every purchase.

We sell the Gamble Shoulder Braces that Make Crooked People Straight. For Men and Women $1.50.

For Children $1.25.

IMPORTANT STORE NEWS FOR SATURDAY'S SHOPPERS—

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

The lightest and brightest in the city.

We show a most complete line of Tailor-made Suits, Skirts, Ladies' and Children's Jackets, Silk Waists, Wash Goods Waists and Linen Skirts, in all the latest styles at prices from 10 to 20 per cent less than elsewhere.

Note special leaders for this sale—

Ladies' Tailor-made Jackets in Tan Covert Cloth, worth $4.98; to close at..... **$3.50**

Ladies' Tailor-made Jackets, made in tan and gray wool Venetian cloth, silk lined. Worth $6.98, to close at..... **$4.98**

Ladies' Jackets, in black and navy, silk lined, splendid garments, worth $7.00; to close at..... **$5.98**

LADIES' SILK SHIRT WAISTS—

Made in Black, Blue, Helio Red and Taffeta Silks, very latest style, corded sleeve and body, very rich garments, worth $7.50—Anniversary sale price—

$5.98

Others at $3.98 and $4.48 Great Value.

See our line of Shirt Waists, in fine Lawns, Dimities, and Silk Stripe Zephyr cloth; prices—

49c, 65c, 75c, 88c and up

White Lawn Waists, a splendid assortment at prices ranging from—

75c to $2.25. SEE THEM

Child's Cloth Capes.

In prettily braid trimmed, red, blue and tan, worth $1.50; sale price **$1.29**

Ladies' Dress Skirts.

Ladies' Skirts, made in Black Figured Mohair, well made and lined, worth $2.50; note special sale price **$1.98**

Ladies' Skirts, made in novelty stripe figured mohair, serge, black, navy and gray; regular price $3.98; to close the lot, each **$2.98**

Ladies' "Rainy Day" and Bicycle Skirts, the latest styles in brown, gray and tan; great values at—

$4.48, $5.00 and up

WASH GOODS DEPT.

A beautiful selection of popular styles and popular prices. Note please—Fine Lawns, fancy figures, stripes and checks, worth 8c; sale price, per yard **5c**

Fine Dimities, fast colors, choice style, special value, per yard **10c**

JOHNSON & MOE.

WASH GOODS. Continued.

Zephyr Ginghams, 10c value at **8c**

Percale in dark and light, per yard— **8c, 10c, 12½c**

Imported Zephyr Cords, beautiful styles, pink, blue plaids, checks and stripes; the price **25c**

For Graduating Dresses.

Fine Corded Dimity in plain blue, pink, red and corn colors, at, per yard— **15c and 20c**

Imported Mousseline de Soie and Pointille Sole, white, cerise and blue embroidered dots and stripe, worth 60c; sale price **49c**

"Tissue Ondule" silk finish, cerise, helio and blue, bow knot pattern, per yard..... **20c**

LACE CURTAINS.

Just now after house-cleaning time you'll want new Lace Curtains, and we propose to assist you by lowering prices for this great sale so as to make them easy to possess.

No. "8826" Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3 yards long, bound edge, good pattern, $1.25 value; sale price, a pair..... **88c**

"8525" Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, choice patterns, our $1.50 kind; for this sale, a pair..... **$1.19**

"8707" Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, our $1.98 kind; for this sale, a pair..... **$1.58**

Nottingham Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, new, handsome patterns, regular price $3.00 and $3.50; your choice for this sale, a pair..... **$2.75**

Lace Curtains, 3½ yards long, very handsome patterns, regular price $4.98, $4.98 and $5.00; your choice, a pair **$4.48**

Tapestry, Chenille and Rope Portieres **20 per cent off regular prices**

BOYS' CLOTHING.

As correct outfitters of Boys we have been eminently successful. Here you find a little more to pick from than is usual, and you find, too, that our prices are right down where they ought to be.

Confirmation Suits.

Well made, in black and navy clays and serges, with or without vests, knee pants—

$3.50 to $5.50

Suits, as above, but with long pants—

$5.00 to $12.00

Special Inducement

To the boys. With all Suits at $1.50 and up, (specials not included) we will give

FREE!

Your choice of a Baseball and Bat, Catcher's Mask or pair of Catcher's Mitts.

JOHNSON & MOE.

Boys' Wash Suits.

33 different styles in all the colors of the rainbow. Special inducement:

The 65c Suits at..... **48c**

The $1.25 Suits at..... **98c**

Other kinds at— **75c and 88c**

Boys' Colored Percale Blouse Waists, worth 25c; special **29c**

White Lawn Blouse Waists, embroidery trimmed— **48c, 75c and $1.00**

Boys' Fancy Shirts, in soft and stiff fronts, with collars and cuffs to match; special **49c**

Boys' Silk Band Bow Ties, worth 25c; special **15c**

Boys' Cotton Band Bow and String Ties **5c**

GROCERY DEPT.

Money-saving prices for Saturday and Monday, May 26-28.

BRICK and SWISS CHEESE, per lb 11c

CHOICE CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb 22c

STRICTLY FRESH EGGS, per doz..12c

CALIFORNIA PRUNES, per lb....5c

CHOICE BROKEN RICE, per lb..3½c

CALIFORNIA COOKING FIGS, per lb 7c

PEAS, per can 5c

CORN, per can 7c

TOMATOES, per can 8c

Crackers, Cookies and Cakes—

OYSTER CRACKERS, per lb.....5c

SODA CRACKERS, per lb..... 7c

OAT MEAL and GRAHAM CRACKERS, per lb..... 9c

LARGE TOAST, per lb..... 7c

GINGER SNAPS and SUGAR COOKIES, per lb..... 6c

FRESH DOUGHNUTS and COFFEE CAKE, per doz..... 8c

ANGEL CAKE, JELLY ROLL and WINE CAKE, each 8c

Candies and Nuts—

ROCK CANDY, per lb..... 13c

PEPPERMINT and LEMON DROPS, per lb 13c

BUTTER CUPS, per lb..... 13c

H. M. CHOCOLATE CREAMS, per lb 15c

OLD-TIME MIXED CANDY, per lb.8c

FRESH ROASTED PEANUTS, per lb 7c

HICKORY NUTS, per lb..... 4c

POP CORN BALLS, regular price 10c per dozen 5c

Full line of crisp, fresh Vegetables and Strawberries, at low prices.

JOHNSON & MOE.

West Duluth

A camping cottage that is a novelty here is being built by Contractor Zauft, of West Duluth, for C. F. Hartman. It is a tasty, substantial house, with two porches, capable of comfortably accommodating twelve or fourteen people, and which can, nevertheless, be unjointed in half an hour or less and carted off on four drays. The body of the house is about thirty feet long by eighteen feet wide, with a roomy kitchen in a wing entirely separated from the other apartments.

In the center is a living room, opening on the porches on either side, with sleeping rooms at each end. The structure is thoroughly braced and when in position the sections of which it is composed are as firmly united as if it was all built together. The main building is in five sections.

The windows are the regulation size, and, altogether, the house has nothing of the appearance of the ordinary portable structure.

The house will be used by Mr. Hartman's family on Park Point.

REPUBLICANS WILL ORGANIZE.

The Republicans of West Duluth are feeling the stirrings of the campaign spirit and they propose to organize a club that will be the banner one of the city.

They are very sanguine as to the outcome of the election. A big raspberry crop is in prospect for this year and they believe that with that evidence of prosperity there is no reason why McKinley should not sweep West Duluth from Sharp's addition to the outlying precincts on the poor farm road.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

James Hall, of West Duluth, was arraigned in the municipal court this morning on a complaint sworn out by Bessie McAlpine, charging him with disorderly conduct. The trouble occurred in the Green Bay house, at 235 Fifth avenue west, and the complaining witness says that Hall called her names which she never signed. The hearing will take place next Tuesday morning, as Hall entered a plea of not guilty.

A dramatic entertainment is to be given at Great Eastern hall this evening under the auspices of Sitting Bull tribe No. 25 of the Redmen.

William Spencer has returned from a trip to Casselton, N. D.

BASE ....BALL

at Fair Grounds

BRAINERD vs. DULUTH

Saturday and Sunday

To Virginia Tomorrow.

All interest at present is centered in the excursion to Virginia tomorrow. The various committees have been working hard all week that everything may be satisfactory to the excursionists. Four coaches have been secured, leaving here at 7:45 a. m. As soon as they arrive at Virginia they will be taken direct to the Franklin mine, then back to Virginia, where luncheon will be served, leaving Virginia at 4 p. m. and returning over the Duluth & Iron Range, arriving in Duluth at 9 p. m.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR RENT!

First Class 8 room dwelling on East Second street, (corner) all conveniences.

Six room dwelling, city water, London road near 16th ave East

Store on East Superior street with basement on Michigan street (elevator)

Dwellings for sale—Lots for sale.

....C. H. GRAVES & CO....

Office: Torrey Building, First Floor, Duluth, Minn.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

DRESS MAKING.

MRS. J. NELSON HAS REMOVED from room 505 to room 506 Burrows' building, where she is again prepared after an illness of three weeks to meet her patrons and cut and finish ladies' fashionable dresses in the most up-to-date styles and finish.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Established 1886. **J. C. Mishler,** Established 1886.

200 Exchange Building.

OFFERS FOR SALE:

One and one-half miles water front on the St. Louis river, which affords a good water power. 35-feet fall.

Also desirable iron leases on the Mesaba range.

Also houses and lots in the city from $1000 up.

Real Estate and Loans

Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.

Thos. P. Brown,

No. 704 Torrey Building.

SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE FOR SALE. 1420 Jefferson.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—TWO BARBER CHAIRS cheap. 109 East Superior street.

PIANO FOR SALE, CHEAP; NEARLY new. Call at Bayha & Co.'s store.

$65 BUYS FINE ROSEWOOD CASE piano; perfect order. Monthly payments. 2 Banning block. Over Suffel's shoe store.

FOR SALE—WELL LOCATED CAMP on Park Point. Apply 201 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, including some fine Jerseys, to arrive Tuesday, May 29, at Downie's stock yards, 2010 West First street. W. J. McCabe.

SALOON FOR SALE.

Old established, good trade. Near large manufacturing institutions. This is an opening seldom offered. Satisfactory reasons for selling.

MAX F. YALENSTINE, New Duluth.

$195 BUYS FINE UPRIGHT PIano, walnut case, bargain; worth $400. Monthly payments. Open evenings. 2 Banning block, over Suffel's shoe store.

SUCKING PIGS FOR SALE AT Toben's meat market, 121 East Superior street.

Received one carload of

Shetland Ponies,

Prices from $35 to $75.

Address or call on J. F. Elwell, care of "The New Store," Minneapolis, Minn.

HORSEMEN! BREEDERS! SPECULATORS!

Watch for our second great consignment of hardy Western horses, consisting of brood mares, driving, delivery and draft horses. This will be the second shipment of the 2000 head that we have arranged for consignment to us from the famous ranchers of Washington and Montana.

They will be sold at auction to the highest bidders without reserve and regardless of value at our Midway Sale Stables, at 10 a. m., Wednesday, June 6.

This great bunch of horses are in prime condition, and will be worthy of the attention of horsemen, breeders and speculators throughout the country.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

On Interurban line between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

$275 BUYS KNABE UPRIGHT PIano, fine tone and case. Monthly payments. Open evenings. 2 Banning block, over Suffel's shoe store.

FOR SALE—CAR FRESH MILCH COWS will arrive May 24 at Johnson's cow market, Twenty-sixth avenue west.

S. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED WITH a carload of fresh milch cows; some good Jerseys among them. 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—SMALL, CLEAN STOCK OF groceries. Call at 638 Garfield avenue.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'l'd'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

LOST.

LOST—DIAMOND EARRING ON SUperior street, after 5 o'clock Tuesday evening. Finder return to 22 East Second street and receive good reward. Mrs. R. A. Folkerts.

Steam Carpet Cleaning Works.

Steam Carpet Cleaning and Rug Weaving. Carpets laid and refitted. Carpets renovated on floor when desired. Rugs made from old carpets. Duluth and Superior Steam Carpet and Rug Weaving Works, 1522 West Michigan street.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 120 West First street.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee depot. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant. 704 East Second.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

FRAMED SCENERY AND WAR PICtures on easy payments. J. Weinberg, manager New England Portrait company, 110 East Superior street.

CLOTHES CLEANED.

J. F. MILLER—CLOTHES CLEANED, dyed and repaired on short notice. Goods called for free of charge. 110 West Superior street, Duluth, Minn. Telephone 570.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

MAGINNIS & SON,

Forest Reserve, Soldiers' Additional, Pine and Iron Lands Bought and Sold.

407-8-9 PALLADIO BUILDING.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED — A GOOD MIDDLE-AGED woman for restaurant work. Record restaurant, next Duluth Boat club.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Inquire at 320 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork. One who lives at home preferred. C. E. Richardson, city hall.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, ALSO housemaid. Mrs. G. G. Hartley, 1505 East Superior street.

WANTED—EXPERIENCED CARPET sewers at French & Bassett.

WANTED—GOOD SEAMSTRESS TO assist in plain sewing. Apply 1207 East Fourth street, at once.

WANTED—CAPABLE SECOND GIRL; high wages. 302 Sixteenth avenue east.

GIRL WANTED; SMALL FAMILY. 127 West Second street.

GOOD SEWING GIRLS AT 7 EAST Superior street; Room 202.

WANTED COMPETENT NURSE GIRL at 1615 East Superior street.

WANTED—A GIRL TO BAKE PIES AND wait on lunch counter; one woman for second cook; one young man to wait on lunch counter. H. C. Watson, Bethel, Lake avenue.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; good wages, 1712 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; would like a fair cook; good wages. Call at 1615 East Superior stret.

WANTED—WOMAN FOR CHAMBER work, four hours a day. One who wants work and lives at home. Don't come looking for something for nothing. 28 East Superior street.

GIRL WANTED FOR COOKING AND general housework. Call mornings. Mrs. M. Kastriner, 40 East Main street corner Fifty-third avenue, West Duluth.

WANTED—GOOD DISHWASHER AT the Record restaurant, next to Duluth Boat Club house.

WANTED — CHAMBER MAID, 523½ West Superior street; one that can go home nights.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COOK FOR RESTaurant. Apply to J. H. Knauf, 1602 West Michigan street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 311 East Second.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 131 West Third street.

WANTED—A GOOD MACHINE OPERator. 229 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 315 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; must understand cooking. Good wages. 1026 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of four. Must be competent. Apply at 121 West Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 121 West Second street.

COMPETENT SECOND GIRL—707 EAST First street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Apply at 2605 West Third street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework wanted. 2029 East Third street.

WANTED—A COOK AND NURSE girl at 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—A GOOD WOMAN COOK. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 312 West Third street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A MAN, MUST BE FIRST class meat cutter, for Saturday. Henry Foiz.

WANTED—CHRISTIAN MAN OR WOman to qualify for permanent position of trust in home county, $900 yearly. Inclose self-addressed stamped envelope to O. L. N., general manager, Herald.

WANTED — TWO ENERGETIC SOlicitors of good address. References required. Apply at room 305 Burrows building.

WANTED—STATION MEN; WILL PAY from 14 to 20 cents per yard. Also want day laborers. Apply to Kimball, Willis & Shaller, Channing, Mich.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. J. S. Lane.

FOUR FIRST-CLASS COAT MAKERS; positively the highest prices paid in the state for best work. Mies.

Business Men

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED — ROOMS TO CLEAN BY competent girl. Address No. 8 East Seventh street.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN EXperienced in bar tending, position as assistant bar tender or bar porter. D 79, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WISHES POsition with good barber to finish trade; has some experience. S 69, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY EXPERIenced bookkeeper and office man. Sober and reliable. Address S 68, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING AT HOME, OR will go out. 206½ West Second street.

COMPETENT DRESSMAKER DESIRES sewing in family. The best of references given. Address 1 West Fourth street.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE, GENTLEman's bicycle in good condition for medium size refrigerator. Write to S 67, care Herald, stating where refrigerator can be seen.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

MODERN 9-ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALly located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 303 Lonsdale.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

TWO FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS. 428 West Fourth street, upstairs.

FURNISHED ROOM TO RENT. Modern improvements. Gentlemen only. 1 Bostwick flats.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for light housekeeping. 502 East First street.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Modern. 331 East Fifth street.

ONE PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM for rent. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—FURNISHED OR unfurnished. 626 West Third street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms. 125 West Second street.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS. 632 West First street.

FOR RENT — NICE FURNISHED rooms. 129 East First street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for gentlemen. 330 Fourth avenue west.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FURNISHED FLAT OR HOUSE TO rent for summer. 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FURNISHED FLAT, FOUR rooms, $10. Inquire 718 West Fifth street.

FOR RENT—FLAT IN MUNGER TERrace. Newport & Son.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

PRIVATE ROOM AND BOARD—"THE Midland," 212 West Second.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—BY A MAN AND WIFE, one or two rooms for light housekeeping. Must be centrally located. S 56, Herald.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—PLEASANT ROOM AND board in private family for two ladies (one an invalid). Expect to pay well for satisfactory accommodations. Address A. J. Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved, Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

PERSONAL.

A YOUNG MAN WISHES PRIVATE INstructions in Latin and mathematics. Any hour suitable. L 63, care Herald.

REWARD—WILL PAY FOR INFORMAtion by which I may locate Wallace H. Newbrand and H. A. Lazier, who lived in Duluth some eighteen years ago. Address C. W. H., Herald.

HAIR DRESSING, SHAMPOOING, scalp treatment, manicuring and massage. Mrs. Sherman, 404 New Jersey bldg.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, 11 NINEteenth avenue west. Private hospital.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE. Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 213 Lyceum building. 'Phone 637. Prompt service.

FINANCIAL.

WANTED—TO BORROW, $1000 ON UNquestionable stock security, bearing income 10 per cent interest. S 43, Herald.

SMALL AMOUNTS MONEY TO LOAN; private party; no publicity. D 94, Herald

$2000 TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT DEsired, 7 per cent, no commission. Chas Smith, 2 Hunter block.

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNIture, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

CARPET CLEANING.

CARPETS CLEANED, REFITTED AND relaid. Window shades made to order. O. H. Stenberg, 10 East Superior street.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished cottage on Park Point, or will buy if desirable. Call or address 431 West Michigan street. Telephone 376 (old).

WANTED—SECOND-HAND LUMBER wagon. Duluth Foundry and Machine company, West Duluth.

WILL PAY CASH FOR A HOUSE well located. Give street and number, with price. Address Cash Buyer, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND-HAND furniture, stoves and carpets. We pay good prices. Call at 14 W. Superior St.

WELL-LOCATED IRON CLAIMS ON Mesaba and Vermilion ranges. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1068 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE-MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 73, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 4, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kenkedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 28, 1900. Work Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 20, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 23, 1900. Work, P.M.M.E.M. degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 5, 1900. Work.—Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, May 22 at 8 p. m. at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Nett, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 1, 8 p. m. Work, Second Degree, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS, Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

MEDICAL.

GONOVA French treatment, male and female — positive cure of GONORRHOEA, Gleet, Unnatural Discharges, Inflammations and Ulcerations of the mucous membranes. An internal remedy with injection combined, $3 or 2 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by **S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth;** Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

GENTLEMEN DO YOU SUFFER FROM lost vitality, drains, etc. Don't be fooled by drugs, electric belts and appliances. For 50 cents (coin or stamps) I send instructions of cure by use of water. A. R. Jones, P. O. Box 1047 Pittsburg, Pa.

SETTLERS' EXCURSIONS.

On May 19, 21, 25, 26 and 29, I will run cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming land free. Western Canada is the greatest farming country in the world. Go there and become rich. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER, Canadian Government Agent. 316 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	3:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor	Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..Lv		1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf	Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:18 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta	Lv	12:39 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik	Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron	Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing	Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Passenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely	Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive
†1 10 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 00 pm
*11 15 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*7 00 am
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.		
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	*6 43 pm
†3 05 pm		†11 00 am

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m. J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Duluth
**8:35 am	St. Paul, Mpls.	**3:05 pm
*4:30 pm	...Twilight Limited...	*9:59 pm
*5:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	-----FAST MAIL-----	*10:30 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

Lv.	†9 00 am	TRAINS FOR	Ar. *6 45 am
"	*1 55 pm	ST. PAUL AND	" †1 40 pm
"	*11 15 pm	... MINNEAPOLIS ...	" *7 00 pm

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

426 Spalding Hotel Block—Union Depot.

Leave	**Ex. Saturday. *Ex. Sunday.	Arrive
**6 00 p. m.	BOSTON LIMITED	*9 30 a. m.
* 45 p. m.	EXPRESS	* 9 30 a. m.

A SLIGHT DECLINE

Wheat Started Out Firm and Slightly Higher But Sold Down.

THE CABLES STEADY

Rains In Manitoba and North Dakota Caused Prices to Drop.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 25.—The wheat market started out firm and slightly higher this morning, the strength being due to steady cables, reports of crop damage in Kansas and Illinois and more talk of drouth in the Northwest. The sentiment quickly changed, however, when word was received that rain was falling in Manitoba and North Dakota, this news causing the longs to let go and bringing about a decline in prices. The market then ruled steady to the close, which was 1c lower than yesterday, both here and at Chicago for the July option.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened unchanged at 67¾c, sold at 67⅝-⅝c at 9:35, declined to 67¼c at 11:50 and closed at those figures, ½c lower than yesterday. Cash sales were 70,000 bus at ½c under July. Duluth wheat stocks will decrease about 200,000 bus this week. Corn declined ⅜c. Oats, barley and rye were unchanged. Case flax was unchanged. May flax advanced 3c, September flax fell off 3c and October flax declined 1½c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 69c; to arrive, 69¼c; May, 69¼c; July, 69⅝c; September, 68¾c; No. 1 northern, cash, 67¾c; to arrive, 67⅝c; May, 67¾c; July, 67¾c; September, 67¾c; No. 2 northern, 65¾c. No. 3 spring, 62¼c. Oats, 25½@25¾c. Rye, 53¾c. Barley, 36@38c. Flax, cash, $1.80; May, $1.78; September, $1.26¾; October, $1.21. Corn, 36c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 135; corn, 22; oats, 2; rye, 2; barley, 3; flax, 5. Receipts—Wheat, 104,915 bus; corn, 7962 bus; rye, 85 bus; flax, 2707 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 100,000 bus; corn, 25,000 bus.

Ship Your Grain to McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES FRIDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars $0.69½
No. 1 hard, 1 car 69¾
No. 1 northern, 15,000 bus 67½
No. 1 northern, 4 cars 67¾
No. 1 northern, 15,000 bus 67⅝
No. 1 northern, 10,000 bus 67¾
No. 1 northern, 2 cars 67⅝
No. 2 northern, 500 bus 65¾
Flax, 6,000 bus September 1.26
Flax, 2,000 bus October 1.22
Flax, 2,000 bus October 1.21½
Flax, 1,000 bus October 1.20½

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Wheat Opens Firm But Eases, Other Lines Following.

Chicago, May 25.—The wheat market opened firm today on steady cables and unfavorable weather. July 4c over yesterday at 67¼@67⅝c. Attention was divided between damage claims from Kansas and Illinois and the drouth talk from the Northwest. July early touched 67¾@67⅝c, then a wire announced that rain had fallen in Winnipeg, Grand Forks and Fargo and the market eased, July selling off to 65c. Trade was quiet. Receipts here were 11 cars, none of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 200 cars, against 250 last week and 580 a year ago. Trade the remainder of the session was quiet. July rose later to 66⅞c but closed today, be under yesterday at 67@67¼c.

Trade in corn early was fairly active. July opened a shade higher at 37¼@37⅜c in sympathy with wheat and on firm cables from Liverpool and because of small country receipts. The market advanced to 37¾@37⅝, but turned easy with the wheat reaction and declined to 37¼c. Early buyers fell. Local receipts were 266 cars.

The close was steady, July a shade under yesterday at 37¼@37⅜c.

The trade in oats early was not important, the market following wheat and corn. July opened a shade lower at 21⅝c, touched 21⅝c and then reacted to 21¾@21⅝c. Receipts here were 225 cars.

Provisions were quiet and steady early on moderate hog receipts and firmness at the yards. July pork opened a shade higher at $11.45; July lard 2½c up at $6.57½, and July ribs unchanged at $6.57½. With the downward reaction in grains, product turned a shade easier.

Close: Wheat, May, 66¾c; July, 67@67⅛c. Corn, May, 36¾c; July, 37¼@37⅜c. Oats, May, 21¾c; July, 21½c. Pork, May, $11.40; July, $11.45. Lard, May, $6.87½; July, $6.92½; September, $6.92½. Ribs, May, $6.52; July, $6.57; September, $6.57½. Cash wheat, No. 2 red, 72c; No. 3 red, 68@73c; No. 2 hard winter, 65@66½c; No. 3 hard winter, 61@65c; No. 1 northern spring, 67@68c; No. 2 northern spring, 66@67c; No. 3 spring, 62@65c. Corn, No. 2, 37¼c; No. 3, 36c. Oats, No. 2, 22c; No. 3, 21¾@22c. Flax, Northwestern, $1.80; Southwestern, $1.80; May, $1.80; September, $1.26; October, $1.21. Rye, May, 53¾c. Barley, 37@42c. Clover, $2.40.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 25.—Close: Wheat, quiet, unchanged to ½d lower; July, 5s 8¾d; September, 5s 9d. Corn, quiet, unchanged to ½d higher; July, 3s 9½d; September, 3s 10¼d.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 307 Board of Trade.

Chicago, May 25.—Although the news in wheat was again bullish today, still the market ruled quiet within a narrow range and closed May unchanged, July ½c lower than last night. Outside speculation is light and the local bulls are not inclined to load up until the market shows signs of advancement. The weather in the Northwest continues dry and damage reports are continuing to come in. If rain does not come in the next day or so there is only one course for the market to pursue, that is advance sharply. When once it starts outside speculation will come in freely. Foreign markets generally quiet. Cash demand was rather quiet here and the seaboard reported only a moderate business doing there for export. The weather throughout the winter wheat belt was generally favorable, but reports indicated that the crop is steadily deteriorating, being affected by Hessian fly. Estimated receipts tomorrow, 40 cars.

The corn market after opening firm in sympathy with Liverpool, later eased off on selling by local bears, owing to favorable weather throughout the corn belt, but at the decline there was very good buying, which caused the market to rally and the close was steady, ½c lower than last night. Country offerings were light, but indications point to increased movement in the near future. Cash demand was fairly good. The seaboard reported good business done there for export.

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,

324 West Superior Street. (St. Louis Hotel.)

Members of Chicago Board of Trade.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.

Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

Trade was rather light all day and mostly all of a local professional character. The visible supply is likely to show a large decrease this week. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 350 cars.

Puts, July wheat, 67¼c.
Calls, July wheat, 68¼@68⅜c.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	67⅝B	65⅝	67¼-⅜	72⅝
High	67⅝-⅝	65½	67⅝-½	72⅝-¾
Low	65⅞	65¼	66⅞	72½
Close	67⅝B	65¼	67-⅛A	72⅝
September—				
Open	67⅝B	65½	....	73⅛
High	.....	65½-⅝	....	73½
Low	.....	65¼	....	73⅛
Close	67⅝B	65⅜	....	73¼

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	21⅝	37¼-⅜	$11.45
High	21¾	37¼-⅜	11.45-11.47
Low	21⅜-½	37	11.40
Close	21½A	37¼-⅜A	11.45

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts. Bushels.	Shipments. Bushels.
New York	132,750	80,804
Philadelphia	153,219	.....
Baltimore	12,420	8,000
Toledo	7,700	1,800
Detroit	8,000	1,423
St. Louis	22,000	14,000
Boston	51,200	.....
Chicago	28,350	24,711
Milwaukee	17,600	4,800
Minneapolis	195,150	42,250
Kansas City	43,550	28,500
Duluth	104,915	100,000

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 25.—Close, wheat, May, 71½c; July, 72⅜c; September, 73¼c. Corn, May, 41⅜c; July, 42¼c; September, 42⅝c. Oats, May, 24¾c; July, 24½c; September, 24¼c.

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 25.—Close, wheat in store—No. 1 northern, May, 65¾c; July, 65¼c; September, 65¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 67¾c; No. 1 northern, 65¾c; No. 2 northern, 64¾c.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 25.—Cattle, receipts, 2000. Easier to 10@15c lower. Good to prime steers, $5.10@5.75; poor to medium, $4.40@4.90; stockers and feeders, $3.75@5.00; cows and heifers, $3.10@5.15; Texas fed steers, $4.00@5.25. Hogs, receipts today, 20,000; tomorrow, 18,000; left over, 3581. Active, shade higher. Mixed and butchers, $5.05@5.32½; good to choice heavy, $5.20@5.37½; rough heavy, $5.05@5.15; light, $5.05@5.30; bulk of sales, $5.20@5.30. Sheep, receipts, 5000. Dull, shade lower. Sheep, $4.25@5.25; lambs, $4.50@7.00. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Cattle, 10,252; hogs, 25,737; sheep, 12,501. Shipments—Cattle, 1257; hogs, 4584; sheep, 283.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Market Opened Quiet and Changes Generally Were Small.

New York, May 25.—The stock market opened quiet and price changes were shown only in a few specialties. Sugar, American Tobacco and Consolidated Gas were up 2@2⅝. Atchison, preferred, after opening up ¼ fell back only ⅛ on the sale of a 1000 share block. Otherwise, the dealings were in small lots. The legal proceedings against the American tobacco company caused a decline of 2½ per cent in the stock. The rise in Sugar was checked after it rose above 115, and realizing and short selling more than wiped out its gain. Liquidation in the metal group caused general losses ranging up to 2¼ in Tennessee Coal. The principal pressure on the railroad stock was borne by the Pacifics. Missouri Pacific yielding a point. The market became heavy throughout. Prices were inclined to harden, but large improvements were confined to the earlier weak features, notably Sugar and Tennessee Coal. Trading was practically at a standstill and the fluctuations generally were insignificant. The foreign condition of the cotton market had some influence on stocks. Business was small in bonds and prices were near yesterday's closing level.

Prices yielded in the last hour, in spite of an almost stagnant market and the average level fell below that of last night. Metropolitan Street Railway fell 1½ and Sugar touched 113, the lowest of the day. Atchison was notably weak among the railroads, losing 1⅜ from the best. The closing was heavy and semi-stagnant at the decline.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Am. Sugar Trust	113⅜	115¼	113	113
Am. Steel, com	33⅝	34⅛	33	34
Am. Tobacco	92½	93	91¾	92
Atchison, com	25¼	25¼	25⅛	25⅛
Atchison, pfd	70⅝	71	69⅝	69¾
Brooklyn Transit	71	72¼	70¾	71
C. M. & St. P	115⅜	116¼	115⅜	115⅜
C. B. & Q	126	126⅝	125⅝	125⅞
C. & N. W	162⅜	162⅝	162⅜	162⅝
Federal Steel, com	33⅝	34	33	33¾
Federal Steel, pfd	69¾	69¾	69¾	69¾
Great Western	127	127	126	127
L. & N	79½	79¾	79¼	79¼
Manhattan	90⅞	90⅞	89⅝	89¾
Missouri Pacific	56¾	56¾	55⅝	56
Nor. Pacific, com	69¾	69¾	68¾	69
Nor. Pacific, pfd	74½	74½	74½	74½
People's Gas	99	100	98⅝	99¾
Rock Island	106	106⅞	105⅝	106
Southern Pacific	34	34	33⅝	33⅝
Texas & C. I	73⅜	73¾	70⅝	71½
U. S. Leather, pfd	83½	83½	83¼	83¼
Union Pacific, pfd	73⅝	73⅞	73⅛	73⅜
Union Pacific, com	53⅝	54⅛	53⅜	53⅝
Western Union	79⅝	80⅜	79⅝	80⅛
Great Northern	154	154	154	154
Illinois Central	112⅜	112½	112	112
Leather, com	10⅞	11	10⅝	10⅞
Money	1¾	1¾	1½	1½

THE COTTON MARKET.

Was Higher at Opening and Erratic and Excited.

New York, May 25.—The cotton market opened irregular with the present crop months up 7 to 20 points and the new crop options 2 to 5 points higher. Speculation on the call was tremendous and general, with the South still conspicuous as a seller. Liverpool as a buyer, and the local trade as an operator on both sides. A decidedly better set of early English cables than looked for were responsible for the marked advance in the near positions, which were led by May at $8.68, against $8.48 last night. The opening preliminaries had progressed to the new crop. Subsequent cables from Liverpool depicted unsettled conditions in that market, which led to a change of mind of prospective buyers and led to brisk selling, with the result that but little change occurred.

Following the call, the market was extremely erratic and excited, with prices repeatedly advanced and depressed by alternate waves of buying and selling, which largely impelled by variable conditions abroad. A reported failure of Liverpool proved to be correct, though not of special significance.

Shorts had the advantage so far as crop and weather advices were concerned, also in the way of statistics, but for the time being these factors made little impression on the market as a whole. No new features in connection with yesterday's failure came to light and the suspension seemed to have lost its effect.

At midday the market was tolerably steady and quieter, with prices for May 30 points and other months 4 to 12 points higher on support from shorts, and some investment buying.

Cotton spot closed quiet. Middling uplands, 9 1-16c; middling gulf, 9 1-16c; sales, 122 bales. Cotton futures closed quiet. May, $8.70; June, $8.66; July, $8.61; August, $8.45; September, $7.99; October, $7.78; November, $7.64; December, $7.62; January, $8.76; February, $7.66; March, $7.69.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, May 25.—Consols for money, 101⅝; for the account, 101⅝.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 25.—Money on call nominally, 1¾ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent; sterling exchange weak, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87½@⅝ for demand, and at $4.84¾@4.85 for sixty days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.84@¾; silver certificates, 60@61c; bar silver, 60½c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds weak; refunding 2s, when issued, $1.03½; 2s, registered, 105½c; 3s, registered, $1.09½; coupon, $1.09½; new 4s, registered, 134½; coupon, $1.34½; old 4s, registered, $1.15½; coupon, $1.15½; 5s, registered, $1.13½; coupon, $1.13¾.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 25.—Clearings, $21,062,698; balances, $2,429,294; posted exchange, $4.85½@4.88½; New York exchange, 10c premium.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, May 25.—Close: Adventure, 4@5; Allouez, 1½@2; Anaconda, 41½@42½; Arcadian, 17@18; Arnold, 5@; Amalgamated, 87½@88; Atlantic, 25@24; Baltic, 18 bid; Bingham, 5¾@10; Bonanza, 1½@1¾; Boston and Montana, 262@266; Boston Consolidated, 10½@11; Butte and Boston, 64@65; Calumet and Hecla, 735@755; Centennial, 16½ bid; Copper Range, 59@59½; Franklin, 12½ asked; Dominion Coal, 42; Elm River, 3¾@4; Franklin, 12¼@13½; Humboldt, 3; Isabella, 1½; Isle Royale, 25@26; Mass, 6¼@6⅞; Michigan, 4½; Mohawk, 14; Old Colony, 24@25; Old Dominion, 16½@17; Osceola, 65¾; Oscanaba, 15¾@16; Parrott, 41; Pioneer, 50c asked; Quincy, 123½@126; Rhode Island, 1 @1½; Santa Fe, 4¾@5; Tamarack, 190@195; Tecumseh, 2¾@3½; Tri-Mountain, 7½@8; Union Land, 2@3; Utah, 27; Victoria, 2@2½; Winona, 3¾@5; Wolverine, 38¾; Wyandotte, 2 asked; Zinc, 12 bid.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the board of education of the city of Duluth, up to June 2, 1900, at 7:30 o'clock p. m., for the construction of the new Monroe School building, according to plans, specifications and details on file in the office of J. J. Wagenstein, Architect, 401 Providence building, Duluth, Minn.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check, payable to the order of J. J. Le Tourneau, treasurer, for 2 per cent of the amount of the bid; said check to be forfeited by the successful bidder in case he fails to enter into contract and furnish satisfactory bond within five (5) days after award.

Mark envelope containing bid, "Proposal for Erection of Monroe School, and address the same to the undersigned.

The board of education reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

CHAS. A. BRONSON,
Clerk of the Board of Education of the City of Duluth.
Duluth Evening Herald—May-25-to-June-1-1900.

THE TRAUTVETTER RECITAL.

Pupils Give a Concert at Morley Congregational Church.

Last evening the pupils of Ch. Trautvetter gave a recital in Morley Congregational church, which was filled to its doors by the friends and relatives of the pupils. The pupils all did excellent work. A selection by little Miss Pecor, violin, and Ch. Trautvetter, guitar, "The Mocking Bird," was highly appreciated. They responded to a very enthusiastic encore with a second number. A double violin number, "When the Swallows Homeward Fly" and "Marching Through Georgia," by Miss Clara Vinton, of Two Harbors, also pleased all. A violin solo by Miss Freda Schlick was rendered with unusual beauty of tone. A duet for violin and piano was given by M. Freimuth and David Freimuth, and notwithstanding the fact that it was the last selection on a long program, it was given an encore. Miss McKay was unable to sing, and Mrs. McCauliffe supplied her place and sang two fine selections. Miss Gregory accompanied many of the numbers on the piano and is a fine musician. Violin solos were also given by Mildred Washburn, Walter Conska, E. Hase, G. Hartman, M. Magnusson, M. Frederick, H. Rudolph. A clarinet duo was given by Ch. A. Gregory and L. D. Robinson, and a flute solo by E. Wehler. All were very finely executed. A violin solo by Carl Claus was well received. A piano solo by G. Gonska was finely done, and a flute duet by M. Washburn and Ch. Trautvetter, accompanied by Messrs. G. Gregory, 1, violin; Robertson, 2, violin; Gregory, viola, and Willard, 'cello, was equally well received.

Millinery.

Saturday trimmed hats one-third off.
B. KNOWLTON.
No. 3 West Superior Street.

INDIANA POLITICS.

Rising Sun, Ind., May 25.—Ed Carver shot and killed William Patterson in a political quarrel at Florence today. Carver fled to Kentucky.

We offer for the next ten days Corner of Twelfth Avenue East and Third street for

$1600 on easy terms

Cooley & Underhill,

207-8 Exchange Building.

GEORGE RUPLEY,

Representing

Weare Commission Co.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.
Private Wires to all Markets.

310 Board of Trade. Telephone 713

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	155	129
Am. Exchange Bank	100	120	115
First Nat. Bank, Superior	100	100	95
L. S. Consol. Iron Mines		**73**	
Brotherton Iron Mine Co.	25	...	2¾
Great Lakes Towing Co.	100	...	65
American Ship Bldg. Co.	100	122	...
Globe Elevator Co	100	100	...
Consol. Elev. Co., 1st pfd.	100	...	100
Consol. Elev. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	90
Consol. Elev. Co., com.	100	60	25
County orders			Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in REAL ESTATE, COMMERCIAL PAPER, MORTGAGE LOANS and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

LAND SCRIPS, PINE LANDS, STOCKS.

H. W. COFFIN,

Chamber of Commerce.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Admiralty Case Arising Out of the Sinking of the Peerless.

MYSTIC GETS CLEAR

William Garvin, Fireman of W. D. Rees, Fell Overboard and Perished.

Judge Lochren in Minneapolis yesterday heard the case of the Lake Superior and Lake Michigan Transportation company, libellant, against the tug Mystic, of the Stevens line, and the tugs Industry and Buffalo, of the Union Towing and Wrecking company, and he held the latter two tugs liable for the accident and released the Mystic.

The accident occurred Sept. 7, 1895, when the Peerless collided with the schooner Stewart and was sunk near the Northern Pacific railroad bridge. The Peerless was going from the Duluth-Superior bridge up through the Duluth draw of the Northern Pacific bridge. The Stewart was coming down loaded with lumber from the lumber docks, and the Mystic was in the draw with a raft of logs. The Buffalo had the Stewart and the Industry had the Peerless. It was claimed that the Mystic was responsible for the accident, because she did not give a right-of-way and forced the Peerless into a position where it was impossible to avoid the accident.

The court found that the Mystic was not at fault, and that the Buffalo and Industry were. The question of damage was not considered, but it will be left until later. It will be referred to a commission to take testimony. A. A. Harris and John H. Norton represented the Mystic. The Lake Michigan and Lake Superior claims that the damages to the Peerless amounted to $22,000.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Spry, Johnson, McWilliams, 1:20 a. m.; Forest City, Cleveland, 2:20; Rosemount, Melrose, Selkirk, 4; Andaste, 5; Waldo, Traverse, Neshoto, 6:20. Frontenac, Norwalk, 7; Ranney, Cobb, 8:20; LaSalle, 10:30; Kalyuga, Fontana, 11. Down: Morley, 11 last night; Pasadena and oil barge, V. H. Ketchum, 1:20; Naples, the two Parkers, Pontiac, Gates, Schuylkill, 4; Charles Eddy, 5; Devereux, Gladstone, Northern Queen, 8; Adams, 8:20; Tampico, 9:40; Malietoa, Manila, Hurd, Fisk, 10:30.

Up yesterday: Trevor and whaleback, Germain noon; St. Louis, Champion, Bronson, Tecumseh, 2; North Star, 3:30; Presque Isle, Castalia, 4; Auburn, 4:30; Germanic, Hutchinson, 5; Shrigley, Shawnee, 6; Nahigan, Melbourne, Fillmore, 6:20; India, 8:30; Lenty, Bottsford, 9. Down: Orinoco, 11:40 a. m.; Oliver, Drake, Iron Cliff, Linn, Carrington, 12:30 p. m.; Peerless, 2; Murtha, Martha, John Owen, 9; Wawatam, 9:40; Morley, 11.

THE FREIGHT SITUATION.

Chicago, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Grain rates were steady at 1⅜ cents, with shippers asking for more tonnage than vesselmen could give them.

Cleveland, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—There is plenty of ore to be had from the head of Lake Superior at $1, but there is little Escanaba ore. The supply of coal is somewhat lighter than the heavy vessel capacity offered for it, but there is no indication of a change in rates.

THE MERIDA RELEASED.

The steamer Merida went aground on the south shore a mile and a half from the Superior entry during last night. Early this morning the tugs Zenith and Superior went to her assistance and worked at her during the morning, bringing her off at 11:30 o'clock.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Yale, 9:30 last night; Livingstone, 10:40; Lockwood, 10:50; Tower, Paris, 11; Maricopa and consort, Fulton, McBrier, 11:20; Nyanza, Bessemer, Jenney, 11:40; Watt, Thomas Nasmyth, Samuel Mitchell, Chickamauga, 10:40 a. m.; Fred Kelley, 10:20; Fred Harper, Antrim, Minnesota, E. P. Wright, 2:15; Corona, 6; Black, 6:20; Zenith City, 6:30; John Ketcham, 8:20; Wallace, 9:15; Minneapolis, 10:20.

Up yesterday: Grover, 11:40 a. m.; Schoolcraft and consorts, 2:20 p. m.; Mark Hopkins and consorts, 3; W. D. Rees, Norton, 5:20; Sitka, 6:40; Queen City, 8:20; Penobscot, 9:20.

BARGE A TOTAL WRECK.

Cleveland, May 25.—The Bessemer Steamship company has received a dispatch from Capt. W. W. Smith, at Port Colwell, stating that whaleback barge No. 115, which went ashore on Pic island, Lake Superior, last December, is a total wreck. The crew saved themselves after being given up for dead after a long trip through the uninhabited region along the north shore of Lake Superior. The 115 was loaded with iron ore from Duluth.

A BROKEN WHEEL.

Detour, Mich., May 25.—The steamer Cleveland, with a broken wheel, left for Chicago in tow of the tug Vigilant yesterday afternoon.

HAVE NOT AGREED.

Milawukee, Wis., May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—A committee of thirty-five schooner captains, representing all the vessels now at this port, held a conference yesterday morning with members of the Lake Seamen's union, with a view of adjusting the existing trouble regarding wages. No agreement was reached, however, and the prospects are that the schooners will be idle at this port for an indefinite period.

FIREMAN DROWNED.

Detroit, Mich., May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—William Garvin, fireman on the steamer W. D. Rees, fell overboard about eight miles above Ashtabula Wednesday night. The steamer was stopped immediately, but nothing was seen of the drowning man. He lived in Cleveland.

COSTLY REPAIRS.

Lorain, Ohio, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—It cost $600 to repair the steamer Yale, which came out of drydock yesterday as the result of her experience in the ice at the lower end of Lake Erie in the spring. Fifteen frames and six bow plates had to be replaced.

STEAMERS RELEASED.

Racine, Wis., May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Rube Richards, laden with 1050 tons of coal went aground in the river at 11 o'clock Wednesday night and blockaded navigation above Main street bridge until 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon when tugs succeeded in releasing the craft.

Detroit, Mich., May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The City of Rome aground at Harson's island, and the Thomas Davidson aground below the canal, were released yesterday afternoon.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Ashtabula—Cleared: Light — Janney, Chickamauga, Duluth.

Buffalo—Cleared: Coal—Moore, Duluth. Light—Rappahannock, Pioneer, Duluth.

Cleveland—Cleared: Light—Admiral, Sitka, Duluth.

Conneaut—Cleared: Light—Emory Owen, Zenith City, Australia, Crescent City, Duluth.

Erie—Cleared: Light—Andaste, Iron Age, Duluth; Chattanooga, Marquette.

Fairport—Cleared: Light—Penobscott, Duluth.

Lorain—Cleared: Coal—Wright, Washburn. Light—Yale, Marsala, Duluth.

Marquette—Arrived: Negaunee, Petrel. Cleared: Outhwaite, Barr, Ketchum, Ashtabula; Fay, Rhodes, Buffalo; Pontiac, Fairport; Wawatam, Conneaut.

Toledo—Cleared: Coal—Grover, Ashland; Westford, Pomeroy, Jennette, Duluth.

Ashland—Arrived: Crosthwaite, Donaldson, Dayton, Louisiana. Cleared: Lumber—Madden, Buffalo; Noquebay, Mautene, Tonawanda; Rhoda Stewart, Golden Rule, Drake, Magnet, Toledo; Mystic, Keyes, Houghton. Light—John Mitchell, Two Harbors. Ore—Iron Cliff, John Hutchinson, Cleveland.

Menominee—Departed: Pawnee, Young Orton, Edwards, Buffalo.

Chicago—Arrived: Veronica, George Stone, 105, 116. Cleared, Massasoit, Escanaba; Wanye, Tilden, Duluth; Omaha, Oswego.

South Chicago—Arriven: Thomson. Cleared: Frick, Duluth; Panther, Hadley, 107, Escanaba; barges 1 and 2, Peshtigo; Maritana, Two Harbors.

Escanaba—Arrived: John Martin, H. E. Packer. Cleared: Edwards, Golden Age, Parks Foster, Centurion, Cadillac, Erie ports; E. M. Peck, Chicago; Pickands, Elk Rapids.

Port Colborne—Up Prince, Reginald and consorts, Grimsby.

Oswego—Cleared: McVittie, coal, Chicago.

TUG TRUST OFFICIAL.

W. A. Collier, of Buffalo, one of the leading officers of the Great Lakes Towing and Wrecking company, the combine that swallowed up the tug lines last summer, is in the city. It is supposed that he is here because of the recent difficulty over the two-tug rule, because of which James Davidson transferred his towing from the trust line to the Maytham line. He had nothing to say about his business here.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Carnegie, Coralia, John Mitchell, Republic, Merida, Lake Erie, light for ore; Arthur Orr, Parry Sound, mdse; City of Collingwood, Collingwood, pass and mdse; City of Marquette, Hancock, pass and mdse; Troy, Buffalo, mdse; Hudson, Buffalo, light for grain; Sacramento, Lake Erie, coal; Granada, Grampian, Chicago, railroad iron; S. Smith, Lake Erie, light for lumber.

Departed—Carnegie, J. B. Lyon, Oglebay, Shenandoah, Brazil, Eureka, Barlum, Oades, Pratt, Roumania, Coralia, Iron Duke, Ashland, Schuck, Lake Erie, Ore; Green, Genoa, Ashland, light; Japan, Buffalo, pass and flour; steel Gratwick, Parry Sound, flour.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Glasgow—Arrived: Livonia, from Philadelphia.

Liverpool—Arrived: Pennland, from Philadelphia.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist. Top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.

The Virginia excursion Saturday.

Reduction in trimmed hats at Miss Swenson's.

Kelly's hat hospital for sick hats.

A daughter has been born to Mr. and Mrs. P. Orchard, of 909 Park place.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Joseph O. Lemay, of 123 Eleventh avenue west, died last night. The funeral was held this afternoon from the home.

James L. Crawford, for many years associated with the undertaking establishment of M. J. Dunkan & Co., No. 15 Second avenue west, has bought out the interest of William Dunlap, of St. Paul, in the firm, and in a short time the name of the firm will be changed to Durkan & Crawford.

A transcript of judgment in favor of F. L. Dunne and against Monroe Nichols was filed in the clerk's office this morning.

The excursion to Virginia tomorrow.

A matinee will be given Saturday afternoon at 2:30 at the Parlor Theater. The vaudeville program will be presented. For next week an entire new bill of vaudeville novelties have been secured.

Train leaves 7:45 a. m. for Virginia.

There will be a special meeting tonight at the Salvation Army hall, led by Ensign Berg, of New York, assisted by Capt. Petersen, of West Superior, and her two lieutenants, Capt. Carrier, of Minneapolis, the Hallelujah Megget, Capt. Snoeber, and her lieutenant, of West Superior. Serg't Maj. McKinnon, the noted solo singer, will sing some of his favorite solos. A first-class program has been arranged for the occasion.

$2.00 Virginia and return tomorrow.

LAST CALL

Excursion to Virginia

Round Trip. *Tomorrow.* Train Leaves $2.00 7:45.

Secure Tickets on Train.

PERSONALS.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Crawford and daughter, will leave for San Francisco on Tuesday. Mr. Crawford will be located at the Union Iron Works as draftsman with the United States naval constructor.

Capt. La Salle left Los Angeles, Cal., yesterday on his return to Duluth. He is considerably improved in health.

J. P. Vaughan, of Kansas City, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Metcalfe, of Toronto, are at the Spalding.

Mr. and Mrs. H. E. Bateman, of Minneapolis, are at the Spalding.

S. D. Cargill, of Minneapolis, is in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. M. Cochrane, of Grand Forks, N. D., are at the Spalding.

T. E. Dorr, of Saginaw, Mich., is at the Spalding.

Gen. C. C. Andrews, of St. Paul, state fire warden, was at the Spalding last evening.

P. M. Ringdal, of Crookston, state rail road and warehouse commissioner, was in the city last evening for a few hours.

Mrs. F. H. Dear, of Hibbing, was in the city last evening.

P. Mitchell, of Hibbing, was at the Spalding last evening.

B. J. Carney, of Grinnell, Iowa, is at the St. Louis.

John B. Gordon, of Marquette, was at the St. Louis this morning.

Fred W. Horn, of Ashland, was at the St. Louis this morning.

Mrs. J. A. Robb and Mrs. J. C. Poole, of Eveleth, were at the St. Louis last evening.

John T. Jones, of Iron Mountain, Mich., was at the St. Louis last evening.

Harry Knappen, of Minneapolis, who has for some years been associated with the Times of that city, was in the city this afternoon and left for Port Arthur. He will go to the Hudson Bay country and will be gone until October.

COURTESY TO AMERICANS.

French Exposition Athletic Program Changed to Suit Them.

Paris, May 25.—The French authorities controlling the athletic events to be held in connection with the exposition, have announced that as a concession to America's desire to eliminate Sunday games, the sports which were scheduled to begin Sunday, July 15, will, instead, commence Saturday, July 14, the great French national holiday, and will be continued on the following Tuesday and Thursday. The final Americans games will conclude on Saturday. If games will conclude on Saturday, if possible.

Also, at the request of A. G. Spalding, the director of athletics for the United States, a Marathon race of twenty-five miles has been added to the program. It will occur July 14 and a prize of 1000 francs will be given, of which 250 francs will go to the second man. The latter sum will be the first prize for the standing high and broad jumps, which have also been added for the benefit of Mr. Spalding.

To Build a Hotel.

A 3-story hotel is to be erected at the corner of Michigan street and Sixth avenue west by an Eastern man who owns the property. It will in all probability be occupied by Rebenack brothers. The building will be 61 by 85 feet in size and will be three stories high. It will be built in the near future.

MORE ARRESTS.

Four Wheelmen Without Lights Gathered In---Wrong Hayes Pays a Fine.

A quartet of wheelmen were arrested last night for riding without lights, and this morning in police court their pocketbooks were punctured to the extent of $2 each. Those fined were: Henry Rumple, Watson Mendenhall, Harry Gibbery and William Arnson. The court in passing sentence said that in the future the fines would be of a more substantial nature.

The cycle cases are causing considerable amusement in police circles. William Arnson, one of the cyclists fined this morning, was a boy 13 years of age. Last evening he was walking down street and noticed a wheel belonging to a chum of his standing on the sidewalk. He concluded that it would be a good joke to take a little ride, and had gone but a short distance with the wheel when arrested. This morning he was fined $2, but the owner of the wheel paid half the fine.

Another singular case turned up in the bicycle arresis long after the arraignments yesterday. The night before there were two men by the name of Hayes arrested. One gave his name as Jack Hayes and the other as Pete Hayes. Lieut. Drennan was in charge at headquarters when Jack Hayes was brought in, and he proved to the officer that his lamp had just gone out before the copper pulled him off the wheel. He seemed greatly stirred up about the arrest, and the lieutenant in a joshing sort of a manner said he would let him go if he would promise to be around in the morning. It was only a joke, but Hayes took it in earnest. Shortly af

SUFFEL & SHOES

129-131 W. Superior St

Ladies' $5.00 and $4 Shoes Still Going at

99c

a pair.

HERE ARE THE SIZES: A Width—3, 3½, 4, 4½, 5, 5½ / B Width—3, 3½, 4, 4½, 5, 5½, 6 / C Width—3, 3½, 4, 4½, 5

COME QUICK IF YOU WANT THEM!

Ladies' Low Shoes and Oxfords

49c Per Pair

1 lot of ladies' Low Shoes and Oxfords—sizes—2, 2½, 3, 3½, 4,—former price has been $2 and $2.50—Do you want them at—

a pair **49c**

ANOTHER BARGAIN AT 99c—

1 lot, over 300 pairs Ladies' Low Shoes and Oxford Ties in sizes 2½, 3, 3½, 4, 4½, 5, 5½, in A, B and C widths. Former price, $3 00. Dou you want them at.

a Pair..... 99c

These are the best bargains ever offered in Duluth on the Finest Footwear. Come quick if you neee them.

CLOSING OUT!

Palace Jewelry Co.'s Stock

7 West Superior Street, in Scott's Drug Store.

Nothing reserved, everything goes. Watches, Clocks, Silverware, Pocket Books, Ladies' Purses, Novelty Belt Buckles, Chains and Charms. These goods will be sold at your own price. If there is anything you want it's yours at any price. Fixtures, Tools and Bench for sale.

PALACE JEWELRY CO.,

7 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

2000 Minnesota Grown Snowballs Tomorrow 5c a Spray. 50c a Dozen.

Big stock of everything else in cut flowers. Our usual line of home-made candies, ice cream and ices, etc. Try a quart of our ice cream—packed and delivered any place in the city at **35c** per quart.

W. W. SEEKINS,

115 West Superior St.

NEARING THE END.

But One More Jury Case Is Left For Trial.

The work of the juries in district court is drawing near the close. This morning the case of Anton Louisin against Anton Hegler and others went to the jury, and it was expected that the case of Charles Edmondson against Marvin Culver and others would go to the jury this afternoon. The Louisin-Hegler case was still in the hands of the jury at a late hour this afternoon, the jury not being able to determine up to that time whether or not the property in dispute was the homestead of the defendant. The case of F. J. Fewings against the Duluth Street Railway company went over from yesterday afternoon to tomorrow, on account of the fact that Henry F. Greene, one of the company's attorneys, had to be in the supreme court today.

There is but one jury case left for trial.

Sold Under the Hammer.

The entire household goods of several parties whose owners are leaving the city must be sold at public auction at once. Sales continued daily and evening until everything is sold to the highest bidder, at 1926 West Michigan street. Don't miss this great auction sale.

To Set Aside Foreclosure.

A suit to set aside a mortgage foreclosure on somewhat peculiar grounds was filed in the clerk's office yesterday. Clara A. Harris seeks to set aside the foreclosure of a mortgage for $4500, on lot 9, block 91, Endion division, by A. J. Upham. She claims that she secured the property from A. E. Cline, who made the mortgage. The ground on which the court is asked to set the mortgage aside is that in one of the assignment of the mortgage that took place there was but one witness instead of two to the signature of one of the parties whose names were attached. J. B. Richards is the attorney.

HELD TO GRAND JURY.

New York, May 25.—Magistrate Zeller, in the Jefferson market police court this afternoon, held the seven persons, officers and directors, against whom summons were issued, as organizers of the American Ice company for violation of the laws relating to monopoly, in $2000 bail each for the grand jury. The action was taken on the waiver of an examination by their counsel.

AFTER AGUINALDO.

Manilla, May 25.—Maj. Peyton C. March, with a battalion of the Thirty-third infantry, and Col. Luther R. Hare, with another part of the Thirty-third regiment, while scouring the country northeast of Benguet, report that they have struck the trail of a party of Filipinos traveling in the mountains, and believe they are escorting Aguinaldo.

MOVEMENT STARTED

Citizens' Committee Takes Up Work of Looking After Census of Duluth.

NEED CO-OPERATION

Assistance of Every Duluthian Necessary---William Getty Is Special Agent.

Supervisor of the Census A. N. Dare, of Elk River, was in the city last evening for a few hours. While here he announced the selection of William Getty as special agent to look after St. Louis, Lake and Cook counties. The force of enumerators is practically complete and ready to begin the work next week. The list will differ considerably from that published last week, for a number of them who applied for places originally have since found other situations and cannot take the census work. The work of the supervisor is no small one. He has 339 enumerators in his district, and to get the entire force organized and working on June 1 is no small task.

A citizens' committee has finally taken up the work of seeing that Duluth's people are all enrolled. The work is one that interests every good citizen, for it would be a bad thing if the city were to show a falling off in population and injure it. There is no danger that it will if everybody who belongs here is counted. Every house in town is filled, every boarding house and tenement house is crowded, and there is no reason why Duluth shall not show up a handsome population.

The men who have thus far actively interested themselves in getting the census work started are B. Silberstein, Mayor Hugo, Ward Ames, L. M. Willcuts, Millie Bunnell, T. W. Hoopes, A. C. Weiss, L. Mendenhall, J. H. Upham, C. A. Duncan, W. B. Silvey, and others are to be enlisted. This committee has selected William Craig to have charge of the work. He is located at 618 Chamber of Commerce building, and all persons who have information which should be laid before the census takers should communicate with him.

Steps have already been taken to interest all the ministers of the city and the newspapers. The employment offices, boarding houses and all institutions will be canvassed for information as to persons who are absent from the city who rightfully should be enrolled here, and every effort will be made to secure a full count of the city.

There should be no impression that it is intended to get anything but a fair count of the city's population. Not a member of the committee has any such idea in view, and would not countenance any such thing. A full count is what is wanted and nothing else. Duluth can be well satisfied if she gets that. The enumerators have not very much time to do their work, and they can be greatly assisted by a citizens' movement like this, which will work intelligently and systematically.

To take care of this work considerable money is needed, and the citizens' committee will have to raise it among the business men and public-spirited people of the city. The purpose is one that will undoubtedly appeal to everyone, for the direct effect upon the city can easily be appreciated.

AN INVESTMENT!

Two 10-room houses, Nineteenth avenue east; annual rent $288, for sale at $1800 cash, balance three years 6 per cent. Will net 20 per cent on cash invested.

LITTLE & NOLTE.

POWER CANAL.

River and Harbors Committee Reports Sault Power Canal Bill.

Washington, May 25.—Chairman Burton of the river and harbor committee today filed the bill and report on the Sault Ste. Marie power canal project, which has attracted much attention and controversy throughout the great lakes region. The report states that the power canal expects to secure 40,000 effective electric horse power from dynamos operated by turbines, and is an extensive commercial undertaking. The inflow of this canal is just above the entrance to the ship canal constructed by the United States government and leading to locks at Sault Ste. Marie.

In view of possible dangers to navigation, and after conferences between representatives of the Lake Carriers and of the Power Canal company, the bill is presented. It fixes obligations to maintain the proper levels in all channels, natural and artificial; provides for the construction of controlling works, gives the secretary of war absolute authority to regulate the power canal, and in case of danger to navigation to take possession of the canal and adopt such means as are necessary to the interests of navigation.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Washington, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following pensions have been granted: Increase—Oscar Taylor, St. Cloud, $30. War with Spain, original—Arthur J. Woodin, Park Rapids, $50.

DOVER BANK ROBBED.

Cracksmen Blow Open the Safe and Loot It.

Winnona, Minn., May 25.—The vault of the Bank of Dover, an adjacent town, was blown open by burglars last night and $4500 taken, of which $800 was in silver. The robbery was not discovered until this morning and the burglars made good their escape.

RESPONSE FROM VICTORIA.

Sends Her Thanks For the President's Congratulations.

Washington, May 25.—Ambassador Choate at London has cabled the following from Queen Victoria:

"American Ambassador, Washington: Pray accept my warm thanks for the president of the United States for kind congratulations for my birthday. V. I. R."

Ayer's Pills

Does your head ache? Pain back of your eyes? Bad taste in your mouth? It's your liver! Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, headache, dyspepsia, and all liver complaints. 25c. All druggists.

Want your mustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the whiskers

50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

THEY TURN UP AGAIN

Fire Bugs Get After a Stable In the West End.

DISCOVERED IN TIME

Adjoining Barn Caught But Horses Were All Rescued By Prompt Work.

The person or persons that have been maliciously setting fire to barns and business houses in the down-town district turned up last night in the West End. A stable belonging to C. B. Numan, the groceryman at 1826 West Superior street, was discovered in a blaze about 11 o'clock, and there is no question but that the fire was of an incendiary origin. The fire fiend has been quiet now for nearly a week, and the authorities were just beginning to breathe easier again. There is not the slightest clue regarding last night's fire, so far as the incendiary is concerned, but a quantity of loose hay and light inflamable material was found piled against the barn by those that discovered the flames.

There were four horses in the stable at the time and all were taken out without much difficulty. The fire ran up to the top of the building and burned the roof badly, and spread to an adjoining stable where there were two other horses. A small shed in which a number of sleighs were stored was burned slightly, and had it not been for the prompt discovery and excellent work of Companies No. 1 and 2 of the fire department, all three buildings and probably others would have been destroyed. As it was, the damage will not go over $200 at the very outside.

The Numan barn is located an Nineteenth avenue west just below Michigan street. About twelve feet away is another barn, and it was between these two buildings that the fire was started.

A feeling of apprehension and anxiety prevails among those that own or occupy stables in various parts of the city, as well as in police and fire department circles. Within the past two weeks there has been a great demand for special policemen, and now nearly every stable owner that can afford it has a special night watchman. Smaller concerns less fortunately fixed financially have been watching their property most of the night, and such persons were just beginning to feel secure once more, but last night's fire will probably cause renewed watchfulness, as well as renewed energy in the efforts that have been made to apprehend the fire fiend.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY and HOME

5131 Grand avenue, lots 6, 7 and 8, in block 98, London addition, large 7-room house in good condition, also four hot houses, all for $1850. For sale by—

Crosby & Martindale,

106 Providence Building. Loans and Insurance.

TORNADO IN TEXAS.

Properly Damaged But No Lives Reported Lost.

Dallas, Texas, May 25.—A tornado passed over Halletsville last night, doing much damage to property. Many farms were swept clear.

At Mossy Grove, the academy was wrecked. No persons are reported hurt.

THE COTTON FAILURE.

'Frisco's Losses Through Price, McCormick & Co.

New York, May 25.—The downtown office of Price, McCormick & Co. were closed today. An employe of the firm said that the accounts of the branch offices would take a long time to clear up.

Private advices from San Francisco state that the losses there in cotton and stocks through the failure of the firm will probably aggregate $500,000.

In the cotton trade it was the opinion that the extent of Price, McCormick & Co.'s outstanding contracts are not likely to exceed $400,000.

B. L. OF E. ELECTION.

Third Grand Engineer Selected and Meeting Place Chosen.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 25.—The Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers today completed the election of officers in the selection of J. C. Cousins, of Norfolk, Va., as third grand engineer. Norfolk, Va., was chosen as the next convention city.

The convention will probably adjourn sine die early next week.

MAGINNIS' CREDENTIALS.

They Are Presented to the Senate and Tabled.

Washington, May 25.—Senator Carter, of Montana, today presented the certificate of Governor Smith appointing Hon. Martin Maginnis senator to fill the vacancy occasioned by the resignation of Senator Clark, and to which Mr. Clark also had been appointed by Lieutenant Governor Spriggs in the absence of the governor. The certificate was in practically the same words as Acting Governor Spriggs' certificate appointing Mr. Clark to succeed himself. In accordance with a request made by Senator Carter, the certificate was laid upon the table. As soon as this disposition was made, Senator Chandler presented a resolution providing for the reference of the credentials of the rival senatorial claimants to the committee on privileges and elections. This resolution was also laid on the table, the understanding being that it will be called up next Wednesday.

THE MOTHERS RESOLVE.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 25.—This was the last day of the Mothers' congress. Resolutions of a simple character were adopted. Woman suffrage was ignored. The congress calls for legislation for dependent children of a broader and wider scope, approves the Sunday school work in America, denounces publication of objectionable matter in the press, and objects to the form of many advertisements which it is believed is objectionable to the home circle.

The committee will meet this afternoon and decide upon a place for the next congress.

WEDDING NOT OFF.

New York, May 25.—Theodore H. Price, the head of the collapsed firm of Price, McCormick & Co., announced today that his marriage to Miss Eugenie Dyer, which was to have taken place on Monday next in the Church of the Epiphany will occur tomorrow at the bride's residence in this city. There will be no bridesmaid, no maids of honor and no guests. It was supposed yesterday that the marriage would be indefinitely postponed because of the failure.

Market Basket News

ANDERSON

CASH GROCERY COMPANY

A very interesting place to do your trading, if you are looking for full value for your money.

Butter,	Choice Dairy Butter, per lb	**18c, 20c**
Butter,	Fancy Creamery per lb	**22c**
Eggs,	Strictly Fresh Eggs, per doz	**11c**
Flour,	Our Premium Flour, 98-lb sack	**$1.90**
Flour,	49-lb sack	**95c**
Corn Meal,	Yellow 49 lbs	**50c**
Rye Flour,	Best, 49 lbs	**70c**
Graham,	Choice Graham, 49 lbs	**60c**
Strawberries,	Extra Fancy, per box	**10c**
Potatoes,	Fine per bushel	**28c**
Ham,	Fine Medium Ham, per lb	**13c**
Ham,	Fancy California Ham, per lb	**10c**
Bacon,	Fancy Bacon, nice and lean, per lb	**12c**
Pork,	Best Family Pork, per lb	**8c**
Apples,	Gallon cans	**25c**
Peas,	E. J. Peas, 4 cans for	**25c**
1 can Tomatoes, 1 can Corn, 1 can Peas,		**3 cans for 25c**
Cheese,	Fancy Full Cream per lb	**15c**
Corn,	Fine Sugar Corn, per can	**7c**
Prunes,	Fine California Prunes, 5 lbs for	**25c**
Dried Apples,	3 lbs for	**25c**
Raisins,	Cooking Raisins, 3 lbs for	**25c**
Figs,	Fancy California Cooking Figs, 3 lbs for	**25c**
Coffee,	Fancy Rio Coffee, per lb	**15c, 18c**
Coffee,	Fine Mocha and Java, per lb	**25c**
Tea,	Japan Tea, per lb	**35c, 45c**
Pears,	Fine California canned Pears, per can	**10c**
Plums,	Fine Gold Drop California Plums, 2 cans for	**25c**
Sardines,	Imported Sardines, per can	**10c**
Salmon,	Canned Salmon, 3 cans for	**25c**
Salmon,	Fine Columbia River Salmon, 2 cans	**25c**
	Finest packed, per can	**18c**
Fish Balls,	Fine Norway Fish Balls, 3 cans for	**50c**
Boiled Ham or Tongues,	Per can	**5c and 10c**
Syrup,	Half-gallon cans Fine Maple Syrup	**55c**

Full Line of Fresh Vegetables. The lowest in the city.

ANDERSON

CASH GROCERY COMPANY,

LOWELL BLOCK, First Ave. E. and Superior St.

Call Early and Avoid Late Delivery.

Deliveries—9:30 and 11 a. m. 2:30 and 5 p. m.

Duluth Telephone Co. 555. Zenith 555.

Henry Folz

Groceries and Meats.

331-333 West Superior St.

Below is a list of prices that are incomparable, and the leading market wishes you to compare these prices with what you are paying for your meats at other markets.

First—Beef.

ROLLED RIB ROASTS—ready for oven—per lb..... 12½c
RIB BOILING BEEF—per lb..... 5c
CORNED BEEF—per lb, from 4c to 10c
POT ROASTS—per lb..... 8c
SHOULDER STEAKS—per lb..... 8c
SIRLOIN STEAKS—per lb..... 15c

Second—Pork.

Here is where we save you all kinds of money.

100 lbs PORK LOINS—Any size, price per lb, only..... 9c
Best cuts PORK CHOPS—per lb.. 10c
DRY SALT PORK—per lb..... 8c
ROLLED BOSTON BUTTS..... 9c
SMOKED HAMS, whole..... 12½c
BACON by the piece..... 10½c

Third—Mutton and Lamb.

Hindquarters Lamb—per lb..... 18c
Forequarters Lamb—per lb..... 11c
Mutton Legs—per lb..... 12½c
Mutton Chops—per lb, from..10c to 15c
Rib Mutton Stew—per lb..... 4c

Fourth—Fish and Poultry.

Our Poultry is always of the very best kind and a good assortment, with right prices. In the Fish department refer to yesterday's advertisement. Our Poultry is drawn and Fish are dressed to order. Prompt delivery and the best of service.

Gronseth & Olsen

Established 1887.

Cash Grocers.

Zenith 'Phone, 252, Duluth 'Phone 282. 401 and 403 East Fourth St

Established, 1887.

SATURDAY AND MONDAY We Offer:

Viking Pride Flour, 98-lb sk--$1.70

Viking Print Creamery Butter, per lb ---------- 22c

Finest Butter in the market.

Sweet Fancy Dairy Butter, in 5 and 10-lb jars, per lb ---------- 18c

Direct from the farm.

Pure Leaf Lard, 3 lbs for ---------- 25c
Best Medium Ham, per lb ---------- 13c
Best California Ham, per lb ---------- 9c
Wide or narrow Bacon, per lb ---------- 11c
Best Family Pork, per lb ---------- 7c
Summer Sausage, per lb ---------- 12½c
Columbia River Salmon, fine quality, 2 cans for ---------- 25c
Gallon Apples, per can ---------- 25c
Viking Corn and Tomatoes, 3 cans ---------- 25c
Fine quality Apricots, per can ---------- 15c
Old Colony Pears, can ---------- 11c
Imported Sardines, fine quality, per can 10c
Potted Tongue, per can ---------- 9c
Norwegian Fish Balls, 2-lb. cans ---------- 35c
Our Own J. & M. Coffee 1-lb cans ---------- 25c

We sell Chase & Sanborn's Famous Teas and Coffees.

Cooper's Cocoa, 25c can for ---------- 20c
Cooper's Chocolate, per lb ---------- 28c
Prunes, per lb ---------- 5c
Fancy Evaporated Pears, per lb ---------- 12c
Viking Soap, 12-oz bars, 9 bars for ---------- 25c
Floating Viking, large size, each ---------- 5c
Farina, bulk, per lb ---------- 3½c
Viking Catsup, 20c bottle ---------- 15c
Crosse & Blackwell's Vinegar, 25c bottle for ---------- 20c
Viking Pure Cream of Tartar Baking Powder, 1-lb can ---- 40c
Strawberries in abundance and all kinds of Fresh Vegetables at rock bottom prices.

Gronseth & Olsen.

Mail Orders Promptly and Carefully Filled.

A few cash prices from the New

Grocery Store!

Leaders in the Vegetable line.

2 lbs Tomatoes ----- 25c
2 Cucumbers ----- 5c
Spinach, per peck--- 10c
Beet Greens, peck--20c
Radishes, bunch ----- 1c
Asparagus 3 for ---- 10c
New Potatoes, peck-40c

Bananas, per doz---- 15c

Fancy Strawberries, 3 boxes for ---------- 25c

A few snaps in the staple line.

Fresh Dairy Butter--18c
Fancy Creamery Prints at---------- 22c
The Holly brand. The good kind.
Fancy N. Y. Cream Cheese, per lb------15c
Nothing nicer.
Potatoes, per bus---28c
10 bars soap ------- 25c
3 lbs Japan Tea---$1.00
Don't forget to order the Athlete Flour.

The Masonic Temple Grocery,

DENNIS O'LEARY,

203-205 East Superior St.

We have both telephones. Send your orders in tonight to insure early Saturday morning delivery.

COX BROS.'

MARKET.

101 East Superior Street. Telephone 231—either 'phone.

For Tomorrow

MILK LAMB,
Fresh killed SPRING CHICKENS,
TURKEYS.

Best Roast Beef, per lb---------15c
Pot Roasts, per lb-----8c and 10c
Legs of Lamb, per lb----------15c
Boiling Beef, per lb ----------5c

COX BROS.,

101 East Superior St.

RATHBUN'S

CASH GROCERY.

17 East Superior Street.

Tel. 656. **Simon Clark, Manager.**

The Pied Piper of Hamelin

COULDN'T PASS OUR STORE without coming in. Why? you ask me. Well, if you please, my answer is, because our Cheese would attract his rats and they would not pass, but crowd into our store en masse. And let me tell you, these rats are human in good judgment—they're surpassed by few men.

THE PERFORMANCE is equal to the Cheese. Kindly patronize it, if you please, at THE LYCEUM next Tuesday afternoon and Friday night. You may witness this unique performance executed right by local talent for a worthy cause. BE ON HAND and greet them with your applause.

MEANTIME, we will sell our celebrated NEW YORK CHEESE, at—per lb—

16 cents

OUR BEST CREAMERY BUTTER—in bulk—Saturday only—per lb—

22 cents

LARGEST AND BEST LAYOUT OF THE season in Green Vegetables, all fresh from the gardens of Southern Minnesota.

Large bunches Round Radish, 3 for..5c
Spinach—per peck..... 10c
Leaf Lettuce, 2 for..... 5c
Head Lettuce, solid, 3 for..... 10c
Fresh Pleplant, 6 lbs..... 5c
Wax Beans, per quart..... 8c
Large bunches Asparagus—each.. 5c
Home-Grown Cucumbers, each..... 5c
Green Peas (sweet)—per quart.... 5c
Green Table Onions, (nice round tops) 3 bunches..... 5c
New Onions, 3 lbs..... 10c
PARSLEY, MINT, EGG PLANT, CAULIFLOWER, TOMATOES At Lowest Market Prices.

STRICTLY FANCY ILLINOIS STRAWBERRIES at Lowest Price in the city.

FANCY COLUMBIA RIVER SALMON—Three small cans—

25 cents

SUCCESS BRAND JAVA AND MOCHA COFFEE—excels in value—3-lb cans—

85 cents

SATURDAY We will demonstrate the SPALDING HOUSE BLEND Java and Mocha Coffee, sold in 2 and 4-lb cans—TRY IT—per lb—

25 cents

STRICTLY FANCY DAIRY BUTTER—in 3, 5 and 10-lb jars—per lb—

19 cents

A specially choice lot. Jars extra.

LAUNDRY SOAP—10 bars—

25 cents

BULK CEYLON TEA—Surprising value; rich Tea in the cup per lb—

50 cents

CORN, PEAS AND TOMATOES—that never fail to give satisfaction—

3 cans for 25 cents

PICNIC HAMS—per lb—

9 cents

FAIRBANK'S COTTOLINE—pure white—per lb—

10 cents

SMALL SWEET JUICY ORANGES—(Limit 3 doz to a customer)—per doz—

10 cents

A FULL ASSORTMENT OF CANNED FISH, MEATS AND DELICACIES for picnic parties and campers at the right prices.

SWISS CHEESE—extra fancy—per lb—

20 cents

RATHBUN'S.

17 East Superior St.

P.L.Johnson

CASH GROCER.

1534-1536 West Superior St.

Telephone 575.

Prices for Saturday and Monday's Trade

3-lb Can Grated Pineapples, each—

10 cents

Best Sugar Corn, per can—

7 cents

3-lb Can Pork and Beans, per can—

10 cents

Our regular 15c Peas, per can—

10 cents

Home Made Ginger Snaps, per lb—

5 cents

A Full Line of Fresh Vegetables, Fruits and Berries.

Strictly Fresh Eggs, per dozen—

12 cents

Choice Dairy Butter, per lb—

20 cents

P.L. Johnson.

BON TON

BAKERY.

25 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

Candy Department.

Fine home-made Chocolates, per lb..15c
Fine home made Peanut Candy, per lb.....15c
Fine home made mixed Candy, per lb.....10c
A box of Fancy Bon Bons and Chocolates..25c

Bakery Department.

Apple Turnovers, per doz.....25c
Almond and Cocoanut Macaroons, per doz..10c
Fruit Square, each..... 5c
French Kisses, per dozen.....10c
Cream Puffs, per doz..... 20c

Ask for a Loaf of our New England Bread.

Pied Piper School Shoes
Never wear out.

PHILLIPS

218 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

See the Pied Piper School Shoes.

Our big stock is still unbroken. We find it pays to sell good shoes. There are no dull days at our store.

ASK FOR THE WALK-OVER SHOE FOR MEN $3.50

300 pairs Ladies' hand welt and turned oxfords and boots, tans, blacks; all this year's styles, every pair bought to sell at $3.50 pair, on sale on table No. 1

$2.69

There are more pairs of this shoe traveling around than any other brand. 22 different styles.

Ask to see The Pied Piper Shoes for Boys and Girls,

Every pair warranted—Prices—
98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.69.

Special Bargain--
Men's genuine Russia calf shoes **$2.69**

Free, with Pied Piper Shoes--Bows and Arrows given away with every pair of these shoes.

Ladies' $1.25 Strap Sandals with buckle and bow---------- **98c**

Ladies' Fine Vici Kid, bow and buckle Sandals, always sold at $1.50—now---------- **$1.25**

Ladies' Tan and Black Bike Shoes,
New styles—price—
$2.69 and $3.00

ANOTHER UPHEAVAL

An Explosion In the Cuban Customs Service Is Threatened.

CHARGES OF FRAUD

Customs Official Says That It Is Honeycombed With Corruption.

New York, May 25.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: An explosion in the Cuban customs service is threatened, which promises revelations as sensational as the disclosures in connection with the postal service.

An official of the customs service who has just returned from Havana brings information that the customs service there is honeycombed with fraud and corruption, and the employes interested are trembling in fear of investigation.

That congress must make a thorough investigation of every department of the government of Cuba is the conclusion being gradually forced upon administration leaders in both houses. Nothing short of a searching inquiry by a committee containing representatives of the minority party will be accepted.

It is declared that investigation will show that through lax methods in business and unscrupulous employes thousands of dollars have been diverted from legitimate channels into the pockets of dishonest officials.

Disbursements of sums ranging from $100 to $1000 have been made to persons who have not performed any service whatever, it is said, and in many instances without the formality of presenting vouchers.

WILL ORGANIZE MILLS.

Iron, Steel and Tin Workers Will Be Aggressive.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 25.—Leaders of the Amalgamated Association of Iron, Steel and Tin Workers say they are determined to organize several large mills when the new scale is signed by the manufacturers. They say it is now time to force several mills, including the Barraddock and Homestead plants of the Carnegie company, into line.

W. H. Evans, the suspended vice president of the Fifth district of Indiana, has not been reinstated. It seems very probable that President Schaffer will be re-elected.

THE TELEGRAPH SUIT.

Proceedings to Vacate an Agreement Between Companies.

New York, May 25.—The case of Frederick Lenchter against the Western Union Telegraph company, the Montreal Telegraph company, and the Great Northwestern Telegraph company, praying that the agreement between the companies of Aug. 17, 1881, might be set aside, was heard by Judge Smith, in the special term of the supreme court of New York state, at St. George, Staten Island, yesterday. The plaintiff and George D. Perry, secretary of the Great Northern Telegraph company, were the only witnesses called for the plaintiff, and Thomas F. Clark, vice president of the Western Union Telegraph company, and D. Ross-Ross, secretary of the Montreal Telegraph company, were called for the defense. At the conclusion of the evidence, counsel on both sides argued their respective claims.

The judge stated that, apart from all argument of ultra vires of the agreement, he was ready to decide the suit on its facts, which showed that it had not been brought in good faith.

It was finally agreed that counsel might submit briefs on the question, whether, assuming bad faith on the part of the plaintiff, he was, notwithstanding, entitled to question the validity of the agreement.

Erastus Wyman was present during the hearing.

BRITISH CONSUL CELEBRATES.

Consul at Havana Gives a Queen's Birthday Banquet.

Havana, May 25.—L. E. Guardian, the British consul here, celebrated the queen's birthday by giving an official dinner, his guests including Governor General Wood, Monsignor Sbaretti, the bishop of Havana; Senor Tamayo, the secretary of state; Senor Mendosa, president of the supreme court; the foreign consuls general, the prominent Englishmen and the heads of departments.

The Diaro De La Marinas says that if foreigners should not be employed by the government, the Messrs Bliss, Frye, Wood and others should immediately leave office, adding:

"During the past era, when Cuba's neck was galled by the yoke of Spanish despotism, the island had a constitution under which the people enjoyed home rule and under which all the public offices could only be held by native Cubans or Spanish residents who had resided a certain length of time in the island. No governor general or chief of customs would have dared to violate the spirit of the constitution by nominating a foreigner to public office. But thanks to the glorious revolution which freed Cuba from Spain's rule, today there is no constitution nor law save the saber, and the latter is supreme."

CHAIR FACTORY BURNS.

Washington, Court House, Ohio, May 25.—An explosion in the varnish room of the Washington chair factory caused a fire that destroyed the establishment today. The loss is estimated at $50,000, with $20,000 insurance. Over 100 men are thrown out of employment. The factory will be rebuilt.

GARDNER IN COLUMBUS.

Athens, Ohio, May 25.—Richard Gardner, the colored prisoner, who so narrowly escaped lynching last midnight, was sent to Columbus today for safe keeping.

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

HUNTINGTON & TALLANT,

The New Store

117 and 119 West Superior Street, Metropolitan Block.

OUR MOTTO—
Better goods for the same money or the same goods for less money than elsewhere.

OUR GUARANTEE—
Money will be cheerfully refunded if purchase is not entirely satisfactory.

There's an Attraction hard for anybody to resist to trade in a **new store** opening with a **new stock,** but it is simply **irresistible** when the **new stock** happens to be at **lower** prices than the same goods are offered elsewhere. There's the true secret of **why we are rushed** at **"The New Store."** Come, see for yourself, tomorrow—Saturday.

Men's Furnishings.

When the male population of Duluth and vicinity find us out they will patronize "THE NEW STORE" for their pocketbook's good. GOOD RELIABLE Men's Goods will always be sold at LOWER prices here than the same goods can be found elsewhere. Depend upon it, we will look well after THAT. Here are some GREAT VALUES that will be placed on sale commencing Saturday (the FIRST SATURDAY IN THE NEW STORE will be a busy one).

Men's Neckwear.

Tecks, Bows and Club Ties, 25c values for..... 15c
45c Tecks 24c
40c Wide End Ties 24c
45c Square Ties, Imperials, Four-in-hands, etc..... 29c
50c Four-in-Hands and others 39c
Men's 75c values in Four-in-hands, Tecks, Squares and all made by one of the best concerns in America..... 48c

Men's Footwear.

RELATING TO HOSIERY.

We offer 100 dozen Men's Mixed Yarn Socks..... 5c
Another lot—120 dozen, and far better than the above..... 8c
Also 85 dozen Men's fine yarn, close woven Half Hose in browns, tans, modes and fast blacks, the 20c kind..... 10c
See also the great values we will offer in Men's Half Hose at..... 25c
MEN'S SHIRTS—
A lot of real 50c quality Unlaundered Shirts..... 39c
MEN'S WORKING SHIRTS—In Black and White Stripes, worth 50c, at..... 37c
Another lot worth 65c, at..... 48c
A lot of Men's All-Black Shirts..... 48c
And an ultra swell line of Men's Fancy Shirts, at—
48c, 75c, 98c and $1.38
FANCY SWEATERS—For Bicyclists and others—
$1.00 value..... 89c
$1.50 value..... $1.19
$2.00 value..... $1.47
MEN'S UNDERWEAR, MEN'S COLLARS, MEN'S CUFFS, MEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS, MEN'S OVERALLS, MEN'S JACKETS, and MEN'S BROWN DENIM SUITS, are all here in stock and our prices, as we said before MUST BE lower than elsewhere. YOU CONSULT YOUR OWN INTERESTS BEST BY TRADING HERE

MILLINERY!

There will be some great chances to buy **Finest Millinery** here on Saturday. Our Mr. Wallace has carefully planned all this out and you will **miss** something if you don't see what he will have to show you tomorrow. First there will be **special low prices on all Trimmed Hats—also special low prices on all Sailors, and a great offering in Flowers of all kinds, at prices a great deal lower than you've been used to in Duluth. Don't miss seeing our Millinery offerings on Saturday.**

We want Millinery Apprentices. Apply to Mr. Wallace tomorrow morning.

Jewelry.

Here we are retailing Jewelry at the very lowest prices known. Ladies are patronizing us with confidence. You should be sure to see these when in tomorrow.
HAT PINS—Jeweled ends..... 15c
And Better ones at..... 25c
CUT STEEL BUCKLES..... 48c
JET BUCKLES..... 48c
PULLEY BUCKLES—for Collars and Belts; COLLARETTE BUCKLES..... 10 and 15c
JEWELED METAL PURSES..... 25c
CHAIN BRACELETS—In "Sterling" Silver and Rolled gold..... 98c
BUT—SEE THE QUALITIES..... 48c and up

Ladies' Neckwear.

STOCK COLLARS—In satin, tucked and in all colors..... 16c
CORDED SATIN, trimmed..... 25c
CRYSTAL SILK, with bow front..... 45c
STOCK COLLARS—With pulley rings in front and have long flowing lawn ties attached..... 59c

Ladies' Ties.

FINE NET, fancy ends..... 35c
FINER NET, lace ends..... 48c
STILL FINER, "Fleur-de-Lis"..... 85c

Belts.

In Leather, Satin, Jetted, Beaded and all the fashionable kinds—
25c, 39c, 49c, and up to $1.48
Mexican Carved Leather Belts.
The fair cyclists are buying these freely; they are carved by Mexicans, and you should see these samples of their work; prices—
68c, 74c, up to $1.68

Underwear and Hosiery FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILDREN.

Saturday's chances will be great.
LADIES' RIBBED VESTS—Cream color, low neck and sleeveless (value 10c)..... 5c
Ladies' Richelieu Ribbed White Vests, low neck and sleeveless, taped (value 19c)..... 10c
LADIES' WHITE VESTS—In a fine grade, white, high neck and long sleeves..... 20c
LADIES' ECRU VESTS—In a very superior quality with high neck and long sleeves, silk taped (real value 48c)..... 25c
LADIES' SILKOLINE VESTS—Fancy crochet tops, low neck and sleeveless, wide silk taped, colors Pink, Light Blue and White; (real value 45c) our price..... 25c
LADIES' UNION SUITS—Low neck, short sleeves, fancy crochet tops; also silk taped (real value 50c)..... 25c
ONEITA UNION SUITS—In White, low neck and short sleeves (worth 63c)..... 48c

Hosiery.

LADIES' HOSE—Fast Black, high-spliced heel and toe; elastic tops; (real value 15c) our price..... 10c
LADIES' FANCY HOSE—In colors and Black, all-over Embroidered in Silk Dots; (value 40c); our price..... 25c
FINE LISLE HOSE—Hermsdorf dye; open worked (value 65c)..... 48c
FANCY HOSIERY—See our great assortment (values up to $1.25); at..... 75c
CHILDREN'S HOSIERY—A line of Fine grade ribbed Hosiery, in Blacks and Browns, spliced heel, double sole, double knee, and all sizes, 5 to 9½; (value 25c to 45c)..... 25c
A Great Offering in Children's Hose. Blacks, double knee, high-spliced heel, seamless, all sizes (value 15c to 20c)..... 10c

Kid Gloves.

The Right Kind of Gloves—the Best of Gloves are here—Fresh, new stock. Here's the place then to buy your Gloves. See our
CHAMOIS GLOVES—In White, Cream and Yellow..... 75c
OUR "NIOBA" Real Kid 3-clasp Tans, Modes, Castors, Browns, White and Black, all the good shades here (all the poor shades missing)—per pair..... $1.00
REAL MOCHA GLOVES—In a quality well worth and mostly sold at $1.25; our price is..... $1.00
OUR "JULIA ARTHUR" GLOVES—Undressed Kids—3-clasp, and in Black, White, Grays, Reds, Brown, Castors, Modes and Tans; our price..... $1.25
OUR "CHATHAM" GLOVE—A Ladies' Walking Glove, fancy stitched backs, all the fashionable colors, in the line..... $1.50
OUR "MODJESKA"—A swell Glove, made up in swell manner and in the "swellest" of shades..... $1.50
AND OUR "NAPOLEON"—The BEST Glove in this great country, for..... $2.00
Be Sure to See—
Our new and complete line of colorings in the above Gloves—New-comers to Duluth. You'll buy your Kid Gloves here then.

Ribbons, Ribbons.

Ladies will consult their interests by coming here tomorrow and buying all their Ribbon wants. Our Brand New up-to-date stock is a fascinating one. Many's the ribbon sale we've made during the week. See "the reason why" in our Ribbon department.

In Our Coat and Suit Department.

LADIES' JACKETS—Made of all-wool and heavy Habit Cloths, in black and blue, lined in bright mercerized silkine..... $2.98
LADIES' JACKETS—Made out of a splendid quality cloth in censtors, tans, modes, etc., lined in fancy striped silkine..... $3.98
LADIES' JACKETS—Made up in an excellent venetian cloth, in tans, modes, castors, etc., some with velvet collars, others plain..... $5.98
BETTER JACKETS—Made up in dozens of different styles, some appliqued, others plain, all lined with SKINNER'S SATIN, all fashionable colors, represented at—
$7.50, $10 and up
LADIES' SUITS AT $10.00—In Homespun Cheviots of a fine grade, Jacket lined and collar faced with satin. (Would be a perfect Suit bargain at $12.50).
LADIES' SUITS AT $15.00—Made up in plain Venetian Cloth, Eton Jacket, Taffeta lined (our word for it, customers have told us they are unequalled at $20.00). Fit and workmanship "par excellence."
LADIES' SEPARATE SKIRTS—Made up in Black Broc-ades, velvet faced and well lined..... $1.98
BETTER GRADES at..... $2.48
BLACK CHEVIOT SEPARATE SKIRTS— An excellent grade of cloth and finely tailored..... $5.48
Better grades of FINEST MADE SKIRTS in materials of the BEST and workmanship PERFECT, at—
$6.50, $8.00 and $10

Children's Jackets.

An immense assortment here for Children and Misses', from 2 to 14 years, in NEWEST styles and LATEST colorings. Prices are—
98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75 and upwards.
See us for CHILDREN'S JACKETS.

Skirts—Underskirts.

Our lady customers have been buying very freely out of our line of made-up Underskirts. They tell us they have never seen such values in Duluth. We KNEW they hadn't. There are SATEEN SKIRTS made up with the widest of umbrella flounces, double ruffle at bottom and faced blacks, only..... 98c
Also a line of COLORED SKIRTS in all the fashionable shades, full sizes and correctly made..... 98c
BLACK AND COLORED SKIRTS—With deep accordeon pleated flounce, made up in a finely mercerized cloth..... $1.50
See our line of better Skirts at—
$2.50 and up to $4.75
You'll buy YOUR Skirt here if you do.

Muslin Underwear.

Tell us of the lady who does not appreciate well-made and perfectly fitting Muslin wear. Here's a clean, fresh stock just opened on Monday last, but we haven't said a word about them until now, and yet we've been busy, even rushed in our Muslin Underwear department, and you'll soon see the reason why when you look at what we offer you. Here's some, be sure to see when in tomorrow—
LADIES' NIGHT GOWNS—We show two special styles, one with yoke of tucks and cords, the other with yoke of lace insertion and tucks, made up of an excellent quality muslin and in perfect workmanship; they are good value at 75c; our price..... 59c
A better line of LADIES' NIGHT GOWNS, made up in Empire style, with ruffle and embroidery trimming; these are worth 85c; our price..... 69c
BETTER NIGHT GOWNS are here in very large assortment. You can buy GREAT VALUES here all at prices UNDER the usual.
LADIES' DRAWERS—Made up in good muslin, with deep flounce and lace trimmed, worth 50c; our price..... 39c
A SPECIAL OFFERING—LADIES' MUSLIN DRAWERS 50c
Flounce of deep embroidery, headed with tucks.

Children's Summer Hats.

A large assortment, NEW STYLES, every one of them.
Prices are—BONNETS—
19c up to 98c
HATS—
25c up to $1.25
But you ought to SEE the assortment.

Corsets.

We are going to offer every lady who visits our second floor tomorrow a chance to buy a "Royal Worcester" made Corset at..... 50c
In the latest and most fashionable shapes. See them.

Shoe Department.

Shoes for Ladies, Misses and Children, and Men, Boys and Youths.
Shoe selling is brisk here. Prices LOW, qualities HIGH the reason.
We have provided FOUR big values for Saturday Shoe buyers.
LOT 1—Infant's genuine Dongola, hand-turned Shoes; the 40c kinds usually; our price is..... 25c
LOT NO. 2—Misses' and Child's genuine Dongola and vici kid Shoes, in lace and button, sizes 8½ to 11 and 11½ to 2; our opening price..... 98c
LOT NO. 3—Women's lace and button Shoes, strictly "up-to-date" toes, kid and patent tips, the $2.00 kind; our opening price..... $1.48
LOT NO. 4—Women's tan and black Dongola and vici kid (button or lace) Shoes—medium or extension soles, ten different styles to select from, real $2.50 value; our opening price..... $1.98
And there will be lots of good news to tell the men when they come in on Saturday. Try it and see the money you'll save in Shoes here.

Huntington & Tallant.

The New Store

117-119 W. Superior St.

CHASE OF AGUINALDO

Young's Official Report of the Pursuit of the Filipino Leaders.

RELEASE OF GILMORE

Story of the Rescue and Munroe's Capture of Bayombong.

Washington, May 25.—The second installment of Gen. S. B. M. Young's report upon his operations in the Philippines was made public at the war department today. It deals with the pursuit of Aguinaldo through Northern Luzon, the release of the Spanish prisoners in the hands of the Filipinos and the recapture of Lieut. Gilmore, of the navy, and his party.

On Nov. 17 last, Gen. Young wired Gen. Otis from Pozorrubio to the effect that Aguinaldo was a fugitive seeking escape to the mountains or by sea and immediately set out in hot pursuit. The chase was a close and exciting one, and at times the Filipino chief was near capture. Aguinaldo, after being pursued relentlessly as far as Cangon, made for the Lepano mountain trail.

"Leaving Capt. Rollis with eighty footsore and shoeless men from commands to guard the mouth of the canyon against the forces of Tinio and Natividad, says the report, those two iron-nerved officers, Hare and Howse, who had consolidated their forces of equally daring men, pushed on with fierce determination to overtake the prisoners and their guard.

"There is sufficient evidence to show that Tinio had given orders that prisoners falling out from exhaustion should be bayoneted. From time to time unmistakable evidence of the presence of the prisoners was found along the trail and acted as an additional incentive to both officers and men to redouble their efforts to overtake their unfortunate countrymen.

"About 4 p. m. on Nov. 16 a signal from the advance guard warned them that they were in the presence of a possible enemy. A reconnoissance developed a party of insurgents, and in the rush five of their number were killed and ten taken prisoners. With this data Lieut. Munroe and Lieut. Castner were dispatched. Fitzgerald and Farley, American prisoners, who were recaptured. Lieut. Gilmore had left the place with the rest of the prisoners early that morning, but when overtaken the following day, Nov. 17, had been abandoned by his guard, who had learned of the proximity of the pursuing forces.

"On Dec. 17 Gen. Concepcion and his staff, consisting of five officers and six enlisted men, were captured by Maj. March. On Jan. 1, Aguinaldo's wife and sister, two sisters of Col. Leyba, the wife of Col. Sityaor, the wife of Lieut. Cristobal, Col. Sityaor, Lieut. Col. Paez, three officers of lesser rank and ten or twelve servants, all belonging to the retinue of Aguinaldo, were sent in by March."

Then follows the first official official mention of the exploit of Second Lieut. Munroe, of the Fourth cavalry, who, while in command of a small detachment, telegraphing to Bayombong that he was approaching the town in large force and demanding the surrender of the place. The ruse was successful and the vastly superior forces of the enemy laid down their arms.

Lieut. Castner, with his detachment of Lowes' scouts, marched on Bayombong, where he found Second Lieut. Munroe, of the Fourth cavalry, in command of a small detachment, negotiating for the surrender of the place. Lieut. Castner generously deferred to Lieut. Munroe and allowed him to receive the surrender of Gen. Canon, his aides and the forces garrisoning the town.

In this connection, it may be stated that the march of Lieut. Castner's detachment, covering a period from Nov. 10 to Dec. 21, is one of the most remarkable on record, and it is probably the longest continuous march made during the insurrection.

"Capt. McCalla, of the United States navy, received the surrender of Gen. Tirona and the insurgent forces in the province of Cagayan, at Appari.

"On Jan. 5, Lieut. Gilmore and the recaptured American prisoners arrived at Vigyan. At San Isidro the first Spanish prisoner joined the column and from then on, at almost every town through which the troops passed. The advance was so rapid that it was not possible to make lists at all places, but it is believed that the total number of Spanish prisoners released by the command was 4000."

In conclusion, Gen. Young extends his thanks to the officers and men of the navy for their cordial support, and to the troops of his command and says:

"They clung to the main purposes for which the campaign was inaugurated and pursued the course laid out for them with a tenacity of purpose and a physical endurance which, I think, far exceeded the highest expectation or belief of their country, as they certainly did that of their general."

IN MICHIGAN.

Log Shipments From Champion---Long Distance Telephone Nearly Completed.

Champion—The Bay Shore Lumber company of Menominee has the greater portion of the 5,000,000 feet of logs cut west of here along the bank of the Peschekee river in the boom at Lake Michigamme. The boom is quite full and would not hold many more logs than have been crowded into it. The last of the timber is in the mouth of the river and will be worked into the boom as fast as there is room for it.

Shipment of the logs to Menominee was started this week. Eighteen carloads were forwarded Monday. The company counts on sending out twenty-five carloads daily until all the logs are shipped. It will take until about August to ship all the timber, though it will be cleared out before that time if all the cars needed are available.

The company is employing quite a force of men at the hoist. Most of the drivers were let go a few days since. Nearly all employed there now will be kept busy until the timber has been sent to its destination.

Houghton—The long distance telephone circuits are being pushed steadily on toward Houghton and the copper country and are now being run across the Sturgeon river swamp between Newtonville and Chassell. Two gangs of men have been at work recently setting the poles across the 7-mile stretch of swamp ground, a gang working from either end. A rifle of boulders was dumped off from flat cars opposite each pole and these were used to brace the bottom of the pole firmly in the soft soil. The gangs will soon meet and the Postal telegraph wire may be expected to reach Chassell in a day or two, while the long distance copper circuits are not far behind.

At the Isle Royale mill site the work upon the excavations for the mill foundations has progressed to such a point that this week twenty-five men and two teams were laid off. The work will soon be completed except for the sinking of the big steel cylinders which are to make the foundations for the heads when filled solidly with concrete.

Osceola has declared a dividend of $2 per share, payable to shareholders of record of May 28. The dividend will be disbursed on June 22; the books will close May 28 and reopen June 7.

The Belt mine is being kept unwatered, but no developments of importance have transpired recently regarding the future of the property.

ZIETHEN'S FATE.

Berlin, May 25.—Albert Ziethen, who, though now believed to be innocent, was convicted of murder and has already served sixteen years under sentence of life imprisonment, has had another motion for a new trial denied by the court.

THE DAKOTAS.

Murder and Robbery Near Bismarck---Progress on Washburn's Road.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Bismarck—Simon Welch, a farmer about four miles from the city, was murdered and robbed. His dead body has been found in his farm house with a bullet hole through the head. He was shot with his own revolver, which was then placed under his pillow. He was miserly and had several hundred dollars about the place which was all stolen.

Gen. W. D. Washburn has returned from a trip along his railroad and promises a special train to Wilton, twenty-five miles north of this city, July 4. W. D. Washburn, M. B. Koon, J. W. Raymond and C. M. Amsden, of Minneapolis, and C. B. Little, of Bismarck, have been elected directors of the road for the ensuing year. Gen. Washburn is pleased with the crop conditions and the progress of work on the new railroad.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

Pierre—A report has come in that the body of Frank Lampe, the missing Cheyenne river ranchman, has been found in the Cheyenne river, near Isabelle, with a large stone tied to the body. At the time of his disappearance foul play was feared, and it is believed an investigation will sustain this theory.

BOER ENVOYS HOPEFUL.

Expect Benefit to Their Cause From Political Exigencies.

New York, May 25.—A special to the Herald from Washington says: Notwithstanding the declaration of the president that the United States will not interfere in the South African war, the Boer commissioners expect that political expediency will cause him to make a move which will be beneficial to their cause.

It is apparent to the commissioners that political agitation alone will aid their cause, and they intend to take advantage of every opportunity to press it upon the attention of the American people.

It will be the earnest endeavor of the South African sympathizers in the United States to make the failure of the president to act in the interest of peace one of the prominent issues of the campaign.

ASTOR'S BOUNTY.

London, May 25.—William Waldorf Astor has sent a check for $10,000 to the Maidenhead Cottage hospital in celebration of the coming of age of his eldest son.

GETTING READY.

Feeding Ahead of Hot Weather.

"Not quite so much meat in springtime; use the cereals, as they heat the blood less." Seasonable advice from an old practitioner.

If one uses some care as to food, the coming hot weather will be passed as comfortably as any season. In fact, a person possessed of a perfectly balanced set of nerves can be happy and comfortable under most any conditions.

The truest food for building up the nervous system to a perfect condition is Grape-Nuts. The makers are skilled in their art, and knowing that nature fills the brain and nerve centers with a soft gray matter which is used up more or less each day and must be replaced (or nervous prostration sets in), and also knowing that this gray matter is made by the combination of albumen and phosphate of potash, they select the parts of the field grains that contain the needed materials, manufacture them into a delicious food, ready cooked, predigested, and of a fascinating flavor.

The use of Grape-Nuts quickly proves that it really does rebuild and strengthen the nervous system in a most certain manner. It is sold by all grocers and is in daily use in hundreds of thousands of the best families in America.

Headache

Biliousness, sour stomach, constipation and all liver ills are cured by

Hood's Pills

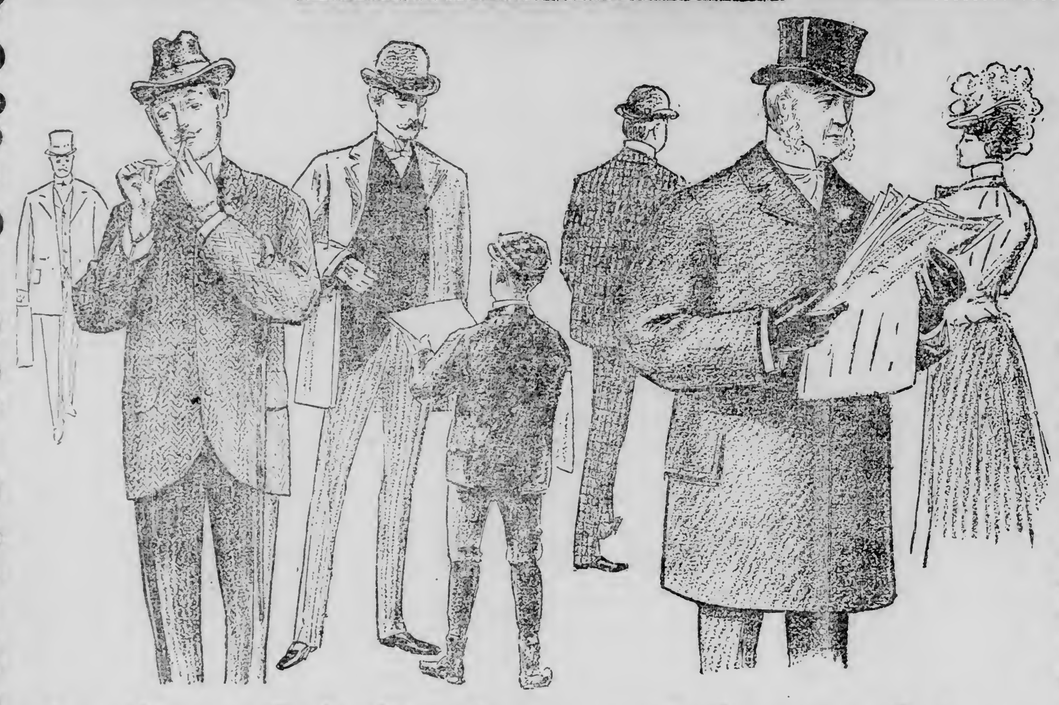
The non-irritating cathartic. Price 25 cts. of all druggists or by mail of C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

Store Open Saturday Night Till 11 o'clock.

Men's Fine Trousers.
New, handsome, all-wool tweeds in the latest striped patterns, well made, dressy pants that will fit and wear well, strictly up-to-date and in sufficient assortments to please all $2.50

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO The Great Eastern Duluth. SUPERIOR ST. THE BURROWS STORE. 3rd AVE. W.

Men's Spring Trousers
Made of neat dark and medium fancy Worsteds, striped patterns, accurately cut and well made, all sizes and all widths and lengths—at the remarkably low price of $3.50



A Great Suit Purchase and Greater Sale...

There's no need of paying a regular price for your spring suit now. We have just closed 750 spring and summer suits at a great discount from one of the world's best clothing makers, who for 25 years have occupied a leading position among the best clothiers in America. The stock consists of nothing but the newest fabrics and patterns, in sizes and styles to fit and suit everybody, and we bought it at a figure that we can well afford to offer truly astonishing values. We doubt if ever before in Duluth was there such an opportunity to buy really high-class clothing at the beginning of a season, at such great concessions from regular prices. We guarantee every garment, sell only clothing we guarantee, you run no risk here, whatever this store advertises can be depended upon to be reliable.

Our Offer 1.

Men's well-made suits of strictly all-wool Oxford Gray Vicunas, plain and fancy Cassimeres and plain and fancy Cheviots, all of this season's making and consisting of the latest patterns and most desirable colors in light, medium and dark shades; stylish, and, in fact, dressy suits that are perfectly cut and built for good, long, satisfactory service, being lined, trimmed and made in a thorough workmanship manner. An immense line, which we offer for the remarkably low price of—

$7.95

Our Offer 2.

Men's fine suits—consisting of a splendid assortment of fancy Worsteds, not with a cotton back, but through and through strictly all-wool, in neat and genteel patterns of nobby Scotch goods, durable Cassimeres and handsome tweeds in light, medium, and, in fact, almost every shade you could ask for, every garment lined with excellent quality serge or Italian cloth, with single or double-breasted vests, choice of this immense assortment that could not be made for the money today—

$9.95

Our Offer 3.

Men's very fine suits—a magnificent assortment of the best, all the new and late swell patterns and plain colors, such as fine Oxford Vicunas, handsome pure Worsteds, finest of fancy English Tweeds and Cheviots, all handsomely tailored and with the finest of linings, in all sizes from 34 to 42. In this lot will be found some of the choicest effects of the season, suits fit to grace the backs of the most correct dressers, and the price we place on them is indeed astonishingly low, quality, of course, considered—

$11.95

Boys' Negligee Shirts 50c.
Made from Percale, in fancy checks, stripes and figured effects, attached collars and cuffs to match, stylish and up-to-date, only—

50c

Mother's Friend Waists, Extra fine quality, $1.00.
Something entirely new—made up with separate cuffs and two colored collars to match, made in 10 styles of the prettiest lot of Percales you ever laid your eyes on, sizes 6 to 12, price

$1.00

Boys' Knee Pants, a lucky purchase for Saturday Selling at 45c.
325 pairs made from gray, brown and mixed cassimeres, blue and black cheviots, fancy stripe and checked worsteds, all have elastic extension waist bands, all seams reinforced and taped; only two pair to a customer, tomorrow at---

45c

Our Great Clearance Sale of Spring and Top Coats

Has been a magnificent success from the very start—It has been duly appreciated by the people, who have spread the news of the wonderful bargains broadcast and have come in increased numbers day after day. The superb price reductions on the finest Spring Coats the world produces will hold good for tomorrow. Don't miss this great chance.

$10, $9 and $8 Overcoats reduced to $7.45
$16, $15 and $14 Overcoats reduced to $9.45
$25, $20 and $18 Overcoats reduced to $12.45

Boys' Finest Wear. Take Elevator Second Floor.

A Most Remarkable Offer
in Boys' Knee Pants Novelty and school suits.

348 Suits in this lot in Middy, Vestee and 2-piece Knee Pants with double seat and knee, fancy open front vests, handsomely embroidered coats, little pants furnished with buckle, not a suit in this grand selection but cost more at wholesale than tomorrow's special price $3.45

100 Big Boys' Long Pants Suits, ages 14 to 19, cut single or double breasted, fine all wool cheviots, cassimeres and tweeds in plain black, blue and fancy mixtures, extra well lined and tailored, these suits are cheap at $10 but we lower the price for tomorrow to $6.95

Brownies given away in the Boys' Department.

Boys' Imported Hosiery at 25c.
Imperial black of finest Egyptian cotton, double sole, high spliced heel and spliced knee. This is an extra fine Hosiery we've bought to take the place of Musser's who are late on delivery, all sizes 6 to 10---

25c

100 doz. Boys' Hosiery at 10c each, 3 pair for 25c.

Boys' and Children's Straw Hats.
100 doz. Boys' and Children's Straw Hats in plain and fancy straws, wide and narrow brims sailors, good leather sweats, silk and satin bands, all sizes 6 to 7⅛, tomorrow's price---

45c

Children's Blouses.
93 doz. by actual count, made from plain and fancy percales, linen, black satin, Madras cloths, dimities, some ruffle fronts and cuffs, others large sailor collars, shield fronts with tie to match, some cost $9 a doz. wholesale, tomorrow's price

45c

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Neckwear, Stockings, Underwear, Jewelry Novelties.

Leather Belts Pulley Belts, Chatelaines, Leather Purses.

Tailor-Made Suits

Two lots at Special prices tomorrow--

$23.50, $21.50 and $18.50 at

$16.50

tomorrow

Homespuns — Cheviots, Coverts, Venetians, Scotch Tweeds, Zibelines and plain and fancy mixtures, beautifully tailored, Jackets fly front—Eton or Tight Fitting—Flare Collar or plain, tailor stitched—$16.50 tomorrow—$32—$30—$28.50 and $26.50 suits, tomorrow—

$24.50

Venetians — Broadcloths — Serges — Pebble Cloths and unfinished worsteds. Jackets—Eton—tight fitting or fly front—Skirts---Box or inverted plait---tomorrow $24.50.

Jacket Values.

We suggest a comparison between OUR HANDSOME JACKETS and those advertised by other stores as "reduced"---Many women folks---who looked around today---bought ours ---at regular prices in preference---NOT reduced---can you catch the moral?

Imported and American

Pattern Hats

Reduced Tomorrow

$30 Pattern Hats $20.00
$25 Pattern Hats $17.50
$20 Pattern Hats $13.75

More style and prettiness in our trimmed hats at $6, $8 and $10 than you'll find at any other store in town---and every hat that leaves here is entirely exclusive.

Suits Reduced Tomorrow.....

Boys' Knee Pant Suits, sizes 9 to 15---in Cheviots and Cashmeres---navy, gray and brown mixtures and neat checks---

$5.00 kinds $3.95
$6.00 kinds $4.75

Vestee Suits

3 to 8

in beautiful mixtures---plain colors and checks tomorrow---

$5.00 kind $3.95
$4.00 kind $3.25
$6.00 kind $4.75

Sailor Suits.

2 lines---of fine serge, navy and royal blue, tomorrow---

$8.50 kinds $6.75
$7.00 kinds $5.75

2nd floor.

Tomorrow!

UNDERWEAR—Ladies' Vests—fine ribbed cotton—long sleeves or short sleeves—White or Ecru—low or high neck—trimmed at neck with open work. Equal to anything in town at 39c—tomorrow 25c
(Pants to match.)

Ladies' Fine Lisle Vests—Low or high neck, with sleeves or sleeveless—35c value at 25c
(Pants to match.)

Tomorrow!

HOSIERY—Ladies' Fancy Hose in beautiful fancy effects—lace stripes and plain colors—the celebrated "Onyx."

"Onyx"—black, which guarantees its color; elegant plain and fancy effects and lace stripes.

Ladies' "Onyx" Black Hose, pretty lace effect, entirely new, 65c value 50c

Ladies' Ingrain Lisle Hose, imperial Onyx fast black with white heel and toes and spliced striped white and black top, equal to any 75c hose in this city 50c

Ladies' Prime Brilliant Lisle Hose. Onyx fast black, white and spliced heel and toe, of usual $1.00 quality at 75c

Ladies' Embroidered Silk and Lisle Hose in royal blue, purple, and "Petuna," embroidered with twisted silk $1.00

Ladies' new colored lace effects in Silk Lisle Hose, in navy, royal blue, cardinal and black, with white and black stripes or plaids, plain boots, 65c value at 50c

Women's Neckwear.

Specials on Sale for Tomorrow.

Ladies' Mull Stocks in pink, blue and white, tucked collar with long bow, trimmed with insertion and pleating, go on sale for 48c

Ladies' Mull Stocks, in white and colors, shirred collar and fancy double bow, trimmed with beading and lace edge, go on sale for 79c

Fisk, Clark and Flagg's Silk Stocks, with long bows, come in the fancy colorings, very swell and up-to-date neckwear, on sale at—

79c and $1.19

Pulley Collars, one of the late fads, have only a few colors left, your choice of these for 75c

One lot of Ladies' Imperial Ties, in dark blues, bright blues, reds and purples, regular 75c kind, on sale for 50c

Muslin Stocks with short bows, come in blue, pink, lavender, white and black 50c

Newtowne Club, the swell bow for high turned down collar, come in all colors and best quality of stock, on sale at 25c

Turn Over Lace Points for silk or velvet stocks, very neat and stylish, are hand made--

at 40c, 50c and 75c

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

IS COMING UP AGAIN.

Park Point Ferry Question Arises to the Surface Once More.

People interested in the Park Point ferry service were not a little surprised this morning when the official proceedings were printed and the signature of the mayor was missing from the resolution authorizing the contract with Capt. M. J. Ryan. For a time it was feared that the mayor had vetoed the resolution, but Mr. Hugo says that he simply let the resolution go through without his approval for the reason that it did not stipulate that the Park Point Street Railway company should give $50 a month. This stipulation is made in the contract offered Capt. S. E. Burnham and which was never signed. It is not in the present contract, which means that the ferry will be a topic of discussion again at Monday night's council meeting.

Repairing Superior Street.

The board of public works this morning put a force of men to work making repairs on Superior street. During the past year a number of water mains have been dug up and the proper cement filing never put in as there seemed to be a strong possibility that the street would be repaved. At present, however, the paving question has taken to the back streets, and the board decided to put Superior street in shape. The work will be done as cheaply as possible and then charged up to the water and light fund as the water and light department caused the streets to be torn up.

I hear your daughter has broken her engagement with the duke. Fact, she found she could get Rocky Mountain Tea at the same price and took the tea. Sensible girl. Ask your druggist.

Need More Room.

The First National bank has in contemplation a removal of the hall and avenue entrance and the enlargement of the banking room to include the hall space and the Mendenhall & Hoopes' office. The bank is badly crowded for room.

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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

FRIDAY, MAY 25, 1900.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

CHAMPION FISHERMAN

Baltimore Man Who Holds the High Score In Florida Waters.

RATES TO NEW YORK

Are Reduced By the Railroads For the Fall-Buying Season.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—A Baltimore paper has recently printed a story which will be interesting to fishermen all over the country. It appears that Joseph R. Stonebraker has just returned from a fishing trip at Boca Grande, in Florida waters. Mr. Stonebraker makes these trips every spring, and formerly, when Rev. Maltbie D. Babcock was pastor of Brown Memorial church, of Baltimore, that clergyman was sometimes his companion and guest.

Baltimore has had all sorts of champions in sports, and Mr. Stonebraker is the city's pride as a fisherman. He has been high-score man for several years in Florida waters. This season he eclipsed all previous records. He was five weeks away from this home city, during five days of which time the Florida weather was too rough for fishing. He got to work on April 18 and finished on May 16. Following is a list of his catch and that of other experts this season:

Mr. Stonebraker caught on rod and reel 34 tarpons that made a total weight of 3479 pounds: nine kingfish, 175 pounds (this is nothing more than a large mackerel); four jewfish, 445 pounds; thirty-three groupers, 226 pounds, and 11 channel bass, 197 pounds; total weight of all, 4522 pounds. Mr. Livermore, of Providence, R. I., 29 tarpons; E. Von Hofe, of New York, 28 tarpons; Mr. Peck, of Providence, R. I., 25 tarpons; Mr. Holliway, of Louisville, Ky., 20 tarpons; Mr. John G. Hercksher, of New York, 18 tarpons; Mrs. Jones, of Lexington, Ky., 9 tarpons.

The Baltimorean had lots of sport that delights the heart of the rodsman. Two experts made a wager with him of $2 each that they would, on a certain day, catch more fish than he would. One of these caught two tarpons and the other got one. The winning was offered by Mr. Stonebraker to the man who manipulated his 18-foot boat. The two sides having made a draw of it by catching the same number of fish, there was nothing for the boatman. The man was wide awake, however. He saw the two betters of the morning equipped to go out for some night fishing and advised Mr. Stonebraker of the fact. The Baltimorean quickly donned his angling clothes and his boat was soon on the waters. He caught five tarpons with five strokes, making his total eight. The other two got but one, making their total four, and the boatman got the money.

The tackle used by Mr. Stonebraker was a 22-ounce rod, with a hook about five inches long. The hooks are hand-made on the model of the "Old Virginias" used by striped bass fishermen in Maryland waters, though much larger. They are known as 12-0 hooks. The reel is a big one and carries 400 feet of line. The fishing is done in water about 15 feet deep. A 4-ounce lead is used as a sinker. A choice slice of a mullet fish is used as bait.

At times the fishermen are not only playing the big tarpon, but they are forced to play sharks which are busily eating the hooked tarpon. One tarpon that Mr. Stonebraker landed consisted of little more than a tarpon head, sharks having cut away the body. The rods are expensive. Mr. Stonebraker landed twenty-six fish with one rod, and this is a record.

Tarpon fishing is not a cheap sport. The earl of Warwick, with a party of three guests, spent three weeks on the fishing waters and caught an average of about ten fish to each man. The yacht's expenses for this trip were estimated at more than $30,000. The earl of Warwick is an expert salmon fisherman. He said that salmon fishing was poor sport compared to taking tarpons. He and his guests were elated over their Florida experiences.

There were also present yachts owned by Pittsburgers and New Yorkers.

Dr. Babcock, who usually accompanied Mr. Stonebraker on these fishing trips, is now pastor of Brick church, New York. He heard of the great sport his fishing partner was having, and wrote him a letter which would appeal to any angler. It is as follows:

"My Dear Brother: I can see it all. I can smell the wind and hear the water and feel of the snood for tarpon slime. My first silver king is on the wall of my new study, with my rod just below it, exciting the admiration of every true man. I have been trout fishing several times since I have been in New York. I caught fourteen pounds the last time within an hour. I hope as I get a little older to join a fisherman's club here which gives you black bass, sea trout, speckled trout and land-lock salmon within an hour and fifteen minutes of the city. I am in a tennis club which is within fifteen minutes of my house, and I go out once a week for a good persper-sweat. I am working hard, but keeping well. About June 1 we expect to go to the seashore. Affectionately, M. D. Babcock."

It was Dr. Babcock of whom it was said that while fishing one day he held a bottle of refreshment in the water to cool and let it slip through his fingers, and as the two saw it disappear the doctor broke the silence with: "Speak, brother, you are a layman."

* * *

The Merchants' association of New York is making an immense effort to induce merchants from all over the country to visit the city for the purchase of goods this fall. This association has made application to all the railway associations throughout the country for reduced rates during the summer, or for what is known as the fall-buying season. There are six railway associations covering the different geographical sections of the country. These are the New England, Trunk line, Central Passenger, Southwestern, Southeastern and Western. The Trunk Line association covers the lines as far west as Buffalo, Pittsburg and Wheeling, W. Va., and as far south as the line of the Ohio river, including Washington and Baltimore. The Southeastern association includes all that section of the country east of the Mississippi river and south of the Ohio river.

The dates on which reduced rates have been asked for from the respective territories are as follows: New England Aug. 25-29 inclusive and Sept. 1-4 inclusive; trunk lines, the same dates; Central Passenger association, Aug. 4-8 inclusive and Aug. 25-29 inclusive; Southwestern association, July 14-18 inclusive and Aug. 4-8 inclusive; the Western Passenger association, same as the Southwestern association; the Southeastern association, the same as the Central Passenger association.

These are the dates on which, if reduced rates are granted, tickets may be sold from any point within these respective territories through to NewYork at the rate of one fare and one-third for the round trip.

The spring rates for what is known as the spring buying season brought to New York the largest number of buyers that ever came to the city within the same period of time. It is expected that if rates are granted for the fall season the number of persons availing themselves of them will be very large.

The Merchants' association, if the rates are granted, will prepare a series of circulars to be sent to merchants throughout the country advising them of the rates and how they may take advantage of them. The association will also send out a series of circulars, in new and attractive form, mentioning the excellences of the New York market.

* * *

The medical department of the army has under consideration the subject of liquor for troops in the tropics and possibly a limited quantity will be allowed as a part of the ration.

Following the practice of Great Britain and France, this government, upon recommendations of surgeons may decide that liquor is necessary to maintain the vitality and strength of the troops in the field where the climate conditions are enervating. Several surgeons on duty with troops at the front have recently submitted statements expressing the conviction that the vitality of the troops can be better maintained by allowing them liquor of certain kinds. The Spanish medical officers all agreed that liquor was essential.

Surgeon General Sternberg stated that while a number of medical men believed liquor indispensable to sound health for troops in hot climates, he doubted if a majority of doctors would sanction its use, and for that reason he questioned whether it would be advisable now to allow the soldiers liquor of any kind. There was a possibility, he thought, that those in the field might be authorized to have a limited quantity, but he questioned the advisability of making liquor a part of the ration for all troops.

* * *

Among the conspicuous features of the naval exhibits at the Chicago, Atlanta, Nashville and Omaha expositions were the little models representing types of new warships for the navy. These types are the perfection of mechanical skill and were all made by two or three men at the navy yard here. Some of them cost from $6900 to $8000 each. Several of these models were sent to the Paris exposition and in putting them on shore they were roughly handled by men who could not understand the English "cautions." The result was that some of them suffered serious damage. Naval Constructor Gillmor was detailed to superintend the work of repair at the French navy yards, permission having been given by the government. He has just reported that the models have been restored to their former conditions and will soon be a part of the American naval exhibit.

* * *

Several applications have reached the postoffice department and the local police authorities for rulings against the many "endless chain" systems now practiced here.

About a year ago a man reached this city with a scheme to sell fine pocket knives for 25 cents each. His harvest lasted about two weeks and then he left. The next commodity was a silk skirt. Last of all the customer is offered twenty-five car tickets for 25 cents.

In all these the buyer must obtain a book of coupons and sell the coupons to his friends. When their books have been turned in he receives from the management the article offered at the price specified. Of course, if anyone who purchases a coupon neglects to continue the chain none of the remittances made by the others counts for anything.

When complaint was first made to the department, which was several months ago, the assistant attorney general investigated the scheme thoroughly. The purchaser bought the coupon at his own risk, and it seemed to him no fraud was perpetrated and he so advised the complainant. No more formal ruling than this was made. No further investigation is contemplated. It was thought for a time the local police might interfere. They did look into matter, but no orders have been issued, and it is not unlikely this latest scheme will be permitted to die a natural death like its predecessors.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

ARRESTED FOR MURDER.

St. Paul Man Charged With Killing His Brother.

St. Paul, May 25.—Edward Erickson was arrested late yesterday afternoon charged with the murder of his brother, Martin P. Erickson, in February, 1894. Gustav Woll, a former citizen of St. Paul, but for several years living in Montana, called on Governor Lind yesterday afternoon and told him he had been an eyewitness of the murder and had been scared and ran away, leaving town afterward, but that he was troubled about what he knew and for two years had been unable to sleep because of it. He saw Edward Erickson, he says, with a pistol and another man in the butcher shop where the murder occurred.

Martin Erickson left a small estate, of which his brother Edward has been the administrator.

RHODES REACHING OUT.

Plans a Mining Enterprise In German West Africa.

London, May 25.—Cecil Rhodes, Alfred Beit and Julius Wernher, with other South African mining millionaires, are about to develop a gigantic mining enterprise in German West Africa. The Daily Express, which makes the announcement, asserts that gold, silver, copper and lead have been found in abundance within 400 miles of Walfisch bay. One hundred thousand pounds will be spent in prospecting and then, if the results warrant the outlay, £2,000,000 will be expended in constructing a railway. Christopher James, a mining expert, who has had experience in Mexico and California, will lead the prospecting expedition, which will leave England in July.

Muslin Underwear.

Ladies' Gowns, made from good strong muslin, embroidery or lace trimmed, cheap at 65c; Saturday's price..... **48c**

Ladies' Gowns, made from better quality muslin, better lace and embroidery trimmed, regular value 95c; Saturday's price..... **69c**

Ladies' Gowns, made of either fine Cambric or Muslin, elegantly trimmed with lace or embroidery, in either Mother Hubbard, Empire or Bishop style; good value at $1.25 and $1.35—the price tomorrow..... **$1.00**

Ladies' Muslin Skirts, made from heavy strong cotton, with wide ruffle, trimmed with two clusters of tucks, cheap at 75c; the price tomorrow..... **58c**

Ladies' Muslin Skirts, with deep lawn ruffle, trimmed with embroidery and tucking, or Torchon Lace, regular value $1; tomorrow only..... **75c**

Ladies' Muslin Skirts, about half a dozen styles to select from, all richly trimmed with lace or embroidery, worth $1.25 to $1.45; the price tomorrow..... **$1.00**

Ladies' Muslin Drawers, with deep Cambric ruffle, trimmed with tucking, cheap at 38c; tomorrow..... **25c**

Ladies' Cambric Drawers, trimmed with very deep flounce, lace edging, and insertion; good value at 70c; tomorrow..... **50c**

Children's Lawn Aprons, very nicely gotten up, made from fine India Lawn

at 50c, 75c, 89c, 98c

Ladies' White Dressing Sacques.

Very prettily trimmed with lace or Embroidery, at—

75c, $1, $1.50, $2 and up

Corsets.

Ladies' Summer Corsets, made from good netting and well boned, at—only..... **25c**

Ladies' Summer Corsets, plain shape, trimmed with lace on top and bottom, cheap at 75c—at, only..... **50c**

E. & C. Summer Corsets, regular price $1.00; our price..... **89c**

Jewelry.

Specials for Saturday.

These items will make many new friends for this department. Read.

HAT PINS—Jeweled and enameled tops, either in gold or silver, worth 20c; Saturday at... **10c**

SHIRT WAIST SETS—In fine gold plate, with beaded edge, consisting of collar button, cuff buttons and three studs; also Roman gold and Jeweled sets of three pins, cuff buttons and collar buttons—none worth less than 75c; your choice Saturday, at—per set..... **35c**

Something New—

Large size gold-plated Jeweled Horseshoe Pins, the kind sold by Jewelry stores at 75c; here Saturday at..... **35c**

New line of Kissing Bugs

Just in. Hair Brooches, in Roman gold set with brilliants, emeralds, rubies and sapphires, would be cheap at $1.25; Saturday at..... **75c**

Silver-plated Girdles and Chain Purses, in gilt, French Grey and Gun Metal, sold everywhere at $1.75, our Saturday price for Girdle and Purse..... **$1.00**

Belt Buckles in Medallions, French Gray and Gilt, the kind that usually sell at 75c; go Saturday at..... **48c**

Sterling Silver Berry Spoons, large size, heavy Spoons, chased handle and gold bowl, regular price $4.50; Saturday's price..... **$3.65**

Sterling Silver Salad Forks, carved handle, gold lined, worth fully $5—Saturday at..... **$3.85**

Sterling Silver Lettuce Forks, worth $3.50; sell Saturday at..... **$2.75**

Shell Back Combs.

In up-to-date styles and shapes—good heavy Combs, worth 35c—Saturday..... **25c**

Art Goods.

BATTENBERG PATTERNS—For Yokes, Collars, Vests and Tie Ends, at—

12c, 15c, 20c, 30c

NEW LINE OF SOFA PILLOW—CORDS JUST IN.

LINEN LUNCH CLOTHS AND SQUARES—In hemstitched and drawn work borders, great assortment to choose from at—

35c, 55c, 75c, $1.00
$1.35, $1.98, $2.25

ALL KINDS OF STAMPING DONE HERE—Very latest patterns at very lowest prices.

Lady Aberdeen Embroidery—

IT'S NEW—HAVE YOU SEEN IT? We show Doilies, Center Pieces, Lunch Cloths, Tray Cloths, Dresser and Sideboard Scarfs, in this new all-white linen embroidery. Prices are very moderate, too. Special Low Prices on Stamped Union Doilies:

5c Stamped Doilies at..... **3c**
8c Stamped Doilies at..... **5c**
10c Stamped Doilies at..... **7c**
15c Stamped Doilies at..... **10c**
18c Stamped Doilies at..... **13c**
20c Stamped Doilies at..... **15c**

Stamping done at little cost; complete assortment of new designs and patterns.

Parasols.

A Cosmopolitan showing of Correct styles which you will appreciate, from

98c up to $9.50

WHITE SILK PARASOLS FOR 98c—Ladies' Pure White Silk Parasols, with white enameled sticks and frames, white silk cord and tassel, easily worth $1.25, at only..... **98c**

WHITE RUFFLE PARASOLS FOR $1.50—Ladies' handsome white 2-ruffle Silk Parasols, extra good quality, with natural wood stick and handle, silk cords and tassels, positively cheap at $2; Saturday only.... **$1.50**

CHILDREN'S PARASOLS FOR 25c—Children's pretty figured or plain Parasols, in all bright shades, with or without ruffles, neat polished handles and worth 35c, at—only..... **25c**

1000 Home-Grown Roses. Choice selected stock with long stems, tomorrow only, a dozen **50c**

Freimuth's

1000 Home-Grown choice Carnations. Best selected grade, tomorrow only, a dozen **19c**

We are striving to give you each succeeding day more interesting and more profitable Store News than the day before. The Store News of tomorrow is no exception to this rule. It contains more facts of interest and profit to you than any of our preceding announcements. This is the store you want to do your trading at.

Cloak Room

A Great Mark Down Offering of Ladies' Suits at prices way down.

$8.00—For Ladies' Suits made from plain Venetian and mixed Covert Cloth, all this season's styles, well tailored and perfect fitting, were free sellers at $14.00, $12.50 and $10.50—the price tomorrow..... **$8.00**

$11.75—For Ladies' Suits made from very fine popular materials in fashionable colorings of oxford, gray, cadet and navy blue, brown and tan in the very latest prevailing styles, regular price $15.00 to $18; choice tomorrow at **$11.75**

$18.50—For Ladies' High Grade Suits made from imported materials in black and colors, regular price $25.00, $27.50 and $30, reduced for tomorrow's selling at..... **$18.50**

Ladies' and Children's Jackets

tomorrow at greatly reduced prices.

Gray and blue plaid back walking and bicycle skirts, ten rows of stitching around bottom, inverted plait back, perfect hanging no lining to wear out, well worth $10, tomorrow only **$7.50**

Black all wool Wine Cheviot dress skirt, percaline lined, tailored seams, velveteen bound, special selling price for Saturday..... **$3.50**

Black and blue serge dress skirts, box plait back, percaline lined, velveteen binding, silk appliqued down the front, well worth $7.00 tomorrow the price..... **$4.75**

Three Special Offerings in Shirt Waists.

At 50c—Ladies' Waist, made of good quality percale, in medium and dark colors, detached collars, perfect fitting, properly made, well worth 75c—the price tomorrow..... **50c**

At 69c—An assorted lot of Ladies' Shirt Waists, made from best quality percale and fine Madras Cloth, detachable collar and cuffs, regular $1.25 and $1.50 quality—your choice tomorrow..... **69c**

At $1.00—Ladies' white plain and fancy India Lawn Shirt Waists, very stylishly made, either self or embroidery trimmed, a bargain at $1.50—the price tomorrow..... **$1.00**

A Choice Selection of Derby Shirt Waists in White and Colored.

Kid Gloves.

Our "Monford" Kid Gloves in White, Black, Gray, Modes, Browns and Oxblood, are handsome Gloves, with embroidered backs and 2-clasp, patent fasteners, perfect fitting and equal to most $1.25 Gloves, at only..... **$1.00**

The "Peerless" Pique Glove for street wear, have no equal; they are dressy and stylish, as well as durable; they come in White, Black and all the swell street and evening shades; Paris-point backs and 2-clasp fasteners, we are sole agents for this famous Glove..... **$1.50**

Ladies' Milanese Lisle Suede finish Gloves—The correct Glove for summer wear, can hardly be distinguished on the hand from a Suede Kid—Soft, delicate shades of White, Gray, Black and Modes, self and black embroidered backs—pair.. **75c**

Good Hosiery and Little Prices for Saturday.

FOR 12½c A PAIR—

Ladies' Polka Dot Hose—Black with White Dots, and Red with Black Dots, large or small dots, color guaranteed absolutely fast and stainless, very elastic top and ankle, fully worth 20c—Saturday, per pair..... **12½c**

FOR 25c A PAIR—

Ladies' Fast Black Hose, new patent ribbed tops, Herinsdorf dye, high-spliced heels and toes, fine quality Maco yarn—matchless at 35c—the price tomorrow—per pair..... **25c**

FOR 29c A PAIR—

Ladies' Superior Lisle Hose—With the new luster finish, in Cardinal, Scarlet, New and Royal Blues and also in Black—especially elastic, double sole and high-spliced heel, absolutely fast colors, worth at least 49c a pair; the price tomorrow, a pair..... **29c**

Children's Hose—

FOR 12½c A PAIR—

Children's Fast Black or Tan Cotton Ribbed Hose, with double knee and sole, extra elastic, in sizes from 6 to 9, and worth fully 18c, any size Saturday only..... **12½c**

FOR 18c A PAIR—

Boys' and Girls' heavy ribbed Cotton Hose, guaranteed absolutely fast dye, double knee and sole, very elastic, cheap at 25c; Saturday any size..... **18c**

Serviceable Underwear.

The Special Offerings for Tomorrow

LADIES' VESTS—3 FOR 25c—Sleeveless Vests, White and Ecru, Richelieu ribbed, taped and lace trimming, the usual 12½c kind, tomorrow, Three for..... **25c**

LADIES' VESTS FOR 15c—Sleeveless Vests—Elastic, Jersey ribbed—fine combed Cotton—lace and silk tape trimmed, shaped to the form—well worth 20c; tomorrow, the price..... **15c**

LADIES' VESTS FOR 21c—Pure White, high neck and short sleeves, tape and lace trimmed—elastic Jersey ribbed, for shaped, crocheted edges, easily worth 30c; tomorrow, the price—each..... **21c**

LADIES' VESTS FOR 25c—High neck, long or short sleeves—extra quality, combed cotton, silk crocheted edges, silk lace and taped, form-shaped, full size garments, French band pants to match; good 40c garments, tomorrow the price—per garment..... **25c**

BOYS' SHIRTS AND DRAWERS FOR 25c—Boys' Gray or Brown Striped Shirts and Drawers of nice summer weight, neatly trimmed, and well worth 35c; any size; Saturday only..... **25c**

Perfumery, Patent Medicines and Toilet Articles.

"4711" German Perfume, in quadruple extracts of Violette de Parme, White Lilac, White Rose, Heliotrope, Blanc and Riviera Carnation, lasting and agreeable, regular 50c per oz—for Saturday, per ounce..... **35c**

25c bottle Colgate's Violet Toilet Water; Saturday only..... **19c**

15c bottle of superior Bay Rum Saturday, only..... **10c**

25c bottle of "Zozodont," whitens the teeth and sweetens the breath; Saturday..... **19c**

15c box Perfumed Talcum Powder, sprinkler tops; Saturday only..... **8c**

$1.00 bottle of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery; Saturday..... **69c**

35c bottle of Charles H. Fletcher's Castoria..... **25c**

25c bottle Bromo-Seltzer; Saturday only..... **19c**

10c bottle of Richard's Root Beer; Saturday, only..... **7c**

25c French Bristle Tooth Brushes; Saturday only..... **17c**

25c superior quality Rubber Dressing Combs, Saturday only..... **13c**

25c good bristle, polished back Hair Brushes; Saturday..... **15c**

Ladies' Belts and Purses.

Special for Saturday's Selling.

LADIES' PATENT LEATHER BELTS FOR 25c—Double-faced patent leather—imitation hard rubber or nickel buckles—metal eyelets, easily worth 35c; Saturday, the price..... **25c**

LADIES' BLACK GRAIN LEATHER BELTS FOR 35c—New tapering shape back; metal eyelets, leather covered buckle, worth 50c; Saturday the price..... **35c**

LADIES' SAPHO PULLEY BELTS FOR 50c—In Black Silk or Satin—made of 2 pieces, silk or satin ribbon, with imitation hard rubber rings, with or without button trimmings, imparts the long shapely waist; sold elsewhere for 85c—our price—each..... **50c**

LADIES' FINGER PURSES FOR 25c—In Black and colors, fine quality leather, durable clasps—worth 35c; Saturday, the price..... **25c**

LADIES' FINGER PURSES FOR 50c—Fine quality leather in Black, Brown, Tan and Gray—extra good nickel clasps, leather lined—stylish shape and size, a 65c purse—Saturday for..... **50c**

INITIALS FOR FINGER PURSES AT THE JEWELRY COUNTER.

Magnificent Bargains in Boys' Shirts.

25 dozen soft bosom Percale Shirts—very choicest styles, with 2 separate turn-down collars, cuffs attached.

Fancy silk-bosom Shirts, white body and white bands, also starched bosom, colored Percale Shirts, to be worn with white collars, 1 pair link cuffs to match the shirt; superb values at—each..... **50c**

The Volga

The Best Ladies' Shoe at $3.50.

What Our Shoe Department Offers

In the way of Reliable Footwear and the exceptional low prices for tomorrow:

Child's vici kid, one-strap sandals, in Black, Tan, White or Patent Leather, sizes 5 to 8, worth 90c—tomorrow..... **73c**

Sizes 8½ to 11, worth $1.15—tomorrow..... **87c**

Sizes 11½ to 2, worth $1.25—tomorrow..... **97c**

Little Gents' solid sole Shoes, in Black or Tan, in Vici Kid, or Willow Calf, sizes 9 to 13½, worth $1.25; tomorrow..... **97c**

Ladies' $1.25 Oxford Ties, patent leather tips, soft flexible soles; tomorrow..... **97c**

Ladies' $1.75 fine vici kid, Oxford Ties, in Black or Tan, new style lasts; tomorrow..... **$1.23**

Ladies' $2 Vici Kid Shoes, in Black and Tan, all new goods; tomorrow the price.. **$1.47**

Ladies' $3 Shoes in Black and Tan, in light weight soles for dress and in the heavy man-fashion welts for street wear; tomorrow..... **$2.19**

For Men.

NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—A brand new lot of Crown Shirts, strictly first-class handsome patterns, at—

$1.00 and $1.50

MEN'S LAUNDERED PERCALE SHIRTS—In either soft or stiff bosom, nice line of patterns, some have 2 collars and 1 pair of cuffs to match; for Saturday at..... **50c**

MEN'S COLORED NEGLIGEE SHIRTS—Soft bodies of Madras; Percales and Cheviots, starched white neck bands, 1 pair of link cuffs, come in plaids, checks and stripes, in all colors, are to be worn with white collars, a good value at $1.25; Saturday at..... **75c**

Saturday Basement Bargains at Freimuth's

.....Extra Special

Just received a manufacturers' sample line of Decorated Lamps, 75 styles no two alike, all the latest shapes and decorations for next falls' business which we will place on sale at 25 per cent less than you can buy them for later, ranging in price

from 75c to $9.50

We show the largest line of Hammocks in Duluth, and our prices are unequaled. We offer Saturday—

7 dozen full size Woven Hammocks—with 2 spreaders and pillow, would be cheap at 95c, only... **59c**

5 dozen close woven Hammocks, extra wide with 2 spreads and pillow, worth $1.48, only..... **98c**

9 dozen close woven Hammocks, with 8-inch valance and heavy fringe, steel spreader and pillow, cheap at $1.98—special only..... **$1.69**

Better ones, up to each..... **$3.75**

200 Baby Hammocks, only..... **35c**

300 Child's Garden Sets, three pieces, Hoe, Rake and Shovel, the set—only..... **7c**

200 extra large and well finished sets, 3 pieces, worth 39c. Special per set..... **19c**

Sprinkling Cans, heavy tin—
1-qt 2-qt 3-qt 4-qt 6-qt 8-qt 10-qt 12-qt
8c 11c 13c 15c 19c 29c 35c 39c

Screen Doors

Strong and nicely finished, all sizes, Saturday only—

69c

Hardwood adjustable Screen Windows, 24in. to 37in., only—

29c

Large size 24in. high, extends from 30in. to 37in.—Saturday only..... **39c**

200 High grade Lawn Mowers, every one guaranteed; your choice of all sizes 10in., 12in., 14in. and 16in. only..... **$2.39**

5000 feet 3-ply Rubber Garden Hose, worth 8c; Saturday per foot..... **5½c**

7-ply Rubber Hose, best quality made, regular price 18c foot—Saturday per foot only..... **14c**

Hardwood Hose Reels, bent frame, worth 75c, Saturday only..... **59c**

Combination Spray Nozzles worth 50c, Saturday only..... **33c**

Just opened 5 crates of the celebrated Warwick China, in assorted decoration. Warwick China Fruit Plates—worth 39c. Saturday each..... **19c**

Warwick China Sugar and Creams, worth $1.25. Special, per set..... **75c**

Warwick China Pudding Dish, three pieces, worth $3.50. Saturday only..... **$1.95**

Warwick China Salad Dishes worth 75c. Special, only..... **59c**

Warwick China Bread or Cake Tray, worth 75c, at... **48c**

Warwick China Water Pitchers, dark blue decoration, 3-qt size, worth $1. Special only..... **69c**

15 dozen Japanese China Pitchers, 1-qt. size, nicely decorated, cheap at 45c. Saturday only **23c**

Your choice of several styles of Go-Carts, worth $4.75 to $7.50, Saturday..... **$3.98**

Better ones up to $35.

Iron Express Wagons for Sat'day only

No. 2. 79c | No. 3. $1.10 | No. 4. $1.39 | No. 5 $1.59 | No. 6. $1.89

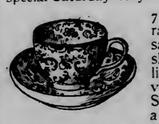
Boys' Iron Wheel Barrows, regular price 75c, sale price..... **59c**

Don't forget that we are sole agents for the celebrated Peerless Iceland Ice Cream Freezers, freezes delicious cream in 3 minutes—

2-qt 3-qt 4-qt 6-qt 8-qt 10-qt 12-qt
$1.75 $1.98 $2.39 $3.19 $3.89 $5.19 $6.19

Peerless Patent Ice Chippers only..... **25c**

25 dozen decorated Earthen Cuspidors, large size, worth 15c, special Saturday only..... **9c**



75 dozen decorated cups and saucers, ovoid shape, exactly like cut, regular value 10c a pair, Saturday, a pair..... **5c**

7-inch plates to match only..... **5c**

100 dozen gold band German China Egg Cups, regular value 50c a dozen, Saturday each..... **2c**

Fresh Caramels In all flavors, the 15c kind, tomorrow at— **8c**

Freimuth's

Delicious, fresh **Parisian Hand-Made Creams** in different flavors, regular 25c kind, tomorrow **12c**

STYLISH CLOTH GOWNS

Fashions Decreed By Drecoll of Vienna and Other European Masters Described For the Fair Sex In Duluth.

The Bolero Still Reigns Supreme. | Tight Fit the Feature of Skirts.

Vienna, May 15.—(Special to The Herald.)—Much attention has lately been devoted to the belt and that part of the short corsage which extends just below the waistline, and which, to be in strict accordancewith today's fashions,must be longer in front than in back, to add to the straight front effect now so obligatory. The newest development is the broad corsage belt so nearly approaching a waistcoat and fitted to the figure by means of seams or by well-distributed folds of a bias piece of silk or velvet which may match the gown or some of the trimmings in color, but is frequently made of black silk, cloth or velvet, giving a striking but extremely chic contrast. The model which we present today is finished with a belt of this description and is made of bright red silk which harmonizes most artistically with the soft light gray cloth which constitutes the rest of the gown.

The skirt of this costume makes no pretention at hiding the contour of the figure, though the light gray satin cloth is laid in even box pleats all small pleats inserted with white hand embroidery. The hem is accentuated by two rows of narrow ruches of white mousseline de soie. The foundation skirt is of Parme taffeta and is cut with seven gores, giving the garment the necessary tightness which is relieved below by a deep pleating of the same silk. The bolero of Parme veiling is embellished with an elaborate embroidery done in white silk and forming a yoke and shoulder points as well as a high flaring collar, the latter being faced with shirred and pleated white mousseline de soie. Large buttons of amethysts set in silver decorate the dainty little jacket which opens over a tight bodice of white silk covered with shirred and pleated white mousseline de soie.

The toque which accompanies this costume is of mauve mousseline shirred and ruched and trimmed with white plumes and a strip of handsome Bruges lace of antique pattern.

In spite of the tendency to draperies, the skirt fits as closely as ever around the hips. Plenty of room is given below the knees, for at that point the flare suddenly increases and reaches a voluminous width around the hem. Stiffening of any kind is still absolutely tabooed, though the necessary body is given by quantities of ruffles and ruches and flounces. A skirt form which will be much in evidence in soft foulards or voile gowns this summer requires a slender figure to give it the desired stylish appearance. It has a silk foundation underskirt, as most latter-day skirts have, to which it is attached only around the body. These pleats grow wider as they descend and finish below the knees in long tabs lined with silk and disclosing a fan pleating of taffeta of the same gray shade as the cloth. The foundation skirt is of gray taffeta, and is cut quite scant, the hem being trimmed with a dust ruffle of pleated taffeta. The bodice has many artistic merits to recommend. There is a tight foundation of gray taffeta boned and fitted and forming the desired point below the waistline in front. The lower part is draped with red silk laid in tight scant folds to simulate the fashionable waistcoat belt. Gray cloth forms the tight long sleeves and the bolero, with its appliqued vest of white cloth, both of which are richly embroidered with red and black silk soutache, silver spangles and strass. A chemisette of pleated white mousseline de soie and a high stock collar of red and black embroidered gray cloth with an edging of white mousseline are becomingly finished with a large cravat of pleated white mousseline de soie. The appliqued cuffs on the sleeves are of white cloth embellished like the bodice.

A large picture hat of black tulle faced with shirred white mousseline de soie and trimmed with long black plumes and a bouquet of red roses under the brim forms a dainty complement to the gown.

That the reign of the bolero is by no means on the wane is proven by another costume which meets with much admiration as worn by a charming bride from the Viennese court circles. The skirt is "Parme" veiling is cut circular and is adjusted to the figure by in the belt, and which supplies the fashionable flare by means of a deep and wide flounce. The long tunic consists of several gores of the material draped in rounded lines caught in the seams by bands of embroidery or lace or any desirable garniture, another flounce finishes the wide and deep scallops below as they fall over the flare of the underskirt.

Veritable and simulated tunics are the features of most fashionable skirts thus presenting manifold opportunities for pleasing combinations of materials and colors.

Ch. Drecoll

(Ch. Drecoll, Vienna.)

THIN SUMMER GOWNS.

Delicate Fabrics In Light Colors For Day Wear.

If there is one thing more attractive than another in the scheme of summer dress, it is its elastic possibilities for variety, says the New York Sun. The demands for dress are as varied as the amusements which fashion prescribes for entertainment, and to be suitably costumed is a vital element of their success; so the fashionable woman bends all her energies in this direction on the supposition that the result justifies the means even to the verge of nervous prostration.

The attempt to accomplish the required diversity in attire this season is an ordeal fraught with conflicting emotions of delight and aggravation in alternating doses, unless time is no object; for it is one thing to order a gown and quite another to get it made within a reasonable number of days. But the pretty diaphanous fabrics of the dainty charm of the gowns when they are finished more than compensate for the delay.

All the boasted silk displayed by needlewomen of the olden time is cast in the shade by the variety of the expert handsewing which decorates the gowns of today, especially those made by the dressmakers who can command almost any price for their productions. Every kind of stitchery is in use, including hand-wrought embroideries of the most intricate kind. Applications of satin on mousseline form one style of decoration which appears among the evening gowns in various devices, covered well with a variety of stitches, French knots of different sizes being generously interspersed.

A very prominent feature of summer dress this season is the general use of delicate semi-transparent fabrics in light colors, for day wear. They are made up with elaborate ornamentation for ceremonious occasions and in simple modes as well for morning and afternoon use when less dressy gowns are required. The profuse use of lace is evident everywhere in fashion's plan, but it is the lace cost which is the distinguished phase just at the moment. The bolero shape leads in style, but there are lace coats which fit down to the figure, ending at the waist line or in some instances extending into a narrow basque. Then again there are lace coats which hang quite loosely from the shoulders, like the old-fashioned Manila lace sacques worn so many years ago. They are made up without any lining, showing the outline of the figure.

Yellow laces in all the tints between deepest cream and ivory white are extremely popular, now that women have learned the value of the yellow tinge as a becoming quality. The difference between the effects on the complexion of the ivory-tinted lace and the pure white is a wide one which few women can afford to ignore. Lace collars, yokes, sleeves, flouncings and jackets can be purchased all ready for use in several different tints, but the dyeing of laces is such a simple matter in these days that almost any tint is possible. Long coats made entirely of heavy Irish guipure lace in the ecru tint are one of fashion's fancies. They reach to the knees, are made without a lining and are finished on the edge with a band of cloth or taffeta silk in blue or mauve, covered with rows of stitching. Coats of beige silk finely tucked are also finished with a deep flounce of heavy lace the same color, and a deep cape collar of lace which is either transparent or falls over another cape of plaited white chiffon.

It is very evident that lace dresses will be worn more than ever during the summer, and in Cluny and Luxell laces, which form so many of the newest gowns, they are more attractive than ever before. They are made as nearly in princess form as possible with full plaitings of chiffon around the feet, and elbow sleeves finished with a frill of fine lace. Black and white Cluny in combination makes a very elegant costume over white silk, using the black for the main portion of the gown and frills of both black and white edging for the trimming. With a touch of color in soft silk for the belt, possibly sash ends and a knot at the bust, the effect is striking indeed. Lace gowns made more elaborate by applique designs in panne delicately embroidered with silk and imitation gems are a feature of evening dress for those whose taste in dress is regulated by the price it costs, lace adornment being far superior to any additions which can be supplied on the surface. The full chiffon interlining is a necessary addition, giving a much softer effect to the lace. The undersleeve, which is the one new feature of sleeve this season, affords another opportunity for the use of lace.

Pretty collars of finest ecru batiste, either tucked or embroidered and edged with Flemish lace, are a distinctive point among the new summer gowns and it does not seem to matter whether they are made of piqne, linen, foulard or wool materials. The details in finish and trimming, and the various modes of introducing some dainty touch of contrasting color with stylish effect are the only points in dress which can be singled out as really new since all the outlines are settled for the season at least. A pale beige mohair gown trimmed with bands of white linen and narrow black velvet ribbon is one rather

The new Luxury—made of Palm and Olive Oils.

TRADE MARK

Palmolive

the proper thing

For the Bath

FOR SALE EVERYWHERE

Made only by B. J. JOHNSON SOAP CO. MILWAUKEE WIS

Illustrated by Felix Fournery

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Stylish Cloth Gowns by Drecoll.

(Ch. Drecoll, Vienna.)

Dainty summer frock by Lachartrouille. Printed blue and white foulard, with vest and sleeve draperies of white mousseline de soie. Collar and girdle of black velvet ribbon.

A Doucet toilette as worn by Mme. Jeanne Granier, of the Theatre des Varieties. Skirt and bodice of mauve peau de soie embroidered by hand. Loose overdress of black tulle, beaded and spangled with black. Ficha of real lace caught in front with a huge floral rosette.

A Directoire hat by Louvin. The form is of cream-colored straw. The crown is encircled by a folded band of black velvet, and the trimming consists of large pink roses and knots of pink mousseline.

Large Capeline by Camille Roger. Form of white rice straw draped profusely with pale rose-colored mousseline de soie and trimmed with large choux of the same material, contrasted by one chou of black mousseline.

unique combination. The bands are inset, as it were, the stitched edges of the mohair lapping over them, and joined in groups of three a few inches apart, with loops of velvet fastened on one edge with small fancy buttons.

Linen bands are also used on foulards with white grounds patterned with color, the linen matching this color and set on in hems, with black and white silk hemstitching, to finish all the edges. Plain taffeta silk is used in this way, and on plain wool materials you see satin bands embroidered by hand with either white or black silk polka dots. Again on a plain blue foulard there are bands of white foulard spotted with blue, one hemming the skirt all around and striping the narrow front breadth horizontally for the entire length. The skirt is arranged in a plait at either side, giving a finish to this decoration and is shirred down around the hips in four or five rows. Bands of foulard stripe the bodice in cadet fashion from the yoke down, diminishing in length toward the belt, which is very narrow and made of blue silk rounding low in front to give the long effect. This straight line from the bust down is a point in fashion which has become a positive feature of style and without it the telling effect is entirely lost.

The combination of corsets with straight fronts and women's efforts to stand correctly has really brought about a revolution in figures which is a vast improvement in appearance as well as more healthful. The dressmakers do everything in their power to emphasize this particular outline by rounding the belt well down in front. Cutting the skirt out directly in front and fitting the belt over this is one way of producing the effect. No doubt the pointed bodice will come around with the next turn of the wheel; in fact, it is here already in some of the foulard and crepe de chine gowns made with a wide corselet belt of black velvet, pointing down very decidedly in front and fastened with gold buttons. This is particularly striking on a gown of soft red crepe de chine

Something black is almost a necessity in the finish of our summer gowns, but it must be managed artistically or the chic effect it is supposed to give will be lost. One striking example of its successful use is on a cream white canvas gown trimmed elaborately with lace matching the tint of the material. At one side of the bodice where it fastens a scarf of black chiffon, hemstitched at either end, is tastefully arranged and caught at the bust and again at the belt with narrow plain blue enamelled buckles, oval in shape. The blue appears again in the collar band, which is made of lace, black chiffon and blue silk, finely tucked. Some of the prettiest gowns of the season for debutantes and graduation costumes are made of the new white voilings, very sheer and charming in their soft ivory tones. Tuckings of transparent decoration of Cluny lace trim them very elegantly, and very youthful is the sash and belt of pompadour ribbon.

White grenadine is another popular material which is pretty when made up over colored silk linings and trimmed with ruchings of silk tissue matching the color. Dainty gowns, too, are made of white silk mousseline over light flowered taffeta silk and trimmed with Valenciennes lace. The long overdress edged with a lace ruffle is caught up at one side to show the flowered skirt underneath, and loop bows of narrow velvet ribbon decorate the waist. A new feature of some of the muslin gowns made with a lace yoke is the collar and cuffs, which are made of fine batiste of some color in the flowering, and trimmed with lace. Pale pink and blue dimities are effectively trimmed with black lace, a narrow edge finishing the ruffles, and insertions and edging in the broad sailor collar, which is caught together where it meets at the bust with a bow and ends of silk matching the color of the dimity. Joining the seams of a simple plain skirt with cross-stitching is very pretty for the thin gowns.

Very stunning yachting gowns are made of mohair with box-plaited skirts, the plaits stitched down to the knee and trimmed with bands of itself cross-stitched in the center with silk. The little Eton jackets are very elegant with collar and cuffs of Irish point and antique silver buttons. Another feature of outing dresses is the use of denim, which in dull and old blue is made up into very stylish costumes. White satin embroidered in colors forms the dainty waistcoat over a lingerie blouse, and the bodice is either a tucked open-fronted blouse or an Eton jacket. The skirts are tucked in groups with stitched lance of the denim running up between the groups, where pipings of black satin give the indispensable touch of black. White linen gowns trimmed generously with stitching and point d'arabe applique are another pretty variation in fashion.

Among the models is a tucked crepe de chine gown with one of the new loose sacques of lace already described, and another very striking costume of white muslin embroidered with very fine black and white silk threads shows one of the many ways of using Cluny lace in shaped pieces around the hips, extending like barb from down either side. Shaped pieces of lace trim the bodice, back and front alike, and the sleeves of muslin are trimmed with lace insertion. A very unusual gown made for the races is of palest pink foulard, trimmed with narrow bands of chenille embroidery and flouncings of pink chiffon edged with a tiny ruche. Another foulard in black and white is trimmed with blue velvet ribbon, Cluny lace and buttons of the lace. A pretty model for mousseline shows insertions of lace, tucked skirt and bodice with lace yoke. A pale blue and white foulard patterned in Vandyke stripes is trimmed with insertion of ecru net, which are edged with black velvet baby ribbon. The foundation dress is of yellow ecru silk, and the belt is of pale mauve and pink silk tied in front in two rosette bows with long ends.

Stitched bands of these two colors appear on the lace yoke and again on the collar. Crepe de chine and Chantilly lace form the next costume with velvet and chenille applique for the yoke. A pretty model for a blouse is carried out in finely tucked mauve glace in the form of a bolero, trimmed with white glace stitched bands. The under bodice is of chiffon veiled with lace.

Children's fashions seem to have decided limitations if you are looking for something definite in the way of description, and yet you find no end of variety in detail if you attempt to make any selections. Prettily made garments of all kinds and conditions can be purchased in the shops, but the simplicity you seek is certainly not represented in the price; yet they are attractive enough to make you forget about the day of reckoning which must come later. From the little empire gown for the maidof 2 years, to clothes for boys and girls in their teens, there is everything needed for a child's outfit made up in the latest fashion, and fashion is important in this department in these days.

In materials, everything which is used for grown up gowns except the most expensive silks and heavy clothes, is employed, and some of the daintiest gowns are made of the sheer nuns' veilings over silk linings. These are expensive, however, and very pretty, dressy gowns are made of inexpensive China silks, and the silk and cotton mixtures which are so dainty in all white and flowered designs. Linen duck, linen madras, silk and linen, mercerized cottons, dimities, organdies and ginghams are all very much in use for children's gowns, and they are variously trimmed with embroidery, lace and velvet ribbon. Hemstitching, cross-stitching and many other devices which originated in the scheme of decoration for older gowns are repeated in the smaller models. Machine stitching and tuckings have no limit, and herringbone stitching and feather-stitching are both used in profusion. The latter may define the width of bands in the skirt and stripe the bodice all around or be employed simply as a finish for the edges of collar and belt. Fancy braids in alternation with plain bands, on a group of tucks, from yokes where the bodice is composed of tucks and lace insertion. The skirt is tucked in groups on either side.

One of the prettiest skirts for small gowns is tucked in the form of a deep yoke all around the hips. There are gored skirts with both shaped and straight gathered ruffles, box plaited and kilt plaited skirts, and skirts shirred around the waist. So it is a very easy matter to keep within the limits of fashion in this regard. Tippings of white silk are very effective on some of the wool gowns and again there are bands of white silk edged with narrow velvet ribbon, or covered with runs of colored stitching. Velvet ribbon threaded through lace on embroidery is a pretty finish.

The little sailor costume with full blouse, a broad collar, and a straight skirt gathered in at the waist is very popular for little girls from 5 to 10 years of age. Gowns of this style made of white linen crash are very stylish with a plaid silk knot and ends fastened the collar and forming the belt. Punjab silk handkerchiefs are used for this purpose very effectively. Bands of the silk made over stiff muslin are sometimes sewn lightly around the skirt so they can be easily ripped off when the gown is laundered.

A pretty model for a gown of fine white nainsook has two ruffles of Hamburg embroidery around the skirt and the high-necked blouse is formed entirely of narrow box plaits with rows of embroidered insertion between. A sash if the nainsook trimmed on the end lies in a bow at the back. White lawn and batiste collars tucked and trimmed with embroidery are a feature of the chambray and dimity gowns.

Girls, if you wish to be a June bride with red lips, laughing eyes, a lovely complexion, take Rocky Mountain Tea this month. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Spring toilette of Nile-green peau de soie trimmed with ecru embroidery. Chemisette and reveres of ecru silk. Model by Doucet for the Countess de Castellane.

A Torre hat of rough, yellow basket straw with garniture of white liberty tulle and wreath of morning glories with foliage.

The Little Soldiers In Your Blood.

The part which the corpuscles of the blood play in making good the loss occasioned to the body by wear and tear, and in carrying off the effete or worn-out material, has been compared to the part played by a soldier. The corpuscles of pure blood are our soldier-friends, who repair the worn-out tissues of the body, and fight against disease-germs. The first condition for good health is pure blood, and that can only be obtained and kept by taking pure food and drink.

Adulterated food-stuffs and drinks are the pests of the modern market, and all too often health considerations are sacrificed to apparent cheapness. If you would have a pure drink, take cocoa; but let it be a pure cocoa, such as Van Houten's, which is highly digestible, extremely soluble, and of most delicious taste. It is cheap, too, for it costs less than a cent a cup.

It is easily made; it has an attractive aroma; and it contains more nourishment than an equal quantity of the best beef-tea.

BE SURE YOU TRY

VAN HOUTEN'S Eating CHOCOLATE.

M'KINLEY WILL MISS RATHBONE

Late Director General of Posts In Cuba One of the Most Useful Men In the Republican Party.

His Work In Ohio Campaigns Has Gained Him Great Recognition From the Party Leaders at Washington.

New York, May 25.—Frederick Boyd Stevenson says in the Telegraph: The McKinley administration has been forced through the clamor of public opinion to remove Maj. E. G. Rathbone, director general of posts in Cuba, whose name has been connected with the Sloman Neely steal, but with the deepest feelings of regret. Rathbone has been an exceedingly valuable man for the Republican party. His real usefulness as a partisan was demonstrated during the Blaine campaign. I met Maj. Rathbone in Cincinnati in the fall of 1884, when I had ample opportunity to become convinced that he was a man upon whom his party could rely in all cases where coolness, force and ability were required. He was at that time postmaster of Toledo for the Cincinnati district, and the party managers, who had been assigned to the duty of carrying Ohio at all odds, had implicit faith in his ability. It was an heroic undertaking that the country at large looked upon as a very doubtful proposition.

It was the last October election to be held in Ohio, as Indiana will come in the national election in November. Both the great political parties were straining every effort to carry the state in the October election, the moral effect it would have upon the voters at large. The Blaine managers had decided they had to have Ohio at any price. At that time a man who stood high in the party councils, and was one of the most industrious to push forward the Blaine boom, was J. S. Clarkson, one of the proprietors of the Des Moines, Iowa, Register. Clarkson had an acquaintance with Ohio. He was absolutely taker of the state for a period of a month or so, so far as the federal government was concerned, his word was law and all the heads in the matter of spending money. Some weeks before the October election, Clarkson opened headquarters at the old Burnett house. He had made out the usefulness of Maj. Rathbone, but in order to strengthen himself still further with federal officials he sent for Capt. Jim Stuart, postoffice inspector in the Chicago district. Clarkson and Stuart were old friends. They had lived together in the state of Iowa, and were warm personal friends. Stuart was an old soldier and Clarkson knew him to be a man of undoubted personal courage. That was the kind of men he wanted around him on this particular occasion.

* * *

With two such men as Maj. Rathbone and Capt. Stuart, Clarkson was ready for business. But in order to still further strengthen himself he called to him a postoffice inspector, a federal official named Llewellyn, who was known to be a very shifty man for certain kinds of work requiring cool brains and quick action. Llewellyn had the reputation of being amply able to take care of himself under any and all circumstances. With Clarkson doing the heavy head work and these men carrying out the plans, the combination was exceedingly strong. The plan mapped out by Clarkson, although old, has generally proved effective. First of all he opened a campaign of education, as offensive and defensive warfare so much relied upon by the Republicans. He had with him two stenographers, whom he kept busy writing out three columns a day for the rural press and specially prepared news for both rural and metropolitan papers.

His first great care was to impress upon the good people of Ohio that they were in imminent danger of being defrauded of their right of franchise by the Democratic party. They were told through the Republican newspapers that the Democrats were preparing to flood Ohio with an overwhelming gang of repeaters from Kentucky, Indiana and Illinois. This was drummed into the citizens day by day. They finally got so they looked with suspicion upon every stranger whom they saw. Glaring headlines appeared on the front pages of the Republican papers, relating in the most penny-dreadful style weird adventures with dangerous desperadoes who were said to have been shipped by the trainload by the Democrats across the borders into Ohio. And there is no doubt that the population of Ohio was being rapidly increased, but the men who were coming into the state were not there to vote the Democratic ticket. Hundreds and hundreds of colored men from the Southern states were sent into Ohio. Hundreds and hundreds of them were quartered in Cincinnati. The Cincinnati Enquirer and some of the Democratic papers in various parts of the state suggested that they were there for the purpose of voting the Republican ticket, but the Republican press howled all the louder about Democratic fraud and put out bigger type on the front pages.

* * *

Then it was that J. S. Clarkson, Maj. Rathbone, Capt. Jim Stuart and this man Llewellyn, at one of their numerous conferences in the Burnett house, decided that some decisive action should be taken on the part of the Republican managers to protect the innocent voters of the great state of Ohio against the wicked Democratic repeaters. So they sent on to army headquarters, and there were shipped to Cincinnati several carloads of ugly looking sixshooters. They were subject to the order of J. S. Clarkson and under the immediate charge of Maj. E. J. Rathbone, who is now mentioned in a rather unpleasant way with the big government steal down in Cuba. But Rathbone was a good one to protect timid Republican voters.

Guns without men, however, are not of much account. Clarkson had thought of that. He is such a thoughtful man. Rathbone had made a few suggestions to him. So had Jim Stuart. Both of these men had told him that Cincinnati was actually in danger of being overpowered and carried off bodily by the desperate Democratic repeaters. Clarkson was too good a general to let anything of that kind happen. He had the guns, he had the men, and he had the money, too. Accompanying the shipment of the greater part of the United States government arsenal down to Cincinnati were several strong boxes marked "Private." I saw one of these boxes opened. It was filled with tin badges bearing the words:

UNITED STATES.

DEPUTY MARSHAL.

In the meantime Rathbone and his corps of United States employes were kept busy making arrests by the wholesale. Every man who entered Cincinnati could not give a detailed account of his movements was arrested on suspicion. Maj. Rathbone's office in the federal building looked like a Spanish inquisition under Torquemada's rule. Jim Crawford, of the old Eighteenth ward of Chicago, went into the town for the purpose of placing some election bets. Jim Stuart spied him, and the Chicago sportsman and politician had barely got inside the city limits before he was rounded up by Maj. Rathbone's men.

"We don't want to make you any trouble," said Rathbone. "If you will take the next train back to Chicago we'll let it go at that."

Crawford had no other alternative. It was Chicago or jail in Cincinnati. And so it was with many another man. Anyone who was at all suspected of handling a leaning toward Democratic principles, if he came from the outside, was hurried out of town, and in some cases, if he didn't have money, a ticket was purchased for him. Every Democrat, whose ancestors had in the most remote way been suspected of queer work was locked up on general principles. The federal building resembled a state penitentiary. Rathbone was such a useful man.

On the morning of election the tin badges were seen everywhere. There were more United States deputy marshals to the square block than would have been necessary to put down an Indian uprising. Before I had eaten my breakfast, word came in to me that two men had been shot by deputy marshals at the polls around the corner. I was foolish enough to ask if they were Democrats. Before the day was ended I got over that. At least a dozen voters had more or less lead inside of their anatomy, to say nothing of the broken heads and dislocated ribs. It was a very busy day. Maj. Rathbone, Capt. Stuart and the Western gentleman, Llewellyn, certainly deserved all the recognition they afterward received at the hands of the Republican party. And they have indeed been grateful to them. Rathbone has been chief postoffice inspector, fourth assistant postmaster general, special treasury department agent, special pension examiner and director general of posts in Cuba. Capt. Stuart has, except during the Cleveland administration, when the government managed to struggle along without him, been continuously postoffice inspector at Chicago, Llewellyn was continued in some good position for years. Of late I have somewhat lost track of him. The Republican party does not forget its good friends.

* * *

As an evidence of J. S. Clarkson's astuteness in that last October campaign in Ohio may be mentioned the figures on the night when the returns were coming in. I saw Mr. Clarkson in the rooms of the Llewellyn club in Cincinnati. At midnight I went to him and asked:

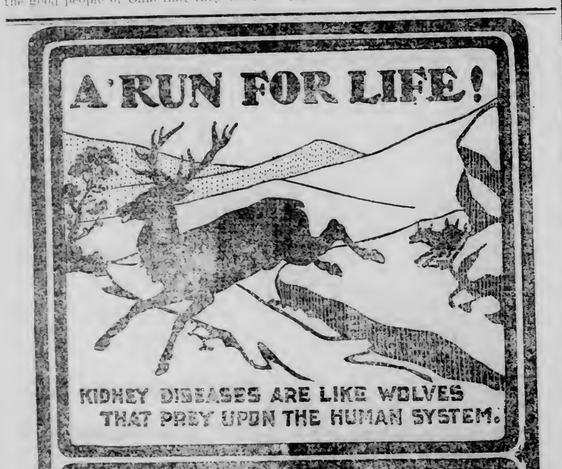
"How has Ohio gone?"

He paused in his dictation to one of his stenographers and replied:

"Twenty thousand Republican, and we shall elect twenty out of the twenty-one congressmen."

When the figures had all come in it was shown that Ohio had gone Republican by something over 18,000 plurality, and that nineteen of the congressmen elected were Republicans. Mr. Clarkson evidently knew the state and the men who were working with him.

It was truly a remarkable—an historic campaign—that last October election in Ohio. But I have often wondered whatever became of all those tin badges.


A RUN FOR LIFE!
KIDNEY DISEASES ARE LIKE WOLVES THAT PREY UPON THE HUMAN SYSTEM.
THERE IS BUT ONE SURE CURE FOR KIDNEY TROUBLES
KID-NE-OIDS
If your Kidneys are not just right, look out, there is danger and death to follow. Serious troubles may seem very far off at present but they will soon overwhelm you unless you stop their progress.
Morrow's Kid-ne-oids are a scientific discovery for the cure of all diseases arising from disordered Kidneys, Poor Nerves and Thin, Watery and Impoverished Blood. They are an unfailing Kidney tonic, nerve restorer and blood builder.
Kid-ne-oids are yellow tablets and are never sold in less quantities than a box at 50c.
Morrow's Laxerlax cures constipation, biliousness and costiveness. Sells for 25c. a box at drug stores.
Kid-ne-oids and Laxerlax are manufactured by John Morrow & Co., Chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

Mrs. H. Goodale, 914 Fourth street, N. Minneapolis, Minn., says: "I have been suffering two years with backache and stomach trouble caused by kidney disease. I had a dull aching pain in the small of my back almost constantly. My stomach troubled me a great deal and I felt weak and nervous. I commenced to take Morrow's Kid-ne-oids and now I am glad to say that I have been entirely relieved of my annoying and alarming troubles." At all drug stores and S. F. Boyce's.

GIVES LIPTON THE CUP.

Choate Presents Him With the Gift From Americans.

London, May 25.—At a banquet given last evening at the Hotel Cecil, in London, to Sir Thomas Lipton, Joseph H. Choate, United States ambassador, presented to Sir Thomas the loving cup subscribed for by the American admirers of the owner of the Shamrock.

Th company included John N. Beach, Edwin P. Benjamin, John D. Crimmins and Justice Morgan; J. 'Brien, of the New York supreme court, members of the loving cup committee; John A. McCall, Samuel W. Fairchild, Warner Miller, Foster M. Voorhees, governor of New Jersey; William McKinley Osborne, United States consul general in London, the earl of Clanwilliam, lord mayor of Belfast, and many others.

After paying a glowing tribute to Sir Thomas Lipton's sportsmanship, Mr. Choate said:

"This gift, Sir Thomas, carries with it the goodwill of thousands of Americans, who love a gallant champion and a gallant loser, happily united, sir, in you, who have so nobly borne defeat. We hope you are ready to meet us again."

Sir Thomas Lipton, who was evidently much affected, said in the course of his reply:

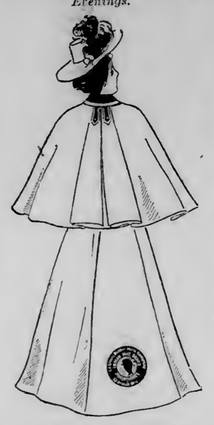
"The recollection of American kindness will remain with me while memory lasts. I know that to lift the other cup I have got to take to Sandy Hook the best and fastest yacht the world has ever seen, but it is not without hope that this is within the range of possibilities. I am well aware that, to produce such a yacht, the best British brains and mechanism must be combined. I think I can procure it. I certainly intend to try again, and I feel sure that, if I should succeed, the same kindness and courtesy will be shown to Americans by Britishers that the Americans are showing me when the Americans come over and attempt to regain the cup. Although the brotherhood which I have experienced is more precious than my wealth can command, I hope I am not expected to be contented with this cup." (Laughter and applause).

ALWAYS THE SAME.

Chancellor cigars are just as good as they always have been. Corona is a nickel cigar of the Chancellor stock.

It's folly to suffer from that horrible plague of the night, itching piles. Doan's Ointment cures quickly and permanently. At any drug store, 50 cents.

Store Open Monday and Saturday Evenings.



CASH OR CREDIT.

LADIES' ...RAIN COATS...

We have just received our new stock and have them in all grades. Prices ranging from

$5.00 to $15.00

Men's from .....$3 to $20

All guaranteed rain proof.

Gately Supply Co., No. 8 East Superior St., 3 doors East of Lake Ave.

THE NEXT BIG FIGHT

Will Occur Next Tuesday When McCoy and Ryan Will Meet Again.

IN A SIX-ROUND BOUT

Pugilists Have Fought Each Other Twice Before, Once to a Draw.

Chicago, May 25.—The most interesting bout that has taken place in the West in years will be brought off at Tattersall's, Chicago, May 29.

"Kid" McCoy, the Hoosier-Gothamite, will then meet Tommy Ryan, of Syracuse, at 158 pounds.

Of recent years McCoy has been fighting all the best ones in the heavyweight class, while Tommy Ryan has been sticking closely to the middleweight division and is very properly, in the opinion of the majority of students, entitled to the championship laurels pertaining to that class.

The first time the men met was in March, 1896, under the auspices of the old Maspeth club, on Long Island. The mill ended in a victory for McCoy in fifteen rounds, and it was practically the only defeat over which the Syracuse boy has ever had to worry.

In September, 1897, the two met again in Syracuse and went into one of the liveliest fights ever seen in ringdom. For three rounds it was a mighty even and lively go, and then, some claim, matters got so lively that the police interfered and stopped the go in order to save Ryan. That's what some claim, while others assert with equal emphasis that the Syracuse police did not want to see the hospitality for which their city is renowned suffer by allowing Mr. Ryan to inflict too hard a beating on their guest from Indiana.

George Siler refereed that fight and he called it a draw, and very properly. The newspaper accounts of it say that in the last round or so Ryan was chasing the "Kid" around the ring at a wonderful gait and swinging uppercuts and things that were calculated to mar the "Kid's" beauty if he collided with any of them. Anyhow, nobody has been able to bring these two clever men, admitted the best generals in the ring, together since that time until Manager Houseman induced them to come together at Tattersall's by an offer of a purse of $6000 and the prestige that comes from fighting in the big Chicago club. Champion Jeffries will be behind Ryan in the go, Ryan and Jack Jeffries are in Chicago already, and the McCoy camp will move soon.

It ought to be one of the greatest 6-round battles ever fought in Chicago, with all of the science that anyone could wish for. Ryan will probably give away some weight but not much at that if he is as heavy as he looks. The bout is sure to be a go for keeps. McCoy and Ryan have been talking back and forth so long that they could not get together in the ring without remembering a few things. Besides, McCoy was a strong Corbett man in the recent fight, while Ryan was behind Jeffries. McCoy and Ryan have opposed each other in many ways, and the outcome of their battle will settle a dispute that has been in the columns of the newspapers since 1897.

McCoy, who was reported to have been bitten on the hand by a dog some time ago, is evidently all right. His fight against Dan Creedon at New York Friday night showed nothing against him.

FITZ BITTEN BY HIS LION.

New York, May 25.—Bob Fitzsimmons has trifled with more lions than he should have. His latest pranks were with a baby Leo from the Bergen Beach Zoo, and the lanky Australian is now nursing a festered fist and cursing the day he ever made overtures to the royal biute.

The animal took kindly to Bob, and doubtless thinks more of him today than ever before. He rolled on the lawn with his new master, pranced around and did the very best he knew how to entertain and make himself useful. But the poor brute snapped, in a bit of playfulness, harder than he thought. His teeth went deep into the ex-champion's left fist and drew blood. Fitz grieved, dressed the wound and assured Master Leo all was well.

Instead of healing, the wound became worse and festered, paining him much. Fitz came to New York and had the hand examined at Bellevue hospital. A physician pronounced the injury not serious, but prescribed great care and a rest until the wound has healed completely.

NEW YORK'S BIG MEET.

New York, May 25.—The intercollegiate meet in this city, May 25 and 26, will be the greatest on record in point of numbers, and also in the unusual number of record holders who will enter. The presence of the team of the University of California will also add to the interest of the sport and make the games more of a national affair than before. The University of Pennsylvania has, by reason of her great team of world-beaters, been considered an easy winner of the meeting. Recent performances, however, by some of Pennsylvania's rivals have led to the prediction that the Quakers may lose many of the points that a month ago were conceded to them.

In the intercollegiate meeting of 1899 Pennsylvania won 57 of the 143 points in the thirteen events. Harvard won second place by taking 28 points; Yale was third with 22½ points; Princeton fourth with 11 points; Syracuse fifth with 10 points. Cornell and Columbia each took 5 points, Williams 3, Georgetown 1, and Harvard half a point.

LEAGUE BALL RECRDS.

Records of the league players, compiled for the first month's work of the season, show some statistics calculated to amuse and possibly amaze the fans, while some of the mysteries which have so far attended the progress of the campaign may be elucidated by the handy tables.

Hans Wagner, the hardy slugger of the Pittsburgs, leads the whole tribe in batting, with a percentage of .488. Napoleon Lajoie ranks second and Flick third, while old Jake Beckley, who is batting at a terrific streak, ranks fourth, 24 points ahead of the dreadful Delehanty, last year's leader. An old feature is the fact that four members of the Cincinnati team—Peitz, Crawford, Barrett and Irwin—are bunched together with but a few points from man to man. So far of those who have played 10 games or more there are 10 batting .300, .400 or better and 25 hitting above .300. The joke of the lot seems to be the batting average of Fred Clarke, who has achieved a percentage of .133 since the cares of management began to weigh him down.

Jack Doyle leads the bunch in base running, and Thomas has scored more runs than any other player.

Old Jim McGuire leads the catchers in field work, and Dick Cooley tops the first basemen. La Jole holds the banner at second, and the great shortstop, and outfield glories are divided between Donovan and Wagner.

Cincinnati has a team batting average of .332, ranking second, the Quakers leading with .365. The Reds are sixth in team fielding, with .920—an odd reversal of form from the light-hitting, clean fielding Cincinnati teams of bygone years. Philadelphia leads the crowd in long hits, and Brooklyn and New York are tied for the lead in double plays, the Reds being just behind. The greatest of the latter, not only in the percentage column, but in the matter of extra base drives, is Hans Wagner, Beckley showing best for Allen's men. Bernhardt the Philadelphia pitcher, appears to have a mortgage on the pitching laurels for some time to come.

BOSTON'S POOR SHOWING.

Boston, May 25.—The awful slump of the Boston team has been the talk of the baseball world up to date.

College engagements have done much to throw the team out out of its stride. A refusal to go South for necessary training resulted in the club having on hand a lot of pitchers wholly unfit for a hard league game, and by extra exertion at the start at least two of the best pitchers of the list went wrong, putting work on the other men that they were not capable of doing. Even with these drawbacks a little generalship would have helped the team to a much better standing.

CORBETT REFUSES TO POSE.

New York, May 25.—Pictures of the Corbett-Jeffries fight at Coney Island ten days ago, which were to have been taken at Tuckahoe, with Corbett and a man made up to represent Jeffries, failed to materialize. Corbett himself put a quietus to the affair by declining to participate on the ground he did not think it proper to identify himself with any deal of the kind, even though he might have no further interest in it than to give a repetition of his end of the fight for the offer of money that was made to him.

When the proposition was first made to Corbett he was inclined to be against it, but such a handsome money offer was coupled with the proposition he consented. After he found William A. Brady, manager of Jeffries, was of the opinion it would be highly illegitimate to take part in anything of the kind with a made-up "Jeffries" Corbett says he thought his reputation would be in a good deal better shape if he were not a party to the matter. Accordingly he so notified the moving picture concern and the contract was broken.

CARTER AND JEVNE.

Chicago, May 25.—After a week of wrangling back and forth Eugene Carter and Lloyd Jevne have been matched to play for the three-cushion carom billiard championship of America. Carter is the present holder of the title and was challenged some time ago to play Jevne, who posted a forfeit in support of his defy. Waiting ten days and getting no response, Jevne decided to claim the emblem, which he did. At the same time Carter decided to play the game and covered Jevne's money before it was taken down, although Jevne had announced his intention.

Under the terms of the agreement as signed the men are to meet at Green & Catton's academy Friday, June 8, and play 100 points at three cushions for $250 a side and the emblem, which goes with the title now held by Carter. The latter is at present sick in bed with throat trouble and may not be able to play at the time stated, but that is provided for in the articles of agreement. Jevne has plenty of backing, and the match is apt to be one of the best betting affairs seen in this city in a long time.

JEFFRIES-SHARKEY.

New York, May 25.—Jim Jeffries and Tom Sharkey were matched yesterday to fight on Aug. 25 before the club offering the best purse. If Sharkey loses to McCoy on June 25 or to Ruhlin on July 16, the fight with Jeffries will be off and Jeffries will offer to meet Sharkey's conqueror. For the Jeffries-Sharkey fight Al Smith was agreed upon as stakeholder and Charley White as referee. The conditions will be the same as in the Jeffries-Corbett contest.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Chicago, 8; Cleveland, 3.
At Buffalo—Buffalo, 9; Kansas City, 6.
At Indianapolis—Minneapolis, 6; Indianapolis, 2.
At Detroit—Detroit, 9; Milwaukee, 2.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburg—Pittsburg, 5; Brooklyn, 4.
At Cincinnati—Boston, 7; Cincinnati, 2.
At St. Louis—St. Louis, 10; Philadelphia, 5.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Indianapolis	25	17	8	.680
Milwaukee	27	16	11	.593
Chicago	29	16	13	.552
Cleveland	26	13	13	.500
Minneapolis	30	14	16	.467
Kansas City	30	13	17	.433
Buffalo	26	11	15	.423
Detroit	27	10	17	.370

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia	26	17	9	.653
Brooklyn	27	16	11	.593
Chicago	28	16	12	.571
St. Louis	27	15	12	.556
Pittsburg	29	16	13	.552
Cincinnati	26	11	15	.423
New York	25	8	17	.320
Boston	24	7	17	.292

DINED THE ENVOYS.

Washington, May 25.—Representative William Alden Smith of Michigan gave a dinner last night at the Hotel Gordon to the Boer commissioners. The guests of honor were Messrs. Fischer, Wessels and Wolmarans, and DeBruyn, the secretary. Among the others present were Senators Burrows, Quarles, Gallinger and Pritchard, Representatives Hitt, Cooper (Wis.), Fowler, Clarke, Foss, S. W. Smith, Corliss, Weeks, Grosvenor, Fordney, Hopkins, Hill, Littlefield, Heatwole, McCleary, Wright, Hawley, Crumpacker, Sheldon, Sperry, Meer, Hamilton, Watson and Messrs P. L. Wessels, a brother of one of the commissioners; Van Der Hoght, one of Baltimore's, and Webster Davis, Glick, Dunn, Hosford and Charles, of Washington.

Monarch over pain, Burns, cuts, sprains, stings, Instant relief. Dr. Thomas Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

'FRISCO'S PLAGUE FIGHT.

No Bad Results From the Anti-Plague Serum.

Washington, May 25.—The surgeon general of the marine hospital service yesterday received a report from Surgeon Kinyoun, at San Francisco, in which he states that the use of the anti-plague serum among the Chinese has not been compulsory, but that the opportunity has been extended them to use it. The city health authorities have entire charge of the inoculation. No bad results, Dr. Kinyoun says, have been reported by the board of health in connection with the use of the anti-plague serum. Two cases were reported where those inoculated had a slight fever on the following day. The state board of health of California has commended the city board of health of San Francisco for the manner in which they have been acting. The federal, state and local health authorities, the dispatch says, are working in entire harmony. No mention is made of any anticipated trouble with the Chinese residents. There were no deaths from the plague to report.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

DR. PIERCE
Room 1, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.
Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.
Leading Specialist for the cure of Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.
Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.
Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles, or any diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark, torbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free. If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicines sent anywhere by mail or express. Charles moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

BIDS.

Bids will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, June 4, at the office of village recorder for laying, covering and furnishing all material for a water works pipe. The pipe to be 6-inch cast iron, and the amount to be laid, some 1200 feet more or less. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or bond equal to the amount of bid. Bids to be at so much per lineal foot. The village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Office of JACOB STEIN,
Village Recorder.
Eveleth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald—May-21-1900-10t.

CANCER IS NOT INCURABLE

Time was when Cancer was considered as incurable as leprosy. Physicians and friends could give little relief or encouragement to one afflicted with this terrible disease. Even now doctors know of no remedy for this fearful malady; while admitting it to be a blood disease, they still insist that there is no hope outside of a surgical operation, and advise you to have the Cancer cut out, but at the same time cannot assure you that it will not return. You may cut or draw out the sore, but another will come in its place, for the disease is in the blood—is deep-seated and destructive, and beyond the reach of the surgeon's knife or caustic, flesh-destroying plasters. The blood must be purified and strengthened, the system relieved of all poisonous, effete matter before the Cancer sore will heal.

S. S. S. is the only medicine that can overcome this powerful and contaminating poison and force it out of the blood. It builds up and invigorates the old, and supplies new, rich, life-giving blood. S. S. S. is a purely vegetable remedy; no mineral can be found in it; the roots and herbs from which it is made contain powerful purifying properties that act directly upon the blood system and make a safe and permanent cure of Cancer. It has cured thousands, why not you?

Cancer is not always inherited; your family may be free from any taint, yet your blood may become so polluted that a severe and stubborn form of the disease may develop from a sore or ulcer on your tongue or other part of your body; a slight bruise or hurt, a little pimple on the eyelid, lip or nose, a small lump on the jaw or breast, a harmless looking wart or mole, and other causes so insignificant as to attract little or no attention. If you have an obstinate sore, don't rely upon salves or ointments to cure it—begin with S. S. S. at once; it will cleanse your blood and prevent the formation of cancerous cells.

Impure Blood Invites Disease.

Mrs. R. Shirer, La Plata, Mo., writes: "A small pimple came on my jaw about one inch below the ear on the left side of my face. At first it gave me no trouble, and I did not think it was anything serious until the jaw began to swell and became much inflamed. At the same time the sore began to spread and eat into the flesh, and gave me intense pain. I tried everything I could hear of, but nothing did me any good. I then began the use of S. S. S., and after taking several bottles the Cancer healed, and there is now no sign of the disease. This was two years ago, and I am still enjoying perfect health."

SSS

Send for our special book on Cancer; it contains much information that will interest you; it is free.

Write our physicians about your case, and for any advice or information wanted; they have made a life study of Cancer and all blood diseases. We make no charge whatever for this.

Address, THE SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

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Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of two thousand one hundred and eighty-one and 75-100 ($2181.75) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Laura A. McIntyre, single mortgagor, to Edwin C. Bissell, mortgagee, bearing date the fifth day of September, 1893, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the ninth day of September, 1893, at 8:30 o'clock a. m., in Book 92 of mortgages, on page 292; and default has also been made in the payment of taxes and the undersigned has paid since the execution and delivery of said mortgage for taxes upon the hereinafter described mortgaged premises the sum of eighty and 08-100 dollars ($80.08); Whereas, after the execution and delivery of said mortgage, at the county of Cook, in the state of Illinois, said Edwin C. Bissell died leaving a last will and testament, in which he made the undersigned, Emily P. Bissell, executrix thereof, and said will was thereafter duly probated in said county of Cook, state of Illinois, and the said executrix duly qualified as such and letters testamentary were duly issued out of the probate court of said county of Cook to said executrix; and

Whereas, a duly authenticated copy of said letters testamentary was on the 18th day of April, 1900, at 11:05 a. m. duly filed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, in Book 1 of Miscellaneous, on page 575; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot three (3), block twenty-eight (28), First Division of West Duluth, Minnesota, according to the recorded plat thereof, in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 2nd day of June, 1900, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash, to pay said mortgage debt and the said sum of $80.08 paid for taxes upon said property as aforesaid, and interest, and the taxes, if any, on said premises and twenty-five (25) dollars, attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 18th, A. D. 1900.

EMILY P. BISSELL,
As Executrix of the estate of Edwin C. Bissell, deceased, Mortgagee.
CRASSWELLER & CRASSWELLER,
Attorneys for said Executrix.
Duluth Evening Herald, April-20-27-May-4-11-18-25-1900.

MORTGAGE FORECLOSURE SALE.—Default has been made in the payment of the sum of nineteen hundred and four and 35-100 ($1904.35) dollars, which is claimed to be due and is due at the date of this notice upon a certain mortgage duly executed and delivered by Edward H. Caulkins and Inez A. Caulkins, his wife, mortgagors, to Edwin C. Bissell, mortgagee, bearing date the tenth day of September, 1892, and with a power of sale therein contained, duly recorded in the office of the register of deeds in and for the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, on the 13th day of September, 1892, at two o'clock p. m., in Book 113 of mortgages, on page 5; and default has also been made in the payment of taxes, and the undersigned has paid since the execution and delivery of said mortgage for taxes upon the hereinafter described mortgaged premises the sum of one hundred and four and 83-100 dollars ($104.83); and

Whereas, after the execution and delivery of said mortgage, at the county of Cook, in the state of Illinois, said Edwin C. Bissell died leaving a last will and testament, in which he made the undersigned, Emily P. Bissell, executrix thereof, and said will was thereafter duly probated in said county of Cook, state of Illinois, and the said executrix duly qualified as such and letters testamentary were duly issued out of the probate court of said county of Cook to said executrix; and

Whereas, a duly authenticated copy of said letters testamentary was on the 18th day of April, 1900, at 11:05 a. m. duly filed and recorded in the office of the register of deeds of St. Louis County, Minnesota, in Book 1 of Miscellaneous, on page 578; and no action or proceeding having been instituted, at law or otherwise, to recover the debt secured by said mortgage, or any part thereof.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and pursuant to the statute in such case made and provided, the said mortgage will be foreclosed by a sale of the premises described in and conveyed by said mortgage, viz: Lot number five (5), in block number seventy (70), in the village of Oneota, now a part of West Duluth, according to the recorded plat thereof; subject to the right-of-way over the southerly seventeen feet of said lot, which right-of-way belongs to the successors of the Lake Superior and Mississippi Railroad Company; said lot being situated in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, with the hereditaments and appurtenances; which sale will be made by the sheriff of said St. Louis County at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county and state, on the 2nd day of June, 1900, at ten o'clock a. m. of that day, at public vendue, to the highest bidder for cash to pay said mortgage debt and the said sum of $104.83 paid by the undersigned for taxes upon said property as aforesaid and interest, and the taxes, if any, upon said premises and twenty-five (25) dollars attorneys' fees, as stipulated in and by said mortgage in case of foreclosure, and the disbursements allowed by law; subject to redemption at any time within one year from the day of sale, as provided by law.

Dated April 18th, A. D. 1900.

EMILY P. BISSELL,
As Executrix of the estate of Edwin C. Bissell, deceased, Mortgagee.
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Duluth Evening Herald, April-20-27-May-4-11-18-25-1900.

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time) May 25.—Light showers have fallen over Manitoba, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan, Southern Montana and Eastern South Dakota, with a thunderstorm at Huron. Warmer weather prevails in the Red River valley, Nebraska, Kansas and Tennessee, and it is cooler in Rocky Mountain districts. The barometer is high in the lake region, Wyoming and Montana, and low over Manitoba. Fair weather prevails in the lake region, with light and rather variable winds, southerly and easterly over Lake Superior.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Bismarck	56	Memphis	64
Calgary	32	Miles City	46
Chicago	52	Milwaukee	54
Davenport	60	Minnedosa	52
Denver	48	Moorhead	64
Detroit	60	North Platte	58
Dodge City	60	Oklahoma	64
Duluth	48	Omaha	64
Edmonton	56	Port Arthur	42
Escanaba	50	Prince Albert	46
Green Bay	52	Qu' Appelle	46
Havre	38	Rapid City	48
Helena	38	Shreveport	66
Huron	64	St. Louis	64
Kamloops	44	St. Paul	60
Kansas City	64	Sault Ste. Marie	48
La Crosse	54	Swift Current	42
Lander	38	Williston	50
Marquette	56	Winnipeg	56

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Probably cloudy Saturday; light to fresh easterly and southerly winds.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 25.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Fair tonight; Saturday partly cloudy. Minnesota—Partly cloudy tonight and Saturday with showers north portion tonight; cooler northwest portion tonight. Upper lakes—Variable winds, mostly easterly; generally fair weather.

The Black Sheep In a White Flock.

The Boston Globe says that the postoffice steal at Havana, while scandalous in itself, should serve to draw public attention to the fact that nowhere under the Stars and Stripes is strict honesty more prevalent than in the postal service of the United States. Within a week a paragraph has gone the rounds of the newspaper press describing how ten $1000 bills were committed to the mails by a business man in the ordinary course of business. They reached their destination in safety. Every time you enclose quarters or dollars in a letter you put your trust in the clerk and the carrier. Seldom, comparatively, is such confidence betrayed. Honesty in the department must be the result of good character rather than of fear of detection. A few score inspectors, watch as sharply and as diligently as they may, cannot cover completely 70,000 postoffices and hundreds of thousands of miles of post routes. The safety of the mails in this country is simply marvelous. Some 17,000,000 pieces of registered mail matter, estimated value $500,000,000, are handled annually, and the net loss is not above 1-1000 of 1 per cent. When John Wanamaker was postmaster general he estimated that there were carried in the mails 1,854,667,302 ordinary letters per annum, and that the value of the ordinary letter mail of the United States for one year was $467,376,286,10. Yet, Mr. Wanamaker added: "The total supposed losses of ordinary mail throughout the United States amounted in twelve months past to 51,745 pieces. Of these 20,300, or 40 per cent were packages, the remaining 60 per cent being letters. The total losses ascertained to be due to carelessness or depredation of postal employes numbered 23,986, of which 60 per cent would be 14,391. Assuming the average value to be 25 cents, the total ascertained loss of ordinary letters chargeable to the postal service would be $3598, or 77-10,000 of 1 per cent."

Woman's Clubs of America and of England.

The Westminster Review contains an article on the women's clubs of England, and in Frank Leslie's Monthly there is an article by Jennie June Croly on the women's clubs in this country. Read together, they illustrate in a striking manner the well-marked difference between the American and the English ideas. Co-operation of women for reform purposes is what American women seem to be striving for, while in England the women's clubs are maintained mainly for social pleasure and the convenience of their members. There are said to be 500,000 club women in the United States, of whom 95 per cent are married. The federation idea started in 1868, and four years later included nearly 500 clubs. There are now thirty-four states so federated. Forty years ago, Mrs. Croly says, there were no secular organizations of woman, no colleges for women, and few collegiate schools to which they might hope to be admitted. They had no property rights, even in their own earnings, and no legal control over their own children. It is only thirty years since women of many states have been granted the right to control property and earnings. The women's clubs have been largely devoted to seeking such reforms and to the pursuit of educational and intellectual progressive movements. The objects of club women, on the other hand, in England have been less aggressive. Mrs. Hawksley says. In London and in such English towns as have followed its lead the club is regarded more as an ideal refuge from domestic ills. The club house is an essential part of such organizations. Here luncheons and dinners may be given with no personal inconvenience, no worry ove rthe incompetency of the cook, and without the responsibilities and restraints that go with the playing of hostess under one's own roof. There is more of the home feeling than can be had at a hotel or restaurant, yet acquaintances may be "kept at the proper distance," and a woman can move with perfect independence among her friends or friendly acquaintances. These are some of the claims Mrs. Hawksley makes for the English style of women's club. She regards it as a place where pleasure and instruction may go hand in hand, "the rendezvous of chosen intimates, the arena of discussion and outspoken theory, the place where opinions are formulated if not formed, self-realized if not created."

NOT "HIGH" ENOUGH.

A strange ecclesiastical suit has come before the courts in an Eastern city. An Episcopal church is being sued because it is not sufficiently "high church." It appears that a certain person left money to this church with the provision that the services should come up to a certain standard of churchmanship. While the minister is doing his level best to whip up the convictions of his people to the standard of the high-church policy, he has failed, it is claimed, to get as much ritualism into the service and the responses of his flock as the money calls for.

As the Boston Transcript says, it will be very interesting to find out who is to blame in such a peculiar case. The rector has solicitiously "turned" on all the ritual within his knowledge, and the people declare they have taken all they can digest. As no canon of the church tells just where high-churchmanship begins and broad-churchmanship ends, it will be very edifying if the secular court will throw some light upon this vexed question. Never before has such a case as this come up for litigation. The nearest thing to it are the familiar complaints that the minister has been too ritualistic, and many have been the trials in England along this line.

Mr. Kensit, who has been troubling the waters of the English church with his open objections against ritualism, will certainly turn pale at this American innovation of using the courts to try a minister or church for falling below the ritualistic notch. He has always been using the courts for the other side. However this present case may be settled, its decision will be a valuable contribution to the ritualistic controversy in this country. When secular courts can determine the degrees of ritualism necessary to fulfil the conditions of this legacy, they will be materially aiding the Episcopal church in a matter which she has never been able to settle by her own legislation. Episcopalians all over the country will await the decision of the courts with interest.

HOME CANALS.

There is considerable force in the contention by the Wausen, Ohio, Reublican, that the money which some members of congress are proposing to appropriate for the digging of the Nicaragua canal might be more profitably expended on home canals that would benefit a much larger number of the people of the United States than would the Nicaraguan project. The Republican says: "Senator Morgan of Alabama will, if he serves through another term, be 83 years old. From his advocacy of a certain unconstitutional foreign project, in which several hundred millions of Uncle Sam's money will be spent unnecessarily, it might be inferred he was in his dotage. Hepburn (Republican) of Iowa and some other reckless legislators, like Morgan, do not seem to understand that the money they propose expending on the foreign job is greatly needed at home."

Commenting on the above extract, which correctly represents the views of a very large number of people, a reader of the Republican points out the fact that the Panama canal, on which there are over 3000 laborers at work constructing it, is nearly half completed and will be built without aid from this government renders any expenditure of Uncle Sam's money on the Nicaragua canal uncalled for. As two canals would, as the Scientific American truly says, bankrupt both canals, the 4,000,000 tonnage which it is estimated the canals would accommodate would scarcely sustain one canal. The fact that the 60,000,000 tonnage of the great lakes is unable to reach the seaboard except by the Canadian canals indicates that this country, the wealthiest on the globe, is remiss in this matter. Not only would deep waterways vastly cheapen the cost of transportation, but in the event of war the coast vessels could be available for the lakes and the lake vessels could be also used on the seaboard. The money which it is proposed to appropriate on the Nicaragua canal would construct two deep waterways, one from the east end of Lake Erie to the Hudson river, and also deepen the canal from the west end of Lake Erie to the Ohio river and improve the navigation of the river, thus providing a deep waterway to the gulf of Mexico.

THE SATURDAY HERALD.

Many special articles, handsomely illustrated, will add to the attractive features of The Saturday Herald tomorrow.

Here is a list of some of the interesting articles that will be presented:

The United States has never before had to exert itself to induce emigration to its territory. But now Senator Knute Nelson thinks that Alaska could be made to blossom like a rose if we persuade Finns and Laps to settle there. He has good reasons for thinking so, which he tells in his interesting article written specially for The Herald.

First thing you know there will not be any more song birds. That is what Congressman Amos J. Cummings has concluded; so he is urging congress to pass a bill looking to their preservation. He writes of his observations which led him to champion the cause of the birds.

New York is inclined to feel proud of the wonderful tunnel she is about to build. It will be a big thing, and $35,000,000 will be spent before it is completed. But London has a complex system of underground railways, and she is not crowing a mite. An illustrated article tells fascinating things about the underground life in both cities.

This is the era of record breaking. J. Pinckney Adams, the Yale man who broke the half mile running record, is a wonder in his line. He tells of his feat and of his surprise when he won.

There is a woman in Montana who is a successful mining speculator. That is queer, is it not? Added to that, she is a lawyer and a politician, and is successful in all branches. Of course, such a woman has ideas worth recording, and The Herald's readers have the privilege of perusing them.

May a woman properly ride astride a horse? Yes, she may, without a shock to the veriest prude, and with infinite comfort to herself. This decision was arrived at after numberless conversations with women riders and with physicians, and it is authoritative.

Then there are the fashion articles, exquisitely illustrated, and abounding in interest for the fair sex. The newest creations from Europe's centers of fashion, with lucid explanations of their bewildering beauties.

WHY A LARGE ARMY?

If it be true, as Gen. Otis reported some months ago and the administration at Washington affirmed, the war in the Philippines is over and only a few bandits are roaming over the island of Luzon, why should a large army be maintained at the expense of the American people? There are 66,000 American soldiers in the Philippines now, and some of the administration organs are asserting that it is unfortunate that the present congress, through fear of unfavorable criticism, dare not pass the army bill at this session, continuing the present strength of 105,478 of the standing army beyond July, 1901, the time limited by law. They further assure the public that congress at the short session will undoubtedly pass an act extending the time, and possibly increasing the force. Yet we have been told that the war was gloriously ended months ago.

It is fortunate that fear of public criticism and of the oppositon of the people to a large standing army prevents the Republican majority from passing the bill at this session of congress. It can be talked to death in the senate at the short session, and this would probably be done if the elections show a Democratic majority in the next house of representatives. What need has the administration, if the war in the Philippines is over, of an army of 66,000 men there, for whose support the whole American nation is forced every day to cancel war revenue stamps? There is no need of such a large force at home, and a small standing army is all we need. It is natural that the army officers should favor the indefinite prolongation of the present strength of the army, because they are personally interested, but the people think they can get along very well with less soldiers, and they are tired of supporting a great army for the sole benefit of those who hope to profit by colonialism.

When the strike and lockout in the building trades at Chicago began fifteen weeks ago the labor unions involved had a membership of 36,000. Of this number over 9000 have left the city to obtain work and homes elsewhere, and 2000 of the 9000 have taken their families with them. Others are leaving daily. On Saturday three trainloads of them went away. To this number are to be added some 3000 men engaged in manufacturing building material, who were thrown out of work by the strike and have moved away. Nearly 10,000 idle union men are being supported from the treasuries of the union. The trade of the city in all lines has been seriously affected by the trouble. But neither the contractors nor the employes show any signs of giving in, and the devastating warfare promises to continue indefinitely. Enforced arbitration seems to be needed in this country as well as in New Zealand.

A new qualification is said to have arisen in connection with the Republican vice presidential nomination. The nominee must be a man in good health. Friends of the president say there is no cause for alarm, but intimate that he has weakness of the heart from over-indulgence in tobacco, and that it will be well to keep in mind the possibilities when choosing a man who is to stand first in the order of succession. It is always well to name a vice president capable of filling the presidency, but President McKinley's health appears to be firm.

The Springfield Republican says: "Our death rate in the Philippines has passed the 2000 mark. Only 2000; only two regiments wiped out, with as many more wounded, and thousands more broken down by disease and the debilitations of the climate, from which they will never fully recover. But this is only a beginning. The death list is rising daily at quite as high a rate as ever.

The bill to provide a commission for studying trade possibilities in the far East should be entitled a bill to give ex-Minister oJhn Barrett a public salary in return for his services to the administration in supporting criminal aggression in the Philippines. Renewed efforts are being made to pass it through congress, yet it is nothing but a steal for an administration grafter.

The Des Moines News says: "If both Democrats and Republicans keep pounding away at Towne he will probably be nominated for the enemies he has made." And there was a man once elected president largely on that account.

Secretary Long might as well abandon all hope of being vice president. In a speech in Boston he said: "Today there is no poet in America." With the vote of the poets against him Mr. Long wouldn't have a ghost of a show.

The decision of the house that congress shall adjourn on June 6 has been received throughout the country with applause. The people are always glad when congress adjourns. They fell less nervous.

The war is over in the Philippines according to Otis and other officers, but there are "ambuscades" and "attacks" reported almost daily and the slaughter of the natives continues.

Mr. Taylor's cowardice in running away from Kentucky to escape arrest under an indictment will not commend him to the voters if he becomes the Republican candidate for governor again.

It is evident that they know how to raise money in Kansas City. They got $50 for the new auditorium out of Henry Irving who played an engagement there.

It is announced that Mark Hanna has paid the last of his political debts. Let us hope that none will turn out worse than Rathbone and Neely.

And the newspapers have their heroes as well as the armies have. Twenty-one war correspondents have been killed in South Africa.

The Topeka State Journal suggests that perhaps there is something in the Cuban atmosphere which causes people to steal.

The story that Kruger had sued humbly for peace was promptly denied. Nobody outside of Great Britain believed it.

Quay's announcement that he will try again for the senate means that the plum crop is looking well.

Mrs. Dewey is said to have chnaged her political views. As a lightning change artist she has few rivals.

The charge is made that a well has been stolen by some Superior people. Well, well, well!

Perhaps the Hanna-McKinley officials in Cuba are kleptomaniacs.

"Anti-imperialism" is only another name for Americanism.

SUCCESS OR SUICIDE?

New York World (Ind.): Events are so plainly making for Democratic success this year that apparently only the wilful choice of a second campaign of suicide can prevent that party's triumph in the election.

Look at the situation:

A conspiracy for looting the postal revenues of Cuba by the chosen agents of the administration—the greatest scandal since the star-route frauds—is disclosed within less then a month after Porto Rico was put under a vice-regent of McKinley, "outside the constitution."

The Philippine war is no nearer an end than it was a year ago. There have been more losses of American soldiers and property and greater slaughter of the natives since March 1 than in any previous equal period of the war of subjugation. Another rainy season is approaching, with the natives everywhere implacably hostile.

McKinley's policy of militarism has increased the standing army threefold and trebled the cost of the navy.

Not a single war tax has been abated or will be by this congress. The Republicans must go into the campaign exposed to the charge of maintaining taxation for a surplus and protection for trusts.

Organized monopoly has increased manyfold since McKinley was inaugurated, and his party has done nothing to prevent or punish its criminal exactions.

By adopting England's imperial policy and refusing even a word of sympathy with the Boer republics that are fighting for freedom and independence, the administration has alienated large bodies of voters.

As Dr. William Everett, a representative reformer, says, the president "has allowed the war office to be dragged through the mire of nepotism and jobbery, and given the merit system the heaviest blows, to the encouragement of the spoilsmen, that have been dealt since Garfield's murder."

With all these issues and advantages in their favor, what is the program which the controlling Democratic leaders have in mind?

To drag to the front again the dead and four times condemned fallacy of 16 to 1, which even success at the polls could not establish.

To shout the shibboleth of a calamity campaign in a year of abounding prosperity.

To cry for "more money," when in the last four years our money supply has increased fully $500,000,000.

To talk of low prices and inability to pay debts, when prices have advanced along the whole line and mortgages have been discharged by the carload—in good money.

Is this rational? Is it right? Is it even fanaticism that can be respected?

With the integrity of republican institutions involved in the election—with the constitution set aside and the Declaration of Independence repudiated—the Democrats ought to win on the issues of imperialism, militarism and monopoly. When to these are added the scandals and failures of the administration, the chance is greatly improved.

The campaign cry, "Turn the rascals out!" is as natural, and should be as effective, as it was in 1876 or 1884.

Jolly Old Bachelor Girls.

They're as free as the breezes that saucily kiss
Their faces so sweetly mature,
They're proud of the maidenly title of "Miss,"
And laugh at the woes they endure.
Their hair may be frizzed in the up-to-date way
Or corkscrewed in old-fashioned curls,
Yet all are as fresh as the flowers of May—
The jolly old bachelor girls.

The follies of youth are to them but a dream
To laugh at—a dream of the past,
The giddy young maidens they scornfully deem
As too inexcusably fast.
They've outlived the era of maidenly shams,
And now as pure, beautiful pearls,
Wear graces more soft than the glittering gems—
The jolly old bachelor girls.

The nonsense that falls from the lips of the men
They take for just what it is worth;
An oasis to them is the bachelor den
In the great dreary desert of earth.
They look with a calm philosophical eye
On life with its eddies and whirls,
Yet hope for a heavenly change by and by,
The jolly old bachelor girls.

Here's luck to the frisky old dears, every one!
They're mighty good fellows to meet;
They're full of philosophy, logic and fun,
Are sensible, wise and discreet.
Though they may have lived through a pair of decades
They are sweet womanly pearls,
And yet demnably scarce are the sour-faced old maids
In the ranks of the bachelor girls.

—Denver Post.

ON TO PRETORIA.

Philadelphia Times: Considering the part the censor played in the Transvaal war, when the final review of the army takes place the telegraph batteries should not be overlooked.

St. Louis Republic: England's war office is urging the organization of national rifle clubs for defense against invasion. The early American minute man and Boer sharpshooter supplied the foundation for this valuable idea.

Kansas City Star: While the British press is complaining bitterly about American sympathy with the Boers, there appears to be enough Boer sympathizers at home to have a riot and to call out the militia. The people of England seem to divide on much the same lines as the Americans. During the civil war there were Englishmen who sided with the North and others with the South. During the Spanish war there was a similar condition of affairs. Certain Englishmen denounced America as strongly as others urged it on. Yet there are Englishmen who expect unanimous sentiment against the Boers in the United States.

Philadelphia Record: London jubilations over the relief of Mafeking seem to the stranger who is uninfected with the excitement to be out of all proportion to the importance of the event. The opinion of mankind that the English are exceptionally cool-headed and reserved will have to be revised if they shall caper all over their streets like so many Jean Crapauds whenever their army may meet with a trifling success. In truth, however, the furore of joy in London should be regarded as the reaction from the depths of despondency into which the English had been cast by the many reverses suffered by their soldiers at the hands of bands of undisciplined Dutch farmers. Their present exultation gives one an idea of the depth of the gloom that had formerly prevailed in London.

CLARK'S COLD DECK.

Chicago Times-Herald: The next time the governor of Montana goes away from home he will probably lock his desk and take the key with him.

St. Louis Globe-Democrat: The imaginative reporter who heard the tears in Senator Clark's voice when he read his resignation must have failed to catch the laugh in his sleeve.

Baltimore American: The remarks of the governor of Montana to the lieutenant governor of Montana will not be in any way similar to the conversation between the governors of North and South Carolina.

Philadelphia Press: Mr. Clark played a sharp game, but one which the senate is not likely to approve of when played against itself. He will not be admitted, but probably his latest title will not be passed upon by the senate on its merits.

Springfield Republican: Mr. Clark, of Montana, is slick in the same sense and from the same standpoint as the bunco man who was asked by the judge why he went about defrauding people. "What do you suppose I have more brains than other people for," he answered, "if not to use them?" Why should Clark be smarter than Daly if not to get the better of him?

Philadelphia Record: It is mainly the fault of the senators themselves that me nof the Clark stamp hold the senate men of the Clark stamp hold the senate sufficiently regardful of its honor and prestige as the most dignified legislative body in the world, and it has thus indirectly encouraged practical politicians in their endeavors to break into its membership with the assistance of those means and methods with which they are most familiar.

Washington Star: This scandalous result of the Montana bribery frauds is but an additional argument in behalf of a change in the mode of electing senators. How much longer will the senate of the United States submit to such treatment? Will it indefinitely continue to permit itself to be approached by corruptionists, bosses, legislature manipulators, deadlockers, governors' proteges and dummies, in the hope of securing seats in the most honorable legislative body in the world, or will it consent to the only certain course to cure these evils and adjust the elections machinery of the republic to the times?

POINTED REMARKS.

Baltimore American—Eminent statesman—I must confess that I do not know what to do to save the country.

Wise politician—Better wait a month and let the sweet girl graduates tell you.

-:—:-

Somerville Journal: When a man calls another man a fraud, the other man gets mad. But when a pretty girl says to him: "Oh, you fraud!" he usually rather likes it.

-:—:-

Chicago Tribune: "Isn't that Congressman Greenplum, who was elected two years ago on the strength of his being a horny-handed son of toil?"

"Yes. That's a manicure establishment you saw him coming out of just now."

-:—:-

Detroit Journal: "To be sure, our journal is a woman's journal, but others besides women take it."

"Yes."

"Yes; for example, here is a letter signed 'Old Subscriber.'"

-:—:-

Pittsburg Chronicle: "The race is not always to the swift," quoted Mr. Shadyside.

"True," added Mr. Northside; "a Philadelphia man was elected moderator of the Presbyterian assembly."

-:—:-

Indianapolis Journal: "What did that Cuban say about the Havana postoffice embezzlement?"

"He said it looked as if our boasted American civilization couldn't stand the relaxing wear and tear of a hot climate."

-:—:-

Indianapolis Journal: "She's such a gossip."

"Hears everything, does she?"

"Oh, no, just the inventive kind, you know."

-:—:-

Puck: Jimmy—Scientists predict dat in 2,000,000 years dis world will be nuthin' but a vast ball of ice!

Johnny—Dem scientists is foxy! Yer notice dey never predict nuthin' on a dog fight or a prize fight er a election; it's allus suthin' yer can't nail 'em wid a bet on!

-:—:-

Boston Transcript: Writer—But you promised me the regular rates. There were over 2000 words in that article.

Publisher—Yes, I know; but there were so many words repeated again and again. There is the word "and," for instance, occurring in the first page no less than seventy-five times.

COMPULSORY ARBITRATION.

Denver Post: Present methods of reconciling differences between capital and labor are not in accord with an advanced state of civilization. They are crude in the extreme. They are also brutal and clumsy and in no way calculated to accomplish and exact justice to all. Differences have existed ever since capital and labor became necessary to each other, and they will continue to exiest as long as the present economic system is maintained. But for their adjustment other and better means must be adopted than those now in vogue. When differences spring up between nations they go to war and the weaker of the two becomes the loser irrespective of the justice of the contentions. No one can cal lthat a settlement in accordance with right and justice. Such wars are therefore condemned by all fair-minded people, and in consequence there has been for years a demand for a better, juster and more humane method of adjusting such differences. As yet the advocates of compulsory arbitration are in the minority, but in time it seems inevitable that their views must prevail.

When differences arise between labor and capital a strike or a lockout is usually resorted to in order to bring one or the other of the contending parties to terms. It is the argument of force, which with nations is war. There is nothing fair or just in it. An argument based on might does not necessarily involve the triumph of the right. Certainly the principle is wrong. Invariably both parties are sufferers. While strikes and lockouts belong to the dark ages and are unworthy and degrading as weapons, the manner in which a strike is suppressed may be no less brutal, because of the absence of all justice and fairness. The injunction acts as a club in the hands of organized capital with which organized labor is stricken down and deprived of its only means of defense. A restraining order does not adjudicate. It does not aim to do justice or to declare who is right and who is wrong. It is too often the emanation of brutality clothed with judicial power and used in the interest of capital to strike down labor.

Such a proceeding is incompatible with enlightened civilization and the universal demand for exact justice to all. An injunction is no less brutal and disreputable because of its total lack of inherent justice than a strike or a lockout. It is incomprehensible, indeed, that at the dawn of the twentieth century the American nation should in this respect have returned to the dark ages, should still be without a means to do exact justice to all contending parties in disputes between labor and capital, and to adjudicate in a fair and peaceable manner, without resort to force and without injury to any involved interests, all such differences on the only correct basis of equal right and justice to all. Dispense with strikes, lockouts and injunctions, the brutal weapons of aggressive power, and place in their stead compulsory arbitration which will bring about in a fair-minded spirit equal and exact justice to all, without injury to any one. Both labor and capital are equally interested in terminating the present unsatisfactory conditions.

Honest and Able.

Wadena Tribune: That the administration of John Lind has been clean, honest and able is recognized all over the state. The people are eminently satisfied with Governor Lind's administration and they will re-elect him.

DULUTH'S GREAT DESTINY.

Booklet By a Buffalo Man on the City's Future.

J. Scott Milne, of Buffalo, who was a visitor to Duluth last summer, has written a small booklet on Duluth's great future of which he is an ardent believer, and has sent 1000 copies to Capt. R. T. Lewis, president of the chamber of commerce, for free distribution to the citizens of Duluth. Mr. Milne, in an introduction to the little volume addressed to Capt. Lewis, says of his visit here:

"To say that I was amazed at what I saw in both present appearance and future prospects of your city is putting it mildly indeed, for I felt that not one-half had been told by eminent writers whose articles I had read in newspapers, magazines, etc. In 1870 I stood on the prairie on which the greater part of Chicago now stands, and would have said the man was insane who would dare to predict the Chicago of 1900. But that city's marvelous growth shows the possibilities of this rapid age when quantity, cheapness and rapidity are the chief factors which enter into the prestige and greatness of city and country. And yet Chicago never had, nor ever will have one-half of the natural advantages which your location had bestowed upon it at the foundation of the earth. They are simply limitless, for here the Creator scattered His munificent gifts with a prodigal hand and made it possible to build your city upon a rock that would endure.

"Thirty years ago Chicago had no more population than Duluth has today, and what seemed the impossible growth of that city then, will be easily much more possible with yours. So I would predict that neither Liverpool nor Duluth will have to recede, for some day the 4000-mile post may be set in the center of your city, for, when facts shall have taken the place of predictions, it takes no prophetic eye to see Duluth's great destiny, and in the advancement of which, to the good people of your city, who so kindly entertained Mrs. Milne and myself while with you, I humbly dedicate these lines and donate this edition of 1000 copies."

The circulation of this little booklet, which is filled with facts and figures about Duluth's growth in business and in population and with information regarding the resources and development of the great Northwest, to which it is the gateway, will undoubtedly be the means of giving Duluth much valuable advertising and aid in creating here the large metropolis that Mr. Milne predicts.

AMUSEMENTS.

MURRAY AND MACK.

Murray and Mack returned to the Lyceum last evening, presenting their musical vaudeville farce entitled "Finnigan's Ball,' which amused some people and distressed others earlier in the season. It is not an ideal farce, by any means, depending as it does upon an inordinate amount of rushing through doors and uttering gags of various ages. The entertainment belongs to the farce period of ten years ago, but it still possesses sufficient attractiveness to warrant its popularity. Moreover, it has been improved some since its last presentation here. Murray and Mack are as funny as ever, but along the old lines. Kittie Beck (Mrs. Ollie Mack) is one of those babyish pink-and-white women who never accumulate age in looks or behavior, and her soubrette work is as easy and graceful as ever. Mayme Taylor handles her musical preliminaries in a catchy manner, and the Primrose quintette sings the same old songs. The improvement in the show is brought about by the introduction of the new work of the twin sisters Hale and that of Fannie Trumbull and Fred De Noe. The Hale sisters do acceptable team work in an odd bit of nigger nonsense, and Trumbull and De Noe introduce a new specialty in the way of rag-time in which there is a sparkle of originality and briskness. Gertrude Swiggette continues in her career of crime with the Sis Hopkins act. She ought to cut it out.

MONEY WELL SPENT.....

THE PRINCETON.

—OUR—

$15

Suits for Men

Not $20 or $25 Suits at $15. We never sell goods that way. Some claim to, but we are very careful not to make claims that we cannot fulfill. These $15 Suits are really better Suits for the money than you can buy elsewhere. Why? Because we have them made that way. We sell cheaper Suits as low as $6.50, the best that can be produced at the price, and finer Suits up to $25.00, the finest produced at any price.

Come and behold the largest, finest and most varied Shirt display that you ever laid eyes upon.

The first shipment of Straw Hats arrived today.

Floan, Leveroos & Co.
225-227 W. SUPERIOR ST.
CLOTHIERS, HATTERS AND FURNISHERS

Golf Club Matches.

The Northland Golf club begins its season tomorrow. The grounds at Thirty-ninth avenue east have been put in excellent condition, and the 9-hole course is said to be one of the best in the state. The club will undoubtedly have a prosperous season, as new members are constantly joining and the membership now is over eighty. The following draws have been made in the first of the foursome series:

Mrs. W. B. Silvey and T. W. Hoopes vs. Mrs. Woodrow and D. G. Cutler; Mrs. Clark Fagg and William Dalrymple vs. Miss Harvey and A. M. Miller, Jr.; Mrs. D. G. Cutler and Clark Fagg vs. Mrs. T. W. Hoopes and W. E. Richardson; Mrs. W. E. Richardson and C. D. Shepherd vs. Miss Simonds and E. P. Towne; Miss Moon and Ward Ames, Jr., vs. Mrs. G. G. Hartley and Worthington Telford; Mrs. W. J. Olcott and F. A. Patrick vs. Mrs. T. J. Munger and W. J. Olcott.

Through Train Chicago to Atlantic City.

On June 3 a train will leave Chicago Union station at 1:30 p. m. over Pennsylvania Short lines and run without change to Atlantic City, reaching that seashore terminal of the Pennsylvania system next afternoon. The train will be known as the Journal Special and will carry members of the American Medical association en route to the annual meeting at Atlantic City. Arrangements have been made by Assistant General Passenger Agent H. R. Dering, No. 248 South Clark street, Chicago, to give the party a pleasant trip.

Short Stories

By C. W. Ericson.

Novelties in clothes that critics applaud.

Business Suits For Summer.

SERGES
AND
WORSTEDS.

Good—$8, $10.
Better—$12, $12.50.
Best—$15, $18, $20.

When you pay over $15 for a Suit here, you are fixed for the dress circle.

C. W. Ericson

Reliable Clothier.

AMUSEMENTS.

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT!
"New York Vaudeville Stars."
Elegant program. Matinee Saturday at 2:30 p. m.

WANTS TO REACH IT

Hill Said to Be Preparing to Use Duluth-Superior Bridge.

IS BUYING PROPERTY

Reported at Superior That the Right-of-Way Is Being Secured.

Jim Hill is credited with a desire of securing a right-of-way across the whole water front of Superior, from the Duluth-Superior bridge to the East End, much the same as the St. Paul & Duluth has in this city, with a more limited mileage. The story is sprung by the Superior Telegram, and it is said to be the explanation of the deals now on foot by which water front property has been bought in large quantities. The Telegram says that it has been reported for some time that such a thing was on, but, within a few days there have been developments which confirm the story from several sources.

"There have recently been some tracts of land across the Nemadji rived picked up and good offers made for others, says the Telegram, and it is said that the right-of-way proposition and the trans-Nemadji purchases are instigated by the same source. The right-of-way will leave the bay front some distance this side of the Nemadji river, probably in the vicinity of Newton avenue, and from that point, crossing further south and then joining the Great Northern tracks back of Allouez. The company will, it is understood, put in yards and make extensive improvements in the vicinity of the East End.

"The Great Northern's Duluth business would go over this route, the big bridge being used. The right-of-way on Conner's Point has already been selected a short distance east of Main street. The Union depot and steamship dock question arises in this connection also. It has been told as coming from officials of the road that Hill intends to put in such improvements, but others say they do not believe that the depot will come for some time yet. Local Great Northern officials profess their usual ignorance of the subject.

"There is some confirmation of this report in the fact that Hill is deeply interested in the Duluth-Superior Bridge company, and that he is getting more deeply concerned constantly. It has been known for some time that Hill had the control of the first mortgage bonds of the Duluth-Superior bridge, and that he has been buying up all he could get. This means that some time the road will enter Duluth over that bridge, and that a right-of-way connecting that bridge approach with the present tracks of the company would have to be secured. When the Bridge company was negotiating with the city it was the understanding that the council would grant the necessary concessions to permit a railroad to have an approach to the bridge, but this has never been done so far.

CANNOT PAY.

Peculiar Predicament of People Who Have Personal Tax Judgments Against Them.

The episode of the sale by the board of county commissioners to N. S. Bruner of a quantity of personal property tax judgments is not yet closed, and that fact is causing some annoyance to owners of property who are on the list of judgments sold. It seems odd that men who own valuable property which they want to sell should have permitted themselves to get on a list of bad debts, running as far back as this one does, but anyone who has followed the change in conditions here will not find it strange. The improvement in conditions has placed many a man who really could not pay his taxes several years ago in the position of property-owner, and some of them are able to pay good-sized taxes—if they could.

The trouble is that the way things are situated now it is impossible to pay up the taxes and get a judgment satisfied completely enough to back up a transfer of property. For instance, if John Smith owns a piece of property, for which he has an offer that he desires to accept, and he also owes some personal property taxes in this list, of course he wants to pay the taxes in order that his title may be clear and satisfactory to the purchaser. If he does not the tax is a lien on the property, and a cloud on the title. But to whom is he to pay the tax, and who is to satisfy the judgment? The judgments were assigned to Bruner, but he cannot be paid, because the district court has decided that his title to them is bad, because the county board had no right to sell the judgments. He cannot pay the county, however, because Mr. Bruner is going to appeal the case, and until the supreme court has passed upon the matter the county cannot satisfy a judgment. So as a matter of fact he cannot pay anybody, and it will be hard work for him to sell his property.

As it is now too late to get the matter on the supreme court calendar for this term it would have to go over to October, and that will be rather a long time for people so situated to wait. So the whole matter is in the air, and is likely to be for some time, unless some settlement of it is made. No appeal has yet been taken from Judge Ensign's decision, but the losing party has six months in which to take his appeal.

It is said that the change in conditions here has increased the value of the list considerably. Many men who could not be collected from when the list was sold are now solvent, owing to their having taken their turn on the upper side of the wheel of fortune, and others who had gone away and were out of the reach of the tax collection agencies have returned to the city.

The Chancellor cigar is 10 cents' worth of satisfaction; the Corona 5 cents' worth.

IF COFFEE POISONS YOU,

ruins your digestion, makes you nervous and sallow complexioned, keeps you awake nights and acts against your system generally, try Grain-O, the new food drink. It is made of pure selected grain and is healthful, nourishing and appetizing. It has none of the bad effects of coffee yet it is not as pleasant to the taste and when properly prepared can't be told from the finest coffees. Costs about ¼ as much. It is a healthful table drink for the children and adults. Ask your grocer for Grain-O. 15c and 25c.

TO COME THIS WAY.

Knights of Pythias Ask Northwestern Knights to Pass Through Duluth.

The national convention of the Knights of Pythias will be held in Detroit in August of this year. The Duluth knights are making an effort to have a large number of the knights of the Northwest go to Detroit via the lakes and therefore through Duluth. They have issued a circular under the names of North Star, Diamond and Kitchi Gammi lodges, in which they present the beauties of the lake trip and give information regarding it. The circular says:

"By coming to Duluth and taking the lake trip you will enjoy the finest vacation you ever had, view the grandest scenery in America, and meeting with other knights, will have the largest time of your life.

"Duluth, the gateway of the Northwest, is situated partly on Lake Superior and partly on Duluth harbor, which, by the way, is the eighth wonder of the world—being the largest, safest and finest natural harbor in the world.

"The Boulevard drive is one of the grandest drives on the continent, winding around bluffs, across creeks and waterfalls, all the time keeping in view the beautiful lake and harbor, the city below with its magnificent buildings and industries, and the sister cities, Superior and West Superior, in the distance.

"The Central High School, the largest and finest school building in the world; the Missabe ore docks, not exceeded anywhere, capable of loading twenty large boats at the same time; and various other items of interest which our space forbids us to enumerate, but which our brothers here would have you see while in the city.

"Lake Superior is 400 miles long, and the two days' ride from Duluth to the Sault is simply 'a panorama of magic scenery.' The beautiful Apostle islands come first, only seventy-five miles from Duluth; the fine harbors at Ashland, Washburn and Bayfield; the Portage canal; the picturesque cities of Hancock and Houghton, with the hundreds of copper mills and smelters, from which the washings discolor the waters of the lake for miles. The beautiful city of Marquette, and then the Sault, 'America's scenic paradise,' with its 5000 islands of all sizes and shapes; its mammoth locks through which our boat will pass. One word about these locks: They are the largest in the world. The number of vessels passing through them annually is five times the number passing through the great Suez canal. The distance from the Sault to Port Huron is 288 miles, and from Port Huron through St. Clair, the 'baby of great lakes,' to Detroit is only sixty-five miles, making in all a trip of 732 miles on fresh water.

"Another fine trip which we may be able to give you is the 'rail and water trip,' which would take you from Duluth via the Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic railroad through Northern Wisconsin, the great copper regions of the world; the great iron mines of Northern Michigan to St. Ignace, taking the Detroit and Cleveland Navigation company's steamer there for Detroit, visiting Mackinac island and coasting along the west shore of Lake Huron, touching at Cheboygan, Alpena, Au Sable, Sand Beach and Port Huron. This trip would be fifteen hours rail and six hours steamer.

"Regarding the cost of the 'all-lake trip,' will say that we are making arrangements to charter a large boat for the trip which will be a floating 'Castle Hall.' If we succeed in getting our boat she will be tied up at the docks in Detroit, and if you choose to, it will be your lodging house while in Detroit without any extra cost to you. The Duluth delegation to Detroit will probably number 500, mostly in full uniform, and accompanied by the famous K. P. state band of this city."

EXCURSION

—TO—

TWO HARBORS

Howard Transportation Co

Steamer Bon Voyage

Leaves Fifth Avenue Dock at 10:30 a. m., Sunday, May 27, 1900.

Fare 50 cents round trip.

Gathering Force With Every Day.

The time is now short before this great remodeling sale of high grade pianos at present cut prices will close. During the remaining time we shall redouble our efforts to dispose of every instrument under our roof, corner Lake avenue and Superior street. Delay may mean disappointment to you, therefore make it your first business to attend to the purchase of a piano before this opportunity is gone and gone forever. Although the drain on our immense stock of pianos has been very heavy during the past week, there is still an opportunity to make a good selection. Remember, every piano must be sold before the contractors take the building for the repairs. Never before in our twelve years' business have we marked prices so low, and yet we give our usual easy payment plans to those who desire to purchase with a small cash payment. Open evenings until 9:30.

DULUTH MUSIC CO.,
Lake Avenue and Superior Street.

A BRAINY HORSE.

The almost human efforts of a horse to rescue himself from drowning in the bay at Lilly & Borgardus' wharf Saturday is the talk of the water front, says the San Francisco Trade Journal. The horse was a most valuable one, his owner, John S. Williams, of Tacoma, setting the price at $1000. At the time of the accident, which nearly resulted in the loss of the animal, it was being led from the wharf across the gang-plank for shipment to Tacoma. The sudden footing of a whistle caused the animal to shy and slip off the plank into the water. Great excitement prevailed while the beast foundered desperately in the bay. There was no place for the horse to land nearer than Galbraith's wharf, and it looked as though the steed was a goner. At this stage somebody suggested to throw a line and as the manila hit the water the spectators were dumbfounded to see the struggling beast seize the end of the rope in its mouth, gripping it firmly. In the meantime a boat had reached the scene and, although a hawser was made fast about the horse's neck, to tow him, he refused to loosen the rope in his mouth. In this manner the equine was towed to a landing and hauled safely on shore. The second attempt to load the horse was more successful and he is now in Tacoma.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists, price 75c per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

IN IRON AND STEEL

No Iron Bought, Although Consumption Continues to Be High.

STEEL MARKET OPEN

The Agreement as to Price Has Been Practically Set Aside.

Cleveland, May 25.—The Iron Age Review will say:

The iron trade is slowing almost to a standstill. An almost entire absence of buying, and at the same time a rate of consumption known to be close to the highest, if not the highest, make a combination the trade has never seen, and it is not surprising that those longest in the business are puzzled by it. Sellers continue to reiterate that old contracts are nearing the end, and that buying on a liberal scale must be resumed. But the fact remains that consumers are rigid in their abstention from the market, and as a rule give no indication of any early change in policy.

No development of the past week throws any light on the situation. Prices have gone practically unchanged, while the dullness in all lines has become more pronounced. It appears that few inquiries made result in business, and it is probable that many of the inferences made by bidders as to the success of competitors in getting business are wrong, and that instead of closing elsewhere at a lower price, the inquirer simply did nothing.

The large steel companies have diagnosed the situation as one not to be helped by reducing prices. No change has been made in the $35 agreement as to billets, but no steel is sold at that price. The same is true as to the 2-cent basis for steel bars. Recently, billet business has been going to one or two mills outside the agreement at $30 to $31 Pittsburg, and it now appears that $29 can be done on a good order.

In the past week the large producers also have been cutting the $35 price, and the steel market may practically be treated as an open one, though no formal change in the agreed quotation is announced. Open hearth billets also have been considerably reduced. No action has been taken on Bessemer pig iron, but Eastern producers have made small sales in the Pittsburg district below the $24 basis of the associated furnaces, and the latter price may be treated as of the past.

Feeling seems to be on all hands to let the market work out its own future, and meantime buyer and seller are having as little to do with it as possible. How this will end, the wisest heads in the trade do not predict. The probability that the scale demands of the Amalgamated association will cause a longer shutdown than usual does not disturb consumers as yet. From the standpoint of the mills, a suspension of several weeks would be beneficial, and it need not be expected that the wage advances, which it is intimated will be asked for, will be concurred in readily, if at all.

PLAGUE IN DURBAN.

Bubonic Scourge Appears In the South African Port.

Durban, May 25.—An extraordinary issue of the Gazette announces the existence of a fatal case of bubonic plague in Durban. The victim is an East Indian. The local authorities are strictly enforcing precautions.

COAL PRODUCTION.

This Country Is Now the World's Greatest Producer.

The United States has taken the first place among the world's coal producers as it had already taken the first place among the pig iron producers. The significance of both facts is largely enhanced by the vastly greater supplies of both coal and ore that we possess than any of the other civilized and manufacturing nations, says the Journal of Commerce. It is probable that China has very large supplies of both, but for some years they will not materially affect the world's market. The coal production, in short tons, for the past three years has been as follows:

	Bituminous.	Pennsylvania Anthracite.	Total
1897	146,134,580	52,122,408	198,256,988
1898	166,592,023	52,382,644	219,974,667
1899	198,219,255	60,320,395	258,539,650

The production last year was not only far beyond precedent but it was considerably larger than any estimates that had been made during the year. The coal output of the three largest producers in 1899 was as follows:

	Tons.
Great Britain	256,391,458
United States	219,974,967
Germany	141,283,196

The next country in the list is France, but she follows at a very great interval and is dependent upon imported coal.

Of the increased production of bituminous coal last year, amounting to nearly 32,000,000 tons, over 19,000,000 was supplied by Pennsylvania. Illinois' increase was nearly 5,000,000 tons, and that of Ohio was more than 2,000,000 tons. The increase in West Virginia was 2,000,000 tons, in Colorado nearly 1,500,000.

The estimated value of the entire coal production in each of the past three years has been:

1897	$198,091,707
1898	208,000,350
1899	230,435,112

The average value per ton in 1897 was a shade under $1; in 1898, it was 95 cents; last year it was a little more than $1.

In a review of the world's coal trade published in England four years ago it was stated that between 1883-85 and 1894-96 the cost of production in the United States had been reduced from 6s 5d to 4s 10½d, and was then lower than the value of coal at the pit's mouth in either England or Germany. The place the United States is to occupy in the manufacturing world is indicated by the fact that the cost of production in England must increase with the deepening of the shafts, while the coal area of the United States is so great that little increase from this cause need be anticipated there for many years, while we are already the largest and cheapest producers of coal among manufacturing nations.

What knowest thou the worth of Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company, thou foul substitute, who scarcely breathed one summer. Ask your druggist.

If You Are Going

To St. Louis, Peoria, Davenport, Rock Island and Dubuque, take "The Flying Dutchman," via Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul railway. From Minneapolis every day at 7:50 a. m. and St. Paul 8:30 a. m., arriving St. Louis early next morning. Beautiful river bank route.

CANDY SPECIALS.... FOR SATURDAY.

1000 lbs French Mixed Creams, best Cream Wafers and Princess Chocolate Drops, regularly sold at 15c and 20c lb, special for Saturday, your choice—lb **10c**

500 lbs Gypsy Mixed, assorted Fruit Drops and Sugar Marbles, regularly sold for 12½c and 15c lb. Special for Saturday, your choice—per lb..... **9c**

Mail Orders Promptly Filled. Open Till 10 p. m. Saturday.

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT

PANTON & WHITE

THE BIG Glass Block STORE

DULUTH, MINN.

A Straightforward Business

Our Three Cardinal Features Are Quality, Price and Volume.

We are ambitious, and this ambition goads us on to a higher sphere of merchandising than you'll find in the average store. Our first consideration is quality—it must be the best for the money. Our second consideration is price—in other words, not how much we can get for an article, but how cheap we can afford to sell it. Our third consideration is volume—we want to do a large business, and know it can only be done by selling merchandise on a small margin of profit. **Those three features are what has made the Glass Block THE LEADING STORE at the head of the lakes.**

To Look Elsewhere For Shoes.

WE LEAD—OTHERS FOLLOW

Not Only In Low Prices, But Style, Quality and Wear.

Saturday Bargains.

Women's hand-turn, glazed or Vici Kid Oxfords in light Tan, Chocolate or Black, of newest designs; also extension sole Oxfords, in Tan or Black, new mannish lasts, all sizes, all widths; price..... **$1.69**

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S SHOES—In fine dongola and Vici Kid, neat styles, with or without extension soles; sizes 8½ to 11 price.. **85c**

sizes 11½ to 2—price..... **95c**

LITTLE GENTS' SHOES—Made of White Bros.' Willow and Box Calf; also Tan, Russia Calf and Vici Kid; regular $1.the men's

Shoes, sizes 8½ to 13½; price..... **$1.23**

Same styles in Youths', sizes 13 to 2; price..... **$1.48**

Boys', same as youths' and little gents'; sizes 2½ to 6; price..... **$1.73**

Cloak News and Facts.

A LOOK INSIDE OUR CLOAK DEPARTMENT WILL SHOW YOU HOW MUCH OTHER STORES DON'T SHOW—NOTHING LOW ABOUT THIS EXCEPT THE PRICE. Your choice of any High-grade Ladies' Jacket in our store, worth from $7.50 to $37.50, at exactly half price until they are all sold; they come in Black, Blue, Brown, Tan and Castor, all new, all swell, we won't charge you anything if you find an old Jacket in this lot. 199 NEW SILK WAISTS in latest effects—in all the new prevailing colors, value $7.50 and $8.00; your pick Saturday at..... **$4.98**

WASH WAISTS—on sale Saturday at— **49c, 89c, 98c, $1.25, $1.49, $1.98, $2.50**

CRASH SKIRTS—on sale at..... **98c**

DENIM SKIRTS—on sale at..... **98c**

White and Blue Duck Skirts on sale at..... **98c**

Hardware Dept.

SOAP—8 bars White Floater Bath Soap; Saturday for..... **25c**

10 bars Cream Laundry for..... **25c**

Scouring Soap—Eight bars for..... **25c**

WHITE MOUNTAIN FREEZERS—White Mountain Ice Cream Freezers—Saturday—

2-quart—each..... **$1.85**

3-quart—each..... **$2.10**

4-quart—each..... **$2.39**

GARDEN HOSE—50 feet of 3-ply Rubber Garden Hose complete with Gem Nozzle and Hardwood Hose Reel, a bargain at..... **$4.25**

SCREEN DOORS—Common Screen Doors, complete with hinges and pull; Saturday—each..... **79c**

Shelf Paper, per package..... **1c**

Emery Knife Sharpeners—each..... **3c**

5c Hardwood Tooth Picks—each..... **3c**

Plenished Cuspidors—each..... **10c**

25c Bread Knives—each..... **13c**

Dever Egg Beaters—each..... **5c**

WIRE SCREEN CLOTH And Poultry Netting here at right prices.

Toilet Articles.

Chamois Skins, fine quality, good size—each..... **5c**

Ed Pinaud's Roman Powder—50c size..... **25c**

Ed Pinaud's Violette Reine Extracts; regular price $1.00 per ounce—for..... **69c**

Colgate's Anticeptic Tooth Powder—25c bottle..... **15c**

Dupont's Cold Cream—The Genuine Dupont Cream, 25c jar..... **17c**

Espey's Fragrant Cream—25c size..... **16c**

ED PINAUD'S EXTRACT VEGETAL—Any odor—regular price $1 per bottle; special..... **59c**

Saturday Valuables in Hosiery and Underwear.

Ladies' 40-gauge Black and Tan Maco Cotton Hose, Extra Long, correct width—double sole, high-spliced heels, as good as any at 35c—Saturday..... **25c**

Boys' Best Egyptian Cotton Bicycle Hose, medium rib, guaranteed to wash, wear and satisfy, any size; Saturday..... **25c**

Ladies' Summer Underwear in white and Ecru, great in assortment, immense in value, from the proverbial Bargain standpoint, yet the half of their meritoriousness not yet told; values to 25c; on sale Saturday—choice..... **9c**

Ladies' Fine White Egyptian Cotton Union Suits, square neck, no sleeves, knee length; desirable truly even at 50c; Saturday—a suit.. **25c**

Children's Fine Quality Summer Underwear, vests long or short sleeves, fancy pantalettes, ribbed, plain, knit or fine rib, 18 to 24, only... **19c**

26 to 34, only..... **25c**

Silks.

Continuation of our silk sale from Friday, of Black Silks, in Peau de Soies, Gros Grains, Taffetas, Luxor, Satin de Lyon, Satin Duchesse, Regence, Armures, etc., Colored Silks in a large assortment of stripes, cords and fancy designs, worth up to $2.00 a yard, at—

98c, 50c and 25c

Black Dress Goods.

PLAIN CLOTHS for Tailored Gowns, Walking Skirts, Crepes, Jackets, etc., at—per yard—

$1.75, $1.50 and $1

BRILLIANTINES—And Sicilians for Skirts or Waists and Used extensively for pleatings, price, —per yard—

$1, 85c, 75c and 50c

BLACK CREPES—And Crepe de Chene, 44 inches wide, at

$1.50 and $1.25

Colored Dress Goods.

CHALLIES—Half-wool, with satin stripes, pretty floral designs on Cream grounds, others ask 35c; Saturday—per yard..... **29c**

JAMESTOWN WEAVES—Our entire stock of these well-known, serviceable fabrics; price 50c—Saturday —per yard..... **25c**

Wash Fabrics.

BLACK SATEENS—Absolutely fast color, regular 12½c quality; Saturday—per yard..... **7½c**

SHIRTING PRINTS—Merrimac Shirtings, fast color, regular price 5c; Saturday, yd. **3½c**

SHIRT WAIST FABRICS—A 32-inch extra fine Cambric, in pretty stripes, colors warranted fast—price, per yard..... **15c**

An Important Day in Millinery.

This is good Millinery News, and there are several different kinds of it. In the first place, we present to you this Saturday, another 100 or so of the Trimmed Hats, which are now so popular; again, a number of high-priced hats; some of our very best productions in these classes are offered for Saturday.

Sailor and Walking Hats.

Again some new prices on Sailor Hats, also Walking Hats. Just the sorts that are popular. Choose today. Also a lot of Children's Trimmed Hats, just from our workrooms, and special efforts, too. Light, graceful, summery things with a beauty that will speak for itself, and at prices that will double their attractiveness. Finally, a fine display in Mull Hats for summer day wear. More styles than you will trouble to count.

The Sale of Undermuslins.

NEW MUSLIN UNDERWEAR AT OLD PRICES—THOSE ARE THE BIG FACTS THAT WE WANT YOU TO KNOW. No better statement could back or bid for your preference; prices have advanced materially during the last few months. The rise involves cost of Muslin Trimmings, Thread Buttons and Labor. In spite of it all we still maintain old prices. None of our Muslin Underwear is made skimpy or stingy, like the kind shown in other stores. All our Muslin Underwear is SANITARY MAKE—No sweatshop Underwear is allowed to enter the Glass Block Store.

Special—Gowns in 25 different styles, usually sold at $1.49, but we have decided to place the entire lot on sale at 89c. Just 100 dozen in all and 25 different styles to select from—tucked and trimmed with lace, Bishop or Empire style, high or low neck V or square shape; price—

98c

Lace Department.

For Saturday.

Cotton Torchon Laces and Insertions—½ to 1½ inches wide—a dozen yds—

5c, 7c, 9c, 11c, 13c, 15c

English Torchon Laces and Insertions, worth up to 25c a yd.. **5c**

French Valenciennes Laces, in great variety of patterns—per doz yards—

15c, 19c, 25c, 35c

Wide Cream and Ecru, net top Oriental Laces, worth to 25c a yard..... **10c**

Manufacturer's sample strips of embroidery, from 2 to 8 inches wide, worth to 50c a yd; pick... **10c**

Fine assortment of all-over Embroideries for Shirt Waists, from—per yd—

85c to $3.50

New things in Ladies' Neckwear received this week—Imperial ties, in Persian and Polka Dot patterns—

25c, 35c, 50c, 75c

Liberty Silk Boas, just the thing for the cool evenings—

$1.39 up to $8.75

Remnants of Ribbons.

Remnants and short lengths of Ribbons of every kind and quality—hundreds of them, at cost and way below to close.

A Word or Two on Gloves.

Several reliable brands have good representation. Choose either Suede or Glace and we will give you the make that time and thousands of triads have proved to be good.

Walking Gloves in the latest shades, stitchings and fastenings are here also. Also Kid Gloves for every wear, in all the popular tints, and at prices to suit all.

Patent Medicines.

Liebig's Beef Iron and Wine—50c bottle..... **25c**

Extract of Witch Hazel—15c bottle..... **10c**

Malt Extract—25c bottle..... **16c**

Wood's Sarsaparilla—$1.00 bottle..... **69c**

William's Pink Pills—50c box..... **37c**

Brandreth's Pills—25c box..... **17c**

Munyon's Remedies—25c size..... **17c**

Munyon's Remedies—50c size..... **38c**

Munyon's Remedies—$1.00 size..... **72c**

Ward's Liniment—25c bottle..... **16c**

Hood's Dyspepsia Tablets—50c box..... **25c**

Quinine Pills (1 doz 2-grain)—15c box..... **10c**

Drawers.

75 dozen New Muslin and Cambric Drawers, Umbrella shape, tucked and trimmed with embroidery and lace, well made, entire lot to be placed on sale at

29c, 39c, 49c to $2.50

Corset Covers.

High or low neck, V or square shape. In Cambric, Muslin and Long cloth—price—

25c, 35c, 39c, 49c to $3

Women's Chemise,

Marguerite styles, made extra long, lace and embroidery trimmed; price—

49c, 69c, 75c, 98c, $1.50, $1.98 to $5

Muslin Under Skirts.

Women's Muslin Underskirts; others in the Cambric, deep flounce and ruffle of embroidery and insertion; others lace-trimmed; price—

98c, $1.25, $1.49, $1.98, $2.50 to $5.00

Children's Drawers.

Children's Muslin Drawers, tucked and edged with embroidery—price..... **25c**

Dressing Sacques.

Women's fine White Lawn Dressing Sacques, daintily trimmed, with lace and embroidery; price—

$1.25, $1.49, $1.98 to $3

Maids' and Nurses' Aprons, in White Lawn, on sale at—

25c, 35c, 49c to $1.25

Saturday Valuables in Gent's Furnishings.

Gents' extra fine Percale Negligee or Warm Weather Shirts, handsome assortment of patterns, 50c **37½c**

Gents' all pure linen Handkerchiefs, ¼ and ½ inch hemstitch, full size, a special. We do a large wholesale business in these goods; Saturday's price only..... **15c**

All styles of Gents' best 25c 4-ply linen collars, hand-made eyelets, button holes; Saturday..... **12½c**

Adler's famous P. K. Real Kid and Prick Seam, Cape Goat, Street Gloves, same as Perrin's in stock and style, the kind that retail at $2.25 and $2.50, all fresh stock; Saturday..... **$1.50**

Gents' Fine Washable English Squares, made of handsomest qualities of imported woven fabrics; Saturday..... **25c**

Very large assortment of novelties in Gents' Band Bows, newest shapes and sizes of 25c and 50c Bows— Saturday..... **25c**

Gent's Best 25c Seamless Knit Black and Tan Half Hose, made of finest double thread Sea Island Cotton—special box price Saturday... **98c**

Gents' Summer Gauze Undershirts and Drawers, 1 or 5 shades to choose from; Saturday..... **25c**

Boys and Youths' summer Underwear, in natural gray, plain or rib, knee or ankle Drawers, any size— Saturday..... **25c**

Crockery Dept.

CHAMBER SETS—50 9-piece Decorated Chamber Sets, new shape, decorated in three colors, Saturday—per set..... **$1.98**

LAMPS—Decorated Parlor Lamps, with 8-inch Globe; Saturday, each..... **98c**

PLATES—500 Decorated French China Plates, worth up to $2.00 each—Saturday, to close out—each... **95c**

WATER SETS—Crystal Glass Water Sets, with Blown Glass Pitcher, 6 thin Tumblers and tray—per set..... **59c**

SHERBET GLASSES—Thin Blown Glass Sherbet Glasses, at—each..... **8c**

CUT GLASS TUMBLERS—Special for Saturday, only—50 dozen American Cut Glass Water Tumblers, worth $1.50 per dozen—12 to a customer, at—each..... **21c**

CUT GLASS BOWLS—8-inch American Cut Glass Bowls—special for Saturday—each..... **$3.75**

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLAS!

Bargain Counter No. 5.

Not a question of what they are worth—but what will sell them. They have got to go and go quick. Note the prices—then see if we are honest about it.

500 Ladies' Fancy Parasols—the entire sample line of Folmer, Clogg & Co. Some are worth as high as $7.50 each. All at one price—each..... **$2.75**

The Famous Shoe Store,

111 WEST SUPERIOR STREET.

It's values like the following (which are a few of the many Bargains) that fill our store daily with crowds of eager buyers.

Men's Shoes.

Famous $3.50 Shoes. Worth $5.00

$3.00 for $2.39

100 pairs Men's latest style Russia calf and Tan Vici Kid Shoes.

150 pairs Men's tan vici or Russia calf shoes, newest styles, only **$2.98**

$3.00 for $1.69

Men's Tan Shoes, cloth top, dark brown shade.

$2.00 for $1.48

Men's Satin Calf Shoes, lace or congress; wide or medium round toes.

Mens $1.50 Buckle Working Shoes; Saturday only **$1.19**

Boys' Shoes.

92 pairs Little Gents' satin calf and vici kid shoes, worth $1.25, sale price **98c**

Little Gents' box calf shoes, made of the best stock that can be bought, strong soles, sale price **$1.25**

$1.50 for $1.19—Boys' Satin Calf lace shoes for **$1.19**

$2.00 for $1.48—Boys' tan lace shoes **$1.48**

$2.00 for $1.69—Boys' best calf lace shoes **$1.69**

Misses and Children's Shoes

90c for 69c—Child's red goat shoes, turn sole **69c**

Child's tan goat shoes, sizes 5 to 8; special **69c**

Child's Strap Sandals, we have them in white, red or black kid special price **79c**

$2 for $1.19—48 pair Misses' shoes, either lace or button **$1.19**

$1.25 for 98c—Misses' tan or black shoes, sizes 11 to 2 ..... **98c**

Ladies' Shoes.

Kulture....

$3.50

Shoe, the best made.

$3.50 and $4.00 for $2.69—Ladies' tan shoes, welt or turn sole, leather or cloth top **$2.69**

$3.00 for $2.48—150 pairs Ladies' shoes tan or black, lace or button **$2.48**

$2.00 for $1.48—Ladies' hand turn Oxfords, tan or black, 10 different styles **$1.48**

$1.25 for 98c—Ladies' strap slippers, wide or narrow toe **98c**

90 pairs Ladies' house slippers on sale at **59c**

$2.00 for $1.19—42 pair Ladies' tan lace shoes **$1.19**

20 pieces of light American Shirting worth 6c a yard, at— **3½ cents**

Boys' Pocket Knives, 2 steel blades, worth 19c each, at— **10 cents**

2 gross fancy Trimming Braids, in all shades, worth 12½c per yd., at **5 cents**

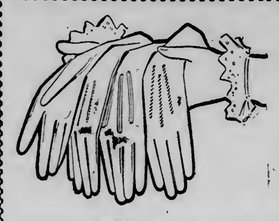
480 cakes of Toilet Soap, 6 different kinds, worth 5c a cake, at 3 for— **10 cents**

Beauty pins, worth 5 cents each, 2 for— **1 cent**

2 cases Ladies' Ribbed Vests, with long or short sleeves, worth 25c, at **19 cents**

2000 yards of Embroidery, worth 10c and 12½c per yard, at ..... **7½c yard**

Embroidery worth 15c, 19c and 25c per yard, at ..... **12½c yard**



A new line of imported Kid Gloves. The Cluze patent thumb glove, sold by all leading stores at $1.25 a pair—on sale here tomorrow, at per pair **98c**

Other special values in kid gloves at, per pair— **$1.50, $1.25, 75c**

Amsterdam Silk Mitts in shades of Tan, Black and White, the best value made, per pair **25c**

Ladies' extra quality Pure Silk Mitts, at— **35c, 48c and 69c a pair.**

At our Ribbon Counter tomorrow you'll find values that will surprise you. Ribbons at about half what others ask. Extra special in Taffetas, at— 5c, 10c and 15c a yard.

Dress Stays, worth 10c a set, special at— **5 cents**

20 dozen assorted Pocket Books, worth 15c and 19c each, special at— **10 cents**

Shirt Waist Sets, worth 25c a set, special at— **10 cents**

50 dozen Men's Cotton Socks, worth 10c a pair, at— **5 cents**

50 dozen Ladies' Swiss Ribbed Vests, 15c values, at— **10 cents**

Misses' Seamless Hose, absolutely fast black, a bargain, per pair— **5 cents**

STACK & CO.

Good, Honest Values—We have often told you that we excel in honest value giving. We again remind you of it, and back our claims with the following items which are devoid of all exaggeration. Our advertisements are carefully priced and proved and as a result of our living to its very letter, we stand foremost today as the bargain store of Duluth.

Dress Goods.

About 1000 yds of Cotton Dress Goods in Plaids, Checks and Mixtures, regular price 12½c; sale price, per yard **8½c**

About 1500 yds of Shepherd Checks on Serge grounds, ten colors and patterns to choose from, fast color, worth 15c; sale price, per yard **9c**

About 500 yds hard twisted Twilled Novelty, ten colors to choose from, regular price 15c; sale price, per yard **12½c**

About 800 yds of Granite Cloths, 28 inches wide, 20 patterns to choose from, the new up-to-date colors, regular price 39c a yd; sale price, per yard **25c**

About 1100 yds in full pieces and remnants of all-wool Henriettas, all staple colors, the kind that gives satisfaction to the wearer; always sold at 75c; sale price, per yard **50c**

About 400 yards of Silk and Wool Plaids, a soft and beautiful fabric, very desirable for waists, child's dresses, etc., short lengths and ½ full pieces, worth $1.25 yard; sale price **79c**

About 1800 yards of All-wool Serges, full pieces and remnants, all colors to choose from, regular 75c value; sale price **49c**

Lace Curtains.

Nottingham Curtains, 2¾ yards long; very handsome patterns **45c**

Nottingham Curtains, full length, the latest designs; see them, per pair **75c**

Nottingham Curtains, 3 yards long, with deep border, and fancy center **98c**

See our special values, at— per pair— **$1.25, $1.50, $1.75 up to $6.00**

White Wash Goods Specials.

India Linen Long Cloths, dotted Swisses, and all of our fine sheer Wash Fabrics to be offered at manufacturer's prices. Read these offerings for Saturday; our 39c, 25c, 20c, 17c, 15c, 12½c, 10c quality for— **25c, 21c, 16c, 14c, 12½c, 10c, 7c**

Yard wide Sheeting, fine, soft finish, standard cloth, sells regularly at 9c yard **6c**

25 pieces Cheese Cloth, yard wide, suitable for paper hangers' use, worth 5c per yard **2¾c**

Pillow Cases, size 42x36, made of best quality, soft finish muslin, worth 35c per pair; each **11c**

20 dozen Sheets, size 81x90, torn and hemmed Mohawk mills Sheeting, fine soft finish, worth 75c each; this sale price **59c**

Black Dress Goods.

About 200 yards of Priestley's best raised figure Wool Novelties—"The name Priestley speaks for itself as to quality and finish"—8 patterns to choose from, worth $1.25 and $1.50 a yard; sale price, your choice **98c**

About 700 yards of Black Jacquards and Venetian Suitings, also Colored Homespun Suitings—You all know what they are—values up to 40c yard; your choice of the lot, sale price, yard **21c**

About 300 yards of Black Brilliantine, high in luster, high in quality, but low in price, worth 50c, 75c, 85c; sale price— **35c, 53c, 65c yard**

Wash Goods.

About 2000 yards soft finish, fast color Ginghams; our competitors sell the same kind for 10c yard; as long as this lot lasts, your choice of twenty patterns; sale price, yard **6½c**

About 1300 yards of Dimities and Dana Cloth, light and dark patterns, fast colors, guaranteed regular 12½c value; sale price **7½c**

About 100 yards left of New Organdies, a beautiful thin fabric, while it lasts, at a yard **15c**

A lot of remnants and a few full pieces of Dimities—the fabric that is as cool as a cucumber," always sold at 18c yard; sale price, yard **12½c**

A broken lot of about 400 yards of French Foulards, all stores ask you 25c, 10 patterns to choose from; sale price, yard **18c**

Bleached Table Damask, full width, very heavy quality, handsome patterns, worth 39c yard **25c**

69-in German Damask, half bleached, very heavy loom, regular price per yard 69c; sale price **39c**

Bleached Irish Damask, satin finish, fine quality, 70 inches, nice assortment of patterns, worth 75c yard **49c**

Glass Toweling, full width, all linen, large and small check, all colors, worth 10c yard **7½c**

Cotton Toweling, white or gray, twilled and honeycomb weave, heavy, worth 6c per yard **4c**

Heavy All-Linen Brown Crash, full width, blue border, pure flax linen, worth 10c yard; now **8c**

Portieres.

Tapestry Portieres, handsome green and red grounds, heavy knotted fringe, worth $2.25 per pair **$1.69**

Tapestry Portieres, in dark and red ground only; very handsome patterns, full length, worth $3.00; this sale **$2.25**

Tapestry Table Covers, 6-4 size, handsome patterns, assorted colors, heavy knotted fringe, worth $1.19 each **89c**

Bed Spreads.

Large size Marseilles Patterns Bed Spreads, made of superior quality cotton, worth $1.00 each **75c**

5 dozen Spreads, very heavy, handsome patterns, regular selling price $1.75; to close at this sale **$1.19**

Marseilles Bed Spreads, full 11-4 size, choice patterns, worth $2.50 each; see them at this sale **$1.75**

Ladies' Muslin Underwear.

Corset Covers, made of good quality muslin **10c**

Corset Covers, V shaped front, trimmed with embroidery, worth 30c **19c**

Corset Covers made of fine soft finish muslin, embroidery finished, worth 35c each **25c**

Muslin Drawers, tucked, good quality muslin, worth 35c **19c**

Muslin Drawers, made with deep tucked ruffle, worth 39c **25c**

Muslin Drawers made with deep ruffle, insertion and lace trimming, worth 50c **43c**

Night Dresses, made of good quality muslin, made with tucked yoke, embroidery trimmed front and sleeve, worth 69c **49c**

Ladies' Muslin Skirts, full sweep, deep cambric flounce, embroidery trimmed, regular price $1.25; sale price **98c**

Ladies' Muslin Underskirts, made of good quality cambric, deep flounce, with two rows of insertion and lace trimming, made with double ruffle, worth $1.69; sale price **$1.19**

Dinner Sets.

When about to purchase a Dinner Set, you ought to see a nice assortment, priced low. We hold the medal for nice goods at popular prices. Our Dinner Ware is new, four new patterns received within the last few days.

Decorated 100-piece Dinner Sets, worth $10.00, at **$6.00**

Decorated 100-piece Dinner Sets, worth $10.98, at **$8.85**

Decorated 100-piece Dinner Sets, worth $12.50, at **$9.89**

Decorated 100-piece Dinner Sets, worth $15.00, at **$12.48**

New flow blue Dinnerware, 100-piece sets, at **$11.98**

English Dinnerware, "Orin" enameled ware, 100-piece Dinner Sets, at ..... **"Grindley's" $14.48**

Household Supplies at Prices Not to be Found Elsewhere.

Comb and Brush Trays.

Silvered Tin Comb and Brush Cases, with Mirror; only here at **10c**

Spice Dredges.

Japanned Spice Dredges, only here at, each **1c**

Pocket Lamps.

Alcohol Pocket Lamps, just the thing for picnic parties, only here at **21c**

Garden Sets.

Children's Garden Sets, consisting of hoe, rake and spade; only here at, ... **7c**

Bread Pans.

Oblong Bread Pans; only here at **5c**

Garden Rakes.

Garden Rakes, 10-tooth, strong, well made; only here at **19c**

Steel Blade Ice Shaves with iron heads; only here at **8c**

Ready Mixed Paints, all colors; our paint wears; ¾-pint cans, only here at, can **9c**

Bed and Table Castors, with wood, metal and porcelain wheels; only here at, each **2c**

Glassware.

Glass Egg Cups, large size; only here at, each **3½c**

White Granite Covered Chambers, full size; only here at **33c**

7-in White Porcelain Plates, with fancy edges; only here at, each **5c**

Fine polished glass Pickle Dishes, pretty patterns; only here at, each **3c**

Vinegar Cruets, in clear crystal glass, with engraved decorations; only here at **10c**

7-inch Jardiniers, with ornamented bodies and gold band tops; only here at **10c**

Bean Pots, 2-quart size, with covers, white stone ware; only here at **9c**

Manny's Glass Lemon Extractor, the most simple, the easiest cleaned and best on the market; only here at **3½c**

White Porcelain Soup Bowls; only here at, each **7c**

CARRIER PIGEONS

Used Between Duluth and Red Cliff By the Lumber Company.

THEY SAVE EXPENSE

Service Said to Be Practically As Reliable As the Telegraph.

The Red Cliff Lumber company of this city, the company which F. L. Gilbert and others organized a few years ago, is using carrier pigeons between this city and its rollways on the south shore about eighteen or twenty miles from Duluth at a point called Red Cliff and from the tugs on the lake which are hauling its rafts. The difficulty of securing telegraphic service led to the adoption of the carrier pigeon service and it has proved eminently satisfactory.

It may seem like an exaggeration, but the company may save as high as $2000 or $3000 in a single season by the use of the birds, especially if it would be a particularly troublesome season with rafts. Red Cliff, at which the rollways are located, is about twenty miles from a telegraphic station. Before the pigeon service was inaugurated it was necessary for a man to travel that twenty miles through a hard country to the telegraphic station to wire the office here whenever a raft left the rollways for Duluth. Then the company would calculate how long it would take that raft to get to the natural entry and would send tugs out to meet it there and get it through the entry. If the raft was delayed two or three hours or more the tugs would lie outside waiting for its arrival and charging up their time to the company. Then again when the logs were ready at the rollways to be rafted it was necessary to send a man to the telegraphic station to notify the office here to send down the tug with the boom sticks, etc. If there was delay there might be ninety men lying idle for several hours and perhaps a day.

The way to make money in any business is to cut expenses to the lowest possible limit and the Red Cliff company easily saw that here was one place in which a large reduction could be made if there was some way to get messages to Duluth quickly. The carrier pigeon service was thought of and the fact that the pigeons were obtainable made it possible to try the plan. Frank Frerker, of this city, owns a number of these carrier pigeons and arrangements were made with him to put the service into effect.

The company prepared to give it the best possible trial. In the pigeon house an electrical apparatus was placed so that the arrivals of the birds should be made known at once and without delay. This cages the bird in the house as soon as it flies through the window and a gong continues to ring in the house until some one goes and releases the apparatus, when, of course, the message is taken from the pgieon. The company has also placed a telephone in Mr. Frerker's house so that messages can be delivered at the office without delay.

When the service was first inaugurated some weeks ago it was not absolutely reliable. The old birds were hatching and some younger ones had to be placed in the service. They had not been flying long enough to be absolutely certain, but by this time they are experienced. The older birds are now in the service, too, and it is practically as reliable as the telegraph.

Yesterday morning one of the birds made the eighteen or twenty miles' distance in twenty minutes time. Messages written at Red Cliff are frequently received at the office here in from three-quarters of an hour to an hour's time.

The satisfaction which the company gets out of this quick and reliable service is very great. A few weeks ago the lower shore of the lake was overhung with a dense black smoke which seemed to grow thicker and thicker. There was much uneasiness in the office of the Red Cliff company for fear there might be fire in its region. Of course, no telegraphic message could be expected if there was fire for the office was 15 miles distant. During the afternoon, however, one of the pigeons came along with a message from the foreman telling of the situation down there and bringing the assurance that everything was safe and out of danger. That message alone was worth ten times what it cost to bring it.

Whenever a raft is made up now and leaves Duluth, the foreman flys a pigeon to Duluth telling the time at which it leaves. The tugs carry them, too, and when they are near the entry they fly a piegon telling the time at which the raft will arrive at the entry. Arrangements are then made for the tugs to meet the raft and there is often a great saving in tug charges for possible delays.

If a raft gets in trouble, too, a pigeon can at once be sent to Duluth with the information and extra tugs can be sent out to help it. On May 15 when there was a heavy northeaster on one of the tugs sent word that it would be impossible to get into the entry with its raft and that another tug would be needed to take care of it. Had there been no way to send that message the raft might have broken up and gone ashore, involving great expense. Last summer one of the company's rafts did break up and go ashore and it cost many times the expense of the pigeon service for a whole season to gather those logs together to say nothing of the damage to the logs by getting filled with sand and small stones, thus making the sawing difficult. The tug which was towing this raft became partially disabled in some way while a heavy sea was on and after holding out for many hours had to cut the hawser and let the raft go. If there had been a carrier pigeon on board that tug the office would have soon known of its plight and two tugs, or as many as would have been needed, could have been sent out and taken that raft in tow long before the tug had to cast it off.

The company is well pleased with the service. It is quite an advertisement for Mr. Frerker's pigeons, too, and the service is not nearly so expensive as some might think.

"It was almost a miracle. Burdock Blood Bitters cured me of a terrible breaking out all over the body. I am very grateful." Miss Julia Filbridge, West Cornwell, Conn.

The advantage of smoking Chancellor cigars lies in the fact that you can always get them, and they are always right.

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BALL GAMES.

Y. M. C. A. and High School to Settle Amateur Championship---Other Games.

Tomorrow afternoon the Y. M. C. A. and High School baseball teams will play on the Craggencroft grounds at Woodland. This meeting will be watched with considerable interest as it will practically determine the local amateur championship. The High School players have been doing good work in practice, which indicates a decided brace since last week when they lost to St. Cloud. The Y. M. C. A. team has not been in "commission" for several weeks but a majority of the players are from Craggencroft and they will be strengthened by several of the fastest amateurs in town. A clean hard fought game is expected. The following is the probable make-up of the two teams, though both are subject to change at the last moment:

Y. M. C. A.		High School.
Bagley	catcher	Rose
Allen	pitcher	A. Cummings and McCumber
Agnew	first base	G. Cummings
Bradley	second base	Norman
W. Bradley	short stop	Peterson
Briggs	third base	Woods or McCumber
Wing	left field	Skise
Marshall	center field	Congdon
Wheeler	right field	Adams

The Brainerd baseball team is expected here early tomorrow morning and will meet the Duluth team at Oneota park tomorrow and Sunday. This series bids strong to be an attraction worth seeing, as the Brainerd men claim to be one of the strongest teams in the state, having Wilmot's American league aggregation. So far nothing in the Western part of the state has been able to lower the Brainerd colors. Duluth may try out a couple of new pitchers. Tomorrow's game will be called at 3:30 and Sunday's promptly at 3 o'clock.

The game between the Superior normal school and the Ashland high school, scheduled for this afternoon at West Superior was postponed indefinitely.

The Hamm Brewing company's team from Minneapolis will play Superior tomorrow and Sunday at the West Superior ball grounds and the following line up is given out:

Superior.		Minneapolis.
Wiggs	pitcher	Foley or Cook
Lee	catcher	Snow
Lippert	first base	Thompson
Porter	second base	Daly
Pease	third base	McGinnis
Cline	short stop	O'Regan
Mullaney	right field	McNamara
McDonald	center field	Harvey
Thiery	left field	Flaherty

PROBLEM FOR OFFICIALS.

Considering the Question of Excluding Mullet and Fitzharris.

New York, May 25.—No decision has been reached in the matter of admitting to this country Joseph Mullet and James Fitzharris, known as "Skin the Goat," the two ex-convicts who are due to arrive here tomorrow on the Lucania.

Mullet and Fitzharris were convicted and sentenced to life imprisonment for complicity in the murder of Lord Frederick Cavendish and Mr. Burke in Phoenix park, Dublin, on May 16, 1882, but were recently liberated. They are now on their way here and they expect to find friends and financial support in this country.

It is believed that the men should be excluded from this country under that part of the immigration law which bars persons who have been "convicted of a felony or other infamous crime or misdemeanor involving moral turpitude." Edward F. McSweeney, assistant commissioner of immigration, said yesterday that the spirit and letter of the law would be faithfully followed. It is not yet certain, however, whether the men will be excluded or not, as it may be decided that they do not fall within the prohibition of the law.

Take it for a tonic in the spring—drink it all summer and keep cool.

HIRES Rootbeer

The favorite temperance drink, is cooling, refreshing and harmless.

5 gallons for 25 cents. Write for list of premiums offered free for labels.

CHARLES E. HIRES CO. Malvern, Pa

Memorial Day Exercises.

The following is the program announced for the afternoon Memorial day exercises to be held in the Armory under the auspices of the Spanish-American War veterans:

Chairman	Mayor T. W. Hugo.
March	City band.
Introductory address	Mayor Hugo.
Solo—"Star Spangled Banner"	Miss Anna Farrell.
Oration	Hon. Charles A. Towne.
Gun baton	F. Delano, drum major, Fourteenth Minnesota volunteers.
Baritone solo	John Olson.
"The G. A. R."	F. H. Barnard.
Solo	Robert H. Cox.
"The S. A. W."	W. S. McCormick.
Selection	City band.
Soprano solo	
Address	L. N. Case.
Flute solo	Albert Hoelscher.
Address	Dr. T. H. Clelland.
Soprano solo	Miss Georgia Alexander.
Banjo solo	Guy Williams.
"America"	City band.

Mrs. Margaret Hoelscher, accompanist.

All the healing, balsamic virtues of the Norway pine are concentrated in Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup, nature's own remedy for coughs and colds.

ORE MOVEMENT.

Shading of Top Prices on Recent Offerings of Mesaba Ore.

Cleveland, May 25.—The Iron Trade Review says: The ore and vessel situation reflect in a measure the condition of the iron market in finished lines. Perhaps too much significance should not attach to current wild rates on ore, since very little tonnage is offered and little is required, nearly the equivalent of last year's, ore shipments being provided for in season charters or in boats connected with mining interests. It is known, however, that a large block of tonnage was taken presumably for the ore trade, that may or may not carry ore, according as the developments of the next three months bear out the estimates of last November as to the amount of ore that will be taken.

There is reported to be a shading of the top prices on some recent offerings of Mesaba ore, but there is so little doing at present that this does not signify as yet. The problem yet to be worked out is how much of the furnace capacity supplied by Lake Superior ores will be steadily active between today and May 1, 1901. If prices of pig iron decline materially, the estimates of ore consumption at the prices established for 1900 must undergo some revision. In the past week a few Escanaba cargoes were placed at 70 cents, and $1 can be done from the head of the lake, but no Marquette business is reported.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

The house yesterday amended the Alaska civil government bill to authorize the secretary of war to issue permits to dredge or search for gold below the water at Cape Nome. The secretary already had issued permits, but the bill as it passed the senate cancelled them.

Speaker Henderson yesterday received a telegram from St. Louis addressed to the speaker and the house of representatives stating that at a large mass meeting of taxpayers of that city they were instructed by a unanimous vote to ask the house to defer action on the world's fair measure for ten days or until a petition against the measure now in preparation could be presented.

Owing to a shortage in orders and a general slump in iron the Republic Iron and Steel company's plant at Springfield, Ill., will be closed entirely June 1 and remain closed for an indefinite time. About 800 men will be thrown out of employment.

A plan for the defense of Manchuria has been drawn up at St. Petersburg. Six fortified posts will be erected. For the purpose of strategical study Gen. Sacharoff, chief of the Russian general staff, will start for Manchuria at the end of the month accompanied by eight high Russian officers, to prepare for a possible conflict with Japan.

The senate yesterday passed a bill for the investigation of the historical archives and public records of the states and territories and of the United States with a view to their preservation by publication.

At Ackley, Iowa, yesterday Henry Hackrott and Sam Schraeder, business men of that city, were accidentally drowned in the Iowa river while fishing.

McCLELLAN'S BACKERS.

Washington, May 25.—The candidacy of Representative George B. McClellan of New York for the Democratic vice presidential nomination was announced yesterday by his friends in congress. Among those who are urging McClellan's nomination are Representatives Stallings and Underwood of Alabama, Maddox and Tate of Georgia, Cowherd of Missouri, Bellamy and Norton of South Carolina, Ruppert, Chandler, Driggs and Fitzgerald of New York, and Devries of California.

AGAINST ICE TRUST.

New York, May 25.—Attorney General J. C. Davies yesterday announced his decision in the proceedings against the American Ice company. He decides that th American Ice company is an unlawful combination, conducting its business in restraint of trade, in violation of law and against public policy, and he will commence proceedings against the American Ice company to prohibit it from doing business in this state.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

Buy CHEMICALLY pure colors, made by Detroit White Lead Works, of

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SIXTEEN PAGES--SECTION ONE--Pages 1 to 8

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY

Minn Hist Society

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Our credit system is open to all and enables one to make a home comfortable and enjoyable by paying a little each month. The prices here are lower than those prevailing in any other Duluth store and there is no extra charge for the use of our credit system. We want your trade and will do all in our power to serve you faithfully.

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$25.00 worth of goods	$5.00 a month
$35.00 worth of goods	$6.00 a month
$50.00 worth of goods	$7.00 a month
$60.00 worth of goods	$8.00 a month
$75.00 worth of goods	$9.00 a month
$100.00 worth of goods	$10.00 a month

Special and Liberal Terms on Larger Amounts.

French & Bassett,
Complete House Furnishers.

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REAL ESTATE AND LOANS.

Bargains in houses and lots in all parts of the city.
Also in business property and acres.
We want applications for loans.

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REAL ESTATE, FIRE INSURANCE, STOCKS, BONDS AND INVESTMENTS.
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We Have a choice building lot on 17th avenue East for sale cheap.
G. G. DICKERMAN & CO., Trust Co. Bldg.

CAMERA & OPTICAL GOODS

CAMERAS GIVEN AWAY!
Next week we shall give away a Vive Souvenir Camera to any boy or girl applying at the store and purchasing a dozen plates for 25c. These Cameras are reliable instruments—taking a picture 2½ by 2½ inches and are given away by the Vive Camera Co., in hopes that the parties getting them will become interested in better and larger Vives. We also carry a line of Kodaks, Pocas, Premos, Etc., at prices as low as the lowest.
C. D. TROTT. Optician,
No. 3 W. Superior St.

$2,500 Will buy an upper corner lot on East Superior street, Endion, 50x140.
MOORE & STARK, Exchange Building.
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.
Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block. Telephone 755, Call 4. D. H. DAY, Dentist.

CROSSES THE VAAL

Advance Portion of Roberts' Force Crosses the River Near Parys.

BOERS ALL ACROSS

None Left South of the River---Scouts at Viljoens Drift.

London, May 26, 3 p. m.—The war office has received the following dispatch from Lord Roberts:

"Wolve Hoek, Orange Free State, May 26.—An advanced portion of this force crossed the Vaal river on queen's birthday, near Parys. Hamilton's column is at Boschbank. Our scouts are now at Viljoens drift, on the frontier north of Wolve Hoek. The local mines are uninjured and work is going on as usual. There is no enemy this side of the river. Hunter reached Vryberg May 24."

As anticipated, the first news from Lord Roberts after his long silence was the announcement that the British had crossed the Vaal river. This probably was Gen. Hutton's column which crossed at Parys, and may be expected to make a dash at the railroad in the neighborhood of Potchefstroom, whence there is direct communication with Johannesburg.

Gen. Hamilton's column is at Boschbank, which is close to the river, about eight miles northwest of Wolve Hoek, Lord Roberts' headquarters, and may be expected to also cross the Vaal river and create a diversion on the flank of any federal force in the neighborhood of Vereeniging.

As he has only about fifteen miles to traverse, a speedy announcement may be expected that the British commander-in-chief himself has gained a foothold in the Transvaal and that he will reach the federal position south of Johannesburg in the middle of the coming week.

The same secrecy which shrouded the movements of the main army envelopes Lord Methuen's and Gen. Rundle's columns, so probably the next official dispatch will show decisive movements of these wings.

Rundle ought to be close to Bethlehem by now, and the experts expect to hear of some decisive movement on the Harrismith railway, in which part of Gen. Buller's force will co-operate in the direction of Van Reenen's pass.

Should the Pretoria bulletin announcing the reoccupation of Heilbron by the federals turn out to be true, it will be a totally unexpected development, as Ian Hamilton occupied Heilbron Tuesday, and nothing has been heard from there since.

CHARGES WITHDRAWN.

Pretoria, May 26.—The prosecution has withdrawn the charges of murder in connection with the explosion at the Bigbie factory at Johannesburg against Messrs. Longville and Perret, Belgians; William Begbie and Thomas Richards, a colored American. All the accused were acquitted. An application was made that the men be rearrested and put over the border, but this was refused.

STEYN AT VREDE.

London, May 26, 5 a. m.—The Daily Mail in its second edition publishes the following dispatch dated Friday from Newcastle:

President Steyn is reported to be at Vrede, where the Free Staters are concentrating preparatory to moving to join the commandoes now at Laing's nek. Little opposition is expected this side of Volksrust. Occasional rifle shots are exchanged with the Laing's nek outposts.

MAGISTRATE SURRENDERS.

Newcastle, May 26.—Louis Koch, a magistrate of the Free State, has surrendered. He says that all the burghers in the Harrismith Vrede district have returned to their farms and refuse to continue fighting. If, as is reported, President Steyn is in Vrede he will probably go northward towards Laing's Nek if he finds any followers.

RECRUITS SCARCE.

London, May 26.—The secretary of state for war, marquis of Lansdowne, discussing military matters in South Africa, announced that 11,000 additional troops would be sent to the Cape during the next month. He said: "It is surprising how the enlistment fell off after the excitement of the campaign abated. I do not think an increase of pay would make the army popular."

THE UNITARIAN ASSEMBLY.

The Question of Secret Societies Provokes Warm Debate.

Chicago, May 26.—The question of admission of members of secret societies to membership in the Unitarian church precipitated the warmest discussion which has marked the present general assembly. The matter came up in the report of the committee to which was referred at the last assembly the revision of the fifteenth article of the testimony which related to secret societies. While the report recommended that the article, which declares the opposition of the church to secret societies, should stand, it recommended that an overture should be made to the presbyteries of the church asking their opinion as to whether the covenant of membership should be so changed as to allow members of secret societies to become church members if they should consent to receive from their pastors instruction as to the attitude of the church toward their societies.

This proposal caused heated discussion for and against it. The Rev. John A. Henderson, of Sparta, Ill., chairman of the committee who drafted the report, favored its adoption, as did the Rev. J. Q. A. McDowell, of Newcastle, Pa.

The question was one on which the opinion of the whole church should be taken, Mr. McDowell said. Many of the orthodox churches did not oppose secrecy, and it could not be regarded as essential to salvation.

The discussion was ended for the time being by John McNaugher, president of the Allegheny Theological seminary, who moved that the report should be referred to a special committee of three, who should revise it and prepare a suitable preamble and report back to the assembly before its adjournment. The motion was carried unanimously.

SAFE ROBBERY.

Iron Range Depot at Virginia Broken Into and $400 Taken.

A sensational safe robbery occurred last night at Virginia. The depot of the Duluth & Iron Range railroad was broken into, the doors of a large heavy safe were blown off with dynamite, and $400 was taken.

Details of the affair were of a meager nature this morning even at the offices of the railroad company. The depot is located quite a long distance from the central part of Virginia, and after midnight the safe-blowers had an opportunity to work with a certain degree of security owing to its isolated position. The robbery was not discovered till the depot was opened up this morning, then the local offices of the company were promptly notified.

As near as could be learned, there is no clue to the safe-wreckers, but the manner in which the heavy safe doors were blown off has some resemblance of the work of George Curtis, who conducted a safe-blowing campaign in both the Mesaba and Vermilion range towns two or three years ago. Curtis was employed as a second cook in a hotel at Tower and was a small runt of a man who certainly did not appear to have brains or nerve for such work. Safes at Biwabik, Virginia, Tower and several other places were wrecked, but only small sums secured. For weeks this sort of thing continued and the authorities were completely mystified. Finally, however, a local detective traced the work to Curtis and he was arrested. He practically admitted that he did desperate safe-cracking, but shortly after his arrest he broke jail at Tower and disappeared.

The work last night on the Duluth & Iron Range safe at Virginia is said to have resembled the system of work used by Curtis.

TO VIEW THE ECLIPSE.

President and Party Set Off on the Dolphin.

Washington, May 26.—The president and party left Washington about 1:40 o'clock this afternoon on the Dolphin for a trip down the Potomac and to view the eclipse on Monday, probably from some point off Norfolk. The movements of the boat, however, are subject to change. It is not likely that the president will make any extended stop during the trip, preferring to spend nearly the entire time on the boat.

The boat will return to Washington next Tuesday afternoon. It consists of the president and Mrs. McKinley; Secretary and Mrs. Hay; Secretary and Mrs. Root, Miss Root and Master Edward Root; Gen. Russel Hastings and Mrs. Hastings; Col. Webb Hays, Dr. Rixey and Secretary Cortelyou.

PENSIONS GRANTED.

Washington, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The following pensions have been granted: Restoration and increase—George S. Hunter, dead, Long Prairie, $8. Widows—Johanna Hunter, Long Prairie, $8.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

SON TELLS OF MURDER

Says His Father Killed a Peddler For Money Near Ishpeming.

STORY OF THE CRIME

Body of Harrison Howard Found and Jacob Brown Is Arrested.

Ishpeming, Mich., May 26.—Jacob Brown, of Sandusky, Ohio, is a prisoner in Ishpeming jail charged with the murder of Harrison Howard, of Harvey, Ill. The body of Howard was found Thursday night three miles west of Ishpeming, where the crime was committed the previous night.

Howard was a peddler and ten days ago met Brown and his son, the latter aged 16 years, tramping from Sandusky to the copper country. Howard had about $15 and Brown was penniless. They left Ishpeming late at night, intending to walk to the next station west. They sat down to rest and Brown, it is said, tried to get money from Howard, and being refused took a stone and struck Howard on the head, killing him instantly. The dead man dropped into the arms of the boy.

The clue to the arrest of Brown was furnished by Marshal Gribble, of Negaunee, who ordered two men and a boy out of the city Wednesday. Suspecting Brown of the crime Sheriff Carlson yesterday went west as far as Champion, where he found Brown intoxicated. He was in possession of Howard's goods and satchel, money and papers. The boy related the story of the crime to the marshal. He told, fearing his father would kill him, as his father threatened to do so in case he confessed.

When he arrived in Ishpeming the boy identified the body of Howard and again related everything in reference to the killing. He has been taken to the county jail at Marquette, while the father will remain here for a preliminary hearing. Brown was some time in this section prior to two years ago. He returned to Sandusky. Howard is said to have a family at Harvey, Ill.

BY FORCE OF ARMS

Claimant of Property In Chicago Seizes It With an Armed Party.

HAS GATLING GUNS

Land Is In Lincoln Park and City Has No Jurisdiction.

Chicago, May 26.—With an armed body of twenty men, two rapir-fire guns and some barbed wire for making entanglements, Capt. George Streeter today took possession of 186 acres of land here. After hoisting the United States flag, his men threw up entrenchments and planted in each one of the rapid-fire guns.

Shortly before noon, blood was spilled before Capt. Streeter's stronghold. Pickets thrown out by the occupants of the trenches discovered a party approaching from the direction of Lincoln Park, consisting of Park Superintendent Rodieski and Secretary Erby, reinforced by a policeman. Calls of "halt" failed to stop the park officials, who were bent upon finding out who was "encroaching upon their ground."

A volley from the pickets' rifles quickly put to flight the investigating party, however, and one of the bullets struck a 14-year-old boy, Reuben Manly, in the right knee, inflicting a severe wound.

The park officials fled to a patrol box and turned in a riott call. A force of twenty or thirty policemen, armed with revolvers and clubs, hurried to the scene from the Chicago avenue station. When the officer in command saw the display of force, gatling guns being pointed his way over the entrenchment, he ordered a retreat. The police immediately returned to the Chicago avenue station, where arrangements were made to arm them with Winchester rifles in an endeavor to capture the Streeter forces.

Capt. Streeter claims to own the land, which, with the title clear, would be worth $30,000,000.

In 1880 Streeter and his wife were stranded on a little sand bar a few yards from the shore at the foot of Superior street. The spot was not down on the maps, and the doughty navigator laid claim to the land and declared his right, being the whole population, to elect himself to all of the offices which he, in framing a constitution, deemed the territory in need of. As the years passed by the dumping of all sorts of refuse and by the earth washed up by the lake formed a large tract, and Capt. Streeter became a man of importance.

With his importance and the increased value of the land his trouble began. The tract became connected with the shore, and owners of adjacent property resented the presence of Capt. Streeter and the retainers he had gathered about him.

They carried the matter into court. The supreme court of the United States decided that the land was within the jurisdiction of the state of Illinois. Streeter thereupon offered the district to the federal government. A year ago he organized a territorial government under the name "District of Lake Michigan," and elected himself chief justice and to other offices of importance. The police, however, descended upon him and his army of about fifty men, and since then, up to today, the captain has lived in another part of town.

The preparations to retake possession were made with great secrecy, and it was not until dawn today that the police were aware of the invasion. Patrolman O'Maly saw a small schooner anchored off shore when daylight came. The patrolman telephoned Inspector Heidelmeier of the occurrence. The inspector refused to make a move in the matter until after a conference with a law department of the city, and in consequence the invaders, or rightful owners, as they claim to be, were left unmolested while the police were trying to figure out a campaign.

Forty policemen were armed with rifles and ordered to remain at the Chicago avenue station by Chief of Police Kipley, pending a decision on the part of the city law department as to the legality of an attack on the Streeter forces.

Up to 1 o'clock the corporation counsel had not reached an opinion on the matter, but was expected to do so momentarily.

In the shooting which greeted the park officials on their attempt to enter Streeter's alleged domain, a bullet pierced Secretary Erby's carriage horse and the animal died an hour later.

Measures were being taken by the police department to meet what they expect to be the greatest battle between the police and opposing forces since the Haymarket riot. In every section of the city patrolmen were called from their beats wherever practicable and placed upon reserve in the police stations.

An extremely fine point of law is involved in the case. Capt. Streeter has issued a "declaration of independence," setting forth his alleged rights to the property, and has served a copy upon the United States marshal of the district. The police felt that they were amply able to wipe out Streeter's forces, and were bent upon doing so, because of the fact that the men were apparently wearing arms in defiance of the statutes of Illinois.

Chief Kipley was in favor of immediately descending upon the Streeterites and placing them under arrest, regardless of consequences. Before this plan could be put into operation, however, the city authorities decided to take no rash step and to lay the whole matter before the corporation counsel for his interpretation of the law.

Shortly after 1 o'clock the acting mayor and Corporation Counsel Walker decided that, in view of the decision by the supreme court of the United States that the land claimed by Streeter is territory of the state of Illinois, the city police forces could not legally precipitate a battle with Streeter's forces, which at that hour were increased by an additional fifty men armed with rifles.

Mr. Walker expressed the opinion that the matter could only be settled by the state authorities who control the park police, a large number of whom are sta-

(Continued on page 3.)

WILL TAKE NO ACTION

Methodist Conference By a Close Vote Passes the Amusement Question.

DEBATE WAS BITTER

A Terrific Storm Stirred Up By a New Jersey Delegate.

Chicago, May 26.—A long list of standing committees of the church and a committee to select delegates to attend the ecumenical congress in London in 1901 were agreed upon by the Methodist general conference today. A resolution was also adopted allowing officers of the general conference who were not re-elected one-half of their salaries until the meetings of the annual conferences.

Rev. W. P. Thirkield, formerly general secretary of the Epworth league, was declared elected as one of the secretaries of the Freedmen's Aid and Southern Education society. Dr. Levi Gilbert, of New Haven, Conn., editor of the Daily Advocate, being published here during the sessions of the conference, was declared elected to the editorship of the Western Christian Advocate, and Dr. C. P. Spencer, formerly editor of the Rocky Mountain Advocate, to the editorship of the Central Christian Advocate.

H. Karrol, formerly editor of the New York Independent, was elected assistant secretary of the Missionary society.

Report No. 7 of the committee on the state of the church, involving the standing of the Methodist church on dancing, card playing and other prohibited amusements, which was presented yesterday, was then taken up. The galleries of the Auditorium were crowded with spectators eager to listen to the debate on the discussion and the words of the speaker were followed with the closest interest.

Dr. B. P. Raymond, of Boston, took the floor to speak on the majority report. The regulation itself is a dead letter over a large part of our church," he said. "It cultivates duplicity and thus undermines the fundamental principle of truth in our church. Thus we compromise all other virtues."

Dr. Raymond also said that from the study of pedagogy a point could be made in favor of taking the ban from the amusements.

Dr. E. J. Gray, of Williams, Pa., also spoke in favor of the majority report. Dr. Buckley was then recognized.

"The Jesuits, Lutherans and Church of England never allow the people to dance or go to the theater for the forty days during Lent, but they do not have any laws on the subject," he said. "It is not said to any man 'thou shalt not,' but the moral force of the body, together with the religious exercises, cause their people to abstain during Lent."

The previous question was then ordered.

Frank Arthur, of New Jersey, then put the conference in an uproar by starting to read an amendment purposing to insert in paragraph 24 "Opera, grand opera, prize fights, bull fights, cock fights, checkers, backgammon, football, baseball, one old cat, two old cat"—

Here his voice was drowned by fifty delegates springing to their feet and demanding recognition while cries of "outrage on the conference," "We won't listen to the ridicule of a rule of this church" were heard on all sides.

The chair ruled that Mr. Arter was in order and he proceeded amid handclapping and stamping.

The conference was again thrown into turmoil by a demand that Bishop McCabe leave the floor.

"He has no right on the floor of this body endeavoring to influence persons in their voting," said Dr. Buckley hotly.

"I was here on private business," retorted Bishop McCabe.

"You were not; you told me to withdraw my motion," shouted Mr. Arter. Amid confusion, Mr. Arter then withdrew his amendment and the angry delegates settled in their seats to hear the closing argument in favor of the majority report by Governor Pattison. A demand for an aye and no vote on the question was carried.

The vote on the question of accepting the minority report was extremely close for a time. It was evident before the close of the roll call, however, that the minority report would carry. Unofficial counts made it about 329 in favor and 290 against adoption. The conference then adjourned for the day without hearing the official result.

WILL MOVE.

Reported That Taylor Will Leave Kentucky and Abandon Politics.

Cincinnati, May 26.—A dispatch from Indianapolis says that it is stated there by an officer of a life insurance company that William S. Taylor, late governor of Kentucky, has decided to abandon politics, remove from Kentucky and accept the position of executive manager for the insurance company, with headquarters at Indianapolis.

ANOTHER DREYFUS VICTIM.

French Officer Cashiered For ... cising De Gallifet's Actio...

Paris, May 26.—It was stated ... senate yesterday afternoon by ... quis de Gallifet than an o... been cashiered for communica... tective Tomp's letters in the Dr... affair to politicians, who had used them for political purposes. The officer had, the minister said, said that what the latter had done in the affair was political.

The officer disgraced by the Marquis de Gallifet, is Capt. Frisbie, who is said to be an Alsatian.

ASSEMBLY ADJOURNED

The Business of the Presbyterian General Assembly Is Finished.

TRUSTEE IS ELECTED

F. B. Reeves Chosen By Unanimous Vote---Districts Assigned.

St. Louis, May 26.—The opening of the session of the Presbyterian general assembly today was enlivened by a discussion of the amendment to the Peoria overture offered yesterday. The disposal of the amendment to the Peoria overture opened the way for the remaining business of the general assembly, with a good prospect of completing the work today.

First in the order of business was the report of the committee on vacancy and supply. Dr. Simple, recommended that those sections already acted upon be adopted, and that part of the report pertaining to the bureau of information be referred back to the committee for further consideration and to report to the next assembly. It was ordered.

Reports were made by the various committees on synodical records, the greater part of them being approved.

Rev. Hugh K. Walker, D. D., of the synod of California, chairman of the committee on districting the synods of the Presbyterian church of the United States, under the Peoria overture, reported the erection of twenty-two districts.

The members appointed on the creed revision committee by the moderator are as follows:

Revs. Dr. S. Harrick Johnson, Illinois; Dr. Nicholson, Missouri; Dr. Modder, Indiana; George Stewart, New York; William McKibbin, Pennsylvania; Samuel P. Sprecher, Ohio; Benjamin Warfield, New Jersey, and S. W. Dana, and Elders D. R. Noyes, Minnesota; E. W. Humphrey, Kentucky; W. R. Craft, Pennsylvania; John Parsons, New York; Benjamin Harrison, former president; Louisiana; Elisha Frazer, of Michigan, and Justice John M. Harlem, of Baltimore.

Dr. Charles A. Dickey, of Pennsylvania, was appointed chairman of the committee by the assembly.

A record of the respect of the general assembly for the memory of Rev. William E. Moore, D.D., LL.D., late permanent clerk of the assembly, was read and approved by the assembly.

A recommendation made by Rev. T. Ralston Smith D.D., of Buffalo, N. Y., that the assembly give its moral support and encouragement to a movement contemplated by the Presbyterian board of publication, of New York, to have an exhibition at the pan-American exposition in Buffalo next year, was laid on the table.

The stated clerk, on instruction of the assembly, cast the unanimous vote of the body for Francis B. Reeves, of Philadelphia, for trustee of the general assembly.

The discharge of standing committees and the final roll call anticipated the final adjournment.

Resolutions of thanks of the general assembly to the moderator, Rev. Charles A. Dickey, D.D.; to the committee of arrangements and all who had contributed to the pleasure and entertainment of the commissioners were presented and adopted by the assembly.

Following the formal farewell address, the moderator declared the 112th Presbyterian general assembly dissolved, to meet again in Philadelphia in 1901.

CARS STOPPED.

St. Louis Police at the Polls and Transit Company Suspends.

St. Louis, May 26.—Last night the board of police commissioners decided that it was more essential to protect the polls at the Democratic primaries today than the running of street cars, and in consequence officials of the St. Louis Transit company decided to take the cars off during the absence of the police protection.

One fatality has resulted from the fusillade of shots fired in the riot yesterday, when three men were wounded. Harry Potts, a striking motorman, is the victim. His is the fourth fatality since the strike began.

Executive officers of the labor union in St. Louis have resolved to call on national unions throughout the country to send representatives here to assist carrying on the struggle, which, they say, is against organized labor.

It was decided, further, to ... officers of the American Federation of Labor to send out an appeal to ... workers in America for financial ...

The official repudiation of ... gram recently sent to the ... house of representatives in ... the World's fair bill, purporting ... from organized labor, ... by H. W. Steinbliss, ... treasurer of the United ... council:

"Telegram recently ... World's fair move ... not voi... Bull ...

St. ... police ... the fire ... exchanged. ... who was riding ... was hit in the left ... producing an ugly wou...

DEFECTIVE PAGE

DR. MITCHELL

THE GREAT HEALER.

CURING THE SICK WITHOUT MEDICINE.

Crowds Continue to Throng the Office of This Wonderful Physician and Gifted Magnetic Healer.

The editor of a popular magazine says:

"For some time we have watched the career of Dr. Mitchell with growing interest and we are compelled to say that in forcefulness of character, aggressiveness in his profession, a wide knowledge of human ailments, he is as far above the average practitioner as can well be imagined. Aside from the experience gained by a practice extending nearly all over the United States, Dr. Mitchell is possessed of phenomenal natural gifts which are so marked as to border on the supernatural, and to these gifts no doubt is largely due his success.

"Add to this honesty of purpose, for he claims to do nothing more than to assist nature to throw off diseases that our bodies may be invigorated and our lives prolonged, and you will readily see that when he restores sight to blind eyes, hearing to deaf ears, gives to the paralytic the use of his lifeless limbs, banishes pain in an instant from any part of the body, removes tumors, and in fact completely controls every form of curable disease, Dr. Mitchell does not resort to the use of dangerous medicines to produce these marvelous results. He simply utilizes the magnetism with which he is gifted.

"By this apparently simple method many who are being systematically drugged to death are saved from premature graves and given the use of their faculties and senses in a short time.

"Dr. Mitchell's wonderful success in curing difficult chronic cases of long-standing, that have baffled the skill of other physicians, has been demonstrated by the large number of testimonials from prominent and well-known citizens which have appeared in our columns for two years past, and which have been voluntarily given by patients who have been cured. No wonder that Dr. Mitchell's work grows; no wonder that enthusiasm increases; no wonder that people have come to the inevitable conclusion that no other doctor can equal Dr. Mitchell's achievements. His charges are within the reach of every one. Do not be influenced by what some unprincipled person may say, but go to his office and judge for yourself."

Dr. Mitchell is permanently located at 17 East Superior street. Consultation is free. He treats all kinds of complaints with positive results. Office hours every week day from 9 a. m. to 7:30 p. m. Sundays, 10 a. m. to 12 m.

TROUBLE IN JERSEY.

The Islanders at Loggerheads Over the Boer War.

London, May 26.—Serious trouble is threatening between the British and French residents of St. Heliers, Isle of Jersey, owing to the pro-Boer attitude of the latter. There have been several collisions and yesterday the troops were ordered to charge with fixed bayonets to prevent the demonstrators from invading the French quarter. Thirty arrests were made. The French consul has presented the situation to the British foreign office with the result that the latter has wired to the governor, Sir George Hoopton, holding him personally responsible for the maintenance of order.

LEYDS DEIGNS NO REPLY.

Dubs the Bribery Charges Too Nonsensical to Answer.

London, May 26.—In reply to the Associated Press for a statement in reference to the allegations of the Daily Express, of this city, claiming to expose the use made by Dr. Leyds, the diplomatic agent of the Transvaal, of the Transvaal's secret service fund, it being asserted that numerous continental newspapers were bribed, it has just received the following authorized statement signed by the legation at Brussels:

"Relative to the English reports, Dr. Leyds does not consider it necessary to say anything about such nonsense, in regard to the peace rumors and the possibilities of prolonging the struggle, he cannot express his opinion."

MISS WILLARD'S ROMANCE.

Once Engaged to Be Married to Bishop Fowler.

Hartford City, Ind., May 26.—There is a pretty little romance connected with the life of one of the bishops attending the general conference of the Methodist church in Chicago, not generally known. Two years ago the North Indiana Methodist Episcopal conference, held in this city, was presided over by Bishop Fowler, and at that time one of the most prominent ministers of the conference related it here and vouched for it truthfulness.

In their youth Charley Fowler, as he was then called, and Miss Francis Willard were students together at a Methodist college. They were members of the Methodist church; both were of the same temperament, both born leaders of men and women. Between them was a strong friendship, which soon ripened to love.

A ring Miss Willard once spoke of wearing may have been the result of the "allegiance based on a supposition." It is understood that this ring was the gift of no less a personage than Bishop Fowler, who, viewing the question of love-making from a scientific point, just as he does all other questions, knowing full well the sameness of their temperaments, told Miss Willard it would never do for them to wed.

Thus the engagement is believed to have been broken. Miss Willard then turned the key and locked her heart. The two, however, have often met and labored together in their Master's vineyard.

MONUMENT TO MARQUETTE.

Chicago, May 26.—The officers and trustees of the Marquette Monument association hel dtheir first meeting in Chicago yesterday, coming from all parts of the Northwest. The association has been incorporated under the laws of Michigan, and its object is to build a fitting national memorial to Father Marquette, the great missionary priest and explorer on the island of Mackinac. The work of raising by subscription the necessary funds for its erection will be immediately entered upon. It is estimated that the statue will cost $25,000.

GUARANTEED TO CURE

CATARRH AND CONSUMPTION

HYOMEI THE NEW GERMICIDE.

Coughs, Bronchitis and **Asthma** cannot exist where it is used. Your money refunded if it fails to cure.

FIVE DAYS' TREATMENT SENT FREE. "Hyomei" is sold by all druggists or sent by mail. Complete Outfit, $1.00. Trial Outfit, 25c. THE R. T. BOOTH CO., Ithaca, N. Y.

TALKING OF PEACE

Passing of the War Cloud the Chief Topic In London.

MAHON A NONENTITY

Reliever of Mafeking Utterly Ignored---Lipton Mum About His Plans.

London, May 26.—(Copyright, 1900, by the Associated Press.)—The outlook for peace, how soon will it come, and the steps by which it will be procured, are the foremost topics of the hour here. The air is full of messages from President Kruger, the Boer delegates, and other formal steps looking to a cessation of hostilities, but these, so far, have proved to be without any foundation. According to the opinion of one of the highest officials of the foreign office, there is a popular misconception regarding the importance of these imaginary appeals. This authority is inclined to believe that the most submissive telegram President Kruger could compose would not alter the situation in the slightest.

"Peace," he declared, "can only be accomplished after the Transvaal has undergone the same process as the Free State. The cases are, or will be in a few days, analogous. The most forcible illustration of my meaning can be gathered by supposing President Steyn now sued or had sued for peace. What difference could such action make to us? Neither Kruger's word nor Steyn's word are any guarantee that their people will submit. Kruger might surrender, Pretoria might be in our hands; yet, in other parts of the Transvaal we might have a recurrence of such a thing as the siege of Wepener, or widespread uprisings, which would necessitate the presence of thousands of troops. A thorough occupation having now become the object of the war, it cannot terminate until a disarmament is completely effected among all the Boer forces.

"When the Boers want peace they must tell Lord Roberts, and take him in their arms. This may, perhaps, occur at the instigation of President Kruger; but the only importance we could now attach to any of his appeals or utterances is the extent to which they will be observed among his own people. My personal opinion is that it will be found that the extent is small, though this fact should not delay peace, or more properly, pacification. Lord Roberts should be able to subdue the Transvaal almost as easily as he did the Free State. If, as I hear is likely, the bodies of Boers will take to the hills, a lot of them will be kept there til they are tired. With the bulk of the population disarmed, these guerrilla bands are not likely to be a serious factor.

"I fail to see how matters will be altered even if a foreign power, say the United States, consented to transmit the unconditional surrender of our foes. It is not worth the paper it is written on, though the action we would take is too hypothetical for me to forecast it."

Others who have given the matter study echoed these ideas, while a well known member of the diplomatic corps told a representative of the Associated Press that he thought it most improbable that any nation would transmit even unconditional offers from the Boers, or that such a method of attempting to stop the war would do the Boers any good, except as salving their pride.

The queen's birthday was made an excuse for prolonging the Mafeking celebrations. Maj. Gen. Baden-Powell, naturally enough, is the hero of the hour. While Col. Mahon is the reliever of the town, he is almost as much a nonentity as when the name of the commander of the relieving column was undisclosed. Col. Mahon is said to be Gen. Lord Kitchener's favorite officer, and the sirdar is reported to have telegraphed to him to come from south of Khartoum to South Africa. To obey this mandate, it is added, Mahon drove to death no fewer than five camels while crossing the desert. He is a member of an old Galway family, and a relative of Sir Edward Carson, the new solicitor general.

A noticeable feature of the rejoicings is the prevalence everywhere of the stars and stripes, which was never before displayed to such an extent, and which is almost always next to or intertwined with the union jack. Commenting on this fact, the St. James' Gazette says: "This is as it should be."

From Sir Thomas Lipton a representative of the Associated Press learns that he will not announce the date of his next challenge for the America's cup till August. The continuation of his silence, he frankly admits, is due to the belief that he will further his chances of winning. Hence the announcements purporting to came from him are untrue, and it is clear that Sir Thomas has no idea of again attempting to "lift the cup" until next year.

It is persistently rumored that Sir William Henry White, who has been director of naval construction since 1885, is resigning his position. He has been absent from his office for many weeks and is completely broken down over the royal yacht Basco. Moreover, he has many difficulties with the admiralty, and many naval officers frankly express disbelief in his armament theories, declaring he has not kept up with the progress made in warship building, especially in the case of the American progress. Mr. Watts, the Armstrongs' chief designer, is reported to have been offered Sir William White's post.

Dr. T. Dewitt Talmage preaches in London May 27. Preparations have been made to provide for overflow audiences, as St. James' hall is not expected to be large enough. Dr. Talmage says the heartiness and enthusiasm of his English and Scotch reception is most remarkable. Dr. Talmage is soon going to Paris.

The khedive and shah of Persia are soon to arrive. Both those royal travelers will doubtless be welcomed warmly and no end of political capital will be made out of their visits.

The queen's birthday honor list is generally voted absurdly inadequate. No naval officer is mentioned amid the host of "unknowns" that gained coveted distinction. The Pall Mall Gazette rather pathetically commented on the fact that the press is "altogether omitted."

Speculation is now rife as to who will be the first viceroy of federated Australia. The duke of Fife is frequently mentioned, but his royal wife is notoriously disinclined to taking part in state functions. The new duke of Argyll and the earls of Hopetoun and Jersey are also declared to have a chance of filling the important position.

Following the lines of Lady Warwick, the Daily Mail is posing for the benefit of the public the horrors of the invasion of American millionaires. "These invaders," the Mail declares, "are so enormously rich that they are indifferent to the fancy prices asked for great estates." Andrew Carnegie, the Mail further remarks, "is among the best of them."

W. W. Astor, the reader of the Mail learns, came to Europe to avoid publicity, and that is his one personal aim, though he has a passion for building and a love of solitude.

The histories of these gentlemen and the Bradley-Martins, James R. Keene, Joseph Pulitzer, Marshall Field, Lord Strathcone and Mount Royal and a few South African millionaires are carefully detailed, with estimates about their fortunes, but the writer makes several curious mistakes, among them being the statement that Marshall Field, who is dubbed as the "Lipton of Chicago," and a "relentless monopolist," is well known in hunting circles in Warwickshire, whereas Mr. Field does not hunt at all. The Mail writer mistaking the son for the father.

In a small paragraph at the end of the article the following notice is given those apparently non-millionaires:

"There are political bosses and patrons of sport, such as Richard Croker; sober American bankers, like E. H. Pessel, of yachting and sporting fame, and social leaders, such as Mrs. Ronalds and Mrs. Mackay."

THE PLAGUE.

Suspected Cases Found In the Government Corral at Manilla.

Manilla, May 26.—The government corral at Manilla has been quarantined. There are four suspected cases of bubonic plague among the teamsters, who are living in filthy dwellings which will be burned.

Since the murders on the steamer Elcano by the native crew, coastwise captains have been fearful of repetitions of the tragedy and have requested the authorities to furnish soldier guards for their steamers, which has been declined. Three commercial steamers are now in the bay. Their Spanish captains refusing to sail until protected, and others intend imitating them. The authorities have returned to the captains their revolvers of which they were recently disarmed.

Col. Padill, the rebel governor of Nueva Ecija, was captured during the recent fighting at Nueva Ecija and is now in jail here.

CUSTOMS IN HAWAII.

Exports There Must Be Stamped After June 14.

San Francisco, May 26.—Collector of Internal Revenue Lynch is making preparations to establish an office in Honolulu, the Hawaii islands having been added to the district of California. The internal revenue laws go into effect in Hawaii on June 14. All deputies at the Honolulu offices will be selected from citizens of Hawaii. The stocks of beer, wines, liquors, opium, cigars and tobacco now in the islands will be inspected and inventoried. After June 14 goods from the United States must be stamped before sent to the islands.

KEANE IS SUCCESSFUL.

Archbishop Getting Liberal Donations For the Catholic University.

Washington, May 26.—Archbishop Keane of the Catholic university, who was commissioned by Pope Leo XIII to visit the various sees of this country and make personal appeals in its behalf, has been quite successful up to date in the matter of raising the required $1,000,000 with which to endow chairs at the institution and facilitate its work. He has just finished a tour through the sees of St. Louis, Kansas City, Chicago and Milwaukee, from which about one-fifth of the sum needed has been realized.

At Chicago he says that a public-spirited Catholic, who is a member of the university of trustees, gave him $50,000 conditionally, which will enable the directors of the institution to found a number of new scholarships at the next session.

Archbishop Keane speaks hopefully of the university. The archbishop expects to continue his tour through other sections of the West, and gradually cover all the bishopries which he has not already visited.

THEY CUT NO FIGURE

Germans Cannot Hurt Our Trade By Prohibiting Our Meats.

BOUGHT BUT LITTLE

Prices Rose In Chicago the Day the Reichstag Bill Passed.

Chicago, May 26.—Concerning Germany's antagonistic legislation against American live stock and meats, M. F. Horine, statistician for the Chicago stock yards, said today:

"So far as the general live stock markets of the United States are concerned, Germany's action cuts no figure. Her trade in animals and meats from this country is comparatively insignificant, and neither German prices nor German legislation has any appreciable influence on market values here. On the very day when the prohibitive measure was passed by the reichstag the prices for all kinds of live stock rose on the Chicago market, and neither buyers or sellers paid any attention to it. The prices of live stock are governed solely by the law of demand and supply, and the demand from Germany has never been a sufficient factor in the market to affect quotations in the least.

"During the five years 1894 to 1898 inclusive the exports of meat and meat animal business to Germany have averaged only 2 8-10 per cent of the total exportations of these commodities.

"The total value of exports to Germany during the five years named was only $15,700,000, whereas during the same period our exports of meats and meat animals to England amounted to $367,977,000 in value. In comparison with which the German figures appear very small.

"In 1881 Germany placed an embargo on American pork, ostensibly as a precaution against disease, but in reality as a protectionist measure. This led to a protracted correspondence between the two governments. But nothing was accomplished until congress passed a law providing a system of inspection for our meats intended for export, and conferring on the president power to exclude products from our markets in case the country sending them contained unjust discriminations against any product of the United States. This placed the United States in a position effectively to urge the removal of discriminations against our meats. The result was that in 1891 Germany raised the embargo against American meats. Denmark, Italy, Austria and France were induced to take similar action.

"In 1894 Germany prohibited the importation of American beef cattle and fresh beef on account of alleged Texas fever being discovered in certain cargoes of cattle shipped to Hamburg. This led to more correspondence between the two governments, the United States protesting against the total exclusion of its cattle not necessary for sanitary purposes. In 1897 or 1898 action was taken by the German authorities prohibiting the importation of fruits from the United States.

"The present legislation of the German government has as little excuse in reality as had the last named action, and in neither case existed the slightest justification. Both were intended to be prohibitive, as protection is the measure.

TO PRISON FOR LIFE.

The Fate of the Welland Canal Lock Dynamiters.

Welland, Ont., May 26.—Karl Dullman, residence unknown, and John Walsh and John Nolan, of Dublin, Ireland, but lately of Washington, D. C., and Richmond, Va., were yesterday convicted by Chancellor Boyd and a jury of having attempted to wreck lock 28 of the Welland canal by dynamite, and sentenced to imprisonment for life in the Kingston penitentiary. Walsh and Nolan were the active participants in the crime, having lowered two valises filled with dynamite and with fuses attached, alongside the lock, but owing to a mistake in calculating the distance to the water's edge, the force of the explosion was minimized and the damage was trifling. Dullman accompanied the men to Niagara Falls and directed proceedings from there, but all three were caught almost redhanded. The jury was only five minutes in arriving at the decision of the guilt of the accused. Neither made any remarks.

No evidence was produced as to the motive for the crime, although the crown asserted it was hatched by the Clan-na-Gael.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

Chairman Hull of the house committee on military affairs has stated definitely that owing to the lateness of the session it would be impossible to consider the bill to provide for the efficiency of the army.

Joe Gans, of Baltimore, knocked out Dal Hawkins, of California, at the Broadway Athletic club, in New York, last night in two rounds of the fastest fighting ever seen in the club house. The men were scheduled to go 25 rounds at 135 pounds and both scaled under the limit. Gans had Hawkins gauged in the second and easily avoided his terrible rushes and swings, and after one minute and fifteen seconds of slugging Gans landed the punch that did the trick.

The Chicago board of trade gave notice yesterday that on and after June 1, the board would collect its own market quotations. The new rule is aimed at the bucketshops, of which there are claimed to be at least 25,000 in various parts of the country.

The general assembly of the Presbyterian church South, yesterday declined to give its assent to the woman suffrage.

A dispatch to the London Daily Express from Georgetown, British Guiana, says that a steamer with three convoys has been carried over a cataract in the Potari river, British Guiana, forty lives being lost.

HUMPHREYS'

WHEN IN

BRUSSELS.

When in Brussels telephone Cha. Delacre et Cie, Pharmacie Anglaise, 58 Rue de la Montagne de la Cour, they will send to your hotel or tell you the nearest pharmacy that keeps Humphreys' Specifics. "77" for Grip and Colds. Specific "4" for Diarrhea, very important when traveling.

Specific "1" for Fevers, Congestion.

Specific "10" for Dyspepsia, Indigestion.

Specific "15" for Rheumatism.

Specific "16" for Malaria.

Specific "26" for Sea-Sickness.

Specific "27" for Kidney and Bladder.

Manual of all diseases, especially about children, sent free.

For sale by all druggists, or sent on receipt of price, 25c each. Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co., Cor. William & John Sts., New York.

32 Rue Etienne-Marcel, 32, Paris.

Paine's Celery Compound

Gives New Life, Strength, Vitality.

This medicine keeps the organs of the body strong and healthful, the blood is kept pure and full of nourishment, the flesh of the body is made plump and fair, the nerve and muscle tissues are invigorated and strengthened.

MRS. E. H. LELAND, PITTSFIELD, MASS., Writes: "Some five years ago I had nervous prostration and malaria. I tried several medicines, but was no better. A friend persuaded me to use Paine's Celery Compound, and it gave me new life and strength. Since then it has been a sovereign remedy for all my ills, and I value it above all remedies for nervousness and a debilitated system."

IS SELECTED.

Charles Leitchman, of Massachusetts, Chosen For the Industrial Commission.

Washington, May 26.—It is understood that the president has decided to appoint as a member of the industrial commission, to succeed M. D. Ratchford, resigned, Charles Leitchman, of Massachusetts, formerly secretary-treasurer of the Knights of Labor.

TO RELIEVE SETTLERS.

Bill By Senator Nelson on Wisconsin Central Lands.

Washington, May 26.—Senator Knute Nelson has introduced a bill which is intended to relieve certain settlers on Wisconsin Central railroad lands in Wisconsin, which were erroneously treated as being within the limits of the grant to the Omaha road. It provides that settlers who resided on these lands and made improvements in accordance with the rulings of the interior department, but were prevented by a subsequent decision of the supreme court from obtaining title to these lands, shall be entitled, upon filing application and proof of residence with the commissioner of the general land office, to make homestead entry in lieu of those they were forced to relinquish, and shall receive credit for time of residence. Applications for lieu lands are to be made within two years after the passage of the act.

The emergency river and harbor bill reported to the senate yesterday contains two amendments suggested by Senator Nelson. One provides for a survey of the Warroad river, with a view to its improvement and the other amends the provision of the former act for the removal of the inland bar at the mouth of the Farroad river to read "improvement of mouth of Warroad river, $20,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary."

PEEL IS ELECTED.

London, May 26.—The election for parliament in place of the marquis of Lorne, who resigned on the death of his father when he assumed the title of duke of Argyll, and who has gone to the house of lords for South Manchester, district of Lancaster, was fought on a "keep at it" platform, and resulted in a large increase for the Unionists, the Hon. William Peel, son of Viscount Peel, the Unionist candidate, having won over Lief Jones, Radical and pro-Boer, by a majority of 2039. At the previous election the Liberal Unionist majority was 78.

MOTHER'S SACRIFICE.

Chicago, May 26.—Mrs. E. J. Polock threw herself in front of a Northwestern train running at the rate of fifty-seven miles an hour in West Maywood in an effort to save the life of her 2-year-old daughter. Mrs. Polock was struck and hurled forty feet along the track. She was instantly killed. The child was rescued by Frank Belrose, the telegraph operator at the Maywood station, who leaped through the window of his office and risked his life to save the little one.

A PRIEST SUICIDES.

Jumps into the Rapids at Niagara Falls.

Buffalo, N. Y., May 26.—An unknown priest, presumably from New York, committed suicide at the Whirlpool rapids yesterday. He descended the elevator, had his picture taken, then ascended the rock, waved his hand dramatically, said "good by" and leaped into the rushing waters. He ordered the pictures sent to M. J. O'Donnell, New York city, who is said to be pastor of St. Andrew's church. He has two assistants, Rev. J. M. Steward and Rev. Edward S. Leonard, and it is believed here that the suicide is one of these. The dead priest was about 50 years of age.

T. B. BLACKSTONE DEAD.

The Prominent Chicago Railroad Man Passes Away Suddenly.

Chicago, May 26.—Timothy B. Blackstone, formerly president of the Chicago & Alton railroad, and one of the most prominent railroad executive officers in the country, died suddenly at his residence in this city today.

EXPENSES SMALL.

Washington, May 26.—Secretary Root sent to the senate today, in response to inquiry, a report from Gen. Davis, governor general of Porto Rico, relating to expenses of army officials in Porto Rico. According to the report, there has been small expenditure for quarters, furniture, carriages, etc., and these only such as were absolutely necessary.

SALARIES IN CUSTOMS.

Washington, May 26.—The division of customs and insular affairs of the war department has just given out the statement that the average annual salary per man in the United States customs service is $1296, while the average annual salary per man in the customs service of Cuba is $822, making a difference in the average annual salary in favor of the Cuban customs service of $383 per man as compared with that service in the United States. Of the total employes in the Cuban customs service, only 7 per cent are Americans.

PETTIGREW AFTER DATA.

Washington, May 26.—Senator Pettigrew has introduced a resolution calling upon the secretary of war for information as to the number of Filipinos who have been killed in the Philippines since Feb. 5, 1898.

For a Royal good smoke, try Winecke & Doerr's Royal Blue—5 cents.

LEA & PERRINS' SAUCE

The Original WORCESTERSHIRE

That's it

Beware of Imitations

John Duncan's Sons, Agents, New York

This Wonderful Pencil as Quick as a Wink, Can Figure Faster Than You Can Think.

It figures with a twist of the wrist. Gives you hundreds of calculations in the twinkle of an eye, never makes a mistake. Figures interest, discount, wages, lumber, purchases, and many other things too numerous to mention. Can you tell, for example, what the interest on a note of $2300 at 6 per cent is? As quick as a flash this little wonder will register the correct amount, $138. You can tell just as easily, quickly and accurately what 1 per cent, 2 per cent, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 per cent, etc., is. A marvel of ingenious mechanism. Made of pure aluminum. Will last a lifetime. Fits any ordinary pencil. Sells at 25c, but for a limited time only we offer them for only—

15c

Novelty Advertising Co.,

P. O. Box 53, Duluth, Minn.

Northwestern Agents for Hansen's Calculator.

On sale in Duluth at Bennett's News Stand, 244 West Superior street.

ORDER TO EXAMINE ACCOUNTS, ETC.—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis—ss.

In Probate Court, Special Term, May 25th, 1900.

In the matter of the estate of Sune Lilja, deceased:

On reading and filing the petition of August M. Lilja, executor of the will of Sune Lilja, deceased, representing among other things, that he has fully administered said estate, and praying that a time and place be fixed for examining, settling and allowing the final account of his administration, and for the assignment of the residue of said estate to the parties entitled thereto by law,

It is ordered, that said account be examined and petition heard by this court on Monday, the eighteenth day of June, A. D. 1900, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the probate office, in the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county.

And it is further ordered, that notice thereof be given to all persons interested, by publishing a copy of this order once in each week for three successive weeks prior to said day of hearing in The Duluth Evening Herald, a daily newspaper printed and published at Duluth, in said county.

Dated at Duluth, Minnesota, the 25th day of May, A. D. 1900.

By the Court,
J. B. MIDDLECOFF,
Judge of Probate.

(Seal.)

Duluth Evening Herald, May-26-June-2-9-1900.

THE GRAIN MARKETS

Wheat Started Out a Little Firmer and Ruled Quite Steady.

THE CABLES LOWER

But Continued Absence of Rains In the Northwest Gave Strength.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 26.—The wheat market started firm and slightly higher this morning and ruled quite steady and extremely dull throughout the session. The cables were bearish, showing a decline of 1s9½d, but the crop damage reports and stories of drouth in the Northwest served to keep the market strong. The close was unchanged from yesterday here and 1c lower at Chicago for the July option.

Trading was very dull in futures on the Duluth board. July wheat opened ⅛c up, at 67⅜c, and ruled steady at those figures until 11:30, when it eased off to 67⅛c. The close was 67⅛@67⅜c, the same as yesterday. There was no trading in September. It opened nominally at 67⅞c, being ⅛c above yesterday, and closed at 67⅞c, unchanged from last night. Cash sales were 20,000 bus at ⅛ under July. Corn declined ⅜c. Oats, rye and barley were unchanged. Cash flax was unchanged, September flax rose ½c, October flax advanced 1c, and May flax declined 3c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 69c; to arrive, 68½c; May, 69c; July, 68¾@c; September, 68¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67⅛c; to arrive, 67⅜c; May, 67⅛c; July, 67⅝c; September, 67⅝c. No. 2 northern, 65@c. No. 3 spring, 62½c. Oats, 23½@23½c. Rye, 53½c. Barley, 38@3c. Flax, cash, $1.80; May, $1.75; September, $1.26½; October, $1.22. Corn, 36½c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 103; corn, 31; oats, 2; rye, 13; barley, 5; flax, 4. Receipts—Wheat, 113,556 bus; corn, 21,145 bus; rye, 802 bus; barley, 2108 bus; flax, 7823 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 45,000 bus.

Ship Your Grain to McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES SATURDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 4000 bus $0.69½
No. 1 hard, 2 cars 68⅝
No. 1 northern, 5000 bus 67½
No. 1 northern, 5 cars 67⅝
No. 1 northern, 6000 bus 67⅜
No. 2 northern, 2 cars 65¾
Flax, May, 1000 bus 1.80
Flax, September, 500 bus 1.26½
Flax, October, 7000 bus 1.21½
Flax, October, 1000 bus 1.21¾
Flax, October, 1000 bus 1.22

ON THE CHICAGO BOARD.

Wheat Steady and Other Cereals and Provisions Easy.

Chicago, May 26.—The trade in wheat throughout today's session was quiet. July opened 1s@1g over yesterday at 67⅛c to 67⅛@67⅜c because the Northwest was still without rains of any proportion. There was a little profit taking following the opening, and this, combined with the dullness put July back to 67c, where it closed. Local receipts were 27 cars, none of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 503 cars, against 275 last week and 962 a year ago. Estimated receipts for Monday, 50 cars.

Corn, too, was dull and to this condition of trade, as well as favorable weather, owed its easiness. The opening was ⅛c down at 37⅛c for July. The market advanced with wheat to 37¼c, but reacted on profit taking in sympathy with the reaction in wheat at 36⅞c and closed at that figure. Local receipts were 206 cars.

Oats were quiet and easy. July opened a shade down at 21⅜@21⅝c and sold off to 21⅛c. Receipts here were 347 cars.

The provisions market was dull and easy early because of a weak market for hogs at the yards. July pork opened 5c down at $11.40 and sold off to $11.35. July lard opened 2½c down at $6.90 and declined to $6.85, and July ribs opened 2½c lower at $6.55.

Close wheat, May, 66¾c; July, 67c. Corn, May, 36½c; July, 36⅝c. Oats, May, 21¾c; June, 21½c; July, 21½@23¾c. Pork, May, $11.27½; July, $11.32½. Lard, May, $6.80; July, $6.82½; September, $6.82½. Ribs, May, $6.47½; July, $6.50; September, $6.50. Cash wheat: No. 2 red, 70c; No. 3 red, 68@69½c; No. 2 hard winter, 69¾c; No. 3 hard winter, 69@69½c; No. 1 northern spring, 67@68c; No. 2 northern spring, 66@67c; No. 3 spring, 62@65c. Corn, No. 2, 36¾@37c; No. 3, 36@36½c. Oats, No. 2, 21¾c; No. 3, 21½c. Flax, cash, Northwestern, $1.80; Southwestern, $1.80; May, $1.80; September, $1.26½; October, $1.21½. Rye, May, 55@55¾c; July, 53¾c. Barley, 37@42c. Timothy, $2.40. Clover, $7.50.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 26.—Wheat quiet, 1s9½d lower. July, 5s 8½d; September, 5s 7½d. Corn, quiet, 1s9½d lower. July, 3s 3½d. September, 3s 3½d.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker & Co., and stock broker, room 16, Chamber of Commerce, and 207 Board of Trade.

Chicago, May 26.—The wheat market, after opening firm, owing to continued dry weather in the Northwest, later eased off in sympathy with the weakness in corn, lower cables from abroad and some selling by weak holders who were afraid to go home long over Sunday, fearing that it might rain. The market closed slightly lower than last night. Cash demand was very quiet here, and the seaboard reported very little doing there for export. The weather throughout the winter wheat belt was generally favorable for the growing crop. Trade was very light all day and mostly all of a local professional, scalping character. It is surprising how indifferent the market acts to the continued drouth in the Northwest, which is getting serious and in our opinion must tell very shortly on prices. We believe the long side is the safest to work on and advise buying on all weak spots. Estimated receipts for Monday, 50 cars.

The corn market was weak all day, owing to lower cables from abroad and larger estimated receipts for Monday, nearly 300 cars. Local bears sold heavily and there was also some liquidation by small holders. The market closed 3@3½c lower. Country offerings were light, while there was a fairly good cash demand. The seaboard reported 5 loads for export. Larger receipts here, we think, will be only temporarily and later on will fall off again, unless the country sells more freely than they did today. The weather is generally favorable to the growing crop.

Oats ruled weak all day in sympathy with corn, larger receipts and only moderate cash demand, closing 1c lower than last night. Trade was light all day and no special feature to market. Little export demand, but not very much. Estimated, 270 cars.

Provisions opened lower on a weaker hog market and the general desire on the part of holders to liquidate. It is generally believed Armour was selling freely through a commission house. The market grows heavier every day and is likely to strike stop loss orders any moment and cause a bad break. We see nothing to cause even a temporary rally now. Estimated receipts of hogs for Monday, 33,000, and 165,000 for next week.

Puts, July wheat, 65¾c to 64¾@65c bid.
Calls, July wheat, 65¼@65⅜c bid.

WEARE'S REPORT.

Chicago, May 26.—The wheat market today has been excessively quiet with scarcely any trade to speak of at all and fluctuations confined to about ⅜ of a cent. The Northwest is still without rain and the temperature is still rising. The week which has just closed has been exceedingly quiet. Traders have inclined to await the outcome of unfavorable weather conditions. Cash demand has been very quiet, although showing some improvement and altogether the weather has been a predominating influence in the wheat pit. Rains in the Southwest and talk of fly and buying in other sections have increased the general feeling that there must be a revision in the high estimate already placed upon the winter wheat prospects. In the spring wheat belt there has been considerable apprehension from a continued drouth in the Dakotas and Minnesota. There has been some slight rain, but entirely insufficient. Pending the outcome of this weather condition, the trade has been holding off and the market has been kept most narrow in consequence. It is generally conceded that while no damage up to the present of consequence has actually occurred in the Northwest, a continuation of dry conditions for a much longer period will be most disastrous. There has been talk of unfavorable crop growth in France and Russia, while the condition of things in India is in a most lamentable state. The aforementioned conditions are all decidedly bullish bteories in themselves but it must be confessed that their influence has been decidedly negative owing to the fact that they have not been backed up from the sections who have been most ready to talk damage by buying orders in our wheat market here. As we view it, the market will for some time to come be dependent upon weather conditions and until those become more clear as far as their effect upon the crop is concerned, markets are liable to be draggy and choppy. But there is much in the speculative possibilities of wheat viewed in the light of prospective damage and increased foreign demand to warrant clients taking hold of wheat especially on weak days and while patience may be necessary, the holder of wheat bought in the neighborhood of these prices need not be worried or lose much sleep.

The corn market has been weak today, dullness being the chief factor against the maintenance of price. Professionals have sold pretty freely and commission house orders were not in evidence to absorb the corn continuing to hang around these figures without any particular feature except continued dullness. There are prospects for some improvements in offerings as indicated in the estimates for Monday. Outside speculation is lacking and the market requires some incentive to encourage the outsiders at the present time on the long side. We do not see anything attractive in selling corn at these figures while we do believe that before very long the situation will become sufficiently normal to warrant a return to a much higher range of values than those ruling at this writing.

The oat market has been weak. The cash demand is small and trade not large enough to take care of the selling which was quite in evidence this morning. Increased movement and favorable crop conditions have induced a rather heavy oat market during the week and we cannot at this writing see much to produce any improvement in the natural depression of prices incident to very favorable crop advices and excellent prospects for the coming year.

The provision market has been easy, without particular feature, except the abnormal activity which relates to the pork pit. Owing to the continued absence of outside speculation the pit sentiment is becoming quite bearish. Should this sentiment be productive of a movement to encourage short selling, the market is speculatively too small to take care of such a condition and prices unless supported by bull interest already in evidence might ease considerable below today. On all breaks, however, provisions are statistically strong and should attract the outsider on the buying side.

WEARE COMMISSION COMPANY.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	67⅜B	65¾–⅞	67⅛	72⅛
High	67⅜	65⅞–¾	67⅛–⅜	72⅛
Low	67⅜	65¾–¾	67	72⅛–⅜
Close	67⅜	65¾–¼	67	72⅜
September—				
Open	67⅞B	65⅝–½	....	73¼
High	....	65⅞	....	73¼
Low	....	65⅝	....	72⅞–¾
Close	67⅞B	65⅝–½	....	73⅛

*11 a. m. close.

WHEAT MOVEMENT.

	Receipts.	Shipments.
	Busheis.	Bushels.
New York	284,900	263,343
Philadelphia	....	1,021
Baltimore	5,161	....
Toledo	5,940	600
Detroit	551	....
St. Louis	21,000	12,000
Boston	140,378	41,352
Chicago	26,350	2,221
Milwaukee	30,800	72,000
Minneapolis	316,000	20,250
Kansas City	54,000	39,000
Duluth	113,606	55,000

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	21¾–½@21⅝	37¼@37⅜	$11.40
High	21¾–⅝	37¼	$11.40
Low	21¾	36⅞	$11.22
Close	21¾–⅜A	36⅞A	$11.32

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 26.—Wheat in store, No. 1 northern, May, 65⅜c; July, 65¾@67c; September, 65⅜c. On track, No. 1 hard, 67½c; No. 1 northern, 65⅜c; No. 2 northern 64⅜c.

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 26.—Close, wheat, May, 71½c; July, 72⅜c; September, 73¼c. Corn, May, 46c; July, 47½c; September, 47½c.

TWO 8-ROOMED HOUSES IN WOODland for rent cheap. 312 Palladio building.

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 26.—Cattle—Receipts, 300; steady. Hogs—Receipts today, 16,000; tomorrow, 3500; left over, 2000; weak to 5c lower; mixed and butchers, $4.05@$5.32½; good to choice heavy, $5.20@$5.35; rough heavy, $5.00@$5.15; light, $5.05@$5.27½; bulk of sales, $5.20@$5.30. Sheep—Receipts, 2000; unchanged. Official receipts and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 3288; hogs, 19,311; sheep, 981. Shipments—Cattle, 2184; hogs, 3757; sheep, 1029.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: There was a stronger competition on all classes of horses and the liberal offerings had a free outlet. Good to choice general purpose horses were ranging in prices from $85 to $115 a head. Desirable offerings were sought considerable and the competition was stronger in that grade of horses. So far there is no quotable change in prices except on heavy drafters, which undersold all other classes of horses and dropped $10 a head. Mules and Western horses were in strong demand and in large numbers on the market. Quotations:

Drafters, choice	$165@145
Drafters, common to good	89@106
Farm horses, choice	100@115
Farm horses, common to good	75@ 85
Mules	75@110
Western horses	150@30

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

DULUTH QUOTATIONS.

Note—The quotations below are for goods which change hands in lots on the open market; in filling orders, in order to secure best goods for shipping and to cover cost incurred, an advance over jobbing prices has to be charged. The figures are changed Tuesdays and Fridays.

BUTTER.

Creamery, extra	20	@	22
Creamery, choice	18	@	20
Dairies, fancy	17	@	17½
Dairy, fair	13	@	15

Arthur R. Jones & Co.,

324 West Superior Street. (St. Louis Hotel.)

Members of Chicago Board of Trade.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain, Provisions and Cotton.

Leased Wires to New York, Chicago and Boston.

GEORGE RUPLEY,

Representing

Weare Commission Co.

Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Provisions.

Private Wires to all Markets.

310 Board of Trade. Telephone 713

A. R. Macfarlane & Co.,

Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	155	140
Am. Exchange Bank	100	120	116
First Nat. Bank, Superior	100	100	95
L. S. Consol. Iron Mines	....	....	72½
Brotherton Iron Mine Co..	25	...	2.60
Great Lakes Towing Co....	100	...	65
American Ship Bldg. Co...	100	122	...
Globe Elevator Co	100	100	...
Consol. Elev. Co., 1st pfd..	100	...	100
Consol. Elev. Co., 2nd pfd..	100	...	90
Consol. Elev. Co.,com....	100	60	28
County orders	....	....	Par

United States bonds bought and sold.

We also deal in REAL ESTATE, COMMERCIAL PAPER, MORTGAGE LOANS and act as agents for non-resident property owners and investors. Correspondence invited.

FINANCIAL.

Vermilye & Co

BANKERS,

NASSAU AND PINE ST., NEW YORK

18 CONGRESS STREET, BOSTON.

Government Bonds of all issues bought, sold or taken in exchange for other securities. Quotations furnished by wire at our expense

List of current offerings of Municipal Railroad and other Investment Securities furnished upon application.

Accounts of Banks, Bankers, and Individuals Solicited.

Packing stock	12	@	13
Country, strictly fresh	11½	@	12

MAPLE SUGAR.

Vermont, per lb	12		
Ohio, per lb	11		
Maple syrup, per gal	1 10		

CHEESE.

Twins, flat, full cream, new.	11	@	12
Full cream, Young America.	12		
Skim cheese. No. 1	10	@	14
Brick cheese, No. 1	13	@	14
Limberger, full cr'm, choice	13		
Primost	6	@	6½

HONEY.

Fancy white clover	15	@	16
Fancy white clover in jars, strained, per lb	12½	@	13
Golden	13	@	14
Dark honey	12	@	13
Buckwheat, dark	12	@	13

PEAS AND BEANS.

Fancy navy, per bus	2 00	@	2 50
Medium, hand-picked, bus..	2 00	@	2 15
Brown beans, fancy, bus....	1 90	@	2 10
Green and yellow peas....	1 40		

FRUITS.

Apples, per bbl	6 25	@	7 00
Valencias	4 75	@	5 00
Scadlings, California oranges..	3 25	@	3 50
Mediterranean sweets	3 50	@	4 00
California lemons	3 25	@	3 50
Mediterranean sweets	3 50	@	4 00
Messina lemons, per box...	4 50	@	5 00
Bananas	2 00	@	2 50
Cocoanuts, per doz	60	@	65
Dates, per lb	13	@	15
Dates, Fard, per box	1 25	@	1 35
Strawberries, per case	2 00	@	2 25

LIVE POULTRY.

Hens, old	10½	@	11½
Old roosters	8	@	9
Turkeys, young	10½	@	11
Turkeys, common	10		
Ducks	9	@	10
Geese	9	@	10

NUTS.

Hickory nuts, large, per bus	1 50		
Filberts, per lb	13	@	14
Chestnuts, per lb	12	@	13
Soft shell walnuts, per lb....	14		
Soft shell almonds, per lb....	17		
Brazils, per lb	8	@	9
Pecans, per lb	10	@	11
Peanuts, roasted, per lb....	8		
Raw peanuts, per lb	5½	@	6

POPCORN.

Rice corn, shelled	3½	@	4
Choice, per lb	3	@	3½

CIDER.

N. Y. sweet cider, per keg..	2 75	@	3 00
Fruit juices, per keg	3 50	@	3 75

VEGETABLES.

Hot house cucumbers	10	@	45
Potatoes, per bus	34	@	36
Beets, per bus	30	@	1 00
Radishes	20	@	20
Onions, green, doz bunches..	12	@	15
Carrots, per bus	60	@	65
Rutabagas, per bus	40	@	50
Oyster plant, per doz	25	@	30
Horse Radish, per lb	10		
Parsley, per doz	35	@	40
Cauliflower, per doz	1 75	@	2 00
Lettuce, per bus	75	@	85
Mint, per doz	30	@	50
Cabbage, new crates, per lb.	3½	@	4
Parsnips, per bus	50	@	1 00

MEATS.

Mutton	9½		
Lamb	10		
Veal, good	8½		
Veal, fancy	9½		
Beef, dressed	7	@	7½
Hogs	....		

BRAN AND SHORTS, CAR LOTS.

Bran, 100 lbs, sacks inc.....	14 50
Bran, 200 lbs, sacks inc.....	14 00
Shorts, 100 lbs, sacks inc....	14 50
Shorts, 200 lbs, sacks inc....	14 00

IN CHICAGO.

Chicago, May 26.—Butter steady; creameries, 15@19c; dairies, 13½@17c. Eggs steady; fresh, 11c; dressed poultry steady; turkeys, 6@7c; chickens, 8@9c.

IN NEW YORK.

New York, May 26.—Butter receipts, 1790 packages; firm; Western creamery, 16½@20½c; factory, 14@16c. Cheese receipts, 957 packages; easier; fancy large white, 9½c; fancy large colored, 9½c; fancy small white, 8¾@9c; fancy small colored, 8½@9c. Eggs receipts, 19,756 packages; steady; Western, loss off, 13½@14c; Southern, at market, 10½@12c.

BY FORCE OF ARMS

(Continued from page 1.)

tioned in Lincoln park. Streeter, it is said, will parley with the park police, but will not agree to abide by their wishes and evacuate his fort.

In case of a collision between the park police and Streeter's men, the city authorities will then lend their aid, and not until then.

Governor Tanner, who is in the city, was consulted with a view to calling out some militiamen, but it is understood will not take such action until there is much stronger ground for doing so.

Sunday Band Concert.

The first free band concert of the season will be given tomorrow afternoon at Oatka beach, Park Point, commencing at 3:30. Director Fhaaten of the City band has prepared a special program that is sure to please. The free ferry is now in operation, and with the splendid electric car service, a trip to Oatka beach tomorrow will be an enjoyable one.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

When you see it in The Herald you can rely upon it—that it is news up-to-date.

DULLNESS IN STOCKS

Trading Very Light on New York Exchange and Changes Small.

CLOSING WAS HEAVY

American Ice Struck a New Low Point---Sugar Fairly Active.

New York, May 26.—Trading was very dull at the opening of the stock market, and changes were not of special significance, being about equally divided between gains and losses. Lackawanna declined 1⅜. Otherwise changes were all fractional. The usually active stocks were dormant, outside of Sugar, which was advanced 1¼. Union Bag preferred moved up 3 points and Hocking Valley pfd. gained 1⅝ on its large earnings for April. A low-record price of 28⅛ was established for American Ice, compared with 32½ at last night's close. During the last hour of the short session, there were long intervals when not a single transaction was recorded on the stock exchange. American Ice, pfd. sold 6 points below last transactions. The closing was very dull and heavy and net changes small and mixed.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	113⅞	114¼	113	111
Am. Steel Wire com	34½	34½	34¼	34½
Tobacco	92	92¼	92	92¼
Atchison com	25⅛	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛
Atchison pfd	69⅞	70⅝	69⅞	70⅝
Brooklyn Transit	71	71⅞	71	71⅞
C. M. & St. P.	115⅞	115⅞	115½	115⅝
C. B. & Q.	126½	126⅞	126⅜	126⅞
C. & N. W.	162⅛	162⅝	162⅛	162⅞
Federal Steel com.	33⅜	34⅜	33⅜	34½
Federal Steel pfd.	66¾	67	66¾	67
L. & N.	79	79	78	79¼
Manhattan	90¼	90¼	90¼	90⅜
Missouri Pacific	55½	56	55½	56
N. P. common	60	60⅝	59⅞	60
N. P. preferred	74½	74½	74½	74½
People's Gas	96⅜	96⅞	96	96⅝
Rock Island	106	106⅛	106	106⅛
Southern Pacific	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾
T. C. I.	71¾	72	71¼	72
Leather preferred	68¾	68¾	68¾	68¾
Union Pacific com.	35⅝	36	35⅝	35⅞
Western Union	79⅜	80	79⅜	80
Leather com	11	11	10⅞	10⅝

BANK STATEMENT.

New York, May 26.—The weekly bank statement shows the following:

Surplus reserve, increase	$2,257,100
Loans, increase	4,695,600
Specie, increase	1,783,300
Legal tenders, decrease	2,411,300
Deposits, increase	7,990,000
Circulation, increase	342,500

The banks now hold $18,812,325 in excess of the legal requirements.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 26.—The cotton market opened steadily in tone, with the nearer options 10@16 points higher and the new crop positions 7@12 points higher on a flurry of general buying led by local shorts. Liverpool cables were decidedly better. Following the call, shorts recovered from early strength and sold the remote months upon bearish statistics. Later the market eased off under selling from New Orleans. Cotton spot closed quiet; middling uplands, 9 5-16; middling gulf, 9 1-16c; sales, none. Futures closed steady; May, $8.81; June, $8.75; July, $8.70; August, $8.53; September, $8.06; October, 87½c; November, $7.68; December, $7.67; January, $7.69; February, $7.71; March, $7.73.

LIVE STOCK.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, May 26.—Consols for money, 101½; for the account, 101½.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 26.—Clearings, $19,230,573; balances, $2,127,393; posted exchange, $4.85½; $4.88½; New York exchange, 10c premium.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, May 26.—Close: Adventure, 4@5; Allouez, 1½@2; Amanda, 1½@2½; Arcadian, 17@18; Arnold, 50@54; Amalgamated, 87½@88; Atlantic, 22@24; Baltic, 19 bid; Bingham, 39½@40; Bonanza, 15@16; Boston and Montana, 290@295; Butte and Boston, 60@66; Calumet and Hecla, 750@755; Centennial, 16½@17½; Cochita, 21½@10½; Copper Range, 50 asked; Dominion Coal, 120@125; Dom Iron, 38@39; Franklin, 12½@13; Humboldt, 3; Isabella, 1½@2½; Isle Royale, 25@26; Mass, 6@7½; Michigan, 4½@5; Mohawk, 140@145; Old Colony, 2½@3½; Old Dominion, 16½@17; Osceola, 65@67½; Oil, 15½@16; Parrott, 40@42; Pioneer, 50c asked; Quincy, 135@137. Rhode Island, 4@5; Santa Fe, 4¾@5; Tamarack, 190@195; Tecumseh, 2½@3½; Tri-Mountain, 70@75; Union Land, 270@; Utah, 26½; Victoria, 2½; Winona, 3½; Wolverine, 37½@38½; Wyandotte, 10½; Zinc, 10¾@12.

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 26.—Money on call easy, at 2 per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5½@6½ per cent; sterling exchange, steady, with actual business in bankers bills at $4.87½@4.87¾ for demand, and at $4.85¾@4.86 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.85½ and $4.88½; commercial bills, $4.80@4; silver certificates, 63@64c; bar silver, 60½c; Mexican dollars, 47½c; state bonds inactive; railroad bonds, irregular; government bonds steady; refunding 2s when issued, $1.01; 2s registered, 99⅞c; 3s registered and coupon, $1.03½; new 4s registered and coupon, $1.31½; old 4s registered and coupon, $1.15½; 5s registered and coupon, $1.15⅜.

CONTINENTAL DAM.

Can you give the origin of the expression "continental dam?" asks the Philadelphia Times. It sounds profane, but is it? Possibly, and in all probability, it owes its existence to the continental currency of revolutionary fame or its counterfeit. During the darkest days of the revolutionary war, when the credit of the continental government was at its lowest ebb, and the redemption of its currency of grave doubt, this currency had depreciated to such an extent that we are told it required $600 of its face value to purchase a good substantial pair of boots.

Not content with this deplorable condition of things, however, Yankee inbenuity devised a substitute (counterfeit) for this currency, and when these spurious notes came under the notice and detection of bank officials it was their custom to stamp upon them the Latin word damanto (condemned), or, in its abbreviated form, "dam.," thus ending their disastrous career.

Is it possible to conceive of anything more utterly worthless or good for nothing than this counterfeit continental money forever condemned by this "dam" upon it, and is not this the most logical and natural deduction of the origin of the expression, "it is not worth a continental dam," so much like profanity, and yet, if we are correct, so absolutely free from it?

GEORGIA'S FRUIT INDUSTRY.

In addition to its other new industries, Georgia is beginning to witness a growth of her fruit industry which must soon attract the attention of fruit growers elsewhere, says the New York Commercial. Many of the old farms of that state, particularly in the northern part, which had about driven their owners into bankruptcy, have been made under this new development exceedingly profitable. The old red hills, good for nothing else, have been found to contain just the soil for peaches, apples and pears, while the climate is all that could be desired.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Loss of $700,000 In Lumber Shipments Caused to Chicago By Strike.

TUG ALPHA IS SOLD

By Barry Bros. to Maytham Line to Fight the Tug Trust.

Chicago, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—A loss of about $700,000 in lumber shipments to Chicago by lake is attributed by lumber and vessel interests to the labor war. This amount covers less than five weeks of navigation, thereby giving an average loss of over $140,000 a week. During the present season up to midnight May 24, 172 vessels arrived here with cargoes of lumber. In the same period last year 259 lumber laden ships arrived at Chicago.

All the lumber companies at Chicago and South Chicago are affected by the lockout. It is known that one of the largest lumber concerns in the West will put its fleet of vessels in the ore crade unless the business concerns are righted by a speedy settlement of the labor trouble.

TUG ALPHA SOLD.

Chicago, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steel tug Alpha has been sold by Barry Bros. to Maytham's opposition tug line for $12,000. The Alpha will be used in fighting the tug trust but whether at Chicago or some other lake port has not yet been determined by her new owners.

WATER SIGNALS CHANGED.

Capt. J. W. Westcott, chairman of the Lake Carriers' committee on water signals, announces that the water signals displayed at Smith's coal dock, River Rouge, and Cuddy & Mullen's, Sandwich, have been changed so as to display water depth at the Limekiln crossing up to eighteen feet. Beyond this the depth will not be shown by the signals.

AUXILIARY STEERING GEAR.

Letters patent for an auxiliary steering gear have been granted to E. C. Akers, of Port Huron, Mich., by means of which it is possible to instantly handle the rudder of a vessel with the auxiliary apparatus in case of a break in the regular machinery. With this device in operation accidents similar to that of the Douglas Houghton, which tied up navigation last fall for several days would be impossible. The most rapid auxiliary steering apparatus now in use on the lakes requires twenty minutes to be put in order. The new device makes the change practically instantaneous.

STRIKE MAY EXTEND.

Buffalo, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The settlement of the trouble on the Pennsylvania line, having been submitted system, has been referred to Secretary Barter to the executive council of the International Longshoremen's association. It is expected that this executive council to decide whether a general strike shall be ordered on the lakes in support of the Buffalo freight handlers in fighting the stevedore system.

THE NEBRASKA AGROUND.

Port Huron, Mich., May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Nebraska, bound from Gladstone to Buffalo with flour, ran aground in a dense fog off this place at 2 o'clock this morning.

IN THE PENNSYLVANIA'S GRASP.

The Pennsylvania Railway company, which late last winter obtained the Anchor line steamers, has now obtained control of the Lehigh Valley railroad and its line of four fine steel steamers, the E. P. Wilbur, Seneca, Saranac and Tuscarora. This move will no doubt result in a consolidation of agencies and a reduction of terminal expenses at the different lake ports reached by the two steamers lines. In Milwaukee the Anchor line, or Erie and Western as it is now called, has for a long term of years been ably represented by Daniel M. Trigham, while John Kellogg has had charge of the business of the Lehigh Valley line. The Lehigh Valley steamers in all probability will continue to run to Buffalo, where the railway company owns important dock property, although in Chicago it is thought by some that they will be merged with the Erie & Western line and run to Erie and Fairport, connection being made at the latter point with the Baltimore & Ohio railway. Under the new order of things the Erie & Western line of freighters will consist of the Susquehanna, Codorus, Lehigh, Clarion, Mahoning, Allinnez, Kanawha, Conemaugh, Wyoming, Juniata, Conestoga, Schuylkill, Delaware, Wissahickon, E. P. Wilbur, Senaca, Saranac and Tuscarora. It also operates the steel steamers India, China and Japan in the Chicago and passenger trade between Buffalo, Duluth and several intermediate points.

OF CANADIAN CANAL SIZE.

In a recent interview at New York an executive official of the Pennsylvania lake-and-rail system intimated that the six steel steamers to be added to the Anchor line fleet will be of the lake-and-ocean type. He said:

"The Pennsylvania could not afford to be shut out by an apparent consolidation of lake shipping interests and take second place as a common carrier. The Anchor line not only provides magnificent terminals in Buffalo, but also the exceptional chance of serving Detroit, Milwaukee, Cleveland and Duluth with a supply of coal. We have both the hard and soft coal and our fleet can care for the trade at present, but it must be increased. The completion of the chain of Canadian canals for vessels drawing 14 feet of water and having a length over all of 200 feet, opens a way to the Atlantic, and this has led the interests involved to give large attention to new questions which the situation introduces. A Canadian syndicate has had a fleet of five vessels built in England and is ready to enter the traffic between Canadian ports during the present season. Other interest has closed contracts for four vessels of Welland cana size, pioneers of the type which the great lake interests will introduce to ocean commerce as dangerous competitors of any coasters now afloat. The Pennsylvania will have six of the same size. This movement means the return and the regaining for America of the prestige in the merchant marine once enjoyed, and a great advantage in the world's market."

TUG SCHENCK ARRIVES.

The tug S. C. Schenck, completing the Maytham fleet in tails port for the present, arrived this morning and immediately took up her work with the Maytham fleet. She is a fine, strong tug, 91 feet long, 21 feet beam and 11 feet deep, and a tonnage of 126. She was built in 1899 at Buffalo, and has been owned by S. C. Schenck, of Toledo.

THE SCHOONER TROUBLE.

Milwaukee, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The state board of arbitration has taken a hand in the wage controversy between the owners of schooners and the sailors at this port, who have refused to accept the reduction of wages decided on by the vessel owners. Yesterday morning two members of the board, Angus Mcmillan, of this city, and George E. Willett, of Madison, paid a visit to the union headquarters. They were informed that the officers of the union had no power to appoint a committee to present the claims of the men, but at a meeting on Monday night, some action may be taken. Yesterday afternoon Messrs. McMillan and Willet met about thirty schooner captains and discussed the situation and after the conference the captains voted unanimously to abide by the decision of the board. The captains will meet again on Tuesday, when the seamen will have met. Meanwhile ther is no change in the condition along the docks, and neither party shows signs of yielding. The sailormen are standing together and are not even taking out the vessels which offer the $2 scale.

FUELING DOCK.

Chicago, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—An independent fueling dock has been established in the south branch of the river at Sixteenth street and began business today by fueling two steamers. The dock is operated by the Independent Fueling company with Capt. George Tebo at the head. This is the first opposition the soft coal trust has had in Chicago since the consolidation last winter.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Buffalo—Arrived: Marquette, Parnell. Cleared: Coal—Armour, Chicago; West Side, Racine; Hattie Wells, Port Huron. Light—Pridgeon, Jr., Gladstone; Sheriffs, Mowatt, Cleveland. Mdse—Ward, Duluth.

Ashland—Cleared: Ore—Yuma, Chicago; German, Whitaker, Cleveland; Saxon, Ashtabula. Lumber—Maine, Buckhout, Bay City; Rhoda Emily, Hattie, Toledo. Light—Brickhead, Burton, Two Harbors.

Erie—Arrived: Angeline, Presley, Kirby. Cleared: Light—Pope, Escanaba, Mesaba, Two Harbors; Onoko, Superior. Coal—Pueblo, Milwaukee; Colgate, 121, Chicago.

Toledo—Arrived: Anderson, Mabel Wilson, Dobbie, Stone, Voges, Onoko, Mizter, Tuttle. Cleared: Coal—Rust, Sheboygan, Barnes, Manitowoc; Bulgaria, Algeria, Duluth.

South

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17,148.

THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth. Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time), May 26.—Light rains have fallen at Winnipeg, Duluth, La Crosse, Oklahoma City and a moderately heavy rain at Dodge City. Thunder storms occurred in the vicinity of of Duluth, La Crosse, Oklahoma City and Denver. The barometer is highest over the lake region and Ohio valley, and lowest in the region north of Montana. Cooler weather prevails in the Red River valley, and it is warmer from Montana northward. The weather in the lake region is mild and generally fair, with light, southerly winds.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Battleford	50	Memphis	68
Bismarck	42	Miles City	54
Calgary	40	Milwaukee	56
Chicago	54	Minnedosa	40
Davenport	62	Moorhead	46
Denver	50	North Platte	52
Detroit	58	Oklahoma	64
Dodge City	52	Omaha	58
Duluth	54	Port Arthur	42
Edmonton	50	Prince Albert	38
Escanaba	52	Qu' Appelle	42
Green Bay	50	Rapid City	56
Havre	50	Shreveport	68
Helena	50	St. Louis	66
Huron	48	St. Paul	58
Kamloops	56	Sault Ste. Marie	52
Kansas City	68	Swift Current	46
Lander	42	Williston	40
Marquette	66	Winnipeg	42

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy tonight and Sunday, with possibly showers late during Sunday; light to fresh winds mostly southerly and easterly.

H. W. RICHARDSON, Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 26.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Generally fair tonight and Sunday. Minnesota—Fair tonight, with warmer west portion, possibly followed by showers Sunday in north portion. Upper lakes—Light variable winds, becoming southeasterly on Michigan and Superior Sunday; unsettled but generally fair.

The Claims For Damages Against Turkey.

The unwillingness of the sultan of Turkey to pay the claims for damages made upon him by American missionaries through the American government has been pretty generally discussed throughout the country. There has been a widespread sentiment in favor of forcing the sultan to settle this claim at once. But there are some obstacles in the way of early action. The sultan's treasury is empty. He has no money with which to pay the claim. There are scores of other claims pending, and if they were settled in the order of their receipt it would probably be many years before this one would be reached. These are facts that should be taken into consideration in our dealings with the sultan. The United States has on several occasions shirked the damage claims of foreign governments. Besides, there is evidently another side to this question. T. S. Darling, the European representative of some American industrial interests, who arrived in Paris the other day direct from Constantinople, has expressed himself on this subject in the following manner: "No American who knows the facts in the case of these missionary indemnity claims, however patriotic he may be, can fail to concede that we are making preposterous demands upon the sultan. The plain truth is, our American missionaries, for the most part, are a greedy, insincere lot. They make a hue and cry every time the sultan increases the taxes, yet they must know that only by doing so can he meet the claims that pour in on him from all parts of Europe. In enforcing rigorous laws against the more obstreperous of the missionaries he is acting precisely as we would act if the Turks forced themselves upon the United States as missionaries. Turkey and the sultan are not responsible for a single dollar of the damages charged, and I, in common with other Americans who know the ins and outs of the case, hope he will not pay. It will be to our eternal disgrace if in our new bullying spirit we force him to do so.' That is Mr. Darling's view of the case gathered from facts obtained during his stay in the domains of the sultan, and it is entitled to careful consideration.

New Way of Directing the Young Idea.

An article in the New York Post tells of a novel and effective way of leading children to better lines of reading that is in operation at the public library in Cleveland. At intervals paper bookmarks are issued for the use of children and an outline of the various subjects to be read during the different months is made on the bookmarks. It is suggested, for instance, that the child read at least one book of history during one month, a book of biography the next, another on science, and so on through the months. In the some connection a small leaflet is given the children, and the library assistants keep a record in it of the books read during the year. This induces the children to read a good line of books, so that the record will show up well when they compare it with their friends. The assistants who work among the children endeavor to cater to the likes of their patrons, but endeavor to break them from reading but one line of fiction. To this end boys' books are frequently suggested to the girls, and if they are found to be interested in that line they are encouraged to read more. The same method holds good in choosing books for the boys.

THE CENSUS OF DULUTH.

The work of seeing that all the residents of Duluth are counted by the census enumerators next month has been undertaken by a citizens' committee. Every possible effort will be needed at this late date to secure a complete and accurate count of the city's inhabitants, and the committee will leave nothing undone to obtain that desirable result. The time is very short, however, in which to perform a tremendous amount of work, and the committee should have the prompt assistance of every loyal citizen of Duluth, and it is hardly likely that any one who lives here is not loyal to the city and anxious to see its interests advanced in every possible way.

As has been said on previous ocasions, there is no desire on the part of the committee or anyone else to "pad" the census of Duluth. All that is wanted is a full, complete count of those residing here. If this can be obtained, every one will feel satisfied. It is manifestly impossible for the census enumerators to get all the names and other information within the two weeks allowed to them to perform their work. It is on this account that a citizens' committee is necessary. There are many people whose homes are in Duluth, but who are temporarily absent from the city. Some are traveling, others are away on business, others are in the woods or prospecting in the gold fields of the West and Canada. The enumerators are not likely to hear of these people, yet they should be counted with Duluth's population. It will be the work of the committee to obtain the names of these absentees, and all other information regarding them required by law. But the committee need the aid of the people generally, and they earnestly request that all persons who have information of this character shall send it to the committee's headquarters at 618 Chamber of Commerce building.

If the people will aid the committee, Duluth will make a good showing in the census returns. It would injure the city for a falling-off in population to appear, but there will be no danger of that if an accurate count be obtained. The census is important in a political way, and the politicians should take an especial interest in the matter. The representation of the states in congress will be based for the next ten years on the population shown. Likewise the electoral vote of each state will depend on the same statistics. In the states the senators and members of the legislature will be apportioned to the different counties and localities according to the number of people apparent.

A TRANSPARENT SUBTERFUGE.

The proposal by the Republican leaders in congress of an anti-trust constitutional amendment is being dwelt upon by the administration organs as proof that the Republican party is earnest in its professions regarding the necessity of removing the trust evils that now oppress the republic. So far as many of the rank and file of the party are concerned, it is undoubtedly true that they are honest and sincere in their desire to solve the trust problem and eradicate the evils, and it is for the express purpose of fooling these Republicans that the leaders at Washington have proposed this constitutional amendment. The leaders, from Mark Hanna down, have no intention of doing aught to injure the trusts, but they are awfully afraid of the trust issue in the coming campaign. Consequently they have decided that it will be politically wise to offer some anti-trust legislation and try to make the country believe that they want to kill off the obnoxious trusts. The constitutional amendment scheme is merely a clever dodge to avoid doing anything at present. Some time ago the administration began to make the plea that nothing could be done by congress with the trusts, because constitutional limitations stood in the way, and now the amendment has been proposed as part of the plan to postpone action. It is nothing but a weak-kneed subterfuge, and it will be strange if the people will be fooled by it.

In a decision last October in the Addyston case the federal supreme court plainly showed that the courts possess ample power under the existing laws to curb the vicious tendencies of trusts, combines and monopolies, and that if no effort is made to correct existing evils, it is solely due to the indifference and refusal of the officials charged with the execution of the laws to perform their duties fearlessly, honestly and conscientiously. The dominant party in congress is well aware of that fact, but being controlled by the trusts and monopolies, it must seek for some excuse to appease the public clamor, and so it takes refuge behind the lame excuse that the existing laws are insufficient to suppress the evil, and that congress can do nothing toward granting the desired relief until the constitution is so amended as to give it power to legislate on the subject. All of this is a very transparent subterfuge resorted to for the sole purpose of deceiving the people and of giving that party an excuse for its cuddling to the trusts and monopolies.

Is it not singular that the Republican majority in congress shows so much regard for the constitution when asked by the people to proceed against the trusts, while on the other hand it displays an utter disregard of the fundamental law of the land when asked by the trusts to legislate in their favor? The action of the federal supreme court in deciding against the Addyston trust is an evidence that existing laws are sufficient to eradicate the trust evil, and that therefore no new legislation is required to attain the desired result. The existing law is upheld by that decision of the court of last resort, and that law in itself is evidence that it does not require a constitutional amendment to empower congress to legislate against the trusts. Why are the federal officials not instructed to proceed under that law against all trusts, combines and monopolies which have become a menace to public welfare? Simply because the attorney general of the United States, appointed by President McKinley, is the official whose duty it is to issue such instructions, and he was placed in office by the influence of the trusts for the sole and explicit purpose of preventing any prosecution of the trusts.

HEADACHE

Pain back of your eyes? Heavy pressure in your head? And are you sometimes faint and dizzy? Is your tongue coated? Bad taste in your mouth? And does your food distress you? Are you nervous and irritable? Do you often have the blues? And are you troubled about sleeping? Then your liver is all wrong. But there is a cure. 'Tis—

Ayer's Pills

They act directly on the liver. They cure constipation, biliousness, sick headache, nausea, and dyspepsia. For 60 years they have been the Standard Family Pills.

Price 25 cents. All Druggists.

"I have taken Ayer's Pills regularly for six months. They have cured me of a severe headache, and I can now walk from two to four miles without getting tired or out of breath, something I have not been able to do for many years."

S. E. WALWORK, Salem, Mass.

July 13, 1899.

The Tests of Social Progress.

How are we to know whether our civilization is advancing or receding, whether the condition of the present generation is more comfortable and refined than that of the preceding generation, whether as a nation, we are better off than we were fifty years ago? Statesmen and economists have suggested several standards by which to judge: The per capita wealth, the percentage of illegitimate births, the position and treatment of women, the rate of illiteracy, and the ownership of property, particularly of farms and homes. Of these standards the last two seem by far the most practicable, and accordingly congress has directed the census office to ascertain how many months each scholar has attended school during the preceding year, what proportion of the people can read, write and speak English, how many families own their own homes or farms, how many rent them, how many own them subject to mortgage or other incumbrance. In the coming census, every territorial division of the country and every separate element of the population will have a chance to show what proportion of their number own their homes and what proportion can read or write. The practical appliances of these tests or standards are found in their employment as suffrage qualifications. People differ about the relative merits, as suffrage qualifications, of the ownership of property and the ability to read and write, but there is no doubt of the immense significance and importance of the two classes of facts. In France, in 1891, there were about 4,500,000 owners of land; England, with about the same population, had only 325,000 land owners, while the United States occupied an intermediate position with a population about 70 per cent greater than that of France and a little over 6,000,000 families who owned their homes or farms. No one can doubt the significance of these figures in explaining social conditions in France and England and the United States. They represent the difference between our land system, the system of large land holding in England and that of small proprietorship in France. It is hard to overestimate the value of such information, and everyone should aid the census officials in securing it in correct form.

CHANGES IN METRODISM.

Much church history has been made during the past week by the Methodist general conference in session at Chicago. In fact, the conference has worked a veritable revolution in the church government by the adoption of more liberal and more democratic ideas. The time limit of pastorals has been removed. This has been a bone of contention for many years, and predictions of disaster to the church have been made by those opposed to the change should the old system be abolished. It is altogether probable that they are unnecessarily alarmed. The power of continuing a pastor in a certain charge still rests with the bishops. The change in the rule does not deprive them of the right to transfer the pastors from church to church as they deem best for the interests of the congregations. But if the people of a certain church desire to retain their pastor continuously, even for a life time, and the bishops do not deem it wise to effect a change, the new rule will permit this to be done. Thus it will be seen that but comparatively few of the ministers will be affected by the removal of the time limit.

Another important step forward was made when the conference voted to admit laymen as delegates. As was pointed out in support of the change, the Methodist church enjoys the distinction of having among its laymen some of the foremost men of the Union in all departments of industrial and professional endeavor. Among them are millionaire manufacturers and merchants and men who hold responsible trusts in state and national government. They contribute generously of their means to the support of the church and are active in the advancement of its spiritual and temporal power. It is strange, indeed, that these laymen should have been denied representation in the high legislative councils of the church until this time, and the change must be of great benefit to the financial as well as the spiritual welfare of the church.

By far the most important change, however, viewed from many points of view, was the decision to amend the organic law of the church by changing the word "laymen" to "lay members" in defining the eligibility of delegates. The effect of this is to affirm the right of women to membership in the next general conference, a question that has been the subject of debate in each quadrennial session. This action on the part of the conference was assured when a woman who had been elected to the present general conference magnanimously gave up her seat in order that her contest might not become an obstacle in the way of equal representation. The victory for the women is not complete until the action is ratified by a three-fourths vote in the annual conferences, but the prospect is that this ratification will be given. The Methodist church owes much of its power as a religious organization and acquires much of its influence in combatting the forces that tend to degrade humanity from the sacrifice, devotion and zeal of the Christian women within its fold. Deprived of the work and influence of the women, the church would rapidly deteriorate in strength and inspiration, and it is right that those who do so much for its upbuilding should have a potent voice in its councils.

The Milwaukee Evening Wisconsin urges Chauncy Depew as the candidate for vice president on the Hanna-McKinley ticket, urging that the Republicans should have a first-class man for the second office in the gift of the nation. It says: "He should be a man who, if the president should be disabled or die, is capable of filling that great trust with as much ability and integrity as the chief on the ticket. There are such men in the different sections of the Union, but it is understood they are loth to take the position, not only because they deem it of secondary importance, but it is popularly believed to shelve the incumbent politically and he can expect no future beyond the vice presidency. This impression is a grave mistake. Thomas Jefferson was not shelved because he was vice president under John Adams, neither was Martin Van Buren because he was vice president under Gen. Jackson."

The St. Louis newspapers are figuring up the cost of the street railway strike in that city. The Republic notes that the bank clearings fell off in one week $2,256,000; that the loss on business during the first five days of the strike amounted to $2,000,000. Nearly every mercantile activity in the city has been crippled. The cost to individuals mounts up, for instead of 5 cents to ride to their work, the wagons charged individuals from 10 to 50 cents for riding. Those who could afford it paid still more for riding in carriages. The only persons in St. Louis directly or indirectly benefited by the strike were the livery stable people and the team and wagon owners. The wealth that has been destroyed, the Republic urges, is as great as if a big fire had swept the city.

The Springfield Republican says: "Secretary Hay's reply to the unofficial request of the Boer envoys that the United States intercede with Great Britain in behalf of the republics was diplomatically correct and entirely suitable to the occasion in spirit and form. It is proper to say that more consideration was shown to the envoys by Mr. Hay, in the length of his reply and the pains he took in acquainting them with the reasons which compel the United States to maintain a strict neutrality, than they found extended to them in any European capital." But the action of the Republican senators in refusing to grant the privileges of the floor of the senate to the envoys as representatives of another nation was not only discourteous, but brutally impolite.

It is now reported that Philadelphia completed the $100,000 fund promised Mark Hanna by deducting from the total the cost of preparing for the convention. The Topeka State Journal says that something similar to this happened once in a Kansas town. A donation party was arranged for the benefit of the local preacher. A number of people outside the church made up a purse of $25 and sent it to the parsonage. When the minister drew his quarterly salary he found that this amount had been deducted from it.

Belatedly Admiral Dewey officially admits that the Spanish garrison captured by his forces at Subig bay "was turned over to the Filipinos for safe keeping." Yet the Philippine commission said there was not even "co-operation" between the Americans and Aguinaldo's forces. As a matter of fact, the Subig bay incident alone placed the native army in the position of allies.

And now the fact has leaked out that an American clerk named Sherman Bristow has stolen $3200 from the government of Porto Rico. The worst of it is that Bristow was permitted to escape without prosecution, owing, it is alleged, to defects of the law. The administration will not look well pleading that it has not law enough to punish defaulters in its service.

The recent celebration by Herbert Spencer of his 80th birthday recalls the fact that forty years ago the doctors told him he could not live much longer, but he told them that he would, and he had his way, greatly to the education and enlightenment of the thinking world.

The Des Moines News asks: "Will those who are up on social ethics kindly explain why those people who are so anxious to secure divorces are equally anxious to marry again? These people are like the fellow who jumped into the bramble bush."

An exchange draws attention to the fact that so far it does not seem to have occurred to the wealthy princes of India to sell some of their vast store of jewels and devote the proceeds to the relief of their starving fellow citizens.

The Portland Telegram thinks that Senator Wolcott, shedding tears at the defeat of his dear poker friend Quay, is nearly as affecting as Mark Twain's copious flood of tears at the grave of Adam.

The Flemish word for automobile is snelaardelzoosdersporvegpetrool r i j u l g. This name did not come over the cable, but was brought by an ocean steamship as ballast.

A Western guy went down to New York the other day and sold some of the Wall street speculators a Klondike gold brick. Once in a while the farmer wins and the gambler loses.

If Secretary Gage is forced to call in the national bank deposits in order to redeem the old 2 per cent bonds, how will that loosen up the money market?

The latest drink in New York is called the Sapho cocktail, and after taking a few the imbiber thinks he is climbing a spiral staircase.

The friends of Embezzler Neeley are working hard to get him out of the clutches of the law. It is the Capt. Carter case over again.

The story that somebody has been stealing water from the Chicago river is absurd. There is no water in it.

Perhaps Jeffries and Corbett could put a quietus on those Chinese "boxers."

DOMESTIC PLEASANTRIES.

Brooklyn Life: "You seem to like his attentions. Why don't you marry him?" "Because I like his attentions."

Indianapolis Journal: She—Then you don't believe that a woman can make her husband be what she wishes him to be. He—Well, if she thinks she is doing it, it amounts to the same thing.

Chicago Record: "Here's a good scheme. A man proposes to a woman twenty-seven times." "How did it work?" "It gave her softening of the brain and she took him."

Detroit Free Press: Miss Kittish (singing)—Oh, promise me! Oh, promise me! Mr. Spitvids—Couldn't think of it. It cost me $10,000 to break the last promise I made to a woman.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Blifkin's wife is such a worrying woman. What's she got to worry about?" "Blifkin is such a good husband that she's afraid it won't last."

Chicago Tribune: "And you think I married you for your money?" tearfully exclaimed young Mrs. Waxwing. "Why, Harold, you know I would have married you if you hadn't had a cent—with the excellent prospects you had!"

Indianapolis Press: "My wife is helping run one of these rummage sales." "Well, don't you like it?" "Like it? Oh, yes; I lived all last week on a ham bone, and this week I suppose I shall have to subsist on lettuce."

Chicago Post: "She is worth her weight in gold," they said. He looked at her critically and then shook his head. "Won't do," he said. "I'm looking for something of about that weight in diamonds."

Philadelphia Press: "Gayboy don't stay here as late as he used to," remarked the first clubman. "I suppose he got tired of having his wife go for him when he got home." "That isn't it. He could stand her going for him at home, but it was her coming for him at the club that cured him."

Detroit Journal: The large, imposing woman found her husband in the last saloon but one. "Well, I've rounded you up at last!" she hissed. "Oh, I can square myself, all right!" exclaimed the man with a thin affection of nonchalance. He even affected to laugh, which rendered him a more pitiful spectacle than ever.

AS SHE SHOULD BE.
Miss Vera Muchmore.
Thin, petite.
Last Sunday wedded
Freddy Sweet.

Which grandly makes her
Life complete.
For now she's Vera
Muchmore-Sweet.
—Chicago Tribune.

Great Discovery Abroad.

New York Times: One of the best things that the English papers have discovered is the complexion of Democrats and Republicans in America. This discovery was made apropos of the decision of Gen. Merriam to employ women in taking the census. The paper, which is the Express, goes on to explain that the young women were appointed by members of congress, senators and representatives, and it has been found that the Republican appointees, who are largely in the majority, are almost all blondes and the Democratic appointees are brunettes. It is not fully explained whether the Democratic and Republican congressmen find their sympathies particularly enlisted respectively by brunettes and blondes.

But It Draws Heat.

Philadelphia Times: It certainly looks as if the trust principle was going to be preserved when they put it on ice.

Minor Considerations.

Baltimore News: It must be remembered that the children who were named for Dewey after the battle of Manilla have no vote.

Where the Bashful Bloom.

Cleveland Leader: A Nebraska girl who was to have been married the other day was so bashful she could not speak until the ceremony had been completed and her sister had been married in her stead. There are some people in Nebraska who are not as bashful as that.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER

ABSOLUTELY PURE.

Royal Baking Powder is the greatest of helps to the housekeeper or cook in preparing the best and finest food.

With least labor and trouble it makes hot breads, biscuit and cake of finest flavor, light, sweet, appetizing, digestible and wholesome.

Do not permit the grocer or peddler to substitute any other brand in place of the Royal.

Some baking powders are claimed to be cheaper. They can be cheaper only if made from cheaper materials. "Cheaper" means inferior. To cheapen the cost of an article of food at the expense of its healthfulness, as is done in alum baking powders, is a crime.

ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 100 WILLIAM ST., NEW YORK.

Involuntary.

Sorrow and pity had clutched my heart,
Lashed its chords to their infinite chair;
They watched dust-eyed, as I sat apart,
A pallid fate at the gates of pain.

Torturing thoughts from an empty past
Surged within, like a hurrying pack
Of hungry wolves which before the blast
Fretted the snows in the beaten track.

Colder than where they jibber and glide
My future beckoned across life's way:
I turned and shivered and crept to hide
Where ruined hope on my hearthstone lay.

When lo, a presence! I saw him stand
Rosy and smiling, a dimpled child,
Draw near and eye me, with outstretched hand
"Catch me who will! I am free and wild!"

He took my fingers the damp had chilled,
To his little red mouth's wooing breath,
He touched my hair that the nights had filled
With wan wet dews of despair and death.

Round my heart he threw warm, red roses,
Bound and pulled me with artful grace,
Subtly sweet with imperious poses
He clasped me close in his soft embrace.

Trembling, frightened, with feet that stumbled,
"Tell me thy name, oh thou pretty boy!"
He laughed at my voice that fear had humbled,
"Ho, foolish coward, my name is Joy."
—JULIEN GORDON, in Collier's Weekly.

For Delegate-at-Large.

St. Cloud Times: The Duluth Herald announces John G. Brown, of Duluth, as a candidate for delegate-at-large to the national Democratic convention. Mr. Brown is certainly entitled to this honor. He has done a great deal of hard work for the party, putting in his time, and liberally of his means, for Democratic success. He has never sought office and does not want place. He does wish good government—hence his Democracy. He will be remembered by many in this district for his quiet and effective work during the last two or three congressional campaigns.

Rely Upon the Gullible.

Wright County Times: The Sixth district Republicans adopted the following resolution: "We are in favor of free trade with Porto Rico, and we approve the action of congress in taking steps to establish such relations as soon as the new government in Porto Rico can provide a system of taxation to meet its financial necessities." As congress never took any such step it simply shows that the shrewd plank makers rely upon the gullibility of the average voter, and we guess their reliance is all right.

Triumphs of American Skill.

Philadelphia Ledger: The exports of American locomotives for the nine months ending March 31 amounted to $1,000,000, which is more than four times the value of those exported during the same time in 1894. Many of these went to British railways in Egypt, where the authorities say they were taken because they could be delivered months ahead of English engines and time was of importance. Other reasons for preferring American locomotives, recently given, are that they cost less than any others of the same grade, and, in some cases, at least, do better work. These are causes of success that are likely to be enduring and to build up a constantly increasing export trade.

Not the Only Measure.

Milwaukee Sentinel: You can't judge of a man's value to the public by the estate which he leaves. The Wisconsin soldier who helped to capture Jeff Davis in '65 left only $110,000 worth of property for his family when he died recently.

Signs of the Times.

Boston Advertiser: The news of the suspension of mills owned by the Steel and Wire trust, the report of the embarrassment of the suspension of work in the Book and Paper trust may be regarded as signs of the times. The trouble with too many trusts is that they have been piling up so much stock, in the hopes of earning dividends on their much watered securities, that already signs of overproduction have begun to appear. The high prices demanded for products have cut down the consumption of such products. Under the circumstances it would have been wiser to reduce prices in order to keep the mills busy. Prices are too high today in many lines of trade, and sooner or later manufacturers will be forced by necessity to quote lower prices, if they do not take such a step voluntarily at this time.

CZAR'S ESTATE.

The czar has one estate that covers over 100,000,000 acres, more than three times as large as England, and he has another estate which is more than twice the size of Scotland.

The Next Vice President.

This is the question now agitating the minds of our leading politicians, and while several prominent men have been suggested, the final selection will undoubtedly be the man who will serve the party interests to the best advantage. This is also true of medicine. When your stomach becomes weak and you suffer from dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation and flatulency or when in need of a medicine to build up your system or restore your appetite, you will make no mistake if you try that sovereign remedy, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. It is backed up by fifty years of cures, and is recommended by many prominent physicians. It is also an excellent medicine for malaria, fever and ague, and can be had of any druggist. Be sure to give it a trial.

South Shore Change of Time.

Beginning Sunday, May 27th, "South Shore" Limited, No. 8, will leave Duluth at 7:00 p. m. daily, except Saturday. Daylight Express, No. 6, will leave 8:15 a. m., except Sunday. No. 9 Limited will arrive Duluth 8:20 a. m., except Sunday, and No. 5 express arrive Duluth 7:30 p. m., except Sunday.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

A TONIC
Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Half a teaspoon in half a glass of water, refreshes and invigorates the entire system. A wholesome tonic.

Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

Short Stories

By C. W. Ericson.

Your good judgment will approve of our efforts to satisfy the small man. Our—

Boys' and Children's Clothing Dept.

is a money-saver to families.

Junior Suits—3 to 9 years—
$1.00, $1.50, $2.00, $2.50 $3.00, $4.00, $5.00.

Boys' Suits—6 to 16 years—
$1.50, $2.00, $2.50, $3.00, $3.50, $4, $5, $6 $7.

Wash Goods—very neat, per suit
50c, 75c, $1.00, $1.50

C. W. Ericson

Reliable Clothier.

AMUSEMENTS.

PARLOR THEATER.

Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.

TONIGHT!

"New York Vaudeville Stars."

Elegant program. Matinee Saturday at 2:30 p. m.

DULUTH'S SOCIETY

The Box Coat.

She's a daisy clipper
Of the first degree,
She's the swellest
Damsel in society; just
Mark her elevated
Head and note
How joyously she
Beameth in
Her
New box coat!

She's the constant envy of
The girls who
Scan
The lines and
Angles of that thing of tan!
Behold her
Dignity, and see her
Flout so
Gaily down the highway
In her new
Box coat!

Perchance it reaches
To her
Dainty toes,
And makes her look just
Like a post in
Clothes;
It's neat and natty
And all that—but note
You never can
Tell what's beneath
Her long box
Coat!

Some are
Abbreviated to the
Waist;
Looking like a nail keg
On a fence post
Placed
And yet the chappies
Every one will
Vote there's
Nothing
Like a damsel in
Her
New box coat!

Most are yellow, but
A few are green;
And come
To think of it all
Shades are
Seen;
While each fair wearer doth
Full fondly dote
On tripping
Busy highways in a
New box coat!

Although 'tis
Said to be the proper thing
And stagey damsels
To it ever
Cling,
From any real
Beauty it
Is far remote—
This much-dissembling,
Barrel-resembling,
Swell box
Coat!

—Colorado Springs Gazette.

The most absorbing topics of general interest lately are the little things. For the past few weeks Duluth ladies have been hermetically engaged, and the passers to and fro on the prominent streets have been mostly business men. James Whitcomb Riley is reported to have uttered a sentiment in regard to Duluth's pretty women, and their common sense in attending so strictly to the responsibility of household cares, stating that nothing had so much of a tendency to lower his estimation of womanhood in general as to see some of her specimens continually promenading the streets. James ought to be here when there is a big sale on hand, containing something belonging to woman's paraphernalia and, if he happened to get in the rush, he might change his ideas. Duluth ladies do deserve a great deal of credit, however, for the neatly arranged flower beds that appear at almost every home where the land will admit the slightest excuse for one. The increase of such floral decorations is said to be almost double that of last year. The recent warm weather has developed some gardens into beautiful masses of bloom, and our city, with its golden dandelions, fragrant blossoms and fresh verdure, presents a picturesque sight.

A number of families contemplate making visits at the immediate termination of the school term, and some wonderful plans in regard to spring clothing are being executed. This week has added a few more brides to the list, and in a few weeks more they will come in a rush with the June roses.

June 6 is an especially favored date, for there will be a large wedding then, the Craggencroft closing exercises will take place, the High school class day exercises will be held, the pupils of Sacred Heart Institute will give a reception, and there will be a number of small parties.

On account of Tuesday's threatening weather several little frolics were postponed until later. Dame Nature, with her usual capricious mood in controlling Duluth weather, reserved her storm, however, until Wednesday evening. Sunday about 200 persons enjoyed an excursion on the Bon Voyage to Two Harbors. The fresh air and sunshine made the trip a very delightful one.

* * *

Miss Grace Magie was guest of honor at a dinner given her by little Melba Bruen, of East Fourth street, Sunday.

* * *

Miss Pierro Marshall entertained a number of her friends at a neat little lawn luncheon Tuesday afternoon. Miss Pierro gave a vocal solo, and was accompanied on the piano by Melvin Magie.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Webber left the city Wednesday for a visit in Milwaukee.

* * *

Cards were issued this week by Mr. and Mrs. Erastus Seymour Upham announcing the marriage of their daughter, Miss Bessie Edna Upham and Harrie E. Stewart, to take place June 6 at their home, 1427 East First street. The wedding will be attended by only a few friends and relatives and afterward there will be a large reception to which a large number of invitations have been issued.

* * *

Mrs. Henry C. Marshall, of East Superior street, gave afternoon teas Saturday and Monday for Mrs. Marcus, of Montclair, N. J., who is her guest.

* * *

The Young Ladies' Card club will be entertained Monday afternoon at the Spalding parlors by Mrs. P. M. Shaw, Jr.

* * *

Mrs. Albert M. Marshall entertained at a luncheon at the Kitchi Gammi club Wednesday afternoon for Mrs. Marcus, of Montclair, N. J.

* * *

Mrs. A. D. Davidson and Miss Davidson will leave Monday for Europe and the Paris exposition. They will be joined later by Mr. Davidson and will be away some months.

* * *

Mrs. Weathered and Miss Steele, of Portland, Ore., who have been visiting Cuba and are now on their return, were the guests of Mrs. John M. Thomas, of East Fourth street, this week.

* * *

Judge Ames, of North Dakota, was the guest of Dr. and Mrs. Murray this week.

* * *

Miss Elsa Bieberman, of 1419 East First street, gave a party last Saturday afternoon from 2 to 5 o'clock in honor of her seventh birthday. A very dainty luncheon was served the little ones. Covers were laid for fourteen. The decorations were in pink and green and were very prettily arranged, consisting chiefly of carnations and smilax. Those present were:

Misses—

Bertha Cox,	Lucella Adams,
Lizzie Emery,	Frances Whitager,
Jessie Petre,	Elmore Record,
Clara Schiller,	Margie Almquist,
Irene Cornell,	Rita Rubenack,
Leute Billerman,	Mabel Rosman,
Laura Emery,	

* * *

Mrs. N. Benjamin and little daughter are visiting with Miss Mamie Mork, of West Duluth.

* * *

Miss Myers, a missionary from Ceylon, gave an address at the prayer meeting of Pilgrim Congregational church Thursday. She met the ladies of the church yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. W. A. McGonagle, 31 Twelfth avenue east, where an informal reception was tendered her. Miss Myers is a very bright, intelectual woman and it was a rare treat to thus come in contact with her.

* * *

The Florence Crittenton Purity Circle held its regular meeting Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock at the home of Mrs. Elsie Smith, of 2529 West Second street.

* * *

On Tuesday evening the last entertainment of the school year will be given at the High School Assembly hall. Admission will be free to holders of tickets, which may be obtained from pupils, or from Mr. Brocklehurt in the superintendent's office. A collection will be taken up to assist in defraying the expenses of the publication of the Zenith. The following is the program:

PART I.

Comedietta in one act, by J. P. Hurst, entitled "Sugar and Cream," with the following cast of characters:

Mr. Wentworth .....A. F. M. Custance
Frank (his son).....William Gorsuch
Mrs. Mirfield (a young widow).....
..... Miss Louise Hopkins
Spruce (her maid).....Miss Emma Black
Scene—Mrs. Mirfield's parlor.

PART II.

CONCERT.

Choral ballad—"The Miller's Wooing" ..... Faning
Chorus.
Tenor solo—"Let Me, Like a Soldier, Fall" .....Wallace
C. D. Shepard.
Part song—"When the Lights Are Low" .....Lane
Chorus.
Soprano solo—"Memorial Hymn" ..Old Air
Miss Rena Smith.
Chorus—"The Old Brigade".....Barrie
Chorus.
Bass solo—"Arm, Arm Ye Brave"..Handel
H. G. Gearhart.
Chorus—Suite of Nursery Rhymes.....
....Custance
Chorus.
"Star Spangled Banner".....
Miss Smith and Chorus.

At the special musical service at St. Paul's church tomorrow evening the choir will be assisted by a number of the high school chorus. Solos will be given by Mrs. Burt Holcomb and Miss Rena Smith.

* * *

The house musicale which Mrs. Emil Olund and Mrs. W. C. Winton have arranged for the benefit of the Cecilian concert fund promises to be a very charming affair. It will be given at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. J. F. McLaren, corner Second avenue east and Third street, next Monday evening at 8 o'clock.

* * *

Mrs. F. W. Winship and children left this morning on a visit of several weeks to friends in Minneapolis and the southern part of the state.

* * *

Miss Anna Burnham, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. U. A. Burnham, is here for a visit to her parents. Miss Burnham is studying art in the East.

* * *

Mrs. C. F. Macdonald has returned from Minneapolis, where she visited a week.

* * *

Mrs. S. L. Gaskill and son and H. E. Gaskill, of Hurley, S. D., are guests of Mrs. J. A. Scott, of Buffalo flats.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. McCumber, of Sixteenth avenue east, will celebrate their tenth marriage anniversary June 1 by giving a tin wedding. A delightful time is anticipated.

* * *

In Gilley hall at West Duluth Monday evening Court No. 288, I. O. F., gave a very pleasing entertainment. An excellent program was rendered. A large audience was present. Later on in the evening dancing was indulged in. Those who took part in the entertainment were: Misses Mary McKinnon, Kate Machen, Anna Farrel, Alice Connely, Laura Goett, Blanch Murray, Lillian Ellis and Miss Theresa Lynn, who directed the concert, and Messrs. Robert Cox and James Lynn.

* * *

Mrs. Charles Maples entertained at her home on East Fourth street Wednesday afternoon. Progressive games were played and light refreshments served. Mrs. Olescamp, of West Superior, won the head prize, and Mrs. Charles Purdy, of Duluth, the foot prize. Among those taking part were:

Mesdames—

George Cross,	F. N. Wilbur,
T. R. Smith,	Charles Purdy,
Guss Wagner,	Ward Beatty,
Mrs. W. W. Olescamp, of Superior:	Charles Maples,
	Miss Josephine Shaw.

* * *

The high school exercises will be especially fine this year, and the "Zenith" of 1900 is expected to surpass all former publications.

* * *

Miss Barbara Foley, a pupil of the Sacred Heart institute, left the city Tuesday for her home in Aitkin.

* * *

Mrs. J. W. Sheridan and Grace Sheridan arrived here Tuesday from Ocean Springs, Miss., where they have spent the past winter.

* * *

J. S. Ray, who formerly resided in Duluth, is here after an absence of some years, having traveled in the meantime in Honolulu, the Philippines and China.

* * *

A dancing party, under the auspices of Mrs. I. Fredmuth, was given by the Temple Aid society at Odd Fellow's hall Tuesday evening. A very large number were present and a very enjoyable evening was passed.

* * *

Patrick Murphy and family, from Michigan, have taken up their residence in the city.

* * *

Mrs. Wesly Feetham, deaconess of the First Methodist Episcopal church, enjoyed a picnic in the woods this week, several children accompanying her.

* * *

The Sons of Hermann will give a dance at Turner hall, Saturday, June 2. Flaaten's full orchestra is engaged, and the affair will be full of enjoyment.

* * *

In the near future Mrs. J. McKenzie will leave the city for a trip to Perham and Madora.

* * *

Miss Josie Bell, of Merriam Park, is visiting in th city.

* * *

Preparations for Memorial day exercises are going on in the grade schools, and some fine selections will be rendered by pupils of different schools.

* * *

A delightful surprise was given Tuesday evening on Mrs. M. Thomas, at her home, 526 West First street. About thirty couples were present, lunch was served and all enjoyed a pleasant evening.

* * *

The Young Ladies' sodality of the cathedral parish will give a musical entertainment and ice cream social next Tuesday evening at the Association hall. The following program will be rendered:

Piano solo—Selected .....
..... Edward Miller.
Recitation—"Eva".....
..... Miss Lily Fitzgerald.
Vocal solo—"I Dream of Paradise".....
..... Mr. Beck.
Recitation—"Sister and I".....
..... Miss Ella Philips.
Vocal solo—Selected .....
..... D. Evans.
Address .....
Piano solo—Selected .....
..... Miss Alma Brotherton.
Recitation—"The Life Boat" .....
..... Miss Mahady.
Vocal solo—"Jamie" .....
..... Miss Anna Farrell.
Piano duet .....
..... Misses Willoughby and Lynn.

* * *

Mrs. Stocker is planning a number of lecture-musicales for the summer. The first one will be given at the A. M. C. A. hall next Saturday evening, June 2, at 8 o'clock. The program will close with a kinder symphony. Several of Mrs. Stocker's pupils will take part. There will be vocal solos by Miss Charlotte McLaren and Arthur Stocker, and a violin duet by Elsie Thiel and Dexter Ostergren. Others on the program are Miss Grace Hooper, Misses Phoebe Cole, Alma Wishart, Rose Saucier, Clara Stocker, Helen Wentworth, Margaret Florida, John and Marie Craig, Randolph Eckstein and Hazel Owens. Those who will take part in the Kinder Symphony are: Violins, Dexter Ostergren and Elsie Thiel; flageolet, Dexter Ostergren; castanets and whip, Randolph Eckstein; tambourine, Ansel Smith; triangle and comb-trumpet, Arthur Stocker; cymbals, Claudia Gowan; nightingale, Winifred Warner; piano, Alma Wishart and Clara Stocker.

* * *

Mrs. Hnot, of East Fifth street, will entertain the Golden Rod Cinch club Monday afternoon.

* * *

The Modern Woodmen gave a dance at Columbia hall Monday evening. The invitations included members only. The greater majority of these were present and all reported a very merry evening.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. John Macoupin returned this week from their California wedding tour.

* * *

Mrs. W. A. Edwards has gone to Saginew, Mich., to make a lengthy visit.

* * *

A concert will be given May 30 in the First Swedish Baptist church, by the Scandinavian Christian Temrepance committee in commemoration of Memorial day. Rev. J. A. Anderson will give the oration of the evening. Some church choirs of the city will take part. The program will be composed of vocal and instrumental numbers of excellent quality.

* * *

Saturday evening at his residence, Rev. O. H. Wilson united in marriage, John Helverson and Olive Johnson. The wedding was very simple, the bride was tastily gowned in a traveling suit. At the same date he also wedded Helger Olson and Marie Olson.

* * *

The members of Beta council, Modern Samaritans, gave a very successful and entertaining evening in honor of the ladies at Columbia hall, Thursday evening. After the program, luncheon was served, followed by dancing.

* * *

Sunday last, at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ecker, of 16 East Superior street, a very pretty wedding was solemnized, Miss Honora Murphy and R. H. Wilhelm being joined in marriage. The parlors in which the affair took place, were decorated beautifully with ferns, potted plants, carnations and roses. The bride was gowned in a very neat costly traveling dress. She was accompanied by Mrs. Ecker, while the bridegroom was attended by Fred Pilineau. A beautiful wedding supper and reception was given at the close of the ceremony. The couple received a number of beautiful gifts. They will go to housekeeping at 27 West Fourth street. The honored guests were:

* * *

Messrs. and Mesdames—

Merrit,	Weess,
Lee,	Scott,
A. Ecker,	Sylvester.
W. Pulman.	
Mesdames—	
Haden,	S. L. Gaskill,
Misses—	
Dora Schulze,	Pearl Ecker,
Bennett,	Irene Ecker,
K. Hammond,	Gertrude Lucore.
W. Welsh,	
Messrs.—	
Bert Gaskill,	Nixon.

* * *

Little Gerturde Selvin entertained a number of her little friends at a birthday party Thursday afternoon.

* * *

The last year of Maynard school will soon come to a close. Miss Jones will go to Boston at its termination. In the near future the pupils of the school will give a dancing party, although no exercises of any kind will mark the breaking up of the school.

* * *

Miss Martha Greyson, Miss Ruby Fisher, Mrs. J. R. Fisher and Miss Katherine Steins, all of Duluth Heights, left the city this morning for an Eastern trip.

* * *

Miss Zenra Smith, formerly of Duluth, was married in Minneapolis Tuesday to Saith Seymour, of that city. The marriage took place at the home of the bride's sister. The bride was gowned very daintily in a mousseline de sole bridal dress. She carried white roses and was attended by Misses Charlotte Kreimer, Gertrude Rubens, Lizzie Shelley, Louise Grueson and Alma Ketchure, who were also robed in white and carried white roses. The groom's attendant was B. Sharvey, of that city. The marriage ceremony was performed by Rev. Dr. Ely. The couple stood under an archway of ivy, roses and carnations. The piano was a mass of American beauties intermixed with ivy. The large bay windows were banked with pure white daisies with here and there a red rose. Miss Grace Purean played Mendelssohn's beautiful wedding march as the bridal procession entered the room. Mr. and Mrs. Seymour left the city on the night train en route to Germany. They will travel extensively. The exact knowledge of their future permanent home is not known but it is thought they will come to Duluth.

* * *

Mrs. John Taylor, secretary of the Woman's Home Missionary society, addressed the women in connection with her work at the M. E. church this week. She is a very bright woman and her audience was delighted with her. After the meeting, she was guest of honor at an informal reception tendered her by the ladies.

* * *

Mrs. G. Cornell, of East Fourth street has returned to the city after a month's visit at the coast.

* * *

Miss J. Fletcher, has returned from Germany, where she has been at school for three years.

* * *

Mrs. L. Listheim, an eminent musician, who is traveling in America for the first time, spent a few hours in Duluth Tuesday. She is astonished at the assurance of children of this country. She says that a German child is taught reverence for and respect to older people and that such a thing as to have a German child say "I won't" to his parents would be considered a woeful offense. All German children whose families lay claim to the slightest refinement she affirms, are placed on the piano stool at the age of 3. Their music becomes as prominent a factor in their daily study as reading is to children here. The study of Lath and English is began with their music lessons. Miss Listheim has come in contact with few English speaking people yet not the slightest accent can be detected in her speech. She will spend three months more in America.

* * *

Miss Arma Cenerta has returned to her home in Mexico. She has been visiting in Duluth for a number of weeks.

* * *

Miss Ruth Selcod, of West Duluth, entertained a few friends at her home Tuesday afternoon. The company played cards and enjoyed themselves immensely.

* * *

Miss Cora Ray, who is visiting at Duluth Heights, was the guest of honor at a party given her Wednesday evening. The parlors were handsomely decorated with cherry and apple blossoms, leafing branches of trees and cowslips. Several musical numbers were given.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Prew are visiting friends in the city again.

* * *

H. F. Williamson, Jr., of London road, entertained a number of friends at a stag dinner Wednesday evening.

* * *

Last evening the Pilgrim Congregational church was filled to its capacity for the piano recital given by the pupils of Mrs. Emma L. Schmied, assisted by Mrs. Emily Ellis Woodward. The stage was beautifully decorated with palms and roses. As usual Mrs. Woodward's vocal numbers were charming and both received encores. They were an English air "Tell Me Thy Heart and "A Message to Phyllis," the words of this last song being written by Thomas Heywood in 1555. Little Carolyn Munger delighted all with an allegretto movement from A Sonatina. She shows fine talent, although now only 6 years of age, and has mastered many of the difficulties of the minor and major scales. Other highly appreciated numbers were "A Spanish Dance" (two pianos, eight hands) by Mary Paine, Frances Swift, Molly Fliger and Ruth Kennedy; "Bizzarria" (two pianos, twelve hands) by Elross Laylor, Clare Reynolds, Adam Thomson, Albert Porter, Genevieve Parsons and Eulalie Schiffmann; Spanish Dance, Bolero (two pianos, eight hands) by Mildred Clelland, Gertrude Smith, Lulu Smallwood and Elinor Pinco; Minuet op 54 No. 6 (two pianos, eight hands) by Miss Ora Gridley, Mrs. Thorburn, Mrs. J. Q. A. Crosby, Miss Grace Muxwell and Mrs. S. H. Jones; "Joyeuse Marche" (two pianos, four hands) by Miss Cornelle Smith and Walter Smith; "Scherzetino" (two pianos, four hands) Miss Eta Wilcutts, Miss Kate Headley; Minuet (two pianos, eight hands) Alice Webster, Elizabeth Kuhns, Roella Lovett and Clara Riversten, Allegro from C Major Sonata, performed by Florence Winchester. A number by Rebecca Bailey and two selections by Miss Lottie Norris were admirably executed, as were also numbers by Misses Helen Moulton, Miss Julia Chaplin and Miss Mae Kennedy. Mrs. Schmied's pupils are a pleasure to view as well as to hear, because of their graceful manner. The recital was considered by those who heard it, a rare musical treat.

* * *

Miss Ruby Compers entertained a number of friends at a party given in honor of her sixth birthday Wednesday evening. The children spent an enjoyable evening playing games, etc., and were served with a dainty luncheon later on.

* * *

The engagement of J. Stewart, recently of Grand Forks, N. D., but now of Duluth, to Miss Sophie Johnson, of this city, is announced. The marriage will take place very soon.

* * *

The first annual banquet of the Associate Alumni of the Duluth Central High School will be held Monday evening, June 11, at 8:30 p. m., at Mrs. Webster's, 105 West Superior street. There will be an interesting program and among the speakers will be C. A. Smith, principal of the high school, Charles Hutchinson, Robert M. Shannon, Miss Io Barnes and Richard Close. The banquet is open to all graduates of the high school, but while it is especially an alumni gathering, as the invitations express it, "there will be no objection to the presence of the brothers-in-law and sisters-in-law of the alumni." The annual business meeting of the association will precede the banquet, and they will take place in the parlors above Mrs. Webster's store.

Get the Genuine

There are many so-called Malt Whiskies in the market. When you buy be sure it's **DUFFY'S.** Insist upon it. Beware of refilled bottles. See that the seal over the cork is unbroken. Take only

DUFFY'S

This is for your protection as well as ours.

DUFFY'S "Always helps; never injures." All druggists and grocers, or direct, $1.00 a bottle.

Book free.

Duffy Malt Whiskey Co.
Rochester, N. Y.

SIGNS OF PARALYSIS

Can Be Discovered In Time.

"Numbness of the hands and arms, with premonitions of paralysis, kept by me while I was using coffee. When I quit the coffee and began drinking Postum Food Coffee the numbness ceased entirely and I have been very well ever since. At that time I was unable to sleep, but now I sleep perfectly.

"Husband was also troubled from lack of sleep while he was drinking coffee, but now he uses Postum Food Coffee with me, and we both sleep perfectly. Our little boy had peculiar nervous spells and I stopped the use of coffee with him and have been giving him all the Postum Food Coffee he cared for. He is perfectly well now.

"My sister was troubled with nervous headaches while she used coffee. She found how greatly improved we were from discontinuing it and using Postum Food Coffee, so she made the change, and is now rid of her nervous headaches. We are naturally strong advocates of Postum." Mrs. J. Walford Castalia, Erie county, Ohio.

So many housewives suffer from nervous depression due to catarrhal weakness peculiar to their sex, and suffer on year after year, not knowing what their ailment is. Mrs. Mary Cook, of Pittsford, N. Y., suffered for six years before she learned of Peruna. Mrs. Cook recently wrote the following letter to Dr. Hartman:

"I was not well for six years, paid many doctor bills, but never improved very much. I gave up hopes of ever recovering.

"Finally I wrote to Dr. Hartman, and I am thankful to say that I am now well, through his good advice and medicine. I am gaining in flesh and feel young again. I was very emaciated, but now my own children are surprised in the great change in me when they visit me."

Miss Annie Zlott, 72 Livingston street, Newark, N. J., took Peruna for extreme nervousness. She says: "I was very ill and thought I would die. I had a terrible headache and my head swam; I thought I would never get well; I seemed to have a great complication of diseases and bought medicines, but they did me no good.

"Finally I gave up and thought I would wait for my end. One day I happened to pick up one of your books. I read of other women who were near death and had been cured by Peruna, so I thought I would try it.

"I took a couple of bottles and began to feel better. I continued its use until now I am a well woman. I praise Peruna highly and wish other women would use it.

Mrs. Anna Roes, 2813 North Fifth street, Philadelphia, Pa., writes:

"Four weeks ago I believed I had consumption; I took a severe cold, and although for the first few days the mucus in my throat and chest was loose, it finally became so bad that I had difficulty in breathing.

"Pain in the shoulders followed. As I had placed my confidence in you and Peruna, I followed your directions strictly, and improved from day to day, and am now well again."

Most women feel the need of a tonic to counteract the debilitating effects of summer weather. Peruna is such a remedy. It cures all catarrhal conditions, whether it be weakness, nervous depression or summer catarrh. For a free book on summer catarrh address the Peruna Medicine company, Columbus, Ohio.

EXCURSION
—TO—
TWO HARBORS
Howard Transportation Co
Steamer Bon Voyage
Leaves Fifth Avenue Dock at 10:30 a. m., Sunday, May 27, 1900.
Fare 50 cents round trip.

IN MICHIGAN.

Forest Fires In Menominee County---Mysterious Death Near Ishpeming.

Menominee—Forest fires are raging in Ingalls township, this county. Seven sections of land owned by James B. Goodman & Co., of Chicago, have been burned over and the flames are still spreading. The fire covers an area of nine miles. Unless rain falls soon the damage to timber will be great.

Ishpeming—The body of an unknown man has been found three miles from Ishpeming on the road leading to Dexter mine. Indications point to a murder. The skull is fractured, face battered and clothing torn. The man was lame and blind in one eye.

Houghton—A second fissure vein of mohawkite has been found at the Mohawk mine. The first vein is being opened as rapidly as possible, both laterally and vertically, and continues of fair size and much promise.

A couple of Hancock gentlemen while running through the woods in the vicinity of the Elm River mine on a fishing expedition Wednesday, came across a fine amygdaloid outcrop which, when carefully examined, gave every indication of being a valuable find. The new outcrop is about two and a half miles to the east of the new drill hole which the Elm River is now putting down alongside of the Copper Range track and is not on the Elm River property, although it is so close that the lode must necessarily dip directly to the Elm River lands. It appears that it is one which the Elm River people have expected to find sooner or later and that they have already spent considerable time looking for surface indications of it.

The old shaft on the St. Mary's property, now the Arcadian, which the Arcadian management has been pumping out, has been cleared of water and an examination has been made of the shaft and of the old drift which was discovered running off to the south at the first level at a depth from the surface of seventy-five feet. The shaft was found to be 120 feet in depth and at the first level, as has been said, a drift was found extending to the southward 150 feet on the vein.

The Mesnard epidote, as shown in these workings, appears to be a keen copper bearing formation and as a result of the examination the Arcadian people feel fully justified in extending the old workings at once. Accordingly drifting will be commenced in both directions from the bottom of the shaft and a small compressor capable of working two or three drills is already on the ground and at work. As soon as the drifts are in far enough so that the work can be commenced without interfering with the drifting, a cross-cut will be started to the east to intersect the Albany & Boston conglomerate on which the Franklin Junior has recently obtained such promising results, the distance being only about 100 feet. This cross-cut will also be extended to the Pewabic lode, 250 feet in the other direction.

At the Arcadian mine proper the stopes at No. 1 shaft are now looking exceedingly well and take it all in all things look brighter at the Arcadian than for months past.

The Franklin is installing a new 20-ton rock crusher. Two stamps are now treating upwards of 100 tons of Franklin and Franklin Junior rock daily.

A Beautiful Display.

A thing that has attracted considerable attention and admiration the last few days is the new street display case of Steel, the popular photographer. Made of French plate glass and nickel, it is the first and most expensive of its kind in the state.

As to the photographs, each one is in itself a piece of art. The lighting effects are perfect, showing a thorough knowledge of this most difficult art.

Particularly striking is the luxurious ease and unconcern of the posing, while the highly artistic taste displayed in the finishing is refreshing. Notable among this group of art photos is one of Julia Donovon, the singer. Another of F. E. Bradbury, Duluth's leading violinist, and a continuous picture of baby Knox. Altogether the display is a triumph in photographic art of which Mr. Thiel can well feel proud.

NORTH DAKOTA.

State Medical Association Officers---Hearing of Fargo Postoffice Case.

Grand Forks—The State Medical association, which has just concluded its thirteenth annual meeting, elected the following officers: President, J. H. Rowe, Casselton; first vice president, H. D. Quarry, Grand Forks; second vice president, W. H. Bodenstal, New Salem; treasurer, J. A. Rankin, Jamestown; secretary, Paul Sorkness, Fargo. Dr. Wheaton, of St. Paul, was indorsed for president of the National association and congress in memorializied in favor of a national park at Leech Lake. The next meeting will be held in Fargo.

Fargo—The case of the United States vs. J. J. Hughes and his bondsmen is set for hearing before Judge Amidon of the United States court June 5. Hughes was postmaster in Fargo and deposited the funds in the Citizens' National bank. The bank failed and Hughes turned over the evidences of his deposits to the government when he went out of office. The government now sues him and his bondsmen for $1100 yet due. Hughes put up the defense that the bank was a national concern and a designated depository. The government contends that he is personally responsible for the money, and if he does not pay, his bondsmen must dig up. The suit is of interest in that it will determine the responsibility of the United States officials in regard to money in their care and establish a status as to the value of designated depositories.

Wheatland—Wheatland now has an artesian well. A nice clear-2-inch flow was struck yesterday at a depth of 82 feet. A large tank will be erected and the water will be used for fire protection.

TO PRESERVE FORESTS.

Hermann Provides For Planting Saplings and Fire Protection.

Washington, May 26.—Commissioner Binger Hermann, of the general land office, has issued an order instructing superintendents of forest reserves throughout the West to plant suitable sapling trees where portions of the forests have been destroyed. He also has been making arrangements for the establishment of a telephone system which is to connect all the forest stations in certain districts so that in the future on the case of a forest fire help may be summoned immediately. The forest station near Pasadena, Cal., has been selected as the headquarters for the telephone system and the experiment will begin early this summer.

New employes on the forest preserves will be required to pass an examination, the question of which will be relative to practical than theoretical botany.

NATIONAL TRAVELERS.

New Orleans, May 26.—The National Travelers' association yesterday chose Richmond for the next meeting place, after a spirited contest, in which Portland, Ore., was the principal opponent. The following officers were elected: C.E. Burrows, Peoria, Ill., president; M. D. Johnson, Philadelphia, first vice president; directors, John W. McDonald, St. Louis; C. S. Holland, Houston, Texas; B. G. Thompson, Evansville, Ind.; chairman railway committee, R. O. Stair Springfield, Ohio; chairman press committee, R. R. Ryan, Terre Haute, Ind. John S. Johnson, of Racine, Wis., was elected fourth vice president.

Our Specialty.....
Fine Hardwood Floor Finishing.....
H. A. HALL & CO.
DECORATORS.
Telephone 534. 16 East Superior St.

FACIAL BLEMISHES, SKIN DISEASES, A MODERN METHOD FOR THEIR REMOVAL.

DR. REA

Of the Southern Medical Institute, Louisville, Ky., at His Duluth Office, Spalding Hotel, Parlors I and J, Saturday, June 16. One Day Only.

Dr. Rea and assistants of this office devote their attention to the treatment and cure of all Chronic, Nervous, Surgical and Skin Diseases of a curable nature, and to the removal with modern methods of Cancers, Tumors, Warts, Moles, Wends, Eczema, Freckles, Psoriasis, Wrinkles, Red Nose, Birthmarks, Blackheads, Acne, Pimples, Tan, Obesity, Superfluous Hair on the Face, Neck or Arms, Liver Spots, Oily Skin, Facial Blotches, Granulated Sore Eyes, Facial Development or any Mark, Blemish or Disease on or under the Skin.

Dr. Rea has large established offices in some of the principal cities of the United States. Minneapolis office, 329 Boston block. Consultation and examination at office or by mail, $1.00.

HOOD'S Sarsaparilla

Possesses the valuable remedial virtues of such important ingredients as Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock, Mandrake, Gentian, Wintergreen, Uva Ursi, Juniper Berries, Pipsissewa, etc.,—all especially gathered for us at the time of their greatest medicinal strength—all carefully inspected and ground in our own Laboratory—all skilfully combined by a proportion and a process peculiar to itself. By results you may judge its merit. Its cures speak for it. It will do you a wonderful lot of good if you take it now. The ideal Spring Medicine. Best made anywhere by anybody. Be sure to get only HOOD'S.

DOINGS OF CONGRESS

Senate Orders Further Conference on Pneumatic Tube Mail Delivery.

FILIPINO INVENTORY

Pettigrew's Resolution For Statement of Filipinos Killed Passed.

Washington, May 26.—When the senate met today Mr. Wolcott presented the conference report on the postoffice appropriation bill, showing an agreement upon all the items of the bill except the senate amendment relating to pneumatic tubes. The report was agreed to and a further conference ordered upon the pneumatic tube item.

Mr. Gallinger, from the committee on contingent expenses, reported back favorably the resolution ordering an investigation of postal and other services in Cuba. The resolution was amended so as to allow the committee on Cuban affairs to visit Cuba as a whole or by sub-committee, and was passed without debate.

The senate also passed the bill granting a pension of $50 per month to Mrs. Mary L. Stotsenberg, widow of the late Col. Stotsenberg of the First Nebraska volunteers, who was killed in the Philippines.

The senate agreed to Mr. Pettigrew's resolution calling upon the secretary of war for a statement of the number of Filipinos who have been killed by United States troops in the present insurrection.

Mr. Vest called up the bill introduced by him giving jurisdiction to the national health officers over their quarantine districts.

Mr. Jones presented the credentials of Joseph C. S. Blackburn as a senator from Kentucky for the term beginning March 4, 1901. They are signed by J. C. W. Beckham, governor, and were read and placed on file without comment. Mr. Blackburn was present.

Under the special order District of Columbia business and bills pertaining thereto were taken up.

THE HOUSE.

Washington, May 26.—At the opening of the session of the house Mr. Cooper, chairman of the committee on insular affairs, presented a favorable report on the Hay resolution calling upon the postmaster general for certain information regarding the reports of E. C. G. Rathbone, director of the posts of Cuba, and the resolution was adopted.

Mr. Fitzgerald thought the information should be furnished congress before final adjournment, but Mr. Payne explained that it would be unprecedented to place a time limit upon such a resolution.

Another resolution from the same committee, introduced by Mr. Jones, calling upon the secretary of war to report in detail the payments made and to whom from the revenue of Cuba and Porto Rico, was also adopted.

A resolution to authorize the Banco Espanol of Porto Rico to change its by-laws was adopted. The senate bill to facilitate the entry of steamships engaged in the coastwise trade between ports in Porto Rico and Hawaii and ports in the United States was passed.

A senate bill was passed to relieve United States marshals and district clerks from further emolument returns in civil cases prior to the admission of Utah as a state. The house then resumed the consideration of the Alaskan civil government bill.

N. Y. PROGRAM.

Hill, Tammany and Kings County Leaders Fix Up Convention Program.

New York, May 26.—The Evening Post says: Ex-Senator David B. Hill and Ex-Senator Edward Murphy had another talk with Elliot Danforth, chairman of the executive committee of the Democratic state committee, at the Hoffman house this morning and started for Albany this afternoon.

Mr. Hill is satisfied with the results of his trip to New York. He has conferred with the leaders of Tammany hall and of the Kings county Democracy, and it was announced authoritatively before noon that the program for the state convention had been agreed upon by all parties concerned.

The features of the program are: First, the convention will endorse the candidacy of William J. Bryan and recognize his as the first;" second, the Chicago platform will not be affirmed; third, the delegates to the national convention will not be instructed.

PRICE, McCORMICK FAILURE.

The Liabilities May Be Larger Than First Stated.

New York, May 26.—According to late reports, the liabilities of Price, McCormick & Co., the brokerage firm which suspended Thursday last, may be even greater than originally stated, but the indications are that the assets will be large enough to pay at least 75 cents on the dollar. This statement was authorized today by a member of the firm.

The capitalization of the firm is said to have been $1,500,000, instead of $1,000,000, as originally named. Of this sum, T. H. Price had $500,000; George Crocker's special interest was $500,000, and the interests of Messrs. McCormick and Stuart-Wortley were $250,000 each. Walter W. Price's interest was said to have been nominal.

The firm's loans from the local banks are said to aggregate about $400,000. Nearly all of them were time loans, and were made during the period when interests were higher and stock values were lower than they are now. It is pointed out in view of this fact that the banks probably will continue to hold onto their collateral until maturity.

Theodore H. Price, in reply to the alleged statement of his special partner, George Crocker, that his (Mr. Price's) speculations had ruined the firm, said today:

"In the first place, I doubt very much its veracity. I have cabled to Mr. Crocker requesting that he withdraw it."

SEWARD ACCEPTED.

Washington, May 26.—The steamer Seward was given a trial near Seattle, Wash., yesterday and is reported to have met all the contract requirements. She was thereupon accepted by the quartermaster general in charge of the army transport service and will be sent to Alaska for use as a dispatch boat by Gen. Randall, commanding the military department of Alaska.

SITUATION IN 'FRISCO.

Health Board Knows of No New Plague Cases.

San Francisco, May 26.—Dr. O'Brien, secretary of the board of health, stated to the Associated Press today that no new cases of plague had been reported to the board of health and that he knows nothing of the cases reported to the authorities in Washington by Dr. Kinyoun, the federal quarantine officer at this port.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist. Top floor, New Jersey.

Tibbetts, undertaker, 31 East Sup St.

Reduction in trimmed hats at Miss Swenson's.

The Pantorium open all night. Phone 653.

Richardson Printing Co. wants work.

Dr. Murray has moved his office to the New Jersey building, 106 and 108 West Superior street.

Zenith lodge No. 29 Degree of Honor will give a social and dance at Hunter hall next Thursday evening.

Second citizenship papers have been granted to Hannibal Morisette and Erik G. Johnson in the district court.

A marriage license has been issued to Edward Wise and Helma Saif.

E. F. Alford has filed a certificate of his nomination for member of the legislature by the Republican party.

There are many people in the city who will be glad to contribute flowers for Memorial Day. J. R. Culver Woman's Relief corps will be at the G. A. R. hall in Masonic Temple on Tuesday afternoon, June 29, to receive and care for such contributions as may be made.

The regular meeting of the W. C. T. U. will be held in the parlors of the First M. E. church, at 3 p. m.

A son has been born to Mr. and Mrs. S. L. Reichert.

PERSONALS.

Rev. John W. Powell, Jr., of Lester Park returned Friday evening from Mankato, where he has been spending a few days with his father.

Mrs. S. W. Higgins is attending the National congress of mothers, which meets this week in Des Moines, Iowa.

TAKE HEILBRON

A Pretoria Dispatch Says the Boers Have Retaken the Town.

Pretoria, May 26.—An official bulletin says: "The British have crossed the Vaal at Grobler's drift, near Parys. The high level bridge at Vereniging has been blown up by the federals. Gen. Dutoit advises that the burghers are coming forward in force, determined to fight to the end.

"After retaking Heilbron, the federals followed the British as far as Wolve Hoek."

NEW JERUSALEM CHURCH.

Young People's League Fixes Tax and Elects Officers.

Cincinnati, May 26.—At the Young People's league of the New Jerusalem church today, the per capita tax for the year was fixed at 20 cents and the expenses of the president and secretary ordered paid. The following officers were elected: President, J. H. Stockwell, Jr., Philadelphia; vice president, Paul H. Seymour, Chicago; treasurer, F. A. Sutton, Brooklyn; secretary, Miss Bona Pearl Spaner, Baltimore.

The general convention of all the affiliated Swedenborgian societies was held this afternoon and Rev. S. S. Seward, of New York, delivered the annual address.

KINLEY MACK WON.

New York, May 26.—The Brooklyn handicap was won by Kinley Mack; Rafaello, second; Herbert, third. Time, 2:10.

COUNTERFEITER CAUGHT.

Towanda, Pa., May 26.—Secret Service Operatives Flynn and Deputy Marshall Holen today brought to Towanda the chief of the counterfeiting gang who have been flooding this section with bogus dollar and 50-cent pieces for the past two years. The prisoner is Louis Ruger, 73 years old, of Tuscarora township, and he was caught in the act of making coins. The entire outfit of moulds, melting pots, metal, etc., was taken, in addition to several coins just off the moulds.

FREE BAND CONCERT

O-AT-KA BEACH AUDITORIUM.

Sunday Afternoon.

Free ferry and good street car service on the Park Point Electric Line.

TO PAY DEFICIENCIES.

Washington, May 26.—The conferees on the postoffice appropriation bill struck out the senate amendment authorizing the payment of deficiencies in the postal revenue of Cuba due to embezzlement because that is not considered the bill in which the item should appear. The senate committee on postoffice immediately looked up the question, and today reported the matter as an amendment to the general deficiency bill. There is a tacit agreement that the amendment shall be incorporated in this bill.

RECEIPTS IN CUBA.

Washington, May 26.—The division of customs and insular affairs of the war department made the statement today that the total collections in Cuba during the month of April, 1900, of customs receipts, internal revenue receipts, postal receipts and miscellaneous collections amounts to $1,370,387. The receipts during the month are divided as follows: Customs, $1,257,281; internal revenue, $79,626; postal, $18,450, and miscellaneous collections, $15,036.

COMPANIES WILL SEND.

Chicago, May 26.—Hereafter the board of trade, instead of the telegraph companies, will collect the quotations on the exchange floor. This, however, will not interfere with the transmission of the quotations by the telegraph companies as heretofore.

A COMBINATION.

Rhubarb canned with equal quantities of pineapple and cranberries is recommended as a delicious combination. Pale green and pink effects for the popular color teas may be obtained by canning young and tender pieplant with the skin on.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup

Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co. | *Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.* | *Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.*

Mardarosian Collection of Rare

Oriental Rugs

We take pleasure in announcing that we will have displayed in our Carpet Department this famous collection of rare Oriental Rugs and Carpets. These goods were all selected by Mr. A. B. Mardarosian and will be displayed under his personal supervision. He has sold his rugs and carpets to the very best people in the Northwest, every one of whom will testify to the good quality of the rugs. These goods are the finest he has ever exhibited in the Northwest and comprise over 650 pieces. Duluth people will be offered an unusual opportunity to get fine rugs at especially low values at this sale. As Mr. Mardarosian is preparing for another trip to the Orient, and to reduce stock will make inducements never before offered. We extend a cordial invitation to all people interested in Orientals to come in during this sale.

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.,
Duluth, Minn.

It Pays to Trade With Us...

You always save something from the price charged by others.

Here's a Dining Chair

Wood seat, turned rounds and turned spindles, carved backs, for only—each **49c**

Others ask you 50c for a common Kitchen Chair

Rocking Chairs.....

At 95c we have a lot of Rocking Chairs, carved backs, wood seat—it's a remarkably low price—each **95c**

Others will ask you $1.25 and $1.50 for a poorer Rocker, but as we said in starting—**it pays to trade with us.**

We still have a few Wheels

Mostly Columbias—both Chain and Chainless and a few High Grade Imperials still to be sold at Fire Sale Prices, and while we are about it we are offering all new

Columbias at 10% Discount It is a chance you will not get again.

Special on this Corner Chair while a new lot lasts. Price

$4.95

These are very tasty Parlor pieces—and a lot we had last fall went like hot cakes and these are the first we have been able to get since.

Just to Call Attention to the Fact We Sell Clocks.....

We show this fine, large ANSONIA CLOCK in Ebonized Wood frame, Cathedral Gong strike, fully guaranteed Ansonia movement—price while the lot lasts—

Ordinarily these sell for $7.50—the difference you save.

$4.95

Smith, Farwell & Steele Co.

Complete House Furnishers.

VANQUISH BADGERS

Chicago Wins In Chicago-Wisconsin Universities Dual Track Meet.

RECORDS ARE BROKEN

A Fall Costs the Wisconsin Athletes a Hurdle Race.

Madison, Wis., May 26.—Intense interest in the Chicago-Wisconsin universities' dual track meet brought a large crowd to Camp Randall park today. The morning trains were crowded with the tooters of the different teams, and the weather, which was threatening early in the day, was ideal when the meet started at 10 o'clock.

Chicago won the meet with a total of 71 points against Wisconsin's 57. The result would have been much closer had not Schulz, of Wisconsin, met with an unfortunate fall in the 120-yard hurdle. He was leading by a good margin when he stumbled at the 70-yard mark.

Following are the results:

Wisconsin wins the high jump by default, giving the Badgers eight points.

Mile run—Hahn, of Wisconsin, wins, breaking university record; Hulbert, of Chicago, second. Time, 4:32 2-5.

440 yards run—Maloney, Chicago, won; Lord, Chicago, second. Time, 51 4-5 seconds.

Mile bicycle race—Goodenow, Chicago, won; Brown, Chicago, second. Time, 2:30 4-5.

Discus throw—Granke, Wisconsin, won, 108 feet 1 inch; Leffingwell, Chicago, second, 100 feet 7 inches.

Broad jump—Schulz, Wisconsin, 22 feet 2 inches, won; Pettit, Chicago, second, 21 feet 6½ inches.

Half-mile run—Burdick, Wisconsin, won by about a foot. Time, 2:03 1-5. Lord, Chicago, second.

Three-third mile bicycle race—Brown, Chicago, won. Time, 45 2-5 seconds. Goodenow, Chicago, second.

100-yards dash—Leffingwell, Chicago, won; Senn, Wisconsin, second. Time, 10 seconds.

Shot put—Lester, Chicago, won with 39 feet 2¾ inches. Cochems, Wisconsin, second, with 38 feet 9 inches.

Mile walk—Breedstein, Wisconsin, won; Young, Wisconsin, second. Time, 7:07. This beats the intercollegiate record by sixteen seconds and is within 1½ seconds of Breedstein's own record.

Two hundred and twenty yard dash—Senn, Wisconsin, won; Leffingwell, Chicago, second. Time, 22 3-5.

Two hundred and twenty yard hurdle—Schulz, Wisconsin, won; Maloney, Chicago, second. Time, 25 4-5 seconds.

Hammer thrown—Mortimer, Chicago, first, 120 feet; Lester, Chicago, second, 108 feet 8 inches.

Pole vault—Wheeler, Wisconsin, won, clearing 10 feet 10 inches; Magee, Chicago, second, 10 feet 8 inches.

One hundred and twenty yard hurdle—Trude, Chicago, won; Maloney, Chicago, second. Time, 17 seconds. Schulz, Wisconsin, fell.

CHICAGO BLAZE.

Chicago, May 26.—Fire this afternoon destroyed the 4-story building at 202 to 208 South Water street, occupied by George H. Carpenter & Co., ship chandlers. Loss, $50,000; insured.

HOT MIXED, ONLY VARIED.

For many years New York adopted and accepted cheerfully as its own the preference of the Southern states in the matter of such mixed drinks as mint juleps, whisky toddies, sherry cobblers, rum sangarees and gin and tansy. With the larger product of Northern distilleries in the line of whisky, with the falling off in popularity of fancy decoctions and the diminished demand for skilled barkeepers in making them, there has grown up a preference for variations in plain drinks to the disregard of mixed ones, says the New York Sun.

A few years ago in New York, under the generic parse of liquors, there were in the ordinary barroom or hotel cafe, one brand of whisky, native, and one brand of whisky, imported, one of brandy and one of gin; whereas now every first-class establishment is expected to have at least six varieties of American whisky and nearly as many of foreign whisky, three or more brands of Scotch, and two, usually, of Irish. These brands are not only known to customers, but are called for by name, and the substitution of one for another is not accepted with equanimity by a patron cognizant of the change. Relatively there has been a very large increase in the retail consumption of whisky compared with other drinks, but the increase has been larger in foreign whiskies, the imports of which have about quadrupled in ten years.

But while the sale of whisky, native or foreign, has increased, there has been a very marked falling off in sales of a liquor, formerly a considerable item of retail trade, rum, the importations of rum having much diminished of recent years, and the local demand for it being now very restricted. Jamaica rum and Santa Cruz rum from the West Indies are no longer in much demand here, and the production of native rum has fallen off nearly one-half in twenty years. In 1880 it amounted to 2,400,000 gallons; last year it was 1,200,000. In the same period the product of American made gin has increased from 395,000 gallons to 1,300,000. The steadiest consumers of American made rum are colored persons, and the diminished demand for it has largely increased the demand for American made gin.

One reason for the diminished popularity of mixed drinks is to be found in the fact that the expert barkeepers who gained reputation through such decoctions are no longer to be found in the best-known saloons. A barkeeper may not be able to show much proficiency in the mixing of drinks, but this fact constitutes no reason why he should not be able to secure from the right bottle such brands of whisky or brandy as customers may require. Still another reason for the present preference for straight drinks is to be found in the fact that time has become an important element in the liquor business and the patrons of the chief saloons no longer delay in these, pending the preparation of a favored decoction, but are very often in a hurry and in the rush of trade time cannot be taken, as it formerly was, for the preparation of complex drinks. Even in the matter of cocktails it has been found desirable to have these manufactured in bulk and sold afterward by the glass as a time-saving device, and it is in deference to the same notion that whisky high balls and rickeys, which are mere variations of straight drinks, have come largely into vogue among saloon patrons.

NATIONAL LUNCHEONS.

National luncheons are among the popular entertainments in the feminine world. The scheme followed is to take a certain country as the dominant note, and represent it in table decorations, room trimmings, costumes of the maids and dishes. At a pretty Italian luncheon given recently the maid wore the national peasant costume, the table had crossed ribbons of the tri-color, and among the dishes were spaghetti, stuffed olives, Italian wines, Italian bread, fish, desserts and entrees, all as if taken from an Italian table.

West Duluth

No efforts are being spared to make the Memorial day exercises to be given in West Duluth, under the auspices of the Minnesota K. of P. band, worthy of the occasion and the stadard of those given here in the past. A number of eloquent speakers have given their services. Hon. Charles A. Towne is expected to deliver an address if he is in the city. Besides the speaking, there will be a fine program of music rendered by the band.

The exercises will take place at the band stand at Fifty-sixth avenue west and Bristol street, where they have been held in the past, and will begin at 8 p. m. The following is the program arranged:

March—"Union Forever" ..... Minnesota K. of P. Band.
Prayer ..... Rev. R. A. Saunderson.
Speech ..... William E. McEwen.
Selection—"Blue and Gray Patrol" ..... Minnesota K. of P. Band.
Speech ..... Col. A. A. Harris.
March—"American Guards" ..... Minnesota K. of P. Band.
Speech ..... Mayor T. W. Hugo.
Selection—"Yankee Hash" ..... Minnesota K. of P. Band.
Speech ..... William S. McCormick.
Selection—"American Overture" ..... Minnesota K. of P. Band.
Speech ..... Hon. C. A. Towne.
"America" ..... Rev. R. A. Saunderson.
Benediction ..... By Band and Audience.

Elaborate programs for the day have been arranged at the Irving and Longfellow schools. The scholars have been drilling hard, and fine entertainments are promised.

As usual addresses by members of the G. A. R. will be a feature of the programs at both schools. The exercises begin at 2 p. m.

At the Irving the following program will be given:

Concert recitation—"Bring Blossoms Sweet" ..... B First Grades.
Recitation—"A Charge From the Infantry" ..... B First Grades.
Recitation—"Our Secret" ..... B First Grades.
Song—"The Rain Coach" ..... Eva Emard.
Concert Recitation — "Come and Scratch" ..... A First Grade.
Recitation—"Who likes the Rain?" ..... B Second Grade.
Recitation—"The Little Mother" ..... B Second Grade.
Recitation—"My Pets" ..... B Second Grade.
Song—"Little Shaking Quakers" ..... A Second Grade.
Song—"We Praise and Love the Men So Brave" ..... Second and Third Grades.
Hoop Drill ..... Second and Third Grades.
Song—"Break the News to Mother" ..... Third Grade.
Red Cross Drill ..... Third Grade.
Recitation—"John Thompson" ..... B Fourth Grade.
Song—"March of the Blossoms" ..... B Fourth Grade.
Recitation—"Charge of the Light Brigade" ..... A Fourth Grade.
Song—"Tenting Tonight" ..... A Fourth Grade.
Wand drill ..... Song—"Down on the Ohio" ..... Boys of the Fifth and Sixth Grades.
Piano solo—"By the Brookside" ..... Eva Lemoignan.
Recitation—"Immortal Memories" ..... George Markus.
Recitation — Lincoln's Gettysburg Speech ..... Mary Scott.
Song—"Brave Heart, Sleep On" ..... Seventh and Eighth Grades.
Addresses ..... By members of the G. A. R.

The following is the program at the Longfellow:

Chorus—"Tenting Tonight" ..... School.
Recitation—"Let Little Hands Bring Blossoms Sweet" ..... Boys.
Song—"Sweet and Low" ..... Boys.
Recitation—"We Cannot All Be Heroes" ..... Boys.
Song—"Bring Forth the Flowers" ..... Girls.
Exercise—"Our Tribute" ..... Girls.
Song—"Boys and Girls of Freedom's Land" ..... Boys.
Exercise—"Many Flags in Many Lands" ..... Boys.
Duet—"Stars of a Summer Night" ..... Maud Mann.
Song—"Decoration Day" ..... Chorus—"The Red Scarf" ..... Recitation—"Clara Barton" ..... Trio—"Memorial Day" ..... Recitation—"You Put No Flowers on My Papa's Grave" ..... Chorus—"O, Stern Old Land" ..... Recitation—"Warren's Address" ..... Stanley Strand.
Song—"Flowers for the Brave" ..... Recitation—"The Young Soldiers' Grave" ..... Maud Mann.
Chorus—"The Red Scarf" ..... Address by Veterans of the G. A. R... Chorus—"America" .....

TOMORROW'S SERVICES.

At No. 5514 Grand avenue, West Duluth, there will be service in the Norwegian language, Sunday evening, at 8 o'clock, conducted by Rev. Adolph Salveson.

Rev. L. S. Haff, pastor of Hope church of the Evangelical association, will preach at West Duluth in the church at the corner of Fifty-ninth avenue west an d Ramsey street, tomorrow afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock.

At Asbury M. E. church services will be as follows: Morning, at 10:30; Sunday school, 11:45; Junior league, at 3:30; Epworth league, at 7; preaching service at 8. Subject of evening sermon, "Isaac a Type of the Commonplace Man."

S. A. Jamieson will supply the Presbyterian church at West Duluth Sunday morning and evening.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

The Republicans of West Duluth will have a meeting this evening in I. O. G. T. hall, on Grand avenue, to organize a campaign club.

The demand for houses in West Duluth continues unabated. The rental agents all report more applications than they can take care of, the inquiries coming from all over the country.

Miss Pecor, of Chippewa Falls, Wis., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. David Sang.

P. F. Smith, formerly proprietor of the Proctorknott hotel, who has been ill at the Red Cross hospital for several weeks, is in a very serious condition.

Miss May Ralph, formerly of West Duluth, now of Minneapolis, is here for a two-weeks' visit.

Mrs. Enright and Miss Julia Enright have returned from the range.

Get your ice cream at Boerner's.

Mrs. Holden, of Biwabik, is visiting in West Duluth.

Mrs. Oliver Day will leave Sunday morning for New York to spend the summer with her brother.

There will be regular services at St. James church tomorrow.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Petnuschke have gone to St. Paul for a stay of several days.

Mrs. Holsten, of St. Paul, is visiting her brother, J. E. Johnson.

Miss Edith Gray, of Minneapolis, who has been visiting the family of her brother, W. C. Gray, has returned home.

WALTON'S NERVE.

A story told of "Plunger" Walton in the presidential campaign of 1896 shows that he is a ready man in emergencies. He was in the Hoffman house with a party of friends from Saratoga, when at Brooklyn lawyer made a noisy argument about free silver, Walton turned and remarked that all free sillver men were cranks or worse. The Brooklyn man resented this and sharp words followed. Finally Walton said:

"Well, what are you going to do about it?"

"I'm going to punch your head," returned the lawyer, excitedly.

"My friend, do you know who I am?" demanded the plunger, according to the "No, and I don't care," was the response.

"You have heard of John L. Sullivan?"

"Yes, and I've seen him. You are not the man."

"Perhaps you have also heard of Mat Adoon, who trained him, and nearly broke his back? You have, eh? Perhaps you have seen him! No? Well, then, you see him now. I am Muldoon, and when you get ready to punch my head, come right along."

The Brooklyn lawyer stammered a little, hesitated, and withdrew in good order.

"If he had known Muldoon by sight," said Walton afterward, "I would have introduced myself as the man who trained Muldoon."

Sunday, May 27, 1900.

The Hoffman Cafe,

W. S. HOFFMAN, Mgr.
1098 West Superior St. **Dinner, 25c.**

Menu.

SOUP.
Consomme d'Volaille, In cups.
Cream of Potato.
FISH.
Boiled Winnipeg Whitefish, Maitre d'Hote.
BOILED.
Sugar Cured Ham, Tomato Sauce.
ROASTS.
Turkey, stuffed, with Jelly.
Prime of Beef, au Jus.
Loin of Pork, Puree of Apples.
SALADS.
Potato Salad. Sliced Cucumbers.
Dressed Lettuce. Onions.
ENTREES.
Chicken Pie a la American.
Peaches with Rice, a la Condy.
VEGETABLES.
Boiled and Mashed Potatoes.
Asparagus in Cream.
Escalloped Tomatoes.
PASTRY.
Hoffman House Punch.
Cocoanut Pudding. Apple Pie.
Rhubarb Pie. Lemon Meringue Pie.
New England Pumpkin Pie.
EXTRA.
Strawberry Shortcake and Cream—10c.
Ice Cream and Cake—10c.
Asparagus in Cream.

Commutation Books: $6 for $5, $3 for $2.50.

WEST DULUTH ADVERTISEMENTS.

Drink RICHELIEU Java and Mocha Coffee

The Finest on Earth.

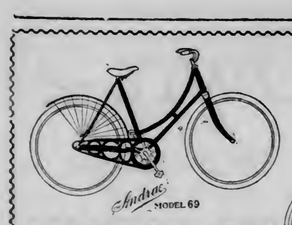
FOR SALE BY

Sutton & McCabe, 5 West Superior Street.
Brown, Mallough & Son, West Duluth, Minn.

BIRDS!

Parrots, Mocking Birds, Red Nightingales, Hartz, German and St. Andresberg imported Canaries, Gold Finches, Bull Finches, Linnets, in full song and plumage. Bird Seeds, grown last year. Goldfish, Fish Globes, Aquaria, and Fish Foods. Mail orders solicited.

ZENITH CITY BIRD CO.,
23rd Ave. W. and Ramsey st., West Duluth, Minn.



WHEELS!

WHEELS!!

FULLY GUARANTEED WHEELS FOR

$18.50 AND $19.00 CASH!

These Wheels are not cheap Chicago machines—but are up-to-date in every respect—having flush joints, 1-piece hanger, Indianapolis chain—maroon enamel—tools and tool bag complete. The Gent's model comes in 20 and 22-inch frame only, and the Ladies' model in 19½ and 20-inch frame. Now is your chance to get a good wheel for little money. We also have a large stock of Andrae's for $30, $40, $50 and $60. Snell, $35, $40, $50, $60. Arlington, $25. Our Sundry line was never more complete and our prices are right.

REPAIRING, BRAZING, ENAMELING AND VULCANIZING.

WHEELS TO RENT.

BOHM & LING,

321 WEST FIRST STREET.

THE SPECIAL CALENDAR.

Populist Committee Case Is Once More Continued.

Judge Ensign had the special term calendar of district court alone this morning, the other judges being engaged in general term work, and the fourteen cases were cleaned up in short order, a number of them being continued. Among those that were continued was the fight between the rival St. Louis county committees of the People's party, and the application of the Duluth Street Railway company for a new trial of the case in which Charles Warren got a verdict for $1000. The following orders were made:

Colvin & Rob against Charles E. Bay and others, judgment for plaintiff; Michigan Savings bank against Catherine Hunter and others, judgment for foreclosure; H. B. Stal against James McElroy, judgment for plaintiff. Giles Gilbert against Alice L. Lindner and others, order appointing S. D. Allen guardian ad litem of the infant defendants; Northern Security company against C. M. Gray and others, judgment for plaintiff.

OBJECTS TO HIS FINE.

Fred Warner Appeals to the District Court.

Fred Warner claims that when the municipal court of the city of Duluth fined him $100.11 for failure to support his wife, and sent him to the county jail for ninety days in default of that amount, the court exceeded its jurisdiction. Therefore, through his attorney, Chester McCuskie, he has asked the district court for his release on a writ of habeas corpus, and it was to come up before Judge Ensign this afternoon.

He claims that the judgment is void for several reasons. The principal one is that the court had no right to inflict a fine of more than $100 for a misdemeanor. He also claims that no certificate of conviction has ever been filed in the office of the clerk of the district court.

Setting of Court Cases.

The following call of court cases has been made for next week, the last jury case to be on trial today:

Monday—3, 6, 7, 8, 11, 12, 17, 19, 24, 28, 31, 22, 36, 38, 43, 41, 56, 46, 47.

Tuesday—51, 62, 64, 66, 67, 68, 71, 78, 81, 82, 83, 85, 86, 102.

Authorized to Settle.

Some idea of what creditors of the defunct state bank may expect to get can be gained from the fact that Judge Ensign in district court this morning signed an order permitting George J. Bloedel, assignee for Carl Berkelmann, to accept an offer of 20 per cent of the face value of the claim of the estate against the bank. He showed that all of the estate has been converted into money, and that the money was deposited in the State bank. If he can realize on the claim he can wind up the estate, and he believed that 50 per cent was more than the bank would pay when its estate is finally settled up.

GETS A VERDICT.

Charles Edmondson Wins Suit Against Marvin Culver and Others.

Charles Edmondson won his case against Marvin Culver, J. B. Benjamin and O. G. Olson, the jury returning a verdict awarding him $2160, the balance on his mortgage on the lands which the defendants sold to Rockefeller for $60,000. He claimed that they represented to him that the land was worthless, and got him to accept half his due on the mortgage. He was represented by H. B. Fryberger.

The jury in the case of Anton Lousin against Anton Hegler, found that the property in dispute was Helger's homestead, and therefore that the plaintiff's purchase of it under an execution was worthless.

Two divisions of court were going on in general term this morning, though the day is usually set apart for special term work. Judge Cant is continuing the case of F. J. Fewings against the Duluth Street Railway company, and Judge Dibell took up yesterday afternoon the last jury case of the term, that of Alexander Sang against Cody & Annis, to recover the value of a scow lost on the south shore last summer, together with the loss of revenue resulting to the plaintiff from the loss. The case was still on trial this afternoon.

Pearl Hive No. 4

Will give their ***Sixth Annual Ball*** at Great Eastern Hall Monday evening, June 4. Music by La Brosse. Ed Fisher prompter. Chartered car at 3 a. m.

BY ORDER COMMITTEE.

The Police Court.

In police court this morning Charles Wilson, W. H. Burns, David Billey, John Reading, Joseph Summer and John O. Larson, each received ten-day sentences. R. B. Casey, charged with trespassing on private mill property, got five days hard labor and John Hoel, was fined $2 for riding a bicycle without a light.

William Ashton, a blacksmith, was charged with shoeing horses without a license and his hearing set for June 1, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon.

I hear your daughter has broken her engagement with the duke. Fact, she found she could get Rocky Mountain Tea at the same price and took the tea. Sensible girl. Ask your druggist.

WALLACE WELLS. 'PHONE 67. R. D. ANNIS.

—AT THE—

Northern Hardware Co.,

222 West Superior Street.

Mrs. Rorer's Cooking Dishes now on sale!

Lawn Mowers cleaned, oiled and sharpened.

Hammocks, Wire Fence, Lawn Mowers....

Refrigerators, Fishing Tackle, Bicycles....

THE LIST AS REVISED

Those Who Will Make the Count of the City of Duluth.

ONE WOMAN CHOSEN

Appeal to the Ministers to Talk Census to Their Congregations.

The revised list of those who will enumerate the people of Duluth commencing next Friday has been completed and there are a number of changes from the list as first reported. The corps is considered an excellent one and with favorable circumstances ought to make as good a showing for the city as it deserves and that is all that can be asked. There is one woman among the number, Miss Irene Cook, who will have one of the western districts in the city. The list is as follows:

FIRST WARD.

256—First precinct, Frank G. Blair.
257—Second and Fifth precincts, George Clark, 724 East Sixth street.
258—Third precinct, Oliver R. Harris, Duluth.
259—Fourth precinct, Clifford P. Earl, box 411, Duluth.

SECOND WARD.

260—First precinct, Alvin White, 301 East First street.
261—Second precinct, Thomas A. Gall, First National Bank building.
262—Third precinct, John H. Upham, Board of Trade building.
263—Fourth precinct, Andrew J. Anderson, 528 East Fourth street.

THIRD WARD.

264—First precinct, Homer C. Fulton, 208 First National Bank building.
265—Second precinct, W. S. Telford, Duluth.
266—Third precinct, Adolph F. Rudolph, High School.
267—Fourth precinct, William J. Barnes, Palladio building.

FOURTH WARD.

268—First and Second precincts, John W. Bever, 220 Lake avenue south.
269—Third precinct, Frank B. Fitch, 112 East Superior street.
270—Fourth precinct, Mark Baldwin, 210 Sixteenth avenue east.
271—Fifth precinct, Gustaf F. Lundgren, 323 East Sixth street.

FIFTH WARD.

272—First precinct, George J. Grierson, 821 West Third street.
273—Second precinct, Charles A. Hutchinson, Central High School.
274—Third precinct, William L. McLennan, 608 West Second street.
275—Fourth precinct, Walter L. Seaton, 204 West Superior street.
276—Fifth precinct, Daniel Cameron, Duluth.
277—First precinct, John H. McGilvray, 122814 West Superior street.
278—Second precinct, Edward G. Wright, 14 Fifteenth avenue west.
279—Third precinct, Olaf A. Wickland, Twenty-fourth avenue west and Michigan street.
280—Part of Fourth precinct, bounded by West Third street on north, by Nineteenth avenue west on east, by Railroad street on south, by Twenty-first avenue west on west, Claude M. Bunn, 605 Palladio building.
281—Balance of district, bounded on north by Piedmont avenue on east, by Garfield avenue on south, by Railroad street on west, by Nineteenth avenue west, Arthur Backer, 119 East Eighth street.
282—Fifth precinct, George W. McAdam, 612 Garfield avenue.
283—Sixth precinct, John Swanson, 113 Rice avenue.

SEVENTH WARD.

284—First precinct, Ferris S. Drake, 812 East Fifth street.
285—Second precinct, Maxwell Knowles, 310 Twenty-second avenue west.
286—Third precinct—Ralph H. Wellington, 2822 West Third street.
287—Fourth precinct, Irene M. Cook, box 129, Duluth.
288—Fifth precinct, W. H. Stultz, 203 West Second street.

EIGHTH WARD.

289—First precinct, Alvin Bagley, box 733, West Duluth.
290—Second precinct, Winton F. Hoyt, West Duluth.
291—Third precinct, William Hartley, West Duluth.
292—Fourth precinct, Donald J. Campbell, Fifty-ninth avenue west and Polk street.
293—Fifth precinct, Adolph Anderson, West Duluth.
294—Sixth, Seventh and Eighth precincts, Walter T. Scott, 312 West Third street.

Every minister in the city of Duluth should talk to his congregation of the work of taking the census. It is especially important that the women be impressed with the importance of the count. It is them that the enumerators will meet mostly and if they understand the necessity of promptness and know what information is to be given the census taker much time will be saved. Every enumerator will have to take about 100 people a day on the average and the work is no small one.

It will greatly facilitate the work if the residents of each household will think the matter of the census over and get in their minds just what information the enumerators want. Then there will be no delay. Time will be important for there is just fifteen days in which to take the count.

Grand Opening at Lester Park.

The dancing pavilions, palace of illusions and mystic swing will be open to the public Decoration day. Dancing afternoon and evening.

Excursion to Two Harbors.

The steamer Bon Voyage will make an excursion trip to Two Harbors tomorrow, leaving Fifth avenue dock at 10:30 a. m. This is a delightful trip and the opportunity for a boat ride on Lake Superior will doubtless be taken advantage of by many tomorrow. A large party enjoyed this ride last Sunday.

Sunday Band Concert.

The first free band concert of the season will be given tomorrow afternoon at Oatka beach, Park Point, commencing at 3:30. Director Flaaten of the City band has prepared a special program that is sure to please. The free ferry is now in operation, and with the splendid electric car service, a trip to Oatka beach tomorrow will be an enjoyable one.

Caught No Small Ones.

President Wilson and Commissioner Flood of the board of public works; City Engineer McGilvray, R. Murchison, clerk of the board of public works, and Thomas Brian, custodian of the city hal, returned this morning from a few days' fishing at Boulder lake. The smallest fish caught was by Tom Brian, and as near as could be learned it was a brook trout weighing in the neighborhood of seventy-five pounds.

A SLICK ONE.

John Sullivan of Ashland, Forger, Caught Through Detective Benson's Efforts.

Word was received here yesterday of the arrest of John Sullivan, an Ashland boy, said to be one of the smoothest time-check forgers in this part of the country. His arrest was brought about by Detective Robert Benson, of this city, who located Sullivan in Seattle about a week ago. It is estimated that the young man secured $2500 in cash by forging the name of O'Day & Co., the Wausau, Wis., lumbermen. Most of the work was done at Merrill, Wis., though five or six counties were pretty well covered by Sullivan in his operations. A bank in Merrill cashed $800 worth of the forged checks, and the work is said to have been among the most daring and nervy that was ever brought to the notice of the local officials.

It is said that Sullivan did not forge the name of O'Day & Co., but used those of their foremen at various camps. When he had cashed in about all he could he came to Duluth and visited friends for a few hours and then skipped out. He was well known in this city, and the matter was placed in the hands of Detective Benson, who traced him to Western Montana and then to Seattle. Sullivan objected to leaving the coast without a requisition, and caused the authorities not a little trouble. He is, however, safely locked up at Merrill now and some of the money has been recovered.

SURETY BONDS.

FIDELITY, CONTRACT, JUDICIAL.

Judicial bonds executed without delay.

The United States Fidelity and Guaranty Co.

(Home office: Baltimore, Md.)

PULFORD, HOW & CO.,

GENERAL AGENTS, Duluth, Minn.

"PIED PIPER OF HAMELIN."

Cast of Entertainment Which Will Be Given Next Week.

The cast for the "Pied Piper of Hamelin," which will be given at the Lyceum next Tuesday and Friday evenings, is as follows:

Pied Piper ..... Drew Dunn
Mayor ..... Rene Hugo
First Councilman .....Charles Skuse
Second councilman ..... Robert Hall
Gretchen ..... Maude Bingham
Katherine ..... Lulu Robinson
Lame boy ..... Tommy Beatie
Clown rat ..... Tony Gookin
Gertrude ..... Lena Goldberg
Pauline, First citizen..Miss Ida Richardson

The following are the patronesses: Mesdames A. M. Marshall, George Spencer, H. B. Moore, W. M. Prindle, H. T. Abbott, G. C. Barnum, A. B. Chapin, R. P. Dowse, J. D. Ensign, M. J. Forbes, G. C. Howe, S. C. McCormick, John McLeod, A. M. Miller, James McAuliffe, H. M. Peyton, J. M. Stocker, J. H. Upham, John Skuse, J. L. Washburn, F. L. Gilbert, G. M. Smith, M. B. Cullum, S. T. Harrison, George W. Buck, L. D. King, W. H. Bowen, W. W. Spalding, H. Stark, M. H. Alworth, W. E. Richardson, E. C. Gridley, J. B. Westin, W. T. Bailey, J. W. Norton, W. C. Sargent, Ward Ames, W. W. Billson, W. G. Mather, C. A. Duncan, T. C. Bagg, G. G. Hartley, James C. Hunter, Alex McDougall, T. D. Merrill, W. J. Olcott, Alex Wilson, Joseph Sellwood, J. M. Thomas, William White, Charles A. Phelps, W. E. Culkin, Baxter, Albert Baldwin, F. C. Bowman, Charles F. Leland, A. W. Fulton, W. B. Phelps, Z. D. Scott, A. E. Walker, E. P. Alexander, Dr. Codding.

Successfully Given.

The drama, "Mildred's Triumph," was again presented by Hive No. 1 Tuesday evening to a crowded house. Several new specialties were added. The songs by Mrs. Grace Walker and her sister, Mrs. Kern, were excellent, as were also those by Anna Stang, a little girl. Mrs. Lillian Allan-Devere, the director of the drama, and an actress of ability, took a principal part. She deserves great credit for its success. Those taking part were: Mesdames Grace Walker, Kern, Putnam, Folkerts, Denning, Sheehan, Krueger, Hahn, Wissler, Sampson, Lajoys, Bruner, Sonnenburg and Hein, Misses Margaret Jones and Anna Stang, and Mr. and Mrs. Allan-Devere.

Excursion to Two Harbors.

Tomorrow the steamer Bon Voyage, of the Howard Transportation company's line, will give an excursion to Two Harbors. It will leave the Fifth avenue dock at 10:30 o'clock in the morning. There is every prospect that tomorrow will be a fine day, and if so the boat will probably carry a great crowd.

CHICAGO FAST MAIL...

OVER

"The Northwestern Line."

Daily, 5:10 p. m.

The most handsome, comfortable and complete train in the world.

City Ticket Office, 405 W. Sup. St.

Concert at Oatka Beach.

Tomorrow afternoon at 3 o'clock the Duluth City band will give a concert at the Park Point Street Railway company's pavilion, at Oatka beach. The following program will be given:

March—"America Forever Victorious" ..... Miles
Overture—"Pique Dame" ..... Suppe
Schottische—"I'd Leave My Happy Home for You" ..... Tilzer
Trombone solo—"Glen Island Waltz" ..... Short
G. Huse.
Medley—"The Moth and the Flame" ..... Boettges
March—"1900" ..... Bernard
Selection—"Bohemian Girl" ..... Balfe
Patrol—"Coppers on Parade" ..... Bell
Overture—"Black and White" ..... Beyer
Two-Step—"Adlake" (by request)..Brooks

A One-Sided Game.

The Washingtons defeated the second Craggencroft team in a ball game out at Hunter's Park this morning. The score was 19 to 6 and the feature of the game aside from the terrific batting of the Washingtons was the pitching of Weber and his fine support. The line up was:

Washington.		Craggencroft.
Ely	catcher	Ames
Weber	pitcher	Hats
Thrall	first base	Harrison
Winters	second base	Seaman
Olson	third base	Duncan
Summers	short stop	Ray
Gyllenberg	right field	Swan
Butchart	center field	Dietz
Bowers	left field	Putman

Struck By Lightning.

Lightning yesterday afternoon struck a house on Twenty-third avenue east, occupied by Thomas S. Miller and owned by D. D. McInnis. Two bolts entered the house and ripped up the interior pretty badly. There were two women and some children in the house, but they were not injured in any way nor even stunned.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

TO HAVE BIG SHOOT

Central Gun Club's Event Next Week Will Attract Many Shots.

THE LIST OF EVENTS

Duluth and Superior Men Clean Things Up at Grand Rapids Shoot.

Under the auspices of the Central Gun club one of the largest shoots ever held at the head of the lakes will take place on Memorial day. It will be an all-day affair, open to all comers, and will be held on the club's grounds at Thirty-first avenue east and London road. All the leading Duluth and Superior shots will be entered, as will a large number of outside men. Added to the regular purse events, there will be contests between the Duluth and Superior club teams for the interstate silver cup, and also an individual contest for the diamond medal denoting the local championship.

The Duluth and Superior men returned last evening from the second annual tournament of the Itasca Gun club, held Thursday and Friday at Grand Rapids, Minn. The local men are all enthusiastic over the treatment they received, and say that the shoot was a great success, and no wonder, for they shot inside all the best money. John Fulton, of West Superior, carried away first honors, and John W. Nelson, of this city, was second. The Duluth man did wonderful shooting on the last day of the tournament, only missing sixteen birds out of 150.

The following is a list of the high averages made at Grand Rapids:

John Fulton, West Superior	278
John W. Nelson, Duluth	265
J. D. Flinn, West Superior	262
Powers, Grand Rapids	260
Kreamer, Grand Rapids	254
Bergen, Bemidji	249
Thomas, Duluth	246
Kennedy, Superior	245
McLennan, unattached	24?

All of these cracks and many others will go after the money, cups and medals at the Central Gun club shoot next Wednesday. The opening event will be at 10 a. m. and dinner will be served on the grounds.

The first five will be sweep events of fifteen birds to each man. The entrance fee is $1.50, and the purse will be divided into percentages of 30, 25, 25, and 20. Two dollars will be added to each purse by the club.

The sixth event will be 25 birds each, with a $2.50 entrance fee. The purses will be divided into 30, 25, 20, 15 and 10 per cent, and $3 will be added by the club. The price of birds is included in the entrance money. This event will also count as the team shoot for the interstate cup now held by the Central Gun club.

The seventh and last event of the day's program will be the diamond medal event for the head of the lakes championship. It will be 50 birds to each man and the entrance fee is only $1.50.

This afternoon and tomorrow the local men will hold practice shoots for the Memorial day tournament.

GATHER HERE.

Forty Lake Superior Lumbermen Are In Conference At the Spalding.

A meeting of the lumbermen of the western end of Lake Superior is being held at the Spalding today and there are about forty lumbermen in attendance. All the Duluth and Superior lumbermen are represented and most of the large manufacturers at Ashland are here. Among these is Col. J. H. Knight, L. K. Baker, W. H. Gilbert, F. C. Knapp, C. A. Latimer, D. W. Mowatt and Barker & Stewart, of Ashland; L. T. Walker, C. F. Thompson and John A. Jacobs, of Washburn; Capt. R. D. Pike, of Bayfield. From Superior, Rogers, Ruger & Co., and Payton, Kimball & Barber are represented. All the Duluth mills are represented, among them Mitchell & McClure, Duncan Brewer company, Alger-Smith & Co., Merrill & Ring, St. Louis Lumber company, Lesure Lumber company, Edward Hines Lumber company, Clark & Jackson Lumber company, G. A. Potter and Red Cliff Lumber company.

The meeting was called to order in the morning. W. C. McClure was elected chairman, and F. C. Knapp, of Ashland, secretary. It was in session all the morning and this afternoon, after partaking of dinner at the Spalding went into session again.

The object of the meeting is to confer over various matters in which the trade is interested. Among these is the matter of grades with the object of securing more uniformity. The question of the price of lumber is said to be not one of the objects for which the meeting was called, and it is denied emphatically that it is for the purpose of forming any combination in the matter of prices or anything of that sort.

BRINGING IN ANGORA GOATS.

Bagley, Minn., Man Imports a Large Number---Valuable For Clearing.

A. L. Morris, of Bagley, Minn., on the Fosston branch of the Eastern Minnesota railway, went to Kansas City last week and returned with a shipment of 100 Angora goats, which he turned out on his farm at Bagley. They are valued at from $5 to $25 per head, the lower figure being for kids. It has been demonstrated within the last few years that there is big money in raising Angoras in the United States. The industry is comparatively new here, and attention has been called to it by the agricultural department at Washington within the last year or two, with the result that the number of goats is rapidly increasing in this country. They are especially well suited to Minnesota, as they are a great aid in clearing new land. They are especially fond of the foliage of small trees and underbrush, and will destroy all the twigs and leaves within their reach. It is hoped they will be tried in St. Louis county before long.

The Memorial Services

Patriotic memorial services will be held tomorrow morning in the Grace Methodist church, at the corner of Twenty-second avenue west and Third street, and in the evening at the First Presbyterian church, corner of Third avenue east and Second street. All members of the G. A. R. and other patriotic organizations as well as the public generally is invited to these services. There will be special programs of music and sermons appropriate to the occasion. Rev. H. W. Knowles will conduct the service at the Grace Methodist church and Rev. T. H. Cleland, at the First Presbyterian church.

The Willis A. Gorman and J. B. Culver Posts are requested to assemble at the Grace church at 10:30 tomorrow morning and in the evening the old soldiers will meet in the Masonic Temple and march in a body to the First Presbyterian church at 7:30.

On Memorial Day.

The arrangements for the patriotic concert to be given Memorial day at the First Swedish Baptist church are practically completed. It will be held under the auspices of the Scandinavian Christian Union Temperance committee, and is sure to be well attended. Among those who will assist in the program are the First Norwegian Danish Lutheran choir, under the able leadership of John Olsen; Professor A. F. Lundholm, the excellent Echo quartet and a number of others prominent in musical circles. Rev. John A. Anderson, who is to give a patriotic temperance address, has chosen for his topic, "Slavery and Liberty."

WAS KILLED.

Gust Swanson, Iron Range Section Foreman, Struck By Train at Allen.

Two Harbors, Minn., May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Gust Swanson, employed at Allen Junction as section foreman by the Duluth & Iron Range railway, was killed by a train at that place last evening. He was getting out of the way of a train coming on one track and stepped in front of a train coming on another track, which struck and killed him. His remains were brought to this place, and will be buried here by the local lodge of I. O. O. F.

A steady rain which fell yesterday and last night has about extinguished the large foreso fires which have been burning in the Alger-Smith company's slashings, west of town, the past few days.

SUIT BROUGHT.

Action Commenced to Restrain the Operation of Park Point Ferry.

Here is a new Park Point ferry complication. Late today or early Monday morning papers will be served on the members of the board of public works, the mayor and the aldermen, in an injunction suit which will aim to restrain the city from expending any money in transporting passengers or freight across the ship canal. It is brought by a number of taxpayers whose names could not be learned at a late hour this afternoon, and the suit is based on the claim that the city has no legal right under the present charter for spending public money for a ferry service. This not only means the stopping of the free steam service, if the injunctional order is issued, but will also prevent the city from operating a row-boat service.

The action will be brought in the district court, and may not come up before the special term a week from today. In that case the present service will be undisturbed for a week.

This injunction suit has been threatening for several weeks. In fact ever since the spring opening of the ferry discussion. It is claimed that a large number of taxpayers object to the fery being operated by the city, on the grounds that it is an unnecessary and illegal expense to the people.

There is every reason to believe that the parties bringing the injunction will have a strong case. Former City Attorney Richards, in a communication to the council last summer, held that the city had no legal right to operate, maintain or assist in maintaining a ferry service across the ship canal, and while City Attorney Mitchell has not passed directly on the questions involved, he has indirectly expressed the opinion that the city has not the right to spend money in the interest of free transportation to Park Point. Mayor Hugo has all along referred to the ferry as a matter of "public policy rather than a legal obligation of the city."

The service with the Estelle was just getting down to schedule time today and for the first time the boat was stopping at Fifth avenue west. On Monday, Capt. Ryan announced that the scow would be put on for the freight service, and the injunction suit may not affect the present arrangement for at least a week.

At the city hall this afternoon the information that an injunction suit was threatening created considerable surprise.

Dr. Bruess' Powerful Penetrating Peerless Remedy

For all pains of the body, as

Rheumatism, Cold in the Chest, Pneumonia, Neuralgia, Spine Disease, Backache, Lumbago, Sprained Joints, Croup, Bronchitis, Sore Throat.

Dr. Bruess in his many years of private and hospital practice in Berlin, Germany, found this celebrated remedy to be a positive cure for the above ailments

This Wonderful Remedy will give you instant relief. Once used, you will recommend it to your friends and neighbors.

Orders from the country amounting to $2, express charges will be prepaid. Free sample on request given out at store.

For sale only by—

S. F. BOYCE, Druggist,

Corner Fourth Avenue West and Superior Street.

A LONG JOURNEY.

Ely

Long journeys generally mean long absences; and a good picture from home is the very best companion.

Our Photographs give pleasure the world over. They possess the true artistic touch and the superiority of their mechanical development leaves nothing to be desired. ***7 E. Superior St.***

FOR SALE! Soldiers' Additional, Forest Reserve—Ready to Lay.

FOR SALE BY..... ***PULFORD, HOW & COMPANY,***

Room B, Trust Company Building.

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HELIOGRAPH IN WAR.

Before the war of 1870-71 optical telegraphy comprised signaling by means of flags by day and by means of lanterns or torches by night, but in that war the heliograph proved its efficiency. The electric light was at once suggested to make the system independent of sunshine and fair weather, but the difficulty of having it on hand in the field was then too great, so other sources of light (such as improved petroleum lamps) were used.

England, however, adhered to the heliograph, and had great success in its use in India and in South Africa, in some cases for distances of more than 100 miles. Ordinarily, however, the heliograph, using as it does the sun's rays as the source of light, is limited to a range of about 50 miles; but by means of relay stations it can, of course, be used to much greater distances, says the Engineering Magazine. However, in the field such relay stations are liable to interruption by the enemy's cavalry, the messages can often be intercepted at certain points by interposing a cloud of smoke made by burning brush or damp straw, and, finally, the number of repetitions increases the chances of error.

The electric ark light is far more efficient, is independent of the weather and can be used by night as well as by day. By its means the range has been extended to more than 400 miles. In the Transvaal war the British made use for this purpose of the electric searchlights from the ships, and this was, indeed, the only means of communication with the external world relied upon by the besieged garrisons of Ladysmith and Kimberley.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purpose hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes of 1878, of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have agreed upon and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Reading Investment Company."

The principal place where the business of said corporation is to be transacted is Duluth, Minnesota.

The general nature of the business of this corporation shall be to buy, own, mortgage, lease, let, sell, deal in and improve lands, tenements and hereditaments, or any interest whatsoever therein, in severality or otherwise, in Minnesota and elsewhere; to buy, own, hold, hypothecate, transfer, sell and deal in mortgages, notes, bonds, corporation stocks, and other personal property and securities, and to collect, foreclose, compound, and release mortgages and other obligations; to act as agent for other corporations or persons, for a compensation or otherwise, in the purchase, sale, management or improvement of real or personal property; to make, endorse, guarantee and discount notes, mortgages and other commercial paper; and, for the purpose aforesaid, or for any other lawful purpose, to execute, deliver and receive deeds, conveyances, mortgages, leases, contracts, and any and all other instruments whatsoever, and to do and perform all acts and things necessary, proper or convenient for carrying out any of the aforesaid affairs.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the twenty-fifth day of May, 1900, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, which may be issued and paid in, in money or in other property, at such times, in such amounts, and in such manner as the board of directors may determine.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars.

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty, Robert S. Gaylord, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Robert S. Gaylord; said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the offices of the corporation, in Duluth, Minnesota, on the last Tuesday in May, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m. The time of holding all subsequent annual meetings may be fixed by the by-laws.

The government of said corporation, and the full management of its affairs, shall be vested in a board of three directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually, at the stockholders' annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers, and perform such duties, as may be prescribed by the board of directors, and who shall be elected by the board of directors at its first meeting, and annually thereafter at the first meeting of said board immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders, unless otherwise prescribed by the by-laws of the corporation; a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, any two of which offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our hands and affixed our seals this 21st day of April, A. D. 1900.

LEO A. BALL, (Seal).
SARA L. McNULTY, (Seal).
ROBERT S. GAYLORD, (Seal).

In presence of
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN.
EDWARD M. GAYLORD.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

On this 12th day of May, A. D. 1900, before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared, Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Robert S. Gaylord, to me known to be the same persons described in, and who executed, the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN.
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.
(Notarial Seal).

State of Minnesota, Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1900, at 9 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book G2 of Incorporations, on page 54.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis. —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office for record, May 15th, 1900, at 10:15 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book L of Miscell., page 633.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

Duluth Real Estate is a Good Thing to Own.

REALTY MARKET

Several Deals of More or Less Importance Have Been Closed This Week.

AN ADDITION IS SOLD

Wilmington Place Passes Into Hands of Isaac M. Thomas, Eastern Man.

There is considerable activity in the local realty market. A number of negotiations were started last week and today two deals of considerable interest were closed by Straker, Manley & Buck. West Duluth acreage cut quite a figure in the transactions and one of the sales referred to is that of the Wilmington Place addition, one of the extreme westerly plats of West Duluth. The title to this property which is a 40-acre strip, is changed from the Wilmington Land company to Isaac M. Thomas, of Wilkesbarre, Pa., and the consideration was $10,500. Mr. Thomas already owns considerable Duluth realty.

The second sale referred to was lot 21, East Superior street, Duluth proper, First division, and the 2-story frame building thereon known as 109 East Superior street. A Pennsylvania man, whose name is not given out for publication paid between $7000 and $7500 to John Drew of this city, for this property. Both transactions were cash.

* * *

L. S. Loch has decided to build a handsome residence on the 100-foot lot recently purchased by him, located between Eleventh and Twelfth avenues east on Superior street. The plans and specifications are now being prepared and the dwelling will cost in the neighborhood of $12,000.

* * *

Real estate men and property owners generally have been busy during the week paying their current real estate taxes. Next Friday the delinquent penalty of 10 per cent goes in effect, and this year the percentage of payment is very large.

* * *

A 3-story hotel will probably be built by an Eastern man on the northwest corner of Michigan street and Sixth avenue west, in the near future. This building will be 61 by 58 feet and when completed will probably be occupied by Rubenack Bros., the Bowery lodging house and restaurant men.

* * *

The following building permits have been issued this week: To Charles A. Parsons, to repair a 2-story frame building on Fourth street between Tenth and Eleventh avenues west, at a cost of $200; to the Howard Transportation company, to erect a warehouse on St. Paul & Duluth property at the foot of Fifth avenue west, at a cost of $300; to J. B. Ferguson, for repairs to a frame dwelling on Fitt street between Forty-seventh and Forty-eighth avenues east, at a cost of $1500; to Mary Spence, for repairs to a frame dwelling on First street between Twenty-seventh and Twenty-eighth avenues west, at a cost of $200; to the Heimbaugh Lumber company, to erect a corrugated iron building for planing mill purposes on the west side of St. Croix avenue between Railroad and Sulphin streets at a cost of $1200; to T. W. Wahl, to repair a frame dwelling on London road between Fourteenth and Fifteenth avenues east at a cost of $500.

* * *

The transfers recorded during the week are as follows:

St. Paul & Duluth Railway company to Even Olson, n¼ of nw¼ section 23-51-16 400
Mary R. White et mar to Agnes M. Fider, lot 5, block 121, Portland division 350
Lindia Sicel et al to Duluth Log company, w½ of ne¼ of ne¼ section 26-51-13 37
Emma E. Sigel to Duluth Log company, e½ of ne¼ of ne¼ section 26-51-13 37
John Roswald et ux to Franklin Lumber company, ne¼ of section 8-51-18 1,200
John J. Arndt to Franklin Lumber company, n½ of se¼ and n½ of sw¼ section 4-51-18 620
H. C. Solum et ux to A. D. Stephens, trustee, lots 2 and 4, section 30-66-19, n½ of se¼, se¼ of se¼ section 25-66-20 1,200
National German American Bank to W. B. Wright, lots 10, 15 and 16, block 5, Macfarlane's Grassy Point addition 150
J. H. M. Parker et ux to Daniel McDonnell, nw¼ of se¼, ne¼ of sw¼ section 23-57-13 400
W. A. Frank et ux to T. H. Shevlin, s½ of nw¼, n½ of sw¼ section 15-68-21 776
G. A. Eaton et al to T. H. Shevlin, se¼ of ne¼, ne¼ of se¼, se¼ of nw¼ section 25-68-21 1,050
E. J. Chandler et mar to E. S. Sawyer, southerly 70 feet lot 249 and 451, block 156; lot 292, block 170; lot 327, block 166, Duluth proper, Second division 1,050
Walter M. Crandall to D. L. Wahl, w½ lot 10, block 78, Duluth proper, Second division 1,100
John Mallman et ux to O. D. Kinney, und ½ of w½ of ne¼ section 30-53-14 1,900
Azro T. Crossley et al to Helen M. Collins, w½ of ne¼ section 20-56-14
Thomas J. Sheridan et ux to William J. Atwell, und 1-3 interest in lot 5, section 5-58-15 1,000
Filbert Gablo et ux to C. A. Blackmarr, lots 25 and 26, block 14, Proctorknott 400
Peter Elmon et ux to Alfred Makie, lot 9, block 15, Biwabik 200
Warburton N. Walker to Fannie Burris, part of lots 14, 15 and 16, block 62, Portland 2,950
C. H. Magmais et ux to W. Alexander et al, lot 3 and ne¼ of sw¼ and nw¼ of se¼ section 20-61-16 500
George H. Culver et al to Sharon Ore company, sw¼ of se¼ section 17, w½ of ne¼ and nw¼ of se¼ section 20-58-15 2,575
Lucy P. Knowlton et mar to Ida Nelson, lots 9 and 10, block 3, Martin's division 50
Marie Erickson et mar to Gust Johnson, w½ of se¼ of sw¼ section 14-50-15 400
E. A. Gilbert et ux to R. B. Whiteside, lot 35, East Second street, Duluth proper, First division 6,875
George Lukaszewski et ux to John Schmans, e½ lot 90, East Seventh street, Duluth proper, Third division 500
E. J. Daniels et ux to William H. Daniels, und 1-9 lot 5, section 5-58-15 100
Herman Penner to John R. Zweifel, lot 16, block 155, West Duluth, Fifth division 750
James N. McKinley et ux to Bertha P. Shea, lots 2and 4; block 7, Harrington's addition 750
John G. Ost et ux to Grank Gferrat, fractional lot 11, block 18, Spalding's addition 305
Caroline E. Ray et al to Etta Tischer, lot 7, block 154, Portland division, and lot 7, block 154, Ray's annex to Portland 325
Christopher Walin to George H. Huseby, nw¼ of sw¼ section 16-49-15 600
Ole O. Solum to A. D. Stephens, trustee, sw¼ of ne¼, se¼ of nw¼, ne¼ of sw¼ and nw¼ of se¼ section 18-65-2 0 1,360
William McClusky et ux to F. S. Bell, n½ of ne¼ and sw¼ of ne¼ section 32-67-18 575
Nels Anderson et ux to John F. Day, lots 1 and 2 and sw¼ of ne¼ and nw¼ of se¼ section 6-62-14 1,000
Carolina Voigh to Helga A. Linderberg, lot 7, block 40, Endion 3,200
Harry W. Cummer et ux to Marie F. Muller, lot 12, block 4, E. & R.'s sub-division 300
J. T. Maron et ux to W. F. McClosky, n½ of ne¼ and se¼ of ne¼ section 32-67-18 10
A. L. Agutin et ux to Kebi & Deary company, ne¼ of nw¼ and lot 6, section 13, and lots 2 and 3 section 14-59-21 1
John W. Field et al trustees to Z. F. Titcomb, part of lot 116, block 23, Duluth proper, Third division 4,200
R. M. Hobday to Lavinie I. Clark, fractional lots 10 and 11, block 15, Merchant's Park division, and lots 20 and 21, block 17, Spalding's addition 1,000
Robert B. Gilmore et ux to J. J. Lee-Tormean, west half lot 4, block 144, London addition 1,000
Charles J. Carlson et ux to August Carlson, undivided ½ lot 10, block 88, West Duluth, Second division 200
C. A. Blackmar to Martha E. Trempe, lot 5, block 1, First addition to Proctorknott 500
William R. Wright et ux to Hanson Smith, lot 15, block 109, West Duluth, Sixth division 175
Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to David T. Adkins, lots 6 and 7, block 41, Eveleth 200
Virginia Improvement company to Sarah J. Fay, lot 22, block 19, Virginia 500
Orrin D. Kinney to M. L. Fay, lot 18, block 19, Virginia 500
A. W. Peterson to Marcus L. Fay, lot 24, block 19, Virginia 500
A. M. Sherdan et ux to T. Thornburn, lot 3, block 25, Endion division 500
Lakeside Land company to A. S. Rothermel, part of lot 4, block 28, London addition 75
A. P. Lovejoy et ux to K. A. McDonald, n½ s½ section 15-58-20 500
Olean Land company to F. W. Higgins et al, undivided 5-12 of n½ sw ¼ and sw¼ se¼ section 4-52-12 1,650
Hansen Smith et ux to Northern Security company, lot 15, block 109, West Duluth, Sixth division 500
Clarence Freeburg to P. E. Rosen et al, lot 6, block 15, Kimberley & Strycker's addition 250
Fred A. Robinson, trustee, to Claus Olson, lot 11, block 42, Eveleth 165
West Duluth Land company to John Brotherton, lot 8, block 200, West Duluth, Third division 350
Peyton Gallegher et al to John L. Prosser, lot 8, block 72, Portland division 1,500
William S. Woodbridge et ux to John H. Johnson, lot 3, block 11, Grassy Point addition 275
John M. Erickson to Gotfred Dyson, part of lots 397 and 399, block 148, Duluth proper, Second division 650
C. H. Magmais et ux to J. J. Ruff et al, s½ se¼ section 25-57-14, and lots 2 and 3, section 31-57-13 500
Woodland company to John Erickson, s½ of nw¼ of nw¼ of section 25-51-14 200
John D. Murphy et ux to Franklin Lumber company, se¼ se¼ section 34, and sw¼ sw¼ of section 35-62-14 425
John C. Campbell to Patrick A. Smith, lots 3 and 4, and sw¼ ne¼ section 34-60-19 480
Alice Lindner to J. Q. A. Crosby, undivided one-third of lots 1 and 4, and sw¼ nw¼ section 3-60-12, and undivided one-third of e½ of se¼ section 4-61-12 200
May McCarthy to F. S. Bell, sw¼ nw¼, w½ sw¼ section 3-68-19 575
Matt Clark et ux to Daniel F. Whitney, lot 4, section 2, lot 1, section 3-62-17, and lot 3, section 34; lot 6, section 35-63-17 42
Henry Hale Pease et al to W. E. Wright, sw¼ sw¼, section 8-53-14 800
Fredrick W. Masur to Horace Mayor, w½ lot 3 and w½ se¼ nw¼ section 2-50-16 650
Arthur A. Briney et al to Josie Newmann, lots 9 and 10, block 56, Portland division 1,300
F. R. Webber et ux to F. G. Harper, n½ nw¼ section 24-52-16 200
Northern Pacific Railway company to William O'Brien, w½ nw¼ and se¼ nw¼, nw¼ sw¼ section 17; s½ se¼, nw¼ se¼, sw¼ ne¼ section 11; nw¼ 21-54-12 5,000
Northern Pacific Railway company to Matt Clark, ne¼ section 11; se ¼ se¼ section 23; sw¼ nw¼ section 25; sw¼ ne¼, ne¼ se¼ 26-65-12; sw¼ sw¼ section 22; sw¼ nw¼, n½ sw¼, sw¼ sw¼ section 26; n½ ne¼ section 28; se¼ ne¼, ne¼ se¼ 34-65-13 2,700
Howe Lumber company to Tower Lumber company, n½ se¼, sw¼ se ¼ 4-62-17 1,335
Same parties, sw¼ nw¼ section 11; s½ ne¼ 15-62-19 1,354
George Howard et al to Elliott Wood, lots 1, 2, 3, block 101, lots 14, 15, 16, block 105, West Duluth, Second division, and undivided ½ of lots 14, 15, 16, 13, block 116, West Duluth, Fourth division 1,000
George N. Hall et al to George C. Swallow, ne¼ nw¼ and nw¼ ne¼ section 25-63-13 400

FLOWERS AND PLANTS.

An authority says: "Warm water is best for vases that are to hold flowers grown under glass, possibly for others also. The reason given is that warm water is more readily absorbed, and the flowers on that account become more quickly accustomed to their changed conditions.

"In dwelling houses, where the atmosphere is not only very warm, but dry, it is almost impossible to keep the soil in pots from becoming dry. In such cases cold water acts too slowly, and I do not hesitate to use decidedly hot water; applying a little at a time. The air in the soil gives place rapidly to warm water, but very slowly to cold. Orchids should always have water of higher temperature than the air about them."

NO EXCURSIONS.

Visitors to London this year will be unable to take the delightful steamboat trip up the river to Richmond and Kew, says the New York Sun. For the first time in sixty years there will be no service on the Thames, owing to the inability of the steamboat companies to make satisfactory terms with the officials of the Thames Conservancy, who control the landing piers

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

HARRIS BROS.,

Real Estate,

712 PALLADIO.

Two of the best houses in the city on Third street, between Lake and Fourth avenues east. Will sell at a bargain.

Established 1886. J. C. Mishler, Established 1886.
200 Exchange Building.

OFFERS FOR SALE:

One and one-half miles water front on the St. Louis river, which affords a good water power, 35-feet fall.

Also desirable iron leases on the Mesaba range.

Also houses and lots in the city from $1000 up.

For Rent:

TWO SEVEN-ROOM STEAM heated, centrally located flats, first-class in every respect. Possession June 1.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate and Loans

Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.

Thos. P. Brown,
No. 704 Torrey Building.

SEVEN-ROOM HOUSE FOR SALE. 1420 Jefferson.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

We Have Purchasers For Houses in the East End.

If you want a bargain in a house and lot in the West End on Piedmont avenue, we have it.

A house and lot (corner) on East Fourth street, a few blocks from the center of the city, twelve rooms, all modern conveniences and in the very best repair, at a very low figure.

Residence lots in the East End ranging in price from $250 up. If you wish to buy property do not fail to see us. We know we can show you just what you want.

Julius D. Howard & Co.
201 First National Bank Bldg.

Fine lot East Second St. Good until June 1..... $1200

8-room house—East End, modern improvem'ts $2750

2 houses East 4th St. Rented for $54 per mo.. $4500

C. A. AND E. D. FIELD,
204 Exchange Bldg.

St. Paul & Duluth and Northern Pacific R'y Lands ranging in price from $2.50 to $10 per acre. Small cash payment.

A. W. KUEHNOW,
430 W. Superior St.

$1000 Buys 50 feet upper side Fourth and Lincoln Park.
$800 Buys 50 feet London road and Twenty-first avenue.
$1150 Takes 50 feet London road, near Seventeenth avenue.
$1200 Takes 50 feet on First street.

A. C. Volk & Co., 202 Palladio Bldg., Duluth.

The Finest Corner

in the East End for sale at $6,500. 100x140 feet. South-East Corner, 14th Avenue East and Superior Street.

R. B. KNOX & CO.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

$2600 for house and lot in center of city. Will net 12 per cent on investment.
$325 for nice lot in Helm's addition.
$900 for 8-room house with city water, in good repair, 150 feet from street car line. TWO LOTS, one on Third street and one on Fourth street, centrally located. Cheap.

T. G. VAUGHAN, 401 Lonsdale Bldg

1st of May we have a cheap rate over N. P. R. R. to any party looking for selected land on this line. Small or large tract—or land anywhere. Call on

S. B. BRIGHAM, the land man.
Open evenings. 12 Fifth Avenue W.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED — ROOMS TO CLEAN BY competent girl. Address No. 8 East Seventh street.

WANTED—BY LADY, PLACE AS housekeeper in or out of city. Address S 58, Herald.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN EXperienced in bar tending, position as assistant bar tender or bar porter. D 79, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WISHES POsition with good barber to finish trade; has some experience. S 69, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY EXPERIenced bookkeeper and office man. Sober and reliable. Address S 68, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING AT HOME, OR will go out. 206½ West Second street.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 313 Lyceum building. 'Phone 657. Prompt service.

LAUNDRY.

THE COON LAUNDRY — 426 EAST Fourth street. H. B. Coon, proprietor. Shirts, 10c; collars and cuffs, 2c. Best hand work guaranteed.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

What Do We Do?

First-class moving, storing and packing of household goods and pianos. Move in padded and covered vans. Employ competent and experienced workmen. Make a specialty of moving safes and machinery. Estimates free. Try us and see, for satisfaction we guarantee.

The People's Moving and Storage Co.,
HERMAN RUMPEL, Mgr.
Office—210 West Superior Street. Phone 601 } Zenith Duluth.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—FORMER PADDOCK MANufacturing company machine shop outfit with electric motor, etc., Inquire F. J. Lauermann, at Merchants' bank.

GOOD MILCH COW FOR SALE. 1008 London road.

FOR SALE—TWO BARBER CHAIRS cheap. 109 East Superior street.

PIANO FOR SALE, CHEAP; NEARLY new. Call at Bayha & Co.'s store.

$65 BUYS PIANO; perfect order. Monthly payments. 2 Banning block. Over Suffel's shoe store.

FOR SALE—WELL LOCATED CAMP on Park Point. Apply 201 West Fifth street.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, including some fine Jerseys, to arrive Tuesday, May 29, at Downie's stock yards, 2010 West First street. W. J. McCabe.

SALOON FOR SALE.

Old established, good trade. Near large manufacturing institutions. This is an opening seldom offered. Satisfactory reasons for selling.
MAX F. YALENSTINE.
New Duluth.

$195 BUYS PIANO, walnut case, bargain; worth $400. Monthly payments. Open evenings. 2 Banning block, over Suffel's shoe store.

SUCKING PIGS FOR SALE AT TOben's meat market, 121 East Superior street.

HORSEMEN! BREEDERS! SPECULATORS!

Watch for our second great consignment of hardy Western horses, consisting of brood mares, driving, delivery and draft horses. This will be the second shipment of the 3000 head that we have arranged for consignment to us from the famous ranchers of Washington and Montana.

They will be sold at auction to the highest bidders without reserve and regardless of value at our Midway Sale Stables, at 10 a. m., Wednesday, June 6.

This great bunch of horses are in prime condition, and will be worthy of the attention of horsemen, breeders and speculators throughout the country.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,
MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.
On Interurban line between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

$275 BUYS KNABE UPRIGHT PIano, fine tone and case. Monthly payments. Banning block, over Suffel's shoe store.

S. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED WITH a carload of fresh milch cows; some good Jerseys among them. 1122 East Fourth street.

FOR SALE—SMALL CLEAN STOCK OF groceries. Call at 638 Garfield avenue.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. F. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

Steam Carpet Cleaning Works.

Steam Carpet Cleaning and Rug Weaving. Carpets laid and refitted. Carpets renovated on floor when desired. Rugs made from old carpets. Duluth and Superior Steam Carpet and Rug Weaving Works, 1522 West Michigan street.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 230 West First street.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee depot. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

FRAMED SCENERY AND WAR PICtures on easy payments. J. Weinberg, manager New England Portrait company, 110 East Superior street.

DRESS MAKING.

MRS. J. NELSON HAS REMOVED from room 505 to room 506 Burrows' building, where she is again prepared after an illness of three weeks to meet her patrons and cut and finish ladies' fashionable dresses in the most up-to-date styles and finish.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED TO BUY—PINE LANDS IN St. Louis, Itasca and Lake counties. John Maginnis, 310 Palladio.

WANTED—FURNISHED OR UNFURnished cottage on Park Point, or will buy if desirable. Call or address 401 West Michigan street. Telephone 376 (old).

WILL PAY CASH FOR A HOUSE well located. Give street and number, with price. Address Cash Buyer, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND-HAND furniture, stoves and carpets. We pay good prices. Call at 14 W. Superior St.

WELL-LOCATED IRON CLAIMS ON Mesaba and Vermilion ranges. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant. 704 East Second.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

INTELLIGENT LADIES TO CANVASS for well-known, high-grade corset. Large profits; exclusive territory. Samples and information free. Address, with references, P. O. Box 14, Station A, New York.

WANTED -- GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 210 West Third street. No house cleaning.

WANTED — A GOOD MIDDLE-AGED woman for restaurant work. Record restaurant, next Duluth Boat club.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Inquire at 320 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork. One who lives at home preferred. C. E. Richardson, city hall.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, ALSO housemaid. Mrs. G. G. Hartley, 1305 East Superior street.

WANTED—GOOD SEAMSTRESS TO assist in plain sewing. Apply 1207 East Fourth street, at once.

WANTED—CAPABLE SECOND GIRL; high wages. 302 Sixteenth avenue east.

WANTED COMPETENT NURSE GIRL at 1615 East Superior street.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; good wages, 1712 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; would like a fair cook; good wages. Call at 1615 East Superior stret.

GIRL WANTED FOR COOKING AND general housework. Call mornings. Mrs. M. Kastriner, 40 East Main street corner Fifty-third avenue, West Duluth.

WANTED—GOOD DISHWASHER AT the Record restaurant, next to Duluth Boat Club house.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 314 East Second.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 131 West Third street.

WANTED—A GOOD MACHINE OPERator. 320 East Superior street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 315 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must understand cooking. Good wages. 1026 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of four. Must be competent. Apply at 121 West Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 121 West Second street.

COMPETENT SECOND GIRL—707 EAST First street.

WANTED—A GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Good wages. Apply at 2003 West Third street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework wanted. 2029 East Third street.

WANTED—A COOK AND NURSE girl at 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—A GOOD WOMAN COOK. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 312 West Third street.

STENOGRAPHERS

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blanks. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—A TEAMSTER. APPLY IMmediately to J. C. Carey, Fifty-first avenue east.

SALESMEN WANTED BY HIGH RATed firm for best jewelry scheme ever offered, highest commissions and best inducements to first class men only. Give references. Box 3, Detroit, Mich.

WANTED — EVERYWHERE HUSTlers to tack signs, distribute circulars, samples, etc.; no canvassing; good pay. Sun Advertising Bureau, Chicago.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work in two months, donate complete outfit of tools, pay board, furnish free ticket to our college and guarantee $15 weekly when competent without any expense. This offer is extended until June 15, and is made on account of demand for our graduates during the summer. Make application by mail. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—THREE GOOD PAINTERS. 721 West Superior street. H. Haskins.

WANTED — TWO ENERGETIC SOlicitors of good address. References required. Apply at room 305 Burrows building.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. J. S. Lane.

FOUR FIRST-CLASS COAT MAKERS; positively the highest prices paid in the state for best work. Miles.

Business Men

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 719.

WANTED—AGENTS.

LADIES — SELL LATEST PATENT skirt supporter and waist holder; can be carried in pocket, practical, useful, cheap. Sample fee. Cass Manufacturing depot, 4710 Wabash, Chicago.

$200 A MONTH AND EXPENSES CAN easily be made by industrious, honest men or women selling to dairymen, creameries, farmers and every owner of a cow the greatest mechanical wonder of the age, the Aerating Butter Separator, a machine for separating butter from cream or milk, sweet or sour, in less than five minutes. Write today for our proposition of sole agency. Aerating company, Cincinnati, Ohio.

OUR REPRESENTATIVES MAKE $15 to $40 per week selling our one minute ice cream freezer. Money refunded if not as represented. Write for terms. Baird Manufacturing company, Baird building, Pittsburg, Pa.

CLAIRVOYANT, MEDIUM AND SCIENTIFIC CLAIRVOYANT.

ALWAYS CONSULT THE MOST RELIable and modern seer of life's mysteries. Dr. Winfield Swingston, the man of mystery, has no equal. Without asking a question he tells your name in full, whom and when you will marry. Thousands of hearts have been made glad by his truthful predictions. Gives advice on business, law, suits, wills, deeds, mortgages. All business sacredly confidential. Room 37, St. James hotel, Duluth, Minn. Hours, 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

Furniture Moved and Stored....

We have experienced men, competent packers and best storage house in the city and are responsible for all breakages. Call or telephone us at 410 W. Superior street. Telephone No. 190.

DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

MODERN 9-ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALly located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FOR SUMMER MONTHS, 8-room furnished house. All modern conveniences. 929 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 303 Lonsdale.

HOUSES, STORES, FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

TWO FURNISHED FRONT ROOMS. 428 West Fourth street, upstairs.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN CONvenience, $5 per month. 308 West Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—A PLEASANT FRONT room with alcove suitable for two. 311 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—A NICELY FURNISHED room, with alcove and bath. 320 West Third street.

FURNISHED ROOM TO RENT. MODern improvements. Gentlemen only. 1 Bostwick flats.

FOR RENT—THREE FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms for light housekeeping. Modern. 931 East Fifth street.

ONE PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM for rent. 420 Sixth avenue west.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—FURNISHED OR unfurnished. 626 West Third street.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED OR unfurnished rooms. 125 West Second street.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FURNISHED FLAT OR HOUSE TO rent for summer. 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FLAT IN MUNGER TERrace. Newport & Son.

WANTED—TO RENT.

WANTED—AN UNFURNISHED ROOM by an elderly lady. Heated preferred. Address S 66, Herald.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

PRIVATE ROOM AND BOARD—"THE Midland," 212 West Second.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—PLEASANT ROOM AND board in private family for two ladies (one an invalid). Expect to pay well for satisfactory accommodations. Address A 1, Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved, Germicide guaranteed for dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

PERSONAL.

REWARD—WILL PAY FOR INFORMAtion by which I may locate Wallace H. Newhard and H. A. Lazier, who lived in Duluth some eighteen years ago. Address C. W. H., Herald.

WEALTHY AND PRETTY YOUNG lady, matrimonially inclined, wants gentleman correspondent of good character. Address "Jessie," Box 426 Anderson, Ind.

UNENCUMBERED WIDOW, WEALTHY, but quite lonely, seeks happiness and protection through appreciative husband, "Sincere," 740 North Park avenue, Chicago, Ill.

HAIR DRESSING, SHAMPOOING, scalp treatment, manicuring and massage. Mrs. Sherman, 404 New Jersey bldg.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, 11 NINEteenth avenue west. Private hospital.

MRS. BANKS, 328 ST. CROIX AVENUE Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE, GENTLEman's bicycle in good condition for medium size refrigerator. Write to S 67, care Herald, stating where refrigerator can be seen.

FINANCIAL.

SMALL AMOUNTS MONEY TO LOAN; private party; no publicity. D 94, Herald

$2000 TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT DEsired, 7 per cent, no commission. Chas Smith, 2 Hunter block.

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNIture, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Superior street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE - MOVING AND RAISING; smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 4, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 28, 1900. Work Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 30, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 27, 100. Work Royal Arch degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 5, 1900. Work. Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 810 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights adways welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, May 29, at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 160, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 29, 8 p. m. Work, Third degree, and election of officers, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS, Court Eastern Star No. 86. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. F. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

MEDICAL.

VIRTUAMA French treatment, both sexes, guaranteed to cure IMPOTENCY, gives vitality and vigor to all ages, restoring the desires, ambitions aspirations of youth and health, $2 or 5 for $5. Refuse cheap substitutes. Sent on receipt of price and guaranteed by THE KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. F. Boyce and Max Wirth, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior, Two Harbors Drug Co.; Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburne; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

GENTLEMEN DO YOU SUFFER FROM lost vitality, drains, etc. Don't be fooled by drugs, electric belts and appliances. For 50 cents (coin or stamps) I send instructions of cure by use of water. A. R. Jones, P. O. Box 1017 Pittsburg, Pa.

SETTLERS' EXCURSIONS.

On May 19, 21, 25, 26 and 29, I will run cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming land free. Western Canada is the greatest farming country in the world. Go there and become rich. For particulars apply to J. H. M. PARKER, Canadian Government Agent, 316 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	3:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..Lv	1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar.... Virginia Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta Lv	12:33 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar.... Biwabik Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar.... Mt. Iron Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar.... Hibbing Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Pasenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

3:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth .....Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive
†1 10 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 00 pm
*11 15 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*7 00 am
*Daily.	†Daily except Sunday.	
*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points.	*6 43 pm
†

SIXTEEN PAGES—SECTION TWO—PAGES 9 to 16

DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

SATURDAY, MAY 26, 1900.

MINNESOTA HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Slaughter of The Song Birds to Cease.

Congressman Amos J. Cummings Writes of the Steps to Be Taken When the Bill Just Passed by Congress Becomes a Law.

Washington, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The English sparrow is doomed. That tyrant of the air has too long waged merciless war on the useful and beautiful members of the feathered tribe. Congress is taking steps to restore to America the song birds that formerly made joyous music as they trilled their happy way through the air. The importation of the mongoose, the so-called "flying forces" or fruit hats, the English sparrow, the starling or such other birds or animals as the secretary of agriculture may declare injurious to the interests of agriculture or horticulture is to be prohibited. The measure passes congress none too soon.

Thirteen years ago this spring the capitol grounds and the parks of this city were filled with robins, bobolinks and other song birds. The sward below the piazza of the house wing of the capitol was dotted with songsters, the robins running in every direction for worms and insects, and the trees alive with music. Today it is a rarity to see a robin in the city of Washington. I heard two chirping on Capitol square early in the spring. Two weeks ago I saw a robin on the square pecked to death by English sparrows. When I reached him he was lying with drooping head and outstretched wings upon the grass in the park. From 200 to 300 of these English sparrows surrounded him, tormenting and attacking him. I took the bird into the house and gave him a drop of the best brandy. It revived him and he flew to the back of a chair. A moment afterwards, however, I am sorry to say, his head began gradually to droop and he finally dropped from his perch to the carpet. Five minutes afterwards he gasped for breadth and died. On examination I found one eye bloodshot and discovered that the bird was terribly lacerated under the wings. The bills of the sparrows had pierced him to the vitals.

Last summer I spent in the Susquehanna valley. Twelve years before this I had summered in the same spot. The little yellow cherry bird was there then in profusion. The ground chippy darted under fences and had its nest in the tall grass. The yellow hammer was there undulating from tree to tree. The tapping of the woodpecker was heard in the basswood and other trees, and the twitter of the phoebe bird and the plaintiff note of the pewit. The killdee and the plover flew over hills and the kingfisher and the little tip-up were seen upon the shores of the river. Bobwhite made himself heard in the meadows, and dainty woodcock flew out of the dells toward nightfall. All the varieties of birds familiar to us in boyhood days were there, including the catbird, the brown thrasher and the kingbird. In that same region today there is not one of those song birds where twelve years ago there were fifty.

The wild pigeon is a bird of the past. I have not seen one on the wing for six years. As the correspondent of a great American newspaper I visited Forrest county, Pa., twenty years ago to describe the last pigeon roost this side of the Mississippi. The birds were nestling in the forests, covering the trees for twenty square miles. Hundreds of Indians from the New York state reservations were there killing the birds and gathering the squabs. Sportsmen were netting them by the thousand, and pot hunters were sending great loads of them to market. When a boy in Wayne county, Pa., I have seen flocks of these pigeons stretching across the sky from daylight to nightfall headed for the West. I doubt whether today you could find one in the whole of Wayne county. All have disappeared. The last roost in the United States was destroyed in the Indian territory about twelve years ago. A wild pigeon is now more scarce, North, South, East and West, than a wild turkey. The prairie chickens have nearly disappeared, and the American wood duck is being rapidly exterminated.

The most of the states have laws for the protection of their birds, but desire congressional legislation to make their laws effective. Last October I was in Florida. Twenty-five years ago I summered and wintered there. I spent years on the East coast. The sky was filled with immense flocks of wood ibis, gannets, curlews of all colors, oyster birds, chuck-will's-widows, sheerwaters and sandpipers. The man-of-war hawk sailed in the upper sky, and long lines of pelicans trailed over the beach. There were immense flocks of egrets and snowy herons, besides the great blue and Louisana herons and the roseate spoonbill curlew, now the rarest and most beautiful bird in America. The scream of the parakeet was heard at every turn, and goldfinches, mocking birds, limpkins, nonpareils and myriads of songsters were seen everywhere. Today the parakeet has almost entirely disappeared, the roseate spoonbill is rarely seen, and even the common seagull is a prey to the gunner. The state is doing its best now to protect them. A man who would kill a roseate spoonbill curlew today is liable to a fine of $250.

This slaughter has been made to gratify the vanity of the female sex. Hats and bonnets have been decorated with their snowy plumes, and the slaughter still continues and will continue until some federal law, mortised in with the state laws, prevents it. Our agricultural newspapers are filled with articles showing that this wanton destruction of the birds is working a great injury to the agricultural community. It has become a matter of serious concern to the farmer. The curculio and other destructive insects have their sweet will in his orchard, and all insects detrimental to plant life are increasing in number because of this cruel, wanton and vicious destruction of bird life. It should be stopped promptly and forever.

I have recently seen an advertisement in a Philadelphia newspaper advertising proposals for the skins of 30,000 birds. Contracts have been made with men in the little state of Delaware to procure these skins. If these contracts are carried out I venture to say that Delaware peaches will be scarcer than ever during the coming season. Years ago Delaware peaches were in every American market at low prices. Year by year they have become more scarce until last summer it was almost impossible in the New York market to buy a single basket of the fruit. One cause for the dearth was the destruction of the insect-feeding birds of that state.

I pay taxes on about seven acres of land. It was formerly covered with birds of various species. Nothing that can fly has been seen on it for the last two years, except English sparrows. They are as thick as flies in a butcher shop and far more destructive and annoying. They have killed or driven away every American bird.

Now the time has come for the American birds to be protected from this alien assassin of the air. We propose to place it in the power of the departmentof agriculture to bring about this restoration of their former days of freedom to the beautiful song birds of America. AMOS J. CUMMINGS.

OUR FEATHERED SONGSTERS THE OBJECT OF HIS SOLICITUDE.

Congressman Amos J. Cummings, who was a newspaper man before his entrance into politics, is anxious that the reckless slaughter of songbirds shall cease. He has talked and worked for this object, and he writes of the steps to be taken when the bill just passed by congress becomes a law.

Alaska's Future In the Hands of Finns and Laps

Senator Nelson, In An Article Written Especially for the Herald, Shows How the Great Northwestern Region Can Be Rescued From Its Desert State.

Reindeer the Greatest Blessing the Alaskans Have.

Emigration From the Far North Should Be Encouraged.

Washington, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—We have in Alaska a vast stretch of territory but little explored, sparsely settled, possessing peculiar advantages, unique difficulties and, apart from its golden loadstone attractive to few because of the nature of the country. What shall we do with it? How shall we make of this great primitive state a cultivated, smiling land? The answer comes from a far-off race, a people who have been ever patient toilers in an unproductive land, oppressed and poor, with no great national traditions, but eminently fitted for the work of transforming Alaska into a settled and cultivated state. I allude to the people of Lapland and Finland, the curious races of the region of reindeer, bitter winters, icebergs and snow. They are a class of emigrants that should be encouraged to come to Alaska, for they can occupy a country that no other race in the world can make anything of and an influx of this people into the Northwestern state would be one of the greatest blessings that could befall that country.

Unfortunately there has arisen in Alaska, among the miners, an antipathy to these men and it is with the object of showing how necessary it is for Americans to put a stop to their persecution and to encourage rather than attack the Laps and Finns that this is written.

Now let me begin by explaining who these Finns and Laplanders are and how they came to settle in their present limited numbers in Alaska. On a part of the map that is little studied by the people of this country, north of Norway and Sweden and the extreme northern part of Russia, north of the province of Finland and within the limits of the Arctic circle, is a region whose chief feature is its intense and unrelieved dreariness. No vegetation of any kind can be coaxed to the surface there, except moss and a few stunted birch. Were it not for the Laplanders and Finns who have settled there and who manage in some mysterious way to entice from the cheerless earth the means of eking out a precarious existence, the country would be utterly unpopulated and unsettled and of no use to any one. That whole country has for years been in the sole possession of the Laplanders. Their chief property consists of herds of reindeer. The reindeer are the very life of the Laplanders. They furnish them with milk, butter, cheese, skins for clothing, skins to cover their tents and meat to eat. A Laplander's wealth is measured by the number of reindeer that he owns.

For hundreds of years these Laplanders have lived this way, contented, even happy in their icy and dreary home. They might have remained there forever, comparatively unknown to the Americans, but for the fact that the bright idea was conceived by an American senator of introducing reindeer into Alaska. In order to get the raindeer there and make a success of their introduction it was necessary to bring over the Laplanders, too, for they are the only people who know how to care for the animals, how to break them in, drive them and hitch them, for the reindeer of Lapland are not only used as meat and drink and clothing, but as beasts of burden. So with the reindeer came the reindeer's master and these were rushed across the country to the far Northwest and at once became the most useful settlers there. The Laplanders had never emigrated. They are not a migratory people, but, when they found a country that suited their simple tastes so well as Alaska did, they became citizens and by the introduction of reindeer into Alaska gave to the miners and to everybody else in that territory the greatest blessing that had ever come into their hard lives. The reindeer, it was soon found, furnished the best transportation facilities in the winter, provided skins for clothing, overcoats and gloves and an abundance of good meat. Let me explain here that we cannot introduce our cattle into Alaska and make a success of it. In some few points on the southern shore on the sea coast, a few sheep and cattle can be raised, but in the interior no food animals but reindeer thrive. Is it not astonishing that the people who have brought this blessing to Alaska should be attacked? People who have come under the conditions which the Laplanders and Finns come with the reindeer should be treated as our own flesh and blood and given a doubly warm welcome as being newcomers who can take up a burden in a backward country that no others are fitted constitutionally for.

Then the Finns. They are worthy to be sharers in the welcome that ought to be accorded the Laps. Who are the Finns? The province of Finland is situated north of the city of St. Petersburg. There are about 2,500,000 people. It was a country that was originally settled and colonized by the Swedes over 400 years ago, when the Finns were barbarians. It remained under the control of Sweden as a province—a colony of Sweden—for nearly 400 years, until the beginning of the nineteenth century—I think 1807 or 1808—when Russia acquired the country. They became civilized. The Swedes Christianized them. They all became Lutherans. They became an intelligent and educated people. There was a great admixture with Swedes and that educated them. Many of them, or most of them, read and wrote the Swedish language. Their great poets and great authors all wrote in the Swedish language.

They had a government of their own, and when finally Sweden was compelled to relinquish the province of Finland to Russia at the beginning of this century, they were permitted until within the last year to retain their own government, and the czar of Russia simply call himself the grand duke of the duchy of Finland. But lately, within the last year or two, the Russian czar, for reasons of his own, and his council have seen fit to deprive them of their rights. They had an autonomous government. They had their own army, their own legislature, their own mint, and their own government almost as independent of Russia as one of our states is of the other states of the Union. All that has to a large extent been taken away from them within the last year or two. Many men of the Finns have come to America. They are a tall, straight race, about the same stature and size and build as the ordinary Norwegian and Swede. They are, in their original state, light haired, blue eyed, fair complexioned, with broad faces, stubby noses and high cheek bones. They are energetic, bright, able people. In the days of Sweden's greatness, when Gustavus Adolphus was at the head of the Protestant army in Germany and fought for the cause of Protestantism, some of the best regiments he had in the Swedish army were composed of Finns and at the battle of Lutzen, when Gustavus Adolphus was killed and the Swedish line of battle was almost wavering, it was a regiment of Finnish cavalry that restored the order of battle and gave the victory to the Swedes.

It is the descendants of these people who have come here. They are to be found in the copper and iron mines in the northern part of Michigan. They go there and work a half a dozen years or so in the mines, accumulate a little money and they go out in the northern part of Wisconsin, Montana, Idaho and those states, and buy farms and become farmers. They do not come to this country to make a little money and then go back to the old country.

They will cover the hills and the valleys of Alaska with reindeer as they are in Lapland, in the northern part of Norway and in Sweden. The animals live upon a kind of moss in summer and winter and they find this moss in Alaska as they find there the same climate as in Lapland. Both the reindeer and their traditional masters are destined to rescue Alaska from the desert state in which it has reposed for so long, and make it a bustling, prosperous, worthy part of our Union. Let us see that they are encouraged to come over. KNUTE NELSON.

HE URGES US TO ENCOURAGE EMIGRATION OF FINNS AND LAPS.

Senator Knute Nelson of Minnesota, himself a Norwegian by birth, is convinced that Norwegians, Finns, Laplanders and Swedes are the proper emigrants to transform bleak Alaska into a prosperous and flourishing country.

ROB ROY HARDEN

Death of an Old Negro, Who Knew More About John Howard Payne's Love Affair Than Any One Living.

Washington, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—"Rob Roy Harden, the old negro who died at Athens, Ga., last week," said a gentleman from that state, "was the last being left to tell from personal knowledge of the author of 'Home, Sweet Home,' and his Southern sweetheart, for I have every reason to believe that old Rob Roy knew more about John Howard Payne's only love affair than anyone now living. I knew the old darkey well, and have often talked to him about Mr. Payne and his visit to the South and to Athens. It will be remembered that back in the '30s the famous author, who had returned from a stay of more than twenty years in foreign countries, became deeply interested in the movement on the part of the general government to remove the Creek and Cherokee Indians from their home in Georgia, and with a large number of thinking people, Mr. Payne did not believe that the proposed removal was consistent with right and justice. Acting under this conviction, he determined to visit the Cherokee nation and ascertain for himself just what the Indians thought of the matter. Among the gentlemen to whom he carried letters of introduction was Gen. Edward Harden, who entertained Gen. Lafayette in Savannah in 1824. At the time of Mr. Payne's visit to the South Gen. Harden had removed to Athens, Ga., and was known and recognized as one of the foremost citizens of the state both socially and politically. When Mr. Payne reached Athens he was cordially received by Gen. Harden, and promised that whatever could be done in aiding him in making the investigation would be done. Mr. Payne stopped at the only tavern in Athens at that time, and the evening he called to present his letter of introduction he met for the first time the beautiful daughter of Gen. Harden, and it was clearly a case of love at first sight, as the devoted attentions of Mr. Payne afterwards proved. Mr. Payne controlled his feelings and devoted himself to the work he had entered Georgia to accomplish. Through Gen. Harden he obtained an invitation from the chief of the Cherokees, John Ross, to visit the Indians, which he eagerly accepted, but he had scarcely put his foot among the Indians before an officious Indian agent named Curry had him arrested as a suspicious character and meddling with matters which did not concern him —endeavoring to stir up strife between the Indians and the whites. As quickly as possible Mr. Payne acquainted Gen. Harden with the facts of his arrest, and that gentleman immediately hastened to the capital at Milledgevilee and secured from the governor the necessary papers for the release of Mr. Payne. It is at this stage of the story that the negro Rob Roy, the house boy and valet to Gen. Harden, furnished some interesting facts, and he told me in his own words: 'The general and the rest of the family did not like the way Mr. Payne was being treated, and I tell you that Mars Edward sure did take a plenty of time in shinin' up and cleaning his pair of pistols before we started up to the Indian country after Mr. Payne. Of course I went with Mars Edward, and if there had been any nonsense about releasing Mr. Payne there would have been trouble, for while my marster was a quiet man, he was a hornet when stirred up. Wasn't no steam cars in them days, and Mars Edward and I went on horseback, carryin' with us a good hoss for Mr. Payne to ride back to Athens on. I sure did feel powerful sorry for Mr. Payne when I seed him 'mong them Indians and watched closer than if they expected that he was smoke house robber and chicken thief. It didn't take Mars Edward long to 'nounce his mission 'mong the Indians, and it wasn't more than three hours after we reached the nation before we had Mr. Payne and on our way back to this town. Mars Edward sure did talk sassy to that white man Curry, who hung his head and looked like a sheep-killing dog. Mr. Payne told Mars Edward not to be rash; that the fellow was ignorant. It was a long trip back here, over the mountains and rough roads, and I did feel so sorry for Mr. Payne because he was so pale and sick-like, and looked like he didn't have a friend on earth. I remember as we rode along Mr. Payne was humming that sweet old song, "Home, Sweet Home," and that was the first time I ever heard it, but I heard it many times after that, for Miss Mary used to sing it often before she got old, before Mars Edward and old Missus died, and before Miss Mary got so curious like and lived all by herself in that big old Harden house round there on Hancock avenue. I knows she thought a powerful lot of Mr. Payne, and he was a mighty nice man. He never did seem to see Miss Mary without giving me a dollar, and always said thank you for every little thing I did for him. I was mighty sorry when he left Athens, and I expect Miss Mary was too. Mr. Payne is dead and gone; Miss Mary, God bless her, just lived there in that old house and grieved herself to death, and poor old Rob ain't got long to stay here.'

"That," said the gentleman, "was the last talk I ever had with old Rob Roy Harden, and it was but a recetition of what he had told me dozens of times before. The old negro was a prime favorite with the students at the state university and was held in high esteem by the entire people of the city. Up to the time of the death of Miss Mary Harden, which occurred about six years ago, old Rob fared well, for his young mistress saw that he was provided with the comforts and necessities of life, but after her death the old man had a pretty hard road, being unable to perform manual labor. Rob Roy was a familiar figure in the residence portion of the city as he went around carrying a large basket into which many good things to eat were placed by people who knew him. A few years ago the county commissioners gave him a monthly cash pension sufficient to keep him from want, and during the last years of his life the faithful old man had no occasion to be dependent upon those who knew his history.

"And thus has passed away perhaps the last soul who was one of the principal actors in the love affair of the author of the song which is dearer than any other to the hearts of Americans. I do not state it as an absolute truth, but it is believed at my home that Miss Mary Harden had the original manuscript of 'Home, Sweet Home,' and that it was placed in her coffin with her. There are those who claim that Miss Harden gave it to her niece, Miss Effie Jackson, who is now living at Athens. I do not know that Miss Jackson has been questioned about the matter, and that she has declined to either deny or affirm the statement." J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Ella Knowles Haskell.

Montana Woman Who Is a Lawyer, Politician, Speculator and Miner and a Leading Public Figure In the State.

The name of Ella Knowles Haskell throughout the extreme West is one that is familiar in all business circles. She is a lawyer, miner and politician, and during her twelve years' residence there she has been connected with business and political matters of such a nature that she now bears a national reputation and is a leader in her chosen field of duty.

Mrs. Haskell's maiden name was Ella Knowles, and she was the only child of her parents in New Hampshire, where she spent her youth. She graduated from Northwood seminary at the age of 15 years, after which she taught school to secure funds with which to continue her education. In 1884 she graduated with honors from Bates college, at Lewiston, Me. Later she took the full Yale course. Her yearning for a higher education caused her to overlook the necessity of caring for her physical health, and hard study and close application undermined her strength to such a degree that her physician advised her to go West.

She departed for Helena, Mont., in 1867. After a short rest she accepted a position as teacher in the public schools of that city. In this capacity she remained only a short time, having, at the advice of her friends, resigned to resume the study of law.

The statutes of Montana at that time prohibited the practice of law by females. Ella Knowles was determined in her resolutions, and set about the great task of having this statute repealed. With personal interviews with members of the legislature, and a determination to win, she was successful, and in 1889 she was admitted to the bar. In 1891 she was the first woman to be chosen for nominee of the Populist party for attorney general.

She canvassed the state thoroughly, making over 100 speeches, and so close was the result between herself and Henri J. Haskell, her Republican opponent, that the official ballot was resorted to to decide who was winner. She lost by a very few votes, but her most creditable campaign showed that she was extremely popular with the people.

To the great surprise of her friends, a year after the election she married Henri J. Haskell, her Republican opponent in the election. She was then appointed assistant attorney general, and was the first person of her sex to hold this position. An important event during her services in the capacity of assistant attorney general was the saving of school lands in Montana, valued at $200,000, her arguments in this connection having great weight before the general land office officials at Washington. As a lawyer, she received the highest fee ever paid to a woman. This fee amounted to $10,000, and in this case she defeated the copper king, J. B. Haggin.

Mrs. Haskell is heartily in sympathy with the woman's rights question, and is a leader in all matters of this kind. She was the first lady delegate to the state and national conventions, and is also chairman of the woman's state central committee. She is truly an example of "What women can do in politics."

Recently, however, she has been forced to withdraw somewhat from public life on account of mining interests with which she is connected and which occupy her time. She has just completed a sale of a Jefferson county mine for Minnesota parites for $100,000, and has another deal on which involves $250,000. She is an active member of the American Institute of Mining Engineers, and her knowledge in this connection places her in a very valuable position among promoters. She considers it an enjoyable recreation to don a heavy rubber coat and boots and to be lowered in a bucket down into a mine to inspect it. When the writer suggested, recently, that the field of her activities was a somewhat unusual one for a woman, Mrs. Haskell said: "That I am interested in mining in various ways is not strange, when you consider that I reside in one of the greatest mining states in the Union, or even in the world."

"As to suffrage and the woman question, I am of the opinion that women should have the rights of electors, as they are required to pay taxes. We cannot evade the tax collector or the revenue act, and if we support the government in time of war and peace with our money, we should have a voice in the matter of expending our own contributions to the public funds. I believe in justice in all things, and if it was unjust for our fathers to be taxed without representation by Great Britain, it is unjust to tax the women of today without representation. I cannot see it in any other light." "You ask me if I believe my sex will soon be represented in congress? There are plenty of educated, talented women who would do credit to their states in congress or anywhere else, and it may be that some of the suffrage states will send a woman there in the near future. If any of them do, I shall expect that woman to be possessed of unusual brain power and integrity of purpose. She will be a credit to her political party, for it is hard to break away from the custom that has prevailed for centuries of electing only men to legislative bodies, and when a woman is chosen she will necessarily have to possess more ability than her male competitor. At least that will be the case at first. There is quite a strong suffrage sentiment in Montana, but such an innovation would probably be looked upon with favor in some sections and with disfavor in others, depending entirely upon the standard of intelligence of the particular community."

"The Northwest opens a great field for the determined, courageous and ambitious of both sexes. I believe, generally speaking, it presents a better field for the young people than the East. Our agricultural resources are practically undeveloped, our mining interests in their infancy, and there is much room for enterprise and profitable investment. Montana needs only energy and capital to make it one of the richest states in the Union."

SHE'S AN EXPERT MINING SPECUL ATOR, LAWYER AND POLITICIAN.

This portrait is from a recent photographer of Mrs. Ella Knowles Haskell, a New England woman who went to Montana in search of health, and who has found there a field for her very unusual talent in business. She received the largest fee ever paid to a woman lawyer, and has broken other records in law and politics.

FASHION

PICTURESQUE MODES COMING.

Quaint Effects in Kerchiefs—The Appearance of the Low Cut Neck—Hand Painted Scarfs and Blouses.

The Black Taffeta Jacket and White Pique Skirt.

Dimly, through the mists of change, in the confusion of varying styles, and in the wide range for the exercise of individual taste which summer always brings, the dawn of the picturesque is described.

Evidently we are soon to revel in the delights of looking quaint and old-timey. Already the flowing elbow sleeve with its fascinating supplement of dainty lace and muslin has taken firm hold on the feminine fancy. We are now examining the daugerreotypes of mothers and aunts for suggestions as to how to get the true effects which always bring with them the idea of elbows held closely to the sides, and hands demurely folded in front. Oh, that funny old-world air of unimpeachable propriety.

Surely the new woman with her assertive independence will take on a softer and more deprecating air as she arays herself in the toggery of forty years ago. Something of the timid shrinking gentleness of the old-time maiden should creep into the strident voice and assured manner of the modern debutante in deference to the old-fashioned styles she is beginning to adopt.

With these flowing sleeves and underblouses which are introduced on all occasions, the folded kerchief and the befrilled and embroidered fichu come as a natural consequence—and how dear they are?

Was there ever anything more graceful, womanly and charming than the kerchief and fichu? Disguised as they are by elaborate embroideries, paintings and bubbling frills, they are proving themselves again indispensible to feminine charm. Women have always too, been well aware of their softening influence to banish them for long from their wardrobe, but they are growing more and more popular this season as the flowing sleeve holds sway.

Indeed the air seems to be pervaded with the fragrance of romance and the spice of coquettery, and many of the long neglected darlings of feminine taste have come to light again and are in their old place of high favor. Among these are the diaphanous and dreamy scarfs of the empire period, made of such impalpable stuff as to look only like the vaporous mountain mists that seem to be always vanishing. The subtle power of the "airy nothings" have to enhance beauty and envelope femininity in an air of mystery and charm is not to be explained or understood, but certain it is that they can be artfully used to tangle, bewitch and ensnare to a bewildering extent.

But though the charm of these filmly affairs defies analysis, it is quite easy for the practiced eye to discover what "stuffs these dreams are made of;" and be it known to all women who covet these possessions that the softest chiffon, mousseline de soie, and gauzy liberty silks are the fabrics mainly chosen for the making of them. Of course, this groundwork is literally riddled with open work applications of spider-web lace and elaborately encrusted with embroideries. The mixture of lace applications with the delicate hand-painting and encrusted flower petals is exquisitely dainty and artistic. Naturally the expense of these precious daintyisms is something to make one draw a quick breath of alarm. The woman, however, who is clever with hen needle, and has a slight familiarity with the brush and color box, can devise a most fascinating scarf at small cost by utilizing scraps of patterned lace for appliques and in an ingenious combination with painted floral designs of delicate coloring.

Mosseline de soie scarfs are more easily decorated in this way than those of chiffon and liberty, as it has a smoother and firmer surface upon which to ply the brush and needle, but chiffon and liberty silk made praiseworthy amends for the trouble they give in their perfection of airy grace when finished and put on to adorn the wearer.

Then, too, a touch of the picturesque appears in the pretty bonnet strings that have been dear to woman's heart since the poet said:

"Tying her bonnet under her chin,
She tied a young man's heart within."

Whether the young man's heart forms an invisible part of this coquettish fashion or not, it is hard to say, but to most faces the bow beneath the chin adds a captivating piquancy and attraction. Streamers on hats also are making their appearance both in gauze and in velvet ribbons.

Rumors even of open-necked street dresses are rife, and some of the latest imported frocks from Paris show collarless necks with a tiny V, only open enough to relieve the throat from the stiffness of a high collar, and to reveal the pretty curve of the neck and chin—which, when it is pretty, is one of the most fascinating points of beauty a woman can possess; but this, alas, is not possessed by many women, and the tall collar has been so industriously cultivated and brought to its present perfection of height that it will take some time to make it come down and give way to the low cut neck. So far the open-necked gowns are worn only in the house and for informal afternoon occasions in the country. For shopping, or any occasion in the city they are out of place, but they are daily gaining ground and it would not be surprising to see them worn in town before the close of summer.

The low cut neck seems to be an inevitable concomitant of the other picture effects in dress, which are making us forget the smart, spruce style which the dignified collar stands for, and we will perhaps say au revoir to it later in the season.

An interesting compromise between these conflicting styles has been brought out by one of our most progressive and reliable establishments, and is calculated to pave the way for the low neck dress with insidious art. It is a gown of ecru linen batiste, so cleverly arranged that the high collar and the open neck may both be effected on the same gown. The sleeves show the bell at the elbow, and the dainty undersleeve on the lower arm. The neck is cut round and bordered by a band of batiste embroidery insertion, which turns squarely at the base of the collar and forms a double band of trimming down the front of the blouse, being hooked invisibly in the front. An adjustable high collar of tucked batiste, having a narrow band of black satin ribbon at the top, stands snugly about the chin and ears. It is neatly met and covered at the base by the little band of insertion around the neck of the blouse, and it looks extremely smart and chic.

A pretty kerchief, with embroidered corners, accompanied this gown. The collar may be put aside, the top hook at the neck of the blouse unfastened—which allows the two corners to turn back and form a little V at the throat—and the dainty kerchief, with its becoming folds, may be adjusted about the neck; transforming the whole character of the frock in a twinkling from the regulation street costume to a picturesque afternoon gown, or demi-toilette.

The woman who can wield her brush and colors has an immense advantage today over her unaccomplished sister who pays very dearly for those who are not afflicted with ill-fed and hungry pocketbooks.

Even a slight knowledge of painting is sufficient to give pleasing effects, as many of the painted gauzes show scarcely more than a stencilled design. These can be easily done by the merest amateur who is careful to trace a graceful design and put on her colors lightly and daintily. If the painting does not prove very excellent, a multitude of sins may be covered by applying a small gilt or black silk cord around the painted flower pattern as an outline.

Blouse waists of painted taffeta are the very newest things, and if the painting does not bear the most critical inspection, a thin veiling of gauze, either in the prevailing shade of the painted flowers, or in the shade of the taffeta ground gives a misty effect and shields one's handiwork from the world's cold stern.

But to change the subject from these light and dressy matters, I must say a few words about the tucked black taffeta bolero, which, though not the latest thing introduced, seems to be holding its own in the face of all frowning prophecies to the contrary. They will remain the popular street wrap for city wear, and are to be worn particularly with white duck and pique skirts, or other cotton skirts, in black and white plaids and stripes. The taffeta jacket is always cut out at the neck, and without a collar.

Taffeta, though keeping its old name, is changing in character, and is not the highly dressed, glace silk we first knew. It may be had in a much softer quality now, and no longer has that distressing way of cracking and breaking into holes after a few days wear. Its ability to shed dust and its light quality proves it an invaluable material for summer wraps, and nothing is more convenient ... the little taffeta jacket for the cool changes of summer.

Women will cling lovingly to it for many a long day. And no smarter costume can be seen this summer than the black taffeta jacket worn with white skirt and waist and a black stitched taffeta sailor hat.

HEN'S COLOR FANCY.

Hundreds of Elkhart shoppers have been amused and considerably interested every afternoon this week in an exhibition which revealed a decided distinction in regard to color by a fussy hen, which, with her brood, has been displayed in a druggist's window as an Easter egg dye advertisement, says an Elkhart, Ind., correspondent of the Indianapolis Journal.

The druggist dyed the twenty chicks, some red, some brown, blue, violet, green and yellow. The hen, a big Plymouth Rock, evinces a remarkably violent dislike for the little fellows who wear the red and brown and fights them from her. She regards the others with varying degrees of favor, and is particularly fond of the violet-hued offspring, though it would be natural to suppose that the yellow ones, being nearer the natural color, would meet with the most pronounced favor. As night comes on and the difference in color becomes less noticeable, the hen's antipathy gradually lessens, and by the time the electric lights are turned on she has all of the twenty snuggled under her wings. Daylight, however, brings on a renewal of the manifestations.

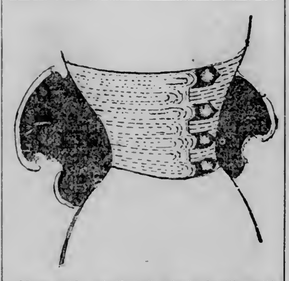
Independent folks find comfort in an Independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

STYLISH SEPARATE CORSAGE.

Fig. 1—Blouse corsage of gray taffeta with applications of cream guipure. The neck is cut out over a yoke of pale blue mousseline. Fig. 2—Printed waists of pink liberty satin with vest and lower sleeves of pink liberty silk. A bolero of cream guipure is made up as a portion of the waist itself. Fig. 3—Blouse of cream satin with hand-painted flowers. The yoke is cream mousseline. The edges of blouse and the sleeves are bordered by rows of narrow black velvet ribbon.

A NEW SLEEVE MODEL.

This new sleeve shows the tendency to elaboration so prominent in all late models. The puff at the elbow is in a contrasting color of silk.



New wide girdle of stitched silk with tabs of velvet and cut steel buttons.

THE MIDSUMMER GIRL.

The very stylish midsummer maiden will appear in gowns with gathered skirts, low-cut necks and flowing sleeves with muslin undersleeves. The fichu and the wide lace or canvas collar will form an important part of her summer outfit and her hats will be of the large flat variety, with floating velvet strings. This gown is a shade colored crepe de chine with strappings of taffeta of the same shade. The low-cut neck is fitted on with a fichu of cream mousseline de soie.

TWO SMART WAISTCOAT FRONTS.

These are two charming specimens of the fronts now used with the collarless Eton coats. The front is a dainty combination of silk muslin and guipure, the other is spotted panne velvet, with border of lighter shade.

WARNER'S RUST-PROOF CORSETS

EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED.

SUPERIOR to all other Corsets in lightness, flexibility, fabrics, wearing qualities, fit and detail of finish. Boned with pliable rust-proof metal boning.

Every length of waist, breadth of Lip and bust measure perfectly fitted in all the *new shapes*, at prices from $1.00 to $3.00 per pair.

ALL MERCHANTS SELL THEM

"A Perfect Food"
"Preserves Health"
"Prolongs Life"

BAKER'S BREAKFAST COCOA

"Known the world over. . . . Received the highest indorsements from the medical practitioner, the nurse, and the intelligent housekeeper and caterer."—*Dietetic and Hygienic Gazette.*

Trade-Mark on Every Package

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.
DORCHESTER, MASS.
Established 1780.

BLUE CREPE AND BLACK LACE.

The bodice of this dainty costume is made of accordeon plaited cream liberty silk, while the tucked bolero and the upper portion of the sleeves are of the blue crepe. The skirt has narrow box plaits commencing at the hips and released just below the knees. Black French lace is used for the collar, the lower portion of the sleeves and as applications on the bolero and the skirt.

CORSET FOR SLIGHT FIGURES.

This Paris model is an extreme novelty. It has not only the stylish straight front, but curved and well boned hip extensions. It is for slight figures only.

HOME LIFE.

One who had been a listener while a bright girl announced most ambitious aspirations for her own life, answered gently: "You may be right, dear child, but do not forget that 'the singing birds build low.'"

After all one thinking and talking of progress of man or woman, it is true that nothing ever comes to us that is as sweet as the life of home, says an exchange. Let woman seek greatest culture, the broadest freedom, the highest services. All goes well while they keep the home love warm. When that love wavers it is time to pause. We are building our nests in the wrong place. Singing birds are to make melody, first for our nearest and dearest, and when our best is too good for the home, we are placing our nests too high.

The State of Trade.

Conditions Are Quite Satisfactory, Though Prices Are Lower Than Last Week and Production Is Reduced.

THE STRENGTH IN COTTON.

New York, May 26.—Bradstreet's today says:

Trade is, if anything, quite satisfactory and prices are lower than a week ago, while efforts towards a readjustment of productive capacity to present conditions are noted in several lines of industry, notably iron and steel and lumber. Unsettled conditions in the cotton trade and a large failure, due mainly to overstaying the bull side of this staple, has tended to weaken quotations in several lines of speculative business. Rather better crop reports and the backward demand for cotton goods are, of course, partly responsible for the sharp break, but statistically the staple remains very strong. Crop reports are, as a whole, good except for wheat. As regards the latter, it may be said that in the Northwest some much needed rains have fallen, but the claim is made that more moisture is needed. Winter wheat prospects in the Southwest remain good, but foreign inquiry has been on a reduced scale. Practically the entire corn crop has been planted under favorable conditions, and reports from the oats crop are likewise good, but a slight shading of quotations, due to backward export business, is to be reported for these cereals. Hog products are also lower, and the same is true of cheese, petroleum, hides and leather, copper and a number of iron and steel products. Perhaps the most favorable report for the week as to distributive trade comes from the grocery business, in which the sharp advance in refined sugar, due, it is claimed, to the enhanced price of the raw material and not to any settlement of the trade war, has stimulated demand in other lines, notably coffee, which is also higher for the week. Advices from the dry goods trade are of backward demand at retail, affecting orders in many lines, but cotton goods production is still heavily sold ahead, and a marked decline in raw material will have to occur before much effect is exercised upon finished products. Wool is weaker and manufacturers are still holding off. The boot and shoe market is dull, with manufacturers firm, but with jobbers asking lower prices. Lumber is on the whole weaker, partly owing to the unsettled conditions in the building trade and partly to the feeling that prices have been pushed too high, and this feeling is likewise true of a number of other lines.

In iron and steel the deadlock still continues, buyers and sellers being apart, while the drift of values where business is actually accomplished is toward a lower range. Nominally Bessemer pig and steel billets are unchanged, and this is correct as far as producers are concerned, but outside offers are at considerable reductions from quoted values. Notable weakness exists in the prices for iron and steel bars, for plates and for grades of Eastern foundry iron. Almost the sole supporting feature is the strength of export, but late advices would seem to indicate that foreign markets may follow those of America toward a lower range. Almost alone among iron and steel products, structural material is firm and much is hoped for in the direction of new business. The weakness in cast iron is inducing some curtailment of production, notably at the South.

Wheat, including flour, shipments for the week aggregate 3,698,968 bushels, against 5,178,422 bushels last week, 5,-186,383 bushels in the corresponding week of 1899, 4,509,133 bushels in 1898, 2,981,326 bushels in 1897 and 2,064,955 bushels in 1896. Since July 1 this season the exports of wheat aggregate 178,383,-456 bushels, against 208,469,309 bushels last year and 210,806,969 bushels in 1897-98.

Corn exports for the week aggregate 4,374,145 bushels, against 3,437,994 bushels last week, 2,845,818 bushels in this week a year ago, 6,161,451 bushels in 1898, 2,-185,993 bushels in 1897 and 1,720,893 bushels in 1896. Since July 1 this season exports aggregate 185,563,354 bushels, against 151,878,039 bushels during the same period a year ago and 175,127,395 bushels in 1897-98.

Business failures for the week number 167 in the United States as compared with 155 last week, 158 in this week a year ago, 231 in 1898, 257 in 1897 and 227 in 1896. In the Dominion of Canada business failures for the week number 17, as compared with 24 last week, 23 in this week a year ago, 18 in 1898, 20 in 1897 and 25 in 1896.

R. G. Dunn & Co.'s weekly review of trade today says:

Transition to a more natural range of prices after a time of extraordinary buying, speculation and rise, is not wholly delightful, however needful as it may be to business health, but the gradual change this year, though wearying, has given opportunity in various branches to avoid losses. It is nearly six months since the highest prices of pig iron were reached, Nov. 23, and of wool, Dec. 1, while hides reached their maximum Dec. 13, leather and iron products, Jan. 10, boots and shoes Jan. 24, woolens, Feb. 21, and cotton and cotton goods March 21. The totals given by the paper have shown that the highest point for all prices was but 1.5 per cent lower May 6. But the past week has added its full share, a fall of 2½ per cent in cotton, 3 per cent in pig iron, 1.5 per cent in iron products, 2 per cent in hides, 2½ in boots and shoes, and 3½ in leather, 3½ in petroleum and a little in many other products.

The decline in cotton was rendered seasonable by the failure of the firm which had most strongly resisted it, and for some month had led the campaign for high prices in the belief that stocks for the rest of the year would scarcely meet demands, with the next crop in doubt. The course of the market for some months to come cannot well be predicted, as provision for the future has been made by spinners on both sides of the ocean. Weakness in wool, as yet not enough to prompt heavy buying, has hindered free purchases of goods without doubt and there is of late somewhat more complaint of cancellations and of slow collections. But the market is waiting rather than unhealthy, with quick adjustment to a longer range of prices for material it might soon become as active as at any other time for years. The silk manufacturers helped by reduction in the prices of raw material, and the decline in Manilla hemp also aids a manufacture which is beginning to accomplish more than realized.

The nominal price of Bessemer pig is held without change at Pittsburg and without transactions. Bessemer is offered much below the $24.90 asked by the association while prices of finished products of iron and steel have declined more than 10 per cent within two months, without any reduction in rails, structural shapes or in sheets. Number 1 Lehigh pig is quoted here at $21 and the best anthracite $22 at Philadelphia. But doubt about sufficient supplies of steel making iron for coming months seems the one impediment to renewal of activity. Tin is also a shade lower, with copper and lead unchanged this week. Sales of Connellsville coke below prices recently quoted exhibit in strong light change in the iron manufacture.

Sudden and extensive changes are now reported in leather and boots and shoes, apparently resulting from the unyielding refusal of many dealers to place anything like their usual orders for the season at prices recently asked. Concessions are now reported of 2½ to 5 cents per pair in leading grades for which such reductions were not reported a week ago, so that the general decline averages about 3 per cent. It was doubtless based in part upon considerable concessions in leather, as it now appears that substantially all staple grades have been sold at prices before a recent advance of 10

YALE'S GREAT SPRINTER.

"Pink" Adams, Who Broke the Half-Mile Record, Tells of His Running Victories That Surprised Himself.

Has His Own Ideas About Training.

Hopes to Break Still Other Records.

Among the many able athletes who have won honor for Yale, "Pink" Adams is notable. His half a mile in 1 minute 57 4-5 seconds last May was a surprise to those who knew him and to himself, for he does not go in for severe training, as most of the crack athletes do. His own story of the race is interesting as he tells it.

On May 13, last year, I broke the Yale and Yale-Harvard half mile running records by covering the distance in 1 minute 57 4-5 seconds. This was my first year as a runner, and I greatly surprised my friends as well as myself."

When the competitors took their marks it was noticed that I was given the very outside position, even though I was considered Yale's fastest man, and therefore should have had the "pole" or inside. At the end of the first quarter, That was the last good race that I ran, for my trainer from then on insisted that the way I ought to run was to run hard from the "pistol to the tape." He said that I should run the first quarter always under 55 seconds. This was proven a wrong theory in subsequent races at Bergen Point on May 30, and at Queen's club, in London, on July 22. In the Yale-Harvard race I was last at the end of the first quarter, and then won the race in record time.

This spring, after being laid up most of the winter with a strained back, and only training two weeks, I was running faster than ever, and Trainer Jim Robinson said that no one could beat me this year for the intercollegiate championship. Just then Capt. Bascom Johnson took advantage of a little incident to get even with me for some personal trouble between us, dating back several years, and forbade me to train any more, or to enter the Yale class games, which are open to every student in good standing,

YALE'S FASTEST RUNNER—"PINK" ADAMS, YALE'S RECORD-BREAKING HALF-MILER.

His half-mile run in 1 minute 57 4-5 seconds surprised no one more than himself. He does not train as athletes usually do, and in his story he tells some of the troubles consequences this led to.

which was run by Ordway, of Yale, in 54 3-5 seconds, I was in last place, but on the back stretch I closed in on the leaders and, on rounding the curve, was in third place, with Bremen, of Yale, and Bush, of Harvard, ahead of me. As we all swung into the homestretch I made my effort and sprinted by the leaders, Bush and Bremen sprinted also, and tried hard to hold me, but could not. I came down the stretch and breasted the tape, a winner by more than five yards. Bush and Bremen made a very plucky fight, which ended only as Bremen crossed the tape a few inches ahead of Bush.

The day was rainy and the track very heavy, and the referee, Father "Bill" Curtiss said on a good day and with a good track I would surely have done two seconds better. As it was I lowered the Yale and the Yale-Harvard half mile records to 1 minute 57 4-5 seconds. Yale undergraduates were astonished at such a breach, and told me to go out and run, even though my entrance fee had been rejected. I went out, but Johnson had appointed McBride, captain of the Yale football team, as marshal to keep me from running. Rather than make a scene I did not run, but protested, though to no avail.

Last fall I was president of the Yale Cross Country club, and was captain of the team. I also trained the cross country team that was second in the intercollegiates last fall. I have had a great deal of experience in training and coaching school and college track teams, and have had several offers from colleges to coach their teams next year, and I may accept such a position.

Last spring I was captain of the Yale two-mile relay team that won the intercollegiate championship, and broke the world's two-mile relay record. I ran the last relay and finished 150 yards ahead having gained sixty yards on Penn's best man, Lane. For several years I was Yale's champion walker, having walked a mile in 6 minutes 52 4-5 seconds. I will be graduated in June, and will then attend law school, though at which one I have not decided.

J. PINCKEY ADAMS.

MUNYON'S INHALER CURES CATARRH

Colds, Coughs, Hay Fever, Bronchitis, Asthma and all Diseases of the Throat and Lungs.

Clouds of Medicated Vapor are inhaled through the mouth and emitted from the nostrils, cleansing and vaporizing all the inflamed and diseased parts which cannot be reached by medicine taken into the stomach.

It reaches the sore spots—It heals the raw places—It goes to the seat of disease—It acts as a balm and tonic to the whole system—$1.00 at druggists or sent by mail. 1505 Arch St., Phila.

SPORTS IN DULUTH

Many Entries Expected For the Memorial Day Road Race--Duluth Ball Team to Play Two Games With Brainerd--A City League Probable.

Everything points to the success of the ninth annual Memorial day road race of the Duluth Cycle club, which will be run off next Wednesday afternoon. Inquiries and applications for entry blanks have been coming in all week from prominent Minnesota, Wisconsin and Michigan riders, and there will probably be between thirty and forty starters when Dr. N. B. McNulty gives the signal.

The local club deserves great credit for keeping this annual event alive during the decline of the wheel during the past two years, and recognizing this a number of merchants have come to the front liberally with prizes. The list of prizes will be announced on Monday, and the entries and handicaps on the day preceding the race.

The Memorial day road race began in 1892 and has been over the same course practically each year, except the first race was only eight miles. The regular ten mile course is from Fifth avenue east and Superior street, out London road to the fish hatchery at Lester Park and back to Ninth avenue east and Superior street.

C. Clausen and C. Davis, both Duluth riders were tied for first time in 1892 and C. H. DeVault, also of Duluth, won first place.

In 1892 F. F. Leach won the time prize and R. M. Hoople first place.

The season of 1894 brought in some fast outsiders and the best time was made by Tom L. Bird, of St. Paul. Titus Duncan, of this city, won first place.

In 1895 St. Paul repeated the trick of the previous year, and August Mertens, the old circuit rider, carried away the time prize. C. C. Evans, of Duluth, did fast work and took the first place trophy.

Robert McCleary established the Minnesota state record for ten miles when he won the race of 1896. His time was 26:10, and it still stands. John Locking, a local rider, won first place.

In 1897 St. Paul again captured the time prize, when C. F. Carmichael crossed the tape from the scratch in the best time. Richard Johnson, of West Superior, won first place.

J. E. Zweifel, of this city, won the time prize in 1898, and John Roth, also a Duluth man, took the first place prize.

Last year Duluth riders made up for former years by taking everything in sight. Sam Palmer won the time prize, and Tom Bradley first place.

The time made in these races has varied greatly on account of the wind off the lake. McCleary's record was made on an ideal day, but for the most part strong lake winds have prevailed and assisted very materially in preventing a further breakage of state records.

Among those that have written for entry blanks this year is B. Bird, of St. Paul, a brother of Tom Bird, who won the race in '94.

The following is the list of officials and rules for next Wednesday's race:

Starter, Dr. N. B. McNulty; referee, Henry E. Harris; timers, P. H. Kreizy, Phillip Hasselblad, H. W. Drake, Roy Hoople and F. A. Noble; judges at finish, Hoople and F. A. Noble; judges at turn, Charles F. West, Roy Hoople, G. D. Young and M. Hellig; judges at turn, Morris Freimuth, B. H. Ling and Phil Pastoret. The committee in charge of the race consists of E. Sattler, H. S. Carrol and F. E. Bohm. The following rules will govern the race:

All entries should be in the hands of F. E. Bohm, 321 West First street, by Monday evening, May 28. The following will govern the event:

The course is London road, starting at Fifth avenue east, thence to the end of the road and return to Ninth avenue east, a distance of ten miles.

Race shall be started at 2:30 p. m. sharp, and no delay will be made for riders not on the mark at that time.

Contestants must wear numbers pinned conspicuously on the lower part of their backs. No contestant shall be allowed to start without a number. Scratch men shall wear the lower numbers and limit men the higher numbers, which will be furnished by the racing committee.

Any contestant riding on sidewalks, accepting a pacemaker not in the race, accepting assistance, running into or fouling another rider, or intentionally delaying him, shall be disqualified.

All protests shall be in writing, filed with the referee by 9 a. m. May 30, 1900.

The officers shall be one referee, six timers, six judges, a starter with assistants, as many marshals and umpires as may be necessary to secure a clear track and fair riding.

The referee shall be sole judge of all points not covered by these rules, and shall decide upon consultation with the judges or assistants the affidavits from riders and spectators if presented.

The starter, with his assistants, shall start the contestants, who shall be pushed off the mark.

* * *

Unless rain prevents, the Duluth team is due to take two games from Brainerd this afternoon and tomorrow. Incidentally the fans will have an opportunity to get a line on the work of Wade's latest find. He has the euphonious name of Dennis McCarthy, and there is a rumor current to the effect that opposing pitchers call him all sorts of pet names on account of his mania for smashing the ball—but it is well not to go into particulars. McCarthy is a second baseman, and his home is Marquette, Mich., though for the past three seasons he has played in the infield of the Auburn Park team of Chicago. For today and tomorrow's games the Duluth team will consist of: Hartman, catcher; Cox, Lambert, Elliot, Gagnon and Shock, pitchers; Kline, first base; McCarthy, second base; Shephard, short stop; Warner, third base; Featherstone, left field; Lambert, center field, and Hurley, right field.

* * *

In a week or so several budding baseball teams will be in full bloom and there is some talk of forming a sort of city league for the summer. The only handicap would be in the matter of grounds. Aside from Oneota park there is only one other good diamond in the city, and that is out at Woodland. Prominent among the talked of new teams are those of the Big Duluth, Marshall-Wells Hardware company and the Board of Trade.

The Big Duluth team, under the management of Hansell of last season's Duluth team, will go in for the sport on a large scale. The uniforms will be gray and maroon, and the team itself will be anything but yellow. Matchett, of last year's Duluth team, will do the catching, and Ray Cole, Elmer Whyte and Hansell the twirling. The other players will be picked from the following bunch of promising aspirants: Bagley, Ranley, Randall, Goldie, McCullom, Irwin, Allen, Bonnett, McDonald, Bowden, Gerrard, Wachtel and Di Marco.

* * *

Martin has quit the Duluth team and gone to St. Paul.

* * *

Manager Patterson of the Superior team is hustling for a new pitcher. Wade may farm out a few. At a late hour this afternoon the Duluth manager had about five pitchers on his staff, and there was six or seven precincts to hear from.

* * *

Mark Baldwin, the old Duluth pitcher, is now a prosperous lawyer in Pittsburg.

* * *

Manager Hugo of the high school track team has received a letter from Ironwood saying that the Michigan men will be willing to hold a meet about the middle of June. Ironwood, however, does not care to have the bicycle races in the program, which caused not a little regret at the high school.

* * *

Ashland high school baseball management might stand for a little instruction in common courtesy. Owing to a confusion of arrangements, the local team could not play there two weeks ago. This mix-up was entirely due to mismanagement on the part of Ashland. Since then the high school and Superior normal school made a sort of arrangement to bring the South Shore team to the head of the lakes and share expenses. Ashland, however, declined to have anything to do with Duluth.

* * *

The Duluth team will try two new pitchers. One is Shock, and he is expected to give opposing teams a jarring. He is from Iowa. The other is a man named Elliott, and he has been pitching in a little league down in Michigan.

* * *

Jack Page, the stocky-built second baseman who played with both Superior and Duluth last season, and who was playing with Bloomington, Ill., for a while this year, has signed with the Lennon & Gibbons team of St. Paul.

* * *

Burns, who played third last year for the Duluth team, is reported to have signed with the Palace team of St. Paul. He played with Minneapolis early in the season, and had probably been farmed to the Palace team.

* * *

There is a chance for St. Paul to get in the Western league. This league is now composed of Omaha, Pueblo, Denver, Sioux City, Des Moines and St. Joseph. The Sioux City franchise may be transferred to St. Paul.

* * *

Cox led in batting in the Superior series, having four hits and five runs to his credit. Lambert had three hits and four runs, and Hartman three hits and five runs. Cox had one three bagger, and Hartman a triple and two doubles.

* * *

Both the Duluth and Superior teams must brace up in fielding. In the games last week Superior made 16 errors and Duluth 15. Pretty poor work.

* * *

Within six weeks there are three fights booked to come off that will interest every fight follower in the country. The first really big bout will be that between Tommy Ryan and "Kid" McCoy on May 29. About the middle of next month Fitzsimmons and Gus Ruhlin are to meet, and then follows Sharkey and McCoy. This is about the program for the next few weeks ahead, and it offers a chance for some lively milling.

Since Corbett jumped back into fame by staying twenty-three rounds with Jeffries it would be in order for Fitzsimmons to make a showing. Bob has not had the gloves on with a man near his equal since the night Jeffries whipped him, almost a year ago. He has shown his old-time form in bouts against men of less ability, and has given no indication that he is not still the same good boxer that he was when champion. Perhaps Corbett's new rise will go against Fitzsimmons' feelings. The two have never been friends, and "Fitz" will probably hurry up a little to get into public notice as prominently as he used to be.

* * *

Ruhlin will certainly give any of the heavy weights a hard trial. He has been boxing with Corbett for several months, and anyone who does that is bound to learn something. A decisive victory over Ruhlin would be evidence that "Fitz" must be figured on as one of the possible champions in case he can get on again with Jeffries. Ruhlin is big and strong and is said to have improved wonderfully within the last year. When he fought Jack McCormick in Chicago last fall he had easily the best of the go, but did not win as decisively as some thought a championship fighter should.

* * *

Boston has yet to make that well known brace and the critics are at sea over the poor showing of the oft-time champions. Their followers are pointing back to 1883, when the Beaneaters were last on the Fourth of July and still won the pennant.

* * *

While the majority of the sporting men down East feel certain that Fitz will beat Gus Ruhlin, there are a great many who seem to think that the Akron giant has a chance of giving Fitz his quietus. Among these are Jim Corbett, George Considine, Billy Madden, and Tom O'Rourke. In speaking of Ruhlin's chances with Fitz Corbett says: "I think Ruhlin has an excellent chance of whipping the big Australian. You can not imagine what a greatly improved fighter he is. He is as shifty on his feet as I am, very clever, and can jab and swing with both hands with terrific force. He learned a great deal from me and I feel so sure of him winning from Fritz that I intend to risk my money on his chances of getting the decision. I will second Ruhlin in the fight and I hope the advice I give him will enable him to win."

* * *

The fight between Kid McCoy and Tommy Ryan at Chicago on May 29 should be one of the most interesting pulled off in the West for a long time. Ryan and McCoy have come together twice before, but the question of supremacy is still in doubt. The first time the two came together McCoy won in fifteen rounds. The next time they met the bout was stopped by the police, and both men have been claiming ever since that this saved the other from defeat.

* * *

Terry McGovern has found another fighter whom he could not stop in six rounds. The featherweight champion is beginning to find out that the 126-pounders are not as easy as the 122-pounders.

* * *

Tommy White, the clever 126-pounder, of Chicago, who recently remained in the ring with Terrible Terry for six rounds, has been matched to fight McGovern at the Seaside Athletic club, Coney Island, June 11. This time it will be twenty-five rounds, a true test of endurance as well as skill. White stipulates not to weigh more than 126 pounds.

* * *

The university of Chicago has a mile runner named Trumbull, who, it is said, has run a mile in practice in 4:38. Trumbull is a freshman and comes from Lawrenceville preparatory school. He is entered in the Western intercollegiate meet.

* * *

Ever since the days of the wonderful W. Bryd Page, who although he only stood 5 feet 6 inches jumped 6 feet 4 inches, the university of Pennsylvania has been turning out phenomenal high jumpers. Almost invariably a Quaker wins the intercollegiate event. And they all have a peculiarly characteristic style and depended more on their style than on natural jumping ability.

Last year's championship was won by Irving K. Baxter with a jump of 6 feet 2¾ inches. This year he is again the favorite, and will probably win, although his competitors are unusually high class.

* * *

There is a new factor in the intercollegiate championships. The sprinter from Bowdoin college, Cloudman by name, who won the 100 and 220 yards in the New England intercollegiate, is not unlikely to repeat the feat in the championship. In a driving rain, the track thoroughly waterlogged, he covered the 100 yards in 10 4-5 seconds and the 220 yards in 22 1-5 seconds around a turn. This is easily equal to even time in both events. More than that, he has been caught in the 100 yards at 9⅘ seconds. Of course, the timing was doubtless incorrect, but it is eloquent testimony to his speed nevertheless.

ALABASTINE Is a durable and natural cement-base wall coating, in 5 lb. paper packages, made ready for use in white and fourteen beautiful tints by mixing with cold water. It is a cement that goes through a process of setting, hardens with age, and can be coated and recoated without washing off its old coats before renewing.

ALABASTINE Is entirely different from all the various kalsomines on the market, being durable and not stuck on the wall with glue. Alabastine customers should insist on having the goods in packages properly labeled. They should reject all imitations. There is nothing "just as good."

ALABASTINE

Prevents much sickness, particularly throat and lung difficulties, attributable to unsanitary coatings on walls. It has been recommended in a paper published by the Michigan State Board of Health on account of its sanitary features; which paper strongly condemned kalsomines. Alabastine can be used on either plastered walls, wood ceilings, brick or canvas, and any one can brush it on. It admits of radical changes from wall paper decorations, thus securing at reasonable expense the latest and best effects. Alabastine is manufactured by the

Alabastine Company of Grand Rapids, Michigan.

Instructive and interesting booklet mailed free to all applicants.

Among The Plants

Those newspaper men make me tired. I wonder when the state is going to offer a bounty for their scalps. Did you notice how they called semple asters simple asters? No matter which way a florist turns, he is bound to be a victim, and nothing short of an angel would make a real good florist. He is supposed to know every plant under the sun, and is held responsible for the death of every plant from the gulf of Mexico to the North Pole. He must also listen and sympathize with every poor mortal who has a sick one, and after it is dead wish peace to its ashes, and sell the party another if he can!

One deluded mortal came to me the other day and wanted to know if I planted my seeds in the moon. I suppose he thought I was a witch and rode a broomstick. I take no notice of the moon, but plant when the ground is ready. Another had an idea that celery would be good without bleaching, because the seedman claims it to be self-bleaching; the so-called self-bleachers are only a dwarf kind that require but little hilling, but unless the air is excluded in some manner is tough and stringy. Another benighted soul wanted to know whether it would be better to put boards under his asparagus to keep the roots from going down; now all our best growers trench the ground deeply and induce all the root growth possible. The more root the more top, and, by the way, you folks that could not get plants can sow seed and the third year have pretty good eating stalks. Make a depression some three inches deep and about a foot wide, and in this wide furrow sow your seed. The first season (this one) let it grow all it will. Next fall manure it well and level off the soil, filling in the depression. Let it grow freely next year, and the third one eat, drink and be merry.

Here comes a man who wants to know why his cabbages bursted before winter. It was because they were planted too soon and got ripe; all of them carry only one idea in their heads, that is, to produce seeds, and when ripe split themselves to let the seed stalk come through. They can be retarded by taking a gentle pull on the roots, breaking them just a little, thus checking the flow of sap.

This coming week planting must be hurried, and if the seeds you put in are not thick enough to make a stand, plant more in with them. You can still sow sweet peas; they make lovely fall bloomers if sown now. Pansies can be planted at any time; you can move them every day and they will bloom right along. They are cheap and plenty, so plant them closely so that they will shade all the soil.

Put down in your memory that grafted roses must be planted deep enough to cover the graft, and be careful to remove all growth that starts below the graft, or it is good-bye roses. You can easily distinguish the good sprouts from the wild ones by the difference in foliage. You that are acting for a pretty yellow flower, try anthemis coronaria. It is a beauty and does well here. Some want to grow tuberous-rooted begonias out of doors. The trouble is that unless in a favorable location the flowers will not push above the foliage in this tropical country, but I noticed Mrs. Haines had some lovely ones. They were close to her house, on the west side, and tall trees screened the strong afternoon sun from them. They were just too lovely for anything. The flowers were high, above the foliage.

This dry weather the plant boxes and beds want watering, and you that have a sprinkling can to do it with had better screw off the nose and with a hammer and lath nail punch a lot of holes in it. The holes put there by the maker are so few and far apart that one tires of holding the old thing, so the plants go short. Now let us take a rest.

ED C. LINDSAY,
The Lakeside Florist.

A Keen Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

Arrive Philadelphia By Daylight.

Every train leaving Chicago for Philadelphia over Pennsylvania Short Lines has through service between those cities, and all reach Philadelphia by daylight. The ideal route to the Republican National convention. Cheap tickets for that event will be sold over it June 14 to June 18. Details about rates and through car comforts will be furnished by H. R. Dering, A. G. P. agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago.

South Shore Change of Time.

Beginning Sunday, May 27th, "South Shore" Limited, No. 8, will leave Duluth at 7:00 p. m. daily, except Saturday. Daylight Express, No. 6, will leave 8:15 a. m., except Sunday. No. 9 Limited will arrive Duluth 8:30 a. m., except Sunday, and No. 5 express arrive Duluth 7:30 p. m., except Sunday.

City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Kodaks In Yellowstone Park.

The widespread use of small cameras, of one sort and another by travelers, has led to a great development of amateur photography.

Yellowstone Park is by far the most prolific spot in this country for the gratification of this calling or amusement, particularly for those interested in prize contests.

To photograph the soaring geyser; the eagles on their nests; the numberless cascades and waterfalls; the beautiful springs, or the Golden Gate and the Grand Canyon is to obtain a noted collection of pictures.

But the park is also the only place where wild animals, as they live in nature, can now be easily caught with the camera.

The elk, deer, antelope, bears, coyotes, buffalo, etc., that, while wild have not the timidity of hunted game, make it comparatively easy to photograph them there. The bears especially are easily found.

When riding on the stage coaches, if cameras are kept in readiness, opportunities sometimes occur for snap shots at elk and deer drinking from the streams or crossing the roads. By exploring the forests and parks a little remote from the hotels, the animals can be found with little difficulty.

Wonderland, 1900, a finely illustrated book, published by the Northern Pacific railway, has a chapter on Yellowstone Park and the animals there, and will be sent by Chas. S. Fee, Gen. Pass. Agent, St. Paul, Minn., upon receipt of 6 cents.

For rates, etc., address

R. A. EVA,
General Agent, Duluth.

South Shore Change of Time.

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City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Her Only Regret

Mrs. Peabody Had Passed Through the Most Trying Experience of Her Life Before She Found a Remedy for All Woman's Ills.

Mrs. Mary M. Peabody.

Nobody who sees Mrs. Mary M. Peabody, of 42 Water Street, Haverhill, Mass., to-day will find it easy to believe that she has passed her 63d year and has endured more suffering than comes to the ordinary lot of women. How she regained health and happiness is best told in her own words. She says:

"Last winter and spring I had the grip which left my system all run down, I also suffered from female weakness and troubles peculiar to women. I had no strength and no ambition. My friends did not think that I would live and I was afraid that I was going into consumption.

"I recalled the benefit that Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People had done me in a former illness, and last July I began taking them. They did not disappoint me. I used several boxes of them and from a total wreck I was made a healthy woman. My only regret is that I did not know of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People when I had the change of life. I am now enjoying the best of health, eat heartily and sleep soundly—all due to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People.

"There are many facts about my case that I do not care to have published but I will gladly answer any woman who cares to write me about the subject."

MARY M. PEABODY.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this first day of September, 1899.
THOMAS W. QUINBY, *Justice of the Peace.*

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People are an unfailing specific for such diseases as locomotor ataxia, partial paralysis, St. Vitus' dance, sciatica, neuralgia, rheumatism, nervous headache, the after effects of the grip, palpitation of the heart, pale and sallow complexions, and all forms of weakness either in male or female.

Look for this trade mark on every package.

DR WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS FOR PALE PEOPLE
TRADE MARK REGISTERED

Sold by all druggists, 50 cents per box: six boxes, $2.50.

DR. WILLIAMS MEDICINE COMPANY, Schenectady, N. Y.

CASTORIA

The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signatnre of Chas. H. Fletcher. and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of
Chas. H. Fletcher.

The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

THE MOST ATTRACTIVE COUNTRY
TO THE
FARMER, STOCKRAISER, MANUFACTURER, INVESTOR,
Is that traversed by the
Louisville and Nashville Railroad,
THE
GREAT CENTRAL SOUTHERN TRUNK LINE,
IN
Kentucky, Tennessee, Alabama, Mississippi, Florida, where there are splendid chances for everybody to make money. Come and see for yourselves.

Half Fare Excursions First and Third Tuesdays of Every Month.

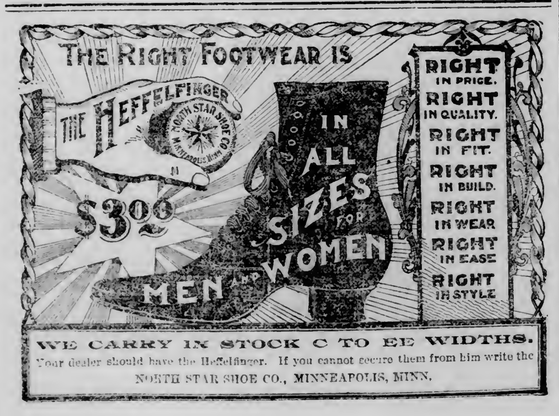
Printed matter, maps, and all information free. Address,

R. J. WEMYSS,
General Immigration and Industrial Agent, LOUISVILLE, KY.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH
PENNYROYAL PILLS
SAFE. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in RED and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse Dangerous Substitutions and Imitations. Buy of your Druggist, or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold by all Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Mention this paper. Madison Square, PHILA., PA.

WILCOX TANSY PILLS
A Reliable Female Regulator.
At Druggists or by mail. Price, $2.00
Write for book of testimonials.
Address WILCOX SPECIFIC CO.
329 N. 15th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists



Of Duluth's Neighbors.

TWO HARBORS.

Two Harbors, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Joseph Cloffy, of St. Paul, is visiting with his brother, Engineer Cloffy, here this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George Watts rejoice over the arrival of a baby girl at their home Saturday evening.

W. T. Wright transacted business at Duluth Tuesday.

The docks have been nearly full of ore this week and not so much ore is being received from the mines owing to a scarcity of boats to take the ore away. But little trouble of this kind was experienced last season, there always being as many boats at the dock as needed to keep the ore moving.

Mesdames Even and Thomas Owen returned Saturday from a two weeks' visit with relatives at Oshkosh, Wis.

Joseph Donohue, of Highland, transacted business here Wednesday and Thursday.

Members of the G. A. R. here have arranged an excellent program for Memorial Day and it is hoped many will participate in the ceremonies. Music is to be furnished by the Two Harbors' band. The address will be made by Capt. Briggs, of Duluth.

Secretary Snyder of the Y. M. C. A. attended to business matters at Duluth Monday.

Mrs. L. Filiatrault departed Monday for Montreal, Can., where she will spend the summer with relatives.

W. J. Cowling, of Ely, visited friends here a few days this week.

Deputy Sheriff Christenson and Marshal Gernberg were called to Drummond Friday evening to arrest two brothers named Brown. They were under the influence of liquor and threatened to burn the C. M. Hill Lumber company's mill there, and while everybody in general, especially the mill foreman. A special train was sent up and the men brought here. Judge Andrews fined them $25 and costs apiece the next morning.

H. Brown, of Duluth, is visiting with his brother, Thomas Brown, here this week.

A. Headley has purchased one of the finest gasoline launches yet seen around here.

Two coal boats have been unloaded at the dock this week.

Contractor McCormack, of Duluth, expects to have the new Duluth Iron Range telephone line completed from Duluth to Reno by the middle of next month. A telephone exchange is to be put in at this place.

At the council meeting held Monday evening a resolution was passed calling for a special election to be held June 12 for the purpose of voting on the proposition to remove the water and light plant from its present location to a point to be determined by the council and at a cost not to exceed $15,000; also to vote on the issuance of 10-year 5 per cent water and light bonds in the sum of $3500 for the purpose of adding another boiler, a pump and a dynamo to the water plant, the present equipment not being sufficient to meet the needs at present. The first proposition should carry, for it is the only preventitive against the typhoid with which the town has been afflicted at different times and will certainly mean the saving of much sickness and perhaps a few lives.

P. Dodge transacted business at Duluth this week.

A son of Rev. J. A. Ambler is reported on the sick list this week.

Mandamus proceedings were brought by Probate Judge Hanson and Superintendent of Schools Lowe against County Auditor Olson to secure the increase in salaries given them by the county commissioners, but which Mr. Olson refused to pay. The decision was against Hannon and in favor of Lowe. It is understood the cases are to be appealed.

J. G. Miller transacted business at Duluth this week.

The Ladies Guild of the Presbyterian church is to give a bazar at the Nordeen hall Saturday, May 26.

A large forest fire started Wednesday in the Alger-Smith slashings west of here but so far has done no damage. The warm weather the past few days has again made the woods as dry as ever, though the green vegetation now breaking out since the rains will make them more safe from fires catching.

The railroad company is making extensive repairs on its merchandise dock.

L. St. Jacques has commenced shipping his cedar posts and ties from Waldo to the Omaha roads at Duluth.

Mrs. Walter Bell visited Sunday with her husband who is working at Ely.

M. O. Aubolee and Rev. T. A. Ambler were Duluth visitors Monday.

Register of Deeds Floathe is building a large addition to his residence on Second avenue.

The contracts for grading the alleys in 8, 10, 19 and 26 have been let to Joseph Provonost and P. G. Pastoret.

TOWER TOPICS.

Tower, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Landlord Lackie of the Pioneer hotel returned Friday evening from his week's visit with relatives in Duluth.

Henry Dietrich came down from Mine Center Saturday evening, after an absence of a couple of months.

Otis Brownell arrived in the city Tuesday from Bemidji where he has spent the winter.

Miss May Congdon was a Duluth visitor the first of the week.

W. R. Jackson returned Saturday from his short trip to Eveleth.

Mrs. W. Coss was visiting friends in Eveleth a few days of this week.

George Donahue returned from Duluth Saturday evening.

Jesy Cole left Wednesday morning for an extended visit with relatives at Minneapolis.

A. G. Kingston returned Tuesday evening from his business trip to Eveleth.

Andrew Bloom, foreman of the Kerland Deary Lumber company, came down from the head of the lake Monday, on his way to Duluth.

The Tower high school baseball team will go to Ely May 30 to cross bats with the Ely high school team. The Tower boys have strengthened their team considerably since they last met.

John Rutlidge arrived in the city Saturday evening from Trout Creek, Mich., and has accepted a position as millwright for the Tower Logging company.

M. J. Segal, proprietor of the Phillips hotel, of West Duluth, was in the city over Saturday.

C. A. Whitman, president of the First State bank, was doing business in Eveleth Tuesday.

P. Schaeffer, editor of the Ely Miner, was in the city Wednesday.

Mr. and Mrs. M. C. Woodard returned Tuesday from their short visit in Duluth.

Ed Blair returned Monday evening from Duluth on his way home to Koochiching.

Charles Winchester returned Friday from his trip to Mine Center.

Steve James came up from Eveleth Saturday and spent Sunday with relatives at Soudan.

Bill Hudson, of the Ely, was doing business in the city Tuesday.

Miss Elsie M. Congdon left Saturday morning for a week's visit with friends at Duluth.

Attorney W. G. Bonham returned to Eveleth Wednesday morning.

Sam Noden, postmaster at Harding, was in the city the first of the week, selling fur.

Mr. and Mrs. T. J. Walsh returned Tuesday evening from their Duluth visit.

John Hickey, Sr., came down from Ely Wednesday for a few day's visit with his family.

R. J. Moody came down from his homestead at the head of the lake Monday, on his way to Duluth for a few day's business before the United States land office.

William Doyle returned Wednesday from his trip to Crane Lake.

Mrs. E. E. Jeffrey and family departed the first of the week for Battle Creek, Mich., there to make their future home. They have resided at Soudan for sixteen years.

Mrs. John Horan, of Duluth, was visiting friends in the city Wednesday.

Miss Bessie Lake, of Soudan, spent a week's visit among friends at Duluth returning home this evening.

D. Wittenberg, Jr., returned Thursday evening from Duluth.

Miss Olive Ball returned this evening from Duluth.

J. H. Whittlesey was a Duluth visitor this week.

M. C. Woodward returned Wednesday evening from Duluth.

Mrs. W. D. Fachler departed Thursday morning for the southern part of Michigan.

George Govett, mining superintendent of the Minnesota iron company left Thursday morning for a two week's visit at Stillwater.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Linquist and family returned from Duluth this week and will reside here in the future.

I. P. Williams and wife who have been visiting friends here for the past two weeks, returned the first of the week to their home at Linden, Wis.

Mrs. N. J. Benson returned Thursday from an extended visit in Duluth, the guest of Mrs. John Owens.

Mr. and Mrs. A. Johnson returned from Duluth Monday evening where they visited relatives.

Stephen Gheen, Indian agent at the Nett Lake reservation, was in Duluth several days transacting business.

Mr. and Mrs. Anton Johnson and son returned Monday evening from their extended visit at Duluth.

William Doyle and Arthur E. Peck went to Duluth Monday morning to transact business before the United States land office.

John Thickens came down from Mine Center Wednesday on his way to his old home at Appleton, Wis.

A special train will arrive here tomorrow from Eveleth, bringing the baseball team to cross bats with the Tower boys. The teams are evenly matched and a good game is expected.

ELY EVENTS.

Ely, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—A little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Edward Cox had the misfortune to break her collar bone last week.

George W. Warren, of Minneapolis, was a business visitor this week.

Mrs. Enright, of West Duluth, is visiting her niece, Mrs. John Glode, this week.

Mrs. August Huhuta died in this city Sunday morning of consumption. She leaves a husband and several young children to mourn her untimely death.

Ben Horivity was a Duluth visitor Thursday.

Dan Garrison was a west-bound passenger Thursday morning.

The Virginia baseball team and Gun club will be over one week from next Sunday.

The wages paid at the Chandler mine were never as high as at the present time, being on an average of $2.29 per day for the month of April.

The Chandler Mine company has discontinued exploration on section 33-63-12.

Friday was pay-day at the Chandler mine, and about $35,000 was paid out to the employes.

About 100 tickets were sold by the Duluth & Iron Range last Sunday morning for the excursion to Virginia. The baseball game between our boys and Virginia twirlers resulted in a defeat for the latter. The Ely Gun club also carried off the honors of the day. A good time was enjoyed by all.

Considerable damage was done last Saturday afternoon to the engine house of the Chandler mine. It seems as though the crew in charge of the steam shovel at the Pioneer mine were short of track room and attempted to run a train of empty cars into the engine house and succeeded in derailing several cars and doing considerable damage to the building.

The Austrian C. M. Lodge will hold its annual convention at Ely, commencing July 5, and continuing several days. Quite a number of delegates will be here from abroad. The local lodge is already making preparations for the occasion.

The marriage of Louis Rus and Rosie Zorman will take place next Sunday morning at the Catholic church.

Capt. Harry Wicks and wife, late of Michigan, arrived here Tuesday and will again make their home in Ely.

John Glode was a visitor at Virginia Tuesday. He is interested in the new $10,000 hotel which will be erected there this summer, and may become the proprietor of the same.

Ernest Clark was arrested and lodged in jail Tuesday for drunkenness.

F. J. Underhill and B. E. Torims, of the St. Croix Lumber company, were here Monday.

Hugh McRae, of Aitkin, and a member of the exploration crews of the Minnesota Iron company, visited Ely Tuesday.

F. D. Dyshe, of Winton, was on our streets Tuesday.

The Alhambra company, who attempted to entertain our people at the opera house two evenings this week, were a fake, although they came well advertised.

Edward McIntosh did business in Duluth Tuesday.

An Austrian picnic will be held at Tower next Sunday, and an excursion train will start from here in the morning. The Austrian band will furnish music.

John Glode was at the county seat Tuesday.

J. Donahue, of Minneapolis, was in our city Tuesday.

Mrs. Bartlett, of the Vail hotel, is visiting friends in Minneapolis.

Oscar Rohn, of the Minnesota Iron company, with his wife, arrived here from Madison, Wis., last week, and will make their home here this summer.

Edward Purdy was up from Tower Tuesday.

Charles Bale, of this place, will soon go to Eveleth to work for the Spruce Mining company.

T. W. Bystle, who lately worked for A. Redford, has opened a barber shop at Winton.

E. S. Howe visited Duluth Saturday.

The supervisor of the census in the Sixth district has appointed David Brown census enumerator of the First ward, and A. F. Thayer, of the Second and Third wards.

The families of E. A. Roberts and William Opie are camping at Long Staffs bay, Sandlake, which they will take in the Paris exposition.

The case of scarlet fever reported last week has caused considerable uneasiness, but the family are in strict quarantine.

The citizens of Ely have not yet decided whether to celebrate the Fourth of July or not. It is hoped that they will be in favor of such a move.

R. E. Ballie, of Virginia, was a business visitor Monday.

Fierce forest fires can be seen west of here, and a large amount of pine is being destroyed.

SPIRIT LAKE AND VICINITY.

Smithville, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Joseph Nacey, of Duluth, called on old friends in Spirit Lake and Smithville Sunday.

Mrs. W. C. Edwards spent Sunday in Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs V. A. Dash and family spent Sunday here, the guests of Mrs. Dash's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Overton.

Edward Dash had the misfortune to cut part of his thumb off Friday.

Miss Selma Swenson and August Peterson, of Duluth, called on friends in Smithville, Sunday.

William White, of St. Paul, has arrived to take the day watch in the rock cut on the St. Paul & Duluth railroad.

Miss Grace Segl was visiting friends in New Duluth, Thursday.

Rev. Arthur Rowsen, of West Duluth, held services in the school house Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Brink were in Duluth Tuesday. They received the honors in the Ruthbone Sisterhood.

Mr. Philp and son, of West Duluth, called on Mrs. E. A. Brink, Sunday.

Miss Annie Segl was visiting friends in West Duluth Sunday.

Miss Matilda Renstrom, of Duluth, is visiting her brother, A. G. Renstrom.

William Dash was visiting friends in Duluth Thursday.

The house owned by Mrs. Louis Sweet, of West Duluth, burned to the ground Saturday night. This is the third time this house has been afire within a year. The house was heavily insured. The West Duluth chemical engine did good work in saving the barn and Mrs. Emma Brink's house, which were close by.

Miss Julie Moline, of Duluth, spent Saturday and Sunday with her parents.

Mrs. John Moline was visiting friends in West Duluth Sunday.

Edward Payne, of Manoag, Wis., called on friends at Smithville Tuesday.

Swen Johnson is moving his family from Duluth to Spirit Lake.

Walter L. Dash and John Boyd, of Duluth, visited Albert Overton Thursday.

The teachers and scholars of the Smithville school had a picnic at Spirit Lake Friday.

SPARTA.

Sparta, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—W. E. Bender is visiting relatives in Park Rapids this week.

Mr. and Mrs. Pat O'Brien departed Tuesday for Spokane where they will make their future home. They are accompanied by Capt. John A. McLeod, formerly superintendent of the Shaw mine.

N. Reid transacted business in Duluth Thursday.

The young son of P. J. Foley died Thursday morning of pneumonia.

Mrs. C. A. Gregg is still dangerously ill at her home.

M. McLean, of Eveleth, was a Sparta visitor Thursday.

Mrs. C. E. Mewheter visited friends here Tuesday.

Mrs. A. Williamson is seriously ill at her home on Dorr avenue.

Louis Ahurman has let a contract to erect a 26-foot addition to his store building.

Sparta is to have electric lights in the near future.

President Winters has returned from Duluth where he has been in the interest of the city.

Village Attorney M. D. L. Fuller, died in Eveleth Monday morning after a lingering illness. Mr. Fuller was well known over the Mesaba range and was village attorney of Sparta for three years.

The Duluth & Iron Range has completed tracks to the Malta iron mine, and shipments from the mine will commence in a few days.

NEW DULUTH DOINGS.

New Duluth, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Mrs. Anna Bartz, who has been quite ill with pneumonia is able to be about again.

Miss Myra Hehr and Miss Josephine Billesby spent Saturday in Duluth.

Rev. R. Knutson spent Tuesday in Duluth.

Otto Krugar commenced cleaning our streets this week.

Mrs. S. A. Smith is still confined to her bed, her sickness having developed into typhoid pneumonia.

The schools are preparing a special program for Decoration day.

E. T. Haskins left Friday for a visit at his home in Cadott, Wis.

William Crager moved into the John Reindel house on Ninety-seventh avenue west this week.

Mrs. A. J. Munroe has been ill a few days.

Fred Hermann was at Carlton Thursday.

George Reindel was in Duluth Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred and Mr. and Mrs. P. A. Sjoselius and children, of Duluth, visited Mrs. Frank Widell Sunday.

MESABA.

Mesaba, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—Russell Kirby, who has been acting as night operator here for some time has moved his wife and family to Colby.

Mr. Lake, of Allen, visited friends in Duluth Saturday and Sunday.

It is reported that the Minnesota Iron company has purchased all the houses belonging to the C. M. Hill Lumber company, also about 800 cords of slabs.

There was a pleasant little dancing party given in Johnson's hall last Saturday night by a number of the boys and girls. Several out of town people were present.

Miss Ada Kennedy, of Duluth, who has been the guest of Mrs. W. H. Konkler, of Allen, the past week, returned to her home Monday morning.

Alex McDonald, of Two Harbors, spent Sunday in Allen.

Mrs. Peterson and daughter Margaret were Duluth visitors Saturday.

Miss Mae Schur went to Biwabik Thursday morning.

Mrs. H. R. Jeglin spent Saturday in Duluth.

Ed Stokes went to Duluth Wednesday morning on business.

orFest fires have been raging fiercely between here and Allen the last few days.

McKINLEY.

McKinley, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Duluth & Iron Range is now laying the steel for its new double track between here and Biwabik and expects to have trains running over it by the middle of next month.

John Roth, of Duluth, has accepted a position with the Duluth & Iron Range as assistant agent here.

Capt. Harry Roberts was up from Duluth looking over the Roberts mine this week.

W. T. Wright, of Two Harbors, was in town Sunday.

Many persons from here went to Virginia on the Ely-Virginia excursion Sunday.

EVELETH.

Eveleth, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—John Mitchell returned Monday from his old home at Sparta, Wis., where he has been visiting his parents for several days.

Victor LaMont came up from his school duties at Duluth the fore part of the week and is visiting his parents here.

The Ladies' Aid society will give an entertainment and social in the city hall Tuesday evening. They have arranged a splendid program.

Paul Kuehn, the Val Blatz agent at this place, is building a residence on Adams avenue.

A. H. Griesen, Ed Sibbott, Mrs. Josephine and Miss Maye Sibbitt drove over to Virginia Sunday.

Capt. D. Morcom, chairman of the board of county commissioners, was down from Tower Thursday visiting his many friends in Eveleth.

Mrs. Walter Smith arrived from St. Cloud Wednesday and joined her husband in their new home on Jones street.

An excursion will leave here tomorrow morning over the Duluth & Iron Range for Tower, where our local team of baseball enthusiasts will cross bats with the team on the Vermilion range.

Capt. Harry Roberts, of the Roberts at McKinley, the Hale and Kanawha at Biwabik, has been engaged as general manager of the Spruce mine at this place.

A. P. Cook, county overseer of poor, was here Tuesday doing a little ante-election work. A. P. evidently would like to run the Sargent hotel at Duluth.

J. P. Foley, of Sparta, was an Eveleth visitor Thursday.

Ex-Mayor Charles Jessmore has been elected by the school board as director to fill the vacancy caused by the death of M. D. L. Fuller.

Mrs. J. H. Hearding returned Saturday evening from her visit with relatives and friends in the East.

A. P. Coulter has sold his interest in the Little Gem restaurant to John McIsaacs, who will conduct the business at the old stand in the Cass building.

H. G. Davis, P. E. Dowling and Judge J. C. McGilvery went over to Biwabik Tuesday evening where they spoke on the county division movement to a large and enthusiastic audience.

Maurice D. L. Fuller, an old resident here and for several years village attorney died Sunday and was buried in the Virginia cemetery Tuesday. The funeral was one of the largest ever held here. Rev. M. O. Steckland preaching the service and a large number of friends attended the remains to the cemetery. Mr. Fuller leaves a wife and one son to mourn his loss.

Frank Dick, a former resident of this place, but now of Endion, was up on the range Monday and Tuesday visiting old friends. He was accompanied by his son, Raymond.

Stephen D. Nicholas, Jr., of Tower, was here Sunday the guest of Arthur Grieser of the bank.

A. G. Kingston of the Iron Range Cash store at Tower visited friends here Tuesday.

John Glode, the genial boniface of the Exchange hotel at Ely was here Tuesday looking over our thriving village.

S. T. Hamilton was over from Virginia Tuesday.

Professor William Park, superintendent of schools for this district, was here the fore part of the week.

For several weeks this town has been pestered with smile shows. Last week it was "Goodwin 400," a misfit aggregation of coons and coonesses, but the bummiest excuse that has hit Eveleth for some time and gulled its theater goers out of their silver was the Alhambra company which played here Wednesday evening to a crowded house. The troupe was composed of one actor and a dozen second class hoboes. They are making the ranges this week and catching suckers.

George Healy finished his school work this week and returned home Thursday.

E. L. Millar, publisher of the Head of the Lakes at Duluth, was here the early part of the week.

John Premasik was taken to St. Mary's hospital at Duluth Monday. He was suffering with inflammatory rheumatism.

VIRGINIA.

Virginia, May 26.—A shooting match, which has created much enthusiasm, was arranged today between W. T. Bailey, president of the W. T. Bailey Lumber company, and D. H. Moon, president of the Moon & Kerr Lumber company. Both were made honorary members of the Virginia Gun club at their annual meeting held Friday evening and on the strength of the courtesy contributed enough lumber to build a fine club house, each donating half of the lumber. The terms are that each party will contribute half of enough lumber to build the club house, turn in their bill to a third party and then shoot to see who will pay for it all. The number of birds shot at has not been settled upon but in all probability it will be about 100 each.

Rev. Robert Forbes, D.D., will give one of his most popular lectures, "The Epworth League Idea," in the Methodist church, Saturday evening, June 3 next. The following day, Sunday, June 10, he will also preach in the church at 11 in the morning and at 4 o'clock in the afternoon.

Berglund Bros., the bakers, were arrested Tuesday by Alfred McCallum, state factory inspector, for employing a boy under 14 years of age. They were only fined the costs in the case. It is against the law to employ help under 14 years of age and Inspector McCallum purposes enforcing the law in his district.

The spelling contest at the Presbyterian church Tuesday evening was a successful affair. The receipts of the evening were $22.95 which was divided equally between the Episcopal and Presbyterian churches. Miss Nellie Griggs, who spelled on the Episcopal side, won the contest.

There will be a foot race next Wednesday afternoon in which the following sprinters will participate: Steve Prince, James Fleming, Virginia; Clyde Urquhart, Eveleth; Ed Murphy, Ely. The race is a hundred yard dash and will take place on Chestnut street at 3 o'clock.

Mr. and Mrs. Trenaman, of Montreal, Can., are among the new arrivals in Virginia. Mr. Trenaman has accepted the position of day operator at the Missabe depot.

Mrs. W. J. Moore was a passenger on Thursday's train for Duluth.

Mr. and Mrs. F. R. Campbell, of Eveleth, spent Sunday in the city.

Arthur Burch, bookkeeper for Cole & McDonald, spent Sunday in Duluth.

Misses Elvira Gray and Johanna Anderson spent several days in Duluth this week.

HIBBING.

Hibbing, May 26.—The following is the program to be given at the Opera house on Sunday evening in observation of Memorial day: Song, "Battle Hymn of the Republic;" prayer, Rev. A. L. Richardson; solo, F. Skinner; address, Dr. M. H. Manson; duet, F. Skinner and Mrs. T. F. Brady; address, Rev. A. L. Richardson; solo, F. Skinner; recitation, Miss Weaver; solo, Miss Wolley; song, quartet; address, Rev. Father D. E. Gamache; singing, "America." benediction, Rev. A. W. Johnson.

Capt. Naucarron, formerly captain at the Rust mine, returned from his home in Michigan Wednesday. He will resume his work with the Consolidated company.

Mrs. O. W. Ranall, of Mountain Iron, visited friends in town this week.

Mrs. L. W. Hurtley, of Grand Rapids, was in the village Wednesday.

Joe Nass returned from Hartland, this state, Wednesday, after several days' visit there.

Mrs. M. W. Hostetler left on Monday for an extended visit with relatives at Smith Center, Kan.

John F. King, of Fond du Lac, Wis., was a Hibbing visitor Wednesday.

GRAND RAPIDS.

Grand Rapids, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—On Tuesday morning Fred Leeman was arrested by W. C. Tyndall, sheriff of Itasca county, on a charge of murder. Sheriff Tyndall received a telegram early that morning from Sheriff Alex Johnson of Kanabec county, stating that Fred Leeman was wanted for murder in that county, which was committed some five years ago. It will be remembered that about that time a man by the name of Albert Peterson was killed at Mora by a shot from a rifle, which came through the window and lodged in Peterson's left side, as he was seated at work at a table. Several arrests were made but were dropped one after another, and the murder has always remained a mystery. Mr. Leeman has resided here nearly two years and bears a good reputation. He has a wife and three children here and two brothers, Walter Leeman, of this town, and C. E. Leeman, of Cass Lake. Mr. Leeman left on Tuesday afternoon's train for Mora in custody of the sheriff, but he stated before leaving that he would prove his innocence in a very short time.

Charles Casperson, who has been in the employ of James Sherry for the past few years, attempted to commit suicide on Sunday last by jumping in front of the west-bound passenger train. He tripped and fell, however, and before he could get up, was overtaken by Deputy Sheriff Charles Kearney and held down until the train had passed. Casperson was then placed in jail. He has been drinking very hard of late and it is thought he became dispondent.

On Tuesday morning the infant child of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Wilbur of the Hotel Gladstone died of diphtheria. The child was sick but a few hours, and it was not discovered until only an hour or two before its death what ailed it. The child was buried at once in the Catholic cemetery. The health officer quarantined the hotel, but it is supposed that it can be opened up in a few days.

The Mississippi for many miles above and below Grand Rapids is crowded with logs, most of them being grounded. It is very low water, the water is very swift and deep that logs are able to move down, and unless very heavy rains occur the next few weeks, it will me impossible to get the logs from this section down to Minneapolis.

The Villa Scholastica school was closed on Tuesday on account of several new cases of diphtheria being reported. The grand entertainment and musical to be given by the pupils on June 6, has been postponed till a later date. The graduating exercises of the central high school have also been abandoned for the present.

L. F. Knox started his sawmill on Monday last and judging from the number of logs in the river in this vicinity it will be an easy matter to keep the mill running until next winter.

Charles Leeman was down from his home in Cass Lake on Monday last.

Wednesday and Thursday the second annual tournament of the Itasca Gun club took place at their shooting grounds near McKinney lake. About thirty strangers from the Twin Cities, Duluth, Superior and elsewhere were in attendance, as was also all the members of the club. The officers for the tournament were as follows: Referee, E. J. Lutcher; cashier, C. C. Gilbert; assistant cashier, A. T. Glover; scorers, T. J. Ansted and B. E. Buenceman. The club gave away $200 in prizes. E. A. Kremer, F. T. Buenceman and Bert Powers were the most successful men of the home club, while L. R. Fulton, of Superior, and Frank Campbell, of St. Paul, proved themselves fine marksmen.

The Grand Rapids brass band is now reorganizing and about twelve members have already been secured. In the near future an entertainment will be given to raise funds to help the boys along.

On Tuesday last George Wickham sold his homestead and pine interests in this county for the neat little sum of $11,000. The lands were purchased by the Backus-Brooks Lumber company.

The house on Houghton avenue formerly owned by Dr. Howes, of Duluth, was sold this week to Capt. Murchie, of Minneapolis. Mr. Murchie and family will move into their new home in a few days.

George M. Taggart and wife of Bemidji were in town several days this week to attend the gun tournament.

During the past week but three new cases of diphtheria have been reported, one of which died, but the other two are well under control. Dr. Russell, the city health officer, is taking all the precautions possible and has instructed all the people to thoroughly fumigate both homes and to have all the representatives against me disease. Thus far there have been ten cases in all, three of the patients dying of it.

Capt. S. R. Van Sant, of Winona, will deliver the Decoration day oration at Grand Rapids on May 30. The B. F. Hudson post and Ladies of the Itasca circle, G. A. R., have decided to give up the morning exercises, but in the afternoon at 2 o'clock the regular program of music, war stories, etc., will take place at the city hall.

Adolph Peterson, who has been a homesteader in this vicinity for several years, died at his home near Blackberry on Monday last. Mr. Peterson had been ill about three months with consumption. He was 31 years of age and leaves a mother and father in the old country. The remains were interred in the Itasca cemetery on Wednesday afternoon.

The Minnesota hotel on Third street is undergoing considerable repairs and when finished it will be one of the neatest and most up-to-date hotels in this section.

Ed Johnson, who has been seriously ill at St. Benedict's hospital, has entirely recovered and is again able to be out.

Rev. Father Giraud, of Duluth, spent Monday and Tuesday in Grand Rapids, the guest of Rev. Father Gamache.

O. E. Finnis left last week for Hibbing, where he has accepted a position.

George W. Goffe, of St. Paul, made a trip to Cass Lake and Bemidji this week, returning to town on Thursday.

A. R. Horton, of Stillwater, spent several days in town this week, attending the gun tournament.

On Thursday afternoon, Sister Derothia, music teacher at the academy, was taken sick with diphtheria.

Mr. and Mrs. Andrew Salter, of Pokegama Lake, visited in town this week with Mr. and Mrs. W. O. Tyndall.

E. R. Lewis expects to leave in a few days for Koochiching, where he will look after his interests for some time.

Mrs. Dr. Storch has been entertaining her father, S. A. Kemp, of Duluth, for several days.

U. R. Baummbach, of Wadena, passed through Grand Rapids on Saturday from Shevlin, on his way home.

Rev. Father Corbett, of Duluth, conducted special services at St. Joseph's Catholic church on Monday and Tuesday.

Mrs. A. E. Kribbs and three children left this afternoon for a month's visit with friends and relatives in St. Paul.

Mrs. Bert Powers and two children, are enjoying themselves this week at their camp near Lake Pokegama.

S. K. Reiss, station agent of the Eastern Minnesota, transacted business in Duluth on Monday and Tuesday.

John De Laittre, of Minneapolis, who is greatly interested in the lumber business in this county, has been in town the past few days.

Sister Mary of the Benedictine order, who has been ill at the hospital here with diphtheria, is now on the road to recovery.

Attorney Leon E. Lum, of Duluth, transacted business in town the early part of the week.

Miss Hattie E. Gibson, of the kindergarten school, left on Wednesday for her home in Brainerd.

Charles L. Olds, of Aitkin, has been in town this week, attending the tax sale.

Col. William Liggett, superintendent of the state experimental farm, spent several days at Sandstone here this week, as the guest of E. E. Chapman.

Miss Katherine Irish left on Wednesday afternoon for her home in Pelican Rapids.

N. B. Armistead, of Aitkin, spent several days in town, the early part of the week.

Harry Huson returned yesterday from Hibbing, where he has been for the past week visiting his brother.

S. A. Tuller, regent of the State University, was in town on Wednesday, inspecting the sub-experimental farm here.

Pat Casey, of Aitkin, visited friends in Grand Rapids the fore part of the week.

Rev. Father Corbinca, of Bemidji, spent several days in town this week, as the guest of Rev. Father Valentine.

Emil Litchke left on Tuesday afternoon for Montreal, from whence he sailed on Friday for Liverpool. He expects to visit Berlin, London, Erdman, and other cities of note. Mr. Litchke will return some time early in August.

Miss Mabel Little, who has been teaching in the public schools here the past year, left on Thursday afternoon for her home in Winona.

Register of Deeds Claire and wife, have been absent the past week in Duluth and the Twin Cities.

Fred O. Werden, of the Bacus-Brooks Lumber company, transacted business in Cass Lake and Bemidji on Monday and Tuesday.

Senator C. C. McCarthy returned yesterday noon from a short trip to St. Paul.

A. A. Kremer, of Shevlin, has been in town the past week, visiting his family here.

Mrs. William C. Gilbert and four children left on Monday afternoon for Southern Wisconsin, where they will visit for the next six weeks.

George Dewey left Thursday for the northern part of the county, having been appointed deputy assessor. He will spend the next few weeks in putting valuations on the trees and logs in that district.

Miss Honora Sutton, teacher in the Central school here, left on Wednesday for a visit with St. Paul friends.

John S. Leary, of Hibbing, has assumed the management of the electric light plant here.

A Fast Bicycle Rider

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Piles. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. Sold by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

Northwestern Line Excursion Bulletin.

Some special low round trip rates as follows:

Tournament Whist club, Chicago, May 30, June 2, $18.10.

Federation Womans Clubs, Milwaukee, June 2 to 5, $13.30.

I. O. O. F., St. Paul, June 12-13, $5.75.

Republican convention, Philadelphia, Pa., June 14, 15, 16, $29.50.

National Prohibition convention, Chicago, June 25, 26, 27, $13.55.

Excursions to Utah, Colorado, Wyoming and Dakota.

Homeseekers' excursion tickets, July 5 and 19. One fare for the round trip, plus $2, to parties, South, West and Southwest.

Full information and tickets, 405 West Superior street.

IT'S IM-POSSIBLE

To Disprove Facts. It Is Decidedly Easy to Verify Duluth Opinion.

Nothing by way of an introduction could be added to the experiences and opinions given below, which could increase their value. Duluth people can safely be left to draw their own conclusions based on such convincing proof as this citizen offers. What is there lacking in evidence like this to satisfy a dyed-in-the-wool doubting Thomas?

Engineer James Root better known as "Jim" Root, the heroic engineer of the St. Paul & Duluth limited train, says: "For many years I was troubled with my kidneys and had pains and soreness across the small of my back. The kidney secretions at times presented an unnatural appearance and I was generally run down. I saw Doan's Kidney Pills advertised and procured a box at the Duluth Drug company's store and used them. From the prompt and satisfactory results obtained I can speak of them only in the highest terms of praise. Doan's Kidney Pills are all and more than they are represented to be. I can also say a word for Doan's Ointment. I used it for itching hemorrhoids and it gave me prompt and permanent relief."

For sale by all dealers. Price, 50 cents. Foster-Milburn company, Buffalo, N. Y. Sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name, Doan's, and take no substitute.

GRAIN-O

THE FOOD DRINK

Grain-O is not a stimulant, like coffee. It is a tonic and its effects are permanent.

A successful substitute for coffee, because it has the coffee flavor that almost everybody likes.

Lots of coffee substitutes in the market, but only one food drink—Grain-O.

All grocers; 15c. and 25c.

"Housework is hard work without Gold Dust"

TO WASH COLORED TABLE CLOTHS

A great many persons who live on farms and have to do their own washing, used colored table linen to save washing. To keep them looking new and from fading use a little

Gold Dust Washing Powder

in the wash water, and dry in the shade. It is wonderful how long a pretty red table cloth will keep its freshness washed this way. Wash red or colored napkins the same way.

The above is taken from our free booklet "GOLDEN RULES FOR HOUSEWORK" Sent free on request to

THE N. K. FAIRBANK COMPANY,
Chicago, St. Louis, New York, Boston.

Possess the Baker Art Collection of Pictures FREE

Value of the eight original paintings $5,000.

One picture without advertising on it given away with every 2 lb. purchase of

Baker's Celebrated Premium Coffee

These pictures are beautifully reproduced in colors and mounted on artistic mats of dark neutral tints, 11x15. THIS GIVES THE OPPORTUNITY OF THE SEASON TO DECORATE YOUR HOME. Many people have already secured the series of 8. These pictures cannot be bought for money, but are given free at your grocer's.

Northwestern Benevolent Society,

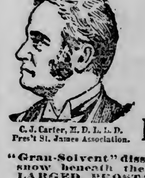
Lonsdale Building, Duluth, Minn.

Claims paid to members over $270,000.

Insures Against Accident, Sickness and Death.

Agents Wanted in Wisconsin and Minnesota.

MEN Cured While You Sleep In 15 Days.



C. J. Carter, M. D. L. L. D. Pres't St. James Association.

"Gran-Solvent" dissolves Stricture like snow beneath the sun, reduces ENLARGED PROSTATE, and strengthens the Seminal Duct—curing and emissions IN FIFTEEN DAYS.

No drugs to ruin the stomach, but a direct local and positive application to the entire Urethal Tract.

GRAN-SOLVENT is the wonder of the century. Discovered by the Chemist Fabrion, it quickly interested the great Scientist and Physician, Erdman, who developed it and proclaimed that marvelous cures in Urethal Ailments which electrified the world.

At an enormous expense DR. C. J. CARTER outstripped all competitors and secured exclusive control on the Western Continent for the ST. JAMES ASSOCIATION.

Gran-Solvent is not a liquid. It is prepared in the form of Crayons or Pencils, smooth and flexible, and so narrow as to pass the closest Stricture.

Every Man Should Know Himself.

The venerable Dr. C. J. Carter, President of the St. James Association, has prepared at great expense an exhaustive illustrated Treatise upon the male system, which the association will send to any male applicant FREE!

St. James Ass'n 71 Vine St., Cincinnati, O.

SANTAL-MIDY

These tiny Capsules are superior to Balsam of Copaiba, Cubebs or Injections and CURE IN 48 HOURS the same diseases without inconvenience. MIDY

Sold by all druggists.

HOW TO BEST SUCCEED.

Workmen Are Nearer Success on Being Careful in Little Things.

Many laboring men might save more money for a rainy day if they were more careful in little things. Observe care in buying small articles. Few of us can afford to buy something and then cast it away because we do not like it. Be right the first time. For instance, in buying a plug of tobacco, ask for gold Rope, Kingbolt, Rise and Shine and Thrasher, made by the Wilson-McCallay Tobacco company, of Middletown, Ohio. They are excellent brands, better than the ordinary. In addition to getting a superior article you will have the great satisfaction of knowing the goods are union made and not made by a trust.

All of the above brands are made of thoroughly cured, carefully prepared, superior stock. Workmen should keep the list in sight, and ask dealers for the brands named. This will be one step toward success.

Dr. Lyon's PERFECT Tooth Powder

AN ELEGANT TOILET LUXURY.

Used by people of refinement for over a quarter of a century.

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Vast Underground City.

New York's $35,000,000 Tunnel a Small Thing Beside London's Underground Road System.

British Metropolis Honeycombed With Subways. | Tunnels Cross Eash Other In Layers.

New York, May 25.—(Special to The Herald.)—The great tunnel that is to bring rapid-transit foys to the hearts of New Yorkers is the first extensive step in the direction of making use of the region beneath the surface to supply deficiencies that the crowded condition of the level ground has made it impossible to fill, except by unusual means. New Yorkers are very enthusiastic about their tunnel, as they have a right to be, for it will be the greatest underground passage in the world. Laborers are flocking from the ends of the earth to help construct the tunnel. Contracts and sub-contracts are being given out, models of the new road, in numerous store windows, are always surrounded by curious things, the illustrated press is presenting pictures from every imaginable viewpoint of the tunnel as it will appear when finished, and the air is filled with tunnel talk and congratulations that this great project is to be carried out in America, the country of stupendous undertakings.

And yet in London, as the Londoners are mildly reminding us, there is being constructed a variety of tunnels, so vast and complicated, so immeasurably superior in extent and engineering peculiarities to that which America is to possess, that to begin to describe them is a task that can only be approached after careful study of the subject with the aid of maps and diagrams. The accompanying illustrations gives some faint idea of the vast system of tunnels in London. The British metropolis is so honeycombed with these underground roads that at some points it is necessary to go down nearly a hundred feet to find the real solid earth. Tunnels cross tunnels, one under the other, in layers. It makes one shudder to think of the consequences of a sudden cave-in where these underground passages run one beneath the other. An earthquake in London would mean the burying out of sight forever hundreds of passengers travelling by routes deep in the earth, to their homes or places of business in the overgrown city.

For years the work that is shown in the accompaning pictures has been going on in London. At one of the busiest sections of the city the explorer of the underground system first strikes a subway built to enable the foot passengers to cross in safety a spot where many great thoroughfares meet and where it is almost impossible to steer a pathway during the busy part of the day. In this passage the pedestrian is seperated from the roadway overhead by about two feet of concreat and steel plates so that the roar of the road traffic is still heard and the thud of horses, hoofs is a reminder that he is still near the surface of the earth. Beneath this subway runs another to which access is not open to the general public. This second subway is for the gas and water pipes, as well as for the innumerable wires of the electric system.

Beneath this subway again is to be found the tunnel of the Central London Railway, the city terminus of which is some 70 feet beneath the surface. To this station the passangers will descend by means of elevators. Down in this underground station the noise of busy London will still be heard in a subdued manner. There will be just enough of the hum and roar of the great city to make the retirement of the underground station all the more soothing to the nerves of those who do not love the din of traffice that some call harmony. The passenger who passes down this elevator shaft to the underground station will pass unconsciously a network of underground pipes and sewers all having their share in the great system, while the Londoners go about their business overhead and the swarms of humanity below the surface are whisked to their various destinations.

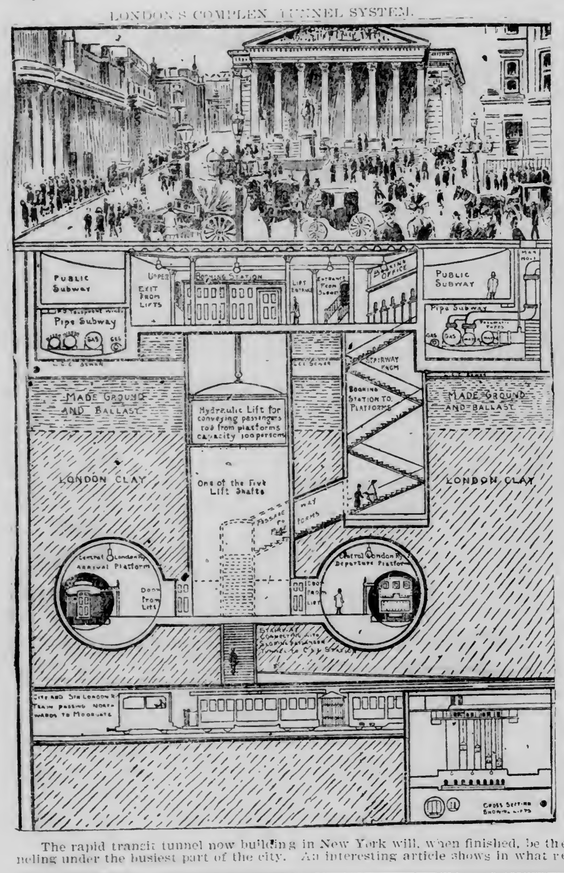
In some parts of London there is still another tunnel that dives beneath the second one, while on each side of the road cellars and sub-cellars are dug out to an extraordinary depth in the efforts of the people to secure elbow-room on land that is worth a small fortune a square foot. It is suggested by a genius with a pleasant imagination that it will be possible some day to connect these sub-cellars with the underground roads, and have the whole electrically lighted, so that the underground life of London will be as pleasant as that above. The suggestion is that the householder or business man, whose residence or store adjoins one of the numerous tunnels, will be able to step out of his sub-cellar on to a promenade where he may meet his neighbors for social converse or recreation, catch a train without going to the surface or repairing to one of the stations, or walk by the underground route to any section of the city that is connected by means of the railroad. The idea is a far-fetched one, perhaps, but so rapidly is London becoming an underground city that it is not improbable that the future may see half the population, moving and having its being, far beneath the surface, like a colony of ants or cave-dwellers.

Three great causes have brought these underground roads into existence—the pressing need for more rapid transit, the invention of the Greathead shield, and the improvement in electrical locomotion. The very congestion of activity on the streets, which makes railway communication so desirable, renders their construction by any ordinary means almost impossible, owing to the loss and inconvenience entailed. The solution at present being carried out makes no interference with London's existing traffic. Tunnelling through London clay has been rendered a comparatively easy matter by the late Mr. Greathead's invention. In the case of one, a circular steel shield, seven feet in length, was employed. Steel chisel-shaped teeth form a continuous cutting edge in the foremost end of the shield, which is forced forward about ten inches into the clay by hydraulic rams. The clay is cleared away, and before the shield is again advanced a section of the cast-iron tunnel is built up inside the rear portion of the shield. It is from the flanged edge of this new section that the rams force the shield forward again. As the shield is thus slightly larger than the tunnelling, a space is left all round the tube. This is subsequently filled up with cement, which is forced into position through holes in the plates. The electric locomotive now employed picks up the current, which actuates its motors from a third rail running in the center of the track.

This shield will probably be used in the building of America's big tunnel, although the rocky nature of New York's foundation will make drilling more necessary than digging. When this big underground passage is finished we shall possess the greatest tunnel in the world, but not the most complex system of tunnelling. London leads in that respect, as the illustration shows.

UNDERGROUND LIFE IN NEW YORK AND LONDON.

LONDON'S COMPLEX TUNNEL SYSTEM.



VIEW OF NEW YORK'S UNDERGROUND ROAD.

The rapid transit tunnel now building in New York will, when finished, be the greatest tunnel in the world; but London has a more intricate system of tunneling under the busiest part of the city. An interesting article shows in what respects the work in the two cities differ.

The Copper District

Six Mines Had Strikes Which Were Settled By Mutual Concessions, the Men Getting Advances In Wages.

Houghton, Mich., May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—The strike epidemic seems to have run its course in the copper district. Six mines out of the twenty-five working in the district had strikes, about one-third of the total force of 15,000 men employed in the district having been affected all told, though not to exceed 3000 men were idle at any one time. The strikes were settled by mutual concessions, in which the men gained 6 to 10 per cent advance in wages, and in most cases the miners, timbermen and trammers were conceded a shortening of hours, by which 55 to 57 hours per week will be worked hereafter on the day shift and 54 hours on the night shift, for which six days' wages will be drawn. The strikes were noticeable for an entire lack of violence or threats, and were conducted with commendable courtesy and apparent good feeling on the part of both employers and employes. One of the reasons why labor troubles are infrequent in the Lake copper district and usually of short duration when they do occur, is because of the large amount of stock owned in the various mines by the men who work in them. Millions of dollars' worth of copper shares are held by the miners, mechanics and day laborers of the district. Peter Sauer, of Calumet, who began life in America as a common laborer a third of a century since, saved his pennies in the frugal fashion of the German peasantry and began buying stock in the mine he was employed at. That mine happened to be the Calumet & Hecla, and he now owns nearly 600 shares of the stock, worth about $400,000, and on which he drew dividends of nearly $50,000 last year. This, of course, is an extreme case, but there are scores of miners and mechanics who are now in more than independent circumstances through judicious investments made in a small way years ago. This process is continuous—the elder generation is reaping the reward of past frugality and the younger men are saving and investing in mining stocks of the better properties, with the firm faith that they will also come into their own in years to follow. This is practical profit-sharing, with the added advantage over any carefully devised system yet put into effect that the plan is entirely voluntary. The man who wants to spend his money can do so, and the man who wants to save has the chance of becoming a partner, even though on a small scale, with the owners of the property employing him. That the distribution of ownership and profits in this manner has a wonderfully steadying effect on the labor of the copper district there can be no question. There is no other great mining field in the world where the common miner has the chance to buy an interest at any time he wishes in the richest mine of the district.

In Calumet and its suburbs there are 136 individual shareholders of record of stock in the Calumet & Hecla mining company, who own 4264 shares, worth $3,198,000 at the present market price of the stock. The Portage lake towns have 56 shareholders owning 2592 shares worth $1,941,750 shares. At Lake Linden and South Lake Linden, where the stamp mills and smelters of the mine are located, there are 54 stockholders owning 924 shares, worth $693,000. In the entire copper district there are 394 shareholders with 8138 shares, worth $6,103,000, and in the state of Michigan there are 519 shareholders holding 15,827 shares of Calumet & Hecla, the current market value of which is $11,870,250. The value of the local holdings of shares in the more than a score of other active mines, every one of which has a considerable number of shareholders here, is many millions of dollars additional.

The Belt mine is being kept free from water, but so far as can be learned little progress is being made in the negotiations looking toward the organization of a strong company to take over the property. The Belt was owned in England, but the company mismanaged to spend upwards of $1,000,000 on the property without really opening it, though a very elaborate and extensive surface equipment was provided. It is now under option to Don M. Dickinson and others, of Detroit.

The Osceola has declared a dividend of $3 per share, on a total issue of 93,000 shares of stock, payable on June 22 to stockholders of record of May 28. The Osceola has expanded very greatly in the past five years and is now earning nearly as much money annually as the entire valuation of the property five years ago.

If the mill test of 1000 tons of average rock from the "Calico" lode on the Michigan mine results as well as is hoped, powerful pumps will be placed in both A and B shafts and sinking resumed from the 500-foot level, at which both shafts are now bottomed. Opening work at the Michigan is necessarily being prosecuted with great circumspection, owing to the danger of tapping the adjacent workings of the old Minnesota mine, about 2000 feet deep, which are filled with water. It is the intention to eventually unwater the old Minnesota, which is now part of the Michigan property, and connect its workings with the new openings of the Michigan. The Minnesota paid dividends of nearly $2,000,000 from a contact vein remarkably rich in copper, in the early days of Lake Superior copper mining.

A second fissure vein of mohawkite has been found at the Mohawk mine. The first vein is being opened as rapidly as possible, both laterally and vertically, and continuous of fair size and much promise.

Work is being pushed at the new stamp mill of the Isle Royale company, which should be in commission next season.

R. T. Mason has been appointed superintendent of construction at the new mill of the Mass mine, at Ogima, Keweenaw bay.

The present owners of the Nonesuch mine, in Ontonagon county, are planning to open the mine on a large scale by means of an adit, driven for a distance of a mile and a quarter, from the north. The Nonesuch is phenomenally rich in copper, which runs as high as 7 per cent, or twice the average of the Calumet & Hecla. Unfortunately this copper is comminuted to a degree of an extremely fine powder, akin to the flour gold which gives so much trouble to Western miners, and no means of saving it has yet been put into use, though the present owners of the Nonesuch, who are Cleveland men, believe they have found a process which will work satisfactorily. They evidently have such confidence in the process, as an adit of the size and length planned would cost $75,000 to $100,000 and would require five to six years to open, if attacked from one end only. If built in sections, as undoubtedly would be done, the work could be done in one year by sinking five shafts and drifting therefrom, in addition to the original opening in the hillside. Another feature of interest at Nonesuch is that the copper is found in the overlying or western sandstone, instead of in the trap formations, where all the other mines of the district, good, bad and indifferent, are opened.

The coal famine, which made trouble for some of the mines shortly previous to the opening of navigation, has been effectually broken and the difficulty experienced a month ago in securing coal charters is now past. Exceptionally heavy stocks of fuel will be laid in this season.

The Franklin is installing a new 20-ton rock crusher. Two stamps are now treating upwards of 1000 tons of Franklin and Franklin Junior rock daily.

The Arcadian is still unwatering the old shaft on the Mesnard epidote and will begin mining on the epidote and cross-cutting to reach two parallel lodes as soon as the water is low enough to permit.

The Tamarack is installing an auxiliary hoist of high power at No. 3 shaft. Owing to the great depth of the shaft, nearly 4000 feet vertically, it is necessary to have an auxiliary engine for use in case of the breaking of the main engine, such as happened last February, when the big engine was nearly wrecked.

HORACE J. STEVENS.

Handed Down

Good housewives tell their daughters how much good bread depends on good flour. Thousands who have discovered that the secret of baking is to use GOLD MEDAL FLOUR, tell their daughters. The merits of

WASHBURN-CROSBY'S

Gold Medal FLOUR

are handed down from the older generation to the younger. There's no surer way to have good bread, cake, pie or pastry than using Gold Medal Flour.

WASHBURN, CROSBY CO., Minneapolis, Minn.

DR. DORAN,

Duluth's Most Popular and Reliable Specialist,

Applies his practice to the treatment and cure of all diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, lungs, and special diseases. Acute and chronic catarrh, diseases of the eye, ear, nose, throat, lungs, liver and stomach treated and cured by modern methods. Dyspepsia, constipation, rheumatism, chronic female diseases, neuralgia, sciatica, dizziness, nervousness, slow growth in children, and all wasting diseases in adults cured. Deformities, club feet, curvature of the spine, diseases of the brain, diabetes, paralysis, Bright's disease, heart disease, eczema, variocele and hydrocele properly treated. Cancers, tumors, wens, birthmarks, red nose and superfluous hair on the face or neck removed. Epilepsy, or fits cured. Young, middle aged and old, single or married men, and all who suffer from lost manhood, nervous debility, spermatorrhoea, seminal losses, sexual decay, failing memory, weak eyes, stunted development, lack of energy, impoverished blood, pimples, impediments to marriage; also blood and skin diseases, syphillis, eruptions, hair falling, bone pains, swellings, sore throat, ulcers, effects of mercury, kidney and bladder troubles, weak back, burning urine, passing urine too often, gonorrhoea, gleet, stricture, receive searching treatment, prompt relief and cure for life. Both sexes treated confidentially and privately. Piles, fistula, fissure and rupture cured by our new methods.

DR. J. E. DORAN,

206 West Superior Street.

Telephone No. 480. DULUTH, MINN.

Why is Electric Light Best?

Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

HEALTHY! It has no odor. Professor Thompson states one cubic foot of gas consumes as much oxygen as four adults.

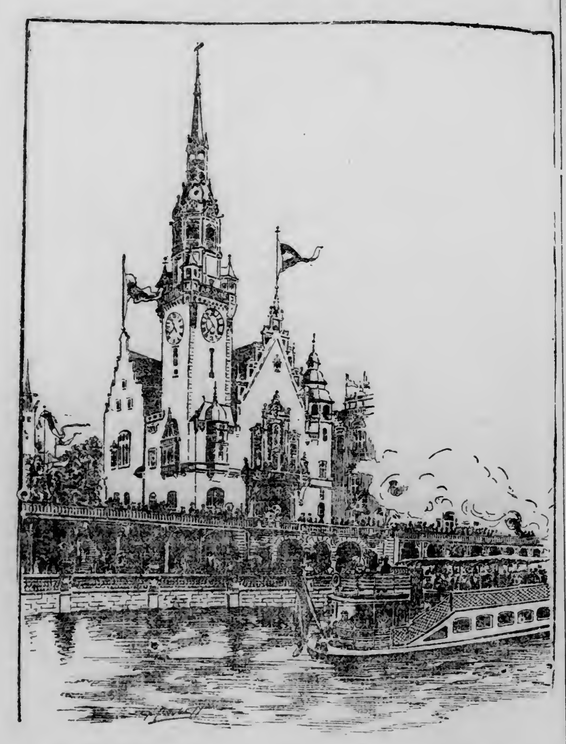
CLEAN! It causes no discolorations of furnishings and decorations in homes.

SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.

CHEAP! By using a little care in turning off lights when not in use it is cheaper than any other illuminant.

Commercial Light and Power Co. OFFICES—215 W. Superior St.

GERMANY'S 16TH CENTURY BUILDING AT THE PARIS EXPOSITION.



This beautiful structure, which is Germany's official building at the Exposition, is constructed in the style of the seventeenth century. The emperor himself gave orders that French masterpieces from the galleries in Berlin and Potsdam should be used for decorating the interior.

MUST CHECK IT.

Minister Conger Directed to Notify China to Check Boxers' Outlawry.

Washington, May 26.—The United States government has taken a hand in the suppression of the "Boxers" in China.

Minister Conger has been instructed by the state department to inform the Chinese government that the government of the United States expects it to stamp out promptly and effectually the society and to provide for the maintenance of law and order and the protection of life and property of Americans in China, all now threatened by the operations of the Boxers."

There is no indication in the instructions as to the course that will be pursued by the United States in case the Chinese government fails to observe the warning conveyed in this communication. Mr. Conger is acting on parallel lines with the representatives of every European power at the Chinese court, but has not joined in any concerted action. It is intimated here that the Chinese government in dealing with the "Boxers" will encounter great difficulty, as the society claims to be purely social in character.

The "Boxers" now are not attacking foreign missionaries, but are killing the Chinese who allow themselves to be converted to Christianity. This phase of the matter is difficult to deal with, as it is a well recognized right of a nation to deal with its own subjects at its pleasure. This view does not contemplate excesses such as are ascribed to the "Boxers," and there is believed to be reasonable ground for foreign intervention which would include the participation of United States warships, and even troops, if such should be necessary.

Mr. Conger's latest advices to the state department indicate that this troublesome society is waxing strong in the very heart of Pekin, the Chinese capital, and it is evident from the tone of his dispatch that a crisis was approaching which would either require drastic action by the Chinese government or a hostile demonstration by the powers in the near future.

PROTEST FROM JAPAN.

Objects to Compulsory Inoculation In San Francisco.

Washington, May 26.—Through its charge, Keisiro Kabeshima, the Japanese government has joined the Chinese government in a strong protest against the compulsory inoculation of Japanese and Chinese in San Francisco with "anti-plague serum." The Japanese protest is much more energetic and forcible in terms than that lodged by the Chinese government, and conveys a very plain intimation that, while there could be no objection to a general inoculation if such was regarded as necessary to prevent the extension of the plague, it cannot be contemplated that any discrimination should be practiced against the Japanese and Chinese; the rule must be general and include Caucasians as well as yellow men. Unlike the Chinese, the Japanese have a measure of protection afforded by their most recent treaty with the United States which on its face might seem to warrant their protest against any discriminatory treatment. The communications have been referred to the surgeon general of the marine hospital service, with directions to report the facts at once. It is understood that he has telegraphed to the officer in charge with the stamping out of the plague in San Francisco, and it is presumed that the net result will be an abatement of the rigors of quarantine measures now being enforced there.

Republican National Convention Philadelphia, Pa., Half Rates Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

For the above occasion The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company will sell excursion tickets to Philadelphia, Pa., and return at rate of one fare for the round trip. On this basis the excursion rate from Chicago will be $18.00.

Tickets will be sold June 14th to 18th, inclusive, good for return until June 23th. Stopover allowed at Washington, D. C., and Baltimore, Md., within the limit, not to exceed ten days.

City Ticket office, 244 Clark street; Depot Grand Central Passenger Station, corner Fifth avenue and Harrison street, Chicago.

For further information, address B. N. Austin, G. P. A., 510 Fisher building, Chicago, Ill.

Read the want page and you may find something to interest you.

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
5
CENTS
"You" pays your money and you takes your
Choice" Sealette 5¢ Cigar
SAME STOCK AS "SEAL OF MINNESOTA"
KUHLES & STOCK, ST. PAUL, MAKERS.

Detroit and Return $11.00

Via D. S. S. & A. Ry., June 5.

City Ticket Office, 426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Dealers say that Flor de Teller and Royal Blue are the two most popular cigars.

A SKIN OF BEAUTY IS A JOY FOREVER.

DR. T. FELIX GOURAUD'S ORIENTAL CREAM, OR MAGICAL BEAUTIFIER

Purifies as well as Beautifies the Skin. No other Cosmetic will do it.

Removes Tan Pimples, Freckles, Moth Patches, Rash and Skin diseases, and every blemish on beauty, and defies detection. It has stood the test of 52 years, and is so harmless we taste it to be sure it is properly made. Accept no counterfeit of similar name. Dr. L. A. Sayre said to a lady of the haut-ton (a patient): "As you ladies will use them, I recommend 'Gouraud's Cream' as the least harmful of all the skin preparations." For sale by all druggists and fancy goods dealers in the U. S., Canada and Europe.

FERD. T. HOPKINS, Prop'r, Great Jones St., N. Y.

A Woman's Awful Peril.

"There is only on chance to save your life and that is through an operation," were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. E. Hunt, of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50 cts. Guaranteed. For sale by W. A. Abbett, druggist.

Women Riding Astride

The Most Desirable Way, Perfectly Proper and Conducive to Health and Comfort, While it Would Decrease Disasters.

During the past few years the interest women have taken in sports has brought forth many changes in dress, and those who indulge in these sports don wearing apparel best suited to give free action to their bodies. Yet no sport has been so sadly neglected in this respect as that of the horsewoman. Golfing, shooting, cycling, mountain climbing and yachting have all brought forth costumes of comfort, but the costume for the woman who indulges in horseback riding has remained practically the same, much to the discomfort of the rider.

Before the reign of Richard II side-saddle riding was unknown among women. His queen invented and introduced the side-saddle, and this fashion has been handed down, and today it prevails everywhere in civilized communities.

Is it immodest, unrefined or unhealthy for a woman to ride horseback astride? Let us first treat this subject from a physical viewpoint. The opinions of a number of physicians, interviewed on the subject show that side-saddle riding is a positive injury to the system. In the majority of cases women who ride have done so from childhood. In observing the position in which a woman is compelled to place herself on a side-saddle, it will be seen that she is unable to place herself squarely in the saddle, but must lean to one side to balance herself. Continued riding in this position eventually weakens the spiral column, and the woman grows crooked. With their limbs all drawn up over the horn and under the leaping head, their position in the saddle is such that their bodies become twisted, and the cramped position becomes very detrimental to the action of the muscles, causing strains and ruptures.

The side-saddle costume of a woman is not only ungraceful, compared with the new costume for the cross-saddle, but is also most inconvenient, uncomfortable and quite often very dangerous. Many disasters have resulted fatally because of the long-flowing skirts becoming entangled in stirrups or the leaping post, and the rider, losing her balance, falls from the horse and being dragged to her death before her steed could be stopped.

The cross-saddle places a person in a perfectly balanced position, and by this means the rider is able to grip with the knees, thus making her position more secure. In climbing mountains and steep pathways, should the horse suddenly slip and fall, the cross-saddle rider is able to jump off on either side and thus save herself; whereas, should she be riding in a side-saddle she would be doomed.

Mrs. Isabelle Bishop tells us that cross-saddle riding was the only way she could accomplish long and difficult journeys. In her book on the "Sandwich Islands," she states that the Hawaiian women never knew of any mode of riding other than astride of a steed.

Miss Coulson, for her use in South Africa, had three riding habits made. One was a dark blue felt hat with feathers, a well-fitting blue jacket, dark blue skirt and knickerbockers to match and high-legged boots. The other habits were of the same design, but different colors. She visited some cousins who had settled in South Africa. They laughed at her when they saw her in her riding habit, and informed her that she would have to ride in man fashion. Very soon she became accustomed to riding astride, and she now states that the real pleasure of riding is all lost unless this manner of riding is adopted.

As mentioned before, no woman ever thought of the side-saddle until it was introduced by the wife of Richard II. The females of the Indian tribes in America all rode astride, and in China, Japan and other countries women knew of no other way of sitting on a horse.

Lady Florence Dixie, in her famous ride through Patagonia, claims she could not positively have accomplished the feat in the cramped position of the side-saddle. She wore a divided skirt, and found the cross-saddle the only one on which she could have made the journey.

It is indeed a task for a woman attired in a side-saddle costume of long flowing skirts to mount a steed alone. She requires the services of a groom, who must make a step or a sort of a platform with his hands. This great inconvenience could be overcome should the new "reform" prevail, which would permit ladies to leap in and out of the saddle with perfect ease.

One of our illustrations shows a woman's side-saddle riding habit without skirt or jacket. It is readily seen that the strain the rider must exert in order to clutch or grip the saddle post with her limbs is great. When the steed is on the gallop this strain intensifies and tires the rider greatly. The other illustration shows how much more natural and with how much more ease the cross-saddle rider appears than one mounted on a side-saddle. This costume is plain, neat and does not inconvenience the rider by long and tanglesome skirts.

Every woman who rides does so for exercise and for her health. She should think a little further and consider whether or not her method of riding is really beneficial.

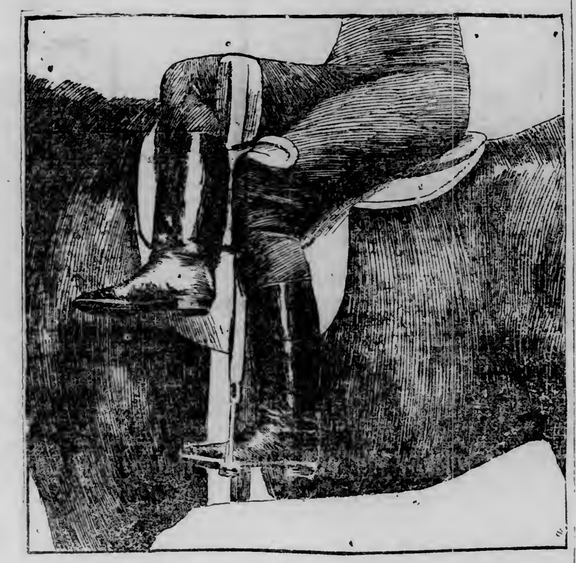
Place two women side by side on two horses, one in each costume, and the cross-saddle habit will have the appearance of being just as refined, and can be worn with as much propriety as the side-saddle habit.

This reform is one to which every horsewoman should give consideration, and the sooner they take to it the better for their health and pleasure in taking this now much practiced exercise.

DECIDED MOVEMENT IN FAVOR OF WOMEN RIDING ASTRIDE.

NOTE THIS EASY AND GRACEFUL STYLE.

THE CORRECT SIDE-SADDLE POSITION.



It has been decided definitely that it is not immodest for women to ride astride. That it is more healthful as well as more graceful there is no doubt. An authoritative article deals with this question from all viewpoints.

Talk of the Politicians.

Republican County Convention Will Be Held on June 21, and County Officers Will Probably Be Nominated Then.

Hard Fight for the Office of Sheriff. | Halden and Cooley After the Auditorship.

The coming convention of the Republican party of the county of St. Louis is the most interesting thing in politics at the present time in this vicinity. It will be held on June 21. The Republican county committee will meet in a very few days to decide on the particulars of the call. The outlook is that the convention will be called for the nomination of delegates to the state convention which will nominate a state ticket and for the nomination of county officers. As to the latter there is some doubt. Most of the Republicans seem to want the county officers nominated at this convention for the reason that to hold another convention will be too expensive, as it would be the third convention of the year. There are, however, a few who think the county officers ought not to be nominated until later on. They say that it is too early to nominate them. This class is largely made up of those who want offices and are not quite ready for the fight.

The wish of the majority seems to be to have the county ticket placed in the field at this convention, however, and this will probably be done. The plan of the state organization makes this advisable, and some Republicans are predicting that it will be a serious mistake not to nominate at this time as I will interfere with the state organization plan.

* * *

The fight for county nominations will be one of the hardest ever seen in this county, and it is doubtful if it can be settled without some sores being left. Another reason in favor of an early convention is found in this, too, for there is ample time if the officers are nominated next month for all the bitterness to die out. It will be one of the most remarkable fights ever seen here for the reason that the contest for one office will overshadow all others and until it is settled scarcely any others know where they are at. This office is that of sheriff and the candidates are principally two, with a possible third. The two are W. C. Sargent, the present incumbent, and A. P. Cook, who at present holds the office of superintendent of prisons. The possible third is Swan Hanson, a resident of the Sixth ward of Duluth, who is quite prominent in the politics of his section of the city. He is almost certain to be after the place, but the principal contest will be between the two first mentioned. It will be a terrible fight for the men are both popular and active and know the ins and outs of a political contest very well.

Mr. Cook is looked upon to have the support of what is known as the Willcuts machine, for he has always been closely identified with the men in that organization and has worked with them. Mr. Willcuts himself will appear actively in the fight, for he has always said that his fight was the Morris one, and that when he had finished that he was through and would let the other fellows have it out themselves. It is good politics for him to do this and he probably will take no active part. A day or two before the primaries which settled the congressional fight there was a report that Mr. Willcuts and his close associates had made a deal and thrown Mr. Cook in the air and would support Mr. Sargent for re-election. Singularly enough the idea was credited by some, but it was scoffed at by men who know politics. It was reported at the same time that Odin Halden had also been thrown by the Willcuts men and that J. E. Cooley would be their candidate. The story was conspicuously circulated—possibly by intent and with a purpose—so much so that the Minneapolis Journal reporter who was here at that time reviewing the situation used it in the columns of the Journal, reporting it as follows under date of May 5:

"Late yesterday afternoon complications involving the fight for the congressional nomination with local politics began to appear. As the story was told around by those on the inside, it had the congressional contest between Morris and Windom badly confused with the fight for the shrievalty nomination between Sheriff W. C. Sargent and A. P. Cook, chairman of the Republican county committee. Cook has been recognized as a Morris man tight along, although desperate efforts have been made to keep county and congressional politics from mixing. But as it was presumed that Cook would get the help of the Morris men, Sheriff Sargent permitted his deputies to get out and rustle in Windom's interests. Their work, so it is claimed, began to tell, and alarmed the Morris managers. Soon thereafter Sargent called off his deputies from their work for Windom. It is conjectured that some of the Morris managers have promised Sargent support for this change in tactics. The sheriff's willingness to do this is taken to mean that he has come to the conclusion that the Windom ship is sinking. But this leaves Cook up in the air. He is very much perplexed over the situation, and is reported to have admitted that he had been stabbed in the camp of his supposed friends. Apparently his only recourse is to make the best of an ugly situation, and do all he can for Windom. It remains to be seen whether he will do this or nothing.

"The situation is still further complicated by a reported mix-up in the contest for the Republican nomination for county auditor. O. Halden, the present auditor, has been banking on Morris' support. His friends have become alarmed by the report that the Morris men have shifted to J. E. Cooley."

The story is an absolutely absurd one. The Willcuts-Morris men could not afford to throw Mr. Cook of their wereto minded for he has worked with them too long and has too many friends, and would work sweet revenge in such a case. Mr. Willcuts himself may keep his hands off the fight, but the Willcuts-Morris leaders will be in the fight on the Cook side. Mr. Sargent has a great personal following, however, that makes him a very formidable candidate. He undoubtedly has a wider acquaintance throughout the county than Mr. Cook, and being in the office has many strong strings which he can pull.

* * *

County Auditor Halden is anxious for a renomination and will be a strong man for anyone to defeat before the convention. He has had the office three terms, it is true, but there is less prejudice against a long continuance in office than there once was. Opposed to him is J. E. Cooley, of this city. Mr. Cooley is an old resident of Duluth, in fact one of the oldest, and is known all over the county.

There has been much talk to the effect that the ranges would demand two of the county offices this fall and that one of them would be that of county auditor. Some weeks ago the gossip was that J. G. Vivian, of Eveleth, would be pushed for the place. Since then, however, it has been learned that Mr. Vivian does not want it, and up to this time there is no other range candidate heard of. There is a feeling however, that the ranges may come down with a demand for this office.

* * *

The other office which the range may ask for is likely to be either superintendent of schools or judge of probate. In connection with the latter office the name of M. C. Palmer, mayor of Virginia, is heard. Mr. Palmer was in Duluth yesterday and said that he was not a candidate for the place. He would not say, however, that if the ranges decided to ask the county convention for the place that he would not be willing to take the nomination. He is simply not a candidate for the office. W. G. Bonham, of Eveleth, is also mentioned as a possible candidate for judge of probate. He is another strong man and is well thought of by the bar here. Needless to say, J. B. Middlecoff, the present incumbent, wants a renomination.

* * *

County Attorney Phelps has no show for a renomination and will not try for it. He is rather anxious to see his assistant, J. M. McClintock, get the place. J. A. Banks is looking for the nomination and will make an active canvass for it.

* * *

C. A. Peterson, R. C. McKinlay and August Lofgren are candidates for the chances to run against R. S. Munger for register of deeds.

* * *

For the office of superintendent of schools E. N. Wheeler, the present official, is looking for a renomination. When he was nominated two years ago he was looked upon as practically a range man, for he was teaching there. The ranges do not now regard him as a range man, however, and may have a candidate in the person of Principal Lovelace of the Soudan schools. Hibbing may also have a candidate for the place.

* * *

The Democratic county convention has been called to meet at 2 o'clock on the afternoon of June 14 at the city hall. This convention will select fifty-two delegates to go to the state convention, which will be held in Minneapolis June 20. At the state convention there will be elected four delegates-at-large to the national convention which will meet at Kansas City July 4, and two delegates from each congressional district. The district delegates will be elected by the delegations from each district who will caucus by themselves. The usual alternates will also be elected.

* * *

The calling of the county convention has stirred up interest in the selection of the delegates who will go to Kansas City. There is good reason to believe that Duluth can have one of the delegates-at-large, and the name of John G. Brown was suggested in the columns of The Herald. Up to this time it seems to have been the only one conspicuously suggested, although there has been some mention of C. O. Baldwin. Of the district delegates Duluth may have one, too, and in this connection the name of C. O. Baldwin was heard before he was mentioned as a possible delegate-at-large. T. T. Hudson is also suggested, and the name of Morris Thomas has also been heard.

* * *

The Garfield Republican club is to meet Tuesday and hold its semi-annual election of officers. As the officers chosen then will serve during the campaign there will be considerable interest in their selection. President Laybourn, who is a candidate for office, will decline a re-election. There will be several addresses as follows: "Election of United States Senators by Direct Vote," William J. Barnes; "The Ship Subsidy Bill," H. C. Fulton; "Shirt-Sleeve Politicians," Rev. H. W. Knowles.

NOT A WHEEL TURNED.

That railroad companies are not always the soulless, heartless corporations they are sometimes represented to be was proved yesterday by the manner in which the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis and Western & Atlantic railroads paid a last tribute to the memory of Superintendent of Motive Power James Cullen, who died in Nashville Thursday night, and was buried yesterday at noon, says the Atlanta Constitution.

While the funeral ceremonies at the grave were being conducted and the body was being lowered into the grave business of all kinds was suspended absolutely on the 1200 miles of the railroad system that Mr. Cullen had served so long and faithfully.

Every engine and train on the system came to a standstill promptly at noon; in all of the shops and offices of the company business and work ceased. Work of all kind was suspended by every employe of the company for five minutes, while the remains of the late superintendent of motive power were being laid in their last resting place.

Superintendent J. L. McCollum of the Western & Atlantic issued the following order yesterday morning:

"All engines and trains on the Western & Atlantic railroad will come to a standstill wherever they may be, promptly at 12 o'clock noon today and will remain standing five minutes. Work of all kind will be suspended for five minutes at that hour. Trainmen must protect themselves on the line. This is to commemorate the interment of our late Superintendent of Motive Power James Cullen."

At whatever point on the line the trains were they all stopped at noon, and not a wheel moved along the entire system for five minutes. The bells on all of the engines were tolled as long as the suspension of traffic continued.

The tribute has a deeper and stronger significance to railroad men than it will have to the general public. It meant what the volley fired over a soldier's grave by his comrades means.

James Cullen began work for the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis railroad in 1858 as an engineer. He was already a fine mechanic. In 1872 he went with the St. Louis & Southern as foreman of the shops of that road, but in the following year he returned to the service of the Nashville, Chattanooga & St. Louis as roundhouse foreman. He was soon promoted and made foreman of the machine shops of the road at Nashville. Later he received another promotion, and was made master mechanic at Nashville. In addition he was made superintendent of car building.

In 1890 Mr. Cullen was appointed superintendent of motive power, and held the position until the time of his death.

Tortured a Witness.

Intense suffering was endured by witness T. L. Martin, of Dixie, Ky., before he gave this evidence: "I coughed every night until my throat was nearly raw; then tried Dr. King's New Discovery which gave instant relief. I have used it in my family for four years and recommend it as the greatest remedy for Coughs, Colds and all Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. It will stop the worst cough, and not only prevents but absolutely cures consumption. Price 50c and $1. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottles free at W. A. Abbett's drug store.

Our Trade With Germany

Exports to That Country During the Past Nine Months Show a Large Gain, Although Provisions Fell Off Slightly.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 26.—(Special to The Herald.)—American commerce with Germany does not thus far show any falling off as the result of the recent agitation in Germany upon that subject. Indeed, our exports to Germany during the nine months ending with March, 1900, show a larger gain than those to any other country, the total for the nine months being $142,781,489 against $123,222,617 in the corresponding months of last year, making a gain of $19,558,872, a larger increase than in our exports to any other country. In the single item of provisions, however, there is a reduction of about 15 per cent, while in nearly all other articles there is a marked increase. Even in provisions the fall ing off in the nine months under consideration is but about $2,500,000. This is less than the increase in copper or in illuminating oil, and but about one-half the increase in corn alone, being also but one-third of the increase in the single item of cotton.

The detailed statement of our exports to Germany during the nine months ended with March, show an increase in cotton, corn, flour, fruits and nuts, cotton seed oil, seed, tobacco manufactured and unmanufactured, coal, copper, illuminating oil, agricultural implements, electrical and scientific instruments, clocks and watches, builders' hardware, sewing machines, boots and shoes, and numerous other articles, while the chief reductions affect provisions, wheat, live animals, hides and skins, typewriters, sole leather, oil cake and lumber. That the reduction in these few articles is far less than the increase in the other articles is shown by the fact, already mentioned, that the net gain in our exports to Germany is nearly $20,000,000 and is greater than the gain in exports to any other country, the increase for the month of March alone being over $7,000,000.

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The people of the United States are greatly interested in anything pertaining to our navy. Our easy victory over Spain in naval battles has convinced the average American that our navy is invincible. This, however, is a mistaken idea and congress at this session or in the future will provide sufficient money to improve the United States navy considered absolutely necessary in view of the policy of this administration growing out of the war with Spain. There is considerable gossip everywhere in connection with our navy.

The little black republic of Liberia, over which this government exercised a protectorate for many years, has no navy, and a appeals to the president for one or two ships suitable for patrol work in the shallow waters near Monrovia, the capital.

Several years ago Great Britain presented the republic with two flat bottom boats, armed with old guns, which have since served as warships and comprised her naval strength. Disaster has befallen her navy, and within the last two months the two ships were wiped from her naval list. These boats were the Garancia and the Rocktown. The former encountered a heavy gale in February last, and being swept ashore, foundered and went to pieces. Then the Rocktown struck a rock and sank a few days later, and immediately the naval officers appealed to United States Minister Smith to secure from this government two boats suitable for patrol duty. Secretary Long was asked, if possible, to select one or two adapted to the Liberian rivers. The Peoria, a seagoing vessel of light displacement, was recommended by Admiral Hichborn as available, and the work of fitting her for the voyage was about to be ordered when the naval ordnance bureau found she was required for service at the new magazine station, Iona Island, just north of New York, in the Hudson river, and she was abandoned. The whole list of small vessels now at the navy yards has been examined and the department finds not one can be spared for presentation to Liberia.

* * *

Few rulers among the great powers of the world are so well provided with official yachts as the president of the United States, and while he makes comparatively little use of either the Dolphin or the newly-acquired Sylph, there are no finer vessels of their class afloat flying the ruler's distinctive flag. They are now at the navy yard here, and will be used soon by the president and some invited guests. As an official yacht the Sylph has no equal of her size. She was purchased from some rich owner for the Spanish war and is fitted out with a more sumptuous equipment than any boat of her class in American waters.

* * *

The crew of the battleship Texas, according to reports received at the navy department, has given a great deal of trouble to the commanding officer during the cruise of the vessel in the last six weeks. It began at Galveston, where the vessel, with the flagship New York, was sent to take part in a celebration last April, and was repeated at Bermuda, from which the squadron sailed for Porto Rico to assist in the ceremonies incident to Governor Allen's inauguration. All during the cruise the crew apparently gave trouble, and as a result ten court-martials are now being held on the ship at New York.

The charges against all the men are of such a nature that, if found guilty, most of them will be sent to the government prison at the Boston navy yard. A large number were disrated and otherwise punished before the court-martials were ordered.

* * *

Naval men here have a scheme in preparation, according to the New York Post, for establishing a system of naval reserves to supply, in case of need, the 22,000 able jacks demanded by the navy as it now exists. The scheme is to pay a retaining fee to the fishermen along the coast from Maine to North Carolina, and require of them, in their annual payment, service for four or five months yearly on board training ships. Seamen are regarded as the proper raw material for crews of our warships, and the fishermen are practiced seamen. They are comparatively useless, however, aboard the modern warship without training, and the idea is to let them pursue their calling during the larger part of the year and during the rest of the year serve on the training ships. Advantage would be taken of the seasons during which fishing is impracticable. After training for a few months the fishermen would be passed into reserve and receive a yearly sum, in consideration of which they would be under obligation to serve in the navy when called upon. England has such a reserve for her army and navy and it has worked well. Recently Canada, Australia, New Zealand and other British colonies have formulated reserve systems. The Canadian system draws largely on the Newfoundland fishermen. The Newfoundland men, it is said, are engaged in the fishing industry about six months of the year. The naval militia of the various states constitutes a sort of reserve, which was drawn up during the war with Spain, but it is desired to have a reserve system entirely under control of the navy department, by reason, it is said, of the recent reluctance evinced on the part of some of the naval militia of the states to embark on practice cruises on naval vessels.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Carleton College.

Carleton college, at Northfield, Minn., was founded by Minnesota Congregationalists in 1866. The college department was organized in 1870, and the first class was graduated in 1875. It is a Christian but not a sectarian institution, and is on the coeducational plan. Its grounds embrace 65 acres; it has seven buildings, a library of 1500 volumes, a faculty of 26 members, and maintains three departments, the college proper, the academy and the school of music. The enrollment during the past year was 405, of whom 234 were in the college proper. The observatory is exceptionally well equipped, doing much original work, publishing an astronomical magazine and furnishing time to some 35,000 miles of railroad. Perhaps the most interesting item of the year has been the offer of Dr. D. K. Pearsons, of Chicago, to give $50,000 to the college on condition of $100,000 more being raised. A good beginning of the fund has been secured and it is believed that the whole amount will be raised by Jan. 1, the time-limit fixed by Dr. Pearson. The president of the college is Rev. James W. Strong, D.D.

Nervous Women

are ailing women. When a woman has some female trouble she is certain to be nervous and wretched.

With many women the monthly suffering is so great that they are for days positively insane, and the most diligent efforts of ordinary treatment are unavailing.

Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

comes promptly to the relief of these women. The letters from women cured by it proves this. This paper is constantly printing them.

The advice of Mrs. Pinkham should also be secured by every nervous woman. This costs nothing. Her address is Lynn, Mass.

PERFECT MANHOOD

Prof. Jules Laborde's Marvelous French Preparation of

"CALTHOS"

For Lost Manhood.

Full 5 Days' Treatment

SENT FREE

By Sealed Mail.

NO C. O. D. OR DEPOSIT SCHEME.

Every person who is a sufferer from nervous diseases should write the Von Mohl Co., Cincinnati, Ohio, at once, and accept their offer of a five days' trial treatment free of charge. This is no C. O. D. or DEPOSIT scheme but a liberal proposition made to unfortunate sufferers by this long-established concern, which is the largest importer of specifics for nervous and sexual diseases in the world.

The Von Mohl Co. has the sole American rights for Prof. Laborde's French preparation of "Calthos," the only remedy known to advanced medical science that will positively cure nervous debility. This remedy has for years been used as a specific in the French and German armies, and since its introduction into the United States has cured many thousands of sufferers, and the remarkable success of the remedy in Europe has been repeated in this country.

In order to place this wonderful treatment in the hands of every person who suffers the mental and physical anguish of sexual weakness, The Von Mohl Co. has decided to send a free trial treatment to all who write at once. The remedy is sent by mail in a plain package, and there is no publicity in receiving it or taking it. Accompanying the medicine there is a full treatise in plain language for your to read, & Take the medicine privately with perfect safety, and a sure cure is guaranteed.

Lost vitality creeps upon men unawares. Do not deceive yourself or remain in ignorance while you are being dragged down by this insidious disease. No matter what the cause may be, whether early abuses, excesses or overwork and business cares, the results are the same—premature loss of strength and memory, emissions, impotency, varicocele and shrunken parts. This specific remedy will cure you at any stage before epilepsy results, with consuming consumption and insanity. "Calthos" goes directly to the seat of the trouble, no matter of how long standing, and the patient feels the benefit of the first day's treatment. In five days the medicines sent free will make you feel like a new man.

The Von Mohl Co. often receives the most astonishing testimonials from persons who have taken only five days' treatment. They have thousands of testimonials from these who have been permanently cured after having been given up by doctors, misled and ruined in health by disreputable medical schemers, and when they had given up their last hope for health and happiness. No sensible person will permit his name to be used for a testimonial as an admission that he had any of the diseases for which the preparation of "calthos" is a specific cure. Some irresponsible advertisers are using "made-up" testimonials, but the Von Mohl Co. invariably declines to make public the names or correspondence of any patients who have been cured by "Calthos."

Five days' treatment will be placed in your hands free of cost, and you are earnestly urged for your own sake to send for it without delay. Write to day and send your address. It is not necessary to give embarrassing details of your symptoms. The book accompanying the five days' treatment will enable you to take the medicine in private and treat yourself successfully at home. It costs nothing to try this remedy. It may cost you a great deal more to let this offer go by. Write today. Address THE VON MOHL CO., 431 B, CINCINNATI, OHIO. Largest Importers of Standard Preparations in the United States.

"THE POT CALLED THE KETTLE BLACK." BECAUSE THE HOUSEWIFE DIDN'T USE

SAPOLIO

MANHOOD RESTORED "CUPIDENE" This great Vegetable Vitalizer, the prescription of a famous French physician, will quickly cure you of all nervous or diseases of the generative organs, such as **Lost Manhood, Insomnia, Pains in the Back, Seminal Emissions, Nervous Debility, Pimples, Unfitness to Marry, Exhausting Drains, Varicocele and Constipation.** It stops all losses by day or night. Prevents sickness of discharge, which if not checked leads to Spermatorrhœa and all the horrors of impotency. **CUPIDENE** cleanses the liver, the kidneys and the urinary organs of all impurities. **CUPIDENE** strengthens and restores small weak organs.

Thousands of sufferers are not cured by Doctors is because 90 per cent are troubled with **Prostatitis.** **CUPIDENE** the only known remedy to cure without an operation. 5000 testimonials. A written guarantee given and money refunded if cures does not effect a permanent cure. $1.00 a box, 6 for $5.00, by mail. Send for free circular and testimonials.

Address **DAVOL MEDICINE CO.,** P. O. Box 2076, San Francisco, Cal.

Sold in Duluth by MAX WIRTH, Druggist.

NEW TOQUES.

The newest toques are made of kid or suede, large and flat in build, the kid draped in soft folds around the brim. Sometimes it is stitched and again stamped with narrow taffeta bands. Very often these toques are left without any other trimming, depending on the elegance of the folds for sole ornamentation, or they may have a black quill stuck through a large buckle in front.

DR. PIERCE

Room I, No. 5 W. Sup. St., Duluth, Minn.

Regular Graduate. Diploma in Office.

Leading Specialist for the cure of *Chronic, Nervous and Private Diseases.*

Cancer, Piles, Fistula, Stricture, Hydrocele, Varicocele, Rupture and Tumors cured without the knife or ligature.

Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days.

Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles, or any diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark, turbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are guaranteed SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicines sent anywhere by mail or express. Charles moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

REVIVO RESTORES VITALITY

Made a Well Man of Me.

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

produces the above results in 30 days. It acts powerfully and quickly. Cures when all others fail. Young men will regain their lost manhood, and old men will recover their youthful vigor by using REVIVO. It quickly and surely restores Nervousness, Lost Vitality, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Lost Power, Failing Memory, Wasting Diseases, and all effects of self-abuse or excess and indiscretion, which unfits one for study, business or marriage. It not only cures by starting at the seat of disease, but is a great nerve tonic and blood builder, bringing back the pink glow to pale cheeks and restoring the fire of youth. It wards off Insanity and Consumption. Insist on having REVIVO, no other. It can be carried in vest pocket. By mail, $1.00 per package, or six for $5.00, with a positive written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Book and advice free. Address

Royal Medicine Co., 249 Dearborn St. CHICAGO, ILL.

For sale in Duluth, Minn., by S. F. Boyce, druggist.

AMUSEMENTS

LYCEUM THEATER
E. Z. WILLIAMS, Owner and Manager.

SATURDAY, JUNE 2.

—E. D. STAIR PRESENTS—

THE COMEDIANS

WARD AND VOKES

IN THEIR MUSICAL FARCE

THE FLOOR WALKERS

40 PEOPLE 40

AMUSEMENTS

LUCY DALY MARGARET DALY VOKES

—THE—

Chicago Ladies' Quartet.

Habbie Bernard, Will West, Geo. Sidney, John W. Early

...TWO DOZEN PRETTY GIRLS...

The largest, best dressed and most superbly staged production of musical farce comedy in

AMERICA.

Regular prices—
25c, 50c, 75c and $1.00

GOSSIP OF THE STAGE

Ward and Vokes to Present "The Floor Walkers" at the Lyceum Next Saturday Night.

There is a suggestion of fun and laughter in the very names of Ward and Vokes, whether it is because these two favorite comedians have become so thoroughly identified with fun in all its classes or not, or whether one immediately thinks of that ridiculous "Percy and Harold" sketch they did so long, it is hard to say. Certain it is, however, that these comedians have solidly established themselves as experts in the fun business, and the announcement of their coming generally means good business for the theater at which they appear. This thoroughly reliable attraction will be seen at the Lyceum Saturday evening, June 2.

They bring a company of forty people and a complete scenic dress for the two acts in which the floor walking takes place. It is said that the Ward and Vokes management have eclipsed all their previous efforts along the line of rich dressing and that the wardrobe of the present offering is simply stunning. There is a large chorus of pretty girls and such well known farce comedy principals as Lucy Daly, Margaret Daly Vokes, the Chicago Ladies' quartet, Hattie Bernard, Will West, George W. Sidney and John W. Early. So it will be seen that the company is almost identical with the one seen in Ward and Vokes' run of two months in Chicago during the past summer. During Veiled Prophet week "The Floor Walkers" attracted to the Century theater, St. Louis, the largest week's attendance in the history of that theater. There are nearly twenty musical and vaudeville numbers in the pogam to be offered.

Of course, the style of entertainment is "farce comedy." It is a typical Ward and Vokes show. To any one who has ever seen "A Run on the Bank" or "The Governors" no more need be said, though "The Floor Walkers" is promised to be a larger effort than both their other successes combined. To anyone who has never seen a Ward and Vokes performance no better advice can be given than to go and see this one. All pretense to reason or sense is abolished and for two and a half hours you give yourself up to the ridiculous influences which are before you. Specialty follows specialty, song follows song and novelty permeates all.

LIQUOR IN THEATERS.

In New York the sale of intoxicants in any theater, or in any part of the building accessible from a theater without going inside, is forbidden, in plain terms. Formerly this was rigidly enforced. Now it is relaxed so much as to permit open doors between lobbies and barrooms. But the managers of the legitimate dramatic theaters cannot open a bar in the most secluded corners of their smoking rooms. At the same time these theaters which take out licenses as concert halls, including the New York, the Victoria, Koster & Bial's and Weber & Fields', do an unrestricted business in beverages. The law in explicit words restricts the entertainment in music halls to concerts, and expressly forbids everything theatrical, yet in all the places named and many others plays are enacted as in avowed theatres.

COQUELIN AND BERNHARDT.

The repertory of Coquelin and Bernhardt in their American tour next fall will include not only "L'Aiglon," "Cyrano de Bergerac," "Hamlet," "La Dame aux Camelias," and "Tartuffe," but "La Tosca" as well. Does Coquelin intend to act Scarpia? In "Camille," of course, he will repeat his portrayal of old Duval, and in "Hamlet" act Polonius. It seems to be generally assumed that Bernhardt will act Elmire in "Tartuffe." But Dorine, the maid servant, is a more grateful role, one that Bernhardt could act to perfection, even at this late stage of her career, and one, also, in which Rachel once failed dismally.

FLORENCE ROCKWELL TO STAR.

Florence Rockwell, who last year was leading support of Sol. Smith Russell in "The Hon. John Grigsby," and this year has been with Stuart Robson's company, is to be starred next year in a dramatization of Richard Harding Davis' "Van Bibber" stories. Miss Rockwell is a charming young American actress of very considerable achievement and still greater promise. She began her stage career at a very early age, playing Juliet at Juliet's own age, and holds the record of having been the youngest legitimate leading lady since Viola Allen. When a mere child Miss Allen played Virginia to the Virginius of John McCullough, while Miss Rockwell was for two seasons leading lady with the late Thomas W. Keene, playing Desdemona and other principal feminine roles in Shakesperian repertoire. Abanding the legitimate for modern drama, shre played the heroine in "Cumberland, '61," with great success, and afterwards joined Sol Smith Russell, playing the principal woman's role in "The Hon. John Grigsby." Miss Rockwell then spent a season in stock work, broadening her experience and increasing her repertoire, and the middle of this season she became leading lady with Stuart Robson, succeeding Marie Burroughs. Miss Rockwell will originate the role of Eleanor Cuyler in the dramatization of Aichard Harding Davis' popular "Van Bibber" stories, now being made by Augustus Thomas and Clay M. Greene. Robert Hilliard, who has heretofore achieved success in vaudeville in an adaptation of one of these stories, under the title of "The Littlest Girl," will play the part of Mr. Van Bibber, and little Mabel Tallaferro, whom James A. Herne considers the cleverest child actress on the American stage, will create the role of the littlest girl.

LUCY DALY, WITH WARD AND VOKES.

PADEREWSKI'S SUCCESS.

Last week the Oceanic bore Paderewski away from shores that have been hospitable to the extent of a possible $260,000, and feminine tears will swell the salt sea waves, says a New York exchange. Still, the grief will not assume the appaling proportions of the grief of yester year. The women have learned that there is always a probability of the loved one's return. Some of them have even developed a robust suspicion that there are others. This is Paderewski's fourth American tour and feminine adoration rarely burns brightly upon one altar for nine years. Add to the loss of wealth and the taking of a wife, and the fact that the Polish pianist maintains his ascendeney in the feminine heart seems little short of a miracle. Paderewski with his party traveled in a private car, and only once during the trip forsook the car for a hotel. Mme. Paderewski accompanied him and amiably insists that she has found America charming. She certainly has had an opportunity of forming an opinion, for the tour has pretty well covered the United States from New York to San Francisco, and from Oregon to Texas. From first to last, the pianist's proverbial good luck has stayed with him.

OTIS SKINNER'S LIFE MASK.

When Otis Skinner was in St. Louis last season he was approached by a man who proposed to take the life mask of his face by a new method. Mr. Skinner, who is ready for anything that offers, consented and on the evening appointed made his way to the address given. The time was near 6 o'clock and the street were almost dark. There was a cold rain and everything tended to make the world seem gloomy affair after all. The street into which Mr. Skinner turned to find the house was built up with tall, dingy warehouses and was gloomy and uninviting. At last he found the number and was admitted to a storeroom lighted with one candle. In the semi-darkness he found the man who had arranged for the trial.

The two stepped on a freight elevator operated by the guide and at every story a trap door opened automatically and then closed behind, or rather below them. Mr. Skinner began to grow nervous, but he kept the fact to himself. After going up through six trap doors the pair stepped off into a cavernous room, into the depths of which half a dozen dim candles threw wavering shadows. A white sheet divided the room into two parts and flapped dismally in the current of air from the trap door. A man in a white apron and jacket stepped from behind the sheet, asked Mr. Skinner if he was ready and, though the affair had so far been ghostly, he assented.

He was placed in a chair behind the curtain and a glass case was fitted over his head. A door in the case was opened and his head was securely strapped in place, and then his face fixed in position by an application of adhesive wax. Two paper straws, such as are used in buffets for summer drinks, were placed in his nostrils and he was told it was time to begin. The operator gave him instructions that if everything was not all right he should signal with the left hand and if all was well with the right. The case was closed and the operator began pouring in a flood of soft white paste. It rose in the case, the actor's eyes following it with the thought of the last chapter of Hugo's "Toilers of the Sea" in mind. Presently the man in charge shouted: "Shut you eyes! Quick!" Just at this moment the straws through which Mr. Skinner was breathing collapsed and he was deprived of air. He waved his arms frantically and tried to move his head and lips, but they were securely fastened in the paste and his gestures were the only method he had of communicating with the people outside of the case. At last they understood and loosened the straps and bars that held him and in a few moments he was recovered. The operator showed him that a mistake had been made in using the straws instead of iron tubes. He consented to try again. The result of the experience was the high relief head now used by Mr. Skinner for advertising purposes.

FOOTLIGHT FLASHES.

Signor Guiseppe del Puente, the widely known baritone, died suddenly yesterday at his home in Philadelphia, aged 60. Death was due to apoplexy.

It is not generally known that the genial author of "Bab Ballads" and collaborator with Sir Arthur Sullivan in the production of many charming comic operas enjoys the dignity of being a police court judge. But such is the fact. In the stuffy, ill-ventilated police court at Edgeware W. S. Gilbert, J. P. and playwright, occasionally presides and metes out the justice of the land to evildoers.

Julia Neilson is to act Nell Gwynne.

Sir Henry Irving and Ellen Terry will reappear at the Lyceum in London June 16. In "Olivia," as Dr. Primrose and his elder daughter they will take up two roles in which their acting is quite beyond cavil. Fred Terry, who seeks to be no longer concerned with the theatrical enterprises of his wife, Julia Neilson, will be the Squire Burchell.

Lillian Blanvelt will be heard in America next season.

Kyrle Bellew is in Australia, where he owns some mining property. As a youth he was a police reporter on one of the Melbourne newspapers. His name was Harold Haggins. Afterwards his father took the name of Bellew by law. The son made his first appearance on the stage as Harold Kyrle.

Robert Buchanan has written a play founded on the episode of the Boy and the Organist (and the Fried Eggs) in "The Heavenly Twins." Presumably it will have a happy ending, the Organist marrying the Boy, who turns out to be a girl and not to be already married, as in the book.

The World of Labor

Charles A. Towne Addressed the Federated Trades Assembly on Labor Problems.

One of the largest, most enthusiastic and thoroughly interesting meetings of the Federated Trades' assembly in recent years was held last evening in Kalamazoo hall. Hon. Charles A. Towne was the honored guest of the central labor organization, and delivered an eloquent address, discussing problems of labor and social evolution. He was greatly pleased with the assembly's invitation, and seemed to take considerable interest in the debate on "free shines at a hades born ratio" that occupied the early part of the meeting.

At the beginning of his economic talk, the speaker said that it was generally assumed that there was a vital distinction between what is called labor and what is called capital. However, labor could not do without capital, and capital could not do without labor. The reaction of labor, while intended against the men that use capital, was often against capital itself. He touched on the evolution of man physically, mentally and socially, and pronounced the theory that labor and capital should travel in opposition, as a false, wrong and mischievous idea.

Mr. Towne said that he was something of an ultimate socialist himself, but did not like to say so, for the reason that some might misconstrue the meaning, but "who," continued the speaker, "in the large and comprehensive conception of the term, is not an ultimate socialist?" No man had a right, or could exist independent of society. Every man's welfare was dependent on the welfare of his fellowmen, and arguing from this he insisted that the system of society which gives any individual the benefit of increased value of property, without the work of the individual, was wrong, and that society in general should receive the benfit.

Speaking of the troubles between capital and labor, Mr. Towne referred to the St. Louis and other street railway strikes that have been occupying so much attention recently. He said there had been a number of street car systems in St. Louis, and the employes of each system had their local labor organizations. By and by all the systems consolidated, and it was a great thing, but the moment there was an effort to consolidate the various street railway unions there was a great "roar" from the capitalists. The speaker said that his sympathies were generally with the strikers, but that there were many unfair and dangerous strikes, and he warned the labor interests against these, and particularly against the lawless element, which is more or less a factor in every labor difficulty of moment.

After his address Mr. Towne was given a unanimous vote of thanks and enthusiastic applause.

* * *

Among the large number of new delegates at last night's meeting were: H. B. Whitaker, W. H. Longstreet and J. J. Laundergast, of the Theatrical Stage employes, and George Kissinger, Erne Rickard and William Tunell, of the Butchers' union.

* * *

The following delegates have been selected by Duluth labor organizations to attend the convention of the State Federation of Labor, which meets at Red Wing on June 11: The Federated Trades assembly—John McMurchey, A. W. Jones, James Dunn, Gordon O'Neil and Joseph Kreager. Building Trades council—C. L. Higgins. Freighthandlers' union—John McDonald. Plumbers' union—W. E. McEwen. Butchers' union—W. Tunell.

* * *

The assembly appropriated $105 to defray the expenses of its delegation.

* * *

Fred Schoening, of the Butchers' union, has retired from the Trades' assembly and that body loses a hard worker and an excellent trustee. To fill his unexpired term on the board of trustees, Joseph Gutman, of the Bookbinders' union, has been elected.

* * *

William E. McEwen, of the Plumbers' union, and publisher of the Labor World, is a candidate for re-election to the office of secretary of the State Federation of Labor, at the Red Wing convention, and stands splendid chances of winning out. Duluth should give him a solid delegation.

* * *

The Trades' assembly is so taken with the success of last night's meeting, at which Charles A. Towne was invited to speak, that a regular committee on invitation has been appointed, consisting of Edward Kriz, G. M. Davis and A. A. Fidr.

* * *

The Porters' union is making a strong fight against the free shine and from present indications will be backed by every union in the city. Circular letters have been sent out to merchants giving free shines, saying that the members of the local unions will decline to patronize such stores till the free shine system is abolished.

* * *

Owing to a lack of funds in the treasury, J. H. Baker has been dismissed as the business agent of the Building Trades' council.

* * *

The carpenters' strike is still on, but the question of time and wages have been eliminated from the situation. Everything now hinges on the request of the carpenters that the contractors discharge their non-union employes.

* * *

The Freight Handlers' union has elected the following officers for the ensuing year: John McDonald, president; Louis Bye, vice president; B. A. Barr, recording secretary; F. Willett, financial secretary, and Ole Nelson, treasurer. John McDonald was elected delegate to Red Wing.

LABOR NOTES.

The city of Newark is planning a state industrial exposition to be held in that city in 1902, and it is hoped to make it larger than anything of its kind ever seen in New Jersey.

St. Paul woodworkers' strike won an exclusively union shop, a 10-hour day, an increase of 10 cents a day in wages for all those receiving up to and including $2.50 a day; time and half for overtime work, and double pay for work on Sundays or holidays.

A number of Brooklyn men and women started an industrial and social co-operation society as a remedy "for poverty, injustice and inequality." Its title is the Brooklyn Co-operative club. There will be discussions under its auspices held in differgnt parts of the borough during the remainder of the month.

Organized labor in New oYrk has resolved to inaugurate a movement on the lines of the Journal's demand for public ownership. It will start at first with an agitation specifically for the municipal manufacture and distribution of ice. Delegate Lord stated that the American Ice company had brought 300 drivers to New York from New England and was paying them $1 a day less than the union rate for truck drivers.

In New York there are 5000 idle cigarmakers. Last week it was officially announced by the committee that $12,000 had been paid out to 3500 strikers. The union strikers received $5 each and the non-union strikers $3 each. The latter were in the majority and the payment of strike money to each of them was a violation of the last injunction issued by Justice Freedman.

Walter Vrooman, who founded the labor college at Oxford, has started a movement for a new sort of Aiglo-American alliance. It is a union of the workers of both countries through an international convention at Oxford celebrating the second anniversary of the first labor college Feb. 22, 1901. It is proposed to have delegates present representing the workers of Great Britain and her colonies and the United States.

Toronto teamsters earn $38 a month.

In America Japanese service is not cheap. A Japanese going out to service expects to get $25 a month, no matter what he does, and a chef will have from $35 to $50. On a yacht a man will get from $60 to $100.

The seamen of the great lakes are, on the average, getting far better pay than they have for a long time. On the lower lakes especially there has been a big advance granted the men without any controversy with the Lake Carriers' association," said Frank J. Weber, general organizer of the American Federation of Labor. The men, he says, are getting $10 a month more than they did last year at this time. Firemen and wheelmen are receiving $45 a month, whereas they opened last season with $32.50, and later $35, closing the season with $42.50. The seamen have been organized in Buffalo, Tonawanda, Erie, Conneaut, Ashtabula, Fairport, Cleveland and Toledo, about 2000 of them being added to the union ranks. Mr. Weber says they are well organized at Milwaukee, with about 550 members in Ashland, with 100 in Duluth with 200, and in Chicago with about 1300 members. He looks for no disagreements between the seamen and vessel owners this year.

What knowest thou the worth of Rocky Mountain Tea made by the Madison Medicine company, thou foul substitute, who scarcely breathed one summer. Ask your druggist.

Detroit and Return $11.00
Via D. S. S. & A. Ry., June 5.
City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

"30 Minutes in Havana"

A Sure Thing

La Preferencia in a dealer's show case adds tone to his stock. You may always be sure of La Preferencia Cigars whenever or wherever you see them.

La Preferencia CIGARS

10c. and upward. At high-class dealers.

GEO. E. ROLPH CO., Distributers.

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RICH FINDS.

Valuable Discoveries in Egypt By California University Explorers.

The Tomb of a Previously Unknown King is Among Them.

The Egypt exploration fund has achieved a remarkable success at Abydos, where the work has been conducted by Professor Flinders Petrie and Mr. Mace. For the previous four years Abydos had been given over to M. Amelineau, who had had the luck denied to his great predecessor Mariette, to light upon the tombs of the kings of the first three dynasties. M. Amelineau's control over his workmen was so imperfect that many of his finest objects were stolen and passed through dealers' hands, without any record of the details of their position, into various European collections.

In view of the great importance of the site, Professor Petrie determined to go over the ground again more thoroughly and scientifically and search the rubbish heaps of M. Amelineau's work. The result has brilliantly justified him. He has discovered a royal tomb—that of Merneit, a previously unknown king. More than sixty inscribed pieces of pottery have enabled him, as he believes, to identify three of the royal names of the Abydos tombs with those previously known from the lists, says the London Times.

For the Egyptian Research Account works has been carried on by Mr. Garstang among some tombs near Abydos. He has come upon several undisturbed burials both of the twelfth and eighteenth dynasty, and some which it is hoped may belong to that obscure "intermediate" period between the two, the length of which the Berlin Egyptologists, on the strength of an astronomical date in a twelfth dynasty paprus, propose to reduce to about 300 years.

The liberality of the university of California has supported two undertakings in Egypt during the past season. At Kuft, Mr. Reisner's thorough, but unsuccessful attempt to find the long-sought cemetery of Coptos seemed to prove that this cemetery lay just outside the city and that the gradual rise of the valley of the Nile during the last 2000 years has buried it beneath the cultivation. At Umm el Barakat, on the southern edge of the Fayum, Messrs. Grenfell and Hunt, who have transferred their allegianceto the above mentioned American institution, have just completed the fourth season of their work of searching for papyri in Egypt. Here they have discovered the ruins of a large town, whose ancient name appears to have been Tebanis, and whose very existence was hitherto unknown either to archaeologists or to native diggers. To judge from the remains, the life of this city extended from Ptolemaic down to Arabic times. Their excavations in the town yielded them many papyri, especially from the houses of the priests in the temple inclosure. These date from the first to the third century A. D. An early Coptic church with curious frescoes and inscriptions on the walls was also brought to light. In the tombs and adjacent to the town the discovery of a very large cemetery, the earliest monuments dating from the twelfth dynasty, is of especial importance for determining the position and height of Lake Moeris. It proves that the estimate of Capt. Lyons which places the level of Lake Moeris at 25 meters above the sea is the highest which can be entertained, these remains being the first to be discovered on the second of three plateaus into which the Fayum is divided.

In the Ptolemaic cemetery the excavators found about 60 mummies in good preservation, besides others damaged by damp. These had papyrus cartonage like those found by Professor Petrie at Gurub. Much more remarkable than this was the extraordinary discovery among several thousand specimens of mummified crocodile, the local diety of the Fayum, of some of the crocodiles wrapped up in papryus sheets and stuffed in the head and stomach with papyrus rolls. Among these are many large and fine rolls, but, though some have not yet been examined, it is feared that they do not contain important literary remains. All are of late Ptolemaic date. The Greek papyri are being taken to England for publication; the demotic rolls remain at the museum of Ghizeh.

Messrs. Grenfell and Hunt deserve to be congratulated on the result of their season's work, the general result of which is nearly to double the extant quantity of Ptolemaic papyri. Among the miscellaneous items, mention should be made of a remarkable tomb discovered by Carter Wilson at Thebes and of a very fine statue in beaten copper, discovered in fragments at Kom el Ahmar more than a year ago by J. E. Quibell, which has now been successfully put together and placed in the museum at Ghizeh. A word should be added as to the danger which threatens the Temple of Karnak after the fall of the nine columns last year. Two of these columns fell against the pylon and dangerously unsettled that huge mass of masonry, the whole of which now threatens to topple over inwards and knock down like nine-pins the famous rows of columns of the hypostyle hall. Every precaution than can be devised to avert this catastrophy is being taken by M. Maspero and his staff. The critical period will be during the Nile flood this year, whose subsidence may cause a dangerous movement of the soil. After that an attempt will be made to take down the wall of the affected angle of the pylon and rebuild it tier by tier; but unless and until that can be done the European public must be prepared to hear of an unparalleled disaster which no human science or effort may be able to avert.

Detroit and Return $11.00
Via D. S. S. & A. Ry., June 5.
City Ticket Office,
426 Spalding Hotel Block.

Friends, Americans, Countrymen—If you want to enjoy a good smoke, try Flor de Teller, at 10 cents, or Royal Blue, at 5 cents.

Can't Stand Cold

Many children can't stand cold weather. The sharp winds pierce them, and the keen air hurts them. They have cold after cold, lose flesh, and spring-time finds them thin and delicate.

Scott's Emulsion will make such boys and girls hearty and strong. The body is better nourished, and they are better protected. The blood becomes richer, and that makes them warmer.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, New York.

Two Dwellings, East Fourth Street.... $4500
Rented past year $27 each. $1500 handles this.
8-room Dwelling, East Third Street—all modern.... $4000
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FOR RENT—10-room house E. Second Street, hot water heat, hardwood finish, bath, etc., $40

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Eyes trouble you in any way? We fit glasses perfectly and guarantee satisfaction. Oldest optician in Duluth.

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This is the only genuine kind

Any other kind is Not Genuine.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE.
FOR DIZZINESS.
FOR BILIOUSNESS.
FOR TORPID LIVER.
FOR CONSTIPATION.
FOR SALLOW SKIN.
FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE.

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable. Brent Good

Genuine must bear signature: Brent Good

Say "CARTER'S" twice—and be sure they are "CARTER'S."

SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE.

EVERY BRAND OF.... BLATZ BEER

—The Star Milwaukee represents a successful and uniform brew.

Bottle Brands:
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DULUTH EVENING HERALD.

EIGHTEENTH YEAR. MONDAY, MAY 28, 1900. LAST EDITION. TWO CENTS.

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When it costs not a cent more to be well dressed. Because our clothing has a reputation for elegance of fit, finish, fabric and fashion, don't imagine that it costs more money than less elegant garments. If our clothing were nothing but "good" we could offer no greater inducement than the tailor—if it were only "cheap" we could offer no stronger inducement than the ordinary clothier. As it is BOTH "good and cheap" we can offer the greatest inducements in the world for your patronage.

SUITS $10.00 TO $25.00

Store open tonight until 9 o'clock.

Men's and Boys' Outfitters. The BIG DULUTH 125 and 127 West Superior St.

WILLIAMSON & MENDENHALL.

ESTABLISHED 1869.

NOW is the time to insure for your property may be the next to be set on fire. Telephone and we will call on you at once.

Graves-Manley Agency,

GENERAL INSURANCE,
TELEPHONE 165.
Torrey Bldg., First Floor. DULUTH, MINN.

$2,500 Will buy an upper corner lot on East Superior street, Endion, 50x140.

MOORE & STARK, Exchange Building.
Insurance, Real Estate and Loans.

I WANT TO SEE those people who want the very best DENTAL WORK at a very moderate price.

Rooms 5 and 6 Phoenix Block. Telephone 755. Call 4. **D. H. DAY, Dentist.**

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Because it is Healthy, Clean, Pure and Brilliant.

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SAFE! As electric bell work, no danger of suffocation.
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A LONG JOURNEY.

Ely Long journeys generally mean long absences; and a good picture from home is the very best companion.

Our Photographs give pleasure the world over. They possess the true artistic touch and the superiority of their mechanical development leaves nothing to be desired. 7 E. Superior St.

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FOR SALE BY..... PULFORD, HOW & COMPANY,
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GATELY'S
AND GET WHAT YOU NEED.

Furniture, Household Supplies, Men's and Boys' Clothing, Ladies' Tailored Suits, Dress Skirts, Underskirts. Terms to suit you. Cash or Credit. Buy at this store and save money.

GATELY SUPPLY CO.,
8 East Superior Street.

FAIR FOR ECLIPSE

Weather Conditions Perfect With One Exception In Path of Totality.

PLANS CARRIED OUT

Astronomers Were Able to Make All the Observations Desired.

Washington, May 28.—The weather bureau has reported clear weather for the eclipse observations along the entire path of totality, a strip forty-five miles wide, reaching from Norfolk, Va., to New Orleans, La.

Atlanta, Ga., May 28.—Dispatches to the Associated Press at 7 o'clock this morning indicate clear weather throughout the totality path with the exception only of Union Springs, Ala.; Wadesboro, N. C., reports "perfect observation weather;" Siloam, Ga., "clear and bright." From Professor Updegraff, at Barnesville, comes the dispatch: "Weather fair, but not perfect; slightly cloudy."

In Atlanta the weather was clear.

Atlanta, Ga., May 28.—The eclipse of the sun today, visible throughout North America, Europe and Africa, but total only in some parts of Louisiana, Alabama, Georgia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Virginia in the United States, is an event of first importance, not only to astronomers but the world at large. It was unprecedented in more than one respect. Its path of totality, instead of extending through sparsely settled regions or running over scant expanses of water, crossed six states in a populous portion of the country, all of the region being easily accessible by rail and water.

It has been eleven years since a similar event was witnessed, but the advancement of astronomical science and the marvelous improvements in telescopes, photographs and electrical appliances insured more complete observations than ever before known. The United States government and all great educational institutions made elaborate and costly preparations to get the possible observations, and millions of dollars were expended in this way.

While great interest attached to the eclipse itself, the object of the astronomers composing the "eclipse expeditions" from all parts of the country was not alone to observe the passing of the moon before the sun, but the study of the corona. This particular branch of the many phenomena generally attending an eclipse has always been an unsolvable problem. It is the belief of many astronomers that the corona is a product of the sun and has nothing to do with the earth or moon, as formerly suspected. Two spectra, one of bright lines and the other continuous, have been revealed at former eclipses. Hydrogen gas has been indicated and a rare element called helium, recently detected in the volcanic rocks on the earth, has been seen. Of whatever substances the corona may be composed and whatever may be the true nature of its physical and chemical constitution, it is certain that it is of extreme tenuity. So rare is it, that comets in their swift flight around the sun have been known to pass through it without sensible resistance.

Surrounding the sun is a gaseous substance termed by astronomers the "chromosphere." It is believed to be from 5000 to ten miles deep. Projecting through this chromosphere are observed with total eclipses the shoots, or limbs, which rise often to a height of 100,000 miles with amazing rapidity. To the accurate observation of this paramount feature of the eclipse, every appliance of the instrument maker's art combined with the astronomer's knowledge was directed in the hope of reaching a solution of this "philosopher's stone."

Generally speaking, the observations taken by astronomers today were confined to three separate lines of work—the old method of telescopic observations, viewing of the eclipse with the naked eye, and the photographing of the phenomena of the eclipse.

The path of totality today began in the Pacific ocean, just west of Mexico. It passed eastward across Mexico, and entering the United States near new Orleans, proceeded in a northeasterly direction until it leaves the continent close to Norfolk, Va.; then it crosses the Atlantic, touches Portugal and afterward passes across Northern Africa, leaving the earth finally near the northern end of the Red sea.

In this country the cities of New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Raleigh and Norfolk were in the totality path. Besides these cities, the path of darkness included thirty other towns which are large enough to have their names on the map.

Few, if any, observatory parties were located at the large cities, for the reason that they lacked the altitude, and an unobstructed view for any distance was not to be found. The higher altitudes gave reasonable assurance, also, of clearer atmosphere, and at this season of the year less clouds are generally found, especially in Alabama, Georgia and North Carolina.

While the eclipse was visible all over the country, it was only within a path of about five miles in width, extending from New Orleans to Norfolk, that the obscuration was complete. It will be readily seen, therefore, that a difference of five miles in this belt makes a difference of one-fifth in the matter of time in which the obscuration may be witnessed, and a position near the central line of totality increased in geometrical proportion the stupendous grandeur of the phenomenon.

The United States government appropriated liberally for today's great work, and observation parties were established at three places in the South, and at Tripoli, in Africa, by the naval observatory.

Professor Simtheon J. Brown, United States astronomical director, is in charge of the naval parties in the South, which number about sixty persons. Professor Brown's headquarters are at Barnesville, Ga. The preliminary work, such as selecting a site, erecting tents and installing the instruments, was in charge of Professor Milton Updegraff.

Three large buildings were erected on a prominence at an altitude of 1000 feet. A large scaffold was put up and a tent pitched. In one of the large buildings is the polar axis, upon which were mounted various cameras and photographic telescopes. The telescope is revolved slowly by means of a clepsydra or water clock. The equatorial telescopes for visual observation of the corona were also placed in position in this building.

Upon the scaffold the large photo-heliograph, with 6-inch lenses and forty feet focal length was installed. There is, of course, a dark room where the plates will be developed, and on this particular branch of work depends the preservation of the records of the all-important event.

Professor Hill's temporary observatory is on the state of Georgia's experiment farm, two miles and a half from the center of Griffin. This is also a high point. Both to the east and the west, the country is open and afforded a splendid view, not only of the eclipse itself, but the shadow as it appeared from the west could be distinctly seen for miles. This station was selected for the express purpose of making "spectroscopic analysis" of the various phenomena of light. In this particular, the work of the Griffin station differed widely from that at Barnesville.

The third government station was located at Pinehurst, N. C. Professor A. N. Skinner was in charge and his work for the most part was of the same character as that performed by the Griffin observatory. Professor Skinner has been on the ground for two weeks or more, his chief work being to superintend the erection of one of the largest cameras ever constructed. This station is managed by five members of the observatory staff and a number of distinguished specialists, among them Dr. Chase, of Yale.

The eclipse station of the Cabot observatory was located at Siloam, Ga. The party was sent out from the home of the observatory, Oakland, Cal., by Professor James Dalher, a noted astronomer of San Francisco, and members of the Royal Astronomical society of London. Professor Charles Burckhalter, in charge of the party, went originally to Union Point, Ga., where he hoped to be in the line of totality, while availing himself of the record given the little town, that is, the greatest number of cloudless days at this time of the year of any place in the United States. Arriving at Union Point, Professor Burckhalter found that he was several miles from his desired location and he moved across to Siloam, where his instruments were put in position.

The permanent staff of the Yerkes observatory of the university of Chicago, located their station at Wadesboro, N. C., with Professor Edward E. Barnard in charge. A carload of instruments and equipment reached Wadesboro early in the month.

Professor Barnard placed in position a magnificent photographic telescope of 6-inch aperture and focal length of sixty-two feet. This telescope is capable or producing pictures from sixteen to twenty inches in diameter. A delicate apparatus for measuring the heat radiation of the corona was also set up.

Three parties from the big institutions of the East and one from the West were situated at Washington, Ga. The Massachusetts institution of technology sent a delegation in charge of Professor A. E. Burton. Five and 3-inch equatorial telescopes, a combined transit and zenith telescope, sidereal and solar chronometers and other instruments were mounted.

Professor W. H. Pickering directed the party sent out by Harvard. He was assisted by J. Redmunds and J. Ratwell of the same institution.

Blue Hill observatory, Boston, sent out A. L. Rotch and party. The work was confined to meteorological observations, a study and record of the shadow bands and the velocity of the eclipse wind.

A party of four scientists from the West arrived Wednesday night at Washington, Ga. Their observations were confined to photograph and general observations.

SUCCESS AT PINEHURST.

The Sky Unobscured and Every Plan Executed.

Pinehurst, N. C., May 28.—The observations here were a gratifying success. Professor A. N. Skinner, in charge of the naval observatory party, furnished the following statement to the Associated Press at 10 o'clock:

"The sky was unobscured by clouds. The delicate apparatus was in perfect adjustment. The first contact occurred at the predicted time 7:36. The beginning of totality was the signal for the work of the morning, which was accomplished in the short time of ninety-four seconds. Five spectrum photographs were obtained with the flat grating and the concave grating by Dr. Ames and his skillful assistants. Dr. Chase, of Yale, obtained four fine spectrum photographs with the objective prism spectroscope. Fine photographs of the outer corona were obtained with the six cameras on the polar axis. Good drawings of the corona were made by Professors Wood, Frisby and Yowell. Professor Wood and Dr. Dorsey used polariscopes. Mr. Parsons took some valuable polariscopic photographs. Mr. Colton took five fine photographs with the 40-foot lense. Everything passed off successfully. Every plan was executed."

CONDITIONS WERE GRATIFYING.

The Day Was a Perfect One at Washington, Ga.

Washington, Ga., May 28.—The success attending the eclipse observations here was highly gratifying. Professor Burton, in charge of the expedition from the Massachusetts institute of technology, gave out the following statement at 9 o'clock:

"The weather here was perfect. The altitude of 3 degrees 45 minutes; longitude, 5 hours, 30 minutes, 56 and 2-10 seconds. G. L. Hosmer, observer. The first contact was at 7 hours, 2 minutes, 15 and 8-10 seconds, local mean time; second contact, 8 hours, 9 minutes, 52 and 5-10 seconds. The time of totality was 1 minute and 25 3-10 seconds, A. G. Robins, observer. The magneteometer showed no disturbance in magnetic declination. Seven sketches were made of the corona and six phootgraphs taken by Harrison W. Smith."

The success of the observations here was wired to London, England, in one minute. The telegraph company furnished a direct wire from this little town to the cable office in New York city and the cable flashed the last word in one second after it reached the New York office.

Professor W. H. Pickering, at the head of Yale's expedition, furnished the following statement:

"We secured thirty-six plates with intra-mercurial apparatus and thirty-four with thirteen other cameras aided by nineteen asisstants. Visually, with 5-inch telescope, the corona resembled that of the '89 eclipse. Two large solar protruberances were noted. Our polar filaments, six seconds in diameter, traced the corona about one degree. The shadow of the moon on the sky and

(Continued on Page 7.)

DEED MOST FIENDISH

Unknown Assassins Fire Into a Family Group Near Anoka.

FOUR VICTIMS FALL

One, a Lad, Killed Instantly and the Others Will Die.

Anoka, Minn., May 28.—Last night, shortly after 8 o'clock, as William Wise, a farmer ten miles north of here, was sitting at a table playing cards with his wife and four children, some one fired through the window with a shotgun and a Winchester rifle.

William Wise, Jr., 7 years of age, fell dead, a bullet striking him in the back and emerging from his cheek.

James Wise, 11 years of age, was shot through the right lung and lost two fingers of his right hand.

William Wise, 38 years of age, was shot in the right shoulder from behind, ten buckshots entering his body. He is paralyzed and will die.

Mrs. Wise was shot in the back, the bullet emerging from her abdomen. She was also hit in both arms and will die.

Eliza and Martha, the daughters, escaped by jumping into a closet.

It is not yet known who did the shooting, but the suspicion of the authorities falls on two persons now under surveillance.

In all ten or eleven shots were fired.

The Wise family have recently moved here from Wisconsin, where they are said to have been involved in a feud. They had also had some litigation since coming to Minnesota.

WILL APPEAL.

Winnipeg Catholics to Protest to Dominion Government Against School Law.

St. Paul, May 28.—A Winnipeg, Man., special to the Dispatch says: At a mass meeting of Catholics yesterday, resolutions were unanimously passed declaring that the "Catholics of Winnipeg have for ten long years suffered under odious burdens imposed upon them by the school law of 1890," and as no relief is in sight, it is resolved "to take immediate steps to lay our grievances before the Dominion and provincial authorities," and "praying them to come to our relief on the lines laid down in privy council decisions."

CARS RUN AGAIN.

St. Louis Transit Company Operates Most of Its Lines.

St. Louis, May 28.—Cars are in operation today on sixteen of the Transit company's twenty-two lines. As usual, a guard of two police officers accompanied each car on its round. The company hopes to resume the service on two additional north and south lines before the day is over, is sufficient police protection can be secured. Wire cutting is still being done on some of the lines, and this causes considerable trouble and delay.

As the result of an encounter last night between striking and non-striking employes of the Transit company, three men were shot, one being fatally and the others seriously wounded. As Philip Sullivan, James Sullivan and Patrick OConnell, strikers, were passing through Lafayette park, they were approached from the rear and fired upon by three men said to be in the company's employ. One of the bullets passed through Philip Sullivan's right lung, giving him a mortal wound. James Sullivan received a ball in the left cheek and O'Connell was shot through the right leg. Accounts of the affair differ, some bystanders claiming it was a deliberate attempt at assassination on the part of the company's new employes, while others aver it was nothing more or less than a pitched battle between the two factions. A riot call was at once sounded, but the three non-union men had made good their escape by the time of the arrival of the police.

FAILURE IN COTTON.

Collapse of Seymour, Johnson & Co. Is Announced.

New York, May 28.—The failure of Seymour, Johnson & Co., has been announced on the New York stock and cotton exchange.

The firm was organized in March, 1899. Its members were Frederick W. Johnson, Henry A. Seymour and David Webser, the latter said to be a special partner for $50,000.

Alfred Hayes, Jr., is the assignee of the failed firm and Coudert brothers are named as the counsel. It is said that the troubles of the firm are due to committments in the cotton market.

They had been long of cotton, but turned to the short side two weeks ago. In the stock market, they have been bears. No information can be obtained as to the extent of their contracts.

ALASKA VESSEL WRECKED.

Danube Goes Ashore But No Lives Are Lost.

Seattle, Wash., May 28.—The steamer Danube is on the rocks near Hospital Point, Victoria. She was swept there by a heavy wind which caught her broadside on when she was swinging around into the channel between the point and Lehl's wharf. She lies with a list of about twenty feet to port. She had on board over fifty passengers and about 600 tons of groceries and supplies for Dawson.

The passengers were safely landed and the entire cargo unloaded.

GAME POSTPONED.

Cincinnati, May 28.—Cincinnati-Boston game postponed.

FIRE IN THE MINE

Serious Fire In Hecla Branch of Calumet & Hecla Copper Mine.

ONE MAN WAS KILLED

Five Others Overcome By Gas and One In Critical Condition.

Houghton, Mich., May 28.—(Spemial to The Herald.)—No. 2 shaft of the Hecla branch of the Calumet & Hecla copper mine was found on fire last night. A crew of miners, sent down to close the fire doors isolating the workings of that shaft from the balance of the mine, was overcome by smoke and gas before completing the work, and hence the entire mine is in danger.

Will McRae was killed, and Simon Roberts, Richard Roberts, John Hahn, Benjamin Saunders and Richard Martin were overcome by gas, the first named being in a very precarious condition. A rescuing party brought the men to the surface, as soon as an alarm was given, and the medical staff of the Calumet & Hecla hospital revived the victims with a special oxygen apparatus devised for resuscitation, which was brought to the mouth of the shaft for that purpose.

The shaft house in No. 2 shaft was torn down in a few hours and the opening covered with heavy beams and tamped tight with dirt. The shafts adjoining are being similarly covered. Gas is working through the entire mine and is coming through fifty acres of surface from innumerable crevices in the earth caused by the gradual caving of older workings of the mine near the surface. It will probably be necessary to build a special kiln for preparing carbonic gas and smother the fires, as was done twelve years ago.

The Calumet & Hecla is the richest mine in the world. It is valued at $75,000,000 by the market price of the shares Saturday last. It paid dividends of $10,000,000 last year, has a shaft over one mile deep and employs upwards of 5000 men.

ARRAIGNMENT ADJOURNED.

Neely Case Deferred to Await Roosevelt's Decision.

New York, May 28.—The arraignment of Charles W. F. Neely, which was to have been made before Commissioner Shields in the United States district court today on the criminal charges pending against him in connection with the Cuba postal frauds, was adjourned until June 5. The adjournment was taken to await the decision of Governor Roosevelt in regard to the power of the state of New York to issue extradition papers against Neely.

IN CONGRESS.

Senate Agrees to Removal of Port Royal Station to Charleston.

Washington, May 28.—In urging prompt action by the committee on the District of Columbia in reporting a bill granting a charter to another telephone company, Mr. Hale said such action was necessary, as he had no doubt congress would adjourn on June 16, and the bill ought to be acted upon before that time

Mr. Hale presented a partial report of the conference report on the naval appropriation bill, the armor plate question, the course of instruction of cadets at Annapolis and insular coast surveys yet being in dispute.

Mr. Butler inquired what had been done about the proposition to authorize the secretary of the navy, if he deemed advisable, to move the Port Royal naval station to Charleston, S. C.

Mr. Hale replied that it had been agreed to by the conferees.

Mr. Butler objected to the report, insisting that the question of the location ought to be left open with a view to securing the best harbor on the Southern coast for the station. He maintained that Wilmington was a better harbor than Charleston.

Mr. Clay urged, too, that the question be left open in order that Savannah's claims might be considered.

After some debate, Mr. Hale's motion that the conference report be agreed to was carried, 35 to 11.

After routine business had been transacted, Mr. Wellington called up Mr. Teller's resolution expressing sympathy for the Boers, and declaring a desire that the government of the United States should extend its friendly offices to both Great Britain and the Transvaal with a view of bringing the war to a close.

Mr. Wellington maintained that congress would not have performed the full measure of its duty before adjournment if it did not redeem its pledge to give the people of Cuba a free and independent government; if it did not declare its policy as to the Philippine islands, to the holding of which by the United States he was unalterably opposed, and if it did not take immediate action in favor of the Boers.

ALASKA BILL PASSED.

Washington, May 28.—The house has passed the Alaskan civil code bill.

ELI GETS THERE.

Washington, May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Eli Feathers has been appointed postmaster at Page, Mille Lacs county, vice A. L. Johnson, resigned.
J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

NEW YORK CRIPPLED.

New York, May 28.—The American line steamer New York, which was due at this port Saturday, arrived today, having anchored outside the bar last night. The delay in the arrival of the steamer was due to the breaking of a shaft of the port engine, May 22, when in latitude 47.20, longitude 30.16. The shaft broke near the sleeve, carrying away the propellor and outside bracket. After a stop to ascertain the extent of the damage, the New York proceeded under her starboard engine.

RUMOR OF CAPTURE

A Cape Town Report Says Gen. French Is In Johannesburg.

FIGHT AT THE KLIP

Boers Said to Be Preparing For Strong Resistance There.

Cape Town, May 28.—It is rumored here that Gen. French has entered Johannesburg.

London, May 28.—Although the federals are said to be preparing for strong resistance at the Klip river, those who have most closely followed the progress of the war are very skeptical as to the burghers seriously disputing Lord Roberts advance even there.

If no stand is made at the Klip river, the safety of the Boer guns at Laing's nek will be seriously imperilled, for there will be nothing to prevent Lord Roberts from seizing the Johannesburg-Laing's Nek railroad. Indeed, it is already reported that the railroad has been cut, and it is quite possible that the first official news will record the occupation of Heidelberg. Lord Roberts may be forced to halt at the Vaal river to repair the bridge and get his guns and transport across, but the mounted men will not be delayed.

It is said in high quarters that the speedy announcement of the arrival of the British cavalry at Johannesburg will not surprise the war office.

A dispatch from Mafeking, dated May 23, says the total casualties since the commencement of the siege were 803. Out of forty-four officers, twenty-two were killed, wounded or missing, and 190 men out of 575 privates were killed, wounded or missing.

ACROSS THE VAAL.

Roberts' Entire Force Camps North of the River.

London, May 28.—The war office has received the following from Lord Roberts: "Vereeniging, Sunday, May 27, 1:15 p. m.—We have crossed the Vaal this morning and are now encamped on the north bank. The advance troops which crossed yesterday, were only just in time to save the coal mines on both this and the other side of the river from being destroyed. Our casualties were four.

"Baden-Powell reports that the railroad between Mafeking and Buluwayo has been restored, and that supplies are being brought into Mafeking. He says the Canadian artillery joined Col. Plumer from Beira with incredible rapidity.

"Lieut. Webber was taken prisoner at Heilbron a few days ago. He went there on telegraph duty. It was not known that our troops had been temporarily withdrawn."

The Vaal river forms a bend of eight miles from Parys to Zand Drift. The Boers retreated almost without a show of defense. Gen. French and Gen. Hamilton apparently did not fire a shot. Of Lord Robert's immediate force eleven men belonging to the Eighth mounted infantry were the first to ford the river. They came upon a oBer patrol looting at Viljoens Drift, and a skirmish, lasting ten minutes, followed. Two hundred Boers tried feebly to hold the Vereeniging colliery, but they were dislodged. Maj. Hunton Western and the Boer rearguard is at Meyerton, ten miles south of Vereeniging. The main body is moving toward the Klip river hills that cover the south of Johannesburg.

STILL GOING.

London, May 28.—Advices received here assert that supplies continue to go to the Boers from Lorenzo Marques and that foreign recruits for the Boer army proceed from the same point.

RUNDLE AT SENEKAL.

Senekal, Sunday, May 27.—Gen. Rundle, with artillery, the yeomanry and the Wiltshires, Middlesex and Leichester regiments, under Maj. Dalbiac, has ocupied Senekal, whence the Boers were driven by a few shells. A field cornet and a number of other Boers were killed. The British casualties numbered eleven. The Boers are believed to be concentrating near Bethlehem.

COMING IN.

MacArthur Reports the Surrender of Two Batches of Filipinos.

Washington, May 28.—The war department has received the following cablegram from Gen. MacArthur, at Manilla, dated today:

"Three officers, fifty-six men with forty-six rifles surrendered unconditionally at Cuyapo yesterday. Three officers, forty-six men with fifty-five rifles surrendered unconditionally today at Tarlac. These spontaneous surrenders are very encouraging."

CROP REVIEW.

London, May 28.—The Mark Lane Express in its weekly review of the crop situation today says: Wheat has improved, but oats and barley are less promising than for many seasons. French cereals are three weeks late. In Austria Hungary, Southern Russia, Turkey, Greece and Persia wheat and barley are satisfactory. In Italy the average will not be exceeded. Spain expects a good wheat crop.

BISHOP MOORE PARALYZED.

Pittsburg, May 28.—Right Rev. John Moore, the aged bishop of the Roman Catholic diocese of St. Augustine, Fla., was stricken with paralysis at Allegheny yesterday. No imediate danger of death is apprehended.

INSPECTION IN 'FRISCO.

San Francisco, May 28.—The house to house inspection of Chinatown is being continued by the board of health, but as yet no case of bubonic plague has been discovered. Confidence is being restored among the Chinese, and it is expected that most of them will reopen their stores today.

WILL BE FOR BRYAN

Croker's Lieutenant Issues a Statement of the Attitude of Tammany.

A FLATFOOTED STAND

Is United on the Expediency of Sending a Bryan Delegation.

New York, May 28.—John F. Carroll, leader of Tammany Hall, in the absence of Richard Croker, gave out the following carefully prepared statement last night:

"I do not believe that the attitude of the Tammany hall organization at the state convention will be either doubtful or equivocal. As far as I have been able to consult with the representative men of the organization, they entirely accord with my view on both the propriety and the expediency of sending to the national convention a delegation instructed for William J. Bryan as the presidential candidate.

"It is safe to say that every delegate will favor the program, and whatever influence I may possess will be exerted to impress the desirability of its adoption upon the delegates from the other localities in the state."

Mr. Carroll declined to add a word to the statement, but it is understood that it was issued with Mr. Croker's full sanction.

It is stated that the Tammany and Brooklyn Democrats resent ex-Senator Hill's attempt to rehabilitate himself as a leader in state politics, and that there exists a thorough understanding between the Bryan managers and the New York city Democrats.

GOING BRYAN'S WAY.

Results at Maryland Primaries Indicate a Bryan Delegation.

Baltimore, May 28.—Complete returns from the Democratic primaries, which have now been held in seventeen of the twenty-three counties in Maryland, show that unless a change of front occurs before June 5, the day set for the state convention, the delegates in favor of a Bryan instructed delegation will control that body.

All the eastern shore, as well as the northern counties, favor an instructed delegation, but while the free silver sentiment also strongly pervades those sections of the state, the delegates to the state convention will be satisfied with instructing for Bryan and allow the legislative managers their way in the matter of the platform.

The primaries in Baltimore will be held next Thursday. In two of the three districts, the Bryan Chicago platform men will elect their delegates. The organization managers, it is stated, will avoid a fight so far as instructing the delegates to Kansas City goes, but they will do all in their power to prevent any platform declaration in favor of silver.

STORM IN CHICAGO.

Girl Killed By Lightning and a Man Drowned.

Chicago, May 28.—While returning home from a candy store yesterday during a storm Lucy Holden, 13 years of age, was instantly killed by lightning and her sister Irene, 10 years of age, burned about the right side and shoulder, fell by the side of the dead girl in an unconscious condition but will recover. The clothes of both girls were almost burned from their bodies.

Hail to the depth of three inches fell in the north suburbs. The storm was accompanied by a terrific electrical display. Many trees were splintered by the lightning.

Out on Lake Michigan, George Reesch, a saloonkeeper, was drowned and his companion, Paul Kutzner, after clinging to the upturned boat for nearly an hour, was rescued by men from the revenue cutter Michigan.

BISHOPS CONSECRATED.

Chicago, May 28.—By the laying on of hands of twelve bishops and in the presence of 3000 persons at the Auditorium, four new bishops of the Methodist Episcopal church were consecrated yesterday afternoon. The newly consecrated bishops are: David Hastings Moore, assigned to the Shanghai district; John William Hamilton, assigned to the San Francisco district; Edwin Wallace Parker and Frank Wesley Warne, missionary bishops assigned to India and Malaysia. The ceremonies were brief and simple.

GRAND STAND BURNED.

Cincinnati, May 28.—The grand stand of the Cincinnati Baseball club, Western avenue and Findlay street, was almost totally destroyed by fire at an early date this morning. Only a part of the stand was saved. The loss is about $15,000. The Cincinnati and Boston game scheduled for this afternoon will have to be postponed as the Cincinnati team goes on a long Eastern trip Tuesday. The stand will be rebuilt by the time they return from the trip.

BABCOCK'S FORECAST.

New York, May 28.—Representative Joseph W. Babcock, of the Third district of Wisconsin, chairman of the Republican congressional campaign committee, said last night that in his opinion the contest for the control of the next house of representatives would be close. He said that while the reports he had received from various parts of the country indicated the reelection of President McKinley, the loss of a few districts would give the Democrats a majority in the house. Mr. Babcock also expressed the opinion that Senator Charles Warren Fairbanks, of Indiana, had the best chance at present of any of the candidates for the vice presidential nomination.

DAM BLOWN OUT.

Bemidji, Minn., May 28.—The Scanlon and Gipson dam, recently erected across the Mississippi river at the outlet of Lake Bemidji, was blown out by a body of indignant citizens last evening. It was constructed without any fishway and without an act of congress.

Horsford's Acid Phosphate

Gives

Good Digestion.

Taken regularly after meals, removes the sense of distress, oppression and "all gone" feeling of the stomach.

Genuine bears name HORSFORD'S on wrapper.

NOTHING BUT FACTS:

No Deception Used in Talking About Morrow's Kid-ne-olds.

The Arguments in Their Favor Come From People Who Have Tested Their merits.

There is no deception in anything we publish about Morrow's Kid-ne-olds. All our statements are facts and are from people right here in Minnesota. People in all walks of life are using and recommending Kid-ne-olds because they cure backache, nervousness, sleeplessness and general debility in cases where other remedies have failed.

Mr. Fred Pittard, butcher of 1500 Fifth avenue south, Minneapolis, Minn., says: "After suffering with kidney backache, nervousness, sleeplessness and other distressing symptoms of deranged kidneys, I was completely relieved by using Morrow's Kid-ne-olds. I am free from pain, eat well and sleep well and have no reason to complain. I will continue to use Kid-ne-olds for their tonic effect"

Morrow's Kid-ne-olds are not pills but Yellow Tablets and sell at fifty cents a box at all drug stores and at S. F. Boyce's drug store.

Mailed on receipt of price. Manufactured by John Morrow & Co., Chemists, Springfield, Ohio.

REPUBLICANS STIRRED UP.

Honors to Lyon and Saxton Make a Stir.

New York, May 28.—The Herald today says: There has been much surprise among New York Republicans at the action of Secretary Root of the war department in nominating George W. Lyon, formerly secretary of the Republican League club, to a position in the Philippines, and in offering a high official position in Porto Rico to Charles T. Saxton, now judge of the court of claims. It has become known that Secretary Root did not think it worth while to consult Senator Platt about these appointments.

Mr. Lynn was formerly surveyor of the port of New York. He was corporation attorney under Mayor Strong and is not an organization Republican. Judge Saxton stood up in the Saratoga convention which nominated Governor Roosevelt, and after withdrawing his own name from consideration, threw the vote of Wayne county to Governor Black, who made him a judge of the court of claims a year before the expiration of the term of the judge whose place he was to fill. Senator Platt bitterly opposed the suggestion that Mr. Saxton succeed Louis F. Payn as superintendent of insurance.

NO NEW SHIPS.

Not Believed That Turkey Has Ordered Any Built.

New York, May 28.—A dispatch to the Herald from Rome says: "It is believed here that the report that Turkey has ordered eight warships from the Ansaldo shipyards at Genoa is an exaggeration. One report has it that eight old warships are to be modernized and generally overhauled, and that no additions to the navy are to be made. Whatever be the order given, it is known that the Ansaldo yards will accept the commission only on condition that one-third of the price be paid cash. It is rumored that certain German bankers are offering to guarantee the payment of the obligation.

Turkey has just given Herr Krupp a considerable order for new ordnance.

HANCOCK AT HONG KONG.

Philippine Commission Thus Far Safe on Its Journey.

Hong Kong, May 28.—The transport Hancock has arrived here with the members of the new Philippine commission, on its way to Manilla.

BASEBALL.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Milwaukee—Milwaukee, 9; Minneapolis, 6.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Cincinnati—Pittsburg, 10; Cincinnati, 2.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Indianapolis	25	18	8	.692
Milwaukee	30	18	12	.600
Chicago	31	14	14	.548
Cleveland	28	14	14	.500
Kansas City	32	15	17	.469
Minneapolis	32	14	18	.438
Buffalo	28	11	17	.393
Detroit	29	11	18	.379

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	Played.	Won.	Lost.	Per Ct.
Philadelphia	27	17	10	.630
Brooklyn	28	16	12	.571
Chicago	30	17	13	.566
St. Louis	29	16	13	.552
Pittsburg	32	17	15	.531
Cincinnati	29	13	16	.448
New York	27	10	17	.370
Boston	26	8	18	.308

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

At Rochester, Minn., Mrs. Hollensworth, nee Bachmann, wife of a journeyman printer, resident here for a year past, died yesterday from a dose of rough on rats taken with suicidal intent in a fit of desperation, caused by jealousy and family troubles. Her parents live at Merrill, Wis.

The Flambeau Paper company's mill and warehouse at Park Falls, in Price county, Wis., burned yesterday, entailing a loss of $200,000. The fire originated in the engine room of the paper mill. The property is well insured.

The College of Physicians and Surgeons of Chicago has decided to refuse recognition to athletics and no longer to give official sanction to the college football team, on the ground that it interferes with study.

A fire at the bureau of engraving and printing in Washington yesterday caused a loss of about $1500. The damage done was mostly to outbuildings and will cause no interference with the work of the bureau, which prints government money and securities. The cause of the fire is unknown.

At Eau Claire, Wis., William Fountain, aged 18, was drowned in the Chippewa river yesterday, while swimming.

TASK VERY DIFFICULT

War In the Philippine Islands Is Still Far From Ended.

NOW AWAITING OTIS

President Anxious to Consult the General on Return of Volunteers.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The Baltimore Sun is of the opinion that our hold on the Luzon is not what the administration would have the people believe. This paper, as is well-known, is classed as an independent Democratic daily. It is supposed, therefore, to tell the truth regardless of party interests. The Sun has made an investigation of the situation of the Philippines, and from this paper's standpoint, the present Republican administration will not have an easy matter to end the war on those islands. Recently a military map defining the location of the Philippines has been issued by the war department.

According to the Baltimore paper, at least three-fourths of the American forces seem to be in the island of Luzon, as only scattered detachments are in three or four of the other principal islands. Almost every town, village and hamlet in Luzon is garrisoned. At first glance at the map produces the impression that pacification should be complete, for the flag is flying in one continuous chain from end to end of the island.

A second glance, however, shows the immense stretches of unoccupied territory between the fortified settlements. It is in these wastes that the Filipino insurgents live and lurk and lie in ambush. They have been driven out of the towns, but they have the freedom of the country. This is why they are practically able to besiege many of the garrisoned places, and why they are frequently enabled to make hostile demonstrations within cannon shot of Manilla, where artillery and infantry are concentrated by the thousands. There is only one company of cavalry in Manilla. The lack of cavalry has been a most serious impediment to effective operations, and in the opinion of military experts the cavalry force should be at least three times larger than it is.

The President is anxiously awaiting the arrival of Gen. Otis. There is much he would like to have cleared up, and the information and opinions of Gen. Otis, it is hoped, will be of assistance to him.

Although the most determined efforts have been made to conceal it, there can be no question that intense and open discontent exists among both officers and men. The terrible climate, the exposure, the inglorious character of the fighting all combine to produce depressing effects. The men are in for it until July, 1901. They can get relief or release only by deserting, and the penalty is quite sufficient to deter them from that. With the officers it is different. They can tender their resignations, and resignations have been flowing in in a steady stream to military headquarters at Manilla. The statement has been made that 700 resignations of officers have been handed in since Jan. 1. There are no means of verifying or disproving this statement, and it is said that Gen. Otis has filed nearly all of them in his own office and not forwarded them to this city. He has perhaps sent a dozen or two here.

The war department has just now announced the non-acceptance of the resignation of seven officers in the Philippines, and caused it to be known that no resignations will be accepted except for the very best of reasons. This determination is undoubtedly wise, for if there should be anything like a wholesale "getting out" on the part of the officers, it would produce complete demoralization among the men. According to gossip around the war department, one matter the president wishes to discuss with Gen. Otis is the earliest time when it will be safe to hold out hope of return to the volunteers in the Philippines. The war department officials say there are not more than 70,000 troops in the islands, as is so constantly asserted, but in round numbers something like 64,000. Of these about 24,000 are regulars.

The president will be vastly pleased should it be concluded as prudent to leave the regulars to take care of the insurgents and bring the volunteers home and discharge them several months in advance of the expiration of their term of enlistment. It would be a great card for him if this work was commenced about a month or six weeks before the presidential election.

* * *

The Spanish war will probably go down in history as the only one in which this government has been engaged where a long list of brevet appointments were not confirmed and commissions issued to officers for various degrees of heroic conduct in action.

The president, on report of an army commission composed of Gen. Boynton, Gen. Schwan and Col. Carter, was willing to confer 700 brevets to officers who had served in the Cuban, Porto Rican and Philippine campaigns, but opposition to this wholesale award will result in all probability in the subject being entirely dropped for the present.

For those who participated in the Santiago and Cuban campaigns 520 brevets were recommended, for the Manilla fighters 64 and for Porto Rico 115, under the report of the commission. Not one of these bhevets has been confirmed, and it is not likely the list will be again sent to the senate.

In the navy the captains and executives of the Manilla fleet were the only officers whose numbers were confirmed. The bitter controversy between the friends of Admirals Sampson and Schley led to the refusal of the senate to confer any additional numbers on the list of the Santiago captains and executives.

* * *

The decision of the senate committee on appropriations to insert an item of $5000 in the pending deficiency bill as partial payment of the $75,000 claim of the widow of Dr. Ruiz brings to mind one of the thrilling incidents of the last year of Spanish rule in Cuba.

Dr. Ruiz, it will be remembered, a naturalized American citizen, formerly a dentist in Philadelphia, was arrested and thrown into prison on a trumped up charge of robbery, and was kept in a small cell for 215 hours, practically without food. Finally, in desperation, he killed himself by striking his head against the wall.

The horrible circumstances surrounding his death caused a popular demand throughout the United States at the time for intervention, which the administration offset by a vigorous demand of Spain for full reparation. Under the provisions of the Spanish treaty the United States has obligated itself to settle all claims of Americans arising out of the Spanish war.

* * *

Consul General Patterson, at Calcutta, has sent an interesting report to the states department in regard to the question of free silver and the course taken by the government of India in the past seven years and the result of its fiscal policy. The report says:

"In 1893 the mints of India, that had previously been opened to the free coinage of silver, were closed, except to such coinage as was required by the government to supply the currency for the business of the country; since that time the exchange values of the rupee has fluctuated greatly, although it has been the policy of the government to establish its fixed value at 32 cents, which is now practically accomplished. Strong objections were made to stereotyping the rupee at Is 4d, on the ground that the normal value of trade required a rupee at a lower sterling value. It was further urged that a rupee, appreciated to 1s 4d would check exports, and especially would exercise an evil influence on the opium trade with China, a silver-currency country. Besides the exporters of the products of India contended that it was the interest of the producers to get as many rupees as possible for their products, no matter how much they depreciated, rather than take a smaller amount, on a parity with gold, though intrinsically worth more.

"The policy of the government has been carried out under the most adverse conditions, the plague covering many districts, and the failure of rains last year causing a distressing and disastrous famine in large areas. The measure passed Sept. 15 last to make gold a legal tender in India was the outcome of the Indian currency committee's report, but the government was subjected to considerable pressure to defer action when the report appeared. It was contended that in making the sovereign legal tender, gold would be hoarded and would fail to reach the government depositories, so that its gradual accumulation would be arrested and the government would be driven to borrowing for its stock of gold; but the measure was passed and the result is known. Instead of gold ceasing to reach the government depositories, they have been nearly swamped with it, and the difficulty has arisen from its plethora, not from its scarcity.

"The amount of currency reserve on April 1, 1899, was about $10,000,000, and on March 7, 1900, it was about $35,000,000. The amount that had accumulated in London was about $4,500,000, making an aggregate of about $39,500,000. In a country like India, where it has been the custom of the native population to hoard silver, it will take longer for it to adjust itself to a gold standard, but it will be seen that the government is accumulating gold, and it is gradually going into circulation, now being a legal tender. By the action of the government, India has become a gold standard and will gradually become a gold-currency country, as the exchange value of the rupee is now fixed at the rate of 15 rupees to the sovereign, or $4.86; or in other words, rupees are interchangable at that rate at the government depositories, and, with normal conditions of the trade, that rate will probably be maintained."

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

ABSOLUTE SECURITY.

Genuine

Carter's Little Liver Pills.

Must Bear Signature of

Brent Good

See Fac-Simile Wrapper Below.

Very small and as easy to take as sugar.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.

FOR HEADACHE. FOR DIZZINESS. FOR BILIOUSNESS. FOR TORPID LIVER. FOR CONSTIPATION. FOR SALLOW SKIN. FOR THE COMPLEXION

GENUINE MUST HAVE SIGNATURE. *Brent Good*

Price 25 Cents | Purely Vegetable.

CURE SICK HEADACHE.

AFTER UTAH OUTLAWS.

Pursuit of the Slayers of Tyler and Jenkins.

Salt Lake, Utah, May 28.—A special to the Herald from Thompson, Utah, says: Governor Wells was notified of the cowardly killing of Sheriff Tyler and Sam Jenkins, a cattle owner, by a band of outlaws, who shot them in the back while they were unarmed, and took prompt action in the matter, guaranteeing all expenses of the posse in pursuit of the murders. Sheriff Howells and posse of ten men from Salt Lake are now en route to this place. Sheriff Allred and posse, from Price, are also expected. These, with a posse of ten men on horses from Moab, will leave here today for the scene of the killing in pursuit of the outlaws.

Governor Wells has requested that every effort be made to capture the outlaws. Only one of the outlaws is positively known. Some of the others are supposed to have been implicated in the train robbery on the Union Pacific road about a year ago.

R. L. Fullerton, manager of the Webster City Cattle company, and some employes of that company were expected here yesterday afternoon. Their route lay near the outlaws' camp, and as they have not yet arrived it is feared that they have been attacked and probably murdered.

MRS. KING DEAD.

Newport, R. I., May 28.—Mrs. Elizabeth Deming Duer King, who was formerly prominent in New York society, is dead, aged 89 years. She was a descendant of William Alexander, known as Lord Sterling, the revolutionary hero. Her last appearance in a formal social gathering was at Ward McAllister's famous centennial New Year's ball, where she danced in a genuine old-time minuet, as she danced it in her young days.

"I had a running, itching sore on my leg. Suffered tortures. Doan's Ointment took away the burning and itching instantly, and quickly effected permanent cure." C. W. Lenhart, Bowling Green, Ohio.

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON

Contagious Blood Poison is the most degrading and destructive of all diseases, as it vitiates and corrupts the entire system. The first sore or ulcer is followed by little red pimples on the body, mouth and throat become sore, the glands enlarge and inflame, copper colored splotches appear, and hair and eyebrows fall out. These are some of the milder symptoms; they increase in severity, finally attacking the vital organs; the body is tortured with rheumatic pains and covered with offensive eating sores.

It is a peculiar poison, and so highly contagious that an innocent person handling the same articles used by one infected with this loathsome disease, may be inoculated with the virus. It can be transmitted from parent to child, appearing as the same disease or in a modified form—like Eczema or Scrofula.

Many an old sore or stubborn skin trouble appearing in middle life, is due and traceable to blood poison contracted in early life. You may have taken potash and mercury faithfully for two or three years and thought you were cured, but you were not, for these poisonous minerals never cure this disease; they drive it from the outside, but it is doing its work on the inside, and will show up again sooner or later. You may not recognize it as the same old taint, but it is. S. S. S. has cured thousands of cases of Contagious Blood Poison, and it will cure you. It is the only purely vegetable blood purifier known, and the only antidote for this poison. S. S. S. cleanses the blood thoroughly of every particle of the poison—there is never any return of the disease.

Mrs. T. W. Lee, Montgomery, Ala., writes: "Several years ago I was inoculated with poison by a diseased nurse, who infected my baby, and for six long years I suffered untold misery. My body was covered with sores and ulcers. Several physicians treated me, but all to no purpose. The mercury and potash they gave me seemed to add fuel to the awful flame which was devouring me. Friends advised me to try S. S. S. I began taking it and improved from the start, and a complete and perfect cure was the result."

CURE YOURSELF AT HOME.

Send for our Home Treatment book, which gives a history of the disease in all stages, and is the result of many years of close study of blood poison and actual experience in treating it. You can cure yourself perfectly and permanently at home, and your secret is your own. Should you need any information or medical advice at any time, write to our physicians. They have made a life study of blood diseases, and will give your letter prompt and careful attention. Consult them as often as you please; we make no charge whatever for this service. All correspondence is conducted in the strictest confidence.

SSS

Address, SWIFT SPECIFIC COMPANY, ATLANTA, GA.

MARCHING ON PEKIN

Boxers Commit Depredations Near Pekin and Are Approaching the City.

DIPLOMATS WILL ACT

Decide to Demand a Definite Statement of the Government's Policy.

Tien Tsin, May 28.—The "Boxers" burned the Liulino station, on the Luhan railway, twenty-nine miles from Pekin, last night. They also wrecked the track, destroyed a number of cars and murdered several Chinese employes.

The Belgian engineers in charge of the work are safe at Finghai.

The "Boxers" are marching on towards Pekin.

Shanghai, May 28.—The troubles arising from the defeat of the government troops by the "Boxers" have extended to Luhan, where work on the railway is almost completely stopped. Five hundred refugees have sought protection in the French cathedral at Pekin.

Large portions of the provinces of Pe-Chi-Li and Shan-Tung are in a state little better than absolute anarchy and disorder is spreading in the province of Shan-Si, in consequence of the encouragement received from the empress dowager.

Pekin, May 28.—The diplomatic corps have decided to ask the Tsung Li Yamen (Chinese foreign office) to define explicitly the measures which the government intends to take in dealing with the "Boxers."

The government is making some attemps to check the movement of the "Boxers" here. The streets are quiet, but teh city is in a state of terror so far as the native Christians are concerned. Many Protestants and Catholics are fleeing here for protection.

IN MICHIGAN.

Fire In a Houghton Mine Causes a Death---Mining Notes.

Houghton—Fire broke out on the twentieth level in No. 2 shaft, Hecla branch to the Calumet & Hecla mine at 7 o'clock last evening. The shaft was promptly closed down, all the men escaping, and a force of men was sent down in No. 3 shaft adjoining to putty up the doors with clay to prevent the fire from spreading. One of these parties, consisting of twelve men, was overcome with the gas from the burning timber and started for the ladder for their lives. One man fell behind and had to be left. The men barely crawled to the surface, where the entire medical staff of the Calumet & Hecla had been called to their assistance. The missing man was finally brought up from the ninth level where he was found hanging on a ladder. After half an hour's work over him he died. He was Will McRae, unmarried, a pipeman.

The plan of development at the Nonesuch mine in Ontonagon county is upon a large scale and would indicate no small degree of confidence in the value of the property on the part of the owners, as it call's for the driving of a tunnel 6600 feet in length, starting near the lake beach and piercing the precipitous hills which abound in the western part of Ontanagon county. The cost of such a tunnel will probably be from $75,000 to $100,000.

The section 16 crosscut, which was to intercept the Baltic lode on the lands of the Atlantic, is apparently abandoned permanently. The crosscut was driven some 800 feet without cutting the desired lode, unless a barren lode of amygdaloid about fifty feet in width which was traversed was the Baltic. This is possible, as the richest amygdaloid lodes have considerable stretches of lean ground, with occasional patches absolutely devoid of copper. The generally held theory regarding the matter is that a big fault occurs between the northernmost shaft of the Baltic and the section 16 crosscut. A big bend in the eastern limits of the trap formation near the northern line of the Baltic gives color to this theory. The facts will ultimately come out, with the extension of work on the Baltic, though several years may be required to unravel what is now a mystery to local mining men and geological authorities.

The following is from a report from Capt. Thezonia of the Mass mine:

"I am very much pleased to be able to report a good showing of copper at the 750 foot level on the Buller lode; the bar of trap just passed through in this drift is seventy-five feet long. We have every reason now to expect a continuation of good lode for several hundred feet in length, as the old openings on the Buller lode, which is 250 feet about our work, made by the pioneer miner, indicate that they had taken out lots of copper.

"Work on the Evergreen lode, Ridge shaft, continues to show good lode. The fifth level drift, which is just under the shaft, also looks well and is producing some barrel copper. The lode in the sixth level drift has very much improved since my last report to you. This drift is producing some good rock that is well charged with copper. At this writing the lode in the seventh level is lean and not producing anything of value. The lode in the eighth level drift continues to look good and is producing rock well charged with copper. The cross-cut to the north at the eighth level has just reached the hanging wall rock; the lode at this point is fifty feet wide on the level of the drift and shows some heavy copper throughout the width of the lode.

"Our work of drifting the cross-cuts to reach the Butler lode at the fourth and sixth levels is progressing very satisfactorily. We have the first and second levels of the Old Butler mine dry and we are now going for the third level and hope in a short time to have the water all pumped out of this mine.

VIM VIGOR VITALITY FOR MEN

Mormon Bishops' Pills have been in use over 50 years by the leaders of the Mormon Church and their followers. Positively cures the worst cases in old and young arising from effects of self-abuse, dissipation, excesses, or cigarette-smoking. **Cures Lost Manhood, Impotency, Lost Power, Night-Losses, Spermatorrhoea, Insomnia, Pains in Back, Evil Desires, Seminal Emissions, Lame Back, Nervous Debility, Headache, Unfitness to Marry, Loss of Ambition, Stops Quickness of Discharge, Stops Nervous Twitching of Eyelids.** Effects are immediate. Restores every function. Don't get despondent, a cure is at hand. Imparts vigor and potency to organs. Stimulates the brain and nerve centers. A written guarantee, to cure or money refunded, with 6 boxes. Circulars free. 50 CENTS a box, 6 for $2.50 by mail. Address, Bishop Remedy Co., San Francisco, Cal.

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Sure cure guaranteed in 10 to 30 days. Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet, Pimples, Blotches, Ulcers, Sores in the mouth or throat, Unhealthy discharges, Skin Affections, Falling of the Hair and Constitutional BLOOD POISONING speedily cured by remedies unknown to other physicians.

YOUNG MEN

Suffering from the effects of youthful follies or indiscretions, or any trouble with Weakness, Nervous Debility, Loss of Memory, Despondency, Aversion to Society, Kidney Troubles, or any diseases of the Genito-Urinary organs, can here find safe and speedy cure. Charges reasonable, especially to the poor. Cure guaranteed.

MIDDLE-AGED MEN.

There are many troubled with too frequent evacuations of the bladder, often accompanied by a slight smarting or burning sensation, and weakness of the system in a manner the patient cannot account for. On examining the urinary deposits, a ropy sediment will often be found, and sometimes particles of albumen will appear and the color be found of a thin milkish hue, again changing to a dark, torbid appearance. There are many men who die of this difficulty, ignorant of the cause, which is the second stage of seminal weakness. The doctor will guarantee a perfect cure in all such cases, and healthy restoration of the genito-urinary organs. Write for question list.

LADIES—Married or single are given SAFE AND SURE RELIEF for all troubles peculiar to their sex, no matter from what cause. Office private; no exposure. Consultation free.

If in trouble call or write. Delays are dangerous. Medicines sent anywhere by mail or express. Charles moderate. Office hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 12 m.

NORTH DAKOTA.

Conviction In Stark Murder Case at Bismarck---Fourth District Convention.

Bismarck—Ira O. enkins, a young man 27 years of age, was found guilty by a jury of the crime of murder in the first degree, and the penalty fixed at death. Jenkins' crime was the murder of August Stark, a young farm laborer who worked for Jenkins' father. The two men had been at Wilton and returned home drunk. In the course of the evening Stark was shot and killed and his body concealed in a coal mine. On the following day Jenkins and father came to town and spent money taken from the dead man's trunk after the murder. The officers' suspicion was directed to the men at the coroner's inquest, when they told different stories of finding the body in the mine. Both were arrested and the father made a confession to the officers that his son had committed the crime while he was absent from the house.

After the preliminary examination the son made a statement to the officials that his father had killed Stark by choking him to death. On the witness stand at the trial father and son testified against each other, each stating that the other committed the crime. The case went to the jury at noon today and after being out for eight hours fixed the death penalty.

The condemned man leaves a wife and an infant child. He has served a term in the penitentiary at Bismarck and another at Waupun, Wis. August Stark, the murdered man, was of good character, industrious and saving, and has a brother at Ashland, Wis.

Ellendale—The central committee of the fourth judicial district held a meeting and decided on Oakes, and June 20, as the time and place of holding the judicial convention. The basis of representation is fixed on the votes cast for congressman and governor at the last general election, giving Richland 17 delegates; Dickey, 8; Ransom, 9; Sargent, 8; McIntosh, 7.

Grand Forks—The following officers of the State Sunday School association were elected: President, J. M. Wille, Drayton; vice presidents, Rev. W. H. Vance, Fargo; D. McGregor, Larimore; C. H. Phillips, Jamestown; S. A. Danforth, Mandan; Mrs. E. Markell, Rolla; secretary, George F. Rich, Grand Forks; treasurer, R. B. Griffith, Grand Forks; secretary primary department, Mrs. S. P. Johnson, Grand Forks; chairman finance committee, W. J. Lane, Fargo; executive committee, Rev. A. M. Trelstad, Sidney Clark, George Wright, Mrs. D. W. Leek, all of Grand Forks; S. S. Lyon, W. D. Hodgson, D. B. Holt, Mrs. H. Armerland, all of Fargo.

The next meeting will be held in Casselton.

CABLE FLASHES.

The Grand Prix du Jockey club, at Paris, which was run yesterday, was won by Baron Roger's bay colt La Morinere. M. Ephruis' Codman was second and Comte de Berteux's Ivoire, third. M. Gaston-Dreyfus's Solan, ridden by Todd Sloan, was fourth.

At Constantinople, three officers of the Turkish imperial guard have been placed under arrest because found in possession of plans of the yildiz kiosk and of the sultan's private apartments.

The national bazar opened at Kensington museum last Thursday afternoon by the prince of Wales, in aid of the sufferers from the war, netted £50,000.

The result of the reichstag bye-elections at Nuremburg, Germany, is the return of the Socialist candidate, Herr Suhegman, by a large majority.

Beware of Ointments For Catarrh That Contain Mercury

as mercury will surely destroy the sense of smell and completely derange the whole system when entering it through the mucous surfaces. Such articles should never be used except on prescriptions from reputable physicians, as the damage they will do is ten fold to the good you can possibly derive from them. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, contains no mercury, and is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. In buying Hall's Catarrh Cure be sure you get the genuine. It is taken internally, and made in Toledo, Ohio, by F. J. Cheney & Co. Testimonials free.

Sold by druggists, price 75c per bottle. Hall's Family Pills are the best.

TRY GRAIN-O! TRY GRAIN-O!

Ask your grocer today to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

THE SMOOTHEST WAY TO GET A HOME.

The following parties are getting a home for themselves on the easiest plan offered by any one in the city. You know some of them, ask them about it:

Chas. Ten Brook	Konigunde Smiguel,
J. & W. Frink,	Della Miller,
F. J. & E. Spetz,	Ida Harring,
Dixon Neeley,	Frank G. Myers,
Charles Smith,	H. L. Smith,
Charles Stevens,	John A. Gladder,
H. S. Merry,	Will Lowry,
Annie Stokes,	Andrew Larson,
John A. Bauers,	Louis Wick,
Martin Nelson,	S. E. Boots,
Jacob Svorzecski	Jaarl Mathieson,
Ernest Willie,	H. C. Peterson,
J. H. B. Smith,	Philip Flevier,
Charles Peterson,	R. J. Gundry,
J. B. Black,	Charles Fancett,
John Sundquist,	Ole Swenson,
Peter Holten,	Fred K. Jewett.
Gottlieb Gunther,	John M. Fowles.
Ira W. Smith,	H. A. Watterson,
Adam Sundquist,	John McPhail.
O. C. Lemelin.	

THEY WILL ALL TELL YOU THAT IT BEATS PAYING RENT. TO MORE PROPERTIES TO SELECT FROM ON THE SAME EASY TERMS AND LOW VALUATIONS AS THE ABOVE PURCHASED AT. A $1000 HOUSE AND LOT WILL BE SOLD FOR $200 CASH; $100 ON OR BEFORE 5 YEARS WITH 6 PER CENT INTEREST AND $400 PAYABLE $7.73 A MONTH FOR 60 MONTHS, WHICH PAYS THE INTEREST AND PRINCIPAL.

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CHAN SMITH, Secretary.

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Mention this paper.

BIDS.

Bids will be received up to 12 o'clock noon on Monday, June 4, at the office of village recorder for laying, covering and furnishing all material for a water works pipe. The pipe to be 6-inch cast iron, and the amount to be laid, some 1200 feet more or less. Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or bond equal to the amount of bid. Bids to be at so much per lineal foot. The village council reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

Office of JACOB STEIN,
Village Recorder,
Eveleth, Minn.

Duluth Evening Herald—May-21-1900-10t.

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THE GRAIN MARKETS

Wheat Started Out Fairly Firm But Turned Dull and Heavy.

THE CABLES STEADY

Favorable Crop Reports and Predictions of Rain In the Northwest.

Duluth Board of Trade, May 28.—The wheat market started out steady this morning and made an advance from the opening figures, but soon turned dull and heavy and sold down. The firmness at the opening was due to the steady cables and the continued absence of rains in the Northwest, and the reaction was caused by predictions of showers in that section and favorable crop reports from the Southwest. The decline was soon arrested by buying by shorts and the market then ruled steady closing ⅛c lower than on Saturday both here and at Chicago for the July option.

Trading in futures was dull on the Duluth board. July wheat opened ¼c off at 67⅝c, advanced to 67⅝c at 9:35, reacted to 67⅜c at 9:50, recovered to 67½c at 11:20 and ruled steady at those figures to the close, ⅛c lower than on Saturday. September opened ¼c lower at 67⅛c and closed at 67⅜c, being ⅛c lower than on Saturday. Cash sales were 80,000 bus at ¼c under July. Oats, rye and barley were unchanged. Corn declined ⅛c. Cash flax was unchanged. May flax rose 5c. September flax sold up 1½c and October flax advanced ⅛c. Following were the closing prices:

Wheat—No. 1 hard, cash, 69¾c; to arrive, 69¾c; May, 68⅝c; July, 69¾c; September, 69¾c. No. 1 northern, cash, 67¼c; to arrive, 67¼c; May, 67¼c; July, 67¾c; September, 67⅝c. No. 2 northern, 66½c. No. 3 spring, 62½c. Oats, 25@22½c. Rye, 39½c. Barley, 37@45c. Flax, cash, $1.80; May, $1.80; September, $1.28; October, $1.22½. Corn, 36¼c.

Car inspection—Wheat, 125; corn, 8; oats, 7; rye, 1; barley, 4; flax, 9. Receipts—Wheat, 121,808 bus; corn, 22,591 bus; oats, 1291 bus; rye, 2194 bus; barley, 829 bus; flax, 3388 bus. Shipments—Wheat, 126,000 bus; corn, 104,000 bus; barley, 20,000 bus; flax, 25,625 bus.

Ship Your Grain to

McCarthy Bros. & Co.

Grain Commission Merchants,

Duluth and Minneapolis.

WE SELL BY SAMPLE.

REFERENCES:

First National Bank, Duluth, Minn.
American Exchange Bank, Duluth.
Metropolitan Bank, Minneapolis.
Security Bank, Minneapolis.

CASH SALES MONDAY.

No. 1 hard wheat, 2 cars	$0.68⅞
No. 1 hard, 3 cars	69
No. 1 northern, 11 cars	67⅜
No. 1 northern, 15,000 bus	67⅝
No. 1 northern, 13,000 bus	67¼
No. 1 northern, 4 cars	67¾
No. 1 northern, 15,000 bus	67⅝
No. 1 northern, 5,000 bus	67⅜
No. 1 northern, 3 cars	67⅝
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	67½
No. 2 northern, 2 cars	67⅜
Flax, 5,000 bus September	1.27½
Flax, 16,000 bus October	1.22
Flax, 400 bus cash	1.80

GRAIN IN STORE.

At Duluth on Saturday, May 26, 1900:

	Bushels
Wheat—	
No. 1 hard	2,246,545
No. 1 northern	7,297,030
No. 2 northern	961,790
No. 3 spring	58,561
Rejected	41,157
No grade	206,513
Special bin	840,171
Total	11,681,815
Decrease during week	191,060
Stocks last year	6,185,823
Corn in store	1,156,118
Oats in store	461,672
Rye in store	27,271
Barley in store	41,158
Flax in store	99,186

NEW YORK GRAIN.

New York, May 28.—Close, wheat, May, 71½c; July, 72½c; September, 72c. Corn, May, 41⅝c; July, 41¾c; September, 42¼c.

LIVERPOOL GRAIN.

Liverpool, May 28.—Wheat steady, 1d lower. July, 5s 4d; September, 5s 3¾d. Corn steady, ¼d lower. July, 3s 9¾d; September, 3s 3½d.

CHICAGO BOARD.

Wheat Firm, Other Cereals Easier and Provisions Steady.

Chicago, May 28.—The wheat market turned dull and heavy during the first half of today's session on the board of trade. The opening was steady, July 1⅛@1⅛ under Saturday at 65¾c, because the Northwest was still without satisfactory rains and because cables were steady. These factors held sway long enough to boost July to 67¼@67⅜c. At this point, the weather prediction was for showers in the Northwest. This, combined with favorable crop reports from the Southwest, influenced a reaction which carried July to 66½c, where the market steadied on covering by scalping concerns to secure profits. The close was firm. Receipts here were 57 cars, one of contract grade. Minneapolis and Duluth reported 757 cars, against 695 last week and 926 a year ago.

The market was helped later by the decrease in the visible of 1,506,000 bus, and by the tardy in corn, closing steady, July ⅛@¼c under Saturday at 66⅞c.

The corn market opened easy and turned weak on weak cables, liberal receipts and larger farmer deliveries, which caused general selling. The cash demand was slow. July opened ⅛@¼c under Saturday at 36⅝@36⅝c, touched 36¼@36½c and then declined to 36@36c, where the market steadied. Receipts here were 616 cars.

The visible decrease of 12,540,000 bus and buying by an influential bull helped the market later and the close was firm, July ⅜c over Saturday at 37c.

The trade in oats was small early and the market influenced by wheat and corn. July opened ⅛@¼c lower at 21⅝c, touched 21¼c and later eased to 21c, where the market steadied. Receipts here were 499 cars.

The provision market was quiet and steady. The opening was lower on liberal hog receipts and a weak market at the yards, but buying by packers came as a support immediately following the initial reduction in prices. July pork opened 7½@15c lower at $11.17½@11.25 and advanced to $11.10; July lard began the session 2½@7½c down at $6.75@6.77½ and advanced to $6.80@6.82½; July ribs opened 2½@5c reduced at $6.45 and steadied to $6.47½.

Close: Wheat, May, 65¾c; July, 66⅞c. Corn, May, 37c; July, 37c. Oats, May, 21¾c; June, 21c; July, 21½@21¾c. Pork, May, $11.20; July, $11.36. Lard, May, $6.80; July, $6.82½. September, $6.92½. Ribs, May, $6.47½; July, $6.50; September, $6.50. Cash wheat—No. 2 red, 73½@71⅝c; No. 3 red, 67½@68c; No. 2 hard winter, 66½@66⅝c; No. 3 hard winter, 61@66c. No. 1 northern spring, 66⅝@67⅝c; No. 2 northern spring, 65¾@66⅝c; No. 3 spring, 62@65½c. Corn, No. 2, 36⅝@37⅛c; No. 2, 36½@37⅛c. Oats, No. 2, 21¾@22¼c; No. 3, 21½c. Flax, Northwestern, $1.80; Southwestern, $1.80; May, $1.80; September, $1.27; October, $1.22. Rye, May, 55½c; July, 53¼c. Barley, 36½@41c. Timothy, $2.40. Clover, $7.50.

AMERICAN WHEAT MARKETS.

	Duluth.	Minneapolis.	Chicago.	New York.
July—				
Open	67⅜B	65⅜	66⅞-67	72¼
High	67⅝	65⅝	67-⅛	72¼
Low	67⅜	64⅝	66⅝	71¾-⅞
Close	67½B	65⅛	66⅞B	72⅛B
September—				
Open	67½B	65¼	.....	72
High	.....	65¾-⅜	.....	72⅛
Low	.....	65	.....	72⅜
Close	67⅝B	65⅛-¼	.....	72A

CHICAGO OATS, CORN AND PORK.

	Oats. July.	Corn. July.	Pork. July.
Open	21⅛-¼	36¾@36⅞	$11.17
High	21	37	11.42
Low	21	36⅝	11.17
Close	21⅛-¼	37A	11.39

MINNEAPOLIS WHEAT.

Minneapolis, May 28.—Wheat in store—No. 1 northern, May, 65c; July, 65@65¼c; September, 65¼c. On track—No. 1 hard, 67¼c; No. 1 northern, 65⅝c; No. 2 northern, 60¾c.

MARKET GOSSIP.

Received over the private wire of B. E. Baker, grain and stock broker, room 107 Chamber of Commerce, and 307 Board of Trade

Chicago, May 28.—Trade in wheat was very light again today and the absence of outside speculation tended to keep scalpers bearish. Their selling during the early part of the session caused the market to decline ½c per bus, but towards the end of the session prices rallied when they tried to buy back, and the close was firm ⅛c lower than on Saturday. Foreign markets were generally quiet. Cash demand was very quiet here, and the seaboard reported very little doing for export. The weather throughout the winter wheat belt was generally favorable, but drouth continues in the Northwest with no relief in sight. The French government report issued on May 10 is construed by the official journal of the French millers to indicate a crop of 265,000,000 bus, against 262,060,000 bus a year ago. Although this report is extremely bullish, still it had very little effect on the market. The news today was generally of a bullish character, but absence of outside speculation keeps the market within a narrow range, as local scalpers are inclined to be bearish. We look upon the situation in the Northwest as growing serious, and it must sooner or later tell upon prices. We see nothing in the situation to change our opinion and advise our friends to keep on the long side. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 80 cars.

The corn market, after ruling weak during the greater part of the day owing to lower cables from abroad, favorable weather and larger receipts than expected, later become firm on covering by shorts, owing to good export demand at the seaboard, and towards the end of the session the market rallied and closed firm and ⅛c higher than Saturday. Country offerings were moderate, while there was a fairly good cash demand. We are inclined to think prices low enough and advise buying on any weak spots. Estimated receipts for tomorrow, 580 cars.

The oat market, after ruling weak early, later rallied on better cash demand, closing ⅛c lower than Saturday. Country offerings were fairly large, while there was a good export demand. Weather was generally favorable for the crop. Trade was light all day. Estimated receipts tomorrow, 550 cars.

Provisions opened very weak and lower on 8000 more hogs than expected, but the market was given fair support and rallied. Packers generally were sellers all day on hard spots. Receipts in the West were very heavy, exceeding last year's enormous supply, while cash trade shows no signs of activity. Estimated hogs for tomorrow 22,000.

Puts, July wheat, 64⅝-65⅜c asked.

Calls, July wheat, 65¼c asked 65⅝-⅞c bid.

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

Minnesota Transfer, St. Paul.—Barrett & Zimmerman's report: While selling of horses to local dealers was of a slim order, there existed a satisfactory trade with outside dealers. Values maintained the strongest basis of quotations of the past week. Demand over all classes of horses good and furnished a ready outlet for the liberal arrivals. The principal feature of the market however was the active movement of mules. Fine choice mule teams were sold. Wherever sold from $105 to $125, all other sizes were likewise in good demand, bringing from $80 to $140 a head.

Drafters, choice	$120@150
Drafters, common to good	75@115
Farm mares, choice	100@130
Farm horses, common to good	80@100
Delivery horses	60@ 75
Mules	75@125
Western horses	20@ 35

LIVE STOCK.

Chicago, May 28.—Cattle receipts, 22,000; slow to shade lower; good to prime steers, $5.00@5.70; poor to medium, $4.35@4.80; stockers and feeders, $3.25@5.10; cows and heifers, $3.00@5.00; Texas steers, $4.00@5.10. Hog receipts today, 40,000; tomorrow, 25,000; left over, 1000; 5@10c lower; mixed and butchers, $5.00@5.25; rough heavy, $5.00@5.10; light, $4.95@5.25½; bulk of sales, $5.15@5.29. Sheep receipts, 11,000; strong to 10@20c higher; sheep, $4.25@5.25; lambs, $4.50@7.00. Official reports and shipments for yesterday: Receipts—Cattle, 363; hogs, 16,916; sheep, 1529. Shipments—Cattle, 508; hogs, 2803; sheep, 2105.

NEW YORK STOCKS.

Market Ruled Dull and the Close Was Irregular.

New York, May 28.—On the stock exchange today, prices dropped on small offerings. Declines were quite uniform, averaging a half, except in Sugar and Baltimore & Ohio, which yielded to 1 to 1½, respectively. American Ice advanced 3¼. The announcement of the Seymour, Johnson & Co. suspension failed to awaken any animation in the market. Business was principally for the account of the failed firm under the rules and amount to 5000 shares of various stocks. Prices were slightly higher. Bonds were easier. Burlington was pushed up to 127¾ and Sugar rallied to 116. The market hardened, but to a scarcely perceptible extent. The close was very dull and irregular.

Name of Stock.	Open	High	Low	Close
Sugar	114¼	116	112½	116
Am. Steel Wire com	34	34½	33	34
Tobacco	92¼	92⅝	90½	91½
Atchison com	25½	25⅝	25⅛	25⅝
Atchison pfd	70⅝	70½	69⅞	70⅝
Brooklyn Transit	71⅜	71⅝	70¼	70⅝
C., M. & St. P.	113¼	113⅝	111⅝	113⅝
C. B. & Q.	126	127⅜	125⅜	127¼
Federal Steel	34¼	34½	33⅜	34⅛
Great Western	121½	123⅝	121⅜	123⅝
L. & N.	79¼	79⅞	78⅛	78¾
Manhattan	89⅜	90	89⅛	90
Missouri Pacific	55⅜	55¾	54½	55⅜
N. P. common	59⅞	59⅞	59⅜	59¾
N. P. preferred	74½	74½	74	74
People's Gas	99	99⅛	98⅝	99⅛
Rock Island	106	106⅜	105⅞	106⅜
Southern Pacific	33⅜	33⅝	33¼	33⅝
T. C. I.	71¼	72	71½	72
Leather preferred	68⅜	69¼	68⅜	69¼
Union Pacific pfd	73½	73⅝	73¼	73⅝
Union Pacific com.	53⅝	53⅞	53¼	53¾
Western Union	80	80	79½	79¾
Leather common	10⅞	10⅞	10⅛	10⅝
Money	1¼@2	2	1½	1¾

NEW YORK MONEY.

New York, May 28.—Money on call nominally 1½@1¾ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 3½@4½ per cent; sterling exchange easy with actual business in bankers' bills at $4.87¼@4.87½ for demand and at $4.83½@4.83¾ for sixty days; Posted rates, $4.87@4.85½ and $4.88@4.88½; commercial bills, $4.83¾@4.84. Silver certificates, 60@61c; bar silver, 60¾c; Mexican dollars, 47½c. Government bonds steady. Refunding 2s when issued, $1.04; 2s registered, 99⅞; 3s registered and coupon, $1.09½; new 4s registered, $1.34½; coupon, $1.34½; 5s registered and coupon, $1.13¾; 5s registered and coupon, $1.13¾.

THE COTTON MARKET.

New York, May 28.—The cotton market opened steady with May 7 points higher and later months 3 to 9 points higher. The demand originated largely in an unexpected rise of 2 to 5 points in futures and $3.32@3.32½d in spot cotton in Liverpool. Late cables noted partial reactions. Spot was sluggish with buyers in the main demanding concession.

Spot cotton closed: Middling uplands, 3 5-16c; middling gulf, 9 9-16c; sales, 3100 bales. Cotton futures closed barely steady. May, $8.78; June, $8.71; July, $8.71; August, $8.31; September, $8.02; October, $7.82; November, $7.81; December, $7.65; January, $7.62; February, $7.71; March, $7.73.

CHICAGO MONEY.

Chicago, May 28.—Clearings, $21,827,404; balances, $2,361,057. Posted exchange, $4.85½@4.85¾; New York exchange, 10c premium.

LONDON CONSOLS.

London, May 28.—Consols for money and the account, 101½.

THE COPPER STOCKS.

The following were the closing prices of copper shares reported by George Rupley, 310 Board of Trade.

Boston, May 28.—Close: Adventure, 14⅝; Allouez, 1½@2; Anaconda, 40½@41; Arcadian, 17@17½; Arnold, 5¾; Atlantic, 25@25½; Bingham, 8¾@10; Bonanza, 1⅝@1¾; Boston and Montana, 236@292; Boston Consolidated, 10⅝@11; Butte and Boston, 64@66; Calumet and Hecla, 725@725; Centennial, 16¾@17; Cochita, 9½@10½; Copper Range, 59 asked; Dominion coal, 42½@43; Elm River, 3½@4¼; Franklin, 12⅝@13½; Humboldt, 3; Isabella, 16½; Isle Royale, 24¾@25; Mass, 6¼@7⅛; Michigan, 4¼@5; Mohawk, 14@15½; Old Colony, 2½@3¾; Old Dominion, 16½@17¾; Osceola, 61¾@62; Oil, 15¾@16; Parrott, 40¼@42½; Pioneer, 50 asked; Quincy, 125@128; Rhode Island, 4@1½; Santa Fe, 3¼@3½. Tamarack, 192@194; Tecumseh, 2¼@3½; Tri-Mountain, 7@8½; Union Land, 26@3; Utah, 25¼@28; Victoria, 2¾@3; Winona, 2@2½; Wolverine, 37½@38½; Wyandotte, 1@1½; Zinc, 10¾@12.

SUITS ARE BEGUN.

Foreign Corporations Asked For $1000 For Failure to Observe Law.

Under instructions from the secretary of state, County Attorney Phelps Saturday began suit against four foreign corporations that have been doing business in this county in violation of the provisions of chapter 69 of the laws of 1899, which provides that such corporations shall pay into the state treasury license fees based on the business of the corporation during the year preceding such payment. Papers in suits against the Aetna Powder company, the Champion Sad Iron company, the Clark-Jackson Lumber company and the Dakota Elevator company were placed in the hands of the sheriff Saturday afternoon. The sum asked is $1000, that being the fine in each case for failure to comply with the law. As soon as papers can be prepared a similar suit will be commenced against other foreign corporations doing business here.

PERSONALS.

William Dollar, of Spokane, Wash., is at the St. Louis.

S. J. McGregor, of Hibbing, is at the St. Louis today.

J. A. Quigg, of Deer River, is at the St. Louis.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Robinson, of Hibbing, were in the city yesterday.

T. F. Mackmiller, of Iron River, Wis., was at the St. Louis last evening.

C. P. Wilson, an attorney of Winnipeg, and one of the crack curlers who is well known to the Duluth curlers, is in the city today.

John Dalzell, of Detroit, is at the Spalding.

H. H. Harrison, of Stillwater, is at the Spalding.

W. W. Fisher, Mrs. Charles Fisher and Miss Anita Fisher, of Ashland, were in the city yesterday, the guests of Mrs. James Fisher.

J. F. Harrison, of Minneapolis, is at the Spalding today.

J. L. Snapp, of St. Paul, was in the city yesterday.

O. W. Blodgett, of Bay City, Mich., was in the city yesterday.

C. L. Ring, of Saginaw, Mich., is in the city.

E. Richadson, of Saginaw, is in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Watson, J. H. Wheelwright, Miss Lucy Watson, Miss Frances Sipe and Miss Kalkmann, all of West Virginia, were at the Spalding last evening and today. Mr. Watson is connected with the Lehigh Coal and Coke company.

Inspectors Chalk and Monaghan left this afternoon for Stillwater, where they will inspect some boats and they will also go to St. Paul and Hastings and inspect several before returning.

CHINESE WIN.

San Francisco, May 28.—Federal Judge Morrow has granted an injunction to prevent the federal and local health authorities from discriminating against the Chinese in the matter of precautions against the plague. This means that the Chinese cannot be forcibly inoculated with anti-plague serum, and that they cannot be prevented from entering or leaving San Francisco by the federal quarantine officers.

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324 West Superior Street. (St. Louis Hotel.)

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Bankers and Brokers.

112 Exchange Building, Duluth, Minn.

Local Stocks, etc.—	Par.	Asked.	Bid.
First National Bank	100	155	140
Am. Exchange Bank	100	120	116
First Nat. Bank, Superior	100	100	95
L. S. Consol. Iron Mines			72½
Brotherton Iron Mine Co.	25	...	2.60
Great Lakes Towing Co.	100	...	65
American Ship Bldg. Co.	100	122	...
Globe Elevator Co	100	100	...
Consol. Elev. Co., 1st pfd.	100	...	100
Consol. Elev. Co., 2nd pfd.	100	...	90
Consol. Elev. Co., com.	100	60	28
County orders			Par

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LAND SCRIPS, PINE LANDS, STOCKS.

H. W. COFFIN,

Chamber of Commerce.

IT MAY BE DELAYED

Ordinance For Lighting Plant Bond Issue Not Favorable to All.

CHANCE FOR A FIGHT

Chief Crandall Reports Against Montreal House's Application For License.

The council meeting tonight will have attractions of its own. There are a number of ordinances that may come up, including one providing for the sale of $110,000 worth of bonds to build an electric plant for street lighting purposes. It was reported this afternoon, however, that a strong effort would be made to have this laid over for some time. Alderman Krumsieg's ordinance for the non-obstruction of sidewalks, but granting all merchants the right to occupy eighteen inches of the walks with cases or advertising signs, is likely to be acted on, as is Alderman Haven's proposed amendment to the health board ordinance, making it unlawful to expectorate on sidewalks, buildings, crosswalks or in street cars or buildings. The ordinance limiting the speed of street cars is also among the possibilities.

The fight on the question of whether or not the Republican council will back up the Republican police administration in the matter of saloon licenses will be watched with interest. The Montreal house, at 631 West Superior street, has a license due, which Chief Crandall has reported against in the strongest terms. For reasons political, at least, two Republican aldermen want to make a fight against the chief's recommendation, and this fight may get into the proceedings this evening. Joe Sheehy's application for a license to run an employment bureau will probably be acted on adversely, unless it is ignored entirely.

The report of the commissioners in condemnation for the proposed opening of Jefferson street, from Twenty-second to Forty-fourth avenues east, will be submitted. This condemnation will cost the city $3891.50 if the property owners elect to have the city take the buildings off the property. In case the property owners decide to remove the buildings themselves, the cost would be $2541.50.

The matter of authorizing the building of over $30,000 worth of new sidewalks is slated to come up.

HE IS TOUCHY.

Andrew Hall Stabs a Man Badly For Bumping Into Him.

Simply because Adam Helewski accidentally bumped against him while walking on the sidewalk, Andrew Hall drew a knife and plunged it into Helewski's breast, penetrating the chest wall and coming within an inch of the heart. Helewski is at St. Luke's hospital, and will recover unless there are complications not anticipated at this time. It was a cruel and unprovoked assault, and Hall is locked up at police headquarters pending the results of his rash act, and he will probably have to answer to a charge of assault with intent to kill.

The cutting occurred on West Michigan street near Twelfth avenue shortly after 11 o'clock last night. William Carlson and Andrew Hall were walking together, when Adam Helewski, bumped into them. No person seems to know just what happened. Hall would probably have killed the man but for the timely interference of John Marshall, John R. Marshall and John Marshall, Jr., who were close by. John R. Marshall knocked Hall down and took his knife away from him, and the others went in search of help and took care of the injured man.

One of the party hurried to the offices of the street car company near by and when Carlson saw them coming back he made a break for liberty, but John R. Marshall captured him after a short chase and a brisk fight. The police were telephoned for, and placed both Carlson and Hall under arrest, but this morning Carlson was released, as there was nothing against him.

Helewski, the injured man, lives at 108 East Eighth street, and is a dock laborer employed on the Ohio dock on Garfield avenue.

In police court this morning Fred Brown was bound over to the grand jury on a charge of assault in the second degree. About a week ago he and Joe Connors assaulted Albert Jackson, while all three were prisoners in the city jail. Jackson's jaw was broken by a kick from Brown.

Louis Peltier was bound over to the grand jury on a charge of forgery in the second degree. He is the man that is charged with passing a $25 check drawn by the Marshall-Wells company, payable to George Ban Doin. The latter lost the check and Peltier found it, cashing it at Carlson's saloon at 17 West Superior street.

James Johnson who lives at 109½ Second alley east, paid a fine of $27.50 for beating his wife and daughter. Joan Pelneg was fined $3.50 for stealing a load of wood from Hubbard & Vincent's mill. Charles Jones, charged with begging, got 30 days' hard labor, and Ala Stiffeson, James Woods and Nell Benson went up for ten days for drunkenness. Richard Jackson, Henry Renwick and Frank Day each forfeited $10 bail for drunkenness, and John Reed was allowed to go under suspended sentence.

The Clouds Interfere.

Those people who expected to watch the eclipse of the sun this morning were doomed to disappointment for the clouds thickly obscured all view for almost the entire time. About 9 o'clock there was a short time when the clouds cleared away and a few people report having seen the partial obscuration of the sun's disc. The number of people who did see it was very small, however. The time of the eclipse was from 6:55 to 9:12 a. m.

Some Wire Gone.

It was discovered today that 2500 feet of the return wire of the Park Point Street Railway company's line leading from the Commercial Light and Power company's station over to the dock had been removed and the cause of the trouble could not be figured out until this was discovered.

EYES TESTED FREE

and Glasses Fitted.

GEIST & ERD, Opticians,

121 W. Superior Street.

UNPARALLELED.

Forty Million Dollars' Worth of Manufactures Exported During April.

From The Herald Washington Bureau.

Washington, May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—An exportation of $40,000,000 worth of manufactures in thirty days is a record unparalleled for American manufacturers. That is the record for the month of April, 1900. The details of the April exportations, just completed by the treasury bureau of statistics, show that the exportation of manufactures during the month were by far the greatest of any month in our history and within a fraction of $40,000,000. This gives assurance that the exports of the fiscal year, which ends with June, will considerably exceed $400,000,000 and be nearly three times as much as a decade ago. This phenomenal increase in exportation of manufactures is especially striking when compared with the progress made by European nations, our rivals in the attempt to supply the world's market with manufactured goods. Great Britain's exports of manufactures show but slight increase since 1890, and an examination of the export record of the principal European countries fails to disclose an instance in which the increase has been as much as 25 per cent, while that of the United States, meanwhile, has been more than 150 per cent.

An examination of the details of our own exportation of manufactures shows that it is in the production, manufacture and exportation of metals that we seem to excel. The history of nations and peoples shows that great groups of people frequently excel in certain industries, and the growth of our exportation, as well as our domestic production of manufactures, seems to point to metals as our most successful line of work, especially at the present time. In 1889, manufactures of metals formed less than 20 per cent of our total exportation of manufactures, and in 1900 will be about 45 per cent of our exports of manufactures. The increase in exportation of metals and manufactures thereof in the decade 1889-1898 was 339 per cent, while the increase in the exportation of all manufactures in that time was but 110 per cent, and the increase in manufactures other than those of metal during this time was but 55 per cent. In this statement of the exportation of manufactures of metals only those articles composed exclusively of metals are included; those made up in part of meals, such as railway cars, agricultural machinery, etc., being included in the other manufactures. The rapid increase in the exportation of manufactures of metals is shown by the fact that the exports of brass and manufactures thereof in 1889 were but $321,-157, and in 1900 will reach $1,700,000; instruments for scientific purposes increased from $1,033,338 to $2,770,903, and in the year about end will reach nearly $6,000,000; copper and its manufactures, which amounted in 1889 to $2,348,-954, will be more than $50,000 in 1900; iron and steel increased from $21,156,077 in 1889, to $70,406,885, in 1898, while in the fiscal year 1900 it will exceed $100,-000,000.

Another interesting fact developed by the examination of the figures is that the European countries, in which manufactures have been long established, furnish as satisfactory a market for our manufactured goods as do the countries where manufacturing has not yet been largely developed. In reapers and mowers, clocks and watches, sewing machines, bicycles and the various manufactures of iron and steel, and many other articles of the higher grades of manufacture, the European countries in which manufacturing plants and machinery and skilled workmen abound, furnish a market for a large share of our exports, thus failing to justify the expressed fear that a development of manufactures in countries where we are now seeking a foothold for our commerce would destroy their value as a permanent market.

In this attempt to show the growth of the exportation of each article in every direction, it has only been practicable to measure the growth by values, as the varying value of the units of quantity designated by a common name would prove confusing and misleading. A statement of the number of watches, clocks, sewing machines, typewriters, electrical instruments, mowers and reapers, carriages, articles of glass and china ware, builders' hardware and miscellaneous articles of cotton and woolen goods, for instance, in which the value of units ranges from a few dollars to hundreds in a single class, would convey no information for comparative purposes, and does not supply any facility for measuring the real growth of the industry or the commerce in it, as does the simple statement of total values by classes. On the other hand, the well-known fact that prices of nearly all classes of manufactured goods have greatly decreased by reason of cheapened and improved methods of production, renders a mere statement of values somewhat misleading in an attempt to determine the actual increase in the exportation of numbers or quantity of nearly all articles.

As already indicated, the largest growth in our export of manufactures is in those of metals. The largest class of manufactures of metals exported is that of iron and steel. In 1880 the export of manufactures of iron and steel was $14,-716,524, and in 1900 will exceed $100,000,-000, or more than seven times that of 1880.

In no feature of our export trade has there been a more remarkable growth during the decade than in rails for railways, especially those of steel. The total exportation of iron rails in 1889 was but 7 tons, and in 1897 2763 tons, the value rising from $240 in 1889 to $37,150 in 1898. In steel rails, however, the growth was even more remarkable, the number of tons exported in 1889 being 7398, and in 1898 229,783, while the value increased from $235,387 in 1889 to $4,613,376 in 1898, and in the fiscal 1900 seems likely to reach $8,000,000. This increase has been especially marked during the past three years, the exports of steel rails in the fiscal year 1896 being $540,797, those of 1897 $2,482,208, those of 1898 $4,613,376, and those of 1899 $5,298,125, while the first ten months of the present fiscal year show a gain of about $2,000,000 over the corresponding months of last year. While this rapid increase is due to a generally increased demand, the countries showing the most marked growth in their purchases of steel rails from the United States are Russia, Canada and Japan.

J. S. VAN ANTWERP.

Grand Opening at Lester Park!

The dancing pavilions, palace of illusions and mystic swing will be open to the public on Decoration Day. Dancing afternoon and evening.

NEWS OF THE LAKES

Scow Schooner Is Sunk In a Collision on Lake Michigan.

A SAILOR DROWNED

Steamer Coffinberry and Consort Checotah Ashore on Thunder Bay Island.

Milwaukee, May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—An Evening Wisconsin special from Manitowoc says the scow schooner Silver Lake, hailing from Racine, while on her way from Eagle Harbor to Racine with a cargo of maple slabs, was cut completely in two during a collision with the car ferry Pere Marquette, fifteen miles out in the lake early yesday during a fog. Of the schooner's crew of four men, Henry Newman, one of the sailors, was drowned and Svern Anderson, saved his life by jumping overboard and grabbing the Pere Marquette's anchor, while Capt. Samuel Martin and Ole Williamson escaped in a yawl. The loss is about $2000.

FOG AND SMOKE.

Detroit, Mich., May 28.—Fog and smoke in the St. Clair river and the narrow channels of the flats are once more troubling vessemen, and every morning when the atmosphere is clouded the reports come down to Detroit of numerous groundings and mixups and some of them smack of seriousness and narrow escapes from disastrous collisions. On Thursday morning the rivers were overhung with mist and fully half a dozen craft stuck on the mud banks, but only one of them, the City of Rome, ran out any and had to be assisted by a wrecking tug. Captains are well aware of the tortuous course of the flats channel and take no chances, but slow down on the coming of the fog and crawl along. If they happen to keep their course so much the better, and if the channel bank is run into the engines are reversed and the boat lies to for the blowing away of the curtain. There is no help for this obstacle, lights, fog whistles and all other signals would serve but to confuse the mariners, and so long as the narrow channels remain the lake boats will be in constant danger of hitting the channel sides in a fog.

THE SAULT PASSAGES.

Sault Ste. Marie, Mich., May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Emory Owen, Australia, 10 last night; Colonial, 11; China, 11; Admiral, 2; by the Weston, Pomeroy, Jeannette, 12:30 a. m.; Brown, 1:30; Reiss, Gilchrist, 4; Bangor, 5; Fred Smith, Kelley, Warmington, 6; Fedora, Crescent City, 6:30; Maryland, 10; Russia, Iron Age, 10:30; Case, 10:30; Peck, 11; Dean, Hiawatha, 11:30 last night; Neshoto, 4:30 a. m.; Whitaker, 5:30; Arthur Orr, Mariposa, Manda, 7; Scranton, Runnells, Athabasca, 8; Elphicke, Dunmore, 8:20; Waldo, United Empire, 9:40; Case, Lansing, 11.

Up yesterday: Mather and whalebacks, 1:30 p. m.; Glasgow, Buffalo, 2; Manitoba, 2:40; Pioneer, Chattanooga, Sauber, 4; Sheldon, 4:20; North Wind, Joliet, Roby, 5:40; Hopkins, Goshawk, Jenness, Delaware, Lackawanna, 6; Maricopa, Marcel, 7; Mesaba, Bulgaria, Algeria, Ionia, Tacoma, 7:30; Kalkaska, Fryer, Oakleaf, 8:40. Down: German, Saxon, noon; Iron Duke, Ashland, 2 p. m.; Sitka, 2:40; Collingwood, 3; Business, Specular, Magnetic, 4; Maine, Buckhout, Montana, Hoag, Northern King, John Eddy, Pennington, Merida, 5; John Mitchell, 6; Hudson, 6:30; Root, 8; Hiawatha, 11:30.

GRAIN RATES DROP.

Chicago, May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Grain rates dropped back to 1¼ cents today.

TWO BOATS ASHORE.

Alpena, Mich., May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—The steamer Coffinberry and consort Checotah went ashore on Thunder Bay island this forenoon. The steamer ran out six feet forward and is leaking. The tug Ralph and steamer Hall are trying to release the boats. They are coal laden for Portage.

PASSED DETROIT.

Detroit, Mich., May 28.—(Special to The Herald.)—Up: Argus and barges, 8 last night; Venezuela, Paisley, 6:30; Rappahannock, Crete, 11:20; Hill (wood), 1:30 a. m.; Vall, Baltic, 1:30; Berlin, 2.

VESSEL MOVEMENTS.

Buffalo—Cleared: Stevens, Superior.

Cleveland—Cleared: Coal—H. B. Tuttle, Duluth; John Hill, Fort William.

Fairport—Cleared: Coal—Alcona, Superior.

Ashland—Arrived: Stimson, Shrigley, Shawnee, Strong, Commodore, Zenith City. Cleared: Lumber—Crosthwaite, Cleveland. Ore—Huron City, Siemens, Roebling, Conneaut; Spalding, Chicago.

Marquette—Arrived: Griffin, Cumberland. Cleared: Forest City, Saveland, Harkett, Business, Ashtabula; Norwalk, Sitka, Specular, Magnetic, Cleveland, La Salle, Bermuda, Law, Conneaut.

THE CONGRESSIONAL TRIP.

The Lake Carriers' association is now considering the lake trip of the rivers and harbors committee to be taken shortly after congress adjourns. It is quite likely that the North Land, the beautiful twin-screw steamer of the Northern Steamship company's fleet, will be placed at the disposal of the congressional committee. The cruise upon this steamship from Duluth to Buffalo and return could be made in about ten days and still permit of stops in Cleveland Detroit, as well as in all the important channels of the Detroit, St. Clair and St. Mary's rivers.

PORT OF DULUTH.

Arrived—Hoyt, 201, 126, Germanic, Hutchinson, Harlem, Johnson, Ranney, Manhattan, Lake Erie, coal; Auburn, Northern Light, India, Buffalo, mdse; Bon Ami, north and south shores, pass and mdse; Ningon, Fillmore, Bissell, Benton, Lake Erie, light for lumber; Houghton, Fritz, Queen City, Lake Erie, light for ore.

Departed—Senator, 127, Trevor, McWilliams, Sacramento, Elphicke, Dundee, Glidden

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THE WEATHER.

United States Agricultural Department, Weather Bureau, Duluth, Synopsis of weather conditions for the twenty-four hours ending at 7 a. m. (Central time) May 28.—An area of low barometric pressure has continued to overlie Western South Dakota since Sunday morning, with areas of high pressure continuing stationary over British Columbia and Lake Superior, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Northwestern North Dakota and Montana, but the temperature continues warm in the vicinity of Bismarck. Light rains have fallen over Western Lake Superior, Minnesota, Wisconsin, Illinois, Oklahoma, Colorado and the province of Saskatchewan. The weather in the lake region is generally cloudy, with fresh northerly to easterly winds.

Minimum temperatures last night:

Battleford	48	Memphis	70
Bismarck	68	Miles City	54
Chicago	52	Milwaukee	48
Davenport	60	Minnedosa	54
Denver	52	Moorhead	54
Detroit	58	North Platte	50
Dodge City	58	Oklahoma	60
Duluth	46	Omaha	60
Edmonton	34	Port Arthur	48
Escanaba	48	Prince Albert	42
Green Bay	52	Qu'Appelle	46
Havre	36	Rapid City	66
Helena	40	Shreveport	68
Huron	54	St. Louis	70
Kamloops	38	St. Paul	52
Kansas City	66	Sault Ste. Marie	42
La Crosse	66	Swift Current	36
Lander	44	Williston	54
Marquette	46	Winnipeg	50

Local forecast for twenty-four hours from 7 p. m. (Central time) today: Duluth, West Superior and vicinity: Partly cloudy with local showers tonight and Tuesday; warmer Tuesday; fresh northeast winds, probably becoming brisk southwest during Tuesday.

H. W. RICHARDSON,
Local Forecast Official.

Chicago, May 28.—Forecast until 8 p. m. tomorrow: Wisconsin—Partly cloudy with showers south and west portions tonight and west portion Tuesday. Minnesota—Probably showers tonight and Tuesday. Upper lakes: East to northeast winds, mostly fresh; partly cloudy with showers over Michigan and Western Superior.

The Oriental Menace to Labor.

Within the past week there has been considerable excitement caused in labor circles in Duluth and neighborhood by the appearance of a large number of Japanese laborers who have been hired on railroad construction work on the Mesaba range. It is currently reported that they have been hired at wages very much lower than those paid to white laborers. A short time ago Washington dispatches to The Herald reported that the administration was investigating the heavy influx of Japanese laborers into this country, as its effect on the coming presidential election was feared. There was a suspicion that some of the large trusts were responsible for the arrival of this cheap labor and siene that time the suspicion has been confirmed. There has been nothing done by the administration, however, and the probability is that is has decided to drop the inquiry. Referring to this Oriental menace to labor, the Denver Post says: "In localities where experience has been had with Asiatic labor, as, for instance, in Wyoming, the people have become thoroughly alarmed at the increasing danger by the fact that the administration, if not in sympathy with this variety of warfare against American labor, is prevented by trust influence from doing anything towards checking the evil and mitigating its disastrous consequences. Organized capital's demand for cheap labor is to be found at the bottom of the importation of Japanese. There is no exclusion act to prevent their coming, and they will become a menace to American labor before many months will have passed. Just now Wyoming people are exasperated over the influx of Japanese labor and have appealed to their congressional delegation to take measures to check the evil. If they expect any relief from that source they are destined to disappointment. Oriental labor will not be repressed by an administration which at the instigation of organized capital has expended hundreds of millions in the purchase and retention of that very sort of labor. What is going on now is simply the prelude to a grand revolution in the labor market which is bound to come after the fall election." The Japanese laborers engaged in railroad work on the Mesaba may be but the forerunners of a horde of these cheap workers who may soon be found working in the iron mines and crowding out the white miners.

Neely Appointed on the Strength of His "Pull."

Some of the Hanna-McKinley organs, including the News Tribune of this city, are trying to wipe out the odium attached to the Republican administration by reason of the Cuban postal scandal by claiming that Neely and the other men appointed to office in Cuba by President McKinley had always enjoyed good reputations at home and were regarded as men of ability and integrity and consequently the present administration should not be blamed because of their misdeeds. This might be a good excuse for the McKinley administration if it were based upon truth, but it is not. The Chicago Times-Herald, a strong Republican newspaper, recently published the history of Charles F. W. Neely and it contains a very instructive moral on the subject of "colonial" appointments. Up to the time that the man was sent to Cuba his career had been such that he was commonly regarded with distrust. People who did not question his honesty classified him among the visionaries. But whatever the construction that was put upon his promoting antics, it is clear that he was not a person of strict integrity. Such a person cannot be irresponsible in the whole course of his business experience, cannot be utterly insensible to all financial obligations and persistently lead others into heavy losses at no risk to himself with the intention of becoming rich out of their capital. Neely was loaded onto the public service by an "influential party leader." This leader had a pull with Hanna and McKinley and he got what he wanted. It is stated that in his demand for favors there was no hint at the fitness of the applicant. He simply advanced his own claims to patronage and a share of the spoils as a party worker. His protege's startling unfitness was plainly indicated in his ultimatum to Rathbone, the director of posts: "I want Neely taken care of. He is up against it financially, is clever and I want him placed." A fine recommendation that for a chief of a bureau of finance! Commenting on this, the Times-Herald says: "The terms 'to take care of' and 'to be taken care of' have become almost technical, however, in such conections. They are in the mouth of every beggarly loafer who seeks a political sinecure to avoid hard work and imply an obligation, which is recognized, if it is not always fulfilled, by political traders. Neely went in simply on the strength of his 'pull,' in defiance not only of the spirit of the civil service laws but of all prudent business considerations. The results correspond to the previous record of Neely's life and to the manner of his appointment. And unless the rule be made absolute that no such appointments shall be countenanced in the future this government can best protect its good name by withdrawing from the control of distant dependencies at once. If there is need of Americans for administrative positions they should be taken from our own permanent civil service, where they have learned the duties of the various departments thoroughly and established a reputation for unquestionable integrity."

CANADIAN POLITICS.

The Toronto Globe, the leading organ of the Liberal party in Canada, is credited with the statement that the present parliament will be dissolved and a general action ordered at an early date. This means that Canada will be plunged into a political campaign about the same time that the political atmosphere on this side of the international boundary becomes warmed up. It is anticipated that the Canadian campaign will be about the hottest ever witnessed in the Dominion, and it is not improbable that it will result in the defeat of the Laurier administration and the return of the Conservatives to power. The recent political revolution in Manitoba, where the Greenway ministry was ousted from the offices they held for many years by the Conservatives under the leadership of Hugh John Macdonald, son of the old Canadian premier, is regarded by many good judges as an indication of the result in the Dominion generally.

The Laurier government obtained power largely because of the feeling aroused over the Manitoba school question, and it is worthy of note that the first sign of its overthrow comes from the same province that furnished the issue upon which it was triumphant four years ago. Yet the defeat of Greenway in Manitoba may not be followed by the defeat of Laurier and the Liberal ministry at Ottawa, because it is undeniable that Sir Wilfried Laurier's political star still shines brightly and he has exhibited a rare capacity for leadership that has gained for him a strong and enthusiastic following.

The Conservatives, however, will enter the campaign with much confidence of being victorious, and under its old leader, Sir Charles Tupper, who has been in public life for forty-five years and has never once suffered personal defeat in all the election contests fought by him during the time he was a member of either the provincial or federal parliaments. Although now in his 80th year and the oldest and most experienced man in Canadian public life at the present time, his virility is amazing. It is said that he appears still to possess the vigor of a young man in his prime. A life of almost incredible activity, connected as it has been with all the great measures and important movements in this country, seems to have made no marked inroads into his iron constitution. For some time a report, which was generally credited, has been freely circulated that Sir Charles contemplated a speedy withdrawal from the leadership of the Conservative party, and that he would retire from active politics at the close of the present session of the parliament. All such speculation, however, was set at rest when Sir Charles, in acknowledging the cordial congratulations of the house of commons last week on the occasion of the forty-fifth anniversary of his entry into public life, said: "It is not my wish to remain much longer, but I think I will have to do so, at least until the people of Canada again pronounce as to which of the two great political parties shall enjoy their confidence for the coming parliamentary term." This plainly indicates that he will lead his party once more to victory or defeat.

Sir Charles Tupper has had a great measure of success during his long political career. From 1857 to 1860, and again from 1863 to 1867, he was a member of the Nova Scotia government, and he was its premier when the Canadian confederation was consummated. He declined a seat in the first Dominion cabinet in 1867, but in 1870 joined Sir John Macdonald's government, which was defeated in 1873. He came back to office with Sir John in 1878, and resigned in 1884, when appointed to the office of high commissioner to England for Canada, which position he held until 1887, when he again joined the Conservative government, he remaining a member for only one year, though being subsequently reappointed high commissioner. In 1896 he re-entered the Conservative government. He became premier on April 27, but being defeated on June 23 following, he resigned July 8, 1896. Since then he has led the opposition in parliament with great force and conspicuous ability. Should the Conservatives be defeated this year, it is probable that Sir Charles will retire from the leadership in favor of Hugh John Macdonald, the present premier of Manitoba, son of the late Conservative chieftain, and inheriting much of that distinguished statesman's rare ability as a leader.

The state of Iowa has just instituted a school library law, which provides that every school district must lay aside annually a sum of from 5 to 15 cents for each child of school age, the money to go for the purchase of books for a library. During the school year the books are to be shelved in the school house, but during vacation time they are to be kept for the use of the pupils in the house or office of some person selected by the school board. As the books may be loaned to persons who are not pupils, it is suggested that during vacations the school libraries be kept in the village store, where people are apt to congregate.

The Democrats, it is to be suspected, are capable of using the Cuban scandals for partisan effect. This is very wrong in them. The Republicans would not be guilty of seeking a party advantage in such circumstances were they in opposition. On this account the New York Mail and Express burns with righteous indignation, referring to the Democratic senators as "sordid politicians who would juggle with a national scandal for the sake of party advantage." No one can deny that what is needed in this country are two political parties that will not take advantage of their opponents' embarrassments and tribulations. One is not enough.

It is unfortunate for Senator Spooner's argument in his Philippine speech that he has to dispute former Secretary Day's statement that the United States acquired its present title to the archipelago by purchase and not by conquest from Spain. Mr. Day was president of the American commissioners who negotiated the Paris treaty; he was the president's right-hand man in that transaction; and if Mr. Day does not know how the United States got the title—such as it is—who can pose as an authority on the point?

The Springfield Republican says: "Mr. Taylor, of Kentucky, would appear to better advantage if he did not show so much partiality for Indianapolis in order to evade arrest by Kentucky officers for alleged complicity in Goebel's murder. It is pleasantest to think of Mr. Taylor as having had nothing to do with the assassination of his rival for the governorship. As an innocent man, he ought to go home and dare his accusers to do their worst."

Congressman Bowersock's bill for the abolition of the army canteen is to be favorably reported by the committee, but with an amendment which probably will render its defeat doubly sure. The amendment makes the bill include any premises used or owned by the United States. This applies to the capitol, and it is not difficult to see the finish of that bill.

"Is it possible," exclaims the Daily Telegraph of London, "that the sensible and sane American should fail to see that we pursue in South Africa merely the same policy which the United States pursue in the Philippines and Cuba?" No, they do not fail to see it, and they are going to vote as they think in November.

The Topeka State Journal says: "As a result of a vote of the Methodist general conference a minister can remain in one pastorate as long as his flock and the church desires that he shall do so." They do so now, as a rule. Few will hereafter stay longer than the old-time limit.

One of the latest stories abroad is that Governor Smith left Montana with the understanding that the lieutenant governor would appoint him to the vacant senatorship. If that be true it is not surprising that he was mad.

A couple at Wilkesbarre, Pa., paid 50 cents for a marriage license and called two county officials as witnesses and declared themselves man and wife. And the marriage is legal. Such a system is hard on the preachers.

Canadian librarians have barred all books and magazines containing articles which give the Boer side of the war. The book of the Psalms used chiefly by the Boers has been permitted to remain in Canadian Bibles.

Senator Beveridge is making a life study of the Malay language. He has mastered one dialect and there are fifty-eight more. At this rate Beveridge could be governor of the Philippines in about fifty-eight years.

Why was Neely appointed to an important office in Cuba? His career in Indiana was not creditable and was well known. There is only one answer: Spoils politics.

The Washington Post says: "The Kansas farmers are going to the Paris exposition to be treated for their prosperity. Paris can be depended upon to cure them."

The fruit canning season it at hand and the sugar trust is preparing for it by advancing the price of sugar once a week.

How can the war taxes be reduced if the Cuban defalcations continue to increase?

Will Kruger's "last ditch" be a kopje?

Disproves the Old Charge.

St. Peter Herald: The Republican papers are all running the picture of a political map intended to prove that the Democratic party has been the expansion party of the United States and goes on to prove that all of the territory of the present United States not embraced in the thirteen colonies was acquired by Democratic authority under Democratic administrations. This is good expansion argument, but does it not give the lie to the old charge that the Democratic party never did anything?

Baldwin For Congress.

Grand Rapids Herald-Review: Interviews given out by Senator C. O. Baldwin, of Duluth, would indicate that he would rather stay at home and practice law than go to congress. On several occasions, so it is said, he has stated emphatically that he would not become a candidate. His friends claim, however, that should Towne receive the Kansas City nomination for vice president, the pressure brought to bear on Baldwin will be so great that he will not do otherwise than accept. He is undoubtedly the most available one. The Herald-Review considers him the strongest man in the district—Towne excepted—but if he absolutely declines, another man will be found to defeat Page Morris.

What Republicans Fear.

Washington Times: It is naturally convenient for Republican editors to ignore the real issues why they enter upon the campaign of 1900 with dismay and doubt. They are not stupid persons, as a rule. If they were they would not be worth what they cost the machine to keep them in active operation. In fact, they know that what they have to fear is the indignation of the people over the corruptions and scandals of the McKinley regime, with its violation of "our plain duty" and the constitution at the command of the trusts, and its loot and pillage of the insular territories for the enrichment of its associted exploiters.

Potter For President.

Grand Rapids Magnet: A few weeks ago the Aitkin Republican mentioned the name of Hon. Warren Potter, of Aitkin, as a possibility for congressional honors, and last week the Herald-Review thought it would be a good plan to put him in second place on the national ticket. Now, we hardly think it right to make sport of Mr. Potter in this way for if he is entitled to anything at all he should head the ticket.

Ayer's Pills

Is your breath bad? Then your best friends turn their heads aside. A bad breath means a bad liver. Ayer's Pills are liver pills. They cure constipation, biliousness, dyspepsia, sick headache. 25c. All druggists.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Then use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE for the whiskers

50 CTS. OF DRUGGISTS, OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

FLASHES OF FUN.

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Then you don't love me any longer?" she moaned.

"No," he coldly replied, "I think you are quite long enough."

Chicago Record: Photographer—How shall I finish your photographs, madam?

Madam—Well, retouch half of them to look ten years younger than I am. I want those to send out of town.

Brooklyn Life: City Niece—This is my husband's collection of old coins. I don't think you have seen it before.

Uncle Josh—Gee whiz! How in the world did he ever get stuck on all them?

Philadelphia Press: Mrs. Starvem—You don't seem to like your coffee this morning, Mr. Slopay.

Mr. Slopay—No. It don't seem to have settled.

Mrs. Starvem—Well, Mr. Slopay, you may not like the coffee, but the coffee's like you.

Detroit Journal: "And they expect us to recognize them socially because we owe them money?" sneered the beautiful Griselda.

"They must think us very forgiving, to be sure."

Chicago Post: "When I marry," said the young woman of advanced ideas, "I shall insist upon my husband taking my name."

"I'would, too," replied the demure young woman promptly. "If I epected to get that sort of a man."

Cleveland Plain Dealer: "Miss Blawsy is a high stepper, isn't she?"

"Yes; she has walked that way ever since she gave up her wheel."

Chicago Tribune: "Which one of the popular books of the day do you like the best?" asked the maiden.

"To Have and to Hold," he answered in an ecstatic whisper.

"Dear me," she protested, but her voice had a smothered sound.

The Dinner Pail Brigade.

We applaud the blue-clad soldiers as they
march along the street,
Keeping time with clock-like motion to
the drums' inspiring beat;
Every patriotic heart beats as bright-
ly as the stars
When the hero boys are going to or coming
from the wars.
Yet there are heroic legions, men who
daily pass us by,
Who are given but a careless, unapproving
glance of eye;
Men who render to the country most in-
valuable supply
In the steady march of progress, the great
dinner-pail brigade.

Strike that army from existence and the
world would lie and rust,
Cities wondrous in their grandeur soon
would crumble into dust,
All our trade and manufacture would be
doomed to early death,
And that healthy giant, Commerce, never
draw another breath.
Earth would lose her active spirit and be
dreary as the tomb,
Heaven's sun-rays soft descending woul'
but fall on stagnant gloom,
And the glories of existence as the stricken
flowers would fade
If the fates should choose to rob us of the
dinner-pail brigade.

'Tis the muscle and the sinew and the
life-blood of the land,
Every industry is fostered by the work-
man's calloused hand,
Every palace that is housing an imperial
millionaire
Owes its presence to the toilers whose industry placed it there,
Every penny that in coffers of the wealthy
finds a place
Is a drop perspiration from hard labor's
bended face;
Every stone in the foundation of prosperity is laid
By the hands, all labor hardened, of the
dinner-pail brigade.

While we laud our gallant soldiers for
their valor in the fray,
Let us not forget the heroes who are with
us every day;
While we praise the gifted toilers in the
sciences and arts,
Let us not forget the toilers who are playing humbler parts.
While the men who owe their fortunes to
these heroes, in their lust
After yet more golden dollars grind the
workmen in the dust,
Let the honest masses see that well-earned
tribute shall be paid
To the ever active legions of the dinner-
pail brigade.

—Denver Post.

TOWNE FOR VICE PRESIDENT.

Dubuque Telegraph: Mr. Towne is thoroughly in favor of equality and against privilege, and intellectually he is one of the ablest as morally he is one of the best men in the United States. The only objection to the ratification of his nomination at Kansas City is geographical, and if the Democrats shall name another man it will be for this reason.

Saul: Center Avalanche: Bryan and Towne, what a strong combination for Democracy on the presidential ticket this fall. The Kansas City convention cannot do better than select Charles Albert Towne a stone running mate for William Jennings Bryan, and Minnesota's delegation should go to the convention prepared to cast its entire vote for Bryan and Towne. * * * Minnesota Democrats should instruct their delegates to the Kansas City convention for Charles A. Towne for vice president. Sectional lines should cut no figure. Today Towne is head and shoulders above any other possibility that has been mentioned.

Buffalo Journal: Minnesota has two presidential candidates, Towne for the Populists and Donnelly for the mid-road Populists. If the Democrats will accept Towne and the Republican convention will select a Minnesota man we will have a cinch on the office. If on the other hand Towne is endorsed and the Republicans have no home man they will have no cinch on the presidential electors from this state, for Towne is quite a hypnotist on the platform.

Minneapolis Democrat: If the Democrats accept this nomination at Kansas City, in our judgment Bryan and Towne would sweep the country like a whirlwind.

National Watchman: Mr. Towne was elected to congress as a Republican in 1894 by a majority of 10,000. His district and state were both Republican strongholds and there was no office within the gift of either that did not await him if he would but bend the pregnant hinges of the knee that thrift might follow fawning. But a single term in congress was sufficient to reveal to Mr. Towne the true situation, and spurning the rewards that must follow self-abasement he manfully took up the people's side, and next to Mr. Bryan himself there is American more respected and loved by the farmers, toilers and taxpayers of America than Towne, of Minnesota.

MEMORIAL SERVICES

Grand Army of Republic Attends Grace M. E. and First Presbyterian Churches.

ELOQUENT SERMONS

Rev. Mr. Knowles In the Morning and Dr. Cleland In the Evening.

Yesterday was Memorial Sunday and the members of the Grand Army of the Republic, Women's Relief corps and the Garfield circle of the G. A. R. attended services in the morning and evening. The morning service was at Grace Methodist church at the West End and the evening service at the First Presbyterian church. There was a large attendance at both churches.

At the morning service the sermon was by Rev. H. W. Knowles, pastor of the church. He sketched the three great epochs in Jewish history and drew a parallel between them and American history. The three great periods were the bondage into Egypt, the wandering in the wilderness and the entry into the promised land. Mr. Knowles said that in the memory of the past lies the inspiration of the future. Joshua and Caleb, his first lieutenant, led the people to freedom across the Jordan to the threshold of the promised land and authorized the building of two monuments, the one in the river bed to be hidden by the water and the other to be seen by all generations. The one typified the invisible spirit which animated the people, the other in concrete form their institutions. The one reminding them of God's clearing the way through the otherwise impassable Jordan and the other reminding them of their establishment in their promised heritage, both proofs and pledges that God was with them. When their children asked "what mean ye by these stones?" the answer was to be the story of their historic development and their divine direction.

So, when on Memorial day the assent of the nation was given to Gen. Logan's order by the memorial services of the old guard, the mothers and daughters of the revolution, and the members of the relief corps, it was a reminder of the deliverance and development, birth and fruition of a free people. These memories are also to be preserved that we may never forget the deeps of those by whom God gave to us, and yet preserves inviolate, the priceless and inalienable rights more dear than life.

Some people, said the speaker, object to what is called the perpetuation of the military spirit. They say it injures the moral nature and cultivates barbaric brutishness. This is all wrong. The men who fight for freedom never yet were guilty of bruitishness in peace or in war. The soldiers of freedom never yet fired on a flag of truce, mutilated the dead, nor humiliated the conquered with harsh treaties, but always the tyrant in peace is the brute in war. The autocrat in peace is the cruel one in combat. And there is a distinction to be drawn which is not generally recognized between fighting for freedom and fighting for independence. The South fought for independence. the North fought for freedom.

Moral right has always needed and will for some time to come need the defense of the strong hand which wields the sword of justice, and so men like Washington, Lincoln and McKinley, of unimpeachable character, the soldier loyal to his flag, gentleness in peace, but terrible and irresistible in war, is not out of place in these services, in God's worship, in God's house. The martial spirit is necessary for the defense and development of a moral people.

Mr. Knowles said it was unnecessary, unjust and unkind to revive memories of the causes of the rebellion simply to revive strife and to perfect animosity. Washington, Lincoln and McKinley are the names on the roll of fame which recall the three epochs of our evolution from a staggering scattered people to a nation holding rank with the foremost in Christian civilization. Our forefathers at first died, not for independence, but for freedom. They were willing to be a part of a great empire if they might be free. It has ever been so. France gave herself her civic death when she ejects the Huguenots from her midst.

It is the irony of fate that for 3000 years Egypt has paid the price for attempting to wrong that little band of shepherds called Israel and not until the Saxon of modern times became the controlling power in Egypt has she known prosperity and peace. Egypt is protected by the followers of the Shepherd King born of the people whom Pharaoh oppressed.

Mr. Knowles described the causes which led to the war with Spain, saying that for more than twenty years it had been inevitable. The blowing up of the Maine led to courteous but firm demands for satisfaction from President McKinley which, finally, resulted in war from the insolent "what are you going to do about it" attitude of Spain. That is the fatal mistake the tyrant always makes. He mistakes courtesy for cowardice.

Mr. Knowles' reference to the idea which the Spaniards had that the Americans would not fight, and the manner in which that idea was changed, brought a round of applause, something seldom heard at a church service.

DR. CLELAND'S SERMON.

Dr. Cleland's sermon last evening was on the subject, "A Sacrificed Life the Best Fulfilled Life," and the text Acts xx 24, "Neither count I my life dear unto myself, that I may finish my course with joy." There was a large attendance of the members of the G. A. R., and the choir rendered special music.

Dr. Cleland said that the supreme lesson taught by strewn flowers of Decoration day is the true use and value of a life. In the world's market things counted worth living for bear the highest price, and at the graves of our heroic dead we learn that there are things worth dying for. When a country or an age descends to the low level where it can see nothing worth dying for, its doom is sealed. A life is not given us that it may be long, rosy and prosperous, for it may be all this and yet be an utter failure. When we contemplate this preserved nation united, free and influential, we go gratefully and reverently to the graves of the heroic dead of '61 and say the dearly bought inheritance is worth all it cost.

Memorial day is not designed to cultivate the martial spirit. We prefer to leave the trumpet on the wall. Nothing so severely denounces war as the soldier's grave. Sheridan called war hell. Grant is best epitomized in his famous words, "Let us have peace." The sword is a dire appeal, but it is far worse to let it sleep in its scabbard while liberty is throttled; a nation falls to pieces if anarchy reigns. We perpetuate these annual memorials that each new generation may be taught that republics are not ungrateful, and that they who sacrifice their lives to God and country cannot die, but are held in everlasting remembrance. The brave boys that fell at Gettysburg or El Caney counted their lives as not dear as compared with the union that was preserved and the liberty that was secured.

Let us then be willing to listen to the counsels that come from their honorable graves. They remind us to take up the legacy they have bequeathed us and make it richer for those who shall follow us. Let us scorn the counsel, and the councilor, that bids great America to wrap a tempting bribe, so dearly bought, in a napkin, to be buried in the earth. Bury the seed of liberty in American soil, and so long as the dews of heaven moisten it and God's sunshine warms it, you cannot prevent it from sprouting, flourishing and expanding over the earth.

The brave men that followed the flag from Sumter to Appomattox, until it waves alike over magnolia and the pine, declared that a united and fraternizing people shall make greater America better America. And this task will never be before us "while God is marching on." Let us today determine that wherever providence determines this flag shall go, it shall stand forever as the symbol of liberty, justice and righteousness. Let our nation and banner, baptised in sacrificial blood be kept, sacred only to liberty and truth, and possess a future worthy of the lives cheerfully dedicate to them. Let the heroic dead remind us that:

"While right is right, and God is God;
That right the day will win;
To doubt will be disloyalty, to falter will
be sin."

THE INDEPENDENT VOTE.

Baltimore Sun (Ind. Dem.): The circumstances under which the Republican and Democratic parties are being "rounded up" for the purpose of naming candidates and framing platforms are, it must be conceded, such as to encourage the politicians who believe that politics begins and ends with one word—management. The independent voter seems to them a more than usually microscopic element in national affairs. To their always "practical" minds the question that suggests itself under existing conditions is: What can the independent voter do about it? If he does not like McKinley and his tariff-for-trusts, colonies-for-plunder and expansion-by-conquest policies, what can he do except vote for Bryan and his sixteen-to-one revival? In short, the political managers of both parties are, not without some reason, inclined to look upon the independent voter as "between the devil and the deep sea."

Still the independent voter lives, and the managers of either party who undertake to treat him as a negligible quantity are not far-sighted men. It is plainly enough within their power to shut him up to a choice of evils—imperialism, Asiatic edventure, colonial government on carpet bag lines, with Cuban postoffice scandals thrown in; protection for trusts, costly army and navy, and entangling foreign alliances under the guise of "friendly understandings" on the one hand; or, on the other, a resurrection of the free silver issue, with its thrice-exploded fallacies and delusions, with al lthe commercial alarm and business disturbance which that would certainly bring. But even if the independent voter is confronted with that melancholy choice between two policies, both offensive to his conscience and his judgment, he will not be helpless. His conscience, his judgment and his vote will still remain in his own keeping.

He controlled the election in 1896. He gave Mr. McKinley his first term. He undoubtedly is not disposed today to give him a second term. Mr. Bryan and his managers clearly have it in their power to gain his support, if only they will make their platform broad enough for all the men to stand upon who neither want a continuance of the McKinley policies at home and abroad, nor a revival of the revolutionary currency policy which they voted down four years ago. The Kansas City convention managers are masters alike of the nomination and the platform, but not of the election. They can shut up independent voters in all the doubtful states to a choice between two lines of national policy that are both obnoxious to them, but after they have taken that unwise step they cannot be sure of the action of the independent voters.

Whether the latter would, if placed in such a position, nominate an independent ticket or whether the bulk of them would prefer McKinley and the ills we have to Bryan and the ills of free silver resurrection that we know not of, or whether they would divide and vote in about equal fractions for which ever of the two evils they deemed to be the least, are all uncertainties. No man can foresee or predict what they would do in such an event. But one thing is as certain as though it had already happened, and that is that Mr. Bryan on a present day platform, with no "looking backward" in it, would attract nine-tenths of al lthe independent voters who are alarmed and disgusted at the policies, domestic and foreign, of the present administration. And on a "looking backward" platform he cannot do it. Common sense applies to political management as to other things. It is folly to divide and repel a large body of voters who can be just as well united and welcomed.

The independent voter still lives, and he is numerically strongest exactly in the states where Mr. Bryan will need electoral votes most and fail if he cannot get them. The fear of the loosely attached and easily transferable voter, the citizen whose ballot goes with his conscience to the ticket that pleases it most or offends it least, is this year, as it is in every critical year, the beginning of political wisdom.

GEN. MERRITT'S RETIREMENT.

Chicago Tribune: Maj. Gen. Wesley Merritt virtually retired from the service on Thursday when he entered upon a leave of absence which will not terminate until about the time when his age will make retirement compulsory. There are few general officers who can claim to have seen more years of actual campaigning than can Gen. Merritt. He has been a soldier for forty-five years, and during most of that time he could with more truth than has sometimes been the case with others date his dispatches from "headquarters in the saddle."

Merritt was an ideal cavalry leader. He received more promotions for specific acts of gallantry in the field than any other army officer. During the early part of the civil war, when he was fresh from the military academy, he served under Stoneman. He rose rapidly in rank, and in the Shenandoah campaign he commanded one of Sheridan's divisions of horse. At the close of the war he became a field officer in the regular service, and for years fought in the Western Indian campaigns, in common with some other general officers. Gen. Merritt was given but little opportunity to distinguish himself in the last foreign war. He showed, however, that his military acumen was still sharp when he insisted that the Philippine campaign could not be carried to a successful conclusion with the comparatively few men that the government allotted for the task. At his demand the body of troops that he took with him was made much larger than was at first contemplated, and with them he overthrew the Spanish land power in Luzon. Merritt goes to join Schofield, Howard and Ruger on the retired list. By his retirement the active list loses an able officer.

AMUSEMENTS | AMUSEMENTS

R. Capoul-Cuttriss Warde

The eminent vocal and dramatic master of Chicago, and formerly the leading artist of the first companies of Europe and America, will spend four months, June, July, August and September, in Duluth, and will receive only a limited number of pupils in Vocal Culture (Italian School) Gesticulation, Study of Opera, Oratorio, Operatic Acting and Dramatic Art in all its branches.

The successful career of the following Artists, pupils of R. Capoul Cuttriss Warde, is of itself proof of the excellence of his method and training.

LOTTIE CRUIKSHANK—Contralto of the Bostonians and Chicago Ideal Opera company.
HENRY SIMPSON—Tenor of the Boston English Opera Company.
J. C. ABDILL—Tenor of the late Emma Abbott English Opera Company.
MISS L. PASOTTI—The eminent Contralto of the Royal Italian Opera, Convent Garden, London.
SOPHIE HECHT—Contralto of the Jo scffy Concerts.
CHARLES UPTON—Tenor of the Remenyi Grand Concert Company.
J. K. MURRAY—Baritone.
HARRY SCARBOROUGH—Tenor of the Marie Tempest Opera Company.
ALBERT RATHJENS—Baritone of the Mapleson Opera Company.
WILLIAM A. MARTENS—Baritone.
CHARLES GANNIO—Tenor of the Emma Juch Grand English Opera Company.
SIGNOR C. MANCUSI—Bariton of the Carl Rosa Royal English Opera Company.
E. BARETI—Tenor of the Hess Opera Company.
MINNIE LEWES—Mezzo-Soprano of the Gilmore Band Concerts and Marie Tempest Opera Company.
MARTHA JENNINGS—Contralto of the Heinrich Grand Opera Company.
ANNA MEYERS—Soprano of Aronson Casino Company.
EMMA STOREY—Soprano of the Boston Symphony Concerts.
ROSE HARPER—Mezzo-Soprano of the Gilmore Band Concerts.
THOMAS HARRIS—Basso of the Theodore Thomas Concerts.
M. MORIANI—Tenor of the Theodore Thomas and Damrosch Concerts.
MARIE VOGEL—Mezzo-Soprano of the Emma Juch and Metropolitan Opera Company.
SIGNOR F. VANNEI—Tenor of the Minnie Hauk Concert Company.
HENRY C. VOGEL—Basso of the Royal Italian Opera, London.
SIGNOR A. TORANI—Basso of the Royal Italian Opera, London.
MISS M. ROLLO—Contralto of the Mapleson Italian Opera Company.
MARIE TRANI—Prima Donna at the Grand Opera, Hamburg.
SIGNOR R. VEDORA—Primo Baritone of the Abbey & Grau Grand Italian Opera Company.
ANNA KNOX—Soprano of the Tavary Grand English Opera Company.
CHARLOTTE BELTON—Contralto of the Great Festivals at Boston, New York, Cincinnati, Philadelphia and San Francisco.
EMMA C. HALL—Contralto of the Conried Opera Company.

And many other prominent artists in leading positions of the first Operatic and Dramatic companies of America—and also many prominent singers holding finest church positions.

For terms and further information, address his secretary, "Edgardo C. Tueneau," who will accept pupils in French, Spanish and Italian, during this term of months. Address No. 911 Cable Building, Chicago, Ill.

PROCTOR KNOTT'S SPEECH.

James Whitcomb Riley Gives a Reminiscence In Relation to It.

When James Whitcomb Riley was here last week in speaking of Duluth he said that his earliest recollection of Duluth dated back many years, to the time when he was 8 or 9 years old, in fact. One day his father, who was a lawyer, came home with a speech that had just been made in congress by Proctor Knott. It was his speech on Duluth, now famous and inseparably connected with his name.

"Father read that speech to us again and again and it seemed to have a new delight for him every time he read it. He would read it to the family, and when the neighbors came in he would get it out and read it to them and they would laugh until the tears would roll down their cheeks. He thought it the funniest thing he had ever heard in his life.

"It undoubtedly was a very funny speech at the time, but Proctor Knott always regretted making it. He told me that once himself. He said that speech became so inseparably connected with his name that it followed him everywhere and he was always looked for to say something humorous and witty and when he fell short of the mark there was disappointment. It was the case of a man being ruined by one speech."

An Attractive Summer Pamphlet Issued By The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company.

The Baltimore & Ohio Railroad company has just issued a very attractive summer resort pamphlet, profusely illustrated and descriptive of different points of interest tributary to its line. Special features are made of Deer Park, Gettysburg battlefield, Atlantic City and Put-in-Bay.

PARLOR THEATER.
Wm. J. Wells, Manager. 19 Second Avenue West.
TONIGHT, 8:30 P. M.
BOSTON NOVELTY CO.
Fine Vaudeville Show.
MATINEE SATURDAY, 2:30 P. M.

Short Stories

By C. W. Ericson.

With all sorts of weather it is hard to know what wearing apparel will most interest you—whether Spring Overcoats or Summer Suits—but it is our business to dress you for all weathers, at—

$12.00 TO $15.00

We guarantee serviceable and satisfactory Suits in Serges, Worsteds and Tweeds. Better tailoring and trimming up to $25.00.

C. W. Ericson

Reliable Clothier.

CENSUS QUERIES

List of Questions Which Enumerators Will Ask at Every Household.

TO ANSWER THEM

People Should Talk It Over Beforehand and Be Ready For Him.

Next Friday the taking of the census will begin, and the enumerators will begin their calls on people all over the city. Much has been said in the columns of the city papers as to the work to be done and the necessity for the people to make is as easy as possible for the enumerators. Every citizen of the city must aid in the work, and there is no way in which it can be done better than by having the people throughout the city ready to answer the questions of the enumerators promptly, and thus enable them to do their work quickly.

At most houses the women will be the ones who will have to give the information, for the enumerators will call during the day, when the men are away. It is, therefore, important to have the women posted as to the information which the enumerators will want. The following is the information which they will want:

1. Surname, Christian name, initial.
2. Residence, street, number of house.
3. Relationship of each member to the head of the family.
4. Color or race.
5. Sex.
6. Age at last birthday.
7. Day, month and year when born.
8. Are you single, married, widow, widower or divorced?
9. Number of years married.
10. How many children.
11. Sex of these children.
13. Where were you born? If in the United States, give state or territory; if of foreign birth, give name of the country.
14. Where was your father born? Your mother? (Same conditions as the foregoing).
15. If of foreign birth, when did you come to the United States?
16. How many years have you resided in the United States?
17. Have you been naturalized? How many years since you became a citizen?
18. What is your occupation, trade or profession? (This question applies to persons 10 years of age or over).
19. How many months during the year are you employed?
20. How many months have you attended school?
21. Can you read?
22. Can you write?
23. Give the main facts concerning your education.
24. Do you own the house in which you live?
25. Do you rent the house in which you live?
26. If your own the house, is it free or mortgaged? (The same questions apply to farms).

In every house of the city this list should be taken and the questions answered before the enumerator comes around. They should be answered, too, with reference to every person who lives in the house, or who did live in it on the first day of June. It would be well to take the list and write down the answers with reference to every person. This will facilitate the work very much, and time will mean much for each enumerator must enroll about 100 names a day in order to get through.

Every person, too, who knows of some one absent from the city who rightly belongs here should inform the enumerators, or better still, should send information of the person to the citizens' committee at 618 Chamber of Commerce building. There will be somebody there at all times to look after these people.

Persons who have servants and boarders should be especially particular about getting this information for the enumerators. The boarders are away all day, and if the information cannot be procured at the house it will cause much trouble and loss of time. It will also save the time of servants if the mistresses will secure answers from them at times when they can conveniently give the time rather than to have them drop their work when the enumerators come along.

The women can do more than the men to make the work of taking the census easy if they are so minded, and the men should urge it upon them.

WILL RETURN IN JUNE.

President Hill, of the Great Northern, Expected Soon.

It was stated at Great Northern head quarters in St. Paul on Saturday that President James J. Hill, who is now in Paris, will return to St. Paul between June 1 and 15. Mr. Hill's family will remain in Paris during the summer season, visiting the big show. Mr. Hill intimated to friends prior to his departure that his absence would not be extended, and will return to St. Paul to care for a number of matters in connection with Great Northern affairs, left unfinished at the time of his departure.

A Birthday Party.

Master Clifford W. Kohagen, of 201 East Seventh street, entertained a number of his little friends on Saturday afternoon in honor of his 5th birthday. Games were indulged in by the little ones, after which lunch was served. Among those present were: Miss Nellie Feetham, Mable Harker, Alice Soneson, Clara Beier, Ethel Kohagen, Rogma Tegmander, Hattie Schwartz, Esther Tischer, Gertrude Ottinger: Masters Harold Feetham, Lewis Beier, Edward Bromion, Carl Broman, Walter Soneson, Harold Soneson, Joseph Schwartz, Elmer Kohagen, Orlo Tischer.

"He That Stays Does the Business."

All the world admires "staying power." On this quality success depends. The blood is the best friend the heart has. Hood's Sarsaparilla is the best friend the blood ever had; cleanses it of everything, gives perfect health and strength.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Never Disappoints

THIS IS IT
The MOULDED RUBBER BUTTON with INDENTED HEAD RIVET—the characteristic feature of
The Velvet Grip
CUSHION BUTTON HOSE SUPPORTER
No Stitching in the Elastic.
NEVER SLIPS OR TEARS
At Your Dealer, or Sample Pair, by Mail, 25c.
GEORGE FROST CO., Makers, Boston, Mass., U.S.A.
LOOK For the NAME on EVERY LOOP.

COMING TO DULUTH.

Eminent Operatic and Dramatic Master of Chicago to Summer Here.

The musical people of Duluth will undoubtedly be delighted to know that R. Capoul-Cuttriss Warde, the eminent operatic and dramatic master of Chicago, who has had a successful career in that city for the past fourteen years, will spend four months in Duluth this coming summer. The following is taken from the New York Dramatic News:

"R. Cuttriss-Warde is a native of London, of English and French parentage, and in both countries is held as an artist of high repute, having appeared upon the stage with such artists as Nilsson, Hauk, Gerster, eKllogg, Cary, Campanini, Sims Reeves and other famous artists. Though still a young man, he has gained a position in the musical and theatrical world which could be envied by those much older, for at the age of 10 he was considered a full-fledged professional, having appeared in legitimate drama at the Prince of Wales theater in London, with marked success as a child actor. He studied his vocal art under such masters as Lamperti, Carl Formes, Randegger and Tosti, also receiving judicious training in dramatic art and elocution from that once famous artist, Jean Hosmer. His first appearance in opera was made in Florence, Italy, at the Grand Opera house, as Enrico, in "Lucia di Lammermoor,' scoring a marked success, the Italian critics crediting him with creative and decided vocal ability. His success at this time opened to him the doors of the first opera houses of Venice, Bologna, Rome and Naples. In 1883 he returned to London and was immediately engaged at her majesty's grand Italian opera, under the direction of Col. Mapleson, making his debut there with brilliant success as Valentine, in Gounod's "Faust," a part studied by Mr. Warde under the composer. In the latter part of the season of 1882, Mme. Christine Nilsson engaged this young artist for a concert tour of the principal cities of Great Britain. He sang with equally pronounced success on this tour as he had previously achieved in opera. Shortly thereafter, having been brought to the attention of the late Carl Rosa, he was engaged by that Impressario for his Grand English Opera company. His admirable work in that famous enterprise was enthusiastically received. During his stay in London he also met with complete success as a singer of oratorio, having had the honor of appearing at the Albert hall, the Choral society and Crystal Palace concerts. Both in operatic and oratorio singing, also as an actor, he made a most favorable impression upon the London critics. His debut in America was made with the Strakosch Grand Opera company in Cincinnati, as the Escamillo in "Carmen." He lent valuable assistance in maintaining the great reputation of that organization, his services thereafter being in great demand by the first operatic managers of America. The production of any opera given by this company, in which he was identified, always resulted in a new triumph for him. Among the many parts sung by him during his engagement with the Strakosch company, the following are the most important: Escamillo, in "Carmen;" "Enrico, in "Lucia;" Valentine, in "Faust;" Count di Luna, in "Il Trovatore;" "Wiliam Tell," "Fra Diavolo," and Count Arnheim, in "Bohemian Girl." His repertoire is extensive, including forty operas, ranging gfrom opera comique to grand opera. His rare intelligence and ability as a thoroughly schooled musician give much added value to his vocal work. In the dramatic line his style of acting is entirely free from the rough-and-ready kind of anturalism too common among English singers and actors. He is possessed of a wonderful amount of magnetism, and is easy, graceful and natural. Every movement and gesture is well balanced, and the dramatic possibilities and exigencies of any part taken by him will be considered with the minutest care. In other words, R. Cuttriss-Warde is one of the most brilliant artists of the times. Mr. Warde has also appeared with great success on the dramatic stage in all the leading Shakespearean roles at the Prince of Wales' theater, London, England."

County Committee Meeting.

Chairman A. P. Cook of the St. Louis county Republican committee has called a meeting of the committee for this afternoon, at 4 o'clock, at the Chamber of Commerce. The purpose of the meeting is to call a county convention to elect delegates to the state convention, and the same convention will probably select a county ticket.

Golf Club Contests.

The Northland Golf club had some interesting contests Saturday afternoon, opening the season at the links at Thirty-ninth avenue east. The foursome series was inaugurated, and about thirty members attended. In accordance with the custom that one of the women shall serve tea at each meeting, Mrs. Miller-Bradley was the hostess, and she was assisted by Mrs. H. C. Marshall, Mrs. G. G. Hartley and Mrs. A. M. Miller. The winners of Saturday's matches will play down on Memorial day, and the finals will be played Saturday. The winners were as follows: Miss Moon and Ward Ames, Jr., Miss Harvey and A. M. Miller, Jr., Mrs. T. W. Hoopes and W. E. Richardson, Miss Simmonds and E. P. Towne, Mrs. W. B. Silvey and T. W. Hoopes.

When in a hurry, smoke Winecke & Doerr's Corona, nickel cigar, Chancellor stock.

TAKES THE TWO

Duluth Has Easy Time With Brainerd's Team---Other Ball Games.

Duluth won Saturday's game while the Brainerd men were groping for the mysterious slants handed up by Gagnon. Duluth won yesterday's game because it couldn't very well do anything else. The first game was easily the best of the season, but only a small crowd saw Wade's men hewing paths of glory. Yesterday a large crowd, thoroughly chilled looked down on the wierd performance with eighteen errors in it. Stiu in such cold and disagreeable weather good ball playing was impossible. Brainerd was outplayed in each game. The fans watched the work of McCarthy, the new second baseman very closely and it proved satisfactory. In the two games he scored five runs, made four hits and only missed two out of thirteen chances. Two of his hits yesterday were doubles. Saturday's game was as follows:

Duluth—	R	H	PO	A	E
Lambert, c f	2	2	7	0	0
Shepard, s s	0	2	2	3	0
Kline, 1 b	0	0	4	0	1
McCarthy, 2 b	1	1	7	2	1
Hartman, c	0	0	3	0	0
Warner, 3 b	1	2	0	2	1
Hurley, r f	1	1	0	0	0
Featherstone, l f	0	0	1	0	0
Gagnon, p	2	1	3	0	0
Totals	7	9	27	7	3
Brainerd—	R	H	PO	A	E
Rutherford, c	0	0	1	1	0
Peterson, c f	2	0	1	0	1
Howe, 3 b	0	2	1	2	0
Talehman, 2 b	0	1	3	5	2
Dresen, 1 b	1	0	8	1	1
Lawrence, s s	0	0	1	4	3
Finn, r f	0	0	2	0	1
Murphy, l f	0	2	3	0	0
Voerge, p	0	0	2	2	0
Totals	3	5	27	10	8

The score by innings—
Duluth ..... 1 2 1 2 0 1 0 0 0—7
Brainerd ..... 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 1 0—3

Earned runs, Duluth, 2; Brainerd, 1; stoven bases, McCarthy, Hurley; two-base hit, Howe; double play, Shepard, McCarthy, Kline; bases on balls, off Gagnon, 3; off Voerge, 4; hit by pitched ball, Lambert; struck out, by Gagnon, 3; by Voerge, 1; passed balls, Hartman, 1; Rutherford, 3; wild pitches, Gagnon, 1; time of game, 1:35. Umpire, Goldie.

Yesterday's score was:

Duluth—	R	H	PO	A	E
Lambert, c f	4	2	2	1	0
Shepard, s s	3	3	3	0	2
Kline, 1 b	3	0	10	0	0
McCarthy, 2 b	3	2	1	1	1
Cox, p	0	0	7	6	1
Hartman, c	0	1	1	0	2
Warner, 3 b	2	1	1	0	2
Hurley, r f	2	1	0	0	1
Featherstone, l f	2	0	1	0	1
Totals	18	10	27	8	8
Brainerd—	R	H	PO	A	E
Peterson	1	1	2	0	0
Thielman, p	3	3	2	3	1
Connors, 1 b	1	1	11	0	1
Howe, 3 b	1	1	1	2	1
Rutherford, c	1	0	0	1	0
Dressen, 2 b	0	1	2	2	1
Voerge, r f	0	2	3	0	0
Lawrence	1	1	0	3	5
Murphy	2	1	2	0	1
Totals	10	12	24	11	10

The score by innings—
Duluth ..... 0 1 3 3 0 4 3 4 0—18
Brainerd ..... 2 0 0 4 3 0 0 1 0—10

Bases stolen, Lambert, 2; McCarthy, 3, Warner, Rutherford, 2. Two-base hits, McCarthy, 2; Hartman, Warner, Thielman, Voerge. Three-base hits, Hurley. Bases on balls, off Cox, 6; off Thielman, 6. Struck out, by Cox, 7; by Thielman, 2. Passed balls, Rutherford. Time of game, 2:10. Umpire, Goldie.

Superior won both games from the strong Hamm team, of Minneapolis. Notwithstanding the score totals the brewers out-batted and out-played Patterson's men. On Saturday, Superior tried "Red" Hanley a comparatively unknown cornerlot youngster and he won his game. He had great speed and splendid control, striking out nine of the heavy hitting Hammsites. Had it not been for poor support in the outfield it would have been a case of shut out for the Minneapolis team. The score by innings was:

	R	H	E
Superior .. ...1 0 4 1 2 1 0 0 x—9	9	3	
Hamms ..... .1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—2	10	1	

Batteries: Superior, Hanley and Lee; Hamm Brewing company, Foley and Dolan.

In yesterday's game Superior tried a new pitcher named Clendon and in the future he will be regular, pitching one of the Decoration day games against Duluth. He is from Chicago and played last year with Mandel Bros. team. The score by innings:

	R	H	E
Hamms .. ..1 0 1 1 1 2 0 0 0—6	11	3	
Superior ....0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 x—1	10	0	

Batteries: Hamms, Beller, Hynes and Dolan; Superior, Glendon and Lee.

On Saturday afternoon at Craggencroft the Central High school team won from the Y. M. C. A. team with ease. The score was 25 to 10, but the Y. M. C. A. will probably play another game for the reason that the association was unable to get its regular team together. This is a failing that has handicapped the Y. M. C. A. athletics for some time past. Its games are not played as advertised, and as it is but men fail to show up the effect is demoralizing. The line-up was:

High School—		Y. M. C. A—
A. Cummings	...pitcher	Bagley
Toumin	...catcher	Berini
G. Cumrings	...first base	Agnew
McCumber	...second base	Briggs
Skuse, Wood	...third base	H. Skuse
Peterson	...short stop	W. Bradley
Prendergast	...right field	F. Bradley Adams.
Congdon	...left field	Marshall
Skuse	...middle field	Wing

The Board of Trade and the Stone-Ordean-Wells teams made their debut Saturday afternoon and the grain men got the best of it. The score was 11 to 12. The two teams were made up as follows:

B. of T.—	S.-O.-W.—
Wisted	catcher Rheinhart
Chapman	pitcher McMullen
Kitchli	second base Allen
Getchel	third base Cartwright
Cross	short stop Schofield
Jones	right field Neff
Schipper	left field Johns
Schumaker	center field Russell

I have not traced, nor can I trace a vestige of similarity in the substitute, Genuine Rocky Mountain Tea is made by the Madison Medicine company, 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Great Crowd on the Point.

There was an enormous crowd at Park Point yesterday and the Park Point street railway had all it could do to take care of the people. The crowd began going down early in the afternoon and the jam kept up until long after 6 o'clock. If the weather had been warmer the crowd would have been even larger.

The steam ferry Estelle was crowded to the gunwale on every trip and early in the afternoon had to abandon the Fifth avenue west stop for the boat would reach its limit every time it stopped at Lake avenue.

The concert by the Duluth City band was very good and the crowd enjoyed it immensely.

The good of smoking is all in smoking a good cigar. You know what Chancellor is.

Save the Labels
and write for list of premiums we offer free for them.
HIRES Rootbeer
The favorite summer drink
Chas. E. Hires Co. Malvern, Pa.

Our Commencement Greeting for June 9th, 1900.
"The time when the blood leaps lightly,
The heart beats hopefully,
And nature sings her Pæans"

Will Be a Great White Sale

ITS KEYNOTE—QUALITY.

Mail Orders Promptly Filled.

NEMO ME IMPUNE LACESSIT

PANTON & WHITE

THE BIG Glass Block STORE

DULUTH, MINN.

Cut Flowers for Decoration Day.....

2000 Roses at per dozen	60c
2000 Carnations at	45c
1000 Snow Balls, at per blossom	3c

The above will be on sale at our Flower Counter tomorrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Exclusive Millinery.

That the Richest Millinery Confections at the commencement exercises will be from our establishment is evidenced by the large number of "special" orders we have to fill for that event. That our store the coming week will be the mecca of all admirers of everything chic, dainty and stylish in the Millinery world is a statement which we also feel justified in making. Do not forget that we can supply all styles for the Misses, both in Straw, Leghorn and other varieties, as well as a most refined assortment of Hats for the Children.

A Parasol Surprise.

We have been waiting for this particular season to show our carefully selected stock of White Parasols of all styles and combinations. Here they are at your disposal, and they range from—each—

95c to $6.50

Gloves.

Last, but what to Eet is complete— particularly the one for the girl graduate—without a handsome, well-fitting pair of KID GLOVES? We have not space for argument. When we tell you we can give you a choice for the following prices, you know that quality is not sacrificed. Prices—

$1, $1.50 and $2

Then also in Silk Gloves we can give you an unlimited selection for, per pair—

50c, 75c and $1

Fans.

And now for that particular one to match that costume. The assortment is unlimited. However, we will mention Hand Painted and Decorated Fans from—

$1.25 to $4.75

More elaborate ones at any price wanted.

Cloak News.

THESE PRICES ARE BUGLE BLASTS—OTHER STORES ARE BLOWING TIN HORNS.

White Duck Skirts, made with deep hem and full width; on sale at..... **98c**

Crash Skirts; plain; others fancy trimmed; price— **98c and $1.49**

The new Kahki Skirt is shown here in several different shades; price— **$2.75 and up**

Women's Dainty White Lawn Waists; extra fine quality; price— **89c, 98c and $1.25**

The New Geisha Waist, in imported White Lawn; handkerchief effect; considered very swell; price— **$2.98, $3.50, $4.50 to $8.00**

Women's pretty Colored Wash Skirts, in Gingham and Cambric; price— **69c, 89c, 98c and $1.50**

Correct Fabrics for Commencement Wear.

Silk Crepe de Chene, plain Foulards, Wash Jap Silks in white; at—yard— **$1.25, 89c, 75c and 59c**

All-wool Crepe de Chene—Silk and Wool Crepe de Chene, in white or cream; at—yard..... **$1.25**

Albatross and Cashmere, 40 inches wide; at—yard— **50c and 59c**

Mousseline de Soie in plain, corded and satin stripes; yard— **75c, 59c and 50c**

Silk Dimity in white; at—yard..... **59c**

Peau de Soie, a fine sheer cotton fabric, with cords and satin stripes; price, yard..... **50c**

Peau de Satin, a fine silk finished sateen, with heavy satin stripes; price—yard..... **65c**

Fine Organdies and Lawns; fine, sheer fabrics; at—yard— **19c and 15c**

White Madras, in dainty corded effects; price, yard— **45c and 65c**

White Goods Department.

We show the finest assortment of Sheer White Goods for Commencement Exercises in the city. Here you find—

45-inch Wash Chiffons, the newest material in the market; "warranted to wash;" sheer and very fine; at yard— **55c, 69c, 75c, 90c**

66-inch French Organdies, the very reliable kind; at—yard— **50c, 65c, 75c, 85c, $1**

32-inch Persian Lawns, sheer and soft; a very pretty material—at—yard— **25c, 35c, 50c, 75c**

36-inch India Linons, sheer and fine, at prices you cannot match; from—yard— **20c to 50c**

33-inch India Dimities, very pretty lace effects, entirely new; at—yard— **25c, 45c, 59c**

32-inch Real Swiss Swisses, in fine pin head dots and fancy figures; at—yard— **40c, 45c, 50c, 59c**

32-inch Embroidered Swisses, very new, sheer and fine, very pretty; at—yard— **35c and 45c**

Tuckings.

21-inch Dimity Tuckin very sheer and fine; at—yard— **75c and 95c**

24-inch Swiss Tucking, very sheer; at yard— **$1.50 and $2.00**

Commencement Belt Buckles.

For elegance our line has no equal. For prices we are below the lowest. Rose Gold, French Gray and all the latest finishes we have at from— **50c to $5.00**

White Slippers.

A large and varied assortment of One-Strap Plain or Satin Bow Slippers, with ornaments also neat little Opera Bow Slippers, without straps. Prices—

Child's sizes, 5 to 11	85c
Misses' sizes, 11½ to 2	98c
Women's sizes, 2½ to 8	98c

For Children only, sizes 5 to 8, we have a beautiful line of White Kid Button Shoes—Price..... **$1.25**

Commencement Belts.

White Leather Pulley Belts..... **69c**

White Satin Ribbon Pulley Belts..... **65c**

Commencement Bracelets.

Solid Sterling Silver Chain Bracelets..... **$1.25**

Gold-plated Chain Bracelets at from— **75c to $2.75**

Commencement Hat Pins.

Beautiful Medallion and Coin Hat Pins; quite the rage East—each..... **25c**

Commencement Rings.

A solid Gold Ring with the following settings; Garnet, Ruby, Emerald and Amethyst; $1.25 is the price asked by jewelers; for..... **75c**

Commencement Hair Ornaments.

A most beautiful array of rare new novelties in plain and rhinestone trimmed Hair Ornaments, at from— **25c to $4.50**

White Sale in Hosiery and Underwear.

Ladies' Fine White Maco Cotton Hose, full regular made fine Imported Hosiery—White Sale..... **25c**

Children's, Misses' and Young Ladies' Fine Rib White Maco Cotton Hose, beautiful lisle finish; all sizes; White Sale..... **35c**

Ladies' and Young Ladies' White Silk Plate Vests, Swiss rib, beautifully trimmed and silk taped; "The Kayser Famous Shield Shape specialty"; 75c value; White Sale..... **59c**

Ladies' Real Lisle Thread White Jersey Fitting Vests, handsome finish, high neck and long sleeves; White Sale..... **50c**

Ladies' Best White Thread Silk and Lisle Thread Vests, Swiss manufacture; Richelieu Rib; silk taped; White Sale..... **$1.50**

Ladies' and Young Ladies' Harvard Mills White Maco Cotton Summer Union Suits, square neck, no sleeves, knee length and high neck, long sleeves, ankle length; silk taped; beautiful $1.25 quality—White Sale..... **98c**

Ribbons and Neckwear for Graduating Exercises.

Plain White Satin Ribbon, 3½ and 5 inches wide—per yard— **35c and 55c**

Fine Double faced Satin Ribbon, in White and Cream—per yard..... **45c**

Fancy Corded Taffeta Ribbon, variety of patterns; per yard..... **50c**

Heavy White Satin Ribbon, with lace stripes—per yard..... **75c**

White and Cream Taffeta Ribbon, with hemstitched edges—per yard..... **75c**

Dainty pastel shades in Satin and Taffeta Ribbon, lace and hemstitched effects; beautiful embroidered patterns—per yard— **59c and 75c**

White and Cream Satin Stock Collars, new shapes— **25c, 35c, 59c**

White Stock Collars, with liberty Silk Jabots; an elegant assortment— **89c, $1.25, $1.48, $1.98**

Long White Jabots and Fronts; beautiful creations, in chiffon and lace— **$1.89 up to $6.50**

Lace Ties in white and cream; from the inexpensive ones up to the hand-made goods— **25c up to $3.50**

White Chiffon Fichus for evening wear—trimmed with lace— **$2.75 to $5.25**

Engraved Calling Cards.

Engraved Name Plate and 50 cards	85c
Engraved Name Plate and 100 cards	$1.35
Engraved from your plate, 50 cards	45c
Engraved from your plate, 100 cards	65c

Engraved Stationery

1 quire Paper with Envelopes, stamped with your initial, or monogram, we supplying stock—for..... **50c**

5 quires, with envelopes for..... **$2.00**

"Duluth, Minn."

A box of Bond or Kid Finish Stationery, with the address engraved on each sheet; a 50c article for..... **35c**

Initial Stationery.

Superfine Kid Finish Paper, stamped with your initial in gold, encircled with a band of gold; worth 50c; for..... **35c**

Invitation Paper.

We have a complete line of all popular finishes; Paper—per quire..... **15c**

Envelopes—per package..... 15c

FILL YOUR DECORATION DAY WANTS AT

The New Store

117-119 West Superior street.
Metropolitan Block.

The list below is printed merely as a help to remind you of something you may need for Decoration Day. "If you don't find what you want" in this list, come to this store, you'll find it here, and everything new ==everything at lowest prices.

In Our Coat and Suit Dept.

Ladies' Jackets—
Made of all-wool and heavy Habit Cloths, in Black and Blue, lined in bright mercerized silkoline. **$2.98**

Ladies' Jackets—
Made out of a splendid quality of cloth, in Castors, Tans, Modes, etc., lined in fancy striped silkoline..... **$3.98**

Ladies' Jackets—
Made up in an excellent quality of Venetian cloth, in Tans, Modes, Castors, etc., some with Velvet Collars, others plain..... **$5.98**

Better Jackets—
Made up in dozens of different styles—some appliqued, others plain, all lined with SKINNER'S SATIN, all fashionable colors, represented at—
$7.50, $10.00 and upwards

Ladies' Suits at $5.98—
Made of Homespun Cheviots, in Oxford Grays, workmanship and fit perfect. What more need we say?

Men's Furnishings.

There's a special sale going on here in Men's Neckwear. We started it on Saturday. Hundreds of dozens were included in our opening offerings. There's still a complete assortment left, but far less stock. So be in time. Come tomorrow, if you want these.

Tecks, Bows and Club Ties, 39c values for..... **15c**
45c Tecks..... **24c**
40c Wide End Ties..... **24c**
45c Square Ties, Imperials, Four-in-hands, etc..... **29c**
50c Four-in-Hands and others..... **39c**
Men's 75c values in Four-in-Hands, Tecks, Squares and all made by one of the best concerns in America..... **48c**
See also the great values we will offer in Men's Half Hose—at..... **25c**
MEN'S SHIRTS—
A lot of real 50c quality Unlaundered Shirts..... **39c**
Another lot worth 48c and 75c at..... **48c**
A lot of Men's All-Black Shirts..... **48c**

Buy your Shoes
For Decoration Day here

Where you'll buy them at Lowest prices. Here we have complete lines of Shoes for Ladies, Misses and Children, and Men, Boys and Youths. Shoe selling is brisk here. Prices LOW, qualities HIGH, the reason. We have provided FOUR big values.

LOT 1—Infant's genuine Dongola, hand-turned Shoes; the 50c kinds usually; our price is.. **25c**

LOT 2—Misses' and Child's genuine Dongola and vici kid Shoes, in lace and button, sizes, 8½ to 11, and 11½ to 2; our price..... **98c**

Boys' and Youth's—
Satin Calf School Shoes, "will wear like iron"—we guarantee sizes 11 to 2, and 2½ to 5..... **98c**

LOT 3—Women's lace and button Shoes, strictly "up-to-date" toes, kid and patent tips, the $2.00 kind; our price..... **$1.48**

LOT 4—Women's Tan and Black Dongola and vici kid (button or lace) Shoes—medium or extension soles, ten different styles to select from, real $2.50 value; our price..... **$1.98**

Our offer to donate 2½c for every yard of Wash Goods sold by us on Monday for 25c or over to the "Pied Piper" fund, as advertised in Sunday's News Tribune, met with an instantaneous and liberal response. We have decided to continue the sale under the same conditions tomorrow, Tuesday. **For every yard of Wash Goods sold by us on Tuesday at 25c or over per yard we will donate 2½c to the "Pied Piper" fund.**

2½C

Ladies' Suits at $10.00—
In Homespun Cheviots, of fine grade, Jacket lined and collar faced with satin—Would be a perfect Suit Bargain at $12.50.)

Ladies' Suits at $15.00—
Made up in plain Venetian Cloth, Eton Jacket, Taffeta lined four ways for it customers have told us they are unequalled at $20.00.) Fit and workmanship "par excellence."

Ladies' Separate Skirts—
Made up in Black Brocades, Velvet faced and well lined..... **$1.48**

Better Grades at $1.98 and $2.48.

Black Cheviot Separate Skirts—
An excellent grade of cloth and finely tailored..... **$5.48**

Better grades of FINEST MADE SKIRTS in materials of the BEST and workmanship PERFECT, at—
$6.50, $8.00, $10.00

Ribbon Waists.

You can save more than a few dollars if you buy your Ribbon Waists here; we will sell a lot of the $12.50 kinds on Tuesday, at..... **$6.95**

Steamer Rugs.

Here's a special offering just in time for your lake or ocean voyage; $6.50 values, for..... **$6.50**

And there are others here better and cost but a little more.

Children's Jackets.

An immense assortment here for Children and Misses, from 2 to 14 years, in NEWEST styles and LATEST colorings. Prices are—
98c, $1.25, $1.50, $1.75
And upward. See us for Children's Jackets.

MEN'S WORKING SHIRTS—In Black and White Stripes, worth 50c, at..... **37c**

And an ultra swell line of Men's Fancy Shirts, at—
48c, 75c, 98c and $1.38

FANCY SWEATERS—
For Bicyclists and others—
$1.00 value..... **89c**
$1.50 value..... **$1.19**
$2.00 value..... **$1 47**

MEN'S UNDERWEAR, MEN'S COLLARS, MEN'S CUFFS, MEN'S OVERALLS, MEN'S JACKETS, and MEN'S BROWN DENIM SUITS, are all here in stock, and our prices, as we said before MUST BE lower than elsewhere. You CONSULT YOUR OWN INTERESTS BEST BY TRADING HERE.

Millinery

Have you got a new Hat for Decoration Day?

If not, step in tomorrow and see the fine millinery to be sold here at **Half Price.** Here's why—All trimmed hats, including our **Finest Pattern Hats,** (all imported) will be divided into two lots, and lot one sold at **half price**—Lot two at **one-third off.** You'll buy finest trimmed Hats very reasonable tomorrow. When in the store don't fail to see the **special offerings** of Sailors—also flower trimmings at about **25 to 30** cents on the dollar.

Ladies'—
Don't fail to see our Shoes in Patent Leather, Vici Kid, and Calf Skin, Tans of Blacks, Hand-turned and welted soles, all the new toe shapes. EVERY PAIR WARRANTED—worth $3.50 and $4.00; our price..... **$2.98**

Men's Shoes—
Men's Satin Calf Shoes in Lace and Congress, wide and medium toes, every pair warranted, worth $2.50; our price..... **$1.98**

Ribbons
For Decoration Day.

Our Ribbon department is doing a rushing business, because, so almost everybody tells us, our styles are newer and our prices so much lower than elsewhere.

When you are in tomorrow see these

Fancy Ribbons—
All wide enough for stock collars or Fancy Ties.
Silk Poplin Brocades..... **15c and 19c**
Taffeta Plaids..... **22c**
Taffeta Corded..... **28c**
Taffeta Corded..... **33c**
Double Faced Liberty Satin, all shades..... **36c**

Umbrellas and Parasols.

The sun will doubtless shine on Decoration day, it usually does; so buy an Umbrella or Parasol and be prepared. There is A GREAT OFFERING HERE in 26-in Umbrellas, steel rod, Paragon frame, covered with a fine twilled Gloria, bright silver-hooked handles, worth $1.50..... **98c**

If you wait you'll be too late; these will go quickly. See them then, tomorrow. See also our complete assortment of Umbrellas at—
$1.25, $1.48, $1.58, $1.68
AND UPWARDS.

PARASOLS are here at very low prices—See them.

FILL YOUR WANTS AT

Huntington & Tallant.

The New Store

117-119 W. Superior St.

ARE IN A QUANDRY

Aldermen Undecided What to Do About the Park Point Ferry.

GIVES A NEW PHASE

The Injunction Suit Has Caused Some to Change Their Ideas.

Papers in the injunction suit brought by L. J. Hopkins to restrain the city from operating a free ferry across the ship canal were served this morning. Mayor Hugo will advise the council that the best interests of the city will be conserved by fighting the injunction to a finish when it comes up next Saturday at the special term of the district court. What the council will do is a matter for speculation, as the injunction suit seems to have caused quite a split of opinion among the aldermen. Some favor abandoning the ferry proposition altogether, and the taking of immediate steps to build that unique aerial, steel cable suspension bridge, that has been talked about so much of late, and which is the only bridge ever talked of to cross the canal that has met with the approval and recommendation of government engineers. Other aldermen believe that if the injunction is fought to a finish in the local courts and then appealed to the state supreme court, it will not come up for final decision before the October term of the supreme court, which would mean that the present free service might be continued the remainder of the summer.

The stopping of the ferry will hurt Minnesota Point to a considerable extent this summer, but it is said that private parties would make a strong bid for service in case it is made a toll affair. Former City Attorney Richards, who is acting as attorney for the taxpayers in the present suit, has held that the city has the power to license a ferry service, but has not the right to operate either a free or toll service, because that would imply a public expense not justified by law. There is a slight possibility that the city may try licensing a ferry. There were 3000 people on the ferry yesterday, which would have meant at least $150 to an individual ferry owner, allowing a fare of 5 cents for the round trip.

The opinion of J. B. Richards, sent to the council last September, will make interesting reading in connection with the present injunction suit complications. It is as follows:

"I find by the statute that there is no power granted within the state for anyone to operate a toll ferry except by the board of county commissioners under specified regulations, or by the city and village council. By general laws of 1894 it is provided that the common council of the city shall have the sole and exclusive right to grant ferry licenses across streams, and to make and enforce such regulations as the council may deem proper, providing that no license for ferry shall be for a period exceeding ten years.

"It appears, then, that the city of Duluth has power to grant licenses for the operation of ferry by private parties. The question to be decided is whether the city itself has the power to operate a ferry, either free or toll. I look in vain for such power expressly granted by law or the charter of Duluth. In the absence of such express grant the city has no power, unless it is necessarily implied from the power to license ferries, granted by general law, or is demanded by the necessity of different parts of the city by transportation.

"If the power to operate a ferry and furnish means of transportation is implied from the necessities of the city, it is difficult to see why, by the same reasoning, the city would have the power to operate street railways or any other known means of locomotion or transportation.

"It does not follow that the city has the power to operate a business because it has the power to license it. Otherwise the city could operate saloons. I am compelled to believe that under the proper construction of our charter and the law as it now exists, the city has no power to operate a toll ferry nor even a free ferry, because the free ferry implies an expense on the public not justified by law. I believe that it will require an express grant of the legislature to place Duluth in a position to maintain and operate a ferry, free or toll."

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher.*

TO BE RATIFIED MAY 31.

Expectation Regarding St. Paul & Duluth Sale.

General Counsel Bunn of the Northern Pacific will return from the East early this week, in time to attend the annual meeting of the St. Paul & Duluth road, of which he is now a director.

Mr. Bunn's absence is said to have been made necessary by matters in connection with the pending action of the Duluth board, by which the Duluth property will be sold out to the Northern Pacific.

Until after this meeting, which will be May 31, no announcement is to be made of the plans under consideration. It is learned that the transfers and changes in the Duluth staff which are to occur are now arranged in detail, and that the Northern Pacific, the day after the Duluth annual meeting, will be able to announce the personnel of the different departments of that road and the manner in which they are to be handled. The delay is occasioned from the fact that no action ratifying the sale has yet been had by Duluth directors, and consequently the Northern Pacific is not in technical possession of the property.

A woman is never too old to be handsome, never too old to be young again, if she takes Rocky Mountain Tea. 35 cents. Ask your druggist.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup
Has been used for over FIFTY YEARS by MILLIONS OF MOTHERS for their CHILDREN WHILE TEETHING, with PERFECT SUCCESS. IT SOOTHES the CHILD, SOFTENS the GUMS, ALLAYS all PAIN, CURES WIND COLLIC, and is the best remedy for DIARRHOEA. Sold by druggists in every part of the world. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" and take no other kind.

Freimuth's

TUESDAY—Tomorrow—the day before Decoration Day will be surely a busy one at Freimuth's—Duluth's greatest store—Only such inimitable values as we name below can intimate to you how unusually attractive our price offerings will be throughout the Big New Store. Note the special prices named on Ladies' Ready-to-Wear Garments.

Shirt Waists.

Excellent values in excellent Waists. Jaunty, Fetching styles at reduced prices tomorrow.

75c Waists at 50c—
Good quality Percale Waists, in medium and dark colors—detachable collars, perfect fitting, a regular 75c value. Tuesday all day 50c each.

$1.25 Waists 69c—
Percale and Madras Waists—an assorted lot, detachable collar and cuffs, regular prices were $1.25 and $1.50. Tomorrow on sale, special at 69c each.

$1.50 Waists $1.00—
Plain and fancy India Lawn Waists, silk and embroidery. Trimmed very stylish, extra value at $1.50. Tuesday all day at $1.00 each.

Tailored Suits.

Never such special money-saving values offered in Duluth as for tomorrow in our bright commodious Cloak Room.

$14.00 Suits $8.00—
$14.00, $12.50 and $10 Suits—Venetians and Coverts, finely tailored, newest 1900 styles, will be sold all day tomorrow at $8 each. See these.

$18.00 Suits $11.75—
$18.00 and $15 Suits, in oxford gray, cadet, navy blue, brown, tan shades—elegant new stylish gowns of most popular and fashionable fabrics. All day tomorrow at $11.75 each.

$30.00 Suits $18.50—
$30. $27.50 and $25 exquisitely tailored and trimmed Suits—in colored and black imported materials. The smartest 1900 styles. All day Tuesday your choice $18.50.

Ladies' Skirts.

Inimitable values in styles not found elsewhere. Special all day Tuesday.

Special at $3.50—
For Tuesday—all-wool Wine Cheviot Dress Skirts in black tailored seams—bound with velveteen and lined with Percaline. Tuesday special at $3.50.

$7.00 Skirts $4.75—
Serge Skirts in black and blue—box pleat back, silk applique down front, finely lined and bound—regular $7 Skirts—all day Tuesday at $4.75.

$10.00 Skirts $7.50—
Walking and Bicycle Skirts—gray and blue, inverted plait back, ten rows stitching round bottom, plaid back material and no lining—regularly sold at $10 each. Tuesday special $7.50.

NEW SAILORS FOR DECORATION DAY

39c for Ladies' 75c White rough and ready Sailors with Black and Blue Bands.

58c for Ladies' $1.00 rough and ready or plain Milan White Sailors.

95c for $1.75, $1.50, $1.25 fine Straw and rough and ready Sailors.

ART NEEDLEWORK.
Free Lessons! BY MOST COMPETENT TEACHERS
In our Art department. With every 75c purchase of Art material, a one-hour lesson either on Embroidery or Lace work is given free. In the mornings from 9 to 10, Embroidery lessons are given, and from 10 to 11, Lace work. In the afternoons, Embroidery lessons from 3 to 4, and Lace work from 4 to 5. No lady interested in needlework should miss this splendid opportunity for advancement in the art.

CHILD'S LEGHORN HATS
50c Leghorn Hats, tomorrow..... **29c**
75c Leghorn Hats, tomorrow..... **50c**
$1.35 Leghorn Hats tomorrow..... **98c**
$1.75 Leghorn Hats tomorrow..... **$1.25**

FLOWERS.
1000 bunches, worth 50c to $1 a bunch, go special tomorrow—a bunch **25c**

At the Lyceum Thursday Afternoon. **The Pied Piper of Hamelin** At the Lyceum Friday Evening.

Ribbons.

Tomorrow all day our Ribbon Department will offer special attractions. Read them carefully.

12c For two-inch plain colored new Taffetas in a dozen new shades, fancy plaids and checks, regularly sold at 18c.

19c For fancy corded and striped Neck Ribbons, elegant new colorings, regular 25c and 30c values.

25c For Taffeta Ribbons in all the latest pastel shades hemstitch'd and striped, a genuine 35c value, tomorrow 25c a yard.

White Goods.

We are making special offers on goods of all kinds for "Commencement." The following are special tomorrow.

23c India Linons and Victoria Lawns, per yard **15c**

68-inch French Lawns and organdies worth a quarter more, at, yard and only **50c AND 75c**

50c Persian Lawns, very sheer and dainty, for..... **35c**

25c fancy striped, check'd and figured White Goods, special per yard **15c**

40c and 50c heavy Corded Pique, special tomorrow..... **29c**

50c Dotted Swiss; striped and figured Swiss tomorrow, a yard..... **38c**

Batiste Mulls—
45-inch Batiste Mulls we are making an interesting special of. We have two grades worth much more than we ask..... **32c AND 65c**

Parasols.

Some surprising values, but the exquisite styles must be seen to make the offerings appreciated.

Ladies' $1.50 pure white Silk Parasols, with white enameled stick and frame, white silk cord and tassels for—tomorrow..... **98c**

Ladies' $2.00 white Silk Parasols, natural wood stick and handle, silk cord and tassel, Tuesday at only—

$1.50

Parasols at every price up to $9.50 each, and no such complete showing ever seen at the head of the lakes.

Special Notice This store will close Wednesday, Decoration Day, at 12 m. and remain closed the remainder of the day.

THE STATE SANGERFEST.

Will Be Held in St. Paul in July---Duluth Singers Going.

The Minnesota state Sangerfest will be held at St. Paul, July 6, 7 and 8, and singers from all over the state will attend. Duluth will send about twenty members of the Normanna Singing society, and probably a large number of others. C. J. Halling, grand marshal and ex-president of the organization, is looking after the Duluth end of it, and he hopes to have this city well represented. He hopes also to be able to take the full City band along, but part of it at least will go.

The program includes, in addition to the routine business and grand rehearsals, concerts in the People's church and Auditorium, a reception, parade and a picnic, where the singers will meet old friends and all have an enjoyable time. The members of the Normanna society that have already decided to go are: Dan Stoen, H. Norley, G. Thrana, M. Stensrud, S. Jentoft, P. Prytz, C. Sanders, A. Sauer, C. J. Halling, R. Prytz, P. Anderson, A. Angvik, C. Aune, A. Madron and Director Flaaten.

Grand Opening at Lester Park.

The dancing pavilions, palace of illusions and mystic swing will be open to the public Decoration day. Dancing afternoon and evening.

Missions Secretary Coming.

Another treat for Duluth people will be the visit of Mrs. D. B. Wells, field secretary of the Presbyterian board of missions, who is to visit here the first week in June. She comes fresh from the ecumenical confenerce, also from the general assembly. Great benefit and pleasure is anticipated. On June 8 a reception will be tendered to her at the First Presbyterian church, to which are invited the ladies of the Second church, Glen Avon and Lakeside churches.

If you don't know Chancellor cigars it will pay you to get posted; but most everybody does know them. Winecke & Doerr's Corona is a nickel cigar of the same stock.

A HOT SIZZLING TIME.

Colored Women Stir Things Up In a Street Car.

No wonder it was hot Saturday afternoon. A heavyweight colored woman and a lightweight Scandinavian woman had a session in a Lakeside car that was warmer than the annual meeting of a lunacy commission and left an odor of something scorching in the car, to say nothing of the rise in temperature outside. The colored lady got on the car and took a seat by the Scandinavian. The latter promptly moved elsewhere in a manner that indicated that she didn't care to have social doings with such a tremendous brunette. The colored woman jumped up and grabbed the other woman by the shoulders, fairly jerking her from the seat. Then she trilled forth a lot of monologue that was worse than an epidemic of acid throwing, and followed it up with an avalanche of blistering remarks that hissed like a seltzer siphon with a bad case of hysterics. The white woman looked as if she had visions of handsomely decorated caskets, and white shrouds with a dash of lavender in them. She didn't say a word—not even when the big colored woman allowed her to drop limply down into the seat with the parting shot of:

"You're a dirty foreigner and you needn't think you can come over here and insult us Americans—why I'll bet you haven't take a bath since you came over, you dirty thing."

The car was pretty well filled at the time but only the conductor had nerve to offer any sort of interference. He got what was coming to him and meekly wandered back to the rear platform, till the storm had passed.

West Duluth

The chances of West Duluth with the board of fire commissioners for the fire engine do not seem any better now than at any time since the question has been up. The representations of the business interests of West Duluth, including the sawmills, which the board, as its chief argument, originally contended needed a fire tug instead of an engine, seem to have had no effect whatever thus far. That the delegation from West Duluth that will call on the board at its meeting on Friday will effect a change in the point of view of the board seems somewhat doubtful, but an earnest effort will be made. The delegation will be a large one, and will include representatives from the mills, the interests of which the commissioners have asserted themselves so anxious to conserve.

Owing to the size of the delegation, it is probable that the council chamber will be secured.

There will be a number of cases of pent-up feelings opened, and it can be depended to outfizz the liveliest brand of champagne when the corks are pulled.

REPUBLICANS ORGANIZE.

A Republican campaign organization, to be known as the West Duluth Republican club, was organized at a meeting held at the I. O. G. T. hall Saturday night. The following officers were elected there being one vice president from each precinct: President, George Cruikshank; secretary, E. L. Wedal; treasurer, I. G. Woolan; vice presidents, A. Bagley, Joseph Beck, W. B. Hartley, F. W. Hanchett, E. A. Webber, Albert Fogarton, Dr. J. A. McEwen, O. H. Miller, J. P. Cook and Samuel Caruthers.

WEST DULUTH BRIEFS.

Mr. Cowen, of Ely, has been visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. Bagley.

Mrs. A. Bagley, who has been suffering with rheumatic paralysis, is somewhat improved, although she has as yet lost the partial use of one arm. Slow though her progress is, her condition is such as to lead to hope that she will recover the use of her limbs.

"Now good digestion waits on appetite, and health on both." If it doesn't, try Burdock Blood Bitters.

Rates and Dates For Philadelphia Trip.

Round trip tickets at one way rate will be sold over Pennsylvania Short Lines from Chicago to Philadelphia, June 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18. They may be obtained from agents of connecting lines in West or through H. R. Dering, A. G. P. agent, 248 South Clark street, Chicago, who will reserve sleeping car space on application.

Duluth Real Estate is a Good Thing to Own.

WAR ON THE CANTEEN

Methodists Ask the President to Exert His Influence Against It.

MATTER IS SHELVED

Conference Tables Minority Report on Amusements, Accepted Saturday.

Chicago, May 28.—Criticism of President McKinley for his attitude in regard to Attorney General Griggs in the matter of the anti-canteen law was overwhelmingly voted down by the Methodist general conference today after two hours of warm debate.

The matter was brought up by the presentation of the report of the committee on temperance, of which Samuel Dickie, of Michigan, candidate for president on the Prohibition ticket in 1892, is chairman. The majority report arraigned the chief magistrate severely. The conference finally adopted the minority report, which excluded the paragraphs referring to the chief magistrate, but which, however, called upon him to use his influence to secure the passage of the new anti-canteen law now pending before congress.

The amusement question was also disposed of today, and in a rather unexpected way. By a majority of three votes the minority report, accepted Saturday, was laid on the table, but an attempt to take up the majority report was frustrated by Bishop Fitzgerald ruling that it was not before the conference, and it is not believed that any further attempt will be made to take the matter up. Thus the conference, in effect, has taken no action in regard to the ban placed upon certain forms of amusement.

Chicago, May 28.—The Methodist general conference today took unexpected action in regard to the committee reports on card playing, dancing and other prohibited amusements. The official vote by which the minority report was accepted recommending no action was announced as 33 ayes and 290 noes. Then, to the surprise of the large audience, on motion of Dr. Buckley, the minority report was laid on the table by a vote of 256 to 253.

Bishop Fitzgerald then ruled, however, that the question was no longer before the house. It is extremely improbable that the matter will again be taken up for action, so the standing of the Methodist church for the next four years in regard to the forbidden amusements will be unchanged.

The majority report on temperance contained a strong arraignment of President McKinley and Attorney General Griggs for their attitude on the anti-canteen law, and over this point the conference debated all morning. The majority report on that point read as follows:

"We are chagrined, humiliated and exasperated by the public rule and absurd construction placed on the anti-canteen law by the attorney general of the United States, and with all due respect to the exalted station, we record the fact that we are pained and disappointed at the course of the president in accepting as final and satisfactory an opinion without binding force. Such an abuse of power is nullification in its most dangerous form. Upon the president, as chief of our army, rests the responsibility for the existence of the canteen saloon, an evil which he has ample power to suppress, a more deadly foe to the soldiers than the bullet or the tropical heat."

Dr. J. E. Price, of New York, presented the minority report, struck out all of the majority report in which President McKinley was condemned.

"We are here to deal with principles and not indulge in personalities," said Dr. Price. "This is not simply a question of whether or not the president of the United States is at fault. I hold that the cause of temperance and prohibition and the cause of the church and Christ cannot be advanced by this personal arraignment of our chief magistrate."

Judge Lore, of Delaware, in speaking in favor of the minority report, paid a strong tribute to the president, with whom he served four years in congress.

"I have his elemental manhood," said Judge Lore, "and I hope the Methodist church will not strike down one of the most loyal men within her borders."

Dr. A. B. Leonard made an impassioned plea for the adoption of the majority report. "We hear much about government by injunction," said he, "but this is government by an opinion of a member of the president's club. I cannot shut my eyes to the faults even of the chief magistrate of the nation."

Rev. F. N. Lynch, of Philadelphia; Rev. F. N. Lynch, of West Virginia; Governor Shaw, of Iowa, and Dr. Buckley also took part in the debate.

Dr. Buckley offered an amendment to the minority report, which was accepted by Dr. Price, which, among other things, appealed to the president to use all his influence to promote the passage of the amended anti-canteen law now before congress.

Dr. Frank B. Bristol, of Washington, President McKinley's pastor, aroused tremendous applause by protesting against what he termed an "unbrotherly, unjust, unpatriotic, unprotestant attack upon the president of the United States, "is today the most distinguished Christian layman in the world."

"I object to any man making a campaign speech," shouted a delegate, but he was promptly ruled out of order.

Dr. Bristol gave an international aspect to the debate by asking why the delegates from Germany, Italy, Great Britain, China, Japan and other countries should join in an attack upon the president of the United States.

Mr. Dickie then closed the debate. "This is not a partisan issue," he said. "The great Methodist church, rather than the president of the United States, is on trial."

The minority report with Dr. Buckley's amendment was then adopted by an overwhelming vote with the further amendment that the action was not in the interest of any political party.

The conference then took a recess till 2:30 o'clock.

FAIR FOR ECLIPSE

(Continued from page 1.)

shadow bands were well seen. Venus and Mercury were conspicuous. The inner corona was visible in the telescope several seconds after totality was over.

PRESIDENT'S GOOD VIEW.

Party at Fortress Monroe Had a Clear Sky.

Fortress Monroe, Va., May 28.—The sun was totally eclipsed at 8:53 o'clock in a cloudless sky. Thousands of people crowded the piers. The period of totality was about thirty seconds, during which a tiny star hung just below the magnificent corona which glowed around the inky disc. Twilight settled on land and water, and the sky took on wonderful aftersunset tints. Then, as though by magic, a star of fire blazed out on the southern boundary of the disc, and the eclipse was over. The president and party watched the phenomenon from the Dolphin, near Lambert's Point, and Secretary Gage and party from the lighthouse tender Holly. The Dolphin came over from Norfolk at 9:55, and after a salute from the Kearsarge, passed on up the bay for Washington.

DATA AT ATLANTA.

Record of the Temperature During the Moon's Passage.

Atlanta, Ga., May 28.—At this place, forty miles from the belt of totality, the eclipse of the sun today was very noticeable. At 7:40 a. m., the moment of greatest totality, the usual brilliance of the sun, which prevailed earlier in the morning, took on a very yellow cast, and shadows were dim and thin.

At the government weather bureau, observations of the temperature were taken every fifteen minutes, from 6:25 a. m. until 9:10, central time. There was a variance of about one degree. At 6:55 the thermometer registered 70. At the moment of greatest totality it was 68.8, while fifteen minutes later the lowest degree in the temperature was reported, the register showing 68. At 8:55, when the eclipse passed off the thermometer stood at 71.8.

The sky assumed the appearance of twilight, but no sign of the great shadow in the totality path was visible. The schools weer not convened until 10 o'clock, giving the children an opportunity to watch the moon's passage. Excursions from here to points in the belt of totality were generally patronized.

ECLIPSE AT WADESBORO.

Sky Is Cloudless and Satisfactory Observations Obtained.

Wadesboro, N. C., May 28.—The eclipse was viewed here this morning without a cloud to mar the spectacle. Observations were made by scientists from the Smithsonian institute at Washington, the English Astronomical society of London, Yerkes' observatory, Princeton university, Charlestown, (S. C.) military institute and a representative from the Torono, Canada, Astronomical society.

The eclipse furnished a beautiful sight and the observers unite in pronouncing the conditions perfect. Professor Barnard, of Yerkes observatory, stated that the totality period was slightly shorter than calculated, which proved the moon tables to be slightly incorrect. All the principal work was photographed and the program was completely carried out.

Many photographs were taken by all the parties at intervals, and especially of the corona. Several telescopes were used in trying to discover more satellites between the sun and the planet Mercury.

Of the actual results, nothing can be told for some time. A special train from Charlotte brought 400 persons to view the eclipse.

AT OTHER POINTS.

Chicago, May 28.—For twenty-two minutes during the last part of the eclipse, Chicagoans and people in the suburbs could see a gradually diminishing dark patch over the sun. Up to 8:40 a. m. clouds obscured the sun. At that hour, however, the clouds parted, and a dark spot, apparently the size of a man's head, could be seen. The last contact between the moon and sun in this section was at 9:40 a. m. Thousands of people using smoked glass, viewed the phenomenon.

Cincinnati, May 28.—The eclipse of the sun was itself eclipsed by the clouds until it was nearly off, when occasional glimpses were obtainable for a few moments at a time.

Evansville, Ind., May 28.—The sun was about four-fifths obscured here during the eclipse.

Wichita, Kas., May 28.—The eclipse was clearly seen through smoked glass. The sun's surface was two-thirds covered. Thousands observed it.

Denver, Col., May 28.—The weather here this morning was clear and favorable for the observations of the partial eclipse of the sun taken at Chamberlain observatory, in University park. Dr. H. A. Howe, using the 20-inch telescope, examined various phenomena in the appearance of the sun. The eclipse began at 5:45 a. m., and continued until 7:43. Photographs were taken with the 6-inch telescope at 5:58, 6:40 and 7:10 a m.

St. Paul, May 28.—The eclipse conditions here were very good, earlier clouds breaking at the time of contact and allowing a good view of the eclipse, the time of greatest obscuration being ten minutes before 8.

"Cure the cough and save the life." Dr. Wood's Norway Pine Syrup cures coughs and colds down to the very verge of consumption.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received at the office of the board of education of the city of Duluth, up to June 2, 1900, at 1 o'clock p. m., for construction of the new Monroe School building, according to plans, specifications and details on file in the office of J. J. Wagenstein, Architect, 401 Providence building, Duluth, Minn.

All bids must be accompanied by a certified check, payable to the order of J. J. Le Tourneau, treasurer, for 2 per cent of the amount of the bid; said check to be forfeited by the successful bidder in case he fails to enter into contract and furnish satisfactory bond within five (5) days after award.

Mark envelope containing bid, "Proposal for Erection of Monroe School," and address the same to the undersigned.

The board of education reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

CHAS. A. BRONSON,
Clerk of the Board of Education of the City of Duluth.

Duluth Evening Herald—May-25-to-June-1-1900.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Established 1886. **J. C. Mishler,** Established 1886.
300 Exchange Building.

OFFERS FOR SALE:

One and one-half miles water front on the St. Louis river, which affords a good water power, 35-feet fall.

Also desirable iron leases on the Mesaba range.

Also houses and lots in the city from $1000 up.

For Rent:

TWO SEVEN-ROOM STEAM heated, centrally located flats, first-class in every respect. Possession June 1.

Chas. P. Craig & Co.,
Herald Building.

Real Estate and Loans

Stocks bought and sold; also deal in Commercial Paper. Rental Agency for resident and non-resident property-owners.

Thos. P. Brown,
No. 704 Torrey Building.

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, that we, the undersigned, have associated ourselves together to form a corporation for the purpose hereinafter mentioned, pursuant to the provisions of Title 2, Chapter 34, General Statutes of 1878, of Minnesota, and acts amendatory thereof, and for that purpose have agreed upon and adopted the following articles of incorporation:

ARTICLE I.

The name of this corporation shall be "Reading Investment Company."

The principal place where the business of said corporation is to be transacted is Duluth, Minnesota.

The general nature of the business of this corporation shall be to buy, own, mortgage, lease, let, sell, deal in and improve lands, tenements and hereditaments, or any interest whatsoever therein, in severalty or otherwise, in Minnesota and elsewhere; to buy, own, hold, hypothecate, transfer, sell and deal in mortgages, notes, bonds, corporation stocks, and other personal property and securities, and to collect, foreclose, compound, and release mortgages and other obligations; to act as agent for other corporations or persons, for a compensation or otherwise, in the purchase, sale, management or improvement of real or personal property; to make, endorse, guarantee and discount notes, mortgages and other commercial paper; and, for the purpose aforesaid, or for any other lawful purpose, to execute, deliver and receive deeds, conveyances, mortgages, leases, contracts, and any and all other instruments whatsoever, and to do and perform all acts and things necessary, proper or convenient for carrying out any of the aforesaid affairs.

ARTICLE II.

The time of the commencement of this corporation shall be the twenty-fifth day of May, 1900, and the period of its continuance shall be thirty (30) years thereafter.

ARTICLE III.

The amount of the capital stock of said corporation shall be fifty thousand ($50,000) dollars, divided into five hundred shares of one hundred ($100) dollars each, which may be issued and paid in, in money or in other property, at such times, in such amounts, and in such manner as the board of directors may determine.

ARTICLE IV.

The highest amount of indebtedness or liability to which said corporation shall at any time be subject shall be the sum of twenty thousand ($20,000) dollars.

ARTICLE V.

The names and places of residence of the persons forming said corporation are as follows: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty, Robert S. Gaylord, all of Duluth, Minnesota.

ARTICLE VI.

The names of the first board of directors of said corporation are: Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Robert S. Gaylord; said directors shall hold their offices until the first annual meeting of the stockholders, which shall be held at the offices of the corporation, in Duluth, Minnesota, on the last Tuesday in May, A. D. 1900, at ten o'clock a. m. The time of holding all subsequent annual meetings may be fixed by the by-laws.

The government of said corporation, and the full management of its affairs, shall be vested in a board of three directors, who shall be stockholders of said corporation, and who shall be elected annually, at the stockholders' annual meeting. There shall also be the following officers, who shall have such powers, and perform such duties, as may be prescribed by the board of directors, and who shall be elected by the board of directors at its first meeting, and annually thereafter at the first meeting of said board immediately following the annual meeting of the stockholders, unless otherwise prescribed by the by-laws of the corporation: a president, a vice president, a secretary and a treasurer, any two of which offices, except president and vice president, may be held by the same person.

In testimony whereof, we have hereunto signed our hands and affixed our seals this 21st day of April, A. D. 1900.

LEO A. BALL, (Seal).
SARA L. McNULTY, (Seal).
ROBERT S. GAYLORD, (Seal).

In presence of
FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
EDWARD M. GAYLORD.

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

On this 12th day of May, A. D. 1900, before me, a notary public within and for said county, personally appeared Leo A. Ball, Sara L. McNulty and Robert S. Gaylord, to me known to be the same persons described in, and who executed, the foregoing instrument, and they acknowledged that they executed the same as their free act and deed.

FRANCIS W. SULLIVAN,
Notary Public, St. Louis County, Minn.
(Notarial Seal).

State of Minnesota, Department of State.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed for record in this office on the 17th day of May, A. D. 1900, at 9 o'clock a. m., and was duly recorded in Book G2 of Incorporations, on page 94.

ALBERT BERG,
Secretary of State.

OFFICE OF REGISTER OF DEEDS.
State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

I hereby certify that the within instrument was filed in this office, for record, May 15th, 1900, at 10:45 a. m., and was duly recorded in Book L of Miscell., page 631.

R. S. MUNGER,
Register of Deeds.
By A. HAGBERG,
Deputy.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN: THE partnership heretofore existing under the firm name of Burns and Cox is dissolved by mutual consent. J. J. Burns retiring. The business will be continued at 14 First avenue west by Robert H. Cox, who assumes all obligations and is authorized to collect all outstanding accounts.

Dated at Duluth, Minn., May 28, 1900.

J. J. BURNS.
ROBERT H. COX.

PALMIST.

M. ROSCOE, PALMIST AND CLAIRvoyant. 704 East Second.

PICTURES AND FRAMES.

FRAMED SCENERY AND WAR PICtures on easy payments. J. Weinberg, manager New England Portrait company, 110 East Superior street.

Independent folks find comfort in an Independent newspaper like The Evening Herald.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

MAGINNIS & SON,

Forest Reserve, Soldiers' Additional, Pine and Iron Lands Bought and Sold.

407-8-9 PALLADIO BUINDING.

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

FOR SALE—UNTIL JUNE 1, WHEN WE remove to 410 West Second street, sewing machines very cheap to close out. F. Popkin, 712 West Superior street.

A CARLOAD OF MILCH COWS WILL arrive May 29, at E Johnson's, Twenty-sixth avenue west and Helm street.

FOR SALE—TWO-SEATED CARRIAGE, leather top, in good condition, cheap. Charles Schiller, 326 West Superior street.

S. KANER HAS JUST ARRIVED WITH a carload of fresh milch cows; some good Jerseys among them. 1122 East Fourth street.

PIANO FOR SALE CHEAP; NEARLY new. Call at Bayha & Co.'s store.

$65 BUYS FINE ROSEWOOD CASE piano; perfect order. Monthly payments. 2 Banning block, Over Suffel's shoe store.

FOR SALE—CARLOAD FRESH MILCH cows, including some fine Jerseys, to arrive Tuesday, May 29, at Downie's stock yards, 2010 West First street. W. J. McCabe.

SALOON FOR SALE.

Old established, good trade. Near large manufacturing institutions. This is an opening seldom offered. Satisfactory reasons for selling.

MAX F YALENSTINE,
New Duluth.

$195 BUYS FINE UPRIGHT PIano, walnut case, bargain; worth $400. Monthly payments. Open evenings. 2 Banning block, over Suffel's shoe store.

SUCKING PIGS FOR SALE AT TOben's meat market, 121 East Superior street.

HORSEMEN! BREEDERS! SPECULATORS!

Watch for our second great consignment of hardy Western Horses, consisting of brood mares, driving, delivery and draft horses. This will be the second shipment of the 2000 head that we have arranged for consignment to us from the famous ranchers of Washington and Montana.

They will be sold at auction to the highest bidders without reserve and regardless of value at our Midway Sale Stables, at 10 a. m., Wednesday, June 6.

This great bunch of horses are in prime condition, and will be worthy of the attention of horsemen, breeders and speculators throughout the country.

BARRETT & ZIMMERMAN,

MIDWAY HORSE MARKET.

On Interurban line between St. Paul and Minneapolis.

$275 BUYS KNABE UPRIGHT PIano, fine tone and case. Monthly payments. 2 Banning block, over Suffel's shoe store.

FOR SALE—SMALL, CLEAN STOCK OF groceries. Call at 638 Garfield avenue.

PAINLESS DENTISTRY.

DR. P. H. BURNETT, TOP FLOOR BURrows b'ld'g. Best work. Moderate prices.

Steam Carpet Cleaning Works.

Steam Carpet Cleaning and Rug Weaving. Carpets laid and relined. Carpets renovated on floor when desired. Rugs made from old carpets. Duluth and Superior Steam Carpet and Rug Weaving Works, 1522 West Michigan street.

PLUMBING, HEATING AND GAS FITTING

THOMPSON-WAUGH COMPANY, 329 West First street.

HOTELS.

WHEN IN MINNEAPOLIS STOP AT the new Golden West hotel, opposite the Milwaukee depot. American or European plan. Everything new and modern.

MISCELLANEOUS.

STENOGRAPHY OR TYPEWRITING AT 313 Lyceum building. 'Phone 687. Prompt service.

WATCH REPAIRING.

A SPECIALTY. M. HENRICKSEN, expert watchmaker, 334 W. Sup. St.

THE CHEAPEST AND BEST WORK at Vanderberg's, 214 West Superior St.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

WANTED—A POSITION AS HOUSEkeeper by a middle aged lady fond of children. Would like a good home. Can furnish references. No objection to leaving city. Address A. M., P. O. Box 126, West Superior, Wis.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WITH FIRST class education and good moral character wishes a position; would prefer inside work. Can furnish best city references. Address H. G., flat N, Buffalo flats.

WANTED — ROOMS TO CLEAN BY competent girl. Address No. 8 East Seventh street.

WANTED—BY LADY, PLACE AS housekeeper in or out of city. Address S 58, Herald.

WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN EXperienced in bar tending, position as assistant bar tender or bar porter. D 79, Herald.

WANTED—YOUNG MAN WISHES POsition with good barber to finish trade; has some experience. S 69, Herald.

WANTED—POSITION BY EXPERIenced bookkeeper and office man. Sober and reliable. Address S 68, Herald.

WANTED—WASHING AT HOME, OR will go out. 206½ West Second street.

WANTED — HOUSECLEANING, OR stores and offices to clean. Mrs. Jackson, 23 First avenue east. Work guaranteed.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—SEWING GIRLS AT 230 Lake avenue south.

WANTED—AT ONCE, COMPETENT girl in family of three. Must be a good cook. Wages $20 per month. Address L., Herald.

WANTED—COMPETENT GIRL TO DO general housework. Apply 1131 East Second street.

WANTED — THOROUGHLY COMPEtent girl to do cooking, washing and ironing. Must be perfectly reliable, and to whom the highest wages will be paid. Call at 403 East Second street.

WANTED—A COOK OR AN ASSISTant. Mrs. J. H. Sharpe, 318 West Second street.

WANTED — HOUSEKEEPER; ONE willing to go out of city. For particulars, call at George H. Crosby's office, Providence building.

WAIST MAKER WANTED AT 406 TEMple building.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 210 West Third street. No house cleaning.

WANTED — A GOOD MIDDLE-AGED woman for restaurant work. Record restaurant, next Duluth Boat club.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Inquire at 320 Twenty-seventh avenue west.

WANTED—GIRL FOR LIGHT HOUSEwork. One who lives at home preferred. C. E. Richardson, city hall.

WANTED—A GOOD COOK, ALSO housemaid. Mrs. G. G. Hartley, 1305 East Superior street.

WANTED COMPETENT NURSE GIRL at 1615 East Superior street.

WANTED—A GOOD GIRL FOR GENeral housework; good wages, 1712 East First street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework; would like a fair cook; good wages. Call at 1615 East Superior street.

GIRL WANTED FOR COOKING AND general housework. Call mornings, Mrs. M. Kastriner, 40 East Main street corner Fifty-third avenue, West Duluth.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 314 East Second.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 131 West Third street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. 215 East Second street.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Must understand cooking. Good wages. 1026 East Superior street.

WANTED — GIRL FOR GENERAL housework in family of four. Must be competent. Apply at 121 West Fourth street.

GIRL FOR GENERAL HOUSEWORK. 121 West Second street.

COMPETENT GIRL FOR GENERAL housework wanted. 2029 East Third street.

WANTED—A COOK AND NURSE girl at 1306 East Second street.

WANTED—A GOOD WOMAN COOK. 318 West Second street.

WANTED—GIRL FOR GENERAL housework. Apply 312 West Third street.

STENOGRAPHERS

Assisted to positions without charge. Call for application blank. Remington typewriters for sale or rent. WYCKOFF, SEAMENS & BENEDICT, 323 West Superior street.

WANTED—MALE HELP.

WANTED—EDGERMAN; MUST BE quick man; high wages. Red Cliff Lumber company, 400 Torrey building.

YOUNG MAN—LEARN ILLUSTRATing. Taught by correspondence free. Tuition payable sixty days after a position is secured paying $13 a week. Correspondence Institute of America, Scranton, Pa.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED BOOKkeeper, one who can furnish Fidelity bonds. Apply in own handwriting. Hammond Packing company.

DETECTIVE WORK — I WANT A shrewd, active man, in or near Duluth and Superior to act as private detective under instructions. Address immediately, H. C. Webster, superintendent, Indianapolis, Ind.

WANTED—CHRISTIAN MAN OR WOman to qualify for permanent position of trust in home county, $900 yearly. Inclose self-addressed stamped envelope to O. L. N., general manager, Herald.

WANTED—MEN TO LEARN BARBER trade. We teach the work in two months, donate complete outfit of tools, pay board, furnish free ticket to our college and guarantee $15 weekly when competent without any expense. This offer is extended until June 15, and is made on account of demand for our graduates during the summer. Make application by mail. Moler Barber college, Minneapolis, Minn.

WANTED—THREE GOOD PAINTERS. 721 West Superior street. H. Haskins.

WANTED — TWO ENERGETIC SOlicitors of good address. References required. Apply at room 305 Burrows building.

WANTED—TWO FIRST CLASS COAT makers. J. S. Lane.

FOUR FIRST-CLASS COAT MAKERS; positively the highest prices paid in the state for best work. Mies.

Business Men

supplied with competent stenographers and accountants free of charge. Apply to W. C. McCarter, Business University. 'Phone 710.

WANTED—TO BUY.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND HAND gas stove, three burner preferred. Address, stating kind and price, S 65, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY OR RENT, A SINgle seated phaeton or light double seated carriage. Address S 59, Herald.

WANTED—TO BUY, SECOND-HAND furniture, stoves and carpets. We pay good prices. Call at 14 W. Superior St.

WELL-LOCATED IRON CLAIMS ON Mesaba and Vermilion ranges. A. R. Macfarlane & Co., 112 Exchange building.

DRESS MAKING.

MRS. J. NELSON HAS REMOVED from room 505 to room 506 Burrows' building, where she is again prepared after an illness of three weeks to meet her patrons and cut and finish ladies' fashionable dresses in the most up-to-date styles and finish.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD.

Furniture Moved and Stored....

We have experienced men, competent packers and best storage house in the city and are responsible for all breakages. Call or telephone us at 410 W. Superior street. Telephone No. 190.

DULUTH FUEL AND TRANSFER CO.

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

FOR RENT—9-ROOM MODERN BRICK house, hot water heat, central location; 8-room house, corner Lake avenue and Fifth street. Apply Pulford, How & Co., room 100 Trust company building.

MODERN 9-ROOM HOUSE, CENTRALly located. 205 Lyceum.

FOR RENT—FOR SUMMER MONTHS, 8-room furnished house. All modern conveniences. 929 East Fifth street.

FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE SMALL houses. Reasonable rents. A. R. Macfarlane & Co.

FOR RENT—ONE HOUSE, ASHTABUla terrace. Enquire R. T. Lewis, 203 Lonsdale.

HOUSES, STORES FLATS, OFFICES. By Crosby & Martindale, 106 Providence building.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

FOR RENT—TWO FURNISHED ROOMS for gentlemen. 330 Fourth avenue west.

FURNISHED ROOM; MODERN CONvenience, $5 per month. 308 West Mesaba avenue.

FOR RENT—A PLEASANT FRONT room with alcove suitable for two. 311 Second avenue west.

FOR RENT—ROOMS—FURNISHED OR unfurnished. 626 West Third street.

FOR RENT—TWO NICELY FURnished front rooms; prefers to rent without board. However, will board desirable parties. No. 221 East Third street.

FOR RENT—FLATS.

FURNISHED FLAT OR HOUSE TO rent for summer. 208 Exchange building.

FOR RENT—FLAT IN MUNGER TERrace. Newport & Son.

OFFERED—ROOMS AND BOARD.

PRIVATE ROOM AND BOARD—"The Midland," 212 West Second.

BOARD WANTED.

WANTED—PLEASANT ROOM AND board in private family for two ladies (one an invalid). Expect to pay well for satisfactory accommodations. Address A 1, Herald.

PROFESSIONAL.

HAIR, MOLES AND WARTS REmoved, Germicide guaranteed to dandruff and falling hair. Corns removed without pain. Mme. Boyd, 216 W. Sup. St.

PERSONAL.

REWARD—WILL PAY FOR INFORMAtion by which I may locate Wallace H. Newhard and H. A. Lazier, who lived in Duluth some eighteen years ago. Address C. W. H., Herald.

WEALTHY AND PRETTY YOUNG lady, matrimonially inclined, wants gentleman correspondent of good character. Address "Jessie," Box 426 Anderson, Ind.

HAIR DRESSING, SHAMPOOING, scalp treatment, manicuring and massage. Mrs. Sherman, 404 New Jersey bldg.

MIDWIFE.

MRS. GAARD BREINHOLM, 11 NINEteenth avenue west. Private hospital.

MRS. BANKS, 128 ST. CROIX AVENUE Private hospital. 'Phone 976.

FINANCIAL.

SMALL AMOUNTS MONEY TO LOAN; private party; no publicity. D 94, Herald

$2000 TO LOAN, ANY AMOUNT DEsired, 7 per cent, no commission. Chas Smith, 2 Hunter block.

MONEY LOANED ON PIANOS, FURNIture, horses and all kinds of personal property. 316 Palladio building.

MONEY TO LOAN ON DIAmonds, watches, etc. The Standard Jewelry & Loan Co., 324 W. Sup. street. Established 1893.

MONEY LOANED ON WATCHES, DIAmonds, all goods of value, from $1.00 to $1000. Keystone Loan and Mercantile company, 16 West Superior street.

MONEY TO LOAN. ANY AMOUNT. We buy Consolidated stock. Cooley & Underhill, 207 Exchange building.

APPLICATION FOR MORTGAGE LOANS wanted. J. Q. A. Crosby, 210 Palladio.

SHERIFF'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE UNDER JUDGMENT OF FORECLOSURE—

State of Minnesota, County of St. Louis, —ss.

District Court, Eleventh Judicial District.

Frank S. Colvin and James A. Robb, Plaintiffs,
vs.
Charles F. Bay and Annie G. Bay, Defendants.

Notice is hereby given, that under and by virtue of a judgment and decree entered in the above entitled action on the 26th day of May, 1900, a certified transcript of which has been delivered to me, I, the undersigned, sheriff of St. Louis County, will sell at public auction, to the highest bidder, for cash, on Thursday, the 12th day of July, 1900, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon at the front door of the court house, in the city of Duluth, in said county, in one parcel, the premises and real estate described in said judgment and decree, to-wit: All that tract or parcel of land lying and being in the county of St. Louis and state of Minnesota, described as follows, to-wit: Lot twenty (20), in block nineteen (19), in the village of Eveleth, situate in St. Louis County and state of Minnesota, together with the privileges and appurtenances to the same belonging and all the interests of every kind and nature of the defendants therein.

Dated May 26th, 1900.

WM. C. SARGENT,
Sheriff of St. Louis County.
By V. A. DASH,
Deputy.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS,
Plaintiff's Attorney.

Duluth Evening Herald, May-28-June-4-11-18-25-July-2-1900.

HERALD WANTS 1c A WORD

HOUSE-MOVING.

H. SAXTON, 1008 WEST SUPERIOR ST.

HOUSE-MOVING AND RAISING smoke stacks, also boilers moved in or outside the city by D. Mackenzie, 1525 East South street.

SECRET SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

PALESTINE LODGE, NO. 79, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meeting first and third Monday evenings each month, 8:00. Next meeting June 4, 1900. Work, Second degree. S. O. Sterrett, W. M.; F. R. Kennedy, secretary.

IONIC LODGE, NO. 186, A. F. & A. M.—Regular meetings second and fourth Monday evenings of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting May 28, 1900. Work Third degree. Robert Graham, W. M.; H. A. Hall, secretary.

KEYSTONE CHAPTER NO. 30, R. A. M.—Stated convocation second and fourth Wednesday evening of each month at 8:00 p. m. Next meeting Thursday, May 31, 1900. Work, Royal Arch degree. Henry D. Gee, H. P.; W. T. Tenbrook, secretary.

DULUTH COMMANDERY No. 18, K. T.—Stated conclave first Tuesday of each month, 8:00 p. m. Next conclave June 5, 1900. Work.—Lyonel Ayres, E. C.; Alfred LeRicheux, recorder.

A. O. U. W.

A. O. U. W.—FIDELITY LODGE NO. 105. Meets every Thursday in Hunter block, third floor, West Superior street. F. W. Dryer, M. W.; W. J. Stephens, recorder; John C. Walker, financier, residence 310 East Seventh street; H. S. Mills, receiver.

M. W. A.

MODERN WOODMEN OF AMERICA.—Imperial camp No. 2206. Meets at Elks' hall, 118 West Superior street, second and fourth Fridays of each month. Visiting members always welcome. F. A. Noble, V. C.; P. H. Levy, banker; C. P. Earl, clerk.

K. O. T. M.

KNIGHTS OF THE MACCABEES—Duluth tent No. 1 meets every Wednesday evening at Maccabee hall, corner Superior street and First avenue west. Initiation nights, first and third Wednesdays. Visiting sir knights always welcome. H. P. Curren, Com.; B. K. Walker, R. K.

KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

NORTH STAR LODGE, NO. 35, K. P.—Meets Tuesday, May 29, at 8 p. m., at Castle hall, 118 West Superior street. J. B. Gibson, C. C.; B. F. Neff, K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.

ZENITH CITY LODGE, NO. 168, I. O. O. F.—Meets Tuesday evening, May 29, 8 p. m. Work, Third degree, and election of officers, in Columbia hall, Twentieth avenue west and Superior street. Visiting Odd Fellows welcome. Felix Lambert, N. G.; W. H. Leonard, secretary.

UNITED ORDER OF FORESTERS, Court Eastern Star No. 85. Meets second and fourth Fridays of each month at 8 p. m., at Hunter's hall. All visitors cordially invited to attend meetings. E. O. Olund, Chief Ranger.

MEDICAL.

Dr. Le Due's Female Regulator Positively warranted to cure most stubborn cases Monthly Stoppages, Irregularities, Obstructions, Suppressions $2 or 3 for $5. Refuse substitutes. Sent prepaid on receipt of price and guaranteed by the KIDD DRUG COMPANY, Elgin, Ill. Retail and wholesale by S. S. BOYCE and MAX WIRTH, Duluth; Nygren's, West Duluth; Lignell & Sodergren, West Superior; Merrill's Pharmacy, Superior; Two Harbors Drug Co., Two Harbors; N. J. Benson, Tower; A. S. James, Ely; H. A. Sodergren, Virginia; Dowling Pharmacy, Eveleth; City Drug Store, Hibbing; Bayfield Pharmacy; Owen Frost Co., Washburn; A. H. Miles, Iron River, Wis.

GENTLEMEN DO YOU SUFFER FROM lost vitality, drains, etc. Don't be fooled by drugs, electric belts and appliances. For 50 cents (coin or stamps) I send instructions of cure by use of water. A. H. Jones, P. O. Box 1047 Pittsburg, Pa.

SETTLERS' EXCURSIONS.

On May 19, 21, 25, 26 and 29, I will run cheap excursions to all points in Western Canada, where you can get 160 acres of the choicest farming land free. Western Canada is the greatest farming country in the world. Go there and become rich. For particulars apply to J. M. PARKER, Canadian Government Agent, 316 Palladio Building, Duluth, Minn.

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

DULUTH, MISSABE & NORTHERN RY. CO.

7:45 a.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	3:35 p.m.
8:20 a.m.	Ar..... Proctor	Lv	3:05 p.m.
10:07 a.m.	Ar..Iron Junction..Lv		1:18 p.m.
10:15 a.m.	Ar..... Wolf	Lv	1:10 p.m.
10:30 a.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	12:55 p.m.
10:24 a.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	1:02 p.m.
10:48 a.m.	Ar..... Sparta	Lv	12:39 p.m.
11:12 a.m.	Ar..... Biwabik	Lv	12:17 p.m.
10:35 a.m.	Ar..... Mt. Iron	Lv	12:35 p.m.
10:50 a.m.	Ar..... Hibbing	Lv	12:35 p.m.

Daily except Sunday. J. B. HANSON, General Pasenger Agent.

DULUTH & IRON RANGE R. R.

8:15 p.m.	Lv..... Duluth	Ar	12:00 m.
7:15 p.m.	Ar..... Virginia	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:40 p.m.	Ar..... Eveleth	Lv	7:35 a.m.
7:50 p.m.	Ar..... Ely	Lv	7:19 a.m.

EASTERN RAILWAY OF MINNESOTA.

Leave	Duluth.	Arrive
†1 10 pm	ST. PAUL	†2 00 pm
*11 15 pm	... AND MINNEAPOLIS ...	*7 00 am

*Daily. †Daily except Sunday.

*7 55 am	Grand Rapids, Crookston, Grand Forks, Montana and Coast Points, Swan River, Hibbing and Int Points	*6 43 pm
†3 05 pm		†11 50 am

Sleeper for 11:15 p. m. Train can be occupied at any time after 9 p. m.

J. G. MOONEY, Nor. Pass. Agent.

NORTH-WESTERN LINE.

Leave Duluth.	*Daily. **Except Sunday.	Arrive Du'uth
**8:35 am	St. Paul, Mpls.	**3:05 pm
*4:30 pm	....Twilight Limited....	*9:50 pm
*5:10 pm	Chicago Milwaukee,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Appleton,	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	Oshkosh, Fond du Lac	*10:30 am
*5:10 pm	.....FAST MAIL.....	*10:30 am

Pullman Sleepers. Free Chair Cars. Dining Car

ST. PAUL & DULUTH R. R.

Union Depot. *Daily. †Ex. Sunday.

Lv.		Ar.
10 00 am	TRAINS FOR	*6 45 am
" †1 55 pm	ST. PAUL AND	† 40 pm
" *11 15 pm	... MINNEAPOLIS ...	" *7 00 pm

DULUTH, SOUTH SHORE & ATLANTIC RAILWAY.

426 Spalding Hotel

"The Pied Piper of Hamelin"

Thursday, May 31—Matinee. Friday Evening, June 1.
LYCEUM THEATER.
This entertainment, given for such a worthy cause, should be crowded to the doors and receive the heartiest support of every citizen of Duluth.

Boys' Finest Wear

Take Elevator—Second Floor.

A Most Remarkable Offer

in Boys' Knee Pants Novelty and school suits.

348 Suits in this lot in Middy, Vestee and 2-piece Knee Pants with double seat and knee, fancy open front vests, handsomely embroidered coats, little pants furnished with buckle, not a suit in this grand selection but cost more at wholesale than tomorrow's special price **$3.45**

100 Big Boys' Long Pants Suits, ages 14 to 19, cut single or double breasted, fine all wool cheviots, cassimeres and tweeds in plain black, blue and fancy mixtures, extra well lined and tailored, these suits are cheap at $10 but we lower the price for tomorrow to **$6.95**

Boys' Straw Hats, Hosiery, Sweaters.
Knee Pants and Shirt Waists.
Brownies given away in the Boys' Dept.

Store Open Tuesday Night Till 9:30 o'clock.

ALL CARS TRANSFER TO
The Great Eastern Duluth
THE BURROWS STORE.
SUPERIOR ST. 3rd AVE. W.

Tomorrow, Last Day Before Dec= oration!

Our Offer 1.

Well-made Suits. **$7.95**

Our Offer 2.

Men's Fine Suits. **$9.95**

THERE'LL BE BARGAINS ALL OVER THE HOUSE.

Our Offer 3.

Very Fine Suits. **$11.95**

The great Suit Sale will offer unprecedented opportunities to buy your Decoration Suit at prices never heard of before for this season of the year.

Our great Clearance Sale of Spring and Top Coats has been a magnificent success from the very start. Superb price reductions. Don't miss this great chance.

G. A. R. Suits FOR DECORATION DAY..... Absolutely fast blue best grade Middlesex Flannel, single and double—Special price..... **$10**

Men's and Boys' Bicycle Outfits.....

You'll want something new in this line for Decoration Day—Take advantage of what we have here to offer.

Bicycle Suits	$3.00 to $10.00
Bicycle Trousers (all styles)	$1.95 to $5.00
Bicycle Shoes	$1.00 to $3.00
Bicycle Caps	25c to $1.50

Bicycle Sweaters, Belts, Hosiery.
Everything New — Snappy—Up to date.
Five times the assortment you'll find in any other store in town.

SEASONABLE GOODS!

TUESDAY ONLY.

		Regular Price
Window Screens that adjust to 33 inches	**25c**	35c
Screen Doors, heavy ones	**75c**	$1.00
Screen Doors, fancy oil finished	**$1.15**	$1.50
Cornell Lawn Mowers, 14-inch cut	**$2.50**	$3.50
Cornell Lawn Mowers, 16-inch cut	**$2.75**	$4.00
Cornell Lawn Mowers, 18-inch cut	**$3.00**	$4.25
Stearns' Ball-bearing Mowers, 16-inch cut	**$7.50**	$8.50
Bull Dog, 7-ply, ¾-inch Rubber Hose	**14c** ft.	18c
Good 3-ply Rubber Hose	**6c**	8c
Best Cotton Hose	**8c**	10c
Dewdrop Lawn Sprinklers	**20c** each	35c
New Rainmaker Sprinklers	**50c**	85c
Neal's Enamels, small size cans	**15c**	25c
Neal's Enamels, medium size cans	**25c**	40c
Neal's Enamels, large size cans	**45c**	60c
Johnson's Floor Wax, pound	**35c**	50c
Griffin' Crack and Crevice Filler pound	**15c**	20c

It fills all cracks, leaving no place for bugs or moths to breed in.

Kelley Hardware Co.

ONLY ONE LEFT.

Last Jury Case Will Be Submitted Soon---Trial of Court Cases.

There was but one jury case left on trial in district court today, and it was evident from the conditions that prevailed at noon that that case would be in the hands of the jury this afternoon. This was the case of F. J. Fewings against the Duluth Street Railway company. A part of the morning was taken up in the argument of requests for charges, after which the attorneys presented their cases to the jury, which was in process at noon.

Judges Ensign and Dibell took up the calendar of court cases this morning, but out of a long setting there were but a few cases left for trial. At noon Judge Ensign was hearing the case of the Woodland company against Luther Mendenhall as receiver for the Duluth Street Railway company. This suit is to recover a quantity of copper feed wires removed by the street railway company from the Woodland line last November and December, which the Woodland company claims are its property. They are alleged to be worth $7500, and the suit is to recover the property, or its equivalent in cash, and $500 damages for the retention of the wires. The street railway company admits both the possession of the property and the estimate of its value made by the plaintiff, but denies the title of the plaintiff. Jaques & Hudson and John G. Williams appear for the plaintiff, and H. B. Fryberger for the defendant.

The Virginia Improvement company secured judgment by default against P. W. Scott, A. L. Gard and others clearing title to a lot in Virginia sold to Scott by the company for $300. It was claimed that Scott took possession of the property without paying for it, as the contract required, and that he subsequently sold it to Gard for $1050. Schmidt, Reynolds & Mitchell appeared for the plaintiff.

Judge Ensign at noon was hearing the case of Herman Biggs against J. J. Eklund and others to clear title to the ne¼ of the nw¼ and the se¼ of the nw¼ of section 28-49-15. Francis W. Sullivan appeared for the plaintiff and Eckman & Stevenson for the defendant.

In the case of Alexander Sang against Cody & Annis, the jury Saturday afternoon returned a verdict for the full amount asked, $621.

Ordered His Release.

Fred Warner, who was sentenced to pay a fine of $10 in municipal court some time ago for failure to support his wife, and who accepted the alternative of ninety days in jail, went out of court room No. 2 this morning a free man. He was released on a writ of habeas corpus asked by Chester McCusick, his attorney, the ground being that the commitment under which he went to jail failed to state a public offense. The arguments were taken up Saturday afternoon before Judge Ensign and continued to this morning. At their conclusion Judge Ensign ordered his release.

Diphtheria, sore throat, croup. Instant relief, permanent cure. Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. At any drug store.

WAS TOO FAR GONE.

Miss Mollie A. McLaughlin Dies of Appendicitis---A Large Funeral.

Miss Mollie A. McLaughlin died Saturday evening at St. Mary's hospital of appendicitis. She was taken sick early in the week, but did not have a physician until late Thursday evening. She was then removed to the hospital and operated upon, but the appendix had broken some time previous and she was beyond medical or surgical aid. She was the daughter of Capt. and Mrs. Thomas McLaughlin and has for a number of years been employed in I. Freimuth's store and was one of the most popular sales ladies in that establishment. She was 26 years of age and has three brothers. She was a member of the Young Ladies' sodality at the cathedral.

The funeral took place this morning at 9 o'clock from the cathedral and was a very large one. There were a great many flowers contributed by friends. There were seven honorary pallbearers, all from the I. Freimuth store and all associates of the deceased. They were Miss Jennie Everington, Miss Alice Kelliher, Miss Maggie Scanlan, Miss Margaret O'Connor, Miss Anna Cargill, Miss Dora Smith and Miss Susie McFadden.

Only Against Culver.

The verdict in the case of Charles Edmondson against Marvin Culver, J. B. Benjamin and O. G. Olson was not against all three of the defendants, as stated by The Herald Saturday. Under instructions from the court Benjamin and Olson were released, and the verdict was against Culver only, he being the one who had dealt with Edmondson.

CITY BRIEFS.

Cullum, dentist. Top floor, New Jersey.
Tibbetts, undertaker. 31 East Sup St.
Reduction in trimmed hats at Miss Swenson's.
Richardson Printing Co. wants work.
Kelly's dye works for sick clothes.
A son was born Saturday to Mr. and Mrs. Victor Stearns, of East Superior street.
W. H. Reaney of the Duluth-Superior Bill Posting company, received a telegram from L. W. Scott in New York yesterday saying the Forepaugh-Sells Bros.' circus would be in Duluth early in July.
The Danish Sisterhood has arranged a public entertainment for June 5 to celebrate the birthday of the Danish constitution, at Kalamazoo hall, at 8 o'clock p. m.
D. Ward Kennedy, recently pardoned from the Minnesota state prison at Stillwater, will speak at the temperance meeting at the Lake avenue Bethel on Tuesday evening at 7:45.
Rev. R. A. Montgomery of Glen Avon will speak at the Bethel Lake avenue this evening at 8 o'clock, giving a report of the ecumenical conference he recently attended in New York city.
C. S. Nixon, lately with the Silberstein & Bondy company, has joined forces with Huntington & Tallant in "The New Store" and will be found in charge of the linen and wash goods departments.
We have twenty-five or thirty elegant pattern hats we will sell at one-third off balance week. Humes' parlors, room 1, Banning block.
See the pattern hats at a sacrifice. Humes' millinery parlors, Banning block.
At the Parlor theater there will be an excellent vaudeville entertainment this evening and the balance of the week. Many new performers are to make their initial appearance and the program will embrace many interesting features.
Second citizenship papers have been granted by the district court to Gust F. Janssan, Archibald McMillan, Arthur L. Williams and Fortunato Pedrizetti.
Marriage licenses have been issued to Peter Holm and Charline Roed, Fred Walin and Johanne Aarnes, of St. Louis county, and to Amos D. Sackett and Jessie S. Lewis, of Douglas county, Wis.
Charles R. Stai has begun suit in district court against F. A. Brower and others to clear title to lot 306 Minnesota avenue, Lower Duluth. Alford & Hunt are his attorneys.
The People's Publishing company, of Philadelphia and Cincinnati, will open an office here permanently about June 10 at No. 405 and 409 Burrows' building. Arthur E. Brown will represent it as district manager.
Garfield Circle Ladies of the G. A. R. will meet at the home of Mrs. Frank Stimson Tuesday afternoon to arrange their flowers for Decoration Day.
Wednesday a party of about twenty-five members of Duluth Council No. 447, Knights of Columbus, will leave at 9 o'clock on the St. Paul & Duluth railroad for Minneapolis, where they will be present at the initiation of a class of about twenty-five into the Minneapolis council.
A son was born yesterday to Mr. and Mrs. John A. Stephenson, of Adams flats.
Miss Emma Steele, a sister of Mrs. A. J. Taylor, of this city, died yesterday at St. Luke's hospital, from the effects of an operation which she underwent. She was 43 years of age. The funeral will take place tomorrow afternoon from the residence of Mr. Taylor, 105½ West Fourth street.

Important to Advertisers.

Advertising copy for The Wednesday Herald must be ready Tuesday afternoons to insure insertion in all iron range editions Wednesday.

CLAIRVOYANT.

HE HAS NO EQUAL, DR. WINFIELD LIVINGSTON.

He tells your name in full; when and whom you will marry. This strange and wonderful man is gradually but surely turning the tide of skepticism. Gives advice to make you successful in love, business, marriage, divorcee, law suits, etc.; removes domestic troubles, restores lost affection, causes speedy marriage, removes evil influences, guarantees success or makes no charges. Room 37 St. James hotel, Duluth, Minn. Hours 9 a. m. to 7 p. m.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

$23, $22 and $20 Tailor-Made Suits, **$16.00**
$32, $30 and $28 Tailor-Made Suits, **$24.50**

Rich, elegant Tailor-Mades that have the usual characteristics of garments leaving this store—smart, snappy styles that are not found elsewhere at the head of the lakes—suits that you'll find difficulty in replacing at any store hereabouts for double.

About 100 in all.

Part of them model suits—which have served their purpose and part of them taken from our regular selling lines—$55 costumes are reduced to $37.50 and $45 ones to $32.50.—these values should appeal to women who care for style and quality—for after all, what does a tailor-made suit amount to that isn't correct in every detail? Can you afford to overlook this opportunity?

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Jackets very much reduced.

Not the "cheap," trashy, bargain counter kinds—but choice, man-tailored ones that have style and individuality—Boleros, Eton, and Black Taffeta Silk—light in weight, yet sufficiently protective for evening wear—the reductions are important and bona fide—

$8.50 from $15.00
$10.00 from $16.50
$12.00 from $18.50
$13.50 from $20.00

Pattern Hats Reduced.

Some a half off and some a third.

$30.00 Pattern Hats	$20.00
$25.00 Pattern Hats	$17.50
$20.00 Pattern Hats	$13.75
$15.00 Pattern Hats	$ 8.75

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Silberstein & Bondy Company.

Boys' Suits Reduced.

The best kinds only, at prices not duplicated elsewhere in the city.

Age— 8 to 15.

2-Piece Suits—

$2.25	From $3.00
$2.50	From $3.50
$3.00	From $4.00
$3.95	From $5.00
$4.75	From $6.00
$5.25	From $7.50

Vestee and Sailor Suits

$2.25	From $3.00
$2.75	From $3.50
$3.95	From $5.00
$4.75	From $6.00

Cashmeres, Chevoits and Worsteds in plain collars or fancies.

Silberstein & Bondy Company

Every Day Prices —at the New— Grocery Store.

3 boxes Strawberries	25c
Bananas, per doz	15c to 20c
Pine Apples, nice and ripe—	
Oranges	15c 20c 25c 35c

per dozen—they're sweet.
We carry a full and complete line of luncheon delicacies.

Olives, large, a pint	20c
Bottle Jams	10c
Bottle Jellies	10c
Bottle Pickles	10c
Bottle Catsup	10c
3 lbs Japan Tea	$1.00
Coffee, from a lb.	14c to 40c
Dairy Butter	18c and 20c
Creamery Butter	22c

The Masonic Temple Grocery, The Neat Store.
DENNY O'LEARY, Prop.
203-205 East Superior St.
Telephone your orders. We have both 'phones. Insist on getting us.

Buy CHEMICALLY pure colors, made by Detroit White Lead Works, of

H. A. HALL & CO.
DECORATORS,
Telephone 534. 16 East Superior St.

BOB HAYDEN'S PALM GARDEN.
Music every afternoon and evening.
Restaurant open all night. Private dining rooms.
1920 W. Sup. St. 1919 W. Mich. St.
Telephone 140, Zenith. Telephond 415-5, Duluth.